

**Programming Language Learning Series**  
**Mastery of Python Language**  
**(Interview Questions/Assignment-Functional Style)**

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Q1: Starting with `range(1, 20)`, make a list of the squares of each odd number in the following ways:

- With a for loop
- Using a list comprehension
- Using map and filter

Q2: Rewrite the following code into functional form using lambdas, map, filter and reduce:

```
n = 10
s = 10
for i in range(n):
    if i % 2:
        s /= i**2
s
```

Q3: How many numbers in `range(100, 1000)` are divisible by 17 after you square them and add 1? Find this out using only lambda functions, map, filter and reduce on `xs`, where `xs = range(100, 10000)`. Hint: In pseudo-code, the logic looks like this

```
xs = range(100, 10000)
count(y for y in (x**2 + 1 for x in xs) if y % 17 == 0)
```

Q4: Write a flatmap function that works like map except that the function given takes a list and returns a list of lists that is then flattened. In other words, flatmap takes two arguments, a function and a list (or other iterable), just like map. However the function given as the first argument takes a single argument and returns a list (or other iterable). In order to get a simple list back, we need to unravel the resulting list of lists, hence the flatten part. For example,

```
flatmap(lambda x: x.split(), ["hello world", "the quick dog"])
    should return
["hello", "world", "the", "quick", "dog"]
```