



# **Configure CA certificate**

SnapCenter Software 4.6

NetApp

February 21, 2022

This PDF was generated from [https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/snapcenter/protect-scw/reference\\_generate\\_CA\\_certificate\\_CSR\\_file.html](https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/snapcenter/protect-scw/reference_generate_CA_certificate_CSR_file.html) on February 21, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

# Table of Contents

- Configure CA certificate ..... 1
  - Generate CA Certificate CSR file ..... 1
  - Import CA certificates ..... 1
  - Get the CA certificate thumbprint ..... 2
  - Configure CA certificate with Windows host plug-in services. .... 2
  - Enable CA Certificates for plug-ins ..... 3

# Configure CA certificate

## Generate CA Certificate CSR file

You can generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and import the certificate that can be obtained from a Certificate Authority (CA) using the generated CSR. The certificate will have a private key associated with it.

CSR is a block of encoded text that is given to an authorized certificate vendor to procure the signed CA certificate.

For information to generate a CSR, see [How to generate CA Certificate CSR file](#).



If you own the CA certificate for your domain (\*.domain.company.com) or your system (machine1.domain.company.com), you can skip generating the CA Certificate CSR file. You can deploy the existing CA certificate with SnapCenter.

For cluster configurations, the cluster name (virtual cluster FQDN), and the respective host names should be mentioned in the CA certificate. The certificate can be updated by filling the Subject Alternative Name (SAN) field before procuring the certificate. For a wild card certificate (\*.domain.company.com), the certificate will contain all the hostnames of the domain implicitly.

## Import CA certificates

You must import the CA certificates to the SnapCenter Server and the Windows host plug-ins using the Microsoft management console (MMC).

### Steps

1. Go to the Microsoft management console (MMC), and then click **File > Add/Remove Snapin**.
2. In the **Add or Remove Snap-ins** window, select **Certificates** and then click **Add**.
3. In the **Certificates snap-in** window, select the **Computer account** option, and then click **Finish**.
4. Click **Console Root > Certificates – Local Computer > Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates**.
5. Right-click on the folder “Trusted Root Certification Authorities”, and then select **All Tasks > Import** to start the import wizard.
6. Complete the wizard, as follows:

In this wizard window...	Do the following...
Import Private Key	Select the option <b>Yes</b> , import the private key, and then click <b>Next</b> .
Import File Format	Make no changes; click <b>Next</b> .
Security	Specify the new password to be used for the exported certificate, and then click <b>Next</b> .

In this wizard window...	Do the following...
Completing the Certificate Import Wizard	Review the summary, and then click <b>Finish</b> to start the import.



Importing certificate should be bundled with the private key (supported formats are: \*.pfx, \*p12, \*.p7b).

7. Repeat Step 5 for the “Personal” folder.

## Get the CA certificate thumbprint

A certificate thumbprint is a hexadecimal string that identifies a certificate. A thumbprint is calculated from the content of the certificate using a thumbprint algorithm.

### Steps

1. Perform the following on the GUI:
  - a. Double-click the certificate.
  - b. In the Certificate dialog box, click the **Details** tab.
  - c. Scroll through the list of fields and click **Thumbprint**.
  - d. Copy the hexadecimal characters from the box.
  - e. Remove the spaces between the hexadecimal numbers.

For example, if the thumbprint is: "a9 09 50 2d d8 2a e4 14 33 e6 f8 38 86 b0 0d 42 77 a3 2a 7b", after removing the spaces, it will be: "a909502dd82ae41433e6f83886b00d4277a32a7b".

2. Perform the following from PowerShell:
  - a. Run the following command to list the thumbprint of the installed certificate and identify the recently installed certificate by the subject name.

```
Get-ChildItem -Path Cert:\LocalMachine\My
```

- b. Copy the thumbprint.

## Configure CA certificate with Windows host plug-in services

You should configure the CA certificate with Windows host plug-in services to activate the installed digital certificate.

Perform the following steps on the SnapCenter Server and all the plug-in hosts where CA certificates are already deployed.

### Steps

1. Remove the existing certificate binding with SMCore default port 8145, by running the following command:

```
> netsh http delete sslcert ipport=0.0.0.0:_{SMCore Port}
```

For example:

```
> netsh http delete sslcert ipport=0.0.0.0:8145
```

2. Bind the newly installed certificate with the Windows host plug-in services, by running the following commands:

```
> $cert = "<certificate thumbprint>"  
  
> $guid = [guid]::NewGuid().ToString("B")  
  
> netsh http add sslcert ipport=0.0.0.0: <SMCore Port> certhash=$cert  
appid="$guid"
```

For example:

```
> $cert = "a909502dd82ae41433e6f83886b00d4277a32a7b"  
> $guid = [guid]::NewGuid().ToString("B")  
> netsh http add sslcert ipport=0.0.0.0:8145 certhash=$cert  
appid="$guid"
```

## Enable CA Certificates for plug-ins

You should configure the CA certificates and deploy the CA certificates in the SnapCenter Server and the corresponding plug-in hosts. You should enable the CA certificate validation for the plug-ins.

### What you will need

- You can enable or disable the CA certificates using the run *Set-SmCertificateSettings* cmdlet.
- You can display the certificate status for the plug-ins using the *Get-SmCertificateSettings*.

The information regarding the parameters that can be used with the cmdlet and their descriptions can be obtained by running *Get-Help command\_name*. Alternatively, you can also refer the [SnapCenter Software Cmdlet Reference Guide](#).

### Steps

1. In the left navigation pane, click **Hosts**.
2. In the Hosts page, click **Managed Hosts**.
3. Select single or multiple plug-in hosts.
4. Click **More options**.
5. Select **Enable Certificate Validation**.

### After you finish

The Managed Hosts tab host displays a padlock and the color of the padlock indicates the status of the connection between SnapCenter Server and the plug-in host.

-  indicates that the CA certificate is neither enabled nor assigned to the plug-in host.
-  indicates that the CA certificate is successfully validated.
-  indicates that the CA certificate could not be validated.
-  indicates that the connection information could not be retrieved.



When the status is yellow or green, the data protection operations completes successfully.

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