

BAS-02

Roll No.

2917031121

B. Tech. I  
ODD SEMESTER  
MAJOR EXAMINATION 2017 - 2018  
Subject Name: Engineering Physics-I

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Note: Attempt all questions. Each question carries equal marks.

(4 × 2.5 = 10)

1. Attempt any four parts of the following:

- Show that the massless particles can exist only if they move with speed of light and their energy  $E$  and momentum  $p$  must have the relation  $E = pc$ .
- Obtain the relativistic form of Newton's second law, when force ( $F$ ) is parallel to  $v$ .
- Describe the postulates of Statistical Mechanics.
- How much does a proton gain in mass when accelerated to a kinetic energy of 500 MeV?
- Find the speed of 0.1 MeV electrons according to the classical and relativistic mechanics.
- Using the postulates of special theory of relativity derive the Lorentz transformation equations.

(2 × 5 = 10)

2. Attempt any two parts of the following:

- What was the objective of Davison-Germer experiment? Discuss the results of this experiment.
- An electron is confined to move between two rigid walls separated by  $1 \text{ \AA}$ . Find the de Broglie wavelength representing the first three allowed energy states of the electron and their corresponding energies.
- Derive Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution law for  $N$  number of distinguished particles.

Attempt any two parts of the following:

(2 × 5 = 10)

- Explain the construction and working of Huygens eyepiece. Locate the positions of cardinal points with suitable depiction.
- Derive an expression for the intensity distribution due to Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit and show that the intensity of the first subsidiary maximum is about 4.5% of that of the principal maximum.
- Discuss the production and detection of linearly, circularly and elliptically polarized light.

Attempt any two parts of the following:

(2 × 5 = 10)

- Describe the phenomena of interference due to wedge-shaped thin film obtain the conditions of maxima and minima also find the expression for fringe width.
- Define phase velocity and group velocity. Show that the group velocity is always equal to the particle velocity.
- An electron has de Broglie wavelength  $2 \times 10^{-12} \text{ m}$ . Find its kinetic energy. Also, find the phase and group velocities of its de Broglie waves.

5. Attempt any two parts of the following:

(2 × 5 = 10)

- (a) What are the essential requirements for a laser? Explain the construction and working of He-Ne Laser with a suitable diagram.
- (b) (i) An optical fibre has an NA of 0.20 and a cladding refractive index of 1.59. Determine the angle for the fibre in water, which has a refractive index of 1.33.  
(ii) Explain the light propagation in an optical fibre.
- (c) Discuss the construction and reconstruction of an image with the help of a hologram.