Package 'QApckg'

May 31, 2022

Title Quality assessment for Miseq data derived from viral sequencing

```
Version 0.1.0
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Description This package provides a set of functions for NGS data processing,
      quality analysis, filtering and demultiplexing. These functions are designed
      to be applied in consecutive order on Miseg raw data to obtain a set of
      intersected haplotypes for each evaluated sample. With these consensus haplotypes
      different kinds of computations can be made, i.e genotyping, variant calling and
      quasispecies diversity.
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Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.2.0
biocViews
git_url <a href="mailto://github.com/aliafdz/QApckg">git_url <a href="mailto://github.com/aliafdz/QApckg">https://github.com/aliafdz/QApckg</a>
Imports methods,
      ape,
      stats,
      ltools
Depends R (>= 4.1),
      ShortRead,
      RColorBrewer,
      Biostrings,
      stringr,
      foreach,
      QSutils,
      muscle,
      parallel
Suggests knitr,
      rmarkdown,
      testthat (>= 3.0.0)
VignetteBuilder knitr
Config/testthat/edition 3
```

Type Package

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ConsHaplotypes

Generate consensus haplotypes

Description

Computes the intersection of forward and reverse strand haplotypes and generates some report files.

Usage

Index

ConsHaplotypes(trimfiles, pm.res, thr = 0.2, min.seq.len = 150, max.difs = 250)

Arguments

trimfiles	Vector including the paths of demultiplexed files by specific primer, with fna extension.
pm.res	The list returned by demultiplexPrimer, including fileTable and poolTable data frames.
thr	$Threshold\ to\ filter\ haplotypes\ at\ minimum\ abundance\ before\ multiple\ alignment.$
min.seq.len	Threshold to filter haplotypes at minimum length before intersection.
max.difs	Maximum number of mismatches allowed in resulting consensus haplotypes with respect to the dominant one.

Details

This function is designed to be used after the execution of demultiplexPrimer function from the same package. After the generation of FASTA files containing forward and reverse strand reads for the evaluated samples, ConsHaplotypes executes multiple alignment with muscle and returns the consensus haplotypes using IntersectStrandHpls, that will be saved using the helper function SaveHaplotypes.

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Value

The function returns a data. frame object containing the intersection results for each combination of patient and amplicon region, including the initial number of reads, filtered out reads (for being below a given frequency threshold or unique to a single strand), overlapping frequency between both strands and the common reads (in percentage and no of reads).

After execution, two FASTA files for each combination of sample and pool will be saved in a newly generated MACH folder; the first includes multiple alignment between forward and reverse strand haplotypes, and the second includes the forward and reverse strands intersected. Additionally, some report files will be generated in the reports folder:

- MA.Intersects-SummRprt.txt: Includes the sumary results by reads number after abundance filter and strand intersection.
- 2. MA.Intersects.plots.pdf: Includes different barplots for each sample representing the frequency of forward, reverse and intersected strand haplotypes.
- 3. IntersectBarplots.pdf: Includes different barplots for all combinations of patient and pool, representing the number of intersected and filtered out reads, the intersection yield and global yield.

Note

A new file named muscle.log containing muscle options will be generated and saved in a folder named "tmp".

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

muscle, IntersectStrandHpls, demultiplexPrimer, SaveHaplotypes

Examples

```
splitDir <- "./splits"</pre>
# Save the file names with complete path
splitfiles <- list.files(splitDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)</pre>
samples <- read.table("./data/samples.csv", sep="\t", header=T,</pre>
                       colClasses="character",stringsAsFactors=F)
mids <- read.table("./data/mids.csv", sep="\t", header=T,</pre>
                    stringsAsFactors=F)
# Apply previous function from QA analysis
pm.res <- demultiplexPrimer(splitfiles, samples, primers)</pre>
# Save the files generated by previous function
trimDir <- "./trim"</pre>
trimfiles <- list.files(trimDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)</pre>
# Define necessary parameters
min.seq.len <- 150
thr <- 0.2
int.res <- ConsHaplotypes(trimfiles, pm.res, thr, min.seq.len)</pre>
```

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demultiplexMID	Split reads by MID sequence
0.0	Spirit redicts of the sequence

Description

Demultiplex reads by identifying MID sequences within windows of expected positions in the sequenced reads. MIDs are 10 base-length oligonucleotides that allow the identification of samples from different patients or origins.

It is important to note that MID sequences will be not trimmed from reads, they are only identified for associate them with each sample.

Usage

```
demultiplexMID(
   flashffiles,
   samples,
   mids,
   maxdif = 1,
   mid.start = 1,
   mid.end = 40
)
```

Arguments

flashffiles Vector including the paths of FLASH filtered files, with fastq extension.

samples Data frame with relevant information to identify the samples of the sequencing

experiment, including Patient.ID, MID, Primer.ID, Region, RefSeq.ID, and

Pool. Nm columns.

mids Data frame containing the MID sequences and their identifiers.

maxdif Number of mismatches allowed between MID and read sequences.

mid.start Expected start position for MID in sequence.
mid.end Expected end position for MID in sequence.

Value

A list containing the following:

nreads A table with the number of reads identified for each MID. by pools A table with the coverage of reads demultiplexed by pool.

After execution, a FASTA file for each combination of MID and pool will be saved in a splits folder (that will be created in working directory), including its associated reads. Additionally, two report files will be generated in a reports folder:

- 1. SplidByMIDs.barplots.pdf: Includes a first barplot representing nreads data values, and a second plot with the by.pools data values.
- 2. SplidByMIDs.Rprt.txt: Includes the same data tables returned by the function.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

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See Also

```
FiltbyQ30
```

Examples

demultiplexPrimer

Trim specific primer sequences

Description

Demultiplex reads by identifying template specific primer sequences within windows of expected positions in the sequenced reads. It is important to note that MID and template specific primer sequences will be trimmed from reads after the identification of primers, but amplicon length is not predetermined.

Usage

```
demultiplexPrimer(
   splitfiles,
   samples,
   primers,
   prmm = 3,
   min.len = 180,
   target.st = 1,
   target.end = 100
)
```

Arguments

splitfiles

samples	Data frame with relevant information to identify the samples of the sequencing experiment, including Patient.ID,MID,Primer.ID,Region,RefSeq.ID, and Pool.Nm columns.
primers	Data frame with information about the template specific primers used in the experiment, including Ampl.Nm, Region, Primer.FW, Primer.RV, FW.pos, RV.pos, FW.tpos, RV.tpos and Aa.lpos columns.

Vector including the paths of demultiplexed files by MID, with fna extension.

prmm Number of mismatches allowed between the primers and read sequences.

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min.len Minimum length desired for haplotypes. Any sequence below this length will be discarted.

target.st, target.end

Initial and end positions between which template specific primer sequences will be searched.

Details

After demultiplexing reads by MID with demultiplexMID function, template specific primer sequences are identified in both strands. First, forward strands are recognized by searching FW primer sequence in 5' end and the reverse complement of RV primer sequence in 3' end. Then, reverse strands are recognized by searching RV primer sequence in 5' end and FW primer sequence in 3' end, after obtaining the reverse complement of all reads identified as reverse strands. So, both strands are obtained in a way that facilitates their intersection.

Value

A list containing the following:

fileTable A table with relevant data of each FASTA file generated in execution, includ-

ing their associated strand, mean read length, total reads and total haplotypes

obtained.

poolTable A table with the number of total trimmed reads and the yield of the process by

pool.

After execution, a FASTA file for each combination of strand, MID and pool will be saved in a newly created trim folder. Additionally, some report files will be generated in a reports folder:

- 1. AmpliconLengthsRprt.txt: Includes the amplicon lengths of both strands for each sample (with their corresponding MID identifier).
- 2. AmpliconLengthsPlot.pdf: Includes a barplot for each sample representing the amplicon lengths of both strands.
- 3. SplitByPrimersOnFlash.txt: Includes a table of reads identified by primer, total reads identified by patient and the yield by pool.
- 4. SplitByPrimersOnFlash.pdf, SplitByPrimersOnFlash-hz.pdf: Includes some plots representing primer matches by patient (in n° of reads) and the coverage of forward/reverse matches by pool.
- 5. SplittedReadsFileTable.txt: A file containing the same information as fileTable.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

demultiplexMID, primermatch

Examples

```
# Set parameters
prmm <- 3
min.len <- 180</pre>
```

The expected window for template specific primer sequences will depend on the presence of

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executeFLASH

Run FLASH to extend R1 and R2 reads.

Description

With R1 and R2 files generated by paired-end sequencing, the function executes the FLASH program to obtain the number of extended and not-extended reads.

Usage

```
executeFLASH(R1, R2, flash, flash.opts, outfile = "./flash.fastq")
```

Arguments

R1 Path for R1 reads file.
R2 Path for R2 reads file.

flash Folder path containing the FLASH executable.

flash.opts Character indicating FLASH options that will be part of the execution command.

outfile File path for FLASH output. If it is not specified, the fastq file generated will be

saved in the current working directory.

Value

This function returns a matrix containing the number of reads extended and not extended by FLASH. Additionally, a fastq file with extended reads will be saved to outfile path. Further FLASH output files will be saved in a new folder named "tmp".

Note

This function is defined for correct execution of R1R2toFLASH function from the same package, where all arguments are defined automatically.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

R1R2toFLASH

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E;1+b,,020	Filter hanletunes by 020	
FiltbyQ30	Filter haplotypes by Q30	

Description

This function applies FastqStreamer over a fastq file and removes all reads that have a defined fraction of bases below Q30. The remaining reads will be saved in a new fastq file.

Usage

```
FiltbyQ30(max.pct = 0.05, flashfiles, flashres, ncores = 1)
```

Arguments

max.pct	The maximum percentage of bases below Q30 allowed in reads (by default,5%).	
flashfiles	Vector including the paths of files that are going to be processed, with fastq extension.	
flashres	Table of results obtained after the execution of R1R2toFLASH function.	
ncores	Number of cores to use for parallelization with mclapply.hack.	

Details

This function is designed to be applied after R1R2toFLASH function from the same package. If flashres is not specified but FLASH extension was previously done, the function will try to load the FLASH results table from the reports folder.

Value

A data. frame object containing FLASH and Filtering results. This results table includes two new columns with respect to FLASH results table, named *FiltQ30* (number of filtered reads) and *Raw* (total sequencing reads).

After the execution, a fastq file with remaining reads for each pool will be saved in a new flashFilt folder (if it is not previously created). Additionaly, two report files will be generated in a reports folder:

- 1. FiltQ30.barplot.pdf: Includes a first Bar plot representing raw reads, extended reads by FLASH and filtered reads, and a second Bar plot with the yield by process for each pool.
- 2. FiltQ30_report.txt: Includes the same data frame returned by the function containing FLASH and Filtering results.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

R1R2toFLASH, FastqStreamer

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Examples

```
runDir <- "./run"
runfiles <- list.files(runDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
flash <- "./FLASH/flash.exe"
flashDir <- "./flash"
flashfiles <- list.files(flashDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
flashres <- R1R2toFLASH(runfiles,flash)
filtres <- FiltbyQ30(max.pct=0.05,flashfiles,flashres)</pre>
```

GblYield

Compute global yield by step

Description

Generates global yield reports for each evaluated pool from previous results.

Usage

```
GblYield(samples, filtres, pm.res, int.res)
```

Arguments

samples	Data frame with relevant information to identify the samples of the sequencing experiment, including Patient.ID,MID,Primer.ID,Region,RefSeq.ID, and Pool.Nm columns.
filtres	The data frame returned by FiltbyQ30 function.
pm.res	The list returned by demultiplexPrimer, including fileTable and poolTable data frames.
int.res	The data frame returned by ConsHaplotypes function.

Value

After execution, two report files will be saved in the reports folder:

- 1. GlobalYieldBarplots.pdf: Includes some barplots representing the yield (in no of reads and percentage) by each step of the quality assessment pipeline. This representation is done for all pools included in the analysis and also for global results.
- 2. GlobalYield-SumRprt.txt: Summary report including global yield by analysis step in number of reads, in percentage by step and percentage referred to raw reads.

Note

This function is designed to be applied at the end of the quality assessment analysis and requires the previous execution of FiltbyQ30, demultiplexPrimer and ConsHaplotypes and functions from the same package.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

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See Also

FiltbyQ30, demultiplexPrimer, ConsHaplotypes

Examples

```
## Execute FLASH extension
runDir <- "./run"</pre>
runfiles <- list.files(runDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
flash <- "./FLASH/flash.exe"</pre>
flashres <- R1R2toFLASH(runfiles,flash)</pre>
## Execute Q30 filtering
flashDir <- "./flash"</pre>
flashfiles <- list.files(flashDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)</pre>
filtres <- FiltbyQ30(max.pct=0.05,flashfiles,flashres)</pre>
## Execute demultiplexing by MID with default parameters
flashFiltDir <- "./flashFilt"</pre>
flashffiles <- list.files(flashFiltDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
# Get data
samples <- read.table("./data/samples.csv", sep="\t", header=T,</pre>
                        colClasses="character",stringsAsFactors=F)
mids <- read.table("./data/mids.csv", sep="\t", header=T,</pre>
                    stringsAsFactors=F)
dem.res<-demultiplexMID(flashffiles, samples, mids)</pre>
## Execute demultiplexing by primer
splitDir <- "./splits"</pre>
splitfiles <- list.files(splitDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)</pre>
pm.res <- demultiplexPrimer(splitfiles, samples, primers)</pre>
## Obtain consensus haplotypes (default parameters)
trimDir <- "./trim"</pre>
trimfiles <- list.files(trimDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)</pre>
int.res <- ConsHaplotypes(trimfiles, pm.res, thr, min.seq.len)</pre>
## Apply function
GblYield(samples, filtres, pm.res, int.res)
```

mclapply.hack

Execution of parallel:mclapply() on Windows machines

Description

Mimics forking on Windows machines just like it is done with mclapply in Mac or Linux.

Usage

```
mclapply.hack(..., mc.cores = NULL)
```

Arguments

mc.cores

Number of cores to use for parallelization.

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Note

The function code was extracted from post-10-mclapply-hack.R written by Nathan VanHoudnos, and was only added in this package for parallelization using Windows operating system. See the original code in https://github.com/nathanvan/mcmc-in-irt/blob/master/post-10-mclapply-hack.R

Author(s)

Nathan VanHoudnos

See Also

mclapply

PlotInDels

Check for insertions and deletions in samples

Description

Generates insertion/deletion plots for each evaluated sample from consensus haplotypes' sequences.

Usage

```
PlotInDels(machfiles, pm.res)
```

Arguments

machfiles Vector including the paths of files generated by ConsHaplotypes function, with

fna extension.

pm.res The list returned by demultiplexPrimer, including fileTable and poolTable

data frames.

Value

After execution, a file named GapsBarPlots.pdf will be saved in the reports folder, including the plots generated for all samples. In each plot, insertions are represented by red lines and deletions are represented by blue lines.

Note

This function is designed to be applied at the end of the quality assessment analysis and requires the previous execution of demultiplexPrimer and ConsHaplotypes functions from the same package.

Examples

```
## Execute demultiplexing by primer
splitDir <- "./splits"
splitfiles <- list.files(splitDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
pm.res <- demultiplexPrimer(splitfiles,samples,primers)
## Obtain consensus haplotypes (default parameters)
trimDir <- "./trim"</pre>
```

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```
trimfiles <- list.files(trimDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
int.res <- ConsHaplotypes(trimfiles, pm.res, thr, min.seq.len)

## Apply function
mach.Dir <- "./MACH"
machfiles <- list.files(mach.Dir,recursive=TRUE, full.names=TRUE, include.dirs=TRUE)
PlotInDels(machfiles,pm.res)</pre>
```

PoolQCbyPos

Evaluate QC by position

Description

This function evaluates fastq files before and after the execution of the FLASH program to extend paired-end reads, and returns Quality Control (QC) by position plots in pdf format.

It can be applied also after filtering FLASH fastq files by Phred Score.

Usage

```
PoolQCbyPos(flashfiles, samples, primers, runfiles, ncores = 1)
```

Arguments

flashfiles	Vector including the paths of FLASH processed/filtered files, with fastq extension.
samples	Data frame with relevant information to identify the samples of the sequencing experiment, including Patient.ID, MID, Primer.ID, Region, RefSeq.ID, and Pool.Nm columns.
primers	Data frame with information about the <i>primers</i> used in the experiment, including Ampl.Nm, Region, Primer.FW, Primer.RV, FW.pos, RV.pos, FW.tpos, RV.tpos, Aa.ipos, and Aa.lpos columns.
runfiles	Vector including the paths of Illumina MiSeq Raw Data files, often with fastq.gz extension. If the function is applied for filtered fastq files, this argument must be NA or missing.
ncores	Number of cores to use for parallelization with mclapply.hack.

Value

After execution, a pdf file for each pool used in the experiment will be saved in a reports folder (if it is not previously defined, the function will create this folder), and a message indicating that the files are generated will appear in console.

If the function is applied after the execution of FLASH, the pdf file(s) will be named PoolQCbyPos.PoolName.pdf, where *PoolName* is extracted from samples data frame. The file(s) contain a QC plot for both raw data and extended fastq files, and also the read length distribution for the evaluated pool.

In contrast, if the function is applied after Phred Score filtering, the generated pdf file(s) will be named PoolFiltQCbyPos.PoolName.pdf, including a QC plot for the filtered data and another plot representing read length distribution.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

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See Also

```
R1R2toFLASH, FiltbyQ30, QCscores, QCplot
```

Examples

PoolQCbyRead

Evaluate QC by read

Description

This function evaluates fastq files after the execution of the FLASH program to extend pairedend reads, and returns QC by read plots in pdf format. The results of this function are important for defining the maximum fraction of bases below Q30 allowed in reads, which will be used in FiltbyQ30 function.

Usage

```
PoolQCbyRead(flashfiles, samples, primers, ncores = 1)
```

Arguments

flashfiles	Vector including the paths of FLASH processed files, with fastq extension.
samples	Data frame with relevant information to identify the samples of the sequencing experiment, including Patient.ID,MID,Primer.ID,Region,RefSeq.ID, and Pool.Nm columns.
primers	Data frame with information about the <i>primers</i> used in the experiment, including Ampl.Nm,Region,Primer.FW,Primer.RV,FW.pos,RV.pos,FW.tpos,RV.tpos,Aa.ipos, and Aa.lpos columns.
ncores	Number of cores to use for parallelization with mclapply.hack.

Value

After execution a message will appear in console, indicating that the following report files have been generated (and saved in a reports folder):

- 1. PoolQCbyRead_PoolName.pdf: This file is generated for each pool used in the experiment, after extracting its name from samples data frame. The pdf includes includes a representation of bases below Q30 (in no of reads and percentage) by read.
- 2. PoolReadLengths.pdf: Includes one plot for each pool representing the read length distribution.

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Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

```
R1R2toFLASH, QCscores
```

Examples

primermatch

Identfication of primer specific sequences

Description

Identifies template specific primer sequences in reads from a single sample and adds primer match results in defined tables.

Usage

```
primermatch(j, idx, flnms, pool)
```

Arguments

j	Integer corresponding to the sample (element in idx) to be evaluated.
idx	Vector including the indices of samples that correspond to the evaluated pool.
flnms	Vector including the names of demultiplexed files by MID, with fna extension, corresponding to the evaluated samples.
pool	Character indicating the name of sample pool.

Details

This function is only defined for correct execution of demultiplexPrimer function from the same package, so it cannot be executed individually.

Value

This function requires the result tables named F1Tb1, PoolTb1 and pr.res that will be filled with the data collected from the evaluated sample. This results will be further evaluated in demultiplexPrimer parent function.

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Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

demultiplexPrimer

QCplot

QC plot by read position

Description

Draws a scatter plot with Phred score values by read position.

Usage

```
QCplot(fvnm1, fvnm2, snm, SW = FALSE, FL = FALSE)
```

Arguments

fvnm1, fvnm2	Matrix or array containing Phred score values by read position for 0.05, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 and 0.95 quantiles. If a QC by position plot for R1 and R2 files is required, both arguments are needed, one for each file.
snm	Character indicating the name of the pool of evaluated reads. Only required when both fvnm1 and fvnm2 are provided.
SW	Logical indicating if the plot should include quality profile by SW (Sliding Window). If TRUE, Phred Scores are computed as moving averages for windows of 10 base length slid along the sequence.
FL	Logical indicating if the first argument corresponds to the scores of FLASH extended reads. If TRUE, only fvnm1 argument is required.

Details

fvnm1 and fvnm2 arguments are obtanied from the QCscores function with argument byPos=TRUE.

Value

A scatter plot with desired values will be shown in the active plots window.

Note

This function is only defined for correct execution of PoolQCbyPos function from the same package.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

PoolQCbyPos, QCscores

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Examples

```
flashDir <- "./flash"
flashfiles <- list.files(flashDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
lst1 <- QCscores(file.path(flashDir,flashfiles[1]),byPos=T)
fvnm1 <- lst1$fvnq
QCplot(fvnm1,FL=TRUE) # QC plot for FLASH fastq file
QCplot(fvnm1,SW=TRUE,FL=TRUE) # QC plot by SW for FLASH fastq file</pre>
```

QCscores

Compute Phred scores by position or by read

Description

Applies FastqStreamer over a fastq file and returns quality control mesures (Phred scores), either by position or by read.

Usage

```
QCscores(flnm, ln = 301, byPos = FALSE, byRead = FALSE)
```

Arguments

flnm Path of the fastq file to be evaluated.

In Amplicon length.

byPos Logical indicating if QC by position should be computed.

byRead Logical indicating if QC by read should be computed. Note that Arguments

byPos and byRead are mutually exclusive.

Value

If argument byPos=TRUE, the function returns a list including the following parameters:

- 1. fvnq: A matrix with Phred quality scores across each nucleotide base in the reads. Columns indicate base position and rows indicate 0.05, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 and 0.95 Phred quantiles.
- 2. fvnl: A vector with normalized read lengths for each Phred quantile.
- 3. all.ln: A vector with all read lengths.

If argument by Read=TRUE, the function returns a list including the following parameters:

- 1. all.ln: A vector with all read lengths.
- 2. all.ln30: A vector with the number of bases below Q30 for each read.
- 3. all.fnl30: The result of dividing all.ln30/all.ln, which is the fraction of bases below Q30 for each read.

Note

This function is only defined for correct execution of PoolQCbyPos and PoolQCbyRead functions from the same package.

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Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

PoolQCbyPos, PoolQCbyRead, QCplot

R1R2toFLASH

Run FLASH to extend paired-end reads and generate report graphs.

Description

This function applies executeFLASH over R1 and R2 reads for multiple sample pools and returns a file with the extended reads for each pool.

Usage

```
R1R2toFLASH(runfiles, flash, min.ov = 20, max.ov = 300, err.lv = 0.1)
```

Arguments

runfiles	Vector including the paths of Illumina MiSeq Raw Data files, often with fastq.gz extension.
flash	File path of the FLASH executable.
min.ov	Minimum overlap (in nt) between R1 and R2 reads.
max.ov	Maximum overlap (in nt) between R1 and R2 reads.
err.lv	Mismatch fraction accepted in overlapping.

Value

The function returns a data. frame object containing FLASH results for sequenced regions.

After the execution, a fastq file with extended reads for each pool will be saved in a new folder named flash. Additionally, two files will be saved in a reports folder:

- 1. FLASH_barplot.pdf: Bar plots representing extended vs not extended reads and the yield of the process for each pool.
- 2. FLASH_report.txt: Includes the data returned by the function with used FLASH parameters.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

executeFLASH

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Examples

```
runDir <- "./run"
flash <- "./FLASH/flash.exe"
# Save the file names with complete path
runfiles<-list.files(runDir,recursive=TRUE,full.names=TRUE,include.dirs=TRUE)
min.ov <- 20
max.ov <- 300
err.lv <- 0.1
flashres <- R1R2toFLASH(runfiles,flash,min.ov,max.ov,err.lv)</pre>
```

SaveHaplotypes

Save consensus haplotypes after sorting by mutation and abundance

Description

Sorts and renames haplotypes by the number of mutations with respect to the dominant haplotype, and by abundance, and saves their sequences in a FASTA file.

Usage

```
SaveHaplotypes(flnm = "./SavedHaplotypes.fna", bseqs, nr, max.difs = 250)
```

Arguments

flnm File path of the FASTA file that will be generated with haplotype sequences.

bseqs Character object with the haplotype alignment.

nr Vector with the haplotype counts.

max.difs Maximum number of mismatches allowed with respect to the dominant one

Details

This function is similar to SortByMutations function from QSutils package but has new features. For example, in this case haplotypes with a huge number of mutations (defined by max.difs) with respect to the dominant one are discarted, and columns with all gaps are eliminated. Also, the final sequences are saved in a FASTA file.

Value

A list containing the following:

bseqs DNAStringSet or AAStringSet with the haplotype sequences.

nr Vector of the haplotype counts.

nm Vector of the number of differences of each haplotype with respect to the domi-

nant haplotype.

After execution, a FASTA file named as f1nm with the bseqs element will be generated.

Author(s)

Alicia Aranda

See Also

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