A simple **induction**:
$$f(a^mb^n) = f(a^{min(n,m)}b^{|m-n|})$$
 A simple **series**:

$$U_0 = m, V_0 = m$$

$$U_n = |U_{n-1} - V_{n-1}|, V_n = min(U_{n-1}, V_{n-1})$$

The algorithm:

Input: $a^m b^n$

- 1- Remove an 'a' an a 'b', otherwise (no a, no b or both) goto 3
- 2- Add 'c', goto 1
- 3- Switch all 'a' to 'b'
- 4- Switch all 'c' to 'a'
- 5- If there is 'b', goto 1, otherwise halt

Output: $a^x = a^{gcd(m,n)}$

An explanation:

The main idea is to continuously substruct n from m to get |m-n| 'b' and min(n, m) 'a' until we get no more 'b' at step 4

A sample running:

aaaaaabbbbbbbbbb

aaaaabbbbbbbbb

aaaaabbbbbbbbbc

aaaabbbbbbbbc

aaaabbbbbbbbcc

aaabbbbbbbcc

aaabbbbbbbccc

aabbbbbbccc

aabbbbbbcccc

abbbbbcccc

abbbbbccccc

bbbbccccc

bbbbccccc

bbbbaaaaaa

bbbaaaaa

bbbaaaaac

bbaaaac

bbaaaacc

baaacc

baaaccc

aaccc

aacccc

bbcccc

bbaaaa

baaa

baaac

aac

aacc

bbaa

ba

bac

cc

aa

HALT

GCD(14, 6) = 2