

Prove that  $m$  is always greater than  $n$  at the beginning of step E1, except possibly the first time this step occurs.

*Let*  $m, n \in N, \quad m < n$

*Having*  $m = kn + r \quad \text{and} \quad m < n$

$\Rightarrow (k = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad r = m)$

*Having*  $m \leftarrow n, n \leftarrow r \quad \text{and} \quad m < n$

$\Rightarrow m > n$