

## **rstWeb**

### **User Guide – Version 2.0.1**

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## Introduction

rstWeb is an open source, browser based annotation tool for discourse analyses in Rhetorical Structure Theory. It is meant to support collaborative, online annotation projects using just a Web browser, without the need to install software for annotators, though there is also a standalone local version for offline use if you do not have access to a server.

## Getting Started

### Local Installation

rstWeb runs in your browser no matter what, but you can run a local version of the software that emulates a Web server on your own machine. Getting this to work is a little different in Windows and Mac/Linux, and primarily requires Python and the library *cherrypy* to be installed (for Linux, replace your package repository for the Mac's *easy\_install*, i.e. *apt-get*, *yum* etc. depending on your Linux flavor) If you want to use screenshots in the interface, you will also need to install **Selenium**, which works with PhantomJS to create screenshots (see below).

1. Make sure Python 2.X is installed (2.6 or newer; 3.X is also supported but less tested):
  - For **Mac**, Python is typically installed by default, no need to do anything
  - For **Windows**, download and install Python from <https://www.python.org/>
2. The Python packages *cherrypy* and *selenium* must be installed if they aren't already: (selenium is only required for exporting screenshots, you can skip it if not needed)
  - For **Mac**, you may need to install pip first, by opening a terminal and typing:  
*sudo easy\_install pip*  
Enter your password, and once pip is installed, run these commands:  
*sudo pip install cherrypy*  
*sudo pip install selenium*
  - On **Windows**, pip is installed by default with Python, so you should only need to open a command line (Start menu -> run -> cmd) and type:  
*pip install cherrypy*  
*pip install selenium*
3. Unpack all of the files from the rstWeb repository in Github to some folder
4. Run the appropriate script:
  - On **Mac/Linux**: run *rstweb\_local.sh*
  - On **Windows**: run *rstweb\_local.bat*
5. You can now use rstWeb in your browser at: <http://127.0.0.1:8080/>

If you run into problems getting the software to run, please contact [amir.zeldes@georgetown.edu](mailto:amir.zeldes@georgetown.edu)

### Server Installation

1. Make sure Python 2.X is installed (preferably 2.6 or newer)
2. Unpack all of the files from rstWeb to the directory they will be served from

3. Configure your Web server to have read, write and execute privileges within this folder
4. Make sure selenium is installed (e.g. via pip), otherwise screenshots won't work
5. You may want to forbid users from interacting with files other than the top level python scripts in the main rstWeb directory (in particular, no one should have access to the configuration files)
6. You will also want to disallow or simply delete the local version's launch script, start\_local.py, since server users shouldn't be able to use it. You may also remove the .bat and .sh scripts.
7. If you're using Apache, here is a possible configuration file:

```
Alias "/rstweb" "/var/www/html/rstweb"
<Directory "/var/www/html/rstweb/">
RewriteEngine On
RewriteBase /
DirectoryIndex open.py

<IfModule mime_module>
AddType application/x-httpd-py .py
</IfModule>

RedirectMatch 404 ".+\\. (py(c|o)|db|txt|rs3|ini)$"
RedirectMatch 404 ".*/(modules|export|import|templates|users).*$"

AddType text/html *
Options Indexes FollowSymLinks MultiViews
Options +FollowSymLinks
Options +ExecCGI
AddHandler cgi-script .py
AllowOverride None
Order allow,deny
allow from all
</Directory>
```

8. Use the administration interface to change the passwords/user names to secure your system. The initial administrator password is 'pass1'.
9. You're all set!

### Usage with Docker

This option is primarily useful for sys admins automating deployment of rstWeb (or multiple instances of rstWeb), if you are running an operating system supporting docker. You can install rstWeb in a docker container using the following steps.

Note that current docker releases do not support **RHEL 6** and that there are some known conflicts if you are running **SELinux**. Under those circumstances running over the normal apache server is recommended.

1. Build docker container.

```
cd docker
./build.sh
```

2. Run docker container. The default port in script is 8085

```
cd ../
./start_docker.sh
```

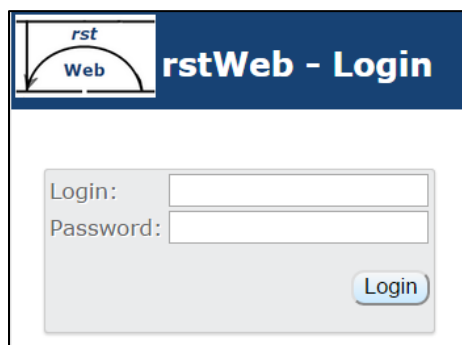
3. You can now use rstWeb in your browser at: <http://127.0.0.1:8085/rstweb/open.py>

### *Troubleshooting*

If you're having trouble, it's possible some permissions are set incorrectly, or that your server needs to be configured to execute the Python scripts. Otherwise, the entry point for the program is the script *open.py*. If you're using the Apache configuration above, this acts as the directory index, so you can simply direct users to <http://.../<rstwebsdirectory>/>.

**Upgrading:** If you have upgraded from an older version of rstWeb, it is recommended to click on admin -> database -> update schema (NOT 'init DB'). This should not result in data loss, but backing up the *rstweb.db* is always a good idea. If new features are not working, you should also empty your browser cache to reload all css and javascript updates.

### **Logging in**



### *Local version*

If you're using the local version, you will be automatically logged in as the user 'local'. You will have administrator rights (see Administration), but User Management will be disabled (the user 'local' will be used for all annotations).

### *Server version*

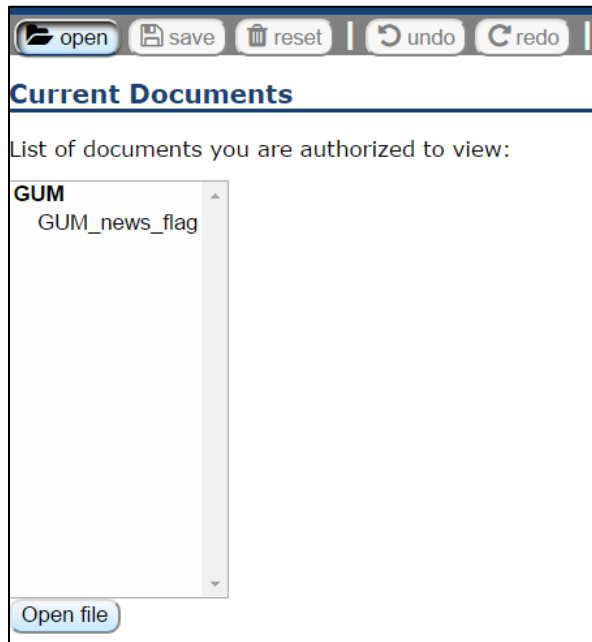
If you are working on a server over the internet, a login will be provided for you by an administrator (see User Management below). To log in, go to the server URL, e.g. <http://corpling.uis.georgetown.edu/rstweb/> - if you are not already logged in, you will be prompted to enter your credentials. To create new user names as an administrator, see Administration.

## Annotation

### Opening a document

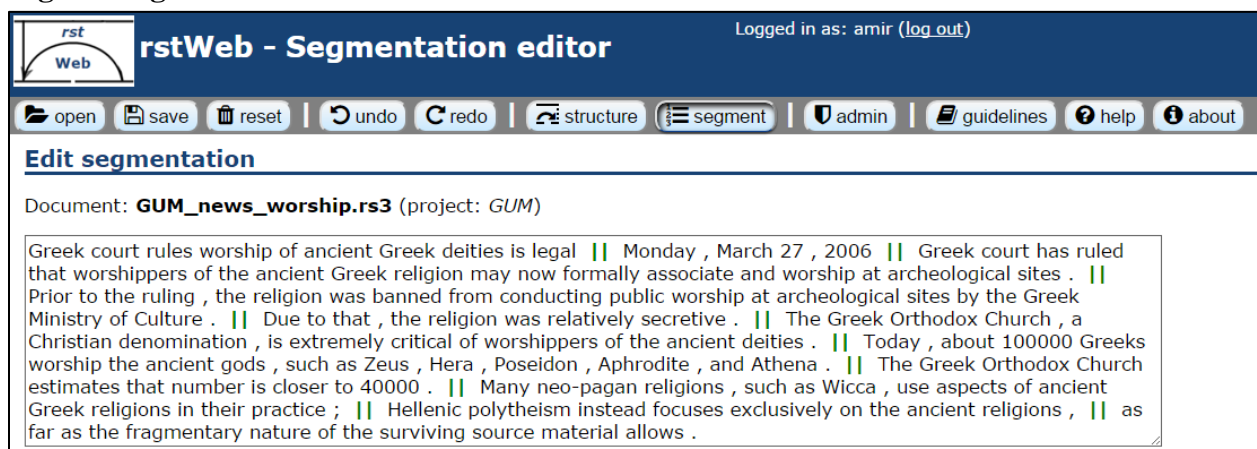
Once you are logged in, you will see a list of the documents you are allowed to edit, grouped by annotation project. You can return to this screen using the *open* button.

Administrator users may see all documents. Note that every user has their own copy of the documents they are working on, so that multiple annotated versions of each document can exist simultaneously.



There are two modes while annotating: **segmentation mode** and **edit structure mode**.

### Segmenting units



In segmentation mode, you can split the text into Elementary Discourse Units (EDUs). Initial EDU borders can be set by either importing an already segmented .rs3 file (e.g. from RSTTool), or by importing a plain text file with one EDU per line (see Import under Administration). You can alter segmentations at any time by pressing the *segment* button.

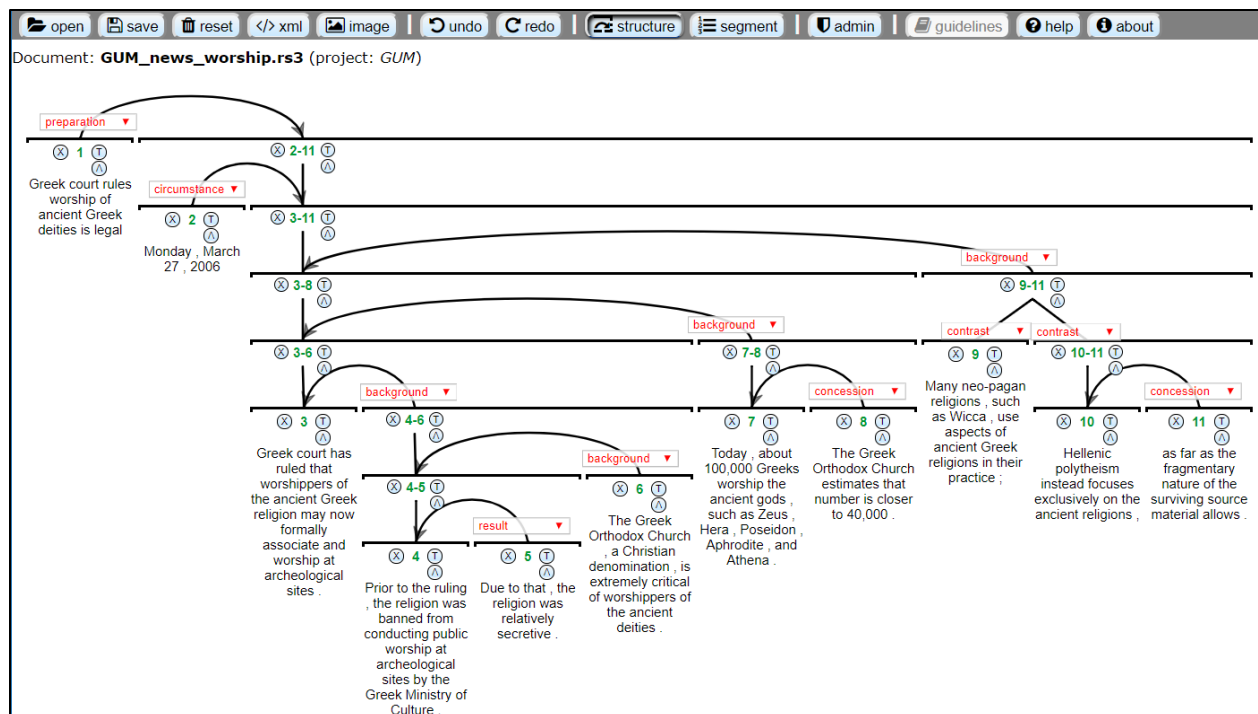
To add segments, click on a space between words. To remove segments, hover over the green dividers between segments and click on the x that appears to remove them.

It is possible to add and remove segmentations of already structured texts. In this case, adding a segment will cause the first part of that segment to remain linked to the annotation graph, and the second part will be inserted as a new unattached EDU for annotation. Deleting a segmentation border will merge the second unit into the first, so that the relations involving the first part of the new merged segment are retained, but those for the second part are deleted.

If a guideline link has been set for the current project, the *guidelines* button will allow you to access guidelines for your project (see Administration).

## Editing structure


To annotate RST relations use the *edit* button. The interface below shows an annotated document with relations already in place.




In edit mode, each elementary discourse unit (EDU) has its text under a line with a number giving its position in the text. Similarly, groups of units have a range of numbers. You can

connect nodes, unlink them, and group them together under spans and multinuclear nodes. You can undo and redo actions at any point using the appropriate buttons.


### *Connections*

- To connect nodes, drag from the numbers under one unit to the numbers under a target unit
- To change the relation between two units, use the drop down list on the connection between them
- To unlink a node from the graph, click its  button - all of the nodes connected above it will be unlinked

### *Spans*

- Use the  button to add a span above a node. The span will group together all of the nodes connected to that node

### *Multinuclear relations*

- Use the  button to create a multinuclear node (multinuc) above a node. The multinuc can have multiple child nodes with the same relation (e.g. a set of items in contrast to each other)
- To change the relation of a multinuc to its children, change the relation box of any of its children
- When connecting a new node to a multinuc node, it will be added as a multinuc child by default. You can change the relation to a satellite relation by choosing "change to satellite" in the relation box

Don't forget to save your work! If you make a mistake and want to go back to the original form of the document when it was imported, you can also use the *reset* button (**warning:** this will delete all of your annotations for this document!)

If a guideline link has been set for the current project, the *guidelines* button will allow you to access guidelines for your project (see Administration).

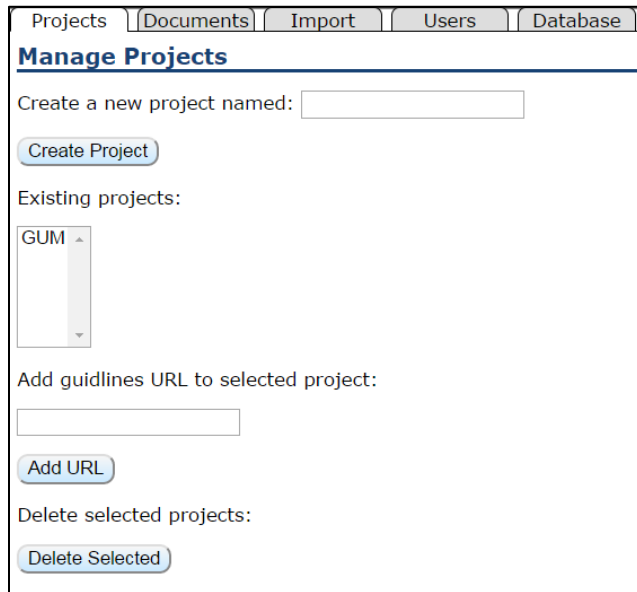
The XML button can give you a quick export of the current document in the .rs3 format, and the image button will download an image of the last save version of the graph (only if Selenium is installed, see Installation).



## Administration

The administration interface is only available to administrator users (marked with level 3 in the user file in the users/ directory; the default password for admin is 'pass1', and this user can create new administrators). The interface contains five tabs:

### Projects

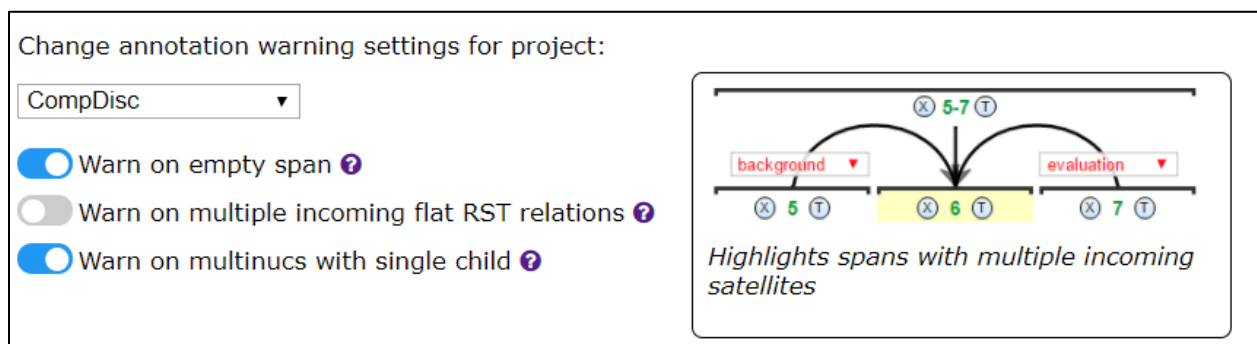


The screenshot shows the 'Manage Projects' tab with a navigation bar at the top containing 'Projects', 'Documents', 'Import', 'Users', and 'Database'. The 'Projects' tab is active. Below the navigation bar, the title 'Manage Projects' is displayed. The interface includes a form to 'Create a new project named:' with a text input field and a 'Create Project' button. Below this, it says 'Existing projects:' followed by a dropdown menu showing 'GUM'. Further down, there is a section 'Add guidelines URL to selected project:' with a text input field and an 'Add URL' button. At the bottom, it says 'Delete selected projects:' followed by a 'Delete Selected' button.

This tab lets you create new projects and delete existing ones. Projects are used to group documents together. Deleting a project will remove all documents within it permanently!

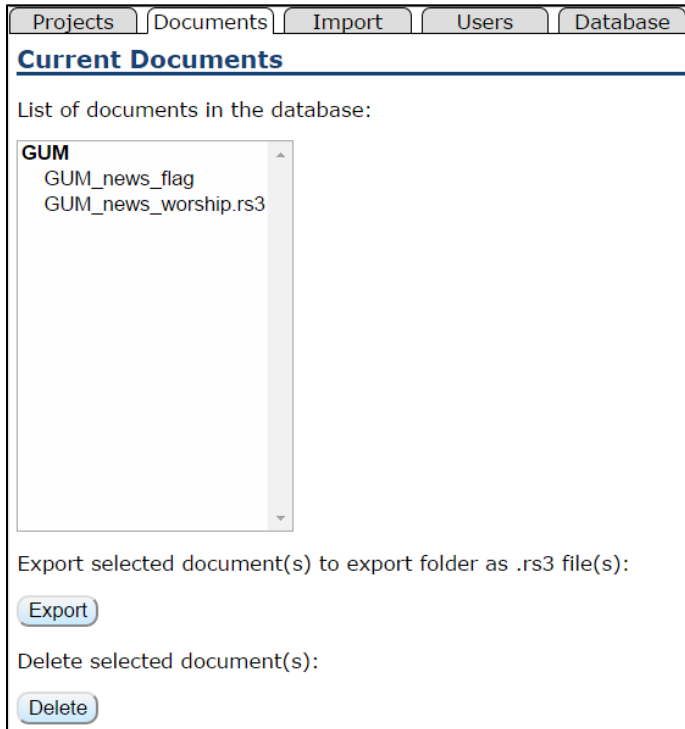
You can also add a URL giving guidelines for one or more projects. If you enter a URL and select multiple projects, all of those projects will be given the guideline URL, which is available from the *guidelines* button while editing. To change the URL, simply specify the new one and click *Add URL*.

If you wish to show warnings with yellow highlighting when users create multinucs with only one child, or empty hierarchy spans, or multiple incoming RST relations into the same node, you can turn on these inspections per project in this tab using these toggles:



The screenshot shows the 'Change annotation warning settings for project:' section. It features a dropdown menu with 'CompDisc' selected. Below the dropdown are three toggle switches, each with a question mark icon: 'Warn on empty span' (checked), 'Warn on multiple incoming flat RST relations' (unchecked), and 'Warn on multinucs with single child' (checked). To the right of the toggles is a diagram illustrating a span with multiple incoming satellites. The diagram shows a horizontal line with three nodes labeled 'background', 'evaluation', and 'evaluation'. Above the 'evaluation' node, there are two curved arrows pointing down to it, labeled '5-7' and '6'. Below the 'background' node, there is a curved arrow pointing down to the 'evaluation' node, labeled '5'. Below the 'evaluation' node, there is a curved arrow pointing down to the 'evaluation' node, labeled '7'. The 'evaluation' node is highlighted in yellow. Below the diagram, the text reads: 'Highlights spans with multiple incoming satellites'.

## Documents



Projects Documents Import Users Database

### Current Documents

List of documents in the database:

Project	Document
GUM	GUM_news_flag
GUM	GUM_news_worship.rs3

Export selected document(s) to export folder as .rs3 file(s):

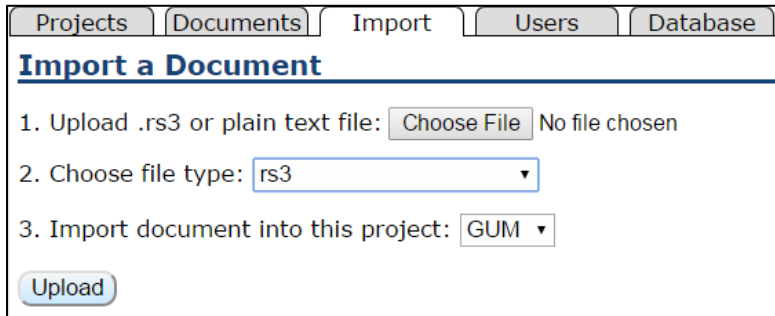
Export

Delete selected document(s):

Delete

This tab shows you a list of all documents and allows you to delete them or export existing document annotations. If multiple annotators have worked on a document, one rs3 file will be created for each annotator's version in the export/ folder.

## Import



Projects Documents Import Users Database

### Import a Document

1. Upload .rs3 or plain text file: Choose File No file chosen
2. Choose file type: rs3
3. Import document into this project: GUM

Upload

Here you can import new documents. Choose between .rs3 format (from RSTTool) and plain text (one EDU per line). When importing plain text files, the default relations that are available for annotation are determined by the file *default\_rels.tab* in the *users/* configuration directory (alternatively you can choose a different location in *users/config.ini*).

The new documents will be imported into a new project and a version of the document will be created for your user. You can assign the document to other users in the Users tab. A copy of the imported document will be saved in the import/ folder and you can always revert to the imported state of the file while editing by using the *reset* button after you've opened the document.

## Users

The Users tab lets you create and delete user files. These are stored as .ini files in the users/ directory. User management is only possible in server mode – this tab will be disabled in local mode and the default user will always be ‘local’.

New users can be defined as either normal users or administrators using the checkbox in the new user form at the bottom. Administrators can see all documents and have access to the administration interface.

New user names cannot be: ‘config’, ‘default’, ‘local’, ‘temp’, ‘emails’, ‘\_orig’ or ‘pending’.

For normal users, you need to assign a user name to a document name in order to make that document visible to the annotator. You can assign multiple annotators to multiple documents simultaneously by selecting multiple lines in the Users and Documents to assign boxes. Once you assign a document, a copy of it will be created in the system which can then be annotated and exported without affecting other copies of that document.

Deleting an assignment will delete that user’s version of the document, but will not affect other users’ annotations and will not remove the document from the system.

The screenshot shows the 'User Management' window with tabs for Projects, Documents, Import, Users, and Database. The 'Users' tab is active. It features two lists: 'Users' (containing 'amir', 'guest', 'temp') and 'Documents to assign to:' (containing 'GUM', 'GUM\_news\_flag', 'GUM\_news\_worship.rs3'). Below these lists are buttons for 'Delete user(s)' and 'Assign'. Further down, there's a section for 'Delete assignments for user:' with a dropdown for 'amir' and a dropdown for 'GUM/GUM\_news\_flag', followed by a 'Delete assignment' button. At the bottom is a 'Create new user:' form with fields for 'User name:', 'Real name:', 'Email address:', 'Password:', and an 'Administrator:' checkbox, with a 'Create user' button.

## Database

Projects Documents Import Users Database

**Logging**

Turn detailed action logging on/off.

Turn off

**Disable spans or multinucs**

Turn on/off add span and multinuc buttons (for non-RST annotation).

Disable span buttons

Disable multinuc buttons

**Update schema**

Update the schema without losing data between major schema upgrades.

Update

**Initialize the Database**

Wipe and restore database structure.

**Warning:**

this will delete all imported documents and all edits from the database.

Init DB

This tab allows you to turn detailed logging on or off, and update the schema from older versions of rstWeb to the latest version of the software (this should usually not result in loss of data, but make a backup of your database just in case). The logging functionality records all submitted editing operations (after clicking *save* in the editor), allowing you to retrace the entire annotation history of each document, when logging is on.

It's also possible to disable the use of the add span/multinuc buttons in the interface. This is potentially useful if you want to annotate outside of the framework of RST (e.g. binary discourse relations), and want to prevent users from adding multinucs or spans, if your annotation framework does not support those.

Finally, you can also wipe the database clean and restore its original schema, current to the installed version. This is mainly useful if the database file becomes corrupt somehow, or if you want to quickly delete all data in the database (delete all documents and projects).

## Configuration file

Some aspects of the interface, especially file and directory paths for templates, default relations etc. are configured in *users/config.ini*. You can edit this file to use different templates, place import and export files in different locations, and in the future also to use automatic mail notifications to new users (not yet supported).