3/19/12 NBSexplore1

## **NBS Data: Exploring 1**

After the load and then clean of sample data, we now have a working (Pandas dataframe to explore. I'll poke around with the data here, and the once we know what type of analysis we are doing we can implement it in the do and function files.

The following fetches our data into a dataframe called basicdf:

```
In [1]: from pandas import *

#Move to working directory
import os
    os.chdir('C:\Users\Aman\Documents\Projects\NextBigSound\NBS-Data-Sample')

#Set data directory
datadir = 'data'
path = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), datadir)

#Retrieve dataframes from the hdf5 file
store = HDFStore(os.path.join(path, 'NBSData.h5'))
basicdf = store['basic']
store.close()
```

basicdf has the following data:

We can slice the data conveniently.

The following shows us all the data for an artist with id=1035.

```
In [3]: basicdf.ix[1035,:]
Out[3]: <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        Index: 536 entries, 2010-08-31 17:00:00 to 2012-02-17 16:00:00
        Data columns:
       Artist.ID
                                   536 non-null values
       Day
                                   536 non-null values
                                   514 non-null values
        Facebook.fans.d
        Facebook.fans.t
                                   524 non-null values
       Last.fm.plays.d
                                  187 non-null values
       Last.fm.plays.t
                                  293 non-null values
       MySpace.fans.d
                                  519 non-null values
                                  527 non-null values
       MySpace.fans.t
                                  512 non-null values
       MySpace.plays.d
       MySpace.plays.t
                                   522 non-null values
       Twitter.fans.d
                                   522 non-null values
       Twitter.fans.t
                                   528 non-null values
```

```
Twitter.statuses.d
                          171 non-null values
Twitter.statuses.t
                          174 non-null values
                          460 non-null values
YouTube.fans.d
                               non-null values
YouTube.fans.t
                          489
YouTube.plays.d
                          403
                               non-null values
YouTube.plays.t
                           413 non-null values
Pandora.fans.d
                          176 non-null values
Pandora.fans.t
                          181 non-null values
Rdio.fans.d
                          114 non-null values
Rdio.fans.t
                          130 non-null values
Rdio.plays.d
                          209 non-null values
Rdio.plays.t
                          230 non-null values
                          212 non-null values
SoundCloud.fans.d
SoundCloud.fans.t
                          218 non-null values
SoundCloud.plays.d
                           75 non-null values
                          78 non-null values
SoundCloud.plays.t
iTunes.Album.Units.d
                          534 non-null values
iTunes.Track.Units.d
                          534 non-null values
Vevo.plays.d
                           0 non-null values
Vevo.plays.t
                          0 non-null values
                         536 non-null values
SiteCatalyst.Visits.d
MediaGuide.Radio.Spins.d
                          295 non-null values
Spotify.plays.d
                           0 non-null values
                           532 non-null values
Wikipedia.views.d
dtypes: float64(36)
```

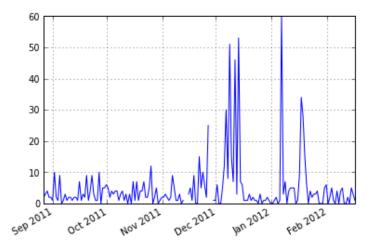
Apparently the sample dataset spans from (for this user, anyway) from the end of August last year to February 17th of this year 2012.

```
2010-08-31 17:00:00 to 2012-02-17 16:00:00
```

We've converted the data into a timeseries. This gives us a lot of flexibility.

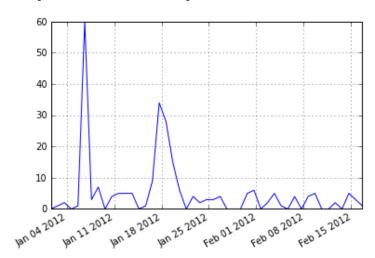
```
In [4]: i1035twitterstatus = basicdf.ix[1035,:]['Twitter.statuses.d']
#stored into a new var for easy access
i1035twitterstatus.plot()
i1035twitterstatus.describe()
```

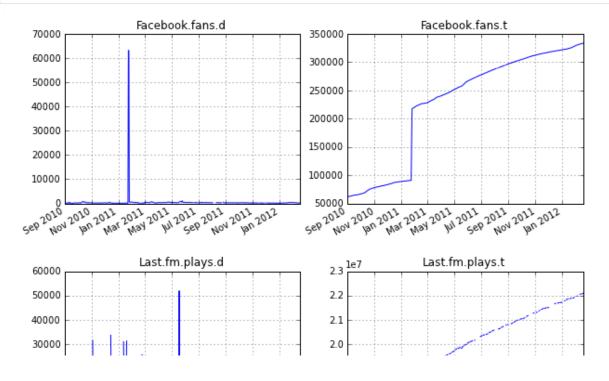
```
171.000000
Out[4]: count
        mean
                   4.929825
                   8.980095
        std
        min
                   0.000000
        25%
                   1.000000
        50%
                   2.000000
        75%
                   5.000000
                  60.000000
        max
```

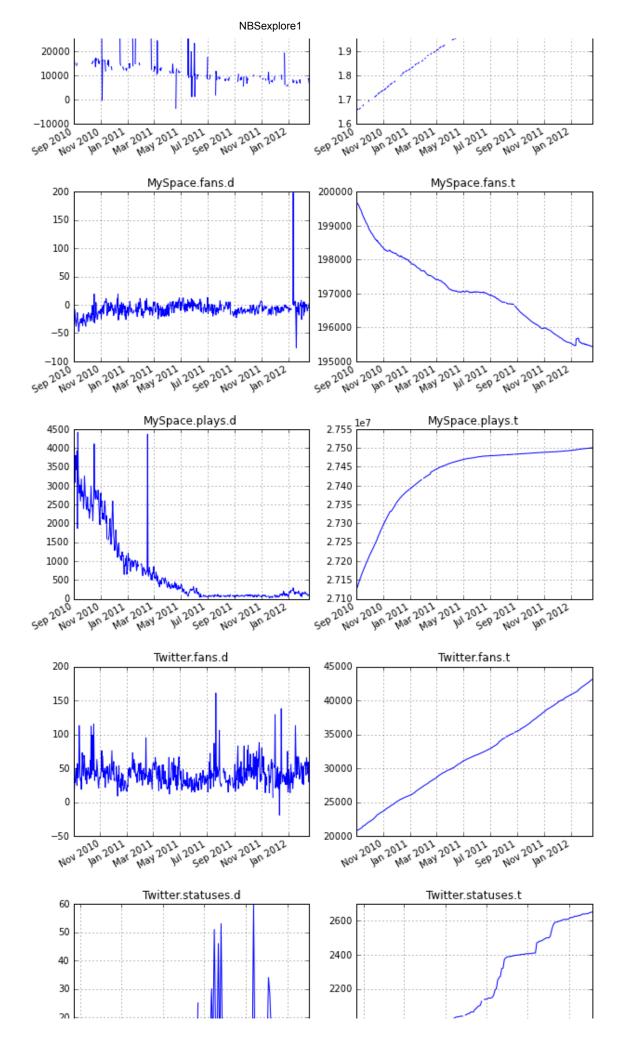


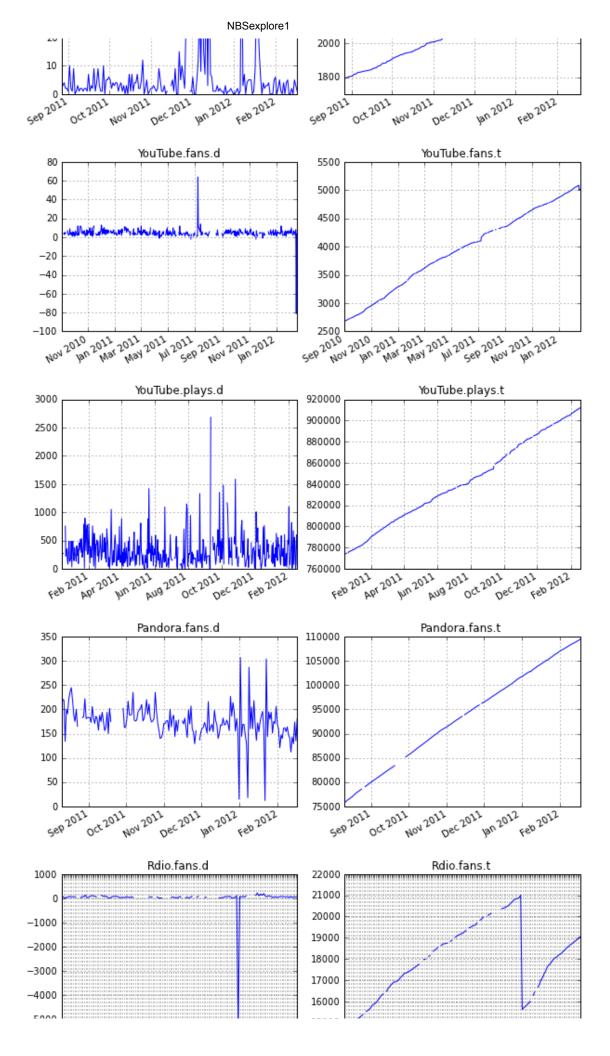
```
In [5]: #zooming in on what happened just this year.
yrstart, yrend = datetime(2012, 01,01), datetime(2012, 2, 17)
```

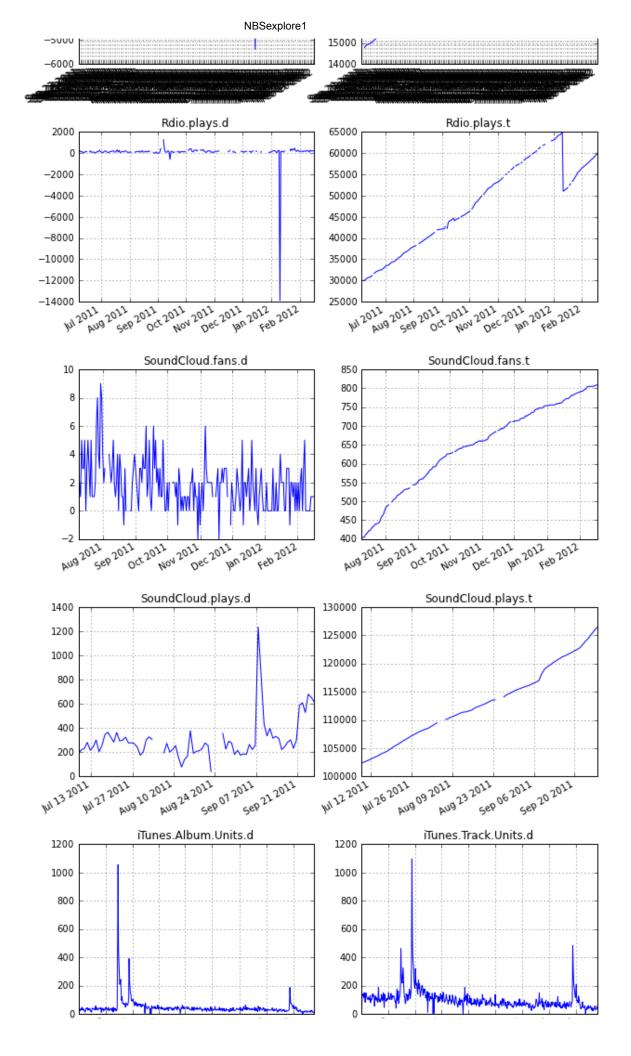
Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x8c851f0>



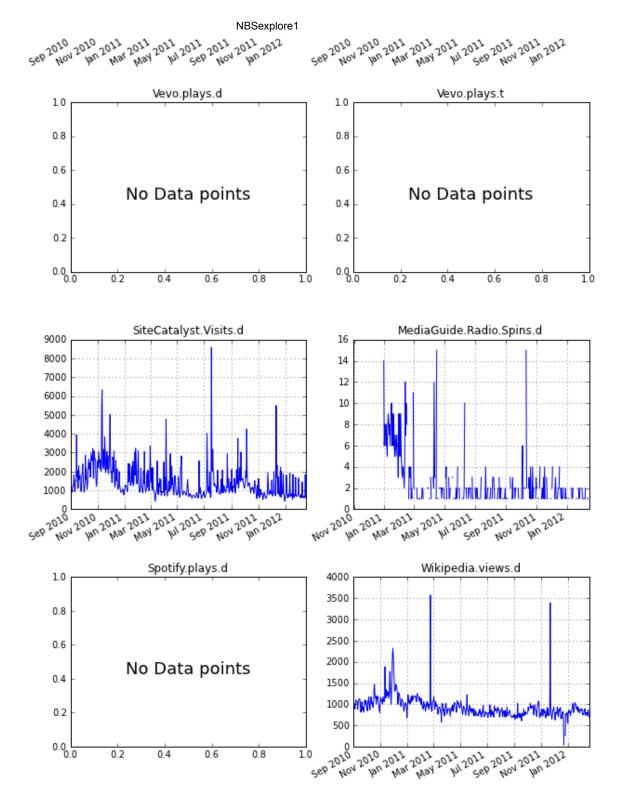








3/19/12



In [ ]:

3/19/12 NBSexplore1