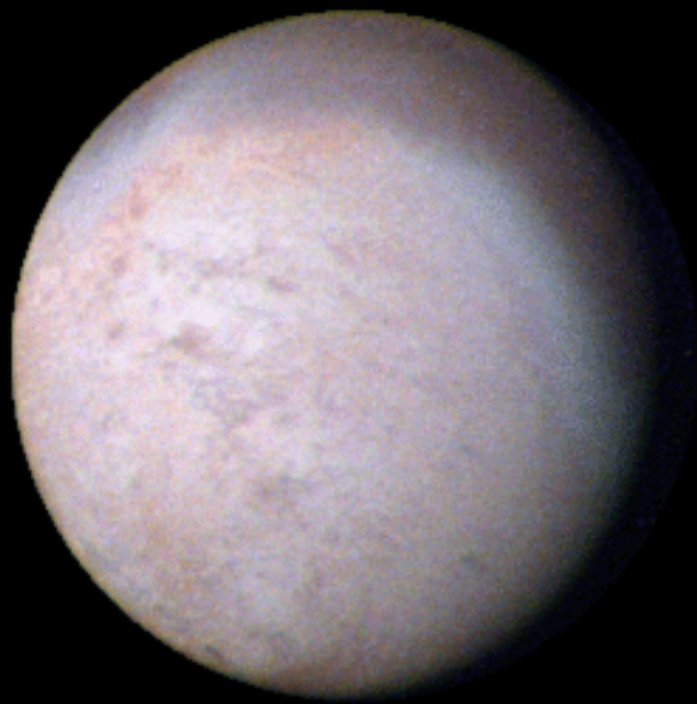


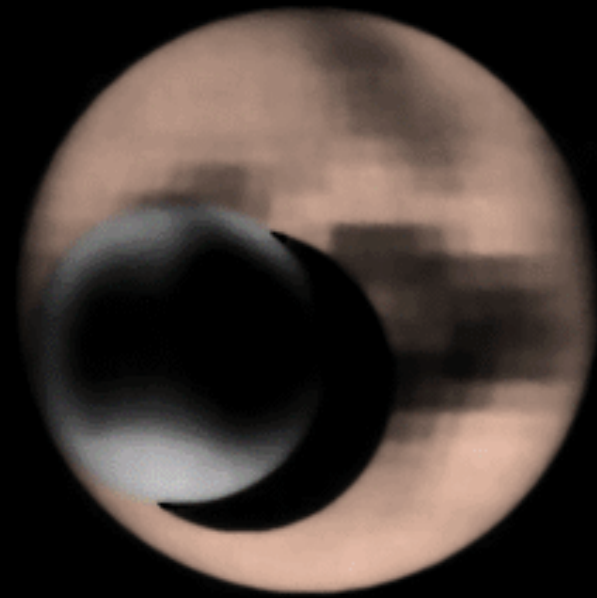
The Triton stellar occultation of 21 May 2008

Bruno Sicardy, Y. Boissel, F. Colas, A. Doressoundiram, J. Lecacheux, T. Widemann, M. Castets, E. Frappa, G. Blanchard, T. Payet, J.-P. Teng, K.-L. Bath, W. Beisker, H.-J. Bode, G. Roy, B. Thome, C. de Witt, P. Schönau, D. Buckley, N. Loaring, O. Bernard, M. Assafin, J. Camargo, D. da Silva Neto, F. B. Ribas, A. Andrei, R. Vieira Martins, R. Behrend

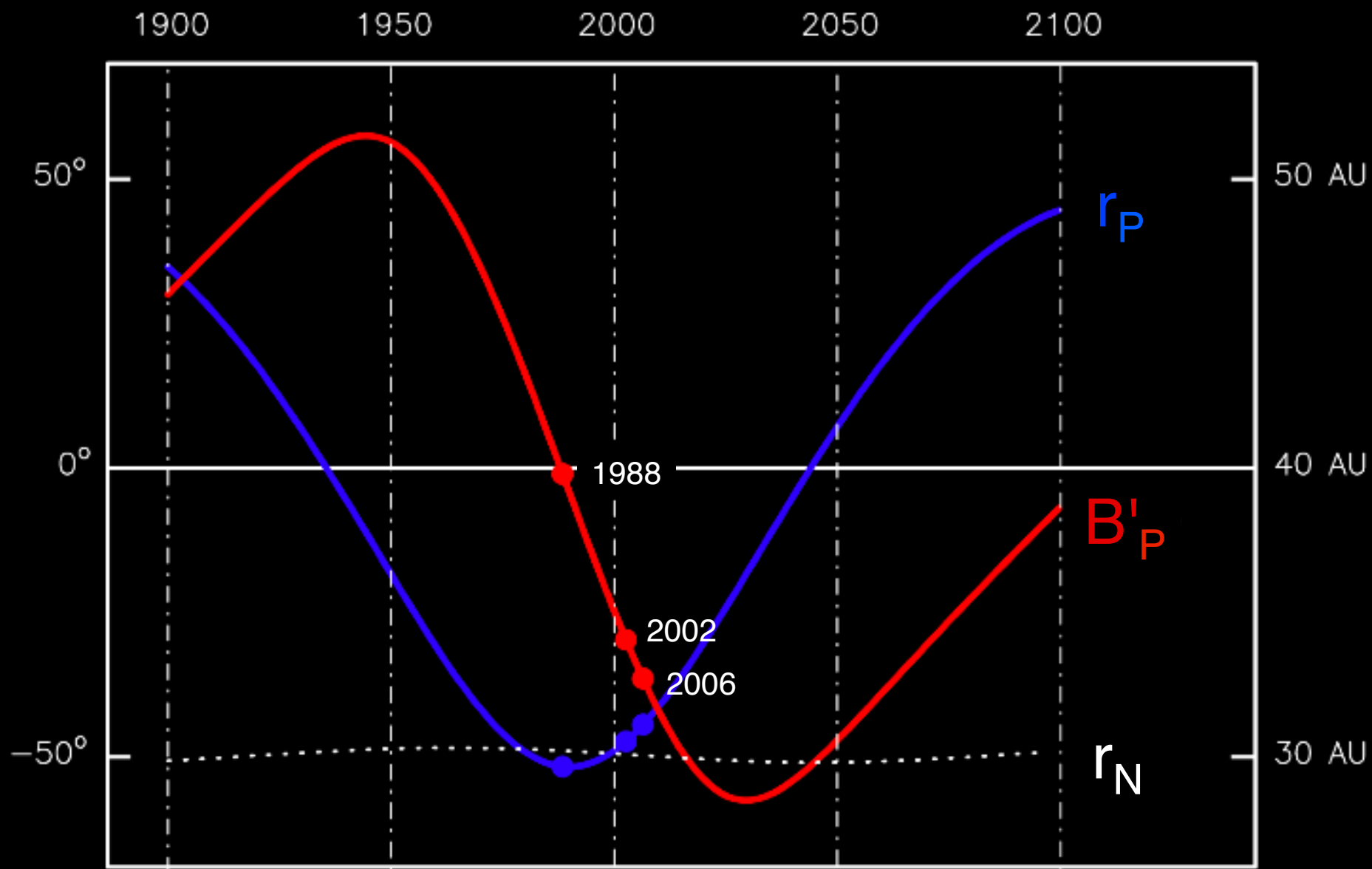




Triton



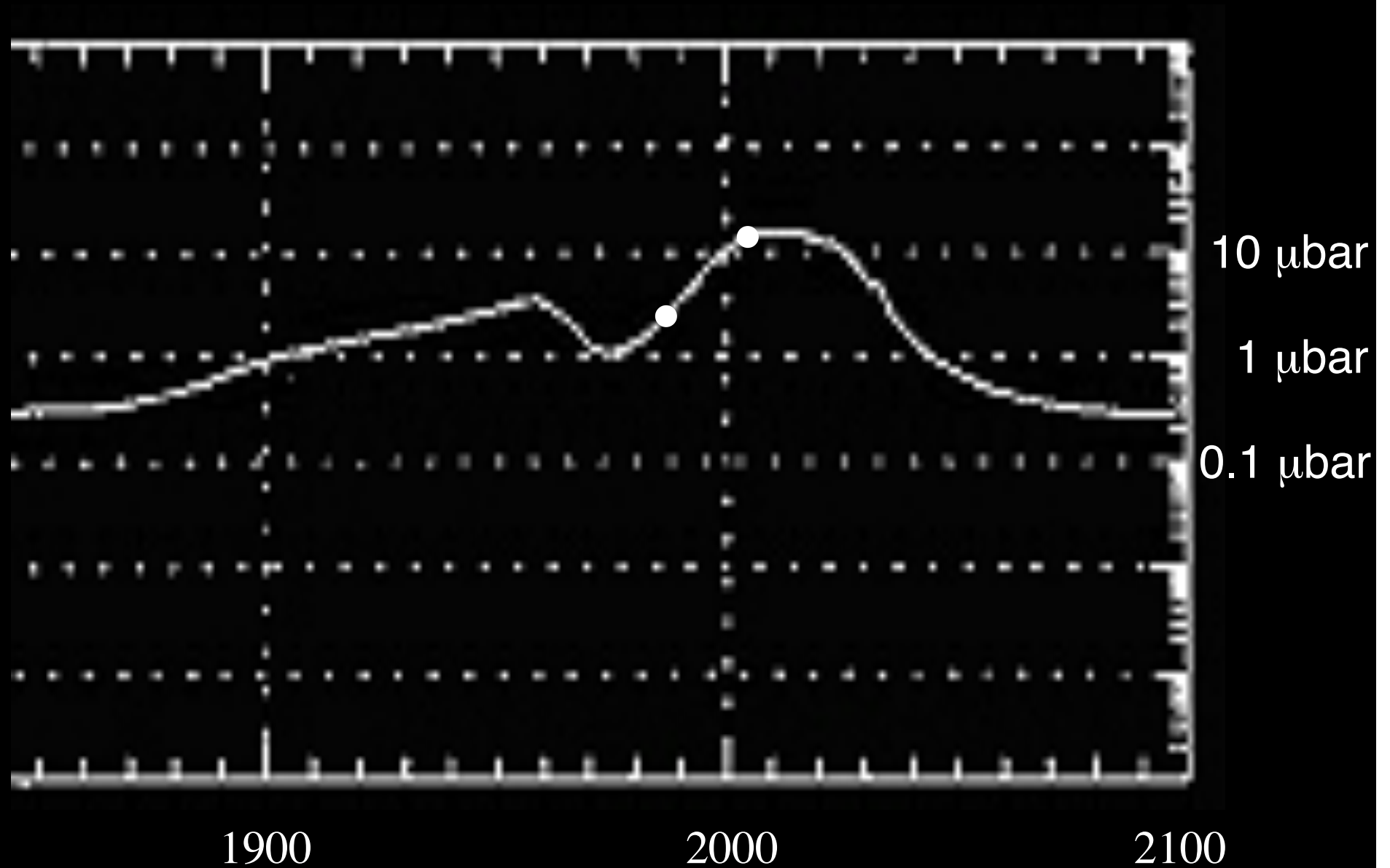
Pluto & Charon



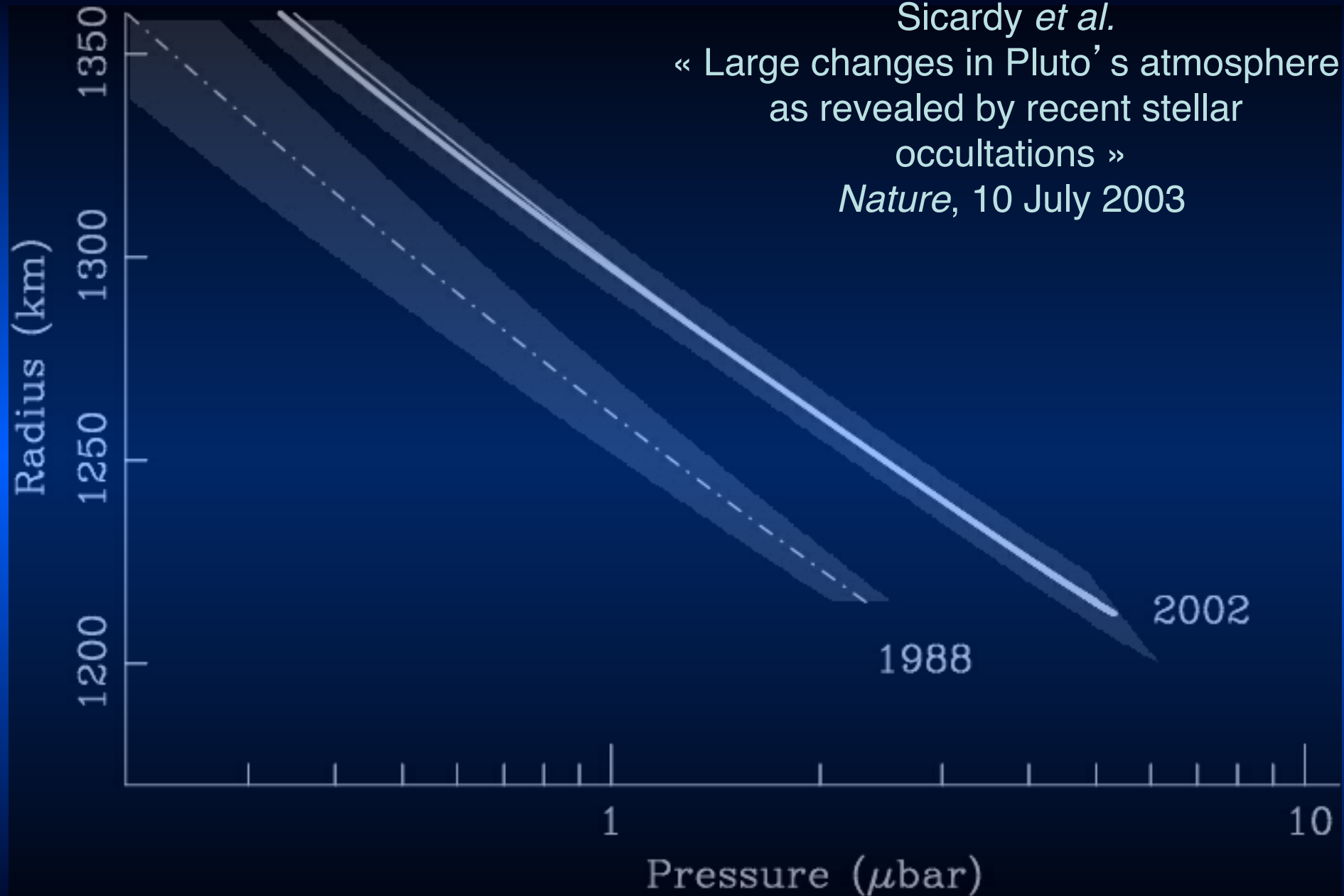
Time

Pluto's seasons

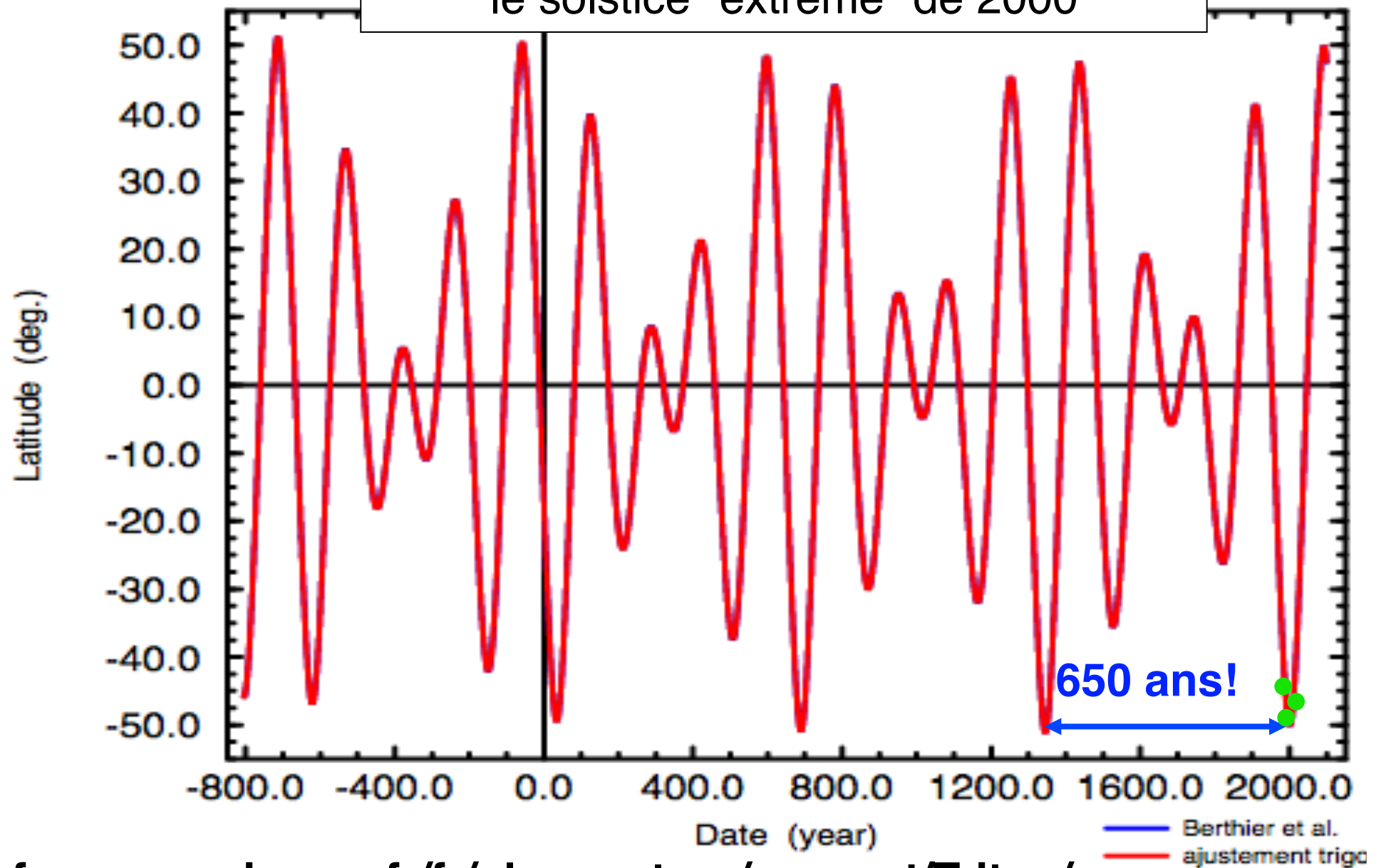
C.J Hansen & D.A. Paige
Icarus, **120**, 247-265 (1996)



Sicardy *et al.*
« Large changes in Pluto's atmosphere
as revealed by recent stellar
occultations »
Nature, 10 July 2003

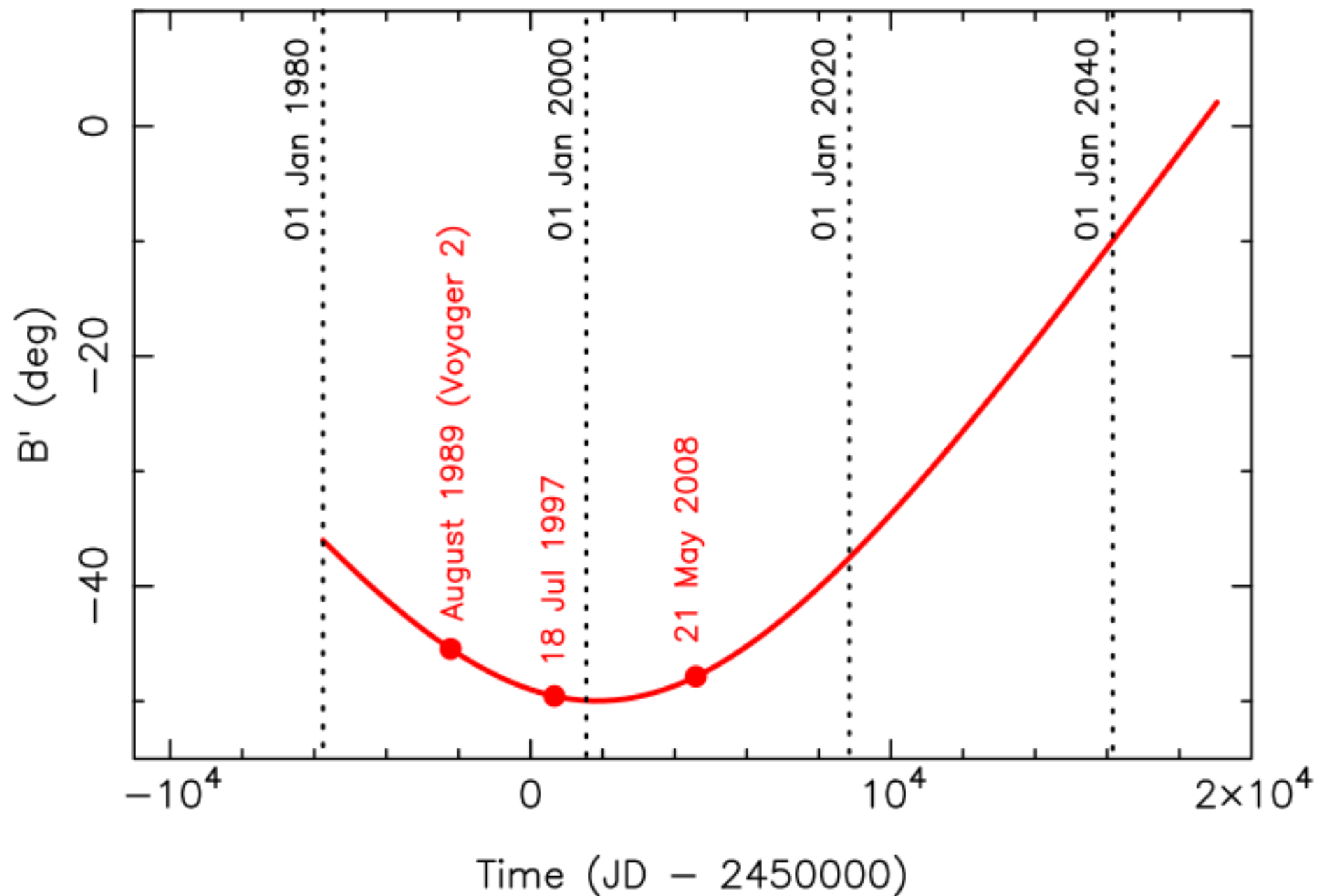


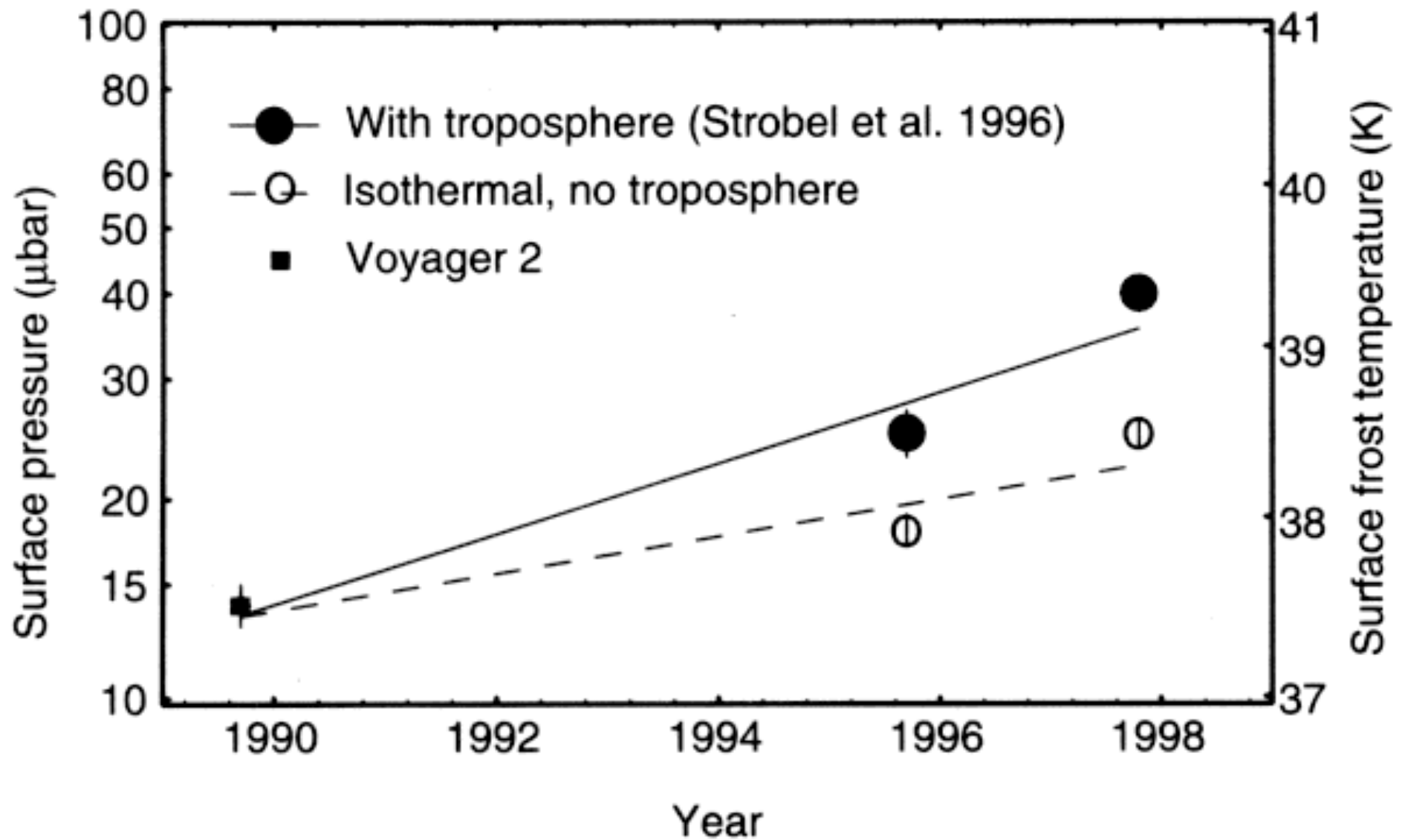
latitude sub-solaire de Triton:
le solstice "extrême" de 2000



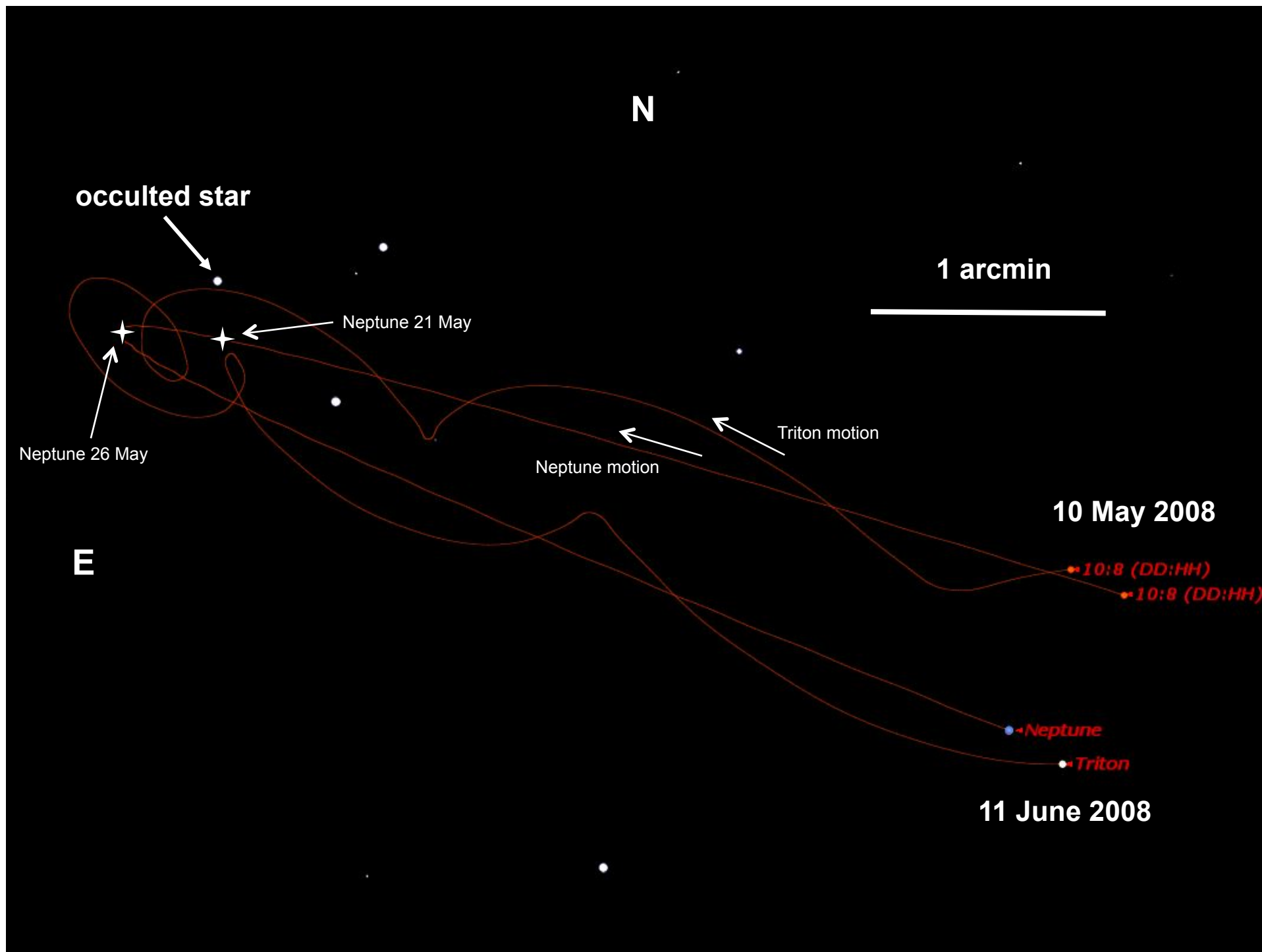
from www.imcce.fr/fr/observateur/support/Triton/

le solstice "extrême" Triton de 2000

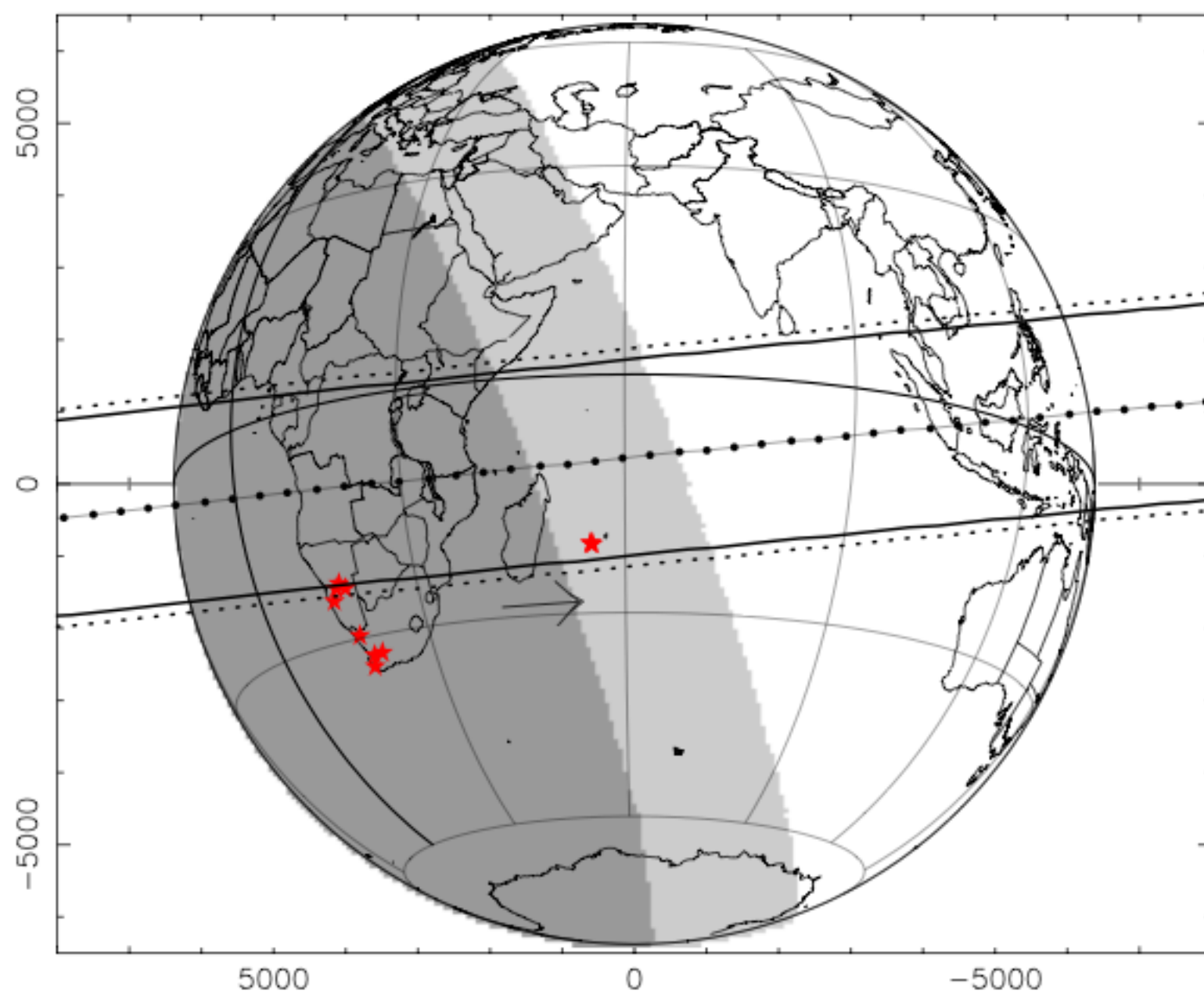




"Global warming on Triton" (?)
Elliot *et al.*, *Nature* **393**, 765 (1998)

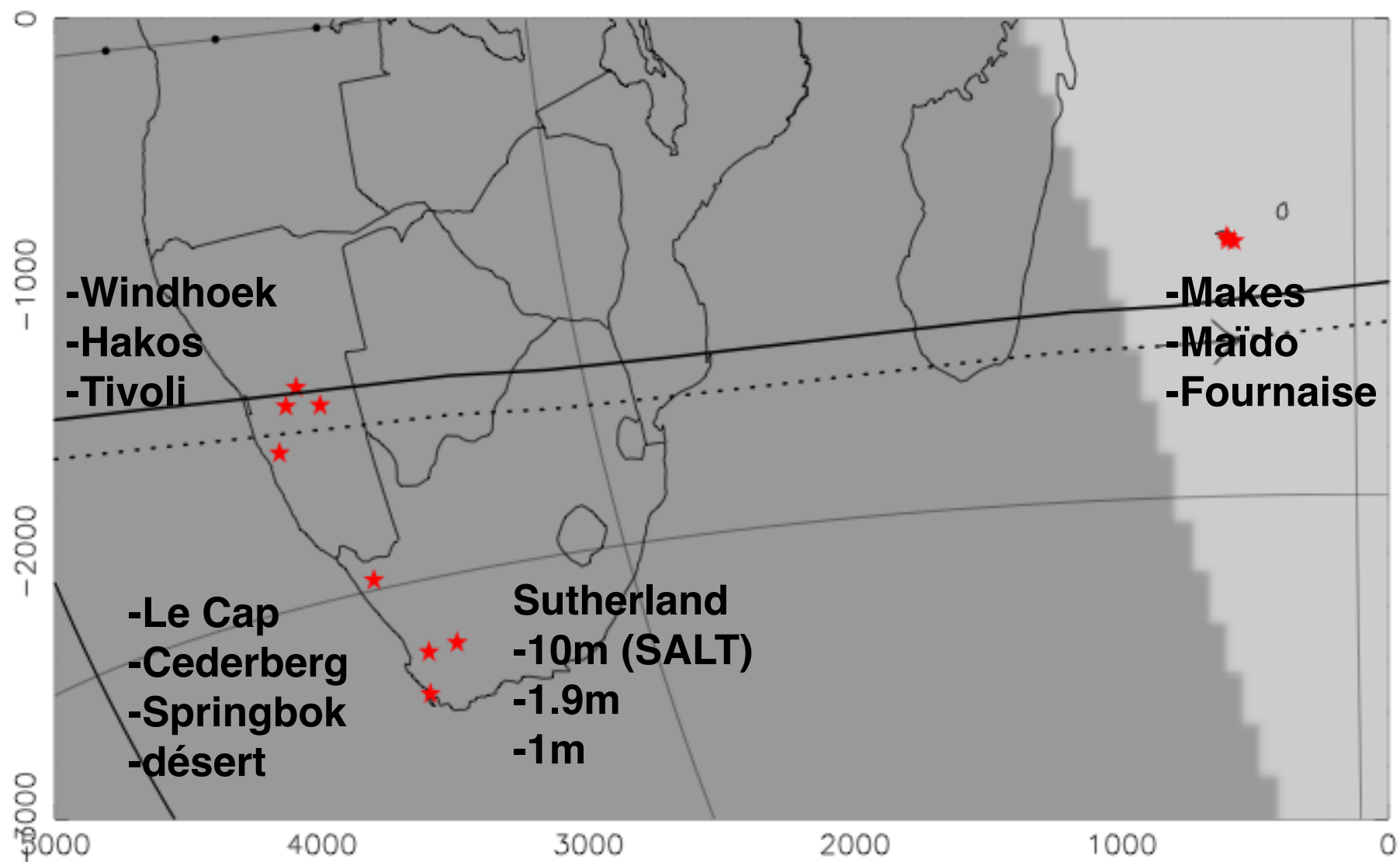


star Rio group, 27 Apr. 08, Triton, modele T7, $\Delta\xi = -1.3$ mas, $\Delta\eta = -56.0$ mas



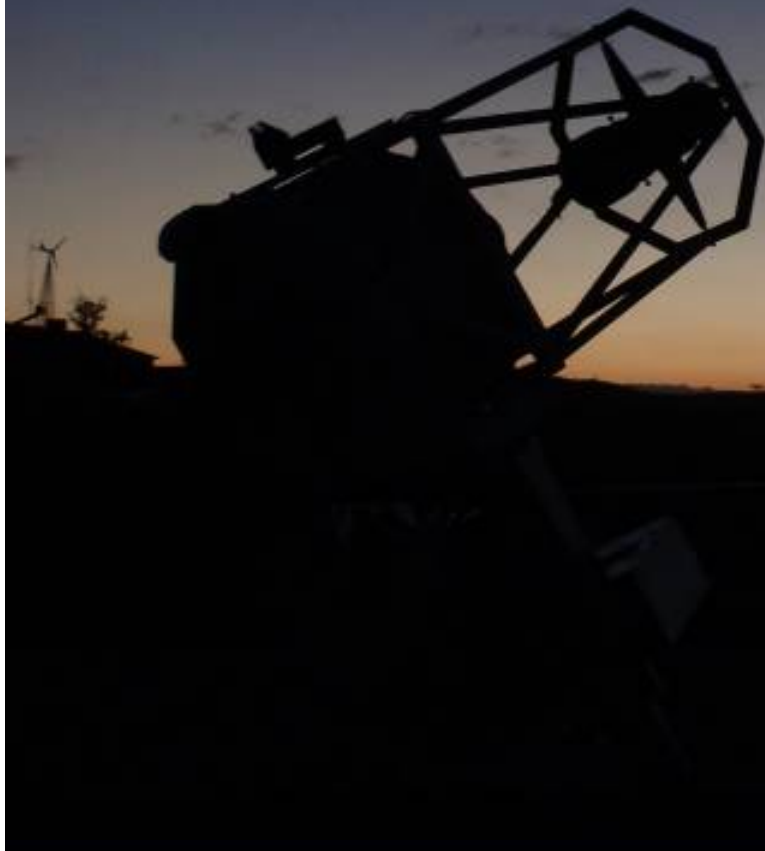
chanat siane ξ : 01:52 ---> 01:53 UT

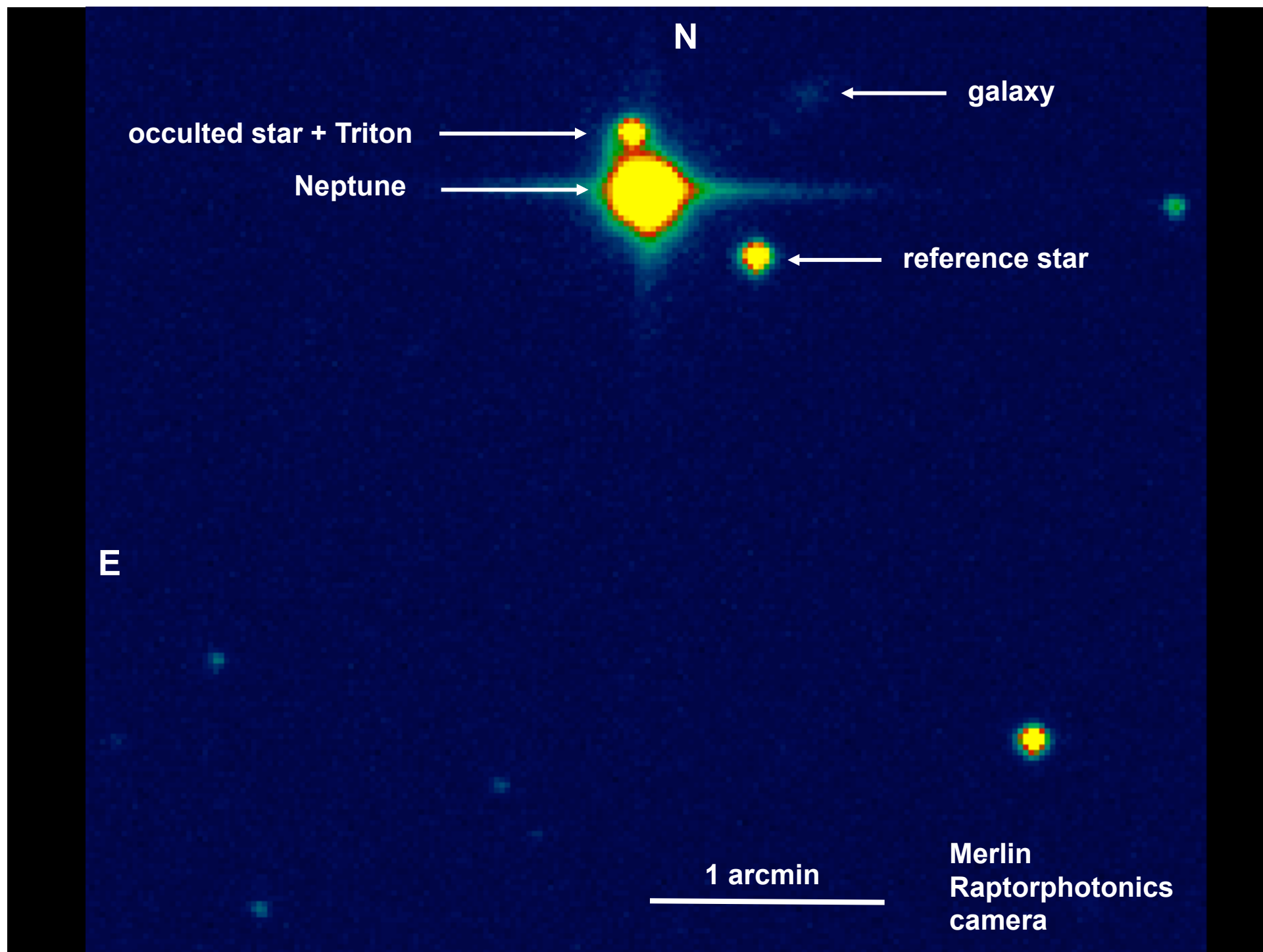
star Rio group, 27 Apr. 08, Triton, modele T7, $\Delta\xi = -1.3$ mas, $\Delta\eta = -56.0$ mas



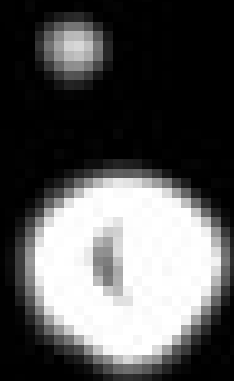
changt signe ξ : 01:52 ---> 01:53 UT

Namibia

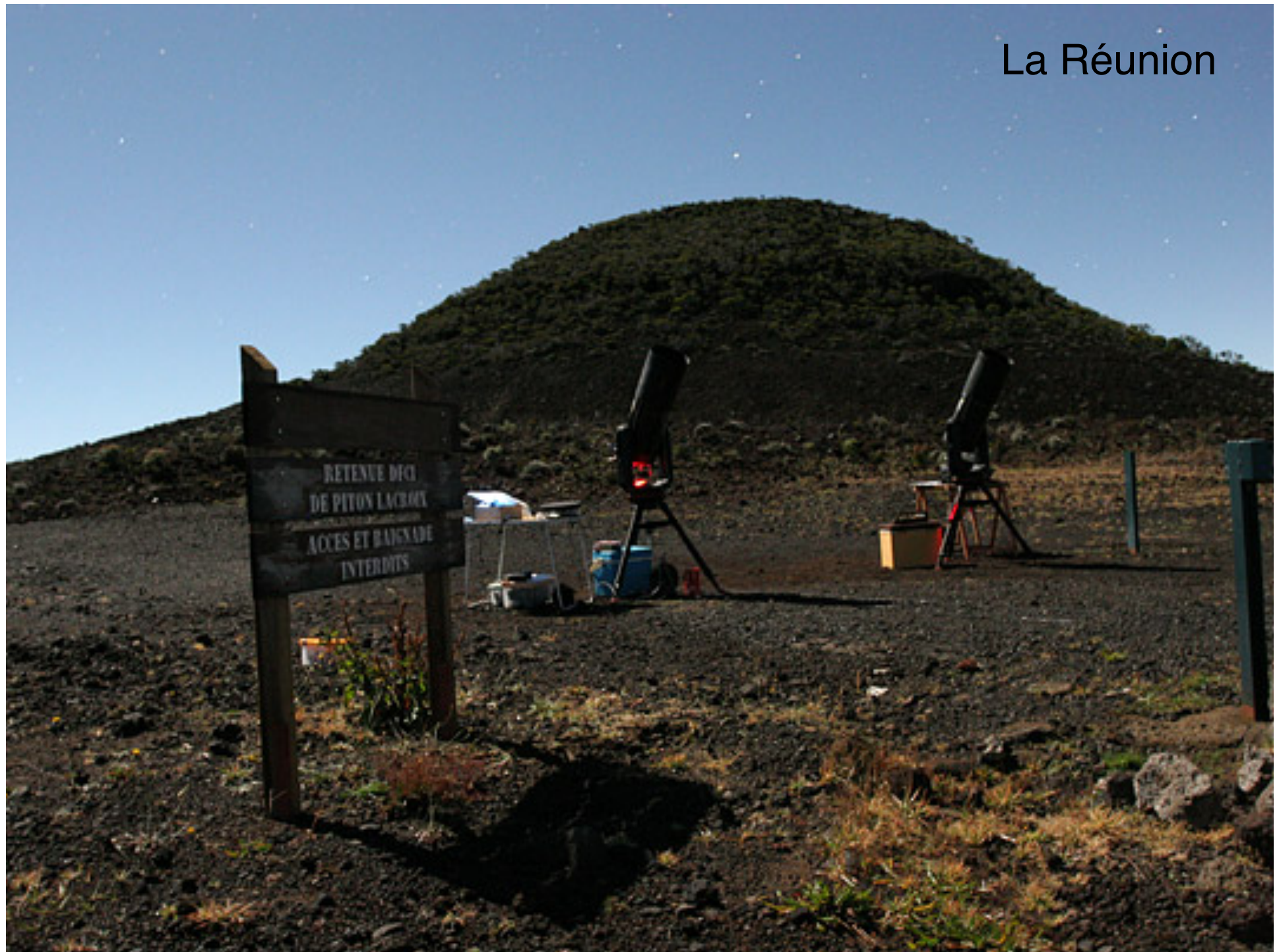




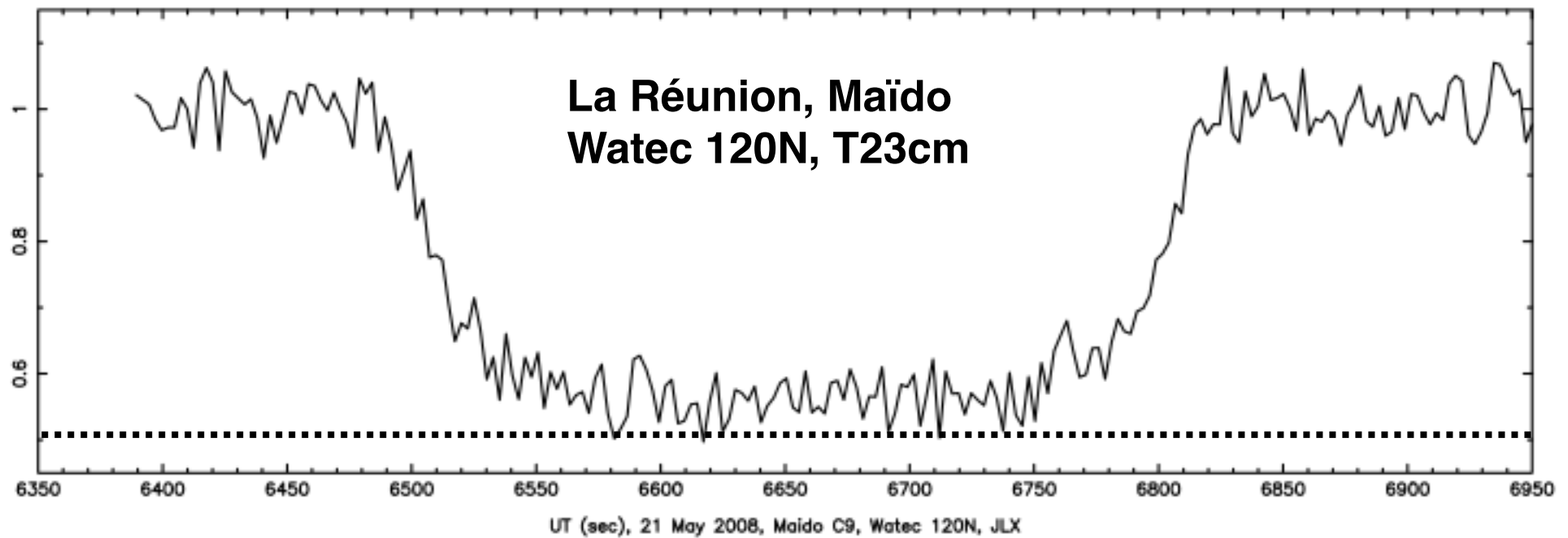
Hakos/IAS
T50cm
QHY6 camera
from KL Bath



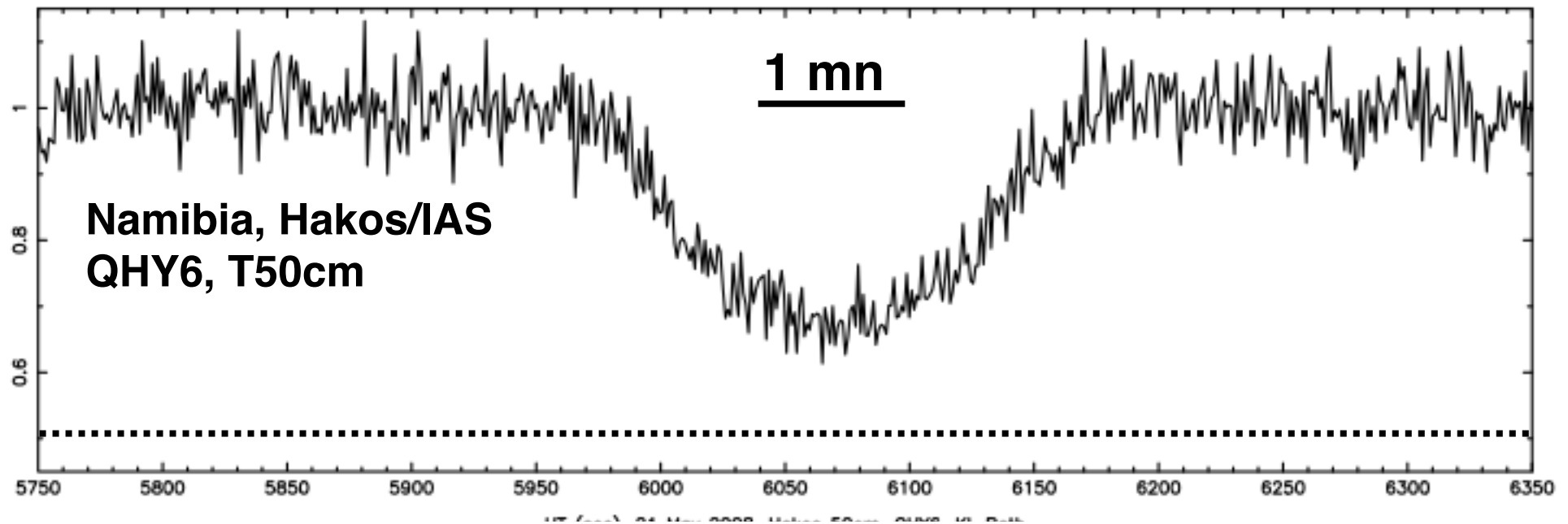
La Réunion



photom 2D, aperture, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $x_c = -28\text{km}$, $y_c = -1215\text{ km}$



Photom 1D, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $x_c = -28\text{km}$, $y_c = -1215\text{ km}$



Triton, 21 May 2008, $r'_{1/2} = 1421.859$ km, $r_{1/2} = 1445.544$ km

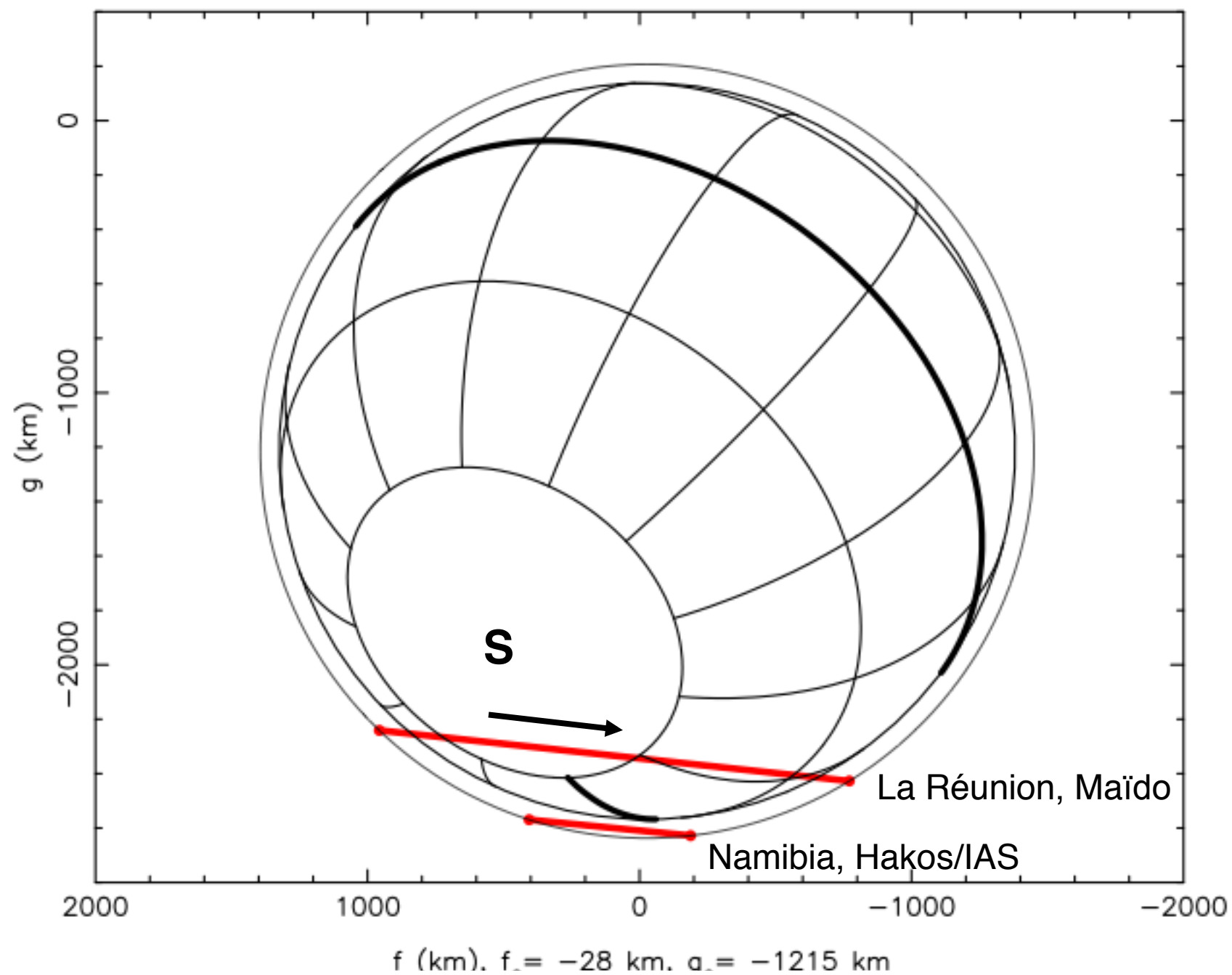
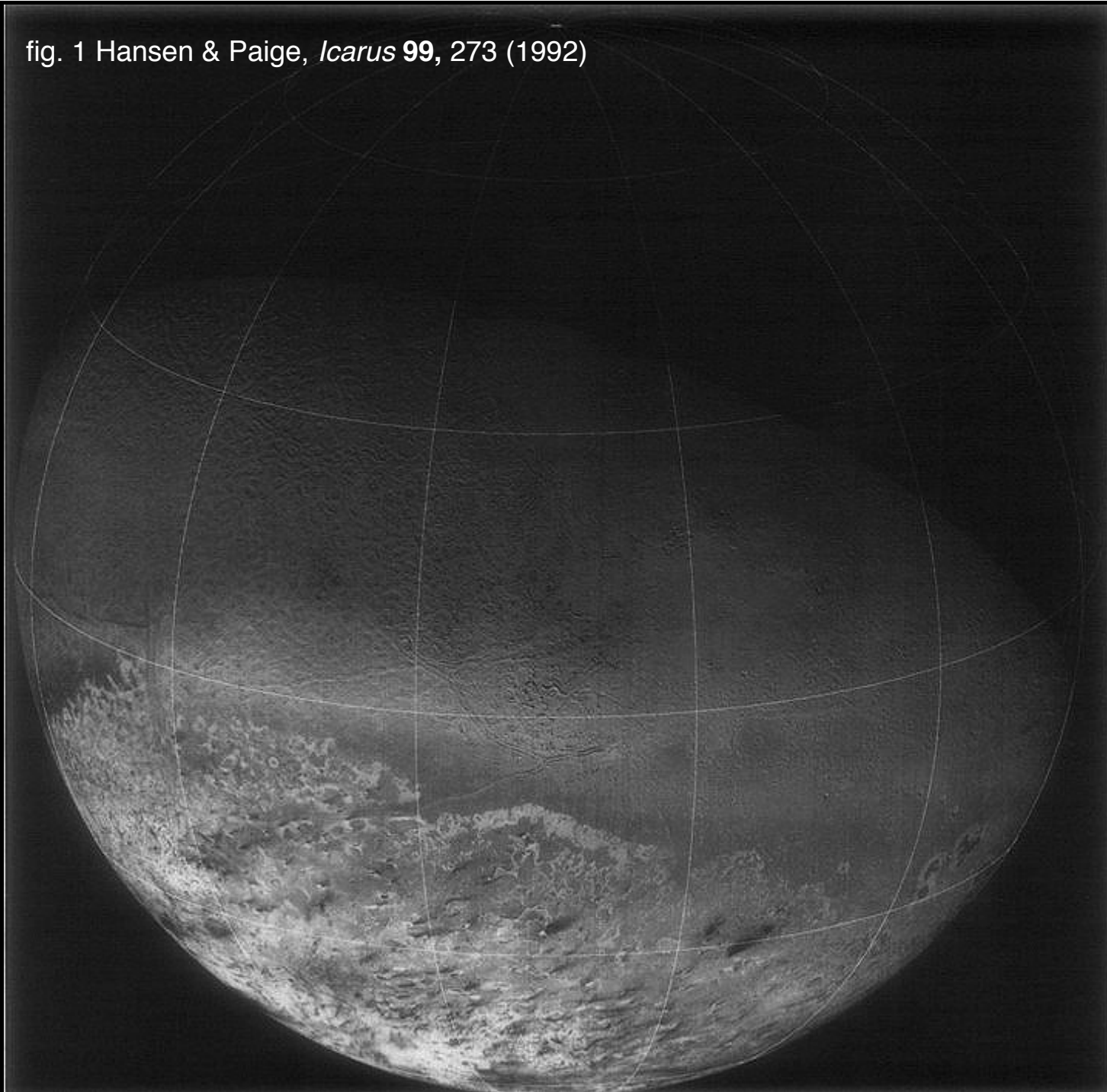


fig. 1 Hansen & Paige, *Icarus* 99, 273 (1992)



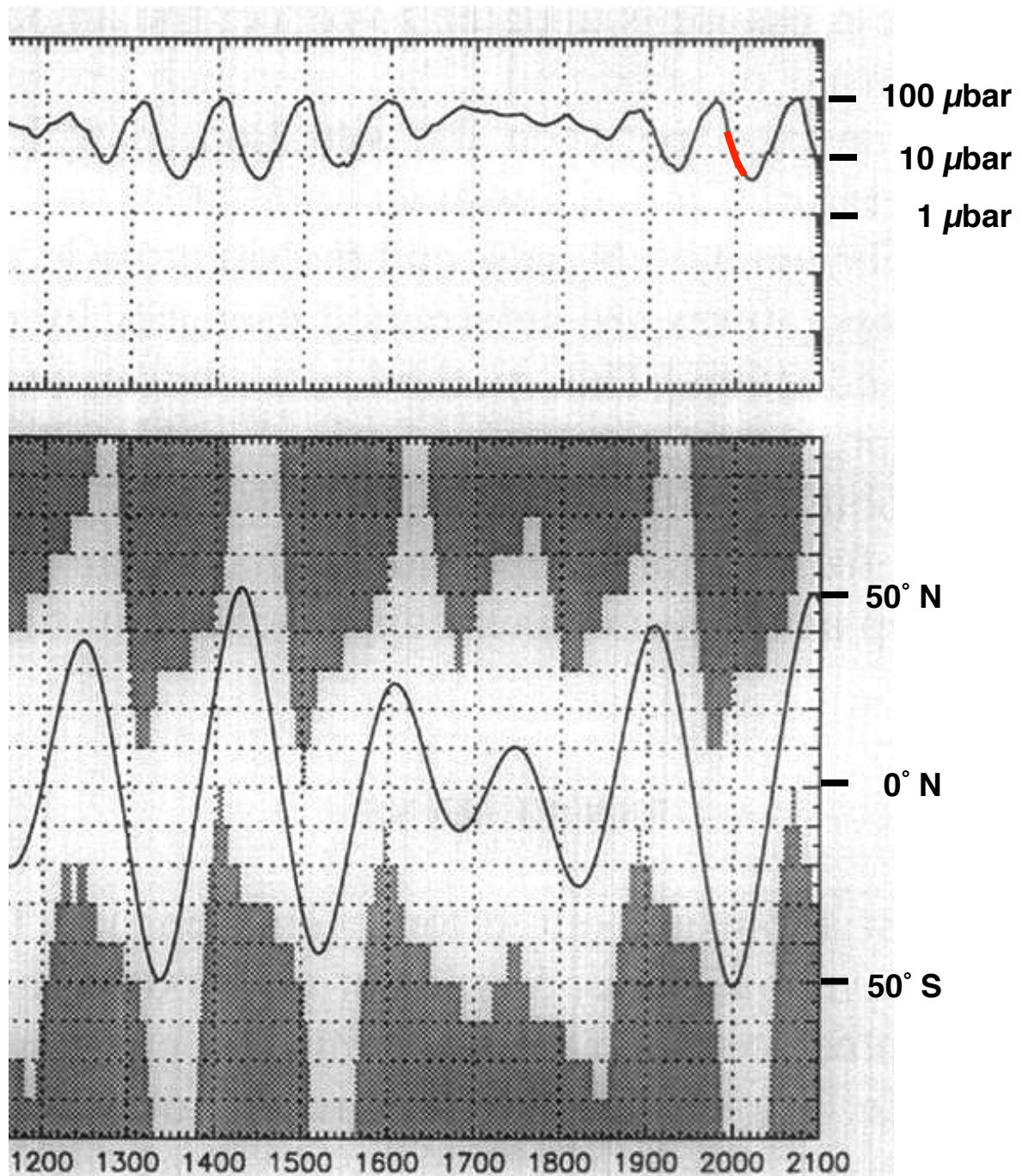
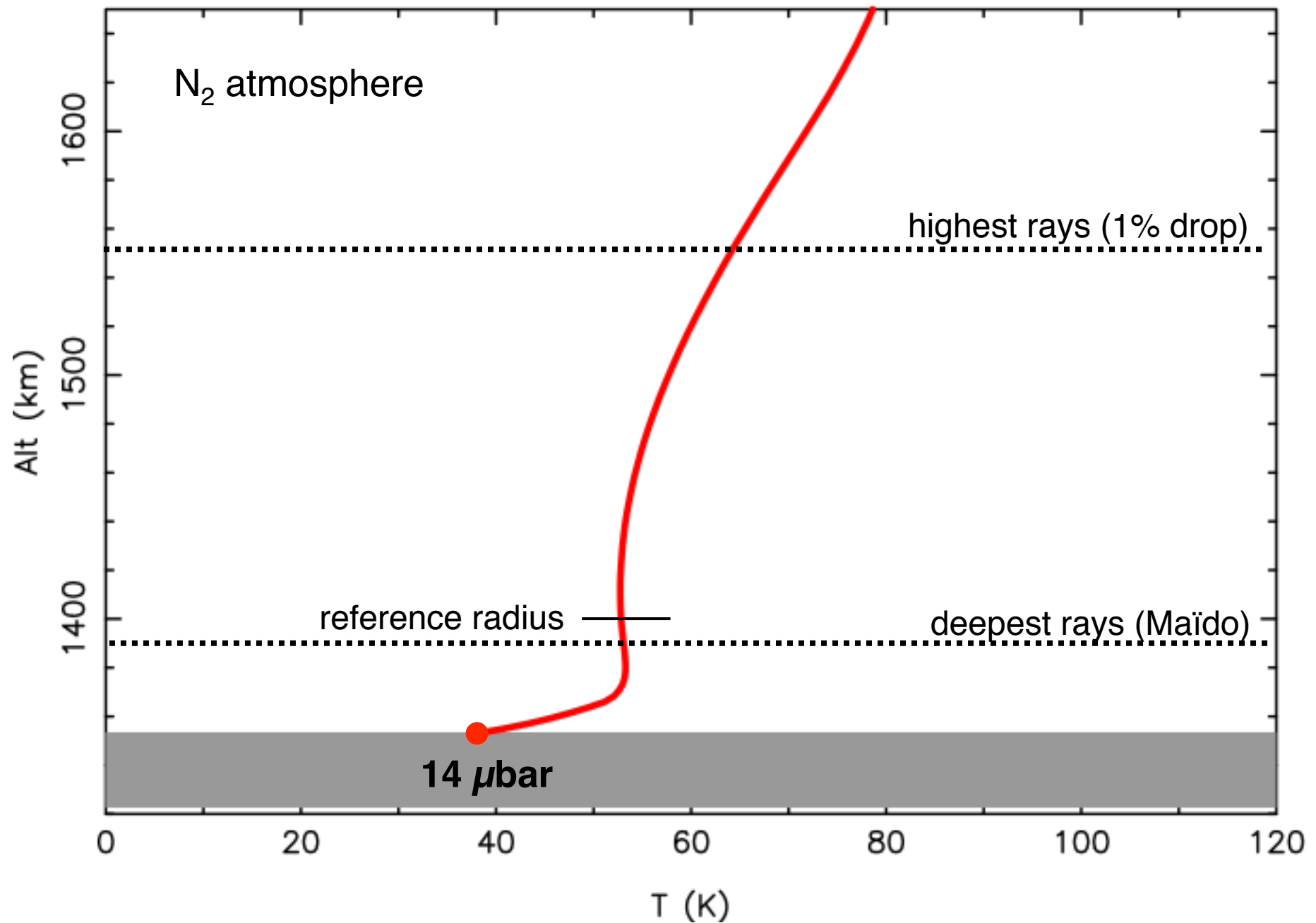
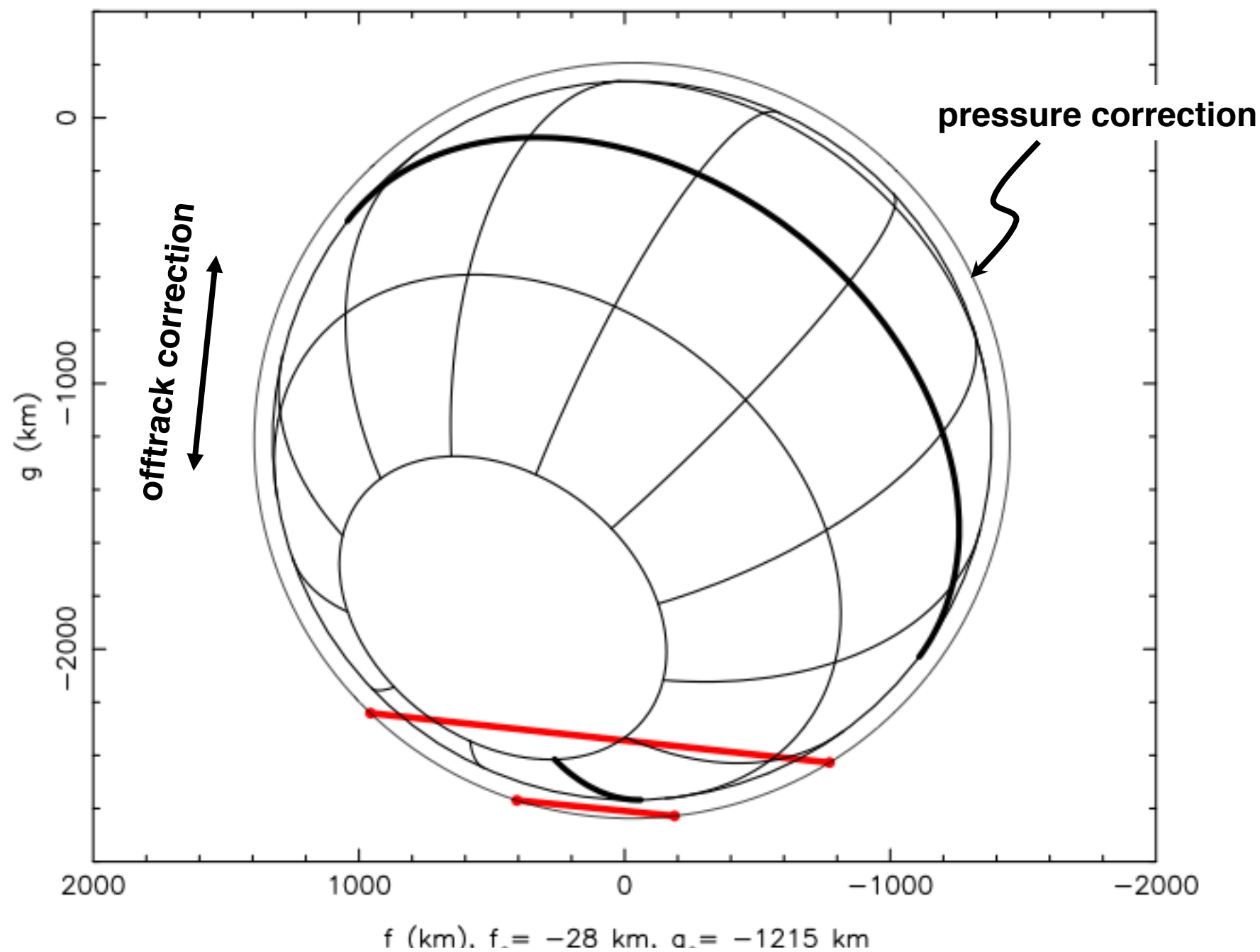


fig. 3 Hansen & Paige
Icarus **99**, 273 (1992)

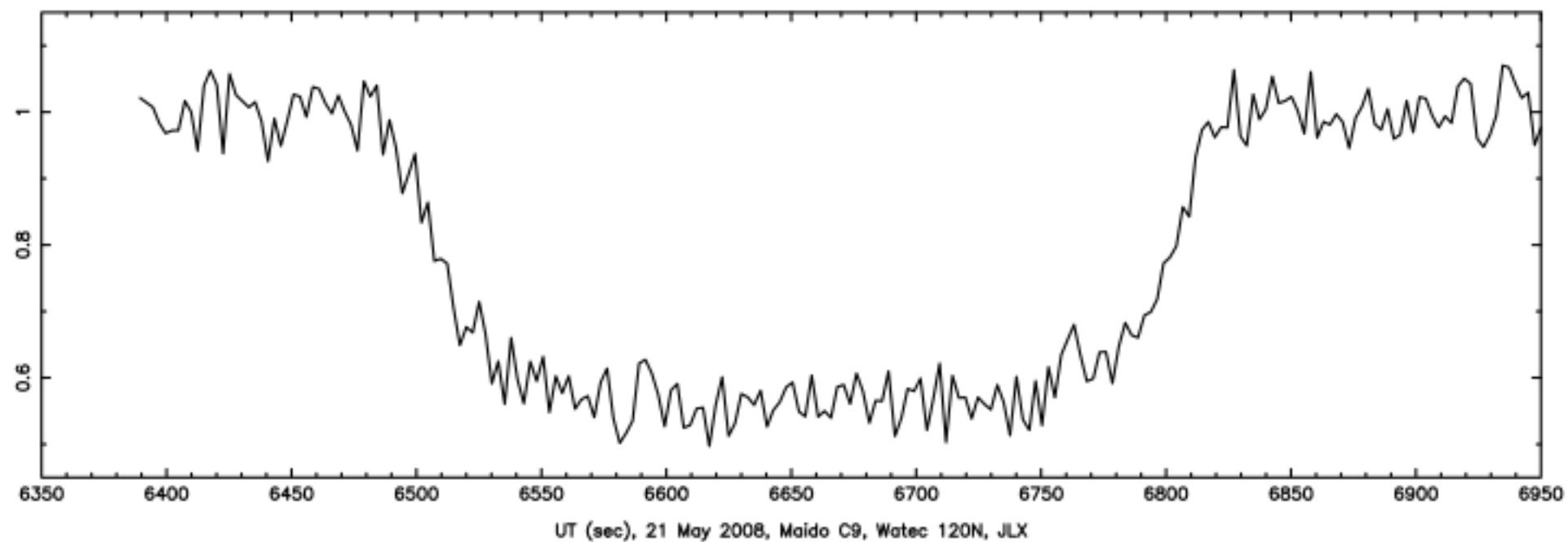
Triton, model T7, Strobel



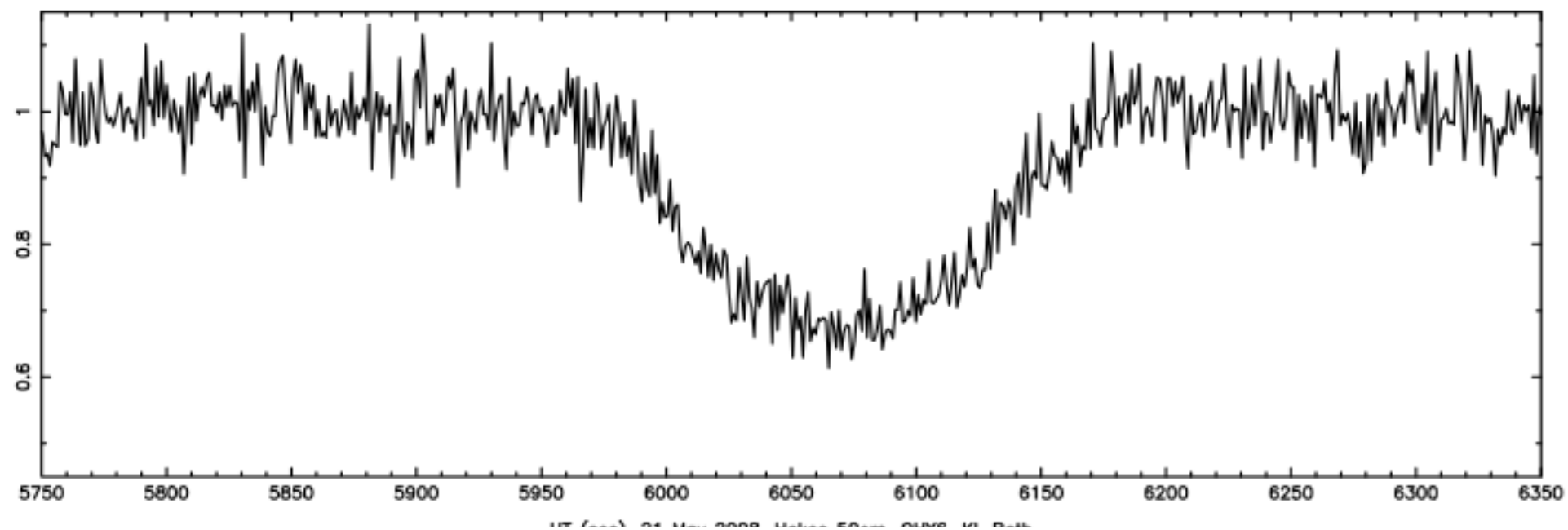
Triton, 21 May 2008, $r'_{1/2} = 1421.859$ km, $r_{1/2} = 1445.544$ km



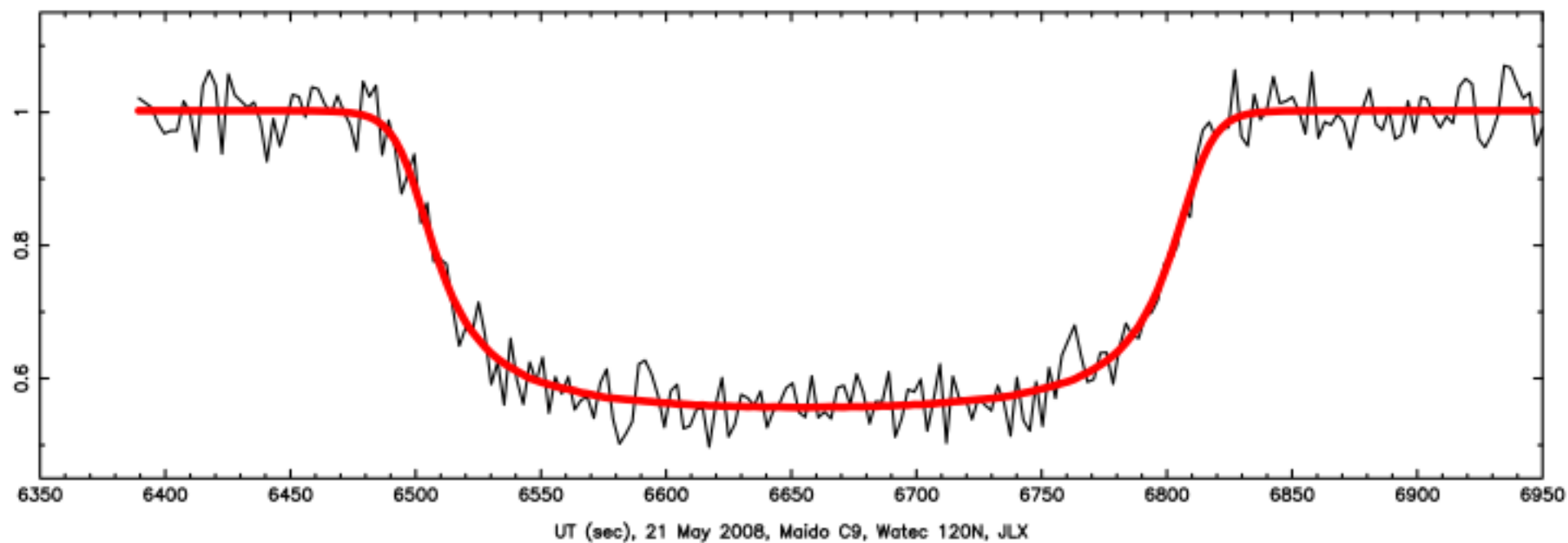
photom 2D, aperture, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $x_c = -28\text{km}$, $y_c = -1215\text{ km}$



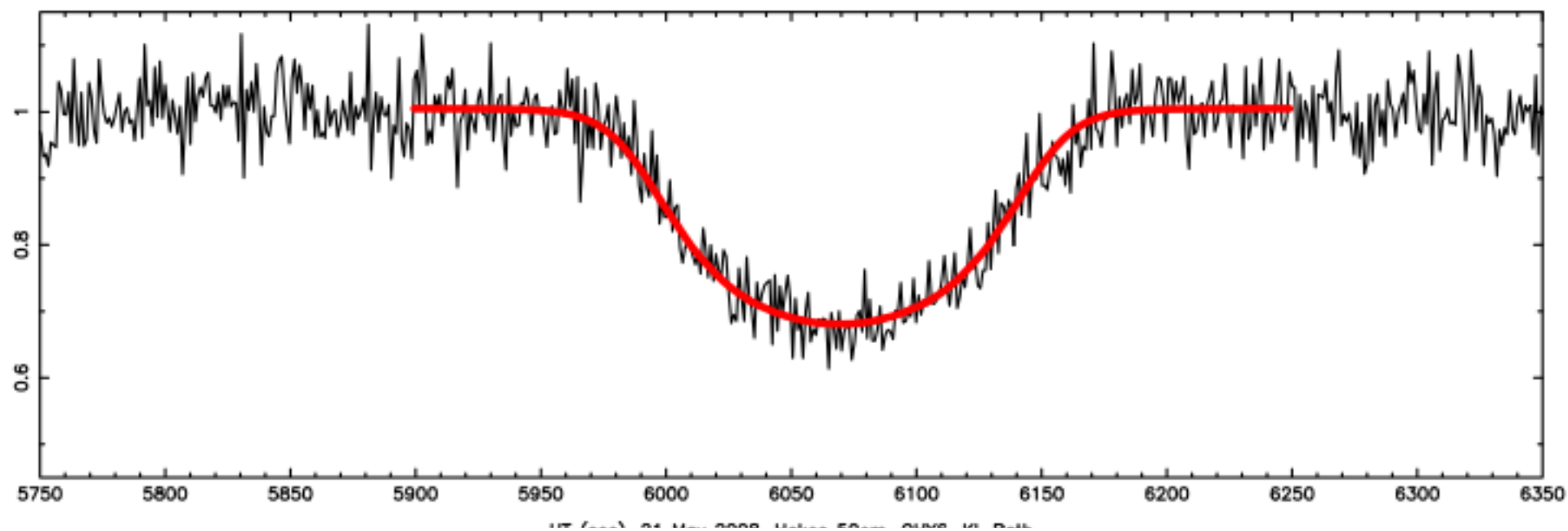
Photom 1D, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $x_c = -28\text{km}$, $y_c = -1215\text{ km}$



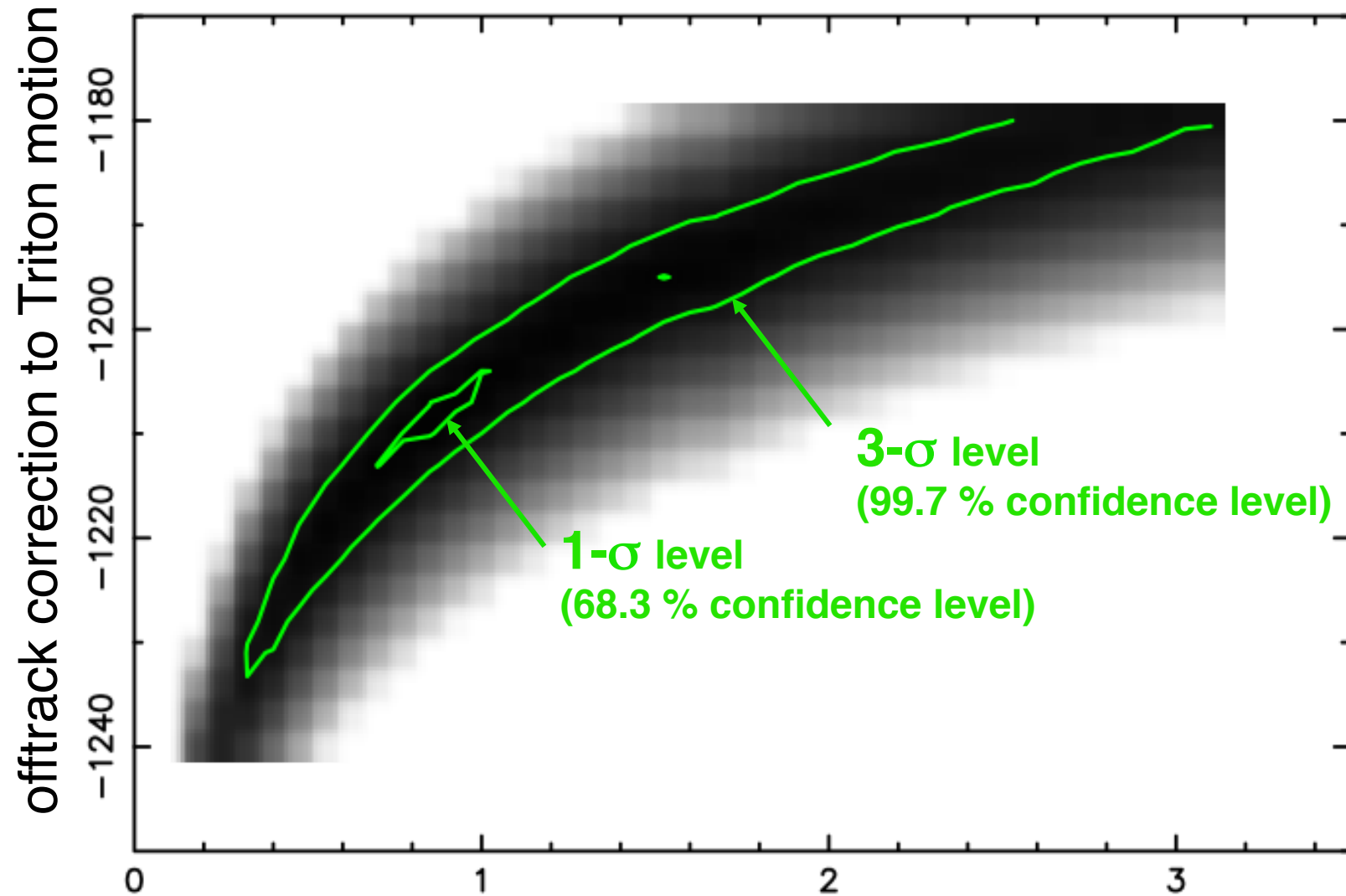
photom 2D, aperture, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f = 0.925$, $\Delta\rho = -1207$ km



Photom 1D, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f = 0.925$, $\Delta\rho = -1207$ km

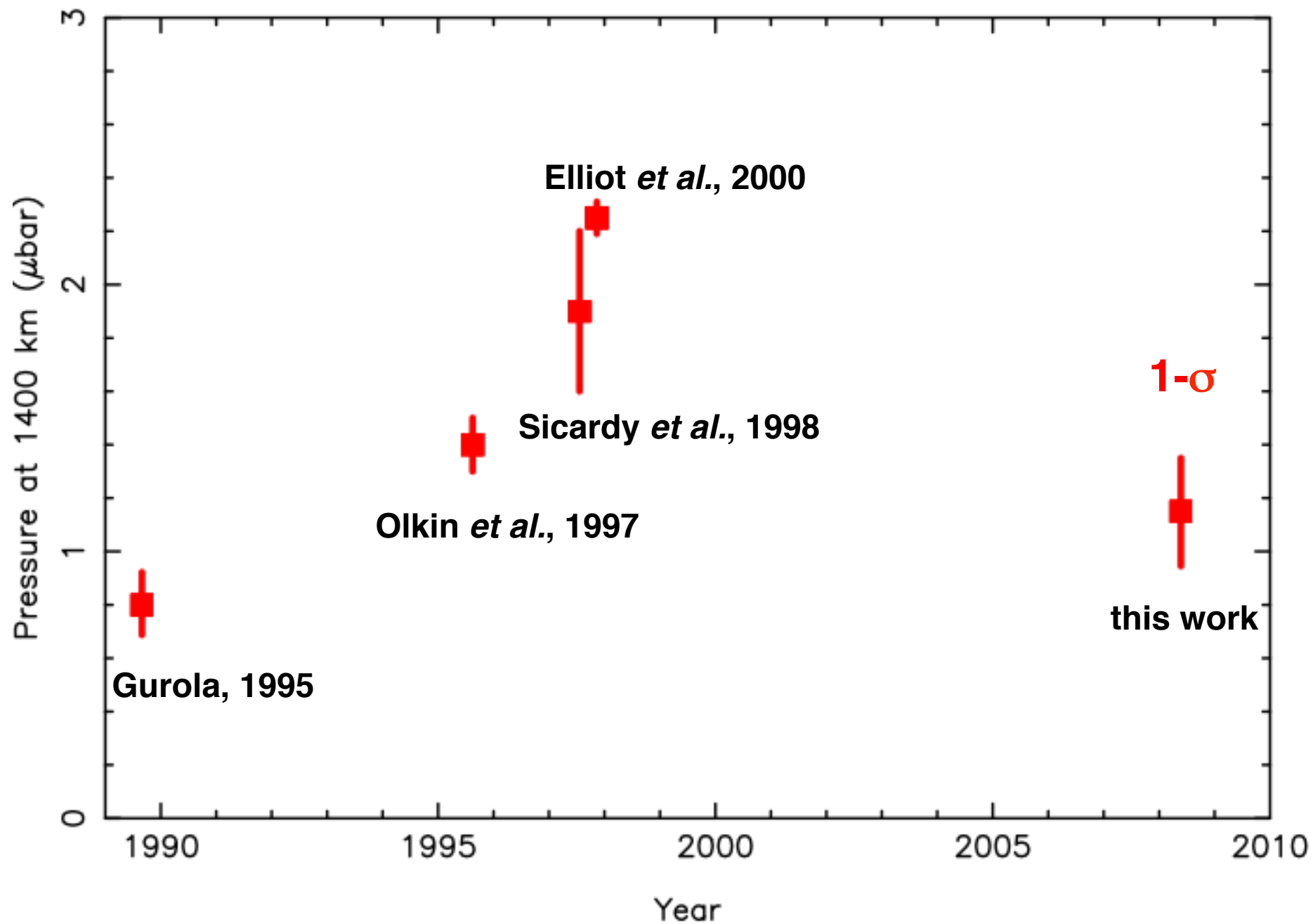


Triton, 21 May 07, Hakos 50cm, Maida C9, 559 points, Strobel *et al.*T7

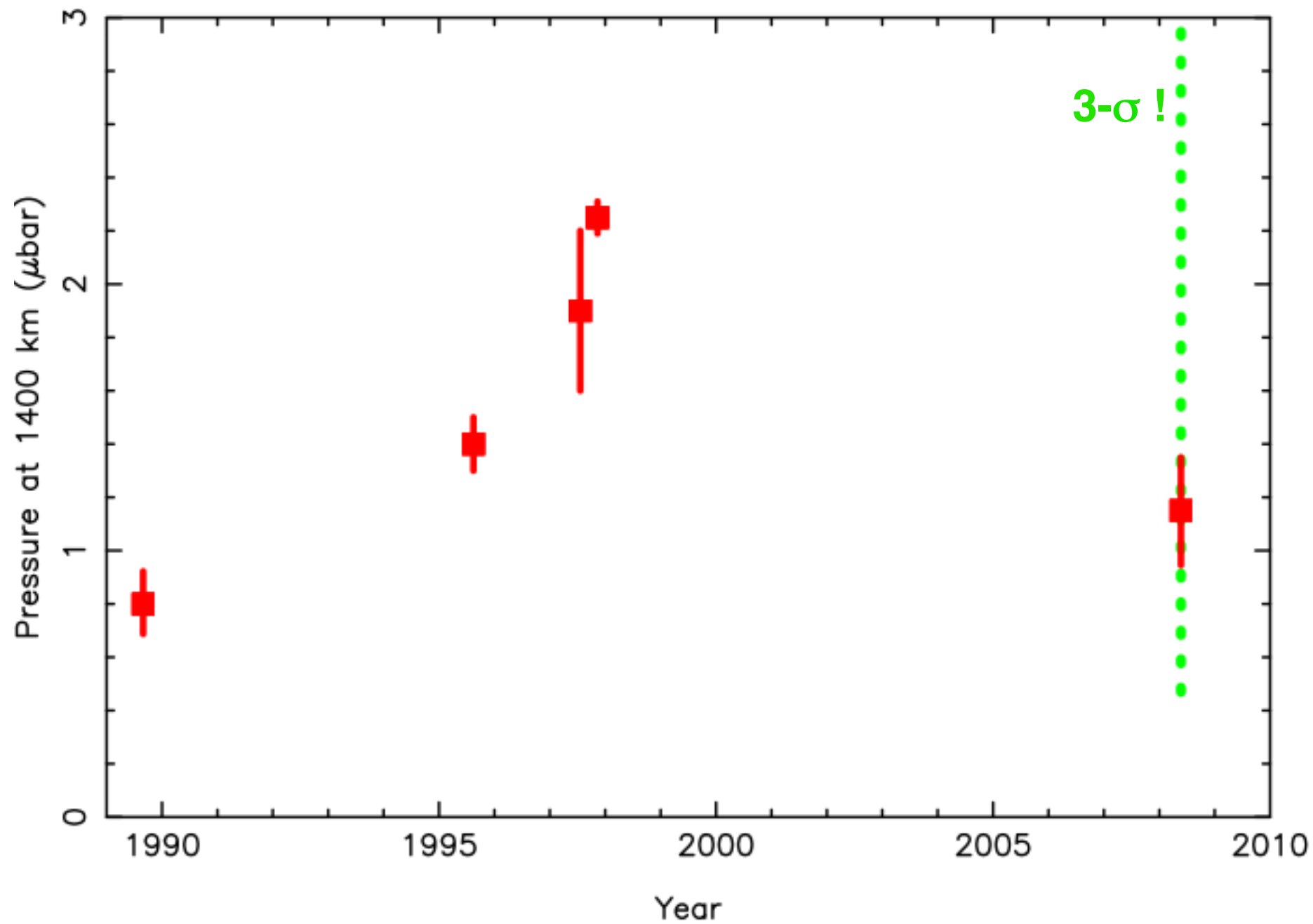


Pressure expansion factor wrt T7 Strobel *et al.*

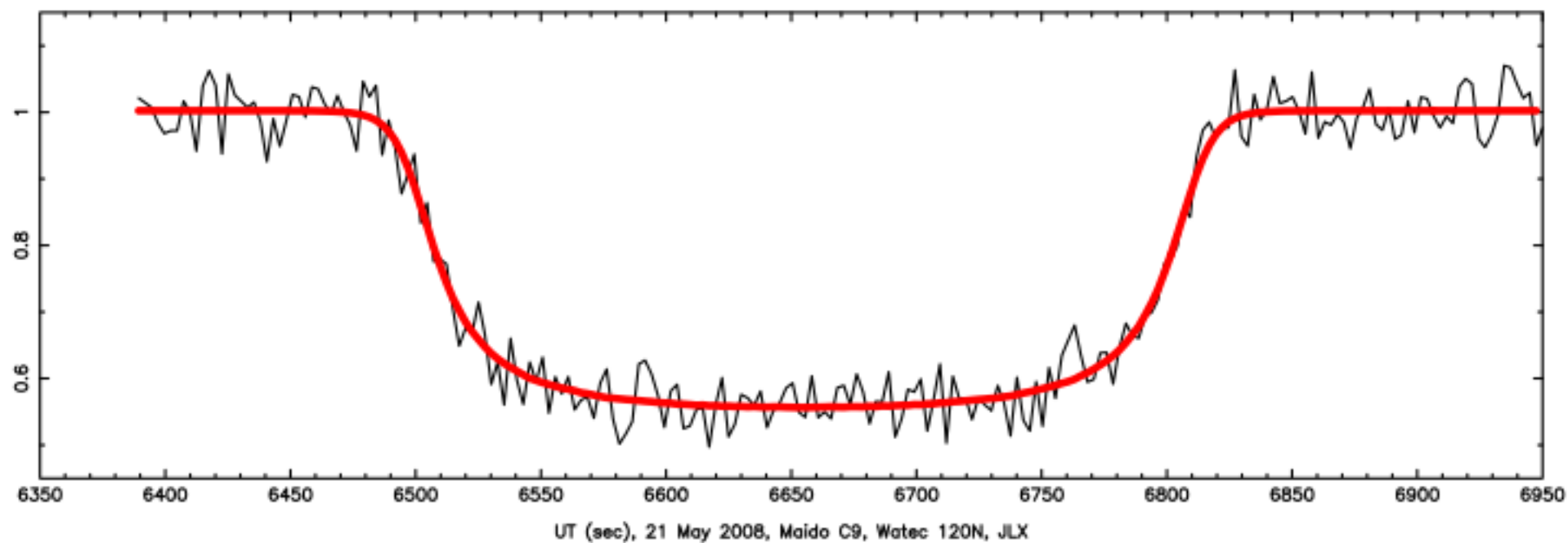
Triton atmospheric pressure



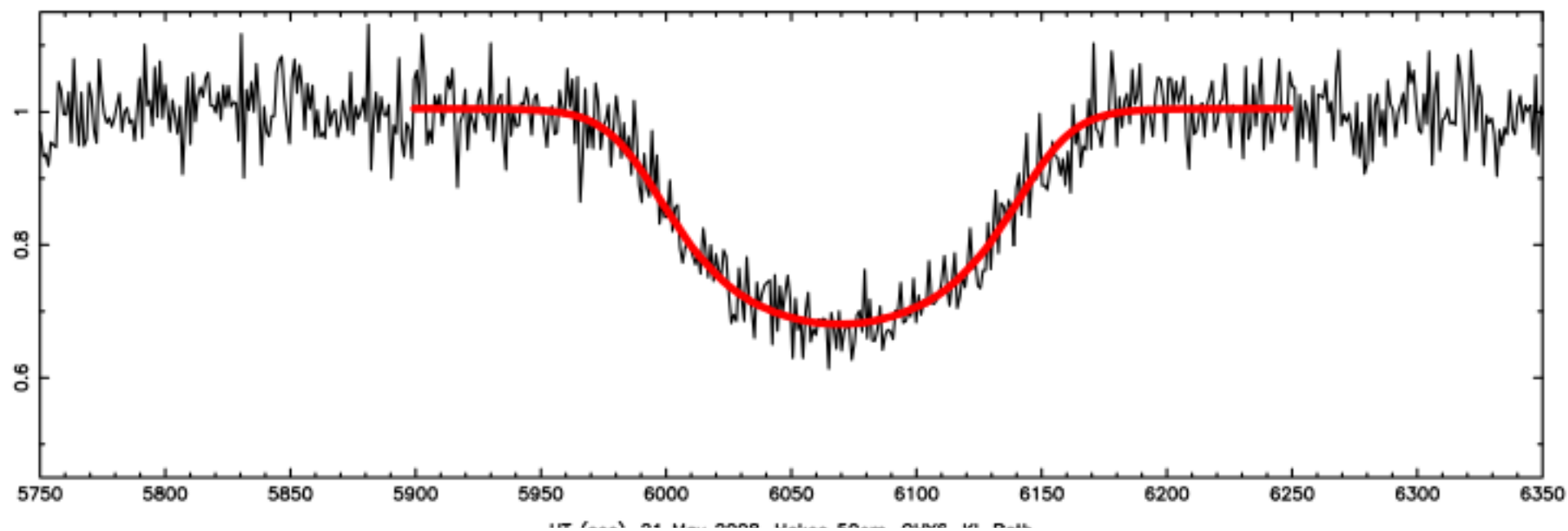
Triton atmospheric pressure



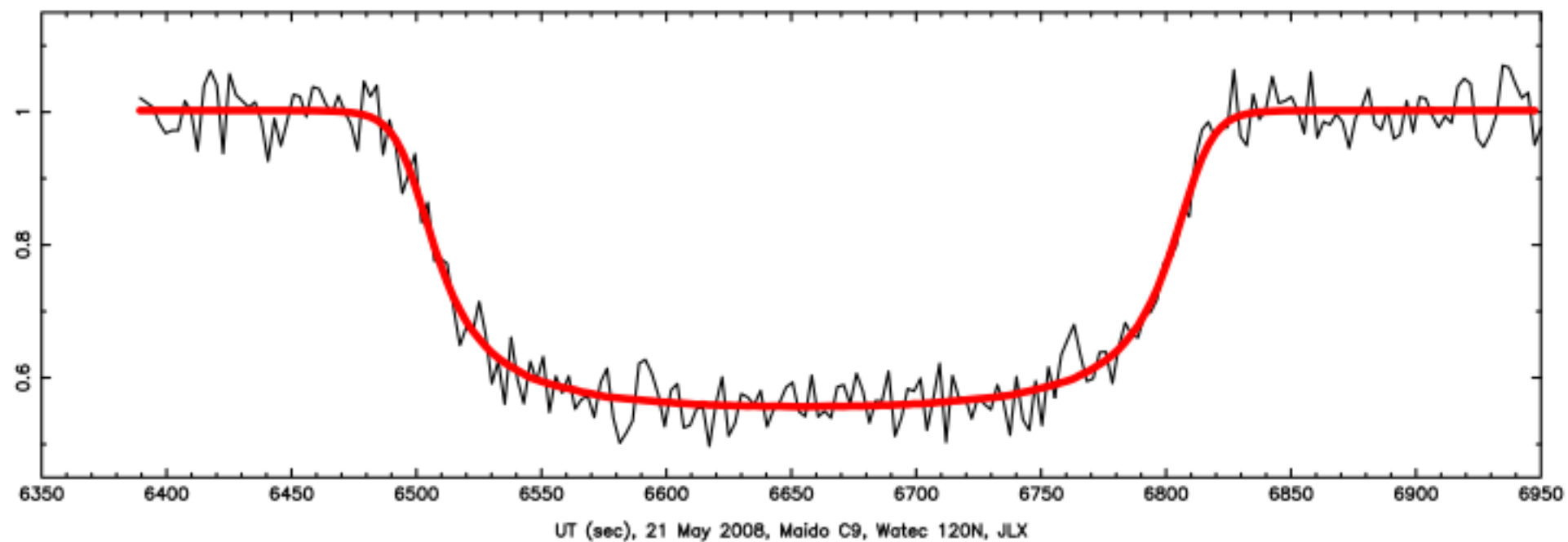
photom 2D, aperture, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f = 0.925$, $\Delta\rho = -1207$ km



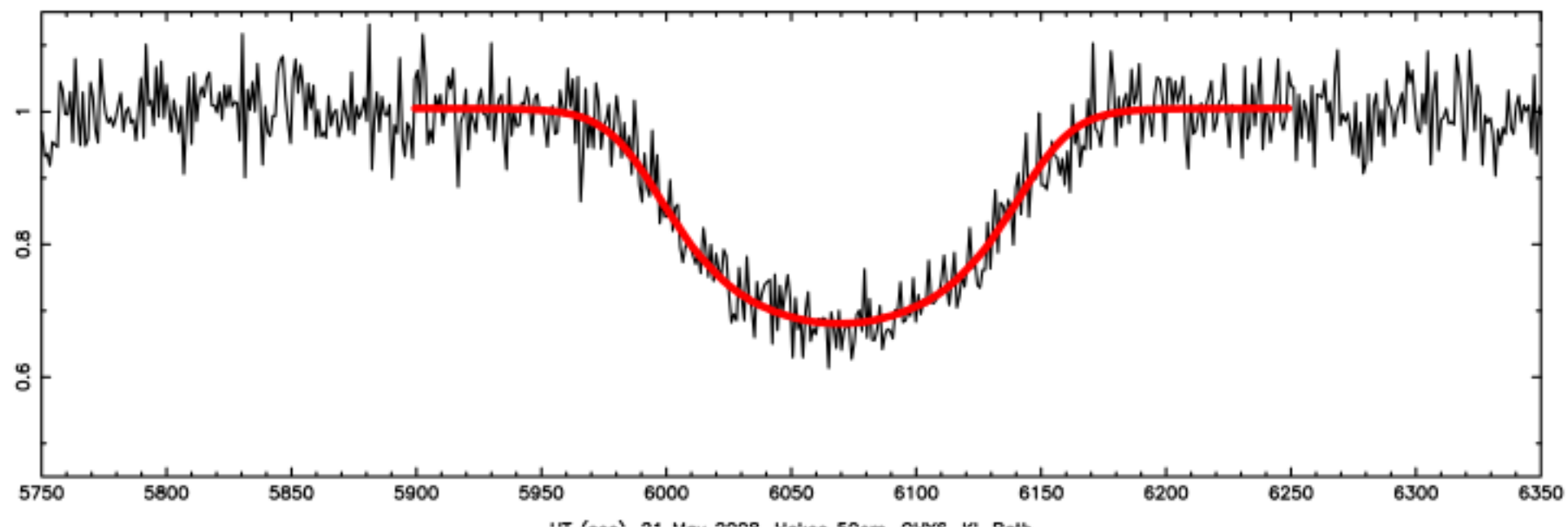
Photom 1D, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f = 0.925$, $\Delta\rho = -1207$ km



photom 2D, aperture, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f=2.0$, $\Delta\rho=-1188$ km



Photom 1D, blue: fort.28, red: fort.37, model T7 Strobel, $f=2.0$, $\Delta\rho=-1188$ km



conclusions

- 21 May 2008: first stellar occultation by Triton since 1997
- back to 1995 situation at $1-\sigma$ level
- large error bars, however, due to grazing geometry. Better results with + light curves and improves zero stellar flux calibration
- Triton offset wrt DE405: -1 ± 30 mas in α and -56 ± 30 in δ



we'll be
back...