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## **MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual**



## **Contents**

| Chapt  | r 1 Introduction   |    |
|--------|--|----|
| Chapt  | r 2 Trademarks   |    |
| Chapt  | r 3 Architectural Overview   |    |
| Chapt  | r 4 Clock Driver   |    |
| 4.1    | Overview ·····   | 7  |
| 4.2    | Function description · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |    |
| 4.2.1  | SYSCON Clock frequency functions · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |    |
| 4.2.2  | SYSCON clock Selection Muxes · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |    |
| 4.2.3  | SYSCON clock dividers · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |    |
| 4.2.4  | SYSCON flash wait states · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 8  |
| 4.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 8  |
| 4.4    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |    |
| 4.4.1  | struct clock_sys_pll_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 16 |
| 4.5    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | 16 |
| 4.5.1  | FSL_CLOCK_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 16 |
| 4.5.2  | CLOCK_FRO_SETTING_API_ROM_ADDRESS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |    |
| 4.5.3  | ADC_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 16 |
| 4.5.4  | ACMP_CLOCKS······  | 16 |
| 4.5.5  | DAC_CLOCKS ······  |    |
| 4.5.6  | SWM_CLOCKS······   |    |
| 4.5.7  | ROM_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |    |
| 4.5.8  | SRAM_CLOCKS······  |    |
| 4.5.9  | IOCON_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |    |
| 4.5.10 | GPIO_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |    |
| 4.5.11 | GPIO_INT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |    |
| 4.5.12 | DMA_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |    |
| 4.5.13 | CRC_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |    |
| 4.5.14 | WWDT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |    |
| 4.5.15 | SCT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |    |
| 4.5.16 | I2C_CLOCKS······   | 19 |

| Section | n No.   | Title                                      | Page No. |
|---------|---|--|----------|
| 4.5.17  | USART_CLOCKS·····                                     |  |          |
| 4.5.18  | SPI_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |  |          |
| 4.5.19  | CAPT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |  |          |
| 4.5.20  | CTIMER_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · ·                       |  | 19       |
| 4.5.21  | MTB_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |  | 20       |
| 4.5.22  | MRT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |  | 20       |
| 4.5.23  | WKT_CLOCKS · · · · · · · · · ·                        |  | 20       |
| 4.5.24  | CLK_GATE_DEFINE · · · · · · · ·                       |  | 20       |
| 4.6     | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                 |  |          |
| 4.6.1   | clock_ip_name_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |          |
| 4.6.2   | clock_name_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |  |          |
| 4.6.3   | clock_select_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |  |          |
| 4.6.4   | clock_divider_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |          |
| 4.6.5   | clock_wdt_analog_freq_t · · · · · ·                   |  | 24       |
| 4.6.6   | clock_fro_src_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |          |
| 4.6.7   | clock_fro_osc_freq_t · · · · · · · ·                  |  | 24       |
| 4.6.8   | clock_sys_pll_src · · · · · · · · · ·                 |  | 25       |
| 4.6.9   | clock_main_clk_src_t · · · · · · · ·                  |  | 25       |
| 4.7     | <b>Function Documentation</b> · · · · · · · ·         |  |          |
| 4.7.1   | CLOCK_SetMainClkSrc · · · · · ·                       |  |          |
| 4.7.2   | CLOCK_SetFroOutClkSrc · · · · ·                       |  |          |
| 4.7.3   | CLOCK_GetFRG0ClkFreq · · · · ·                        |  |          |
| 4.7.4   | CLOCK_GetFRG1ClkFreq · · · · ·                        |  |          |
| 4.7.5   | CLOCK_GetMainClkFreq · · · · · ·                      |  | 26       |
| 4.7.6   | CLOCK_GetFroFreq · · · · · · · ·                      |  |          |
| 4.7.7   | CLOCK_GetCoreSysClkFreq · · ·                         |  |          |
| 4.7.8   | CLOCK_GetClockOutClkFreq · · ·                        |  | 26       |
| 4.7.9   | CLOCK_GetUart0ClkFreq · · · · ·                       |  |          |
| 4.7.10  | CLOCK_GetUart1ClkFreq · · · · ·                       |  | 27       |
| 4.7.11  | CLOCK_GetUart2ClkFreq · · · · ·                       |  | 27       |
| 4.7.12  | CLOCK_GetUart3ClkFreq · · · · ·                       |  | 27       |
| 4.7.13  | CLOCK_GetUart4ClkFreq · · · · ·                       |  |          |
| 4.7.14  | CLOCK_GetFreq · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |  |          |
| 4.7.15  | CLOCK_GetSystemPLLInClockR                            | Rate · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 27       |
| 4.7.16  | CLOCK_GetSystemPLLFreq                                |  |          |
| 4.7.17  | CLOCK_GetWdtOscFreq · · · · · ·                       |  | 28       |
| 4.7.18  | CLOCK_GetExtClkFreq · · · · · ·                       |  | 28       |
| 4.7.19  | CLOCK_InitSystemPll · · · · · · · ·                   |  | 28       |
| 4.7.20  | CLOCK_DenitSystemPll · · · · · ·                      |  |          |
| 4.7.21  | CLOCK_SetFRG0ClkFreq · · · · ·                        |  |          |
| 4.7.22  | CLOCK_SetFRG1ClkFreq · · · · ·                        |  |          |
| 4.7.23  | CLOCK_InitExtClkin · · · · · · · · ·                  |  |          |
| 4.7.24  | CLOCK_InitSysOsc · · · · · · · ·                      |  |          |

| Section          | n No. Title   | Page 1    | Page No.                        |  |
|------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|--|
| 4.7.25           | CLOCK_InitXtalin · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 29                              |  |
| 4.7.26           | CLOCK_InitWdtOsc · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 30                              |  |
| 4.7.27           | CLOCK_SetFroOscFreq · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 30                              |  |
| 4.8              | Variable Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 30                              |  |
| 4.8.1            | g_Wdt_Osc_Freq · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 30                              |  |
| 4.8.2            | g_Ext_Clk_Freq · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 31                              |  |
| Chapt            | er 5 Power Driver   |           |                                 |  |
| 5.1              | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 32                              |  |
| 5.2              | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.2.1            | FSL_POWER_DRIVER_VERSION·······   |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.3              | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.3.1            | power_gen_reg_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.3.2            | power_bod_reset_level_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.3.3            | power_bod_interrupt_level_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                     | • • • • • | 34                              |  |
| 5.4              | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.4.1            | POWER_EnablePD · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 34                              |  |
| 5.4.2            | POWER_DisablePD · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 35                              |  |
| 5.4.3            | POWER_WakeUpConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 35                              |  |
| 5.4.4            | POWER_DeepSleepConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 35                              |  |
| 5.4.5            | POWER_EnableDeepSleep · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 36                              |  |
| 5.4.6            | POWER_DisableDeepSleep · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 36                              |  |
| 5.4.7            | POWER_EnterSleep · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 36                              |  |
| 5.4.8            | POWER_EnterDeepSleep · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 36                              |  |
| 5.4.9            | POWER_EnterPowerDown · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           |                                 |  |
| 5.4.10           | POWER_EnterDeepPowerDownMode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                    |           | 37                              |  |
| 5.4.11           | POWER_GetSleepModeFlag  |           | 37                              |  |
| 5.4.12           | POWER_GetDeepPowerDownModeFlag · · · · · · · POWER_EnableNonDpd · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |           | <ul><li>37</li><li>37</li></ul> |  |
| 5.4.13<br>5.4.14 | POWER_EnableLPO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 37                              |  |
| 5.4.14           | POWER_EnableLPOInDeepPowerDownMode  |           | 38                              |  |
| 5.4.16           | POWER_SetRetainData · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 38                              |  |
| 5.4.17           | POWER_GetRetainData · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 38                              |  |
| 5.4.18           | POWER_EnableWktClkIn · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           | 38                              |  |
| 5.4.19           | POWER_EnableWakeupPinForDeepPowerDown · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           |           | 39                              |  |
| 5.4.20           | POWER_EnableResetPinForDeepPowerDown · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            |           | 39                              |  |
| 5.4.21           | POWER_SetBodLevel · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |           | 39                              |  |

iii

| Section         | n No. Title  | Page No. |
|-----------------|--|----------|
| Chapt           | ter 6 Reset Driver   |          |
| 6.1             | Overview ····  | 40       |
| 6.2             | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 41       |
| 6.2.1           | FSL_RESET_DRIVER_VERSION······   | 41       |
| 6.2.2           | FLASH_RSTS_N······   |          |
| 6.3             | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 41       |
| 6.3.1           | SYSCON_RSTn_t ·····  |          |
| 6.4             | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             | 42       |
| 6.4.1           | RESET_PeripheralReset · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              | 42       |
| Chapt           | ter 7 CAPT: Capacitive Touch   |          |
| 7.1             | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | 43       |
| 7.2             | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                   | 43       |
| 7.2.1           | Normal Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                               | 43       |
| 7.3             | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 7.3.1           | struct capt_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                               |          |
| 7.3.2           | struct capt_touch_data_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           | 47       |
| 7.4             | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 7.4.1           | FSL_CAPT_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 48       |
| 7.5             | Enumeration Type Documentation   | 48       |
| 7.5.1           | _capt_xpins ·····  |          |
| 7.5.2           | _capt_interrupt_enable · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             |          |
| 7.5.3           | _capt_interrupt_status_flags······   |          |
| 7.5.4           | _capt_status_flags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                 |          |
| 7.5.5           | capt_trigger_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                |          |
| 7.5.6           | capt_inactive_xpins_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         |          |
| 7.5.7           | capt_measurement_delay_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           |          |
| 7.5.8           | capt_reset_delay_t · · · · · · capt_polling_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 7.5.9<br>7.5.10 |  |          |
|                 |  |          |
| 7.6             | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             |          |
| 7.6.1           | CAPT_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 7.6.2           | CAPT_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 7.6.3           | CAPT_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              |          |
| 7.6.4           | CAPT_SetThreshold · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  |          |
| 7.6.5           | CAPT_SetPollMode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                   | 51       |

| Section | n No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------|--|----------|
| 7.6.6   | CAPT EnableDMA······   | 52       |
| 7.6.7   | CAPT DisableDMA · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |          |
| 7.6.8   | CAPT_EnableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 52       |
| 7.6.9   | CAPT_DisableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 7.6.10  | CAPT_GetInterruptStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 53       |
| 7.6.11  | CAPT_ClearInterruptStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 53       |
| 7.6.12  | CAPT_GetStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 53       |
| 7.6.13  | CAPT_GetTouchData · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 53       |
| 7.6.14  | CAPT_PollNow · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         | 54       |
| Chapt   | er 8 Common Driver   |          |
| 8.1     | Overview ·····   | 55       |
| 8.2     | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 57       |
| 8.2.1   | FSL_DRIVER_TRANSFER_DOUBLE_WEAK_IRQ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | 57       |
| 8.2.2   | MAKE_STATUS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                          | 57       |
| 8.2.3   | MAKE_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         |          |
| 8.2.4   | FSL_COMMON_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 8.2.5   | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_NONE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 8.2.6   | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 8.2.7   | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPUART······                                     |          |
| 8.2.8   | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPSCI · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 8.2.9   | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_USBCDC · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 8.2.10  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_FLEXCOMM·····                                    |          |
| 8.2.11  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_IUART·····                                       |          |
| 8.2.12  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_VUSART · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 8.2.13  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_MINI_USART · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 8.2.14  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_SWO ······                                       |          |
| 8.2.15  | DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_QSCI · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 8.2.16  | ARRAY_SIZE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           |          |
| 8.3     | Typedef Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 58       |
| 8.3.1   | status_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             | 58       |
| 8.4     | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                      |          |
| 8.4.1   | _status_groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 8.4.2   | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 61       |
| 8.5     | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 8.5.1   | SDK_Malloc · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           |          |
| 8.5.2   | SDK_Free · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                               |          |
| 8.5.3   | SDK DelayAtLeastUs · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 62       |

| Chapter 9 CTIMER: Standard counter/timers |   |            |  |  |
|---|---|------------|--|--|
| 9.1                                       | Overview ····   | 63         |  |  |
| 9.2                                       | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 63         |  |  |
| 9.2.1                                     | Initialization and deinitialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 63         |  |  |
| 9.2.2                                     | PWM Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 63         |  |  |
| 9.2.3                                     | Match Operation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 63         |  |  |
| 9.2.4                                     | Input capture operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 63         |  |  |
| 9.3                                       | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 64         |  |  |
| 9.3.1                                     | Match example · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 64         |  |  |
| 9.3.2                                     | PWM output example · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 64         |  |  |
| 9.4                                       | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 67         |  |  |
| 9.4.1                                     | struct ctimer_match_config_t·····   | 67         |  |  |
| 9.4.2                                     | struct ctimer_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 68         |  |  |
| 9.5                                       | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      | 68         |  |  |
| 9.5.1                                     | ctimer_capture_channel_t·····   | 68         |  |  |
| 9.5.2                                     | ctimer_capture_edge_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 68         |  |  |
| 9.5.3                                     | ctimer_match_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 69         |  |  |
| 9.5.4                                     | ctimer_external_match_t   | 69         |  |  |
| 9.5.5                                     | ctimer_match_output_control_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 69         |  |  |
| 9.5.6                                     | ctimer_interrupt_enable_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 69         |  |  |
| 9.5.7                                     | ctimer_status_flags_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 70         |  |  |
| 9.5.8                                     | ctimer_callback_type_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 70         |  |  |
| 9.6                                       | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | <b>7</b> 0 |  |  |
| 9.6.1                                     | CTIMER_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         | 70         |  |  |
| 9.6.2                                     | CTIMER_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 70         |  |  |
| 9.6.3                                     | CTIMER_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 71         |  |  |
| 9.6.4                                     | CTIMER_SetupPwmPeriod · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 71         |  |  |
| 9.6.5                                     | CTIMER_SetupPwm·····  | 72         |  |  |
| 9.6.6                                     | CTIMER_UpdatePwmPulsePeriod · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 72         |  |  |
| 9.6.7                                     | CTIMER_UpdatePwmDutycycle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 73         |  |  |
| 9.6.8                                     | CTIMER_SetupMatch · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 73         |  |  |
| 9.6.9                                     | CTIMER_GetOutputMatchStatus·····  | 74         |  |  |
| 9.6.10                                    | CTIMER_SetupCapture · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 75         |  |  |
| 9.6.11                                    | CTIMER_GetTimerCountValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 75         |  |  |
| 9.6.12                                    | CTIMER_RegisterCallBack · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 75         |  |  |
| 9.6.13                                    | CTIMER_EnableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 76         |  |  |
| 9.6.14                                    | CTIMER_DisableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 76         |  |  |
| 9.6.15                                    | CTIMER_GetEnabledInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 76         |  |  |

9.6.16

9.6.17

77

| Section | ı No.  | Title       | Page No. |
|---------|--|-------------|----------|
| 9.6.18  | CTIMER StartTimer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |             | 78       |
| 9.6.19  | CTIMER_StopTimer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |             | 78       |
| 9.6.20  | CTIMER_Reset · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |             | 78       |
| 9.6.21  | CTIMER_SetPrescale · · · · · · · · ·                       |             |          |
| 9.6.22  | CTIMER_GetCaptureValue · · · · ·                           |             | 79       |
| 9.6.23  | CTIMER_EnableResetMatchChan                                |             |          |
| 9.6.24  | CTIMER_EnableStopMatchChann                                |             |          |
| 9.6.25  | CTIMER_EnableMatchChannelRe                                |             |          |
| 9.6.26  | CTIMER_EnableRisingEdgeCaptu                               |             |          |
| 9.6.27  | CTIMER_EnableFallingEdgeCapt                               |             |          |
| 9.6.28  | CTIMER_SetShadowValue · · · · · ·                          |             | 81       |
| Chapte  | er 10 IAP: In Application Program                          | ming Driver |          |
| 10.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |             | 82       |
| 10.2    | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |             | 82       |
| 10.2.1  | Basic operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |             | 82       |
| 10.2.2  | Flash operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |             | 82       |
| 10.2.3  | EEPROM operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |             |          |
| 10.2.4  | FAIM operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |             | 83       |
| 10.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |             |          |
| 10.3.1  | IAP Basic Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |             |          |
| 10.3.2  | IAP Flash Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |             |          |
| 10.3.3  | IAP EEPROM Operations · · · · · ·                          |             |          |
| 10.3.4  | IAP FAIM Operations · · · · · · · · ·                      |             | 83       |
| 10.4    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                      |             | 85       |
| 10.4.1  | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |             |          |
| 10.4.2  | _iap_commands · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |             |          |
| 10.4.3  | _flash_access_time · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |             | 86       |
| 10.5    | <b>Function Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · ·            |             |          |
| 10.5.1  | IAP_ReadPartID · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |             |          |
| 10.5.2  | $IAP\_ReadBootCodeVersion \cdots \cdots$                   |             |          |
| 10.5.3  | IAP_ReinvokeISP·····                                       |             |          |
| 10.5.4  | IAP_ReadUniqueID·····                                      |             |          |
| 10.5.5  | IAP_PrepareSectorForWrite · · · · ·                        |             |          |
| 10.5.6  | IAP_CopyRamToFlash · · · · · · · · ·                       |             |          |
| 10.5.7  | IAP_EraseSector · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |             |          |
| 10.5.8  | IAP_ErasePage · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |             |          |
| 10.5.9  | IAP_BlankCheckSector · · · · · · · ·                       |             |          |
| 10.5.10 | <b>–</b> 1   |             |          |
| 10.5.11 | IAP_ExtendedFlashSignatureRead                             |             | 94       |

NXP Semiconductors vii

| Section | on No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 10.5.12 | 2 IAP_ReadFAIMPage · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 94       |
| 10.5.13 | 3 IAP_WriteFAIMPage · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 95       |
| Chapt   | ter 11 INPUTMUX: Input Multiplexing Driver                                |          |
| 11.1    | Overview ·····  | 96       |
| 11.2    | Input Multiplexing Driver operation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 96       |
| 11.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 96       |
| 11.4    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                     |          |
| 11.4.1  | inputmux_connection_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 97       |
| 11.5    | <b>Function Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 11.5.1  |   |          |
| 11.5.2  | <u> </u>  |          |
| 11.5.3  | INPUTMUX_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| Chapt   | ter 12 LPC_ACOMP: Analog comparator Driver                                |          |
| 12.1    | Overview ·····  | 99       |
| 12.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 12.2.1  | $\mathcal{E}$   |          |
| 12.2.2  | Interrupt Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |
| 12.3    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 12.3.1  | struct acomp_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 100      |
| 12.3.2  | struct acomp_ladder_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 101      |
| 12.4    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 12.4.1  | FSL_ACOMP_DRIVER_VERSION·····   | 101      |
| 12.5    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                     | 101      |
| 12.5.1  |   |          |
| 12.5.2  |   |          |
| 12.5.3  | acomp_hysteresis_selection_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 101      |
| 12.6    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 102      |
| 12.6.1  | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 12.6.2  |   |          |
| 12.6.3  |   |          |
| 12.6.4  | <u> </u>  |          |
| 12.6.5  | _ 1 &   |          |
| 12.6.6  | ACOMP_ClearInterruptsStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    | 103      |

| Section              | No. Title   | Page No. |
|----------------------|---|----------|
| 12.6.7               | ACOMP_GetOutputStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      | 103      |
| 12.6.8               | ACOMP_SetInputChannel·····  |          |
| 12.6.9               | ACOMP_SetLadderConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| Chapter              | r 13 ADC: 12-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter Driver               |          |
| 13.1                 | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        | 105      |
| 13.2                 | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 13.2.1               | Polling Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| 13.2.2               | Interrupt Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 12.2                 |   |          |
| <b>13.3 I</b> 13.3.1 | Data Structure Documentation         struct adc_config_t              |          |
| 13.3.1               | struct adc_conv_seq_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |          |
| 13.3.2               | struct adc_result_info_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
|                      |   |          |
|                      | Macro Definition Documentation  |          |
| 13.4.1               | FSL_ADC_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 111      |
| 13.5 H               | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 13.5.1               | _adc_status_flags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 111      |
| 13.5.2               | _adc_interrupt_enable · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| 13.5.3               | adc_clock_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 13.5.4               | adc_trigger_polarity_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 13.5.5               | adc_priority_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 13.5.6<br>13.5.7     | adc_seq_interrupt_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 13.5.7               | adc_threshold_crossing_status_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 13.5.9               | adc_threshold_interrupt_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 13.5.10              | adc_inforesult_t  |          |
| 13.5.11              | adc_tempsensor_common_mode_t·····                                     |          |
| 13.5.12              | adc_second_control_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 13.6 H               | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 13.6.1               | ADC_Init  |          |
| 13.6.2               | ADC_Deinit ·····  |          |
| 13.6.3               | ADC_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 115      |
| 13.6.4               | ADC_DoSelfCalibration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 116      |
| 13.6.5               | ADC_EnableConvSeqA · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |          |
| 13.6.6               | ADC_SetConvSeqAConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| 13.6.7               | ADC_DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqA · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |          |
| 13.6.8               | ADC_EnableConvSeqABurstMode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 13.6.9               | ADC_SetConvSeqAHighPriority · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 13.6.10              | ADC_EnableConvSeqB · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 118      |

ix

| Section | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 13.6.11 | ADC_SetConvSeqBConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 118      |
| 13.6.12 | 2 ADC_DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqB · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 118      |
| 13.6.13 |   |          |
| 13.6.14 |   |          |
| 13.6.15 | 5 ADC_GetConvSeqAGlobalConversionResult · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     | 120      |
| 13.6.16 | ADC_GetConvSeqBGlobalConversionResult · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 120      |
| 13.6.17 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 13.6.18 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 13.6.19 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 13.6.20 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 13.6.21 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 13.6.22 | = 1   |          |
| 13.6.23 |   |          |
| 13.6.24 | <u> </u>  |          |
| 13.6.25 |   |          |
| 13.6.26 | 5 ADC_ClearStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 123      |
| Chant   | er 14 CRC: Cyclic Redundancy Check Driver   |          |
| Спари   | er 14 CRC. Cyclic Redundancy Check Driver   |          |
| 14.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                    | 125      |
| 14.2    | CRC Driver Initialization and Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 125      |
|         |   |          |
| 14.3    | CRC Write Data · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                | 125      |
| 14.4    | CRC Get Checksum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 125      |
|         |   |          |
| 14.5    | Comments about API usage in RTOS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 126      |
| 14.6    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 127      |
| 14.6.1  | struct crc_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         | 127      |
| 14.77   | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 130      |
| 14.7    | FSL_CRC_DRIVER_VERSION  | _        |
| 14.7.1  | CRC_DRIVER_USE_CRC16_CCITT_FALSE_AS_DEFAULT······                                 |          |
| 14.7.2  | CRC_DRIVER_USE_CRC10_CC111_FALSE_AS_DEFAUL1 · · · · · · · ·                       | 128      |
| 14.8    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>   | 128      |
| 14.8.1  | crc_polynomial_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 128      |
| 14.9    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 128      |
| 14.9.1  | CRC Init ······   |          |
| 14.9.2  | CRC_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  |          |
| 14.9.3  | CRC_Reset ······  |          |
| 14.9.4  | CRC_WriteSeed · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                 |          |
| 14.9.5  | CRC_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        | 130      |
| 14.9.6  | CRC_GetConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                               |          |

X

| Section | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 14.9.7  | CRC WriteData · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         |          |
| 14.9.8  | CRC_Get32bitResult·····   |          |
| 14.9.9  | CRC_Get16bitResult·····   |          |
| Chapt   | er 15 DAC: 10-bit Digital To Analog Converter                             | Driver   |
| 15.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            |          |
| 15.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 15.2.1  | Polling Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 15.2.2  | Interrupt Configuration · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |
| 15.3    | <b>Data Structure Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 15.3.1  | struct dac_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 15.4    | <b>Macro Definition Documentation</b>                                     |          |
| 15.4.1  | LPC_DAC_DRIVER_VERSION······  |          |
| 15.5    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                     |          |
| 15.5.1  | dac_settling_time_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 15.6    | <b>Function Documentation</b>   |          |
| 15.6.1  | DAC_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            |          |
| 15.6.2  | DAC_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                          |          |
| 15.6.3  | DAC_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 15.6.4  | DAC_EnableDoubleBuffering·····  |          |
| 15.6.5  | DAC_SetBufferValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 15.6.6  | DAC_SetCounterValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 15.6.7  | DAC_EnableDMA·····  |          |
| 15.6.8  | DAC_EnableCounter   |          |
| 15.6.9  | DAC_GetDMAInterruptRequestFlag · · · · · · · ·                            |          |
| Chapt   | er 16 DMA: Direct Memory Access Controller                                | Driver   |
| 16.1    | Overview ·····  |          |
| 16.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 16.2.1  | DMA Operation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 16.3    | <b>Data Structure Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 145      |
| 16.3.1  | struct dma_descriptor_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |
| 16.3.2  | struct dma_xfercfg_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 16.3.3  | struct dma_channel_trigger_t·····   |          |
| 16.3.4  | struct dma_channel_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 16.3.5  | struct dma_transfer_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 16.3.6  | struct dma_handle_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |

хi

| Section     | Section No. Title  |     |
|-------------|--|-----|
| 16.4        | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 147 |
| 16.4.1      | FSL_DMA_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 148 |
| 16.4.2      | DMA_ALLOCATE_HEAD_DESCRIPTORS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | 148 |
| 16.4.3      | DMA_ALLOCATE_HEAD_DESCRIPTORS_AT_NONCACHEABLE · · ·                  | 148 |
| 16.4.4      | DMA_ALLOCATE_LINK_DESCRIPTORS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | 148 |
| 16.4.5      | DMA_ALLOCATE_LINK_DESCRIPTORS_AT_NONCACHEABLE · · ·                  | 148 |
| 16.4.6      | DMA_DESCRIPTOR_END_ADDRESS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 149 |
| 16.5        | Typedef Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |     |
| 16.5.1      | dma_callback · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 149 |
|             | Enumeration Type Documentation                                       |     |
| 16.6.1      | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |     |
| 16.6.2      | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |     |
| 16.6.3      | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |     |
| 16.6.4      | dma_priority_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |     |
| 16.6.5      | dma_irq_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |     |
| 16.6.6      | dma_trigger_type_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |     |
| 16.6.7      | anonymous enum · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |     |
| 16.6.8      | dma_trigger_burst_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |     |
| 16.6.9      | dma_burst_wrap_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |     |
| 16.6.10     | ) dma_transfer_type_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 151 |
| <b>16.7</b> | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |     |
| 16.7.1      | DMA_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | _   |
| 16.7.2      | DMA_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |     |
| 16.7.3      | DMA_InstallDescriptorMemory · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |     |
| 16.7.4      | DMA_ChannelIsActive······  |     |
| 16.7.5      | DMA_ChannelIsBusy · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |     |
| 16.7.6      | DMA_EnableChannelInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |     |
| 16.7.7      | DMA_DisableChannelInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |     |
| 16.7.8      | DMA_EnableChannel · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |     |
| 16.7.9      | DMA_DisableChannel · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |     |
| 16.7.10     |  |     |
| 16.7.11     | _ 1 1  |     |
| 16.7.12     | _ 6  |     |
| 16.7.13     | =  |     |
| 16.7.14     |  |     |
| 16.7.15     |  |     |
| 16.7.16     |  |     |
| 16.7.17     | _  |     |
| 16.7.18     | =  |     |
| 16.7.19     |  | 157 |
| 16.7.20     |  |     |
| 16.7.21     | DMA_CreateDescriptor · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 158 |

NXP Semiconductors xii

| Section 1 | No. Title   | Page No. |
|-----------|---|----------|
| 16.7.22   | DMA_SetupDescriptor · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 16.7.23   | DMA_SetupChannelDescriptor · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 16.7.24   | DMA_LoadChannelDescriptor · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 159      |
| 16.7.25   | DMA_AbortTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 159      |
| 16.7.26   | DMA_CreateHandle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 160      |
| 16.7.27   | DMA_SetCallback · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 160      |
| 16.7.28   | DMA_PrepareTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 16.7.29   | DMA_PrepareChannelTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 16.7.30   | DMA_SubmitTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 16.7.31   | DMA_SubmitChannelTransferParameter · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 16.7.32   | DMA_SubmitChannelDescriptor · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 16.7.33   | DMA_SubmitChannelTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| 16.7.34   | DMA_StartTransfer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 16.7.35   | DMA_IRQHandle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 165      |
| Chapter   | : 17 GPIO: General Purpose I/O  |          |
| 17.1      | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 166      |
| 17.2 F    | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 166      |
| 17.2.1    | Initialization and deinitialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 166      |
| 17.2.2    | Pin manipulation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 166      |
| 17.2.3    | Port manipulation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 166      |
| 17.2.4    | Port masking · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        | 166      |
| 17.3 T    | Typical use case  | 166      |
| 17.4 D    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 17.4.1    | struct gpio_pin_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 17.5 N    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 17.5.1    | FSL_GPIO_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 168      |
| 17.6 E    | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 17.6.1    | gpio_pin_direction_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 168      |
| 17.7 F    | <b>Function Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 17.7.1    | GPIO_PortInit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 17.7.2    | GPIO_PinInit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 17.7.3    | GPIO_PinWrite · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 17.7.4    | GPIO_PinRead · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 17.7.5    | GPIO_PortSet · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 17.7.6    | GPIO_PortClear · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |          |
| 17.7.7    | GPIO_PortToggle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors

xiii

| Section | on No.  | Page No |
|---------|---|---------|
| Chapt   | ter 18 I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver                                 |         |
| 18.1    | Overview ·····  | 172     |
| 18.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |         |
| 18.2.1  | Master Operation in functional method · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |         |
| 18.2.2  | Master Operation in DMA transactional method · · · ·                        |         |
| 18.2.3  |   | 172     |
| 18.2.4  | •   |         |
| 18.3    | I2C Driver · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            |         |
| 18.3.1  |   |         |
| 18.3.2  |   |         |
| 18.3.3  | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 175     |
| 18.4    | I2C Master Driver · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |         |
| 18.4.1  |   |         |
| 18.4.2  |   |         |
| 18.4.3  |   |         |
| 18.4.4  | <b>V</b> 1  |         |
| 18.4.5  | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |         |
| 18.5    | I2C Slave Driver · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |         |
| 18.5.1  |   | -       |
| 18.5.2  |   |         |
| 18.5.3  |   |         |
| 18.5.4  | <b>71</b>   |         |
| 18.5.5  | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |         |
| Chapt   | ter 19 IOCON: I/O pin configuration   |         |
| 19.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              | 208     |
| 19.2    | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | 208     |
| 19.2.1  | Pin mux set · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           | 208     |
| 19.2.2  | Pin mux set · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           | 208     |
| 19.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 208     |
| 19.4    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |         |
| 19.4.1  | struct iocon_group_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 209     |
| 19.5    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |         |
| 19.5.1  | LPC_IOCON_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 209     |
| 19.6    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 209     |
|         |   |         |

NXP Semiconductors xiv

| Section | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 19.6.1  | IOCON_PinMuxSet·····  |          |
| 19.6.2  | IOCON_SetPinMuxing · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 209      |
| Chapte  | er 20 SPI: Serial Peripheral Interface Driver                                       |          |
| 20.1    | Overview ·····  | 210      |
| 20.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              | 210      |
| 20.2.1  | SPI master transfer using an interrupt method · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 20.3    | SPI Driver · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                    |          |
| 20.3.1  | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                      |          |
| 20.3.2  | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 20.3.3  | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 20.3.4  | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 20.3.5  | Function Documentation·····   | 220      |
| Chapte  | er 21 USART: Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter Driver                     |          |
| 21.1    | Overview ·····  | 231      |
| 21.2    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              | 232      |
| 21.2.1  | USART Send/receive using a polling method · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 21.2.2  | USART Send/receive using an interrupt method · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 21.2.3  | USART Receive using the ringbuffer feature · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    |          |
| 21.2.4  | USART Send/Receive using the DMA method · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 232      |
| 21.3    | USART Driver · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  | 233      |
| 21.3.1  | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                      | 233      |
| 21.3.2  | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 21.3.3  | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 21.3.4  | Typedef Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                         |          |
| 21.3.5  | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 21.3.6  | Function Documentation·····   | 242      |
| Chapte  | er 22 MRT: Multi-Rate Timer   |          |
| 22.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                      | 256      |
| 22.2    | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                               | 256      |
| 22.2.1  | Initialization and deinitialization   |          |
| 22.2.2  | Timer period Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 22.2.3  | Start and Stop timer operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 22.2.4  | Get and release channel·····  |          |
| 22.2.5  | Status · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | 257      |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors xv

| Section | n No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------|--|----------|
| 22.2.6  | Interrupt ·····  | 257      |
| 22.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 257      |
| 22.3.1  | MRT tick example · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |
| 22.4    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 259      |
| 22.4.1  | struct mrt_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 259      |
| 22.5    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                              | 259      |
| 22.5.1  | mrt_chnl_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 22.5.2  | mrt_timer_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 259      |
| 22.5.3  | mrt_interrupt_enable_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 260      |
| 22.5.4  | mrt_status_flags_t ·····   | 260      |
| 22.6    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | 260      |
| 22.6.1  | MRT_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 22.6.2  | MRT_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 22.6.3  | MRT_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 22.6.4  | MRT_SetupChannelMode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 22.6.5  | MRT_EnableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 22.6.6  | MRT_DisableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 22.6.7  | MRT_GetEnabledInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     | 261      |
| 22.6.8  | MRT_GetStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 262      |
| 22.6.9  | MRT_ClearStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 262      |
| 22.6.10 | MRT_UpdateTimerPeriod · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 262      |
| 22.6.11 | MRT_GetCurrentTimerCount · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     | 263      |
| 22.6.12 | 2 MRT_StartTimer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 263      |
| 22.6.13 | 3 MRT_StopTimer · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 264      |
| 22.6.14 | MRT_GetIdleChannel·····  | 264      |
| Chapte  | er 23 PINT: Pin Interrupt and Pattern Match Driver                 |          |
| 23.1    | Overview ·····   | 265      |
| 23.2    | Pin Interrupt and Pattern match Driver operation · · · · · · · ·   | 265      |
| 23.2.1  | Pin Interrupt use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 23.2.2  | Pattern match use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 23.3    | Typedef Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 268      |
| 23.3.1  | pint_cb_t ·····  | 268      |
| 23.4    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                              |          |
| 23.4.1  | pint_pin_enable_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 23.4.2  | pint_pin_int_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 23.4.3  | pint_pmatch_input_src_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 23.4.4  | pint_pmatch_bslice_t·····  | 269      |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors

xvi

| Section | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 23.4.5  | pint_pmatch_bslice_cfg_t·····   | 269      |
| 23.5    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 270      |
| 23.5.1  | PINT_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           | 270      |
| 23.5.2  | PINT_PinInterruptConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 270      |
| 23.5.3  | PINT_PinInterruptGetConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 23.5.4  | PINT_PinInterruptClrStatus · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 23.5.5  | PINT_PinInterruptGetStatus · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 23.5.6  | PINT_PinInterruptClrStatusAll · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 23.5.7  | PINT_PinInterruptGetStatusAll · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 23.5.8  | PINT_PinInterruptClrFallFlag · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 23.5.9  | PINT_PinInterruptGetFallFlag · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 23.5.10 | = 1 <i>U</i>  |          |
| 23.5.11 | = 1 <i>U</i>  |          |
| 23.5.12 |   |          |
| 23.5.13 |   |          |
| 23.5.14 |   |          |
| 23.5.15 |   |          |
| 23.5.16 |   |          |
| 23.5.17 | _   |          |
| 23.5.18 | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 23.5.19 |   |          |
| 23.5.20 | _   |          |
| 23.5.21 | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 23.5.22 | <u> </u>  |          |
| 23.5.23 | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 23.5.24 |   |          |
| 23.5.25 | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 23.5.26 |   |          |
| 23.5.27 | <del>_</del>  |          |
| 23.5.28 |   |          |
| 23.5.29 | PINT_DisableCallbackByIndex · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| Chapte  | er 24 SCTimer: SCTimer/PWM (SCT)  |          |
| 24.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                            | 282      |
| 24.2    | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 24.2.1  | Initialization and deinitialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 24.2.1  | PWM Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |          |
| 24.2.3  | Status · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              |          |
| 24.2.4  | Interrupt   |          |
| 24.3    | SCTimer State machine and operations · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 24.3.1  | SCTimer event operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 283      |

| Section | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 24.3.2  | SCTimer state operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 283      |
| 24.3.3  | SCTimer action operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         | 283      |
| 24.4    | 16-bit counter mode · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 283      |
| 24.5    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 24.5.1  | PWM output · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        | 284      |
| 24.6    | <b>Data Structure Documentation</b>                                     |          |
| 24.6.1  | struct sctimer_pwm_signal_param_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 24.6.2  | struct sctimer_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 289      |
|         | Typedef Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |
| 24.7.1  | sctimer_event_callback_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 290      |
| 24.8    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                   | 290      |
| 24.8.1  | sctimer_pwm_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 24.8.2  | sctimer_counter_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 24.8.3  | sctimer_input_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 24.8.4  | sctimer_out_t·····  |          |
| 24.8.5  | sctimer_pwm_level_select_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 24.8.6  | sctimer_clock_mode_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |          |
| 24.8.7  | sctimer_clock_select_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |          |
| 24.8.8  | sctimer_conflict_resolution_t·····                                      |          |
| 24.8.9  | sctimer_event_active_direction_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |          |
| 24.8.10 | = 1 = =   |          |
| 24.8.11 | sctimer_status_flags_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 293      |
| 24.9    | <b>Function Documentation</b>   |          |
| 24.9.1  | SCTIMER_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |          |
| 24.9.2  | SCTIMER_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 24.9.3  | SCTIMER_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 24.9.4  | SCTIMER_SetupPwm · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 24.9.5  | SCTIMER_UpdatePwmDutycycle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 24.9.6  | SCTIMER_EnableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 24.9.7  | SCTIMER_DisableInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 24.9.8  | SCTIMER_GetEnabledInterrupts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 24.9.9  | SCTIMER_GetStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 24.9.10 | = 6   |          |
| 24.9.11 | <u> </u>  |          |
| 24.9.12 | <b>=</b> 1  |          |
| 24.9.13 |   |          |
| 24.9.14 |   |          |
| 24.9.15 | <del>-</del>  |          |
| 24.9.16 |   |          |
| 24.9.17 | SCITIMER_SelCounicistate  | 300      |

| Section 1     | No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------------|--|----------|
| 24.9.18       | SCTIMER_GetCounterState · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 300      |
| 24.9.19       | SCTIMER_SetupCaptureAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 300      |
| 24.9.20       | SCTIMER_SetCallback · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      | 301      |
| 24.9.21       | SCTIMER_SetupStateLdMethodAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 24.9.22       | SCTIMER_SetupNextStateActionwithLdMethod · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 302      |
| 24.9.23       | SCTIMER_SetupNextStateAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 302      |
| 24.9.24       | SCTIMER_SetupEventActiveDirection · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 303      |
| 24.9.25       | SCTIMER_SetupOutputSetAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 303      |
| 24.9.26       | SCTIMER_SetupOutputClearAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 303      |
| 24.9.27       | SCTIMER_SetupOutputToggleAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 304      |
| 24.9.28       | SCTIMER_SetupCounterLimitAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |          |
| 24.9.29       | SCTIMER_SetupCounterStopAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           |          |
| 24.9.30       | SCTIMER_SetupCounterStartAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          | 305      |
| 24.9.31       | SCTIMER_SetupCounterHaltAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 305      |
| 24.9.32       | SCTIMER_SetupDmaTriggerAction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 305      |
| 24.9.33       | SCTIMER_SetCOUNTValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 24.9.34       | SCTIMER_GetCOUNTValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 306      |
| 24.9.35       | SCTIMER_SetEventInState · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 306      |
| 24.9.36       | SCTIMER_ClearEventInState · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | 307      |
| 24.9.37       | SCTIMER_GetEventInState · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 24.9.38       | SCTIMER_EventHandleIRQ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 307      |
| Chapter       | 25 SWM: Switch Matrix Module   |          |
| 25.1          | Overview ·····   | 309      |
| 25.2 S        | WM: Switch Matrix Module · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 309      |
| 25.2.1        | SWM Operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           |          |
|               | •  |          |
|               | Macro Definition Documentation   |          |
| 25.3.1        | FSL_SWM_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 314      |
| 25.4 E        | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 314      |
| 25.4.1        | swm_port_pin_type_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                      |          |
| 25.4.2        | swm_select_movable_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 25.4.3        | swm_select_fixed_pin_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 25.5 F        | <b>Sunction Documentation</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            |          |
| 25.5.1        | SWM_SetMovablePinSelect · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 25.5.2        | SWM SetFixedPinSelect · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| <b>43.3.4</b> | 5 WW_Sett Inout inscient   | 510      |
| Chapter       | 26 SYSCON: System Configuration  |          |
| <b>26.1 C</b> | Overview ·····   | 319      |
|               |  |          |

| Section          | n No. Title   | Page No. |
|------------------|---|----------|
| 26.2             | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      | 319      |
| 26.2.1           | FSL_SYSON_DRIVER_VERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·            | 319      |
| 26.3             | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      |          |
| 26.3.1           | syscon_connection_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 319      |
| 26.4             | Function Documentation  |          |
| 26.4.1           | SYSCON_AttachSignal · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 | 320      |
| Chapt            | er 27 WKT: Self-wake-up Timer   |          |
| 27.1             | Overview ·····  | 321      |
| 27.2             | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 27.2.1           | Initialization and deinitialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 27.2.2           | Read actual WKT counter value · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 27.2.3           | Start and Stop timer operations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 27.2.4           | Status  | 321      |
| 27.3             | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 321      |
| 27.3.1           | WKT tick example · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    | 322      |
| 27.4             | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 323      |
| 27.4.1           | struct wkt_config_t·····  | 323      |
| 27.5             | Enumeration Type Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      | 323      |
| 27.5.1           | wkt_clock_source_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 27.5.2           | wkt_status_flags_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 323      |
| 27.6             | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              | 323      |
| 27.6.1           | WKT_Init·····   |          |
| 27.6.2           | WKT_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                          |          |
| 27.6.3           | WKT_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 27.6.4           | WKT_GetCounterValue   |          |
| 27.6.5<br>27.6.6 | WKT_GetStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |          |
| 27.6.7           | WKT_StartTimer  |          |
| 27.6.8           | WKT_StopTimer   |          |
| 27.0.0           | WK1_Stop1inici  | 320      |
| Chapt            | er 28 WWDT: Windowed Watchdog Timer Driver                                |          |
| 28.1             | Overview ·····  | 327      |
| 28.2             | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     | 327      |
| 28.2.1           | Initialization and deinitialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
| 28.2.2           | Status · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                              |          |

| Section | n No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------|--|----------|
| 28.2.3  | Interrupt · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                          | 327      |
| 28.2.4  | Watch dog Refresh · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | 327      |
| 28.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 327      |
| 28.4    | Data Structure Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 28.4.1  | struct wwdt_config_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 329      |
| 28.5    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     |          |
| 28.5.1  | FSL_WWDT_DRIVER_VERSION  | 329      |
| 28.6    | <b>Enumeration Type Documentation</b>                                    | 329      |
| 28.6.1  | _wwdt_status_flags_t · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 329      |
| 28.7    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | 329      |
| 28.7.1  | WWDT_GetDefaultConfig · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·              |          |
| 28.7.2  | WWDT_Init ·····  |          |
| 28.7.3  | WWDT_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 28.7.4  | WWDT_Enable · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                        |          |
| 28.7.5  | WWDT_Disable · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       |          |
| 28.7.6  | WWDT_GetStatusFlags · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 28.7.7  | WWDT_ClearStatusFlags  |          |
| 28.7.8  | WWDT_SetWarningValue   |          |
| 28.7.9  | WWDT_SetTimeoutValue · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 28.7.10 | <del>-</del>   |          |
| 28.7.11 | wwD1_Reffesii·····   | 334      |
| Chapte  | er 29 Debug Console Lite   |          |
| 29.1    | Overview · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                           | 335      |
|         | Function groups · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                    |          |
| 29.2.1  | Initialization · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |
| 29.2.2  | Advanced Feature · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 29.2.3  | SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE and SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE_UART · · · · · · · · ·             | 340      |
| 29.3    | Typical use case · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   | 341      |
| 29.4    | Macro Definition Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     | 342      |
| 29.4.1  | DEBUGCONSOLE_REDIRECT_TO_TOOLCHAIN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 342      |
| 29.4.2  | DEBUGCONSOLE_REDIRECT_TO_SDK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |          |
| 29.4.3  | DEBUGCONSOLE_DISABLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               |          |
| 29.4.4  | SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |          |
| 29.4.5  | PRINTF_FLOAT_ENABLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                |          |
| 29.4.6  | SCANF_FLOAT_ENABLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |          |
| 29.4.7  | PRINTF_ADVANCED_ENABLE   | 343      |

| Section | on No. Title  | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 29.4.8  | SCANF_ADVANCED_ENABLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·     | 343      |
| 29.4.9  |   |          |
| 29.5    | Function Documentation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·    | 343      |
| 29.5.1  | DbgConsole_Init · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·           | 343      |
| 29.5.2  | DbgConsole_Deinit · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 29.5.3  | DbgConsole_Printf · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |          |
| 29.5.4  | DbgConsole_Vprintf · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |          |
| 29.5.5  | DbgConsole Putchar · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 345      |
| 29.5.6  | DbgConsole Scanf ······   | 345      |
| 29.5.7  | DbgConsole_Getchar · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | 345      |
| 29.6    | Semihosting · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·               | 346      |
| 29.6.1  | Guide Semihosting for IAR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 346      |
| 29.6.2  |   |          |
| 29.6.3  | ·   |          |
| 29.6.4  |   |          |

## Chapter 1 Introduction

The MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK) is a collection of software enablement for NXP Microcontrollers that includes peripheral drivers, multicore support and integrated RTOS support for FreeRTOS<sup>TM</sup>. In addition to the base enablement, the MCUXpresso SDK is augmented with demo applications, driver example projects, and API documentation to help users quickly leverage the support provided by MCUXpresso SDK. The MCUXpresso SDK Web Builder is available to provide access to all MCUXpresso SDK packages. See the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (SD-K) Release Notes (document MCUXSDKRN) in the Supported Devices section at MCUXpresso-SDK: Software Development Kit for MCUXpresso for details.

The MCUXpresso SDK is built with the following runtime software components:

- Arm<sup>®</sup> and DSP standard libraries, and CMSIS-compliant device header files which provide direct access to the peripheral registers.
- Peripheral drivers that provide stateless, high-performance, ease-of-use APIs. Communication drivers provide higher-level transactional APIs for a higher-performance option.
- RTOS wrapper driver built on top of MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers and leverage native RT-OS services to better comply to the RTOS cases.
- Real time operation systems (RTOS) for FreeRTOS OS.
- Stacks and middleware in source or object formats including:
- CMSIS-DSP, a suite of common signal processing functions.
- The MCUXpresso SDK comes complete with software examples demonstrating the usage of the peripheral drivers, RTOS wrapper drivers, middleware, and RTOSes.

The peripheral drivers and RTOS driver wrappers can be used across multiple devices within the product family without modification. The configuration items for each driver are encapsulated into C language data structures. Device-specific configuration information is provided as part of the MCUXpresso SDK and need not be modified by the user. If necessary, the user is able to modify the peripheral driver and RTOS wrapper driver configuration during runtime. The driver examples demonstrate how to configure the drivers by passing the proper configuration data to the APIs. The folder structure is organized to reduce the total number of includes required to compile a project.

The rest of this document describes the API references in detail for the peripheral drivers and RT-OS wrapper drivers. For the latest version of this and other MCUXpresso SDK documents, see the mcuxpresso.nxp.com/apidoc/.

| Deliverable                               | Location   |
|---|--|
| Demo Applications                         | <install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/demo</board_name></install_dir>                |
|   | apps   |
| Driver Examples                           | <pre><install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/driver</board_name></install_dir></pre>   |
|   | examples   |
| Documentation                             | <install_dir>/docs</install_dir>   |
| Middleware                                | <install_dir>/middleware</install_dir>   |
| Drivers                                   | <install_dir>/<device_name>/drivers/</device_name></install_dir>                 |
| CMSIS Standard Arm Cortex-M Headers, math | <install_dir>/CMSIS</install_dir>  |
| and DSP Libraries                         |  |
| Device Startup and Linker                 | <install_dir>/<device_name>/<toolchain>/</toolchain></device_name></install_dir> |
| MCUXpresso SDK Utilities                  | <install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/utilities</device_name></install_dir>        |
| RTOS Kernel Code                          | <install_dir>/rtos</install_dir>   |

MCUXpresso SDK Folder Structure

## **Chapter 2**

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## **Chapter 3**

## **Architectural Overview**

This chapter provides the architectural overview for the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK). It describes each layer within the architecture and its associated components.

#### Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK architecture consists of five key components listed below.

- 1. The Arm Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) CORE compliance device-specific header files, SOC Header, and CMSIS math/DSP libraries.
- 2. Peripheral Drivers
- 3. Real-time Operating Systems (RTOS)
- 4. Stacks and Middleware that integrate with the MCUXpresso SDK
- 5. Demo Applications based on the MCUXpresso SDK



MCUXpresso SDK Block Diagram

#### MCU header files

Each supported MCU device in the MCUXpresso SDK has an overall System-on Chip (SoC) memory-

mapped header file. This header file contains the memory map and register base address for each peripheral and the IRQ vector table with associated vector numbers. The overall SoC header file provides access to the peripheral registers through pointers and predefined bit masks. In addition to the overall SoC memory-mapped header file, the MCUXpresso SDK includes a feature header file for each device. The feature header file allows NXP to deliver a single software driver for a given peripheral. The feature file ensures that the driver is properly compiled for the target SOC.

#### **CMSIS Support**

Along with the SoC header files and peripheral extension header files, the MCUXpresso SDK also includes common CMSIS header files for the Arm Cortex-M core and the math and DSP libraries from the latest CMSIS release. The CMSIS DSP library source code is also included for reference.

#### **MCUXpresso SDK Peripheral Drivers**

The MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers mainly consist of low-level functional APIs for the MCU product family on-chip peripherals and also of high-level transactional APIs for some bus drivers/DM-A driver/eDMA driver to quickly enable the peripherals and perform transfers.

All MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers only depend on the CMSIS headers, device feature files, fsl\_common.h, and fsl\_clock.h files so that users can easily pull selected drivers and their dependencies into projects. With the exception of the clock/power-relevant peripherals, each peripheral has its own driver. Peripheral drivers handle the peripheral clock gating/ungating inside the drivers during initialization and deinitialization respectively.

Low-level functional APIs provide common peripheral functionality, abstracting the hardware peripheral register accesses into a set of stateless basic functional operations. These APIs primarily focus on the control, configuration, and function of basic peripheral operations. The APIs hide the register access details and various MCU peripheral instantiation differences so that the application can be abstracted from the low-level hardware details. The API prototypes are intentionally similar to help ensure easy portability across supported MCUXpresso SDK devices.

Transactional APIs provide a quick method for customers to utilize higher-level functionality of the peripherals. The transactional APIs utilize interrupts and perform asynchronous operations without user intervention. Transactional APIs operate on high-level logic that requires data storage for internal operation context handling. However, the Peripheral Drivers do not allocate this memory space. Rather, the user passes in the memory to the driver for internal driver operation. Transactional APIs ensure the NVIC is enabled properly inside the drivers. The transactional APIs do not meet all customer needs, but provide a baseline for development of custom user APIs.

Note that the transactional drivers never disable an NVIC after use. This is due to the shared nature of interrupt vectors on devices. It is up to the user to ensure that NVIC interrupts are properly disabled after usage is complete.

#### **Interrupt handling for transactional APIs**

A double weak mechanism is introduced for drivers with transactional API. The double weak indicates two levels of weak vector entries. See the examples below:

PUBWEAK SPI0\_IRQHandler
PUBWEAK SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler
SPI0\_IRQHandler

```
LDR R0, =SPI0_DriverIRQHandler
BX R0
```

The first level of the weak implementation are the functions defined in the vector table. In the devices/<D-EVICE\_NAME>/<TOOLCHAIN>/startup\_<DEVICE\_NAME>.s/.S file, the implementation of the first layer weak function calls the second layer of weak function. The implementation of the second layer weak function (ex. SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler) jumps to itself (B). The MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs provide the reimplementation of the second layer function inside of the peripheral driver. If the MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs are linked into the image, the SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler is replaced with the function implemented in the MCUXpresso SDK SPI driver.

The reason for implementing the double weak functions is to provide a better user experience when using the transactional APIs. For drivers with a transactional function, call the transactional APIs and the drivers complete the interrupt-driven flow. Users are not required to redefine the vector entries out of the box. At the same time, if users are not satisfied by the second layer weak function implemented in the MCU-Xpresso SDK drivers, users can redefine the first layer weak function and implement their own interrupt handler functions to suit their implementation.

The limitation of the double weak mechanism is that it cannot be used for peripherals that share the same vector entry. For this use case, redefine the first layer weak function to enable the desired peripheral interrupt functionality. For example, if the MCU's UART0 and UART1 share the same vector entry, redefine the UART0\_UART1\_IRQHandler according to the use case requirements.

#### **Feature Header Files**

The peripheral drivers are designed to be reusable regardless of the peripheral functional differences from one MCU device to another. An overall Peripheral Feature Header File is provided for the MCUXpresso SDK-supported MCU device to define the features or configuration differences for each sub-family device.

#### **Application**

See the Getting Started with MCUXpresso SDK document (MCUXSDKGSUG).

# Chapter 4 Clock Driver

#### 4.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides APIs for MCUXpresso SDK devices' clock operation.

The clock driver supports:

- Clock generator (PLL, FLL, and so on) configuration
- Clock mux and divider configuration
- Getting clock frequency

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral clock driver for the SYSCON module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### 4.2 Function description

Clock driver provides these functions:

- Functions to initialize the Core clock to given frequency
- Functions to configure the clock selection muxes.
- Functions to setup peripheral clock dividers
- Functions to set the flash wait states for the input freugency
- Functions to get the frequency of the selected clock
- Functions to set PLL frequency

### 4.2.1 SYSCON Clock frequency functions

SYSCON clock module provides clocks, such as MCLKCLK, ADCCLK, DMICCLK, MCGFLLCLK, FXCOMCLK, WDTOSC, RTCOSC, USBCLK, and SYSPLL. The functions CLOCK\_EnableClock() and CLOCK\_DisableClock() enables and disables the various clocks. CLOCK\_SetupFROClocking() initializes the FRO to 12 MHz, 48 MHz, or 96 MHz frequency. CLOCK\_SetupPLLData(), CLOCK\_SetupSystemPLLPrec(), and CLOCK\_SetPLLFreq() functions are used to setup the PLL. The SYSCON clock driver provides functions to get the frequency of these clocks, such as CLOCK\_GetFreq(), CLOCK\_GetFro12MFreq(), CLOCK\_GetExtClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetWdtOscFreq(), CLOCK\_GetFroHfFreq(), CLOCK\_GetPllOutFreq(), CLOCK\_GetOsc32KFreq(), CLOCK\_GetCoreSysClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetI2-SMClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetFlexCommClkFreq, and CLOCK\_GetAsyncApbClkFreq.

#### 4.2.2 SYSCON clock Selection Muxes

The SYSCON clock driver provides the function to configure the clock selected. The function CLOCK\_-AttachClk() is implemented for this. The function selects the clock source for a particular peripheral like

MAINCLK, DMIC, FLEXCOMM, USB, ADC, and PLL.

#### 4.2.3 SYSCON clock dividers

The SYSCON clock module provides the function to setup the peripheral clock dividers. The function CLOCK\_SetClkDiv() configures the CLKDIV registers for various periperals like USB, DMIC, I2S, SYSTICK, AHB, ADC, and also CLKOUT and TRACE functions.

#### 4.2.4 SYSCON flash wait states

The SYSCON clock driver provides the function CLOCK\_SetFLASHAccessCyclesForFreq() that configures FLASHCFG register with a selected FLASHTIM value.

#### 4.3 Typical use case

POWER\_DisablePD(kPDRUNCFG\_PD\_FRO\_EN); /\*!< Ensure FRO is on so that we can switch to its 12MH:

#### **Files**

• file fsl clock.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct clock\_sys\_pll\_t

PLL configuration structure. More...

#### **Macros**

- #define CLOCK\_FRO\_SETTING\_API\_ROM\_ADDRESS (0x0F0026F5U)
  - FRO clock setting API address in ROM.
- #define CLOCK\_FAIM\_BASE (0x50010000U)

FAIM base address.

- #define ADC\_CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for ADC.
- #define ACMP\_CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for ACMP.
- #define DAC CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for DAC.
- #define SWM CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for SWM.
- #define ROM CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for ROM.
- #define SRAM\_CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for SRAM.
- #define IOCON\_CLOCKS
  - Clock ip name array for IOCON.
- #define GPIO CLOCKS

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Clock ip name array for GPIO.

• #define GPIO INT CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for GPIO\_INT.

• #define DMA\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for DMA.

• #define CRC\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for CRC.

• #define WWDT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for WWDT.

• #define SCT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for SCT0.

• #define I2C\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for I2C.

#define USART\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for I2C.

• #define SPI\_CLOCKŠ

Clock ip name array for SPI.

• #define CAPT CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for CAPT.

• #define CTIMER\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for CTIMER.

#define MTB\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for MTB.

#define MRT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for MRT.

#define WKT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for WKT.

• #define CLK\_GATE\_DEFINE(reg, bit) ((((reg)&0xFFU) << 8U) | ((bit)&0xFFU))

Internal used Clock definition only.

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum clock ip name t {
 kCLOCK IpInvalid = 0U,
 kCLOCK_Rom = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 1U),
 kCLOCK_Ram0_1 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 2U),
 kCLOCK I2c0 = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 5U),
 kCLOCK_Gpio0 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 6U),
 kCLOCK Swm = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 7U),
 kCLOCK_Sct = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 8U),
 kCLOCK Wkt = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 9U),
 kCLOCK_Mrt = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 10U),
 kCLOCK_Spi0 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 11U),
 kCLOCK Spi1 = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 12U),
 kCLOCK Crc = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 13U),
 kCLOCK_Uart0 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 14U),
 kCLOCK_Uart1 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 15U),
 kCLOCK_Uart2 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 16U),
 kCLOCK_Wwdt = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 17U),
 kCLOCK Iocon = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 18U),
 kCLOCK_Acmp = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 19U),
 kCLOCK Gpio1 = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 20U),
 kCLOCK I2c1 = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 21U),
 kCLOCK_I2c2 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 22U),
 kCLOCK_I2c3 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 23U),
 kCLOCK Adc = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 24U),
 kCLOCK_Ctimer0 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 25U),
 kCLOCK Mtb = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 26U),
 kCLOCK_Dac0 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 27U),
 kCLOCK GpioInt = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 28U),
 kCLOCK Dma = CLK GATE DEFINE(SYS AHB CLK CTRL0, 29U),
 kCLOCK_Uart3 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 30U),
 kCLOCK_Uart4 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL0, 31U),
 kCLOCK_Capt = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL1, 0U),
 kCLOCK_Dac1 = CLK_GATE_DEFINE(SYS_AHB_CLK_CTRL1, 1U) }
   Clock gate name used for CLOCK_EnableClock/CLOCK_DisableClock.
enum clock_name_t {
 kCLOCK_CoreSysClk,
 kCLOCK MainClk,
 kCLOCK_Fro,
 kCLOCK_FroDiv,
 kCLOCK ExtClk.
 kCLOCK_PllOut,
 kCLOCK_WdtOsc,
 kCLOCK_Frg0,
 kCLOCK Frg1 }
```

Clock name used to get clock frequency.
• enum clock\_select\_t {

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
kCAPT Clk From Fro = CLK MUX DEFINE(CAPTCLKSEL, 0U),
kCAPT_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(CAPTCLKSEL, 1U),
kCAPT_Clk_From_SysPll = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(CAPTCLKSEL, 2U),
kCAPT_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(CAPTCLKSEL, 3U),
kCAPT Clk From WdtOsc = CLK MUX DEFINE(CAPTCLKSEL, 4U),
kADC_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(ADCCLKSEL, 0U),
kADC_Clk_From_SysPll = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(ADCCLKSEL, 1U),
kSCT_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(SCTCLKSEL, 0U),
kSCT Clk From MainClk = CLK MUX DEFINE(SCTCLKSEL, 1U),
kSCT_Clk_From_SysPll = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(SCTCLKSEL, 2U),
kEXT_Clk_From_SysOsc = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(EXTCLKSEL, 0U),
kEXT Clk From ClkIn = CLK MUX DEFINE(EXTCLKSEL, 1U),
kUARTO_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[0U], 0U),
kUARTO_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[0U], 1U),
kUARTO_Clk_From_Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[0U], 2U),
kUARTO Clk From Frg1Clk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[0U], 3U),
kUARTO Clk From Fro Div = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[0U], 4U),
kUART1_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[1U], 0U),
kUART1_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[1U], 1U),
kUART1 Clk From Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[1U], 2U),
kUART1_Clk_From_Frg1Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[1U], 3U),
kUART1_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[1U], 4U),
kUART2_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[2U], 0U),
kUART2 Clk From MainClk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[2U], 1U),
kUART2_Clk_From_Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[2U], 2U),
kUART2_Clk_From_Frg1Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[2U], 3U),
kUART2_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[2U], 4U),
kUART3 Clk From Fro = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[3U], 0U),
kUART3_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[3U], 1U),
kUART3_Clk_From_Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[3U], 2U),
kUART3_Clk_From_Frg1Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[3U], 3U),
kUART3_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[3U], 4U),
kUART4 Clk From Fro = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[4U], 0U),
kUART4_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[4U], 1U),
kUART4 Clk From Frg0Clk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[4U], 2U),
kUART4 Clk From Frg1Clk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[4U], 3U),
kUART4_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[4U], 4U),
kI2C0_Clk_From_Fro = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[5U], 0U),
kI2C0_Clk_From_MainClk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[5U], 1U),
kI2C0_Clk_From_Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[5U], 2U),
kI2C0 Clk From Frg1Clk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[5U], 3U),
kI2C0_Clk_From_Fro_Div = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[5U], 4U),
kI2C1 Clk From Fro = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[6U], 0U),
kI2C1 Clk From MainClk = CLK MUX DEFINE(FCLKSEL[6U], 1U),
kI2C1_Clk_From_Frg0Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[6U], 2U),
kI2C1_Clk_From_Frg1Clk = CLK_MUX_DEFINE(FCLKSEL[6U], 3U),
kI2C1 Clk From Fro MICH Chrest ISNKD FPINE (Februs Mathell 4U),
```

```
kCLKOUT From WdtOsc = CLK MUX DEFINE(CLKOUTSEL, 4U) }
    Clock Mux Switches CLK_MUX_DEFINE(reg, mux) reg is used to define the mux register mux is used to
   define the mux value.
enum clock_divider_t {
 kCLOCK_DivAdcClk = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(ADCCLKDIV),
 kCLOCK_DivSctClk = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(SCTCLKDIV),
 kCLOCK_DivClkOut = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(CLKOUTDIV),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv6 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV6),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv5 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV5),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv4 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV4),
 kCLOCK IOCONCLKDiv3 = CLK DIV DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV3),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv2 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV2),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv1 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV1),
 kCLOCK_IOCONCLKDiv0 = CLK_DIV_DEFINE(IOCONCLKDIV0) }
    Clock divider.
enum clock_wdt_analog_freq_t {
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq0HZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(0U, 0U),
 kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq600KHZ = CLK WDT OSC DEFINE(600000U, 1U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq1050KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(1050000U, 2u),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq1400KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(1400000U, 3U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq1750KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(1750000U, 4U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq2100KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(2100000U, 5U),
 kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq2400KHZ = CLK WDT OSC DEFINE(2400000U, 6U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq2700KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(2700000U, 7U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq3000KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(3000000U, 8U),
 kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq3250KHZ = CLK WDT OSC DEFINE(3250000U, 9U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq3500KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(3500000U, 10U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq3750KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(3750000U, 11U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq4000KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(4000000U, 12U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq4200KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(4200000U, 13U),
 kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq4400KHZ = CLK WDT OSC DEFINE(4400000U, 14U),
 kCLOCK_WdtAnaFreq4600KHZ = CLK_WDT_OSC_DEFINE(4600000U, 15U) }
    watch dog analog output frequency
enum clock_fro_src_t {
 kCLOCK FroSrcLpwrBootValue = 0U,
 kCLOCK_FroSrcFroOsc = 1U << SYSCON_FROOSCCTRL_FRO_DIRECT_SHIFT }
   fro output frequency source definition
enum clock_fro_osc_freq_t {
 kCLOCK_FroOscOut18M = 18000U,
 kCLOCK FroOscOut24M = 24000U,
 kCLOCK FroOscOut30M = 30000U }
   fro oscillator output frequency value definition
enum clock_sys_pll_src {
 kCLOCK_SysPllSrcFRO = 0U,
 kCLOCK_SysPllSrcExtClk = 1U,
 kCLOCK_SysPllSrcWdtOsc = 2U,
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors

```
kCLOCK_SysPllSrcFroDiv = 3U }
    PLL clock definition.
enum clock_main_clk_src_t {
 kCLOCK_MainClkSrcFro = CLK_MAIN_CLK_MUX_DEFINE(0U, 0U),
 kCLOCK_MainClkSrcExtClk = CLK_MAIN_CLK_MUX_DEFINE(1U, 0U),
 kCLOCK MainClkSrcWdtOsc = CLK MAIN CLK MUX DEFINE(2U, 0U),
 kCLOCK_MainClkSrcFroDiv = CLK_MAIN_CLK_MUX_DEFINE(3U, 0U),
 kCLOCK_MainClkSrcSysPll = CLK_MAIN_CLK_MUX_DEFINE(0U, 1U) }
   Main clock source definition.
```

#### **Variables**

 volatile uint32\_t g\_Wdt\_Osc\_Freq watchdog oscilltor clock frequency. • volatile uint32\_t g\_Ext\_Clk\_Freq external clock frequency.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_CLOCK\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 3, 3)) CLOCK driver version 2.3.3.

# Clock gate, mux, and divider.

- static void **CLOCK EnableClock** (clock ip name t clk)
- static void CLOCK\_DisableClock (clock\_ip\_name\_t clk)
- static void CLOCK\_Select (clock\_select\_t sel)
   static void CLOCK\_SetClkDivider (clock\_divider\_t name, uint32\_t value)
- static uint32 t CLOCK GetClkDivider (clock divider t name)
- static void CLOCK\_SetCoreSysClkDiv (uint32\_t value)
- void CLOCK\_SetMainClkSrc (clock\_main\_clk\_src\_t src)

Set main clock reference source.

• void CLOCK SetFroOutClkSrc (clock fro src t src)

Set FRO clock source.

• static void **CLOCK SetFRGClkMul** (uint32 t \*base, uint32 t mul)

# **Get frequency**

- uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFRG0ClkFreq (void)
  - Return Frequency of FRG0 Clock.
- uint32 t CLOCK GetFRG1ClkFreq (void)

Return Frequency of FRG1 Clock.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetMainClkFreq (void)

Return Frequency of Main Clock.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetFroFreq (void)

Return Frequency of FRO.

• static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetCoreSysClkFreq (void)

Return Frequency of core.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetClockOutClkFreq (void)

Return Frequency of ClockOut.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart0ClkFreq (void)

Get UARTO frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart1ClkFreq (void)

Get UART1 frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart2ClkFreq (void)

Get UART2 frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart3ClkFreq (void)

Get UART3 frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart4ClkFreq (void)

Get UART4 frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFreq (clock\_name\_t clockName)

Return Frequency of selected clock.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetSystemPLLInClockRate (void)

Return System PLL input clock rate.

• static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetSystemPLLFreq (void)

Return Frequency of System PLL.

• static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetWdtOscFreq (void)

Get watch dog OSC frequency.

• static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetExtClkFreq (void)

Get external clock frequency.

# **PLL** operations

void CLOCK\_InitSystemPll (const clock\_sys\_pll\_t \*config)

System PLL initialize.

static void CLOCK\_DenitSystemPll (void)

System PLL Deinitialize.

# Fractional clock operations

• bool CLOCK SetFRG0ClkFreq (uint32 t freq)

Set FRG0 output frequency.

• bool CLOCK SetFRG1ClkFreq (uint32\_t freq)

Set FRG1 output frequency.

# External/internal oscillator clock operations

• void CLOCK\_InitExtClkin (uint32\_t clkInFreq)

*Init external CLK IN, select the CLKIN as the external clock source.* 

• void CLOCK\_InitSysOsc (uint32\_t oscFreq)

Init SYS OSC.

• void CLOCK\_InitXtalin (uint32\_t xtalInFreq)

XTALIN init function system oscillator is bypassed, sys\_osc\_clk is fed driectly from the XTALIN.

• static void CLOCK\_DeinitSysOsc (void)

Deinit SYS OSC.

• void CLOCK InitWdtOsc (clock wdt analog freq t wdtOscFreq, uint32 t wdtOscDiv)

Init watch dog OSC Any setting of the FREQSEL bits will yield a Fclkana value within 40% of the listed frequency value.

static void CLOCK DeinitWdtOsc (void)

Deinit watch dog OSC.

static void CLOCK\_SetFroOscFreq (clock\_fro\_osc\_freq\_t freq)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

16

Set FRO oscillator output frequency.

#### 4.4 Data Structure Documentation

# 4.4.1 struct clock\_sys\_pll\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t targetFreq
- System pll fclk output frequency, the output frequency should be lower than 100MHZ.

   clock\_sys\_pll\_src src
  System pll clock source.

### 4.5 Macro Definition Documentation

- 4.5.1 #define FSL CLOCK DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 3, 3))
- 4.5.2 #define CLOCK FRO SETTING API ROM ADDRESS (0x0F0026F5U)
- 4.5.3 #define ADC CLOCKS

Value:

```
{ kCLOCK_Adc, \
}
```

# 4.5.4 #define ACMP\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
kCLOCK_Acmp, \
```

# 4.5.5 #define DAC\_CLOCKS

Value:

# 4.5.6 #define SWM\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Swm, \
}
```

# 4.5.7 #define ROM\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Rom, \
}
```

# 4.5.8 #define SRAM\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Ram0_1, \
}
```

# 4.5.9 #define IOCON\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Iocon, \
}
```

# 4.5.10 #define GPIO\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Gpio0, kCLOCK_Gpio1, \
}
```

# 4.5.11 #define GPIO\_INT\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_GpioInt, \
}
```

# 4.5.12 #define DMA\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Dma, \
}
```

# 4.5.13 #define CRC\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Crc, \
}
```

# 4.5.14 #define WWDT\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Wwdt, \
}
```

# 4.5.15 #define SCT\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Sct, \
}
```

# 4.5.16 #define I2C\_CLOCKS

### Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_I2e0, kCLOCK_I2e1, kCLOCK_I2e2,
      kCLOCK_I2e3, \
}
```

# 4.5.17 #define USART\_CLOCKS

# Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Uart0, kCLOCK_Uart1, kCLOCK_Uart2,
     kCLOCK_Uart3, kCLOCK_Uart4, \
}
```

# 4.5.18 #define SPI\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Spi0, kCLOCK_Spi1, \
}
```

# 4.5.19 #define CAPT\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
kCLOCK_Capt, \
```

# 4.5.20 #define CTIMER\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Ctimer0, \
}
```

20

# 4.5.21 #define MTB\_CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
     kCLOCK_Mtb, \
}
```

# 4.5.22 #define MRT CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Mrt, \
}
```

# 4.5.23 #define WKT\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{ kCLOCK_Wkt, \
```

# 4.5.24 #define CLK\_GATE\_DEFINE( reg, bit ) ((((reg)&0xFFU) << 8U) | ((bit)&0xFFU))

# 4.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 4.6.1 enum clock\_ip\_name\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCLOCK_IpInvalid Invalid Ip Name.
kCLOCK_Rom Clock gate name: Rom.
kCLOCK_Ram0_1 Clock gate name: Ram0_1.
kCLOCK_12c0 Clock gate name: I2c0.
kCLOCK_Gpio0 Clock gate name: Gpio0.
kCLOCK_Swm Clock gate name: Swm.
kCLOCK_Sct Clock gate name: Sct.
kCLOCK_Wkt Clock gate name: Wkt.
kCLOCK_Mrt Clock gate name: Mrt.
```

kCLOCK\_Spi0 Clock gate name: Spi0. kCLOCK\_Spi1 Clock gate name: Spi1. kCLOCK\_Crc Clock gate name: Crc. kCLOCK\_Uart0 Clock gate name: Uart0. kCLOCK Uart1 Clock gate name: Uart1. kCLOCK\_Uart2 Clock gate name: Uart2. kCLOCK\_Wwdt Clock gate name: Wwdt. kCLOCK\_locon Clock gate name: Iocon. kCLOCK Acmp Clock gate name: Acmp. kCLOCK\_Gpio1 Clock gate name: Gpio1. kCLOCK\_I2c1 Clock gate name: I2c1. kCLOCK\_I2c2 Clock gate name: I2c2. kCLOCK\_I2c3 Clock gate name: I2c3. kCLOCK\_Adc Clock gate name: Adc. kCLOCK\_Ctimer0 Clock gate name: Ctimer0. kCLOCK Mtb Clock gate name: Mtb. kCLOCK\_Dac0 Clock gate name: Dac0. kCLOCK\_GpioInt Clock gate name: GpioInt. kCLOCK\_Dma Clock gate name: Dma. kCLOCK Uart3 Clock gate name: Uart3. kCLOCK\_Uart4 Clock gate name: Uart4. kCLOCK\_Capt Clock gate name: Capt. kCLOCK\_Dac1 Clock gate name: Dac1.

### 4.6.2 enum clock\_name\_t

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_CoreSysClk Cpu/AHB/AHB matrix/Memories,etc. kCLOCK\_MainClk Main clock. kCLOCK\_Fro FRO18/24/30. kCLOCK\_FroDiv FRO div clock. kCLOCK\_ExtClk External Clock. kCLOCK\_PllOut PLL Output. kCLOCK\_WdtOsc Watchdog Oscillator. kCLOCK\_Frg0 fractional rate0

### 4.6.3 enum clock\_select\_t

kCLOCK\_Frg1 fractional rate1

#### Enumerator

*kCAPT\_Clk\_From\_Fro* Mux CAPT\_Clk from Fro.

#### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

```
kCAPT_Clk_From_MainClk Mux CAPT_Clk from MainClk.
```

kCAPT\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div Mux CAPT\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

kCAPT\_Clk\_From\_WdtOsc Mux CAPT\_Clk from WdtOsc.

kADC Clk From Fro Mux ADC Clk from Fro.

kADC\_Clk\_From\_SysPll Mux ADC\_Clk from SysPll.

*kSCT\_Clk\_From\_Fro* Mux SCT\_Clk from Fro.

kSCT\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux SCT\_Clk from MainClk.

kSCT Clk From SysPll Mux SCT Clk from SysPll.

**kEXT\_Clk\_From\_SysOsc** Mux EXT\_Clk from SysOsc.

*kEXT\_Clk\_From\_ClkIn* Mux EXT\_Clk from ClkIn.

kUARTO Clk From Fro Mux UARTO Clk from Fro.

kUART0\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux UART0\_Clk from MainClk.

kUART0\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux UART0\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

*kUART0\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk* Mux UART0\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

kUART0\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div Mux UART0\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

*kUART1\_Clk\_From\_Fro* Mux UART1\_Clk from Fro.

kUART1\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux UART1\_Clk from MainClk.

kUART1\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux UART1\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

kUART1\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk Mux UART1\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

kUART1\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div Mux UART1\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

kUART2 Clk From Fro Mux UART2 Clk from Fro.

kUART2\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux UART2\_Clk from MainClk.

kUART2\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux UART2\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

kUART2\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk Mux UART2\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

kUART2\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div Mux UART2\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

kUART3\_Clk\_From\_Fro Mux UART3\_Clk from Fro.

kUART3 Clk From MainClk Mux UART3 Clk from MainClk.

kUART3\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux UART3\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

*kUART3\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk* Mux UART3\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

*kUART3\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div* Mux UART3\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

kUART4\_Clk\_From\_Fro Mux UART4\_Clk from Fro.

kUART4\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux UART4\_Clk from MainClk.

*kUART4\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk* Mux UART4\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

*kUART4\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk* Mux UART4\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

kUART4 Clk From Fro Div Mux UART4 Clk from Fro Div.

*kI2C0\_Clk\_From\_Fro* Mux I2C0\_Clk from Fro.

kI2C0\_Clk\_From\_MainClk Mux I2C0\_Clk from MainClk.

kI2C0\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux I2C0\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

kI2C0\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk Mux I2C0\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

kI2C0\_Clk\_From\_Fro\_Div Mux I2C0\_Clk from Fro\_Div.

*kI2C1\_Clk\_From\_Fro* Mux I2C1\_Clk from Fro.

kI2C1 Clk From MainClk Mux I2C1 Clk from MainClk.

kI2C1\_Clk\_From\_Frg0Clk Mux I2C1\_Clk from Frg0Clk.

kI2C1\_Clk\_From\_Frg1Clk Mux I2C1\_Clk from Frg1Clk.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kCAPT\_Clk\_From\_SysPll Mux CAPT\_Clk from SysPll.

```
kI2C1 Clk From Fro Div Mux I2C1 Clk from Fro Div.
kI2C2_Clk_From_Fro Mux I2C2_Clk from Fro.
kI2C2 Clk From MainClk Mux I2C2 Clk from MainClk.
kI2C2_Clk_From_Frg0Clk Mux I2C2_Clk from Frg0Clk.
kI2C2 Clk From Frg1Clk Mux I2C2 Clk from Frg1Clk.
kI2C2 Clk From Fro Div Mux I2C2 Clk from Fro Div.
kI2C3_Clk_From_Fro Mux I2C3_Clk from Fro.
kI2C3_Clk_From_MainClk Mux I2C3_Clk from MainClk.
kI2C3 Clk From Frg0Clk Mux I2C3 Clk from Frg0Clk.
kI2C3_Clk_From_Frg1Clk Mux I2C3_Clk from Frg1Clk.
kI2C3_Clk_From_Fro_Div Mux I2C3_Clk from Fro_Div.
kSPI0 Clk From Fro Mux SPI0 Clk from Fro.
kSPI0_Clk_From_MainClk Mux SPI0_Clk from MainClk.
kSPI0_Clk_From_Frg0Clk Mux SPI0_Clk from Frg0Clk.
kSPI0_Clk_From_Frg1Clk Mux SPI0_Clk from Frg1Clk.
kSPI0 Clk From Fro Div Mux SPI0 Clk from Fro Div.
kSPI1 Clk From Fro Mux SPI1 Clk from Fro.
kSPI1_Clk_From_MainClk Mux SPI1_Clk from MainClk.
kSPI1_Clk_From_Frg0Clk Mux SPI1_Clk from Frg0Clk.
kSPI1 Clk From Frg1Clk Mux SPI1 Clk from Frg1Clk.
kSPI1_Clk_From_Fro_Div Mux SPI1_Clk from Fro_Div.
kFRG0 Clk From Fro Mux FRG0 Clk from Fro.
kFRG0_Clk_From_MainClk Mux FRG0_Clk from MainClk.
kFRG0 Clk From SysPll Mux FRG0 Clk from SysPll.
kFRG1 Clk From Fro Mux FRG1 Clk from Fro.
kFRG1_Clk_From_MainClk Mux FRG1_Clk from MainClk.
kFRG1_Clk_From_SysPll Mux FRG1_Clk from SysPll.
kCLKOUT From Fro Mux CLKOUT from Fro.
kCLKOUT_From_MainClk Mux CLKOUT from MainClk.
kCLKOUT_From_SysPll Mux CLKOUT from SysPll.
kCLKOUT_From_ExtClk Mux CLKOUT from ExtClk.
kCLKOUT From WdtOsc Mux CLKOUT from WdtOsc.
```

# 4.6.4 enum clock\_divider\_t

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_DivAdcClk Adc Clock Divider.
kCLOCK\_DivSctClk Sct Clock Divider.
kCLOCK\_DivClkOut Clk Out Divider.
kCLOCK\_IOCONCLKDiv6 IOCON Clock Div6 Divider.
kCLOCK\_IOCONCLKDiv5 IOCON Clock Div5 Divider.
kCLOCK\_IOCONCLKDiv4 IOCON Clock Div4 Divider.
kCLOCK\_IOCONCLKDiv3 IOCON Clock Div3 Divider.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kCLOCK IOCONCLKDiv2 IOCON Clock Div2 Divider. kCLOCK IOCONCLKDiv1 IOCON Clock Div1 Divider. kCLOCK IOCONCLKDiv0 IOCON Clock Div0 Divider.

#### enum clock\_wdt\_analog\_freq\_t 4.6.5

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq0HZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 0HZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq600KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 600KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq1050KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 1050KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq1400KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 1400KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq1750KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 1750KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq2100KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 2100KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq2400KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 2400KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq2700KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 2700KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq3000KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 3000KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreg3250KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 3250KHZ. Watch dog analog output frequency is 3500KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq3500KHZ kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq3750KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 3750KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq4000KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 4000KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq4200KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 4200KHZ. kCLOCK WdtAnaFreq4400KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 4400KHZ. kCLOCK\_WdtAnaFreq4600KHZ Watch dog analog output frequency is 4600KHZ.

# 4.6.6 enum clock fro src t

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_FroSrcLpwrBootValue fro source from the fro oscillator divided by low power boot value

kCLOCK\_FroSrcFroOsc free source from the fro oscillator directly

#### enum clock\_fro\_osc\_freq\_t 4.6.7

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK FroOscOut18M FRO oscillator output 18M. kCLOCK\_FroOscOut24M FRO oscillator output 24M. kCLOCK\_FroOscOut30M FRO oscillator output 30M.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual **NXP Semiconductors** 24

# 4.6.8 enum clock\_sys\_pll\_src

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_SysPllSrcFRO system pll source from FRO
 kCLOCK\_SysPllSrcExtClk system pll source from external clock
 kCLOCK\_SysPllSrcWdtOsc system pll source from watchdog oscillator
 kCLOCK\_SysPllSrcFroDiv system pll source from FRO divided clock

# 4.6.9 enum clock\_main\_clk\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_MainClkSrcFro main clock source from FRO
kCLOCK\_MainClkSrcExtClk main clock source from Ext clock
kCLOCK\_MainClkSrcWdtOsc main clock source from watchdog oscillator
kCLOCK\_MainClkSrcFroDiv main clock source from FRO Div
kCLOCK\_MainClkSrcSysPll main clock source from system pll

#### 4.7 Function Documentation

# 4.7.1 void CLOCK SetMainClkSrc ( clock\_main\_clk\_src\_t src\_)

#### **Parameters**

src Refer to clock\_main\_clk\_src\_t to set the main clock source.

# 4.7.2 void CLOCK\_SetFroOutClkSrc ( clock\_fro\_src\_t src )

#### **Parameters**

src Please refer to \_clock\_fro\_src definition.

# 4.7.3 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFRG0ClkFreq ( void )

#### Returns

Frequency of FRG0 Clock.

26

# 4.7.4 uint32 t CLOCK GetFRG1ClkFreq (void ) Returns Frequency of FRG1 Clock. 4.7.5 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetMainClkFreq ( void ) Returns Frequency of Main Clock. 4.7.6 uint32 t CLOCK GetFroFreq (void ) Returns Frequency of FRO. 4.7.7 static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetCoreSysClkFreq ( void ) [inline], [static] Returns Frequency of core. 4.7.8 uint32 t CLOCK GetClockOutClkFreq ( void ) Returns Frequency of ClockOut 4.7.9 uint32 t CLOCK GetUart0ClkFreq (void) Return values

| UART0 | frequency value. |
|-------|------------------|
|-------|------------------|

# 4.7.10 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart1ClkFreq ( void )

Return values

| UART1 | frequency value. |
|-------|------------------|
|-------|------------------|

# 4.7.11 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart2ClkFreq ( void )

Return values

| UART2 | frequency value. |
|-------|------------------|
|-------|------------------|

# 4.7.12 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart3ClkFreq ( void )

Return values

| UART3 | frequency value. |
|-------|------------------|
|-------|------------------|

# 4.7.13 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetUart4ClkFreq ( void )

Return values

| ΙΙΛΡΤΛ         | frequency value.  |
|----------------|-------------------|
| $U\Lambda KIT$ | ricquericy value. |
|                | ± •               |

# 4.7.14 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFreq ( clock\_name\_t clockName )

Returns

Frequency of selected clock

# 4.7.15 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetSystemPLLInClockRate ( void )

Returns

System PLL input clock rate

# 

Returns

Frequency of PLL

# 4.7.17 static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetWdtOscFreq ( void ) [inline], [static]

Return values

watch dog OSC frequency value.

# 4.7.18 static uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetExtClkFreq ( void ) [inline], [static]

Return values

external clock frequency value.

# 4.7.19 void CLOCK\_InitSystemPII ( const clock\_sys\_pll\_t \* config )

**Parameters** 

config System PLL configurations.

# 4.7.20 static void CLOCK\_DenitSystemPII (void ) [inline], [static]

# 4.7.21 bool CLOCK\_SetFRG0ClkFreq ( uint32\_t freq )

| freq | Target output frequency, freq < input and (input / freq) < 2 should be satisfy. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

#### Return values

| true | - successfully, false - input argument is invalid. |
|------|--|

# 4.7.22 bool CLOCK\_SetFRG1ClkFreq ( uint32\_t freq )

#### **Parameters**

| freq   Target output frequency, freq $<$ input and (input / freq) $<$ 2 should be sa |
|--|
|--|

#### Return values

| true | - successfully, false - input argument is invalid. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

# 4.7.23 void CLOCK\_InitExtClkin ( uint32\_t clkInFreq )

#### Parameters

| clkInFreq | external clock in frequency. |
|-----------|------------------------------|

# 4.7.24 void CLOCK\_InitSysOsc ( uint32\_t oscFreq )

#### **Parameters**

| oscFreq | oscillator frequency value. |
|---------|-----------------------------|

# 4.7.25 void CLOCK\_InitXtalin ( uint32\_t xtalInFreq )

| xtalInFreq | XTALIN frequency value |
|------------|------------------------|
|------------|------------------------|

#### Returns

Frequency of PLL

# 4.7.26 void CLOCK\_InitWdtOsc ( clock\_wdt\_analog\_freq\_t wdtOscFreq, uint32\_t wdtOscDiv )

The watchdog oscillator is the clock source with the lowest power consumption. If accurate timing is required, use the FRO or system oscillator. The frequency of the watchdog oscillator is undefined after reset. The watchdog oscillator frequency must be programmed by writing to the WDTOSCCTRL register before using the watchdog oscillator. Watchdog osc output frequency = wdtOscFreq / wdtOscDiv, should in range 9.3KHZ to 2.3MHZ.

#### **Parameters**

| wdtOscFreq | watch dog analog part output frequency, reference _wdt_analog_output_freq.                |
|------------|---|
| wdtOscDiv  | watch dog analog part output frequency divider, shoule be a value >= 2U and multiple of 2 |

# 4.7.27 static void CLOCK\_SetFroOscFreq ( clock\_fro\_osc\_freq\_t freq ) [inline], [static]

Initialize the FRO clock to given frequency (18, 24 or 30 MHz).

#### **Parameters**

| freq | Please refer to clock_fro_osc_freq_t definition, frequency must be one of 18000, |
|------|--|
|      | 24000 or 30000 KHz.  |

#### 4.8 Variable Documentation

# 4.8.1 volatile uint32\_t g\_Wdt\_Osc\_Freq

This variable is used to store the watchdog oscillator frequency which is set by CLOCK\_InitWdtOsc, and it is returned by CLOCK\_GetWdtOscFreq.

# 4.8.2 volatile uint32\_t g\_Ext\_Clk\_Freq

This variable is used to store the external clock frequency which is include external oscillator clock and external clk in clock frequency value, it is set by CLOCK\_InitExtClkin when CLK IN is used as external clock or by CLOCK\_InitSysOsc when external oscillator is used as external clock ,and it is returned by CLOCK\_GetExtClkFreq.

# Chapter 5 Power Driver

#### 5.1 Overview

Power driver provides APIs to control peripherals power and control the system power mode.

#### **Macros**

• #define PMUC\_PCON\_RESERVED\_MASK ( $(0xf << 4) \mid (0x6 << 8) \mid 0xfffff000u$ ) *PMU PCON reserved mask, used to clear reserved field which should not write 1.* 

### **Enumerations**

```
enum pd_bit_t
    power down configurations mask
• enum power wakeup
    Deep sleep and power down mode wake up configurations.

    enum _power_deep_sleep_active

     Deep sleep/power down mode active part.
enum power_gen_reg_t {
  kPmu\_GenReg0 = 0U,
 kPmu\_GenReg1 = 1U,
 kPmu GenReg2 = 2U,
 kPmu\_GenReg3 = 3U,
 kPmu GenReg4 = 4U
    pmu general purpose register index
enum power_bod_reset_level_t {
  kBod_ResetLevelReserved = 0U,
 kBod ResetLevel1,
 kBod_ResetLevel2,
 kBod_ResetLevel3 }
     BOD reset level, if VDD below reset level value, the reset will be asserted.
enum power_bod_interrupt_level_t {
  kBod_InterruptLevelReserved = 0U,
 kBod InterruptLevel1,
 kBod_InterruptLevel2,
 kBod_InterruptLevel3 }
    BOD interrupt level, if VDD below interrupt level value, the BOD interrupt will be asserted.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_POWER\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0)) power driver version 2.1.0.

# **SYSCON Power Configuration**

• static void POWER\_EnablePD (pd\_bit\_t en)

API to enable PDRUNCFG bit in the Syscon.

• static void POWER\_DisablePD (pd\_bit\_t en)

API to disable PDRUNCFG bit in the Syscon.

• static void POWER\_WakeUpConfig (uint32\_t mask, bool powerDown)

API to config wakeup configurations for deep sleep mode and power down mode.

• static void POWER\_DeepSleepConfig (uint32\_t mask, bool powerDown)

API to config active part for deep sleep mode and power down mode.

# **ARM core Power Configuration**

• static void POWER\_EnableDeepSleep (void)

API to enable deep sleep bit in the ARM Core.

static void POWER\_DisableDeepSleep (void)

API to disable deep sleep bit in the ARM Core.

# **PMU** functionality

• void POWER\_EnterSleep (void)

API to enter sleep power mode.

• void POWER\_EnterDeepSleep (uint32\_t activePart)

API to enter deep sleep power mode.

• void POWER\_EnterPowerDown (uint32\_t activePart)

API to enter power down mode.

• void POWER EnterDeepPowerDownMode (void)

API to enter deep power down mode.

• static uint32 t POWER GetSleepModeFlag (void)

API to get sleep mode flag.

• static void POWER\_ClrSleepModeFlag (void)

API to clear sleep mode flag.

• static uint32 t POWER GetDeepPowerDownModeFlag (void)

API to get deep power down mode flag.

• static void POWER ClrDeepPowerDownModeFlag (void)

API to clear deep power down mode flag.

• static void POWER EnableNonDpd (bool enable)

API to enable non deep power down mode.

• static void POWER\_EnableLPO (bool enable)

API to enable LPO.

• static void POWER EnableLPOInDeepPowerDownMode (bool enable)

API to enable LPO in deep power down mode.

• static void POWER\_SetRetainData (power\_gen\_reg\_t index, uint32\_t data)

API to retore data to general purpose register which can be retain during deep power down mode.

• static uint32\_t POWER\_GetRetainData (power\_gen\_reg\_t index)

API to get data from general purpose register which retain during deep power down mode.

• static void POWER EnableWktClkIn (bool enable, bool enHysteresis)

API to enable external clock input for self wake up timer.

• static void POWER\_EnableWakeupPinForDeepPowerDown (bool enable, bool enHysteresis)

API to enable wake up pin for deep power down mode.

• static void POWER EnableResetPinForDeepPowerDown (bool enable, bool enHysteresis)

API to enable external clock input for self wake up timer.

#### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• static void POWER\_SetBodLevel (power\_bod\_reset\_level\_t resetLevel, power\_bod\_interrupt\_level\_t interruptLevel, bool enable)

Set Bod interrupt level and reset level.

### 5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 5.2.1 #define FSL\_POWER\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0))

# 5.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 5.3.1 enum power\_gen\_reg\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kPmu_GenReg0 general purpose register0
    kPmu_GenReg1 general purpose register1
    kPmu_GenReg2 general purpose register2
    kPmu_GenReg3 general purpose register3
    kPmu_GenReg4 DPDCTRL bit 31-8.
```

# 5.3.2 enum power\_bod\_reset\_level\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kBod_ResetLevelReserved BOD Reset Level reserved.
kBod_ResetLevel1 BOD Reset Level1: 2.05V.
kBod_ResetLevel2 BOD Reset Level2: 2.35V.
kBod_ResetLevel3 BOD Reset Level3: 2.63V.
```

# 5.3.3 enum power\_bod\_interrupt\_level\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kBod_InterruptLevelReserved BOD interrupt level reserved.
kBod_InterruptLevel1 BOD interrupt level1: 2.25V.
kBod_InterruptLevel2 BOD interrupt level2: 2.55V.
kBod_InterruptLevel3 BOD interrupt level3: 2.84V.
```

#### 5.4 Function Documentation

# 5.4.1 static void POWER\_EnablePD ( pd\_bit\_t en ) [inline], [static]

Note that enabling the bit powers down the peripheral

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors
34

35

#### **Parameters**

| en | peripheral for which to enable the PDRUNCFG bit |
|----|---|
|----|---|

Returns

none

# 5.4.2 static void POWER\_DisablePD ( pd\_bit\_t en ) [inline], [static]

Note that disabling the bit powers up the peripheral

**Parameters** 

| en | peripheral for which to disable the PDRUNCFG bit |
|----|--|
|----|--|

Returns

none

# 5.4.3 static void POWER\_WakeUpConfig ( uint32\_t mask, bool powerDown ) [inline], [static]

**Parameters** 

| mask,:      | wake up configurations for deep sleep mode and power down mode, referencepower_wakeup. |
|-------------|--|
| powerDown,: | true is power down the mask part, false is powered part.                               |

# 5.4.4 static void POWER\_DeepSleepConfig ( uint32\_t mask, bool powerDown ) [inline], [static]

|             | active part configurations for deep sleep mode and power down mode, referencepower_deep_sleep_active. |
|-------------|---|
| powerDown,: | true is power down the mask part, false is powered part.  |

# 5.4.5 static void POWER\_EnableDeepSleep( void ) [inline], [static]

Returns

none

# 5.4.6 static void POWER\_DisableDeepSleep(void) [inline], [static]

Returns

none

# 5.4.7 void POWER\_EnterSleep ( void )

Returns

none

# 5.4.8 void POWER\_EnterDeepSleep ( uint32\_t activePart )

**Parameters** 

activePart,: should be a single or combine value of \_power\_deep\_sleep\_active.

Returns

none

# 5.4.9 void POWER\_EnterPowerDown ( uint32\_t activePart )

activePart,:

should be a single or combine value of \_power\_deep\_sleep\_active .

Returns

none

# 5.4.10 void POWER\_EnterDeepPowerDownMode ( void )

Returns

none

## 5.4.11 static uint32\_t POWER\_GetSleepModeFlag(void) [inline], [static]

Returns

sleep mode flag: 0 is active mode, 1 is sleep mode entered.

#### 

Returns

sleep mode flag: 0 not deep power down, 1 is deep power down mode entered.

## 5.4.13 static void POWER EnableNonDpd (bool enable) [inline], [static]

**Parameters** 

*enable,:* | true is enable non deep power down, otherwise disable.

# 5.4.14 static void POWER\_EnableLPO ( bool enable ) [inline], [static]

| enable,: | true to enable LPO, false to disable LPO. |
|----------|---|
|----------|---|

# 5.4.15 static void POWER\_EnableLPOInDeepPowerDownMode ( bool *enable* ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| enable,: | true to enable LPO, false to disable LPO. |
|----------|---|

# 5.4.16 static void POWER\_SetRetainData ( power\_gen\_reg\_t index, uint32\_t data ) [inline], [static]

Note the kPMU\_GenReg4 can retore 3 byte data only, so the general purpose register can store 19bytes data.

#### **Parameters**

| index,: | general purpose data register index. |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| data,:  | data to restore.                     |

# 5.4.17 static uint32\_t POWER\_GetRetainData ( power\_gen\_reg\_t index ) [inline], [static]

Note the kPMU\_GenReg4 can retore 3 byte data only, so the general purpose register can store 19bytes data.

#### Parameters

| index,: | general purpose data register index. |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
|---------|--------------------------------------|

#### Returns

data stored in the general purpose register.

# 5.4.18 static void POWER\_EnableWktClkIn ( bool *enable*, bool *enHysteresis* ) [inline], [static]

| enable,:       | true is enable external clock input for self-wake-up timer, otherwise disable. |
|----------------|--|
| enHysteresis,: | true is enable Hysteresis for the pin, otherwise disable.                      |

# 5.4.19 static void POWER\_EnableWakeupPinForDeepPowerDown (bool enable, bool enHysteresis) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| enable,:       | true is enable, otherwise disable.                        |
|----------------|---|
| enHysteresis,: | true is enable Hysteresis for the pin, otherwise disable. |

# 5.4.20 static void POWER\_EnableResetPinForDeepPowerDown (bool *enable*, bool *enHysteresis*) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| enable,:       | true is enable, otherwise disable.                        |
|----------------|---|
| enHysteresis,: | true is enable Hysteresis for the pin, otherwise disable. |

# 5.4.21 static void POWER\_SetBodLevel ( power\_bod\_reset\_level\_t resetLevel, power\_bod\_interrupt\_level\_t interruptLevel, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| resetLevel     | BOD reset threshold level, please refer to power_bod_reset_level_t.         |
|----------------|---|
| interruptLevel | BOD interrupt threshold level, please refer to power_bod_interrupt_level_t. |
| enable         | Used to enable/disable the BOD interrupt and BOD reset.                     |

# Chapter 6 Reset Driver

#### 6.1 Overview

Reset driver supports peripheral reset and system reset.

#### **Macros**

• #define FLASH\_RSTS\_N

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum SYSCON_RSTn_t {
 kFLASH_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 4U
 kI2C0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 5U
 kGPIOO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 6U
 kSWM_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 7U
 kSCT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 8U,
 kWKT_RST_N_SHIFT_RST_n = 0 \mid 9U,
 kMRT_RST_N_SHIFT_RST_n = 0 \mid 10U
 kSPI0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 11U,
 kSPI1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 12U
 kCRC_RST_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 13U,
 kUARTO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 14U
 kUART1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 15U
 kUART2_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 16U,
 kIOCON_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 18U,
 kACMP_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 19U
 kGPIO1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 20U,
 kI2C1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 21U,
 kI2C2_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 22U,
 kI2C3_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 23U,
 kADC_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 24U
 kCTIMER0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 25U,
 kDACO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 27U,
 kGPIOINT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 | 28U,
 kDMA_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 29U,
 kUART3_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 30U,
 kUART4_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 0 \mid 31U,
 kCAPT_RST_N_SHIFT_RST_n = 65536 \mid 0U,
 kDAC1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 65536 \mid 1U,
 kFRG0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 65536 \mid 3U
```

```
kFRG1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn = 65536 \mid 4U \mid
```

Enumeration for peripheral reset control bits.

#### **Functions**

• void RESET\_PeripheralReset (reset\_ip\_name\_t peripheral)

\*Reset peripheral module.

#### **Driver version**

- #define FSL\_RESET\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) reset driver version 2.0.1.
- 6.2 Macro Definition Documentation
- 6.2.1 #define FSL RESET DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))
- 6.2.2 #define FLASH RSTS N

Value:

```
{
    kFLASH_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn \
} /* Reset bits for Flash peripheral */
```

Array initializers with peripheral reset bits

# 6.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 6.3.1 enum SYSCON\_RSTn\_t

Defines the enumeration for peripheral reset control bits in PRESETCTRL/ASYNCPRESETCTRL registers

#### Enumerator

```
kFLASH_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Flash controller reset control
kI2CO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn I2CO reset control
kGPIOO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn GPIOO reset control
kSWM_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn SWM reset control
kSCT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn SCT reset control
kWKT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Self-wake-up timer(WKT) reset control
kMRT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Multi-rate timer(MRT) reset control
kSPIO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn SPIO reset control
kSPII_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn SPI1 reset control
kCRC_RST_SHIFT_RSTn CRC reset control
kUARTO RST N SHIFT RSTn UARTO reset control
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

42

```
kUART1 RST N SHIFT RSTn UART1 reset control
kUART2_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn UART2 reset control
kIOCON RST N SHIFT RSTn IOCON reset control
kACMP_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Analog comparator reset control
kGPIO1 RST N SHIFT RSTn GPIO1 reset control
kI2C1 RST N SHIFT RSTn I2C1 reset control
kI2C2_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn I2C2 reset control
kI2C3_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn I2C3 reset control
kADC RST N SHIFT RSTn ADC reset control
kCTIMERO_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn CTIMERO reset control
kDAC0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn DAC0 reset control
kGPIOINT RST N SHIFT RSTn GPIOINT reset control
kDMA_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn DMA reset control
kUART3_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn UART3 reset control
kUART4_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn UART4 reset control
kCAPT_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Capacitive Touch reset control
kDAC1 RST N SHIFT RSTn DAC1 reset control
kFRG0_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Fractional baud rate generator 0 reset control
kFRG1_RST_N_SHIFT_RSTn Fractional baud rate generator 1 reset control
```

### 6.4 Function Documentation

# 6.4.1 void RESET PeripheralReset ( reset\_ip\_name\_t peripheral )

Reset peripheral module.

#### **Parameters**

| peripheral | Peripheral to reset. The enum argument contains encoding of reset register and reset |
|------------|--|
|            | bit position in the reset register.  |

# **Chapter 7**

# **CAPT: Capacitive Touch**

#### 7.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Capacitive Touch (CAPT) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The Capacitive Touch module measures the change in capacitance of an electrode plate when an earth-ground connected object (for example, the finger or stylus) is brought within close proximity. Simply stated, the module delivers a small charge to an X capacitor (a mutual capacitance touch sensor), then transfers that charge to a larger Y capacitor (the measurement capacitor), and counts the number of iterations necessary for the voltage across the Y capacitor to cross a predetermined threshold.

# 7.2 Typical use case

# 7.2.1 Normal Configuration

See the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/capt/capt\_basic.

#### **Files**

• file fsl\_capt.h

# **Data Structures**

• struct capt\_config\_t

The structure for CAPT basic configuration. More...

struct capt\_touch\_data\_t

The structure for storing touch data. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
enum _capt_xpins {
 kCAPT X0Pin = 1U << 0U
 kCAPT X1Pin = 1U \ll 1U,
 kCAPT_X2Pin = 1U \ll 2U
 kCAPT X3Pin = 1U \ll 3U
 kCAPT X4Pin = 1U \ll 4U,
 kCAPT_X5Pin = 1U \ll 5U,
 kCAPT X6Pin = 1U << 6U,
 kCAPT_X7Pin = 1U << 7U,
 kCAPT X8Pin = 1U << 8U,
 kCAPT_X9Pin = 1U << 9U,
 kCAPT_X10Pin = 1U \ll 10U
 kCAPT X11Pin = 1U \ll 11U
 kCAPT_X12Pin = 1U \ll 12U,
 kCAPT X13Pin = 1U \ll 13U
 kCAPT_X14Pin = 1U \ll 14U
 kCAPT X15Pin = 1U << 15U }
    The enumeration for X pins.
enum _capt_interrupt_enable {
 kCAPT_InterruptOfYesTouchEnable,
 kCAPT InterruptOfNoTouchEnable,
 kCAPT InterruptOfPollDoneEnable = CAPT INTENSET POLLDONE MASK,
 kCAPT InterruptOfTimeOutEnable = CAPT_INTENSET_TIMEOUT_MASK,
 kCAPT_InterruptOfOverRunEnable = CAPT_INTENSET_OVERUN_MASK }
    The enumeration for enabling/disabling interrupts.
enum _capt_interrupt_status_flags {
 kCAPT_InterruptOfYesTouchStatusFlag = CAPT_INTSTAT_YESTOUCH_MASK,
 kCAPT_InterruptOfNoTouchStatusFlag = CAPT_INTSTAT_NOTOUCH_MASK,
 kCAPT_InterruptOfPollDoneStatusFlag = CAPT_INTSTAT_POLLDONE_MASK,
 kCAPT_InterruptOfTimeOutStatusFlag = CAPT_INTSTAT_TIMEOUT_MASK,
 kCAPT InterruptOfOverRunStatusFlag = CAPT INTSTAT OVERUN MASK }
    The enumeration for interrupt status flags.
enum _capt_status_flags {
 kCAPT BusyStatusFlag = CAPT STATUS BUSY MASK,
 kCAPT_XMAXStatusFlag = CAPT_STATUS_XMAX_MASK }
    The enumeration for CAPT status flags.
enum capt_trigger_mode_t {
 kCAPT_YHPortTriggerMode = 0U,
 kCAPT_ComparatorTriggerMode = 1U }
    The enumeration for CAPT trigger mode.
enum capt_inactive_xpins_mode_t {
 kCAPT_InactiveXpinsHighZMode,
 kCAPT_InactiveXpinsDrivenLowMode }
    The enumeration for the inactive X pins mode.
enum capt_measurement_delay_t {
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors
44

```
kCAPT MeasureDelayNoWait = 0U,
     kCAPT_MeasureDelayWait3FCLKs = 1U,
     kCAPT MeasureDelayWait5FCLKs = 2U,
     kCAPT_MeasureDelayWait9FCLKs = 3U }
        The enumeration for the delay of measuring voltage state.
   enum capt_reset_delay_t {
     kCAPT_ResetDelayNoWait = 0U,
     kCAPT_ResetDelayWait3FCLKs = 1U,
     kCAPT ResetDelayWait5FCLKs = 2U,
     kCAPT ResetDelayWait9FCLKs = 3U }
        The enumeration for the delay of reseting or draining Cap.
   enum capt_polling_mode_t {
     kCAPT PollInactiveMode.
     kCAPT PollNowMode = 1U,
     kCAPT PollContinuousMode }
        The enumeration of CAPT polling mode.
   enum capt_dma_mode_t {
     kCAPT DMATriggerOnTouchMode = 1U,
     kCAPT DMATriggerOnBothMode = 2U,
     kCAPT_DMATriggerOnAllMode = 3U }
        The enumeration of CAPT DMA trigger mode.
Driver version
   • #define FSL_CAPT_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 1, 0))
        CAPT driver version.
Initialization
   • void CAPT Init (CAPT Type *base, const capt config t *config)
        Initialize the CAPT module.
   • void CAPT_Deinit (CAPT_Type *base)
        De-initialize the CAPT module.
   • void CAPT_GetDefaultConfig (capt_config_t *config)
        Gets an available pre-defined settings for the CAPT's configuration.
   • static void CAPT_SetThreshold (CAPT_Type *base, uint32_t count)
        Set Sets the count threshold in divided FCLKs between touch and no-touch.
   • void CAPT_SetPollMode (CAPT_Type *base, capt_polling_mode_t mode)
        Set the CAPT polling mode.

    void CAPT_EnableDMA (CAPT_Type *base, capt_dma_mode_t mode)

        Enable DMA feature.
   • void CAPT DisableDMA (CAPT Type *base)
        Disable DMA feature.
   • static void CAPT_EnableInterrupts (CAPT_Type *base, uint32_t mask)
        Enable interrupt features.

    static void CAPT_DisableInterrupts (CAPT_Type *base, uint32_t mask)

        Disable interrupt features.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• static uint32\_t CAPT\_GetInterruptStatusFlags (CAPT\_Type \*base)

Get CAPT interrupts' status flags.

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

46

• static void CAPT\_ClearInterruptStatusFlags (CAPT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clear the interrupts' status flags.

• static uint32\_t CAPT\_GetStatusFlags (CAPT\_Type \*base)

Get CAPT status flags.

• bool CAPT\_GetTouchData (CAPT\_Type \*base, capt\_touch\_data\_t \*data)

Get CAPT touch data.

• void CAPT\_PollNow (CAPT\_Type \*base, uint16\_t enableXpins)

Start touch data polling using poll-now method.

#### 7.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 7.3.1 struct capt\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableWaitMode

If enable the wait mode, when the touch event occurs, the module will wait until the TOUCH register is read before starting the next measurement.

bool enableTouchLower

enableTouchLower = true: Trigger at count < TCNT is a touch.

• uint8 t clockDivider

Function clock divider.

• uint8 t timeOutCount

Sets the count value at which a time-out event occurs if a measurement has not triggered.

• uint8\_t pollCount

*Sets the time delay between polling rounds (successive sets of X measurements).* 

• uint16 t enableXpins

Selects which of the available X pins are enabled.

• capt\_trigger\_mode\_t triggerMode

*Select the menthods of measuring the voltage across the measurement capacitor.* 

• capt\_inactive\_xpins\_mode\_t XpinsMode

Determines how X pins enabled in the XPINSEL field are controlled when not active.

• capt\_measurement\_delay\_t mDelay

Set the time delay after entering step 3 (measure voltage state), before sampling the YH port pin or analog comarator output.

• capt\_reset\_delay\_t rDelay

Set the number of divided FCLKs the module will remain in Reset or Draining Cap.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) bool capt config t::enableWaitMode

Other-wise, measurements continue.

#### (2) bool capt config t::enableTouchLower

Trigger at count > TCNT is a no-touch. enableTouchLower = false: Trigger at count > TCNT is a touch. Trigger at count < TCNT is a no-touch. Notice: TCNT will be set by "CAPT\_DoCalibration" API.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### (3) uint8\_t capt\_config\_t::clockDivider

The function clock is divided by clockDivider+1 to produce the divided FCLK for the module. The available range is 0-15.

### (4) uint8\_t capt\_config\_t::timeOutCount

The time-out count value is calculated as  $2^{\circ}$  timeOutCount. The available range is 0-12.

### (5) uint8\_t capt\_config\_t::pollCount

After each polling round completes, the module will wait 4096 x PollCount divided FCLKs before starting the next polling round. The available range is 0-255.

### (6) uint16\_t capt\_config\_t::enableXpins

Please refer to '\_capt\_xpins'. For example, if want to enable X0, X2 and X3 pins, you can set "enable-Xpins = kCAPT\_X0Pin | kCAPT\_X2Pin | kCAPT\_X3Pin".

- (7) capt\_trigger\_mode\_t capt\_config\_t::triggerMode
- (8) capt\_inactive\_xpins\_mode\_t capt config t::XpinsMode
- (9) capt\_measurement\_delay\_t capt config t::mDelay
- (10) capt\_reset\_delay\_t capt\_config\_t::rDelay

### 7.3.2 struct capt touch data t

#### **Data Fields**

- bool yesTimeOut
  - 'true': if the measurement resulted in a time-out event, 'false': otherwise.
- bool yesTouch
  - 'true': if the trigger is due to a touch even, 'false': if the trigger is due to a no-touch event.
- uint8\_t XpinsIndex

Contains the index of the X pin for the current measurement, or lowest X for a multiple-pin poll now measurement.

• uint8 t sequenceNumber

Contains the 4-bit(0-7) sequence number, which increments at the end of each polling round.

• uint16\_t count

Contains the count value reached at trigger or time-out.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) bool capt\_touch\_data\_t::yesTimeOut
- (2) bool capt touch data t::yesTouch

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

48

- (3) uint8 t capt touch data t::XpinsIndex
- (4) uint8\_t capt\_touch\_data\_t::sequenceNumber
- (5) uint16\_t capt\_touch\_data\_t::count

#### 7.4 Macro Definition Documentation

7.4.1 #define FSL\_CAPT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0))

# 7.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 7.5.1 enum \_capt\_xpins

#### Enumerator

```
kCAPT_X0Pin CAPT_X0 pin.
kCAPT_X1Pin CAPT_X1 pin.
kCAPT_X2Pin CAPT_X2 pin.
kCAPT_X3Pin CAPT_X3 pin.
kCAPT_X4Pin CAPT_X4 pin.
kCAPT X5Pin CAPT X5 pin.
kCAPT_X6Pin CAPT_X6 pin.
kCAPT X7Pin CAPT X7 pin.
kCAPT X8Pin CAPT X8 pin.
kCAPT_X9Pin CAPT_X9 pin.
kCAPT_X10Pin CAPT_X10 pin.
kCAPT X11Pin CAPT X11 pin.
kCAPT_X12Pin CAPT_X12 pin.
kCAPT X13Pin CAPT X13 pin.
kCAPT_X14Pin CAPT_X14 pin.
kCAPT X15Pin CAPT X15 pin.
```

# 7.5.2 enum \_capt\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_InterruptOfYesTouchEnable Generate interrupt when a touch has been detected.

kCAPT\_InterruptOfNoTouchEnable Generate interrupt when a no-touch has been detected.

*kCAPT\_InterruptOfPollDoneEnable* Genarate interrupt at the end of a polling round, or when a POLLNOW completes.

*kCAPT\_InterruptOfTimeOutEnable* Generate interrupt when the count reaches the time-out count value before a trigger occurs.

*kCAPT\_InterruptOfOverRunEnable* Generate interrupt when the Touch Data register has been updated before software has read the previous data, and the touch has been detected.

# 7.5.3 enum \_capt\_interrupt\_status\_flags

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_InterruptOfYesTouchStatusFlagYESTOUCH interrupt status flag.kCAPT\_InterruptOfNoTouchStatusFlagNOTOUCH interrupt status flag.kCAPT\_InterruptOfPollDoneStatusFlagPOLLDONE interrupt status flag.kCAPT\_InterruptOfTimeOutStatusFlagTIMEOUT interrupt status flag.kCAPT\_InterruptOfOverRunStatusFlagOVERRUN interrupt status flag.

# 7.5.4 enum \_capt\_status\_flags

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_BusyStatusFlag Set while a poll is currently in progress, otherwise cleared.kCAPT\_XMAXStatusFlag The maximum number of X pins available for a given device is equal to XMAX+1.

# 7.5.5 enum capt\_trigger\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_YHPortTriggerMode YH port pin trigger mode.kCAPT\_ComparatorTriggerMode Analog comparator trigger mode.

# 7.5.6 enum capt\_inactive\_xpins\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kCAPT\_InactiveXpinsHighZMode* Xpins enabled in the XPINSEL field are controlled to HIGH-Z mode when not active.

*kCAPT\_InactiveXpinsDrivenLowMode* Xpins enabled in the XPINSEL field are controlled to be driven low mode when not active.

# 7.5.7 enum capt\_measurement\_delay\_t

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_MeasureDelayNoWait Don't wait.kCAPT\_MeasureDelayWait3FCLKs Wait 3 divided FCLKs.

kCAPT\_MeasureDelayWait5FCLKs Wait 5 divided FCLKs.

kCAPT\_MeasureDelayWait9FCLKs Wait 9 divided FCLKs.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# 7.5.8 enum capt\_reset\_delay\_t

#### Enumerator

kCAPT\_ResetDelayNoWait Don't wait.

kCAPT\_ResetDelayWait3FCLKs Wait 3 divided FCLKs.

kCAPT\_ResetDelayWait5FCLKs Wait 5 divided FCLKs.

kCAPT\_ResetDelayWait9FCLKs Wait 9 divided FCLKs.

# 7.5.9 enum capt\_polling\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kCAPT\_PollInactiveMode* No measurements are taken, no polls are performed. The module remains in the Reset/ Draining Cap.

**kCAPT\_PollNowMode** Immediately launches (ignoring Poll Delay) a one-time-only, simultaneous poll of all X pins that are enabled in the XPINSEL field of the Control register, then stops, returning to Reset/Draining Cap.

*kCAPT\_PollContinuousMode* Polling rounds are continuously performed, by walking through the enabled X pins.

# 7.5.10 enum capt\_dma\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kCAPT\_DMATriggerOnTouchMode* Trigger on touch.

*kCAPT\_DMATriggerOnBothMode* Trigger on both touch and no-touch.

kCAPT\_DMATriggerOnAllMode Trigger on all touch, no-touch and time-out.

#### 7.6 Function Documentation

# 7.6.1 void CAPT\_Init ( CAPT\_Type \* base, const capt\_config\_t \* config )

### Parameters

| base   | CAPT peripheral base address.         |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| config | Pointer to "capt_config_t" structure. |

# 7.6.2 void CAPT\_Deinit ( CAPT\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

# 7.6.3 void CAPT\_GetDefaultConfig ( capt\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the converter configuration structure with available settings. The default values are:

```
* config->enableWaitMode = false;
* config->enableTouchLower = true;
* config->clockDivider = 15U;
* config->timeOutCount = 12U;
* config->pollCount = 0U;
* config->enableXpins = 0U;
* config->enableXpins = 0U;
* config->triggerMode = kCAPT_YHPortTriggerMode;
* config->XpinsMode = kCAPT_InactiveXpinsDrivenLowMode;
* config->mDelay = kCAPT_MeasureDelayNoWait;
* config->rDelay = kCAPT_ResetDelayWait9FCLKs;
*
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 7.6.4 static void CAPT\_SetThreshold ( CAPT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t count ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base  | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| count | The count threshold.          |

# 7.6.5 void CAPT\_SetPollMode ( CAPT\_Type \* base, capt\_polling\_mode\_t mode )

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | CAPT peripheral base address.  |
|------|--------------------------------|
| mode | The selection of polling mode. |

# 7.6.6 void CAPT\_EnableDMA ( CAPT\_Type \* base, capt\_dma\_mode\_t mode )

#### **Parameters**

| base | CAPT peripheral base address.          |
|------|--|
| mode | Select how DMA triggers are generated. |

# 7.6.7 void CAPT\_DisableDMA ( CAPT\_Type \* base )

### Parameters

| base | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|

# 7.6.8 static void CAPT\_EnableInterrupts ( CAPT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | CAPT peripheral base address.  |
|------|--|
| mask | The mask of enabling interrupt features. Please refer to "_capt_interrupt_enable". |

# 7.6.9 static void CAPT DisableInterrupts ( CAPT Type \* base, uint32 t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| mask | The mask of disabling interrupt features | . Please refer to "_capt_interrupt_enable". |
|------|--|---|
|------|--|---|

# 7.6.10 static uint32\_t CAPT\_GetInterruptStatusFlags ( CAPT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

The mask of interrupts' status flags. please refer to "\_capt\_interrupt\_status\_flags".

# 7.6.11 static void CAPT\_ClearInterruptStatusFlags ( CAPT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | CAPT peripheral base address.   |
|------|---|
| mask | The mask of clearing the interrupts' status flags, please refer to "_capt_interruptstatus_flags". |

# 7.6.12 static uint32\_t CAPT\_GetStatusFlags ( CAPT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

### Parameters

| base | CAPT peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

The mask of CAPT status flags. Please refer to "\_capt\_status\_flags" Or use CAPT\_GET\_XMAX\_NUMBER(mask) to get XMAX number.

# 7.6.13 bool CAPT\_GetTouchData ( CAPT\_Type \* base, capt\_touch\_data\_t \* data )

54

#### **Parameters**

| base | CAPT peripheral base address.      |
|------|------------------------------------|
| data | The structure to store touch data. |

#### Returns

If return 'true', which means get valid data. if return 'false', which means get invalid data.

# 7.6.14 void CAPT\_PollNow ( CAPT\_Type \* base, uint16\_t enableXpins )

This function starts new data polling using polling-now method, CAPT stops when the polling is finished, application could check the status or monitor interrupt to know when the progress is finished.

Note that this is simultaneous poll of all X pins, all enabled X pins are activated concurrently, rather than walked one-at-a-time

#### **Parameters**

| base        | CAPT peripheral base address.       |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| enableXpins | The X pins enabled in this polling. |

# Chapter 8 Common Driver

#### 8.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the common module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### **Macros**

#define FSL\_DRIVER\_TRANSFER\_DOUBLE\_WEAK\_IRQ 1

Macro to use the default weak IRQ handler in drivers.

• #define MAKE\_STATUS(group, code) ((((group)\*100L) + (code)))

Construct a status code value from a group and code number.

• #define MAKE\_VERSION(major, minor, bugfix) (((major)\*65536L) + ((minor)\*256L) + (bugfix)) Construct the version number for drivers.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_NONE 0U

No debug console.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_UART 1U

Debug console based on UART.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_LPUART 2U

Debug console based on LPUART.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_LPSCI 3U

Debug console based on LPSCI.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_USBCDC 4U

Debug console based on USBCDC.

#define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE FLEXCOMM 5U

Debug console based on FLEXCOMM.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_IUART 6U

Debug console based on i.MX UART.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_VUSART 7U

Debug console based on LPC VUSART.

#define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE MINI USART 8U

Debug console based on LPC\_USART.

#define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_SWO 9U

Debug console based on SWO.

#define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE QSCI 10U

Debug console based on QSCI.

• #define ARRAY SIZE(x) (sizeof(x) / sizeof((x)[0]))

Computes the number of elements in an array.

# **Typedefs**

• typedef int32\_t status\_t

*Type used for all status and error return values.* 

### **Enumerations**

```
• enum status groups {
 kStatusGroup_Generic = 0,
 kStatusGroup_FLASH = 1,
 kStatusGroup\_LPSPI = 4,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXIO_SPI = 5,
 kStatusGroup_DSPI = 6,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXIO_UART = 7,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXIO_I2C = 8,
 kStatusGroup_LPI2C = 9,
 kStatusGroup UART = 10,
 kStatusGroup_I2C = 11,
 kStatusGroup LPSCI = 12,
 kStatusGroup_LPUART = 13,
 kStatusGroup_SPI = 14,
 kStatusGroup_XRDC = 15,
 kStatusGroup\_SEMA42 = 16,
 kStatusGroup_SDHC = 17,
 kStatusGroup_SDMMC = 18,
 kStatusGroup\_SAI = 19,
 kStatusGroup\ MCG = 20,
 kStatusGroup_SCG = 21,
 kStatusGroup_SDSPI = 22,
 kStatusGroup FLEXIO I2S = 23,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXIO_MCULCD = 24,
 kStatusGroup_FLASHIAP = 25,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXCOMM_I2C = 26,
 kStatusGroup_I2S = 27,
 kStatusGroup IUART = 28,
 kStatusGroup_CSI = 29,
 kStatusGroup_MIPI_DSI = 30,
 kStatusGroup SDRAMC = 35,
 kStatusGroup_POWER = 39,
 kStatusGroup_ENET = 40,
 kStatusGroup_PHY = 41,
 kStatusGroup\_TRGMUX = 42,
 kStatusGroup_SMARTCARD = 43,
 kStatusGroup_LMEM = 44,
 kStatusGroup_QSPI = 45,
 kStatusGroup DMA = 50,
 kStatusGroup\_EDMA = 51,
 kStatusGroup_DMAMGR = 52,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXCAN = 53,
 kStatusGroup\_LTC = 54,
 kStatusGroup_FLEXIO_CAMERA = 55,
 kStatusGroup_LPC_SPI = 56,
 kStatusGroup_LPC_USMCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
```

```
kStatusGroup_NETC = 165 }
    Status group numbers.
• enum {
    kStatus_Success = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 0),
    kStatus_Fail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 1),
    kStatus_ReadOnly = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 2),
    kStatus_OutOfRange = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 3),
    kStatus_InvalidArgument = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 4),
    kStatus_Timeout = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 5),
    kStatus_NoTransferInProgress,
    kStatus_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_Generic, 7),
    kStatus_NoData }
    Generic status return codes.
```

#### **Functions**

- void \* SDK\_Malloc (size\_t size, size\_t alignbytes)
  - Allocate memory with given alignment and aligned size.
- void SDK\_Free (void \*ptr)

Free memory.

• void SDK\_DelayAtLeastUs (uint32\_t delayTime\_us, uint32\_t coreClock\_Hz) Delay at least for some time.

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_COMMON\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 4, 0)) common driver version.

#### Min/max macros

- #define MIN(a, b) (((a) < (b)) ? (a) : (b))
- #define MAX(a, b) (((a) > (b)) ? (a) : (b))

# UINT16 MAX/UINT32 MAX value

- #define **UINT16 MAX** ((uint16 t)-1)
- #define **UINT32\_MAX** ((uint32\_t)-1)

# Suppress fallthrough warning macro

- #define SUPPRESS\_FALL\_THROUGH\_WARNING()
- 8.2 Macro Definition Documentation
- 8.2.1 #define FSL DRIVER TRANSFER DOUBLE WEAK IRQ 1
- 8.2.2 #define MAKE STATUS( group, code ) ((((group)\*100L) + (code)))

# 8.2.3 #define MAKE\_VERSION( major, minor, bugfix ) (((major)\*65536L) + ((minor)\*256L) + (bugfix))

The driver version is a 32-bit number, for both 32-bit platforms(such as Cortex M) and 16-bit platforms(such as DSC).

- 8.2.4 #define FSL\_COMMON\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 4, 0))
- 8.2.5 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE NONE 0U
- 8.2.6 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE UART 1U
- 8.2.7 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE LPUART 2U
- 8.2.8 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE LPSCI 3U
- 8.2.9 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE USBCDC 4U
- 8.2.10 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE FLEXCOMM 5U
- 8.2.11 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE IUART 6U
- 8.2.12 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE VUSART 7U
- 8.2.13 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE MINI USART 8U
- 8.2.14 #define DEBUG\_CONSOLE\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_SWO 9U
- 8.2.15 #define DEBUG CONSOLE DEVICE TYPE QSCI 10U
- 8.2.16 #define ARRAY SIZE( x ) (sizeof(x) / sizeof((x)[0]))
- 8.3 Typedef Documentation
- 8.3.1 typedef int32\_t status\_t

# 8.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 8.4.1 enum \_status\_groups

#### Enumerator

kStatusGroup\_Generic Group number for generic status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLASH Group number for FLASH status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPSPI Group number for LPSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXIO\_SPI Group number for FLEXIO SPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_DSPI Group number for DSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXIO\_UART Group number for FLEXIO UART status codes.

kStatusGroup FLEXIO I2C Group number for FLEXIO I2C status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPI2C Group number for LPI2C status codes.

kStatusGroup\_UART Group number for UART status codes.

kStatusGroup\_I2C Group number for UART status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPSCI Group number for LPSCI status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_LPUART** Group number for LPUART status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SPI** Group number for SPI status code.

**kStatusGroup\_XRDC** Group number for XRDC status code.

kStatusGroup SEMA42 Group number for SEMA42 status code.

**kStatusGroup\_SDHC** Group number for SDHC status code.

kStatusGroup\_SDMMC Group number for SDMMC status code.

kStatusGroup SAI Group number for SAI status code.

**kStatusGroup\_MCG** Group number for MCG status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SCG** Group number for SCG status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDSPI Group number for SDSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXIO\_I2S Group number for FLEXIO I2S status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXIO\_MCULCD Group number for FLEXIO LCD status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLASHIAP Group number for FLASHIAP status codes.

**kStatusGroup FLEXCOMM 12C** Group number for FLEXCOMM 12C status codes.

kStatusGroup\_I2S Group number for I2S status codes.

kStatusGroup\_IUART Group number for IUART status codes.

kStatusGroup CSI Group number for CSI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_MIPI\_DSI Group number for MIPI DSI status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SDRAMC** Group number for SDRAMC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_POWER Group number for POWER status codes.

**kStatusGroup ENET** Group number for ENET status codes.

kStatusGroup PHY Group number for PHY status codes.

kStatusGroup\_TRGMUX Group number for TRGMUX status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SMARTCARD** Group number for SMARTCARD status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LMEM Group number for LMEM status codes.

kStatusGroup\_QSPI Group number for QSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_DMA Group number for DMA status codes.

kStatusGroup\_EDMA Group number for EDMA status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_DMAMGR** Group number for DMAMGR status codes.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kStatusGroup FLEXCAN Group number for FlexCAN status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_LTC** Group number for LTC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXIO\_CAMERA Group number for FLEXIO CAMERA status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPC\_SPI Group number for LPC\_SPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPC\_USART Group number for LPC\_USART status codes.

kStatusGroup\_DMIC Group number for DMIC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDIF Group number for SDIF status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SPIFI Group number for SPIFI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_OTP Group number for OTP status codes.

*kStatusGroup\_MCAN* Group number for MCAN status codes.

kStatusGroup\_CAAM Group number for CAAM status codes.

kStatusGroup\_ECSPI Group number for ECSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_USDHC Group number for USDHC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPC\_I2C Group number for LPC\_I2C status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_DCP** Group number for DCP status codes.

kStatusGroup\_MSCAN Group number for MSCAN status codes.

kStatusGroup\_ESAI Group number for ESAI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_FLEXSPI Group number for FLEXSPI status codes.

*kStatusGroup\_MMDC* Group number for MMDC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_PDM Group number for MIC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDMA Group number for SDMA status codes.

**kStatusGroup ICS** Group number for ICS status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SPDIF Group number for SPDIF status codes.

**kStatusGroup LPC MINISPI** Group number for LPC MINISPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_HASHCRYPT Group number for Hashcrypt status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPC\_SPI\_SSP Group number for LPC\_SPI\_SSP status codes.

kStatusGroup\_I3C Group number for I3C status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LPC\_I2C\_1 Group number for LPC\_I2C\_1 status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_NOTIFIER** Group number for NOTIFIER status codes.

kStatusGroup\_DebugConsole Group number for debug console status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SEMC Group number for SEMC status codes.

kStatusGroup ApplicationRangeStart Starting number for application groups.

kStatusGroup IAP Group number for IAP status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SFA** Group number for SFA status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_SPC** Group number for SPC status codes.

kStatusGroup PUF Group number for PUF status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_TOUCH\_PANEL** Group number for touch panel status codes.

kStatusGroup\_VBAT Group number for VBAT status codes.

*kStatusGroup\_HAL\_GPIO* Group number for HAL GPIO status codes.

kStatusGroup\_HAL\_UART Group number for HAL UART status codes.

kStatusGroup\_HAL\_TIMER Group number for HAL TIMER status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_HAL\_SPI** Group number for HAL SPI status codes.

kStatusGroup HAL 12C Group number for HAL 12C status codes.

kStatusGroup HAL FLASH Group number for HAL FLASH status codes.

*kStatusGroup\_HAL\_PWM* Group number for HAL PWM status codes.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kStatusGroup\_HAL\_RNG Group number for HAL RNG status codes.

kStatusGroup\_HAL\_I2S Group number for HAL I2S status codes.

kStatusGroup\_TIMERMANAGER Group number for TiMER MANAGER status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SERIALMANAGER Group number for SERIAL MANAGER status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LED Group number for LED status codes.

kStatusGroup\_BUTTON Group number for BUTTON status codes.

kStatusGroup\_EXTERN\_EEPROM Group number for EXTERN EEPROM status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SHELL Group number for SHELL status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_MEM\_MANAGER** Group number for MEM MANAGER status codes.

kStatusGroup\_LIST Group number for List status codes.

kStatusGroup\_OSA Group number for OSA status codes.

kStatusGroup COMMON TASK Group number for Common task status codes.

kStatusGroup\_MSG Group number for messaging status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDK\_OCOTP Group number for OCOTP status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDK\_FLEXSPINOR Group number for FLEXSPINOR status codes.

kStatusGroup CODEC Group number for codec status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_ASRC** Group number for codec status ASRC.

kStatusGroup\_OTFAD Group number for codec status codes.

kStatusGroup\_SDIOSLV Group number for SDIOSLV status codes.

kStatusGroup\_MECC Group number for MECC status codes.

kStatusGroup\_ENET\_QOS Group number for ENET\_QOS status codes.

kStatusGroup LOG Group number for LOG status codes.

kStatusGroup\_I3CBUS Group number for I3CBUS status codes.

kStatusGroup QSCI Group number for QSCI status codes.

kStatusGroup SNT Group number for SNT status codes.

kStatusGroup\_QUEUEDSPI Group number for QSPI status codes.

kStatusGroup\_POWER\_MANAGER Group number for POWER\_MANAGER status codes.

kStatusGroup IPED Group number for IPED status codes.

kStatusGroup\_CSS\_PKC Group number for CSS PKC status codes.

**kStatusGroup\_HOSTIF** Group number for HOSTIF status codes.

kStatusGroup\_CLIF Group number for CLIF status codes.

kStatusGroup\_BMA Group number for BMA status codes.

**kStatusGroup NETC** Group number for NETC status codes.

# 8.4.2 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_Success Generic status for Success.

kStatus Fail Generic status for Fail.

kStatus ReadOnly Generic status for read only failure.

kStatus\_OutOfRange Generic status for out of range access.

**kStatus\_InvalidArgument** Generic status for invalid argument check.

kStatus Timeout Generic status for timeout.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

62

kStatus\_NoTransferInProgress Generic status for no transfer in progress.

kStatus\_Busy Generic status for module is busy.

kStatus\_NoData Generic status for no data is found for the operation.

### 8.5 Function Documentation

# 8.5.1 void\* SDK\_Malloc ( size\_t size, size\_t alignbytes )

This is provided to support the dynamically allocated memory used in cache-able region.

#### **Parameters**

| size       | The length required to malloc. |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| alignbytes | The alignment size.            |

#### Return values

| The | allocated memory. |
|-----|-------------------|

# 8.5.2 void SDK\_Free ( void \* ptr )

#### **Parameters**

| ntr | The memory to be release. |
|-----|---------------------------|
| Pii | The memory to be release. |

# 8.5.3 void SDK\_DelayAtLeastUs ( uint32\_t delayTime\_us, uint32\_t coreClock\_Hz )

Please note that, this API uses while loop for delay, different run-time environments make the time not precise, if precise delay count was needed, please implement a new delay function with hardware timer.

### Parameters

| delayTime_us | Delay time in unit of microsecond. |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| coreClock_Hz | Core clock frequency with Hz.      |

# **Chapter 9**

# CTIMER: Standard counter/timers

### 9.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the cTimer module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 9.2 Function groups

The cTimer driver supports the generation of PWM signals, input capture, and setting up the timer match conditions.

#### 9.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function CTIMER\_Init() initializes the cTimer with specified configurations. The function CT-IMER\_GetDefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the counter/timer mode and input selection when running in counter mode.

The function CTIMER\_Deinit() stops the timer and turns off the module clock.

# 9.2.2 PWM Operations

The function CTIMER\_SetupPwm() sets up channels for PWM output. Each channel has its own duty cycle, however the same PWM period is applied to all channels requesting the PWM output. The signal duty cycle is provided as a percentage of the PWM period. Its value should be between 0 and 100 0=inactive signal(0% duty cycle) and 100=always active signal (100% duty cycle).

The function CTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle() updates the PWM signal duty cycle of a particular channel.

# 9.2.3 Match Operation

The function CTIMER\_SetupMatch() sets up channels for match operation. Each channel is configured with a match value: if the counter should stop on match, if counter should reset on match, and output pin action. The output signal can be cleared, set, or toggled on match.

# 9.2.4 Input capture operations

The function CTIMER\_SetupCapture() sets up an channel for input capture. The user can specify the capture edge and if a interrupt should be generated when processing the input signal.

# 9.3 Typical use case

# 9.3.1 Match example

Set up a match channel to toggle output when a match occurs. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/ctimer

# 9.3.2 PWM output example

Set up a channel for PWM output. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROO-T>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/ctimer

## **Files**

• file fsl\_ctimer.h

# **Data Structures**

```
    struct ctimer_match_config_t
        Match configuration. More...
    struct ctimer_config_t
        Timer configuration structure. More...
```

### **Enumerations**

```
enum ctimer_capture_channel_t {
 kCTIMER\_Capture\_0 = 0U,
 kCTIMER_Capture_1,
 kCTIMER Capture 2,
 kCTIMER Capture 3 }
    List of Timer capture channels.
enum ctimer_capture_edge_t {
  kCTIMER_Capture_RiseEdge = 1U,
 kCTIMER Capture FallEdge = 2U,
 kCTIMER_Capture_BothEdge = 3U }
    List of capture edge options.
enum ctimer_match_t {
 kCTIMER_Match_0 = 0U,
 kCTIMER Match 1,
 kCTIMER_Match_2,
 kCTIMER_Match_3 }
    List of Timer match registers.
• enum ctimer external match t {
 kCTIMER_External_Match_0 = (1UL << 0),
 kCTIMER_External_Match_1 = (1UL << 1),
 kCTIMER_External_Match_2 = (1UL << 2),
 kCTIMER External Match 3 = (1UL \ll 3)
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
List of external match.
   enum ctimer_match_output_control_t {
     kCTIMER_Output_NoAction = 0U,
     kCTIMER_Output_Clear,
     kCTIMER Output Set,
     kCTIMER_Output_Toggle }
       List of output control options.
   • enum ctimer_timer_mode_t
       List of Timer modes.
   enum ctimer_interrupt_enable_t {
     kCTIMER Match0InterruptEnable = CTIMER MCR MR0I MASK,
     kCTIMER Match1InterruptEnable = CTIMER MCR MR1I MASK,
     kCTIMER_Match2InterruptEnable = CTIMER_MCR_MR2I_MASK,
     kCTIMER Match3InterruptEnable = CTIMER MCR MR3I MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture0InterruptEnable = CTIMER_CCR_CAP0I_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture1InterruptEnable = CTIMER_CCR_CAP1I_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture2InterruptEnable = CTIMER_CCR_CAP2I_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture3InterruptEnable = CTIMER_CCR_CAP3I_MASK }
       List of Timer interrupts.
   enum ctimer_status_flags_t {
     kCTIMER_Match0Flag = CTIMER_IR_MR0INT_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Match1Flag = CTIMER_IR_MR1INT_MASK,
     kCTIMER Match2Flag = CTIMER IR MR2INT MASK,
     kCTIMER_Match3Flag = CTIMER_IR_MR3INT_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture0Flag = CTIMER_IR_CR0INT_MASK,
     kCTIMER Capture1Flag = CTIMER IR CR1INT MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture2Flag = CTIMER_IR_CR2INT_MASK,
     kCTIMER_Capture3Flag = CTIMER_IR_CR3INT_MASK }
       List of Timer flags.
   enum ctimer_callback_type_t {
     kCTIMER_SingleCallback,
     kCTIMER MultipleCallback }
       Callback type when registering for a callback.
Functions

    void CTIMER_SetupMatch (CTIMER_Type *base, ctimer_match_t matchChannel, const ctimer_-

     match config t *config)
       Setup the match register.
   • uint32_t CTIMER_GetOutputMatchStatus (CTIMER_Type *base, uint32_t matchChannel)
       Get the status of output match.
   • void CTIMER_SetupCapture (CTIMER_Type *base, ctimer_capture_channel_t capture, ctimer_-
     capture edge t edge, bool enableInt)
       Setup the capture.

    static uint32_t CTIMER_GetTimerCountValue (CTIMER_Type *base)

       Get the timer count value from TC register.
   • void CTIMER_RegisterCallBack (CTIMER_Type *base, ctimer_callback_t *cb_func, ctimer_-
     callback_type_t cb_type)
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual
NXP Semiconductors
65

Register callback.

• static void CTIMER\_Reset (CTIMER\_Type \*base)

Reset the counter.

• static void CTIMER\_SetPrescale (CTIMER\_Type \*base, uint32\_t prescale)

Setup the timer prescale value.

• static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetCaptureValue (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture)

Get capture channel value.

• static void CTIMER\_EnableResetMatchChannel (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable)

Enable reset match channel.

• static void CTIMER\_EnableStopMatchChannel (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable)

Enable stop match channel.

• static void CTIMER\_EnableMatchChannelReload (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable)

Enable reload channel falling edge.

• static void CTIMER\_EnableRisingEdgeCapture (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture, bool enable)

Enable capture channel rising edge.

• static void CTIMER\_EnableFallingEdgeCapture (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture, bool enable)

Enable capture channel falling edge.

• static void CTIMER\_SetShadowValue (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_match\_t match, uint32\_-t matchvalue)

Set the specified match shadow channel.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_CTIMER\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 3, 1)) *Version 2.3.1.* 

#### Initialization and deinitialization

• void CTIMER\_Init (CTIMER\_Type \*base, const ctimer\_config\_t \*config)

*Ungates the clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.* 

• void CTIMER\_Deinit (CTIMER\_Type \*base)

Gates the timer clock.

• void CTIMER GetDefaultConfig (ctimer config t \*config)

Fills in the timers configuration structure with the default settings.

# PWM setup operations

 status\_t CTIMER\_SetupPwmPeriod (CTIMER\_Type \*base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriod-Channel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint32\_t pwmPeriod, uint32\_t pulsePeriod, bool enable-Int)

Configures the PWM signal parameters.

• status\_t CTIMER\_SetupPwm (CTIMER\_Type \*base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriodChannel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent, uint32\_t pwmFreq\_Hz, uint32\_t src-Clock\_Hz, bool enableInt)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

Configures the PWM signal parameters.

• static void CTIMER\_UpdatePwmPulsePeriod (CTIMER\_Type \*base, ctimer\_match\_t match-Channel, uint32\_t pulsePeriod)

Updates the pulse period of an active PWM signal.

• void CTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle (CTIMER\_Type \*base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriod-Channel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent)

Updates the duty cycle of an active PWM signal.

# **Interrupt Interface**

- static void CTIMER\_EnableInterrupts (CTIMER\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the selected Timer interrupts.
- static void CTIMER\_DisableInterrupts (CTIMER\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the selected Timer interrupts.
- static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetEnabledInterrupts (CTIMER\_Type \*base) Gets the enabled Timer interrupts.

### **Status Interface**

- static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetStatusFlags (CTIMER\_Type \*base) Gets the Timer status flags.
- static void CTIMER\_ČlearStatusFlags (CTIMER\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the Timer status flags.

# **Counter Start and Stop**

• static void CTIMER\_StartTimer (CTIMER\_Type \*base)

Starts the Timer counter.

• static void CTIMER\_StopTimer (CTIMER\_Type \*base)

Stops the Timer counter.

#### 9.4 Data Structure Documentation

# 9.4.1 struct ctimer\_match\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for each match register.

### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t matchValue
  - This is stored in the match register.
- bool enableCounterReset
  - true: Match will reset the counter false: Match will not reser the counter
- bool enableCounterStop
  - true: Match will stop the counter false: Match will not stop the counter
- ctimer\_match\_output\_control\_t outControl
  - Action to be taken on a match on the EM bit/output.
- bool outPinInitState

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

*Initial value of the EM bit/output.* 

bool enableInterrupt

true: Generate interrupt upon match false: Do not generate interrupt on match

# 9.4.2 struct ctimer\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the Timer peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the CTIMER\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to the configuration structure instance.

The configuration structure can be made constant so as to reside in flash.

### **Data Fields**

• ctimer\_timer\_mode\_t mode

Timer mode.

ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t input

Input channel to increment the timer, used only in timer modes that rely on this input signal to increment TC.

• uint32\_t prescale

Prescale value.

# 9.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 9.5.1 enum ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCTIMER_Capture_0 Timer capture channel 0.
kCTIMER_Capture_1 Timer capture channel 1.
kCTIMER_Capture_2 Timer capture channel 2.
kCTIMER Capture 3 Timer capture channel 3.
```

# 9.5.2 enum ctimer\_capture\_edge\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCTIMER_Capture_RiseEdge Capture on rising edge.kCTIMER_Capture_FallEdge Capture on falling edge.kCTIMER Capture BothEdge Capture on rising and falling edge.
```

# 9.5.3 enum ctimer\_match\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCTIMER_Match_0 Timer match register 0.
kCTIMER_Match_1 Timer match register 1.
kCTIMER_Match_2 Timer match register 2.
kCTIMER_Match_3 Timer match register 3.
```

## 9.5.4 enum ctimer\_external\_match\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCTIMER_External_Match_0 External match 0.
kCTIMER_External_Match_1 External match 1.
kCTIMER_External_Match_2 External match 2.
kCTIMER_External_Match_3 External match 3.
```

# 9.5.5 enum ctimer\_match\_output\_control\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCTIMER_Output_NoAction No action is taken.kCTIMER_Output_Clear Clear the EM bit/output to 0.kCTIMER_Output_Set Set the EM bit/output to 1.kCTIMER_Output_Toggle Toggle the EM bit/output.
```

# 9.5.6 enum ctimer\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kCTIMER_Match0InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Match1InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Match2InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Match3InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Capture0InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Capture1InterruptEnable
    kCTIMER_Capture2InterruptEnable
    Capture 1 interrupt.
    kCTIMER_Capture3InterruptEnable
    Capture 2 interrupt.
    kCTIMER_Capture3InterruptEnable
    Capture 3 interrupt.
```

# 9.5.7 enum ctimer\_status\_flags\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kCTIMER_Match0Flag
    kCTIMER_Match1Flag
    Match 1 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Match2Flag
    Match 2 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Match3Flag
    Match 3 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Capture0Flag
    Capture 0 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Capture1Flag
    Capture 1 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Capture2Flag
    Capture 2 interrupt flag.
    kCTIMER_Capture3Flag
    Capture 3 interrupt flag.
```

# 9.5.8 enum ctimer\_callback\_type\_t

When registering a callback an array of function pointers is passed the size could be 1 or 8, the callback type will tell that.

#### Enumerator

*kCTIMER\_SingleCallback* Single Callback type where there is only one callback for the timer. based on the status flags different channels needs to be handled differently

**kCTIMER\_MultipleCallback** Multiple Callback type where there can be 8 valid callbacks, one per channel. for both match/capture

### 9.6 Function Documentation

# 9.6.1 void CTIMER\_Init ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, const ctimer\_config\_t \* config )

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application before using the driver.

### Parameters

| base   | Ctimer peripheral base address               |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the user configuration structure. |

# 9.6.2 void CTIMER\_Deinit ( CTIMER\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

# 9.6.3 void CTIMER\_GetDefaultConfig ( ctimer\_config\_t \* config )

The default values are:

```
config->mode = kCTIMER_TimerMode;
config->input = kCTIMER_Capture_0;
config->prescale = 0;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the user configuration structure. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

# 9.6.4 status\_t CTIMER\_SetupPwmPeriod ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriodChannel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint32\_t pwmPeriod, uint32\_t pulsePeriod, bool enableInt )

Enables PWM mode on the match channel passed in and will then setup the match value and other match parameters to generate a PWM signal. This function can manually assign the specified channel to set the PWM cycle.

Note

When setting PWM output from multiple output pins, all should use the same PWM period

#### **Parameters**

| base                  | Ctimer peripheral base address                |
|-----------------------|---|
| pwmPeriod-<br>Channel | Specify the channel to control the PWM period |
| matchChannel          | Match pin to be used to output the PWM signal |

| pwmPeriod   | PWM period match value  |
|-------------|---|
| pulsePeriod | Pulse width match value   |
| enableInt   | Enable interrupt when the timer value reaches the match value of the PWM pulse, if it is 0 then no interrupt will be generated. |

# 9.6.5 status\_t CTIMER\_SetupPwm ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriodChannel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent, uint32\_t pwmFreq\_Hz, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz, bool enableInt )

Enables PWM mode on the match channel passed in and will then setup the match value and other match parameters to generate a PWM signal. This function can manually assign the specified channel to set the PWM cycle.

#### Note

When setting PWM output from multiple output pins, all should use the same PWM frequency. Please use CTIMER\_SetupPwmPeriod to set up the PWM with high resolution.

### **Parameters**

| base                  | Ctimer peripheral base address  |
|-----------------------|---|
| pwmPeriod-<br>Channel | Specify the channel to control the PWM period   |
| matchChannel          | Match pin to be used to output the PWM signal   |
| dutyCycle-<br>Percent | PWM pulse width; the value should be between 0 to 100   |
| pwmFreq_Hz            | PWM signal frequency in Hz  |
| srcClock_Hz           | Timer counter clock in Hz   |
| enableInt             | Enable interrupt when the timer value reaches the match value of the PWM pulse, if it is 0 then no interrupt will be generated. |

# 9.6.6 static void CTIMER\_UpdatePwmPulsePeriod ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint32\_t pulsePeriod ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base         | Ctimer peripheral base address                |
|--------------|---|
| matchChannel | Match pin to be used to output the PWM signal |
| pulsePeriod  | New PWM pulse width match value               |

# 9.6.7 void CTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, const ctimer\_match\_t pwmPeriodChannel, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent )

#### Note

Please use CTIMER\_SetupPwmPeriod to update the PWM with high resolution. This function can manually assign the specified channel to set the PWM cycle.

#### **Parameters**

| base                  | Ctimer peripheral base address                            |
|-----------------------|---|
| pwmPeriod-<br>Channel | Specify the channel to control the PWM period             |
| matchChannel          | Match pin to be used to output the PWM signal             |
| dutyCycle-<br>Percent | New PWM pulse width; the value should be between 0 to 100 |

# 9.6.8 void CTIMER\_SetupMatch ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t matchChannel, const ctimer\_match\_config\_t \* config\_)

User configuration is used to setup the match value and action to be taken when a match occurs.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | Ctimer peripheral base address               |
|--------------|--|
| matchChannel | Match register to configure                  |
| config       | Pointer to the match configuration structure |

# 9.6.9 uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetOutputMatchStatus ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, uint32\_t matchChannel )

This function gets the status of output MAT, whether or not this output is connected to a pin. This status is driven to the MAT pins if the match function is selected via IOCON. 0 = LOW. 1 = HIGH.

75

#### **Parameters**

| base         | Ctimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|--|
| matchChannel | External match channel, user can obtain the status of multiple match channels at the |
|              | same time by using the logic of " " enumeration ctimer_external_match_t              |

#### Returns

The mask of external match channel status flags. Users need to use the \_ctimer\_external\_match type to decode the return variables.

# 9.6.10 void CTIMER\_SetupCapture ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture, ctimer\_capture\_edge\_t edge, bool enableInt )

#### Parameters

| Ctimer peripheral base address   |
|--|
| Capture channel to configure   |
| Edge on the channel that will trigger a capture  |
| Flag to enable channel interrupts, if enabled then the registered call back is called upon capture |
|  |

# 9.6.11 static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetTimerCountValue ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address. |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### Returns

return the timer count value.

# 9.6.12 void CTIMER\_RegisterCallBack ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_callback\_t \* cb\_func, ctimer\_callback\_type\_t cb\_type )

#### **Parameters**

| base    | Ctimer peripheral base address               |
|---------|--|
| cb_func | callback function                            |
| cb_type | callback function type, singular or multiple |

# 9.6.13 static void CTIMER\_EnableInterrupts ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address   |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration ctimer- |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t  |

# 9.6.14 static void CTIMER\_DisableInterrupts ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address   |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration ctimer- |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t  |

# 9.6.15 static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|
|      |                                |

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration ctimer\_interrupt\_enable\_t

# **Function Documentation**

9.6.16 static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetStatusFlags ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration ctimer\_status\_flags\_t

# 9.6.17 static void CTIMER\_ClearStatusFlags ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address  |
|------|---|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration ctimer- |
|      | _status_flags_t   |

# 9.6.18 static void CTIMER\_StartTimer ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|

# 9.6.19 static void CTIMER\_StopTimer ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

# 9.6.20 static void CTIMER\_Reset ( CTIMER\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

The timer counter and prescale counter are reset on the next positive edge of the APB clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

# 9.6.21 static void CTIMER\_SetPrescale ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, uint32\_t prescale ) [inline], [static]

Specifies the maximum value for the Prescale Counter.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| prescale | Prescale value                 |

# 9.6.22 static uint32\_t CTIMER\_GetCaptureValue ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture ) [inline], [static]

Get the counter/timer value on the corresponding capture channel.

### **Parameters**

| base    | Ctimer peripheral base address |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| capture | Select capture channel         |

### Returns

The timer count capture value.

# 9.6.23 static void CTIMER\_EnableResetMatchChannel ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Set the specified match channel reset operation.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

80

| base   | Ctimer peripheral base address        |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| match  | match channel used                    |
| enable | Enable match channel reset operation. |

# 9.6.24 static void CTIMER\_EnableStopMatchChannel ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Set the specified match channel stop operation.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | Ctimer peripheral base address.      |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| match  | match channel used.                  |
| enable | Enable match channel stop operation. |

# 9.6.25 static void CTIMER\_EnableMatchChannelReload ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t match, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Enable the specified match channel reload match shadow value.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | Ctimer peripheral base address. |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| match  | match channel used.             |
| enable | Enable .                        |

# 9.6.26 static void CTIMER\_EnableRisingEdgeCapture ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Sets the specified capture channel for rising edge capture.

| Parameters |  |
|------------|--|
|            |  |

### **Function Documentation**

81

| base    | Ctimer peripheral base address. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| capture | capture channel used.           |
| enable  | Enable rising edge capture.     |

# 9.6.27 static void CTIMER\_EnableFallingEdgeCapture ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_capture\_channel\_t capture, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Sets the specified capture channel for falling edge capture.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | Ctimer peripheral base address. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| capture | capture channel used.           |
| enable  | Enable falling edge capture.    |

# 9.6.28 static void CTIMER\_SetShadowValue ( CTIMER\_Type \* base, ctimer\_match\_t match, uint32\_t matchvalue ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base       | Ctimer peripheral base address.                       |
|------------|---|
| match      | match channel used.                                   |
| matchvalue | Reload the value of the corresponding match register. |

# Chapter 10

# IAP: In Application Programming Driver

#### 10.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the In Application Programming (IAP) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 10.2 Function groups

The driver provides a set of functions to call the on-chip in application programming interface. User code executing from on-chip RAM can call these functions to read information like part id; read and write flash, EEPROM and FAIM.

# 10.2.1 Basic operations

The function IAP\_ReadPartID() reads the part id of the board.

The function IAP\_ReadBootCodeVersion() reads the boot code Version.

The function IAP\_ReadUniqueID() reads the unique id of the boards.

The function IAP\_ReinvokeISP() reinvokes the ISP mode.

The function IAP\_ReadFactorySettings() reads the factory settings.

# 10.2.2 Flash operations

The function IAP\_PrepareSectorForWrite() prepares a sector for write or erase operation. Then, the function IAP\_CopyRamToFlash() programs the flash memory.

The function IAP\_EraseSector() erases a flash sector while the function IAP\_ErasePage() erases a flash page.

The function IAP\_BlankCheckSector() is used to blank check a sector or multiple sectors of on-chip flash memory.

The function IAP\_Compare() is used to compare the memory contents at two locations. The user can compare several bytes (must be a multiple of 4) content in two different flash locations.

The function IAP\_ReadFlashSignature() can get the 32-bits signature of the entire flash and the function IAP\_ExtendedFlashSignatureRead() can calculate the signature of one or more flash pages.

# 10.2.3 EEPROM operations

The function IAP\_ReadEEPROMPage() reads the 128 bytes content of an EEPROM page and IAP\_Write-EEPROMPage() writes 128 bytes content in an EEPROM page

# 10.2.4 FAIM operations

The function IAP\_ReadEEPROMPage() reads the 32 bits content of an FAIM page and IAP\_WriteEEP-ROMPage() writes 32 bits content in an FAIM page

# 10.3 Typical use case

# 10.3.1 IAP Basic Operations

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/iap/iap-basic/

# 10.3.2 IAP Flash Operations

Refer to the driver example codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/iap/iap\_flash/

# 10.3.3 IAP EEPROM Operations

Refer to the driver example codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/iap/iap-eeprom/

# 10.3.4 IAP FAIM Operations

Refer to the driver example codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/iap/iap-faim/

### **Files**

• file fsl\_iap.h

### **Enumerations**

```
• enum {
 kStatus IAP Success = kStatus Success,
 kStatus_IAP_InvalidCommand = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 1U),
 kStatus IAP SrcAddrError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup IAP, 2U),
 kStatus_IAP_DstAddrError,
 kStatus_IAP_SrcAddrNotMapped,
 kStatus_IAP_DstAddrNotMapped,
 kStatus_IAP_CountError,
 kStatus IAP InvalidSector,
 kStatus_IAP_SectorNotblank = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 8U),
 kStatus_IAP_NotPrepared,
 kStatus IAP CompareError,
 kStatus_IAP_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 11U),
 kStatus_IAP_ParamError,
 kStatus_IAP_AddrError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 13U),
 kStatus_IAP_AddrNotMapped = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 14U),
 kStatus_IAP_NoPower = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 24U),
 kStatus IAP NoClock = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup IAP, 27U),
 kStatus_IAP_ReinvokeISPConfig = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_IAP, 0x1CU) }
    iap status codes.
enum _iap_commands {
 kIapCmd_IAP_ReadFactorySettings = 40U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_PrepareSectorforWrite = 50U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_CopyRamToFlash = 51U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_EraseSector = 52U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_BlankCheckSector = 53U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_ReadPartId = 54U,
 kIapCmd IAP Read BootromVersion = 55U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_Compare = 56U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_ReinvokeISP = 57U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_ReadUid = 58U,
 kIapCmd IAP ErasePage = 59U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_ReadSignature = 70U,
 kIapCmd_IAP_ExtendedReadSignature = 73U,
 kIapCmd IAP ReadFAIMPage = 80U,
 kIapCmd IAP WriteFAIMPage = 81U }
    iap command codes.
• enum _flash_access_time { ,
 kFlash_IAP_TwoSystemClockTime = 1U,
 kFlash_IAP_ThreeSystemClockTime = 2U }
    Flash memory access time.
```

### **Driver version**

• #define **FSL\_IAP\_DRIVER\_VERSION** (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 6))

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# **Basic operations**

• status\_t IAP\_ReadPartID (uint32\_t \*partID)

Read part identification number.

• status\_t IAP\_ReadBootCodeVersion (uint32\_t \*bootCodeVersion)

Read boot code version number.

• void IAP\_ReinvokeISP (uint8\_t ispType, uint32\_t \*status)

Reinvoke ISP.

• status\_t IAP\_ReadUniqueID (uint32\_t \*uniqueID)

Read unique identification.

# Flash operations

• status\_t IAP\_PrepareSectorForWrite (uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector)

Prepare sector for write operation.

• status\_t IAP\_CopyRamToFlash (uint32\_t dstAddr, uint32\_t \*srcAddr, uint32\_t numOfBytes, uint32\_t systemCoreClock)

Copy RAM to flash.

- status\_t IAP\_EraseSector (uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector, uint32\_t systemCoreClock) Erase sector.
- status\_t IAP\_ErasePage (uint32\_t startPage, uint32\_t endPage, uint32\_t systemCoreClock)

  Erase page.
- status\_t IAP\_BlankCheckSector (uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector)

Blank check sector(s)

- status\_t IAP\_Compare (uint32\_t dstAddr, uint32\_t \*srcAddr, uint32\_t numOfBytes)

  Compare memory contents of flash with ram.
- status\_t IAP\_ExtendedFlashSignatureRead (uint32\_t startPage, uint32\_t endPage, uint32\_t numOf-States, uint32\_t \*signature)

Extended Read signature.

# **FAIM operations**

- status\_t IAP\_ReadFAIMPage (uint32\_t pageNumber, uint32\_t \*dstAddr) Read FAIM page.
- status\_t IAP\_WriteFAIMPage (uint32\_t pageNumber, uint32\_t \*srcAddr)
   Write FAIM page.

# 10.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 10.4.1 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_IAP\_Success Api is executed successfully.

kStatus\_IAP\_InvalidCommand Invalid command.

**kStatus\_IAP\_SrcAddrError** Source address is not on word boundary.

kStatus\_IAP\_DstAddrError Destination address is not on a correct boundary.

**kStatus\_IAP\_SrcAddrNotMapped** Source address is not mapped in the memory map.

**kStatus\_IAP\_DstAddrNotMapped** Destination address is not mapped in the memory map.

kStatus\_IAP\_CountError Byte count is not multiple of 4 or is not a permitted value.

#### **Function Documentation**

**kStatus\_IAP\_InvalidSector** Sector/page number is invalid or end sector/page number is greater than start sector/page number.

kStatus\_IAP\_SectorNotblank One or more sectors are not blank.

kStatus\_IAP\_NotPrepared Command to prepare sector for write operation has not been executed.

kStatus IAP CompareError Destination and source memory contents do not match.

kStatus\_IAP\_Busy Flash programming hardware interface is busy.

kStatus\_IAP\_ParamError Insufficient number of parameters or invalid parameter.

kStatus\_IAP\_AddrError Address is not on word boundary.

kStatus\_IAP\_AddrNotMapped Address is not mapped in the memory map.

kStatus\_IAP\_NoPower Flash memory block is powered down.

**kStatus\_IAP\_NoClock** Flash memory block or controller is not clocked.

kStatus IAP ReinvokeISPConfig Reinvoke configuration error.

### 10.4.2 enum \_iap\_commands

#### Enumerator

*kIapCmd\_IAP\_ReadFactorySettings* Read the factory settings.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_PrepareSectorforWrite Prepare Sector for write.

klapCmd IAP CopyRamToFlash Copy RAM to flash.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_EraseSector Erase Sector.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_BlankCheckSector Blank check sector.

klapCmd IAP ReadPartId Read part id.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_Read\_BootromVersion Read bootrom version.

klapCmd\_IAP\_Compare Compare.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_ReinvokeISP Reinvoke ISP.

klapCmd IAP ReadUid Read Uid.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_ErasePage Erase Page.

klapCmd\_IAP\_ReadSignature Read Signature.

klapCmd\_lAP\_ReadFAIMPage Read FAIM page.

kIapCmd\_IAP\_WriteFAIMPage Write FAIM page.

### 10.4.3 enum \_flash\_access\_time

#### Enumerator

**kFlash\_IAP\_TwoSystemClockTime** 1 system clock flash access time **kFlash\_IAP\_ThreeSystemClockTime** 2 system clock flash access time

#### 10.5 Function Documentation

# 10.5.1 status\_t IAP\_ReadPartID ( uint32\_t \* partID )

This function is used to read the part identification number.

#### **Parameters**

| partID | Address to store the part identification number. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success   Api has be | en executed successfully. |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|

# 10.5.2 status\_t IAP\_ReadBootCodeVersion ( uint32\_t \* bootCodeVersion )

This function is used to read the boot code version number.

#### **Parameters**

| bootCode- | Address to store the boot code version. |
|-----------|---|
| Version   |   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success | Api has been executed successfully. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|

note Boot code version is two 32-bit words. Word 0 is the major version, word 1 is the minor version.

# 10.5.3 void IAP\_ReinvokeISP ( uint8\_t ispType, uint32\_t \* status )

This function is used to invoke the boot loader in ISP mode. It maps boot vectors and configures the peripherals for ISP.

#### **Parameters**

| ispType | ISP type selection.        |
|---------|----------------------------|
| status  | store the possible status. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_ReinvokeIS- | reinvoke configuration error. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PConfig                 |                               |

note The error response will be returned when IAP is disabled or an invalid ISP type selection appears. The call won't return unless an error occurs, so there can be no status code.

# 10.5.4 status\_t IAP\_ReadUniqueID ( uint32\_t \* uniqueID )

This function is used to read the unique id.

90

#### **Parameters**

| uniqueID | store the uniqueID. |
|----------|---------------------|
|----------|---------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success | Api has been executed successfully. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|

# 10.5.5 status\_t IAP\_PrepareSectorForWrite ( uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector )

This function prepares sector(s) for write/erase operation. This function must be called before calling the IAP\_CopyRamToFlash() or IAP\_EraseSector() or IAP\_ErasePage() function. The end sector number must be greater than or equal to the start sector number.

#### **Parameters**

| startSector | Start sector number. |
|-------------|----------------------|
| endSector   | End sector number.   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success            | Api has been executed successfully.  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower            | Flash memory block is powered down.  |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock            | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked.                                   |
| kStatus_IAP_Invalid-<br>Sector | Sector number is invalid or end sector number is greater than start sector number. |
| kStatus_IAP_Busy               | Flash programming hardware interface is busy.                                      |

# 10.5.6 status\_t IAP\_CopyRamToFlash ( uint32\_t dstAddr, uint32\_t \* srcAddr, uint32\_t numOfBytes, uint32\_t systemCoreClock )

This function programs the flash memory. Corresponding sectors must be prepared via IAP\_Prepare-SectorForWrite before calling this function. The addresses should be a 256 byte boundary and the number of bytes should be  $256 \mid 512 \mid 1024 \mid 4096$ .

#### **Parameters**

| dstAddr    | Destination flash address where data bytes are to be written.   |
|------------|---|
| srcAddr    | Source ram address from where data bytes are to be read.  |
| numOfBytes | Number of bytes to be written.  |
|            | SystemCoreClock in Hz. It is converted to KHz before calling the rom IAP function. When the flash controller has a fixed reference clock, this parameter is bypassed. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success               | Api has been executed successfully.                                  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower               | Flash memory block is powered down.                                  |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock               | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked.                     |
| kStatus_IAP_SrcAddr-<br>Error     | Source address is not on word boundary.                              |
| kStatus_IAP_DstAddr-<br>Error     | Destination address is not on a correct boundary.                    |
| kStatus_IAP_SrcAddrNot-<br>Mapped | Source address is not mapped in the memory map.                      |
| kStatus_IAP_DstAddr-<br>NotMapped | Destination address is not mapped in the memory map.                 |
| kStatus_IAP_CountError            | Byte count is not multiple of 4 or is not a permitted value.         |
| kStatus_IAP_Not-<br>Prepared      | Command to prepare sector for write operation has not been executed. |
| kStatus_IAP_Busy                  | Flash programming hardware interface is busy.                        |

# 10.5.7 status\_t IAP\_EraseSector ( uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector, uint32\_t systemCoreClock )

This function erases sector(s). The end sector number must be greater than or equal to the start sector number.

#### **Function Documentation**

92

| startSector | Start sector number.  |
|-------------|---|
| endSector   | End sector number.  |
| •           | SystemCoreClock in Hz. It is converted to KHz before calling the rom IAP function. When the flash controller has a fixed reference clock, this parameter is bypassed. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success            | Api has been executed successfully.  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower            | Flash memory block is powered down.  |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock            | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked.                                   |
| kStatus_IAP_Invalid-<br>Sector | Sector number is invalid or end sector number is greater than start sector number. |
| kStatus_IAP_Not-<br>Prepared   | Command to prepare sector for write operation has not been executed.               |
| kStatus_IAP_Busy               | Flash programming hardware interface is busy.                                      |

# 10.5.8 status\_t IAP\_ErasePage ( uint32\_t startPage, uint32\_t endPage, uint32\_t systemCoreClock )

This function erases page(s). The end page number must be greater than or equal to the start page number.

#### Parameters

| startPage | Start page number.  |
|-----------|---|
| endPage   | End page number.  |
| *         | SystemCoreClock in Hz. It is converted to KHz before calling the rom IAP function. When the flash controller has a fixed reference clock, this parameter is bypassed. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success | Api has been executed successfully.              |
|---------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower | Flash memory block is powered down.              |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked. |

#### **Function Documentation**

| kStatus_IAP_Invalid-<br>Sector | Page number is invalid or end page number is greater than start page number. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_Not-<br>Prepared   | Command to prepare sector for write operation has not been executed.         |
| kStatus_IAP_Busy               | Flash programming hardware interface is busy.                                |

## 10.5.9 status\_t IAP\_BlankCheckSector ( uint32\_t startSector, uint32\_t endSector )

Blank check single or multiples sectors of flash memory. The end sector number must be greater than or equal to the start sector number. It can be used to verify the sector erasure after IAP\_EraseSector call.

#### **Parameters**

| S                      | startSector | Start sector number. |
|------------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| endSector   End sector |             | End sector number.   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success | One or more sectors are in erased state.         |
|---------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower | Flash memory block is powered down.              |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked. |
| kStatus_IAP_Sector- | One or more sectors are not blank.               |
| Notblank            |  |

# 10.5.10 status\_t IAP\_Compare ( uint32\_t dstAddr, uint32\_t \* srcAddr, uint32\_t numOfBytes )

This function compares the contents of flash and ram. It can be used to verify the flash memory contents after IAP\_CopyRamToFlash call.

#### **Parameters**

| dstAddr | Destination flash address. |
|---------|----------------------------|
| srcAddr | Source ram address.        |

| numOfBytes | Number of bytes to be compared. |
|------------|---------------------------------|
|------------|---------------------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success            | Contents of flash and ram match.                             |
|--------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_NoPower            | Flash memory block is powered down.                          |
| kStatus_IAP_NoClock            | Flash memory block or controller is not clocked.             |
| kStatus_IAP_AddrError          | Address is not on word boundary.                             |
| kStatus_IAP_AddrNot-<br>Mapped | Address is not mapped in the memory map.                     |
| kStatus_IAP_CountError         | Byte count is not multiple of 4 or is not a permitted value. |
| kStatus_IAP_Compare-<br>Error  | Destination and source memory contents do not match.         |

# 10.5.11 status\_t IAP\_ExtendedFlashSignatureRead ( uint32\_t startPage, uint32\_t endPage, uint32\_t numOfStates, uint32\_t \* signature )

This function calculates the signature value for one or more pages of on-chip flash memory.

#### Parameters

| startPage                                       | Start page number.     |  |
|---|------------------------|--|
| endPage   | End page number.       |  |
| numOfStates                                     | Number of wait states. |  |
| signature Address to store the signature value. |                        |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success | Api has been executed successfully. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|

# 10.5.12 status\_t IAP\_ReadFAIMPage ( uint32\_t pageNumber, uint32\_t \* dstAddr )

This function is used to read given page of FAIM into the memory provided.

#### Parameters

| pageNumber | FAIM page number.                                 |
|------------|---|
| dstAddr    | Memory address to store the value read from FAIM. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success               | Api has been executed successfully.                  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_IAP_DstAddr-<br>NotMapped | Destination address is not mapped in the memory map. |

# 10.5.13 status\_t IAP\_WriteFAIMPage ( uint32\_t pageNumber, uint32\_t \* srcAddr )

This function is used to write given data in the provided memory to a page of G.

#### Parameters

| pageNumber | FAIM page number.   |
|------------|---|
| srcAddr    | Memory address holding data to be stored on to FAIM page. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_IAP_Success     | Api has been executed successfully.             |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_IAP_SrcAddrNot- | Source address is not mapped in the memory map. |
| Mapped                  |   |

# Chapter 11

# **INPUTMUX: Input Multiplexing Driver**

#### 11.1 **Overview**

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Input multiplexing (INPUTMUX).

It configures the inputs to the pin interrupt block, DMA trigger, and frequency measure function. Once configured, the clock is not needed for the inputmux.

#### 11.2 Input Multiplexing Driver operation

INPUTMUX\_AttachSignal function configures the specified input

#### 11.3 Typical use case

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/inputmux

#### **Files**

- file fsl\_inputmux.h
- file fsl\_inputmux\_connections.h

#### **Functions**

- void INPUTMUX\_Init (INPUTMUX\_Type \*base)
  - Initialize INPUTMUX peripheral.
- void INPUTMUX\_AttachSignal (INPUTMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t index, inputmux\_connection-\_t connection)

Attaches a signal.

• void INPUTMUX\_Deinit (INPUTMUX\_Type \*base)

Deinitialize INPUTMUX peripheral.

# Input multiplexing connections

- enum inputmux\_connection\_t {
  - kINPUTMUX\_DmaChannel0TrigoutToTriginChannels = 0U + (DMA\_OTRIG\_PMUX\_ID << P-MUX SHIFT),
  - kINPUTMUX\_DmaChannel24TrigoutToTriginChannels = 24U + (DMA\_OTRIG\_PMUX\_ID << PMUX\_SHIFT),
  - kINPUTMUX\_DebugHaltedToSct0 = 9U + (SCT0\_PMUX\_ID << PMUX\_SHIFT) }

INPUTMUX connections type.

#define DMA\_OTRIG\_PMUX\_ID 0x00U

Periphinmux IDs.

- #define SCT0\_PMUX\_ID 0x20U
- #define DMA\_TRIGO\_PMUX\_ID 0x40U
  #define PMUX\_SHIFT 20U

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_INPUTMUX\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 5)) Group interrupt driver version for SDK.

### 11.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 11.4.1 enum inputmux\_connection\_t

#### Enumerator

kINPUTMUX\_DmaChannel0TrigoutToTriginChannels DMA OTRIG. kINPUTMUX\_DmaChannel24TrigoutToTriginChannels SCT INMUX. kINPUTMUX\_DebugHaltedToSct0 DMA ITRIG.

#### 11.5 Function Documentation

## 11.5.1 void INPUTMUX\_Init ( INPUTMUX\_Type \* base )

This function enables the INPUTMUX clock.

**Parameters** 

| base | Base address of the INPUTMUX peripheral. |
|------|--|
|      |  |

#### Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

# 11.5.2 void INPUTMUX\_AttachSignal ( INPUTMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t index, inputmux\_connection\_t connection )

This function gates the INPUTPMUX clock.

#### Parameters

| bas       | Base address of the INPUTMUX peripheral.        |
|-----------|---|
| inde      | Destination peripheral to attach the signal to. |
| connectio | Selects connection.                             |

| D | - 4 |     |    | 1   |    | _ |
|---|-----|-----|----|-----|----|---|
| K | eτ  | urı | าง | 'ai | ue | S |

| λ/     |  |
|--------|--|
| None   |  |
| Tione. |  |
|        |  |

# 11.5.3 void INPUTMUX\_Deinit ( INPUTMUX\_Type \* base )

This function disables the INPUTMUX clock.

Parameters

| base | Base address of the INPUTMUX peripheral. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

# **Chapter 12**

# LPC\_ACOMP: Analog comparator Driver

#### 12.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Analog comparator (LPC\_ACOMP) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### 12.2 Typical use case

### 12.2.1 Polling Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/acomp/acomp-basic

### 12.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/acomp/acomp\_interrupt

#### **Files**

• file fsl\_acomp.h

#### **Data Structures**

struct acomp\_config\_t

The structure for ACOMP basic configuration. More...

• struct acomp\_ladder\_config\_t

The structure for ACOMP voltage ladder. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum acomp_ladder_reference_voltage_t {
        kACOMP_LadderRefVoltagePinVDD = 0U,
        kACOMP_LadderRefVoltagePinVDDCMP = 1U }
        The ACOMP ladder reference voltage.
    enum acomp_interrupt_enable_t {
        kACOMP_InterruptsFallingEdgeEnable = 0U,
        kACOMP_InterruptsRisingEdgeEnable = 1U,
        kACOMP_InterruptsBothEdgesEnable = 2U,
        kACOMP_InterruptsDisable = 3U }
        The ACOMP interrupts enable.
```

```
    enum acomp_hysteresis_selection_t {
        kACOMP_HysteresisNoneSelection = 0U,
        kACOMP_Hysteresis5MVSelection = 1U,
        kACOMP_Hysteresis10MVSelection = 2U,
        kACOMP_Hysteresis20MVSelection = 3U }
        The ACOMP hysteresis selection.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_ACOMP\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0))

ACOMP driver version 2.1.0.

#### Initialization

- void ACOMP\_Init (ACOMP\_Type \*base, const acomp\_config\_t \*config)

  Initialize the ACOMP module.
- void ACOMP\_Deinit (ACOMP\_Type \*base)

De-initialize the ACOMP module.

void ACOMP\_GetDefaultConfig (acomp\_config\_t \*config)

Gets an available pre-defined settings for the ACOMP's configuration.

- void ACOMP\_EnableInterrupts (ACOMP\_Type \*base, acomp\_interrupt\_enable\_t enable) Enable ACOMP interrupts.
- static bool ACOMP\_GetInterruptsStatusFlags (ACOMP\_Type \*base)

Get interrupts status flags.

• static void ACOMP\_ClearInterruptsStatusFlags (ACOMP\_Type \*base)

Clear the ACOMP interrupts status flags.

• static bool ACOMP\_GetOutputStatusFlags (ACOMP\_Type \*base)

Get ACOMP output status flags.

• static void ACOMP\_SetInputChannel (ACOMP\_Type \*base, uint32\_t postiveInputChannel, uint32\_t negativeInputChannel)

Set the ACOMP postive and negative input channel.

• void ACOMP\_SetLadderConfig (ACOMP\_Type \*base, const acomp\_ladder\_config\_t \*config)

Set the voltage ladder configuration.

#### 12.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 12.3.1 struct acomp\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

- bool enableSyncToBusClk
  - If true, Comparator output is synchronized to the bus clock for output to other modules.
- acomp\_hysteresis\_selection\_t hysteresisSelection

Controls the hysteresis of the comparator.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) bool acomp config t::enableSyncToBusClk

If false, Comparator output is used directly.

101

(2) acomp\_hysteresis\_selection\_t acomp\_config\_t::hysteresisSelection

### 12.3.2 struct acomp ladder config t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t ladderValue

Voltage ladder value.

• acomp\_ladder\_reference\_voltage\_t referenceVoltage Selects the reference voltage(Vref) for the voltage ladder.

#### **Field Documentation**

(1) uint8\_t acomp\_ladder\_config\_t::ladderValue

00000 = Vss, 00001 = 1\*Vref/31, ..., 11111 = Vref.

- (2) acomp\_ladder\_reference\_voltage\_t acomp\_ladder\_config\_t::referenceVoltage
- 12.4 Macro Definition Documentation
- 12.4.1 #define FSL\_ACOMP\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0))
- 12.5 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 12.5.1 enum acomp\_ladder\_reference\_voltage\_t

Enumerator

*kACOMP\_LadderRefVoltagePinVDD* Supply from pin VDD. *kACOMP\_LadderRefVoltagePinVDDCMP* Supply from pin VDDCMP.

# 12.5.2 enum acomp\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

kACOMP\_InterruptsFallingEdgeEnable
 kACOMP\_InterruptsRisingEdgeEnable
 kACOMP\_InterruptsBothEdgesEnable
 kacomp\_InterruptsDisable
 Disable the interrupts

# 12.5.3 enum acomp\_hysteresis\_selection\_t

#### Enumerator

*kACOMP\_HysteresisNoneSelection* None (the output will switch as the voltages cross).

kACOMP\_Hysteresis5MVSelection 5mV. kACOMP\_Hysteresis10MVSelection 10mV. kACOMP\_Hysteresis20MVSelection 20mV.

### 12.6 Function Documentation

### 12.6.1 void ACOMP\_Init ( ACOMP\_Type \* base, const acomp\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ACOMP peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to "acomp_config_t" structure. |

### 12.6.2 void ACOMP\_Deinit ( ACOMP\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ACOMP peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

# 12.6.3 void ACOMP\_GetDefaultConfig ( acomp\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the converter configuration structure with available settings. The default values are:

```
* config->enableSyncToBusClk = false;
* config->hysteresisSelection = kACOMP_hysteresisNoneSelection;
*
```

In default configuration, the ACOMP's output would be used directly and switch as the voltages cross.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 12.6.4 void ACOMP\_EnableInterrupts ( ACOMP\_Type \* base, acomp\_interrupt\_enable\_t enable )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ACOMP peripheral base address.    |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | Enable/Disable interrupt feature. |

# 12.6.5 static bool ACOMP\_GetInterruptsStatusFlags ( ACOMP\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ACOMP peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

#### Returns

Reflect the state ACOMP edge-detect status, true or false.

# 12.6.6 static void ACOMP\_ClearInterruptsStatusFlags ( ACOMP\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| _    |                                |
|------|--------------------------------|
| base | ACOMP peripheral base address. |

# 12.6.7 static bool ACOMP\_GetOutputStatusFlags ( ACOMP\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ACOMP peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

#### Returns

Reflect the state of the comparator output, true or false.

# 12.6.8 static void ACOMP\_SetInputChannel ( ACOMP\_Type \* base, uint32\_t postiveInputChannel, uint32\_t negativeInputChannel ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base                      | ACOMP peripheral base address.       |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| postiveInput-<br>Channel  | The index of postive input channel.  |
| negativeInput-<br>Channel | The index of negative input channel. |

# 12.6.9 void ACOMP\_SetLadderConfig ( ACOMP\_Type \* base, const acomp\_ladder\_config\_t \* config )

#### Parameters

| base   | ACOMP peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| config | The structure for voltage ladder. If the config is NULL, voltage ladder would be diasbled, otherwise the voltage ladder would be configured and enabled. |

# **Chapter 13**

# **ADC: 12-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter Driver**

#### 13.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the 12-bit Successive Approximation (SAR) Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 13.2 Typical use case

# 13.2.1 Polling Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/fsl\_adc

### 13.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/fsl\_adc

#### **Files**

• file fsl adc.h

#### **Data Structures**

struct adc\_config\_t

Define structure for configuring the block. More...

struct adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t

Define structure for configuring conversion sequence. More...

struct adc\_result\_info\_t

Define structure of keeping conversion result information. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum _adc_status_flags {
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn0 = 1U << 0U,
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn1 = 1U << 1U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn2 = 1U << 2U,
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn3 = 1U << 3U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn4 = 1U << 4U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn5 = 1U << 5U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn6 = 1U << 6U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn7 = 1U << 7U,
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn8 = 1U << 8U,
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn9 = 1U << 9U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn10 = 1U << 10U,
 kADC ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn11 = 1U << 11U,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn0,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn1,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn2,
 kADC OverrunFlagForChn3,
 kADC OverrunFlagForChn4,
 kADC OverrunFlagForChn5.
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn6,
 kADC OverrunFlagForChn7,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn8,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn9,
 kADC_OverrunFlagForChn10,
 kADC OverrunFlagForChn11,
 kADC_GlobalOverrunFlagForSeqA = 1U << 24U,
 kADC GlobalOverrunFlagForSegB = 1U << 25U,
 kADC_ConvSeqAInterruptFlag = 1U << 28U,
 kADC ConvSeqBInterruptFlag = 1U << 29U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareInterruptFlag = 1U << 30U,
 kADC_OverrunInterruptFlag = (int)(1U << 31U) }
    Flags.
enum _adc_interrupt_enable {
 kADC_ConvSeqAInterruptEnable = ADC_INTEN_SEQA_INTEN_MASK,
 kADC_ConvSeqBInterruptEnable = ADC_INTEN_SEQB_INTEN_MASK,
 kADC_OverrunInterruptEnable = ADC_INTEN_OVR_INTEN_MASK }
    Interrupts.
enum adc_clock_mode_t {
 kADC_ClockSynchronousMode,
 kADC_ClockAsynchronousMode = 1U }
    Define selection of clock mode.

    enum adc_vdda_range_t

    Definfe range of the analog supply voltage VDDA.
enum adc_trigger_polarity_t {
```

```
kADC TriggerPolarityNegativeEdge = 0U,
 kADC_TriggerPolarityPositiveEdge = 1U }
    Define selection of polarity of selected input trigger for conversion sequence.
enum adc_priority_t {
  kADC_PriorityLow = 0U,
 kADC_PriorityHigh = 1U }
    Define selection of conversion sequence's priority.
enum adc_seq_interrupt_mode_t {
  kADC_InterruptForEachConversion = 0U,
  kADC InterruptForEachSequence = 1U }
    Define selection of conversion sequence's interrupt.
enum adc_threshold_compare_status_t {
  kADC_ThresholdCompareInRange = 0U,
 kADC_ThresholdCompareBelowRange = 1U,
  kADC ThresholdCompareAboveRange = 2U }
    Define status of threshold compare result.
enum adc_threshold_crossing_status_t {
  kADC_ThresholdCrossingNoDetected = 0U,
  kADC ThresholdCrossingDownward = 2U,
 kADC ThresholdCrossingUpward = 3U }
    Define status of threshold crossing detection result.
enum adc_threshold_interrupt_mode_t {
  kADC ThresholdInterruptDisabled = 0U,
 kADC ThresholdInterruptOnOutside = 1U,
 kADC_ThresholdInterruptOnCrossing = 2U }
    Define interrupt mode for threshold compare event.
enum adc_inforesult_t {
  kADC Resolution12bitInfoResultShift = 0U,
 kADC Resolution 10 bit InfoResult Shift = 2U,
 kADC Resolution8bitInfoResultShift = 4U,
 kADC Resolution6bitInfoResultShift = 6U }
    Define the info result mode of different resolution.
enum adc_tempsensor_common_mode_t {
  kADC_{HighNegativeOffsetAdded = 0x0U,
  kADC_IntermediateNegativeOffsetAdded,
 kADC NoOffsetAdded = 0x8U,
 kADC LowPositiveOffsetAdded = 0xcU }
    Define common modes for Temerature sensor.
enum adc_second_control_t {
  kADC_Impedance621Ohm = 0x1U << 9U
  kADC Impedance55kOhm,
 kADC Impedance87kOhm = 0x1fU \ll 9U,
 kADC_NormalFunctionalMode = 0x0U << 14U
 kADC_MultiplexeTestMode = 0x1U << 14U,
 kADC ADCInUnityGainMode = 0x2U << 14U }
    Define source impedance modes for GPADC control.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_ADC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0))

ADC driver version 2.5.0.

#### **Initialization and Deinitialization**

- void ADC\_Init (ADC\_Type \*base, const adc\_config\_t \*config)

  Initialize the ADC module.
- void ADC Deinit (ADC Type \*base)

Deinitialize the ADC module.

void ADC\_GetDefaultConfig (adc\_config\_t \*config)

Gets an available pre-defined settings for initial configuration.

• bool ADC\_DoSelfCalibration (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t frequency)

Do the hardware self-calibration.

### Control conversion sequence A.

- static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqA (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enable the conversion sequence A.
- void ADC\_SetConvSeqAConfig (ADC\_Type \*base, const adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t \*config)

  Configure the conversion sequence A.
- static void ADC DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqA (ADC Type \*base)

Do trigger the sequence's conversion by software.

• static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqABurstMode (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable the burst conversion of sequence A.

• static void ADC\_SetConvSeqAHighPriority (ADC\_Type \*base)

*Set the high priority for conversion sequence A.* 

# Control conversion sequence B.

• static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqB (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable the conversion sequence B.

- void ADC\_SetConvSeqBConfig (ADC\_Type \*base, const adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t \*config) Configure the conversion sequence B.
- static void ADC\_DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqB (ADC\_Type \*base)

Do trigger the sequence's conversion by software.

• static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqBBurstMode (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable the burst conversion of sequence B.

• static void ADC\_SetConvSeqBHighPriority (ADC\_Type \*base)

*Set the high priority for conversion sequence B.* 

#### Data result.

- bool ADC\_GetConvSeqAGlobalConversionResult (ADC\_Type \*base, adc\_result\_info\_t \*info) Get the global ADC conversion infomation of sequence A.
- bool ADC\_GetConvSeqBGlobalConversionResult (ADC\_Type \*base, adc\_result\_info\_t \*info) Get the global ADC conversion infomation of sequence B.
- bool ADC\_GetChannelConversionResult (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, adc\_result\_info\_t \*info)

Get the channel's ADC conversion completed under each conversion sequence.

#### Threshold function.

- static void ADC\_SetThresholdPair0 (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t lowValue, uint32\_t highValue) Set the threshhold pair 0 with low and high value.
- static void ADC\_SetThresholdPair1 (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t lowValue, uint32\_t highValue) Set the threshhold pair 1 with low and high value.
- static void ADC\_SetChannelWithThresholdPair() (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channelMask) Set given channels to apply the threshold pare 0.
- static void ADC\_SetChannelWithThresholdPair1 (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channelMask) Set given channels to apply the threshold pare 1.

### Interrupts.

- static void ADC\_EnableInterrupts (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enable interrupts for conversion sequences.
- static void ADC\_DisableInterrupts (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disable interrupts for conversion sequence.
- static void ADC\_EnableThresholdCompareInterrupt (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, adc\_threshold interrupt mode t mode)

Enable the interrupt of threshold compare event for each channel.

#### Status.

- static uint32\_t ADC\_GetStatusFlags (ADC\_Type \*base)
- Get status flags of ADC module.
   static void ADC\_ClearStatusFlags (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
   Clear status flags of ADC module.

#### 13.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 13.3.1 struct adc\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- adc clock mode t clockMode
  - Select the clock mode for ADC converter.
- uint32\_t clockDividerNumber
  - This field is only available when using kADC\_ClockSynchronousMode for "clockMode" field.
- bool enableLowPowerMode
  - If disable low-power mode, ADC remains activated even when no conversions are requested.
- adc\_vdda\_range\_t voltageRange
  - Configure the ADC for the appropriate operating range of the analog supply voltage VDDA.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) adc\_clock\_mode\_t adc config t::clockMode
- (2) uint32 t adc config t::clockDividerNumber

The divider would be plused by 1 based on the value in this field. The available range is in 8 bits.

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

110

#### (3) bool adc\_config\_t::enableLowPowerMode

If enable low-power mode, The ADC is automatically powered-down when no conversions are taking place.

#### (4) adc\_vdda\_range\_t adc config t::voltageRange

Failure to set the area correctly causes the ADC to return incorrect conversion results.

### 13.3.2 struct adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t channelMask

Selects which one or more of the ADC channels will be sampled and conver sequence is launched.

• uint32\_t triggerMask

Selects which one or more of the available hardware trigger sources will conversion sequence to be initiated.

adc\_trigger\_polarity\_t triggerPolarity

Select the trigger to launch conversion sequence.

• bool enableSyncBypass

To enable this feature allows the hardware trigger input to bypass synchr flip-flop stages and therefore shorten the time between the trigger input signal and the start of a conversion.

bool enableSingleStep

When enabling this feature, a trigger will launch a single conversion on channel in the sequence instead of the default response of launching an entire sequence of conversions.

• adc\_seq\_interrupt\_mode\_t interruptMode

Select the interrpt/DMA trigger mode.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) uint32 t adc conv seq config t::channelMask

The masked channels would be involved in current conversion sequence, beginning with the lowest-order. The available range is in 12-bit.

(2) uint32\_t adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t::triggerMask

The available range is 6-bit.

- (3) adc\_trigger\_polarity\_t adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t::triggerPolarity
- (4) bool adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t::enableSyncBypass
- (5) bool adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t::enableSingleStep
- (6) adc\_seq\_interrupt\_mode\_t adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t::interruptMode

### 13.3.3 struct adc\_result\_info\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32 t result
  - Keep the conversion data value.
- adc\_threshold\_compare\_status\_t thresholdCompareStatus

Keep the threshold compare status.

- adc\_threshold\_crossing\_status\_t thresholdCorssingStatus
  - Keep the threshold crossing status.
- uint32\_t channelNumber
  - Keep the channel number for this conversion.
- bool overrunFlag

Keep the status whether the conversion is overrun or not.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint32\_t adc\_result\_info\_t::result
- (2) adc\_threshold\_compare\_status\_t adc\_result\_info\_t::thresholdCompareStatus
- (3) adc\_threshold\_crossing\_status\_t adc\_result\_info\_t::thresholdCorssingStatus
- (4) uint32\_t adc\_result\_info\_t::channelNumber
- (5) bool adc\_result\_info\_t::overrunFlag
- 13.4 Macro Definition Documentation
- 13.4.1 #define FSL ADC DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0))

## 13.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 13.5.1 enum adc status flags

#### Enumerator

| kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn0 | Threshold comparison event on Channel 0. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn1 | Threshold comparison event on Channel 1. |
| kADC_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn2 | Threshold comparison event on Channel 2. |

- **kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn3** Threshold comparison event on Channel 3.
- *kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn4* Threshold comparison event on Channel 4.
- *kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn5* Threshold comparison event on Channel 5.
- *kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn6* Threshold comparison event on Channel 6.
- *kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn7* Threshold comparison event on Channel 7. *kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn8* Threshold comparison event on Channel 8.
- kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn9 Threshold comparison event on Channel 9.
- kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn10 Threshold comparison event on Channel 10.

*kADC\_ThresholdCompareFlagOnChn11* Threshold comparison event on Channel 11.

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn0* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 0.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn1* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 1.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn2* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 2.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn3* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 3.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn4* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 4.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn5* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 5.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn6* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 6.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn7* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 7.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn8* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 8.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn9* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 9.
- **kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn10** Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 10.
- *kADC\_OverrunFlagForChn11* Mirror the OVERRUN status flag from the result register for ADC channel 11.
- **kADC\_GlobalOverrunFlagForSeqA** Mirror the glabal OVERRUN status flag for conversion sequence A.
- *kADC\_GlobalOverrunFlagForSeqB* Mirror the global OVERRUN status flag for conversion sequence B.
- kADC\_ConvSeqAInterruptFlag Sequence A interrupt/DMA trigger.
- *kADC\_ConvSeqBInterruptFlag* Sequence B interrupt/DMA trigger.
- kADC\_ThresholdCompareInterruptFlag Threshold comparision interrupt flag.
- kADC\_OverrunInterruptFlag Overrun interrupt flag.

# 13.5.2 enum \_adc\_interrupt\_enable

Note

Not all the interrupt options are listed here

#### Enumerator

- *kADC\_ConvSeqAInterruptEnable* Enable interrupt upon completion of each individual conversion in sequence A, or entire sequence.
- *kADC\_ConvSeqBInterruptEnable* Enable interrupt upon completion of each individual conversion in sequence B, or entire sequence.

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

**kADC\_OverrunInterruptEnable** Enable the detection of an overrun condition on any of the channel data registers will cause an overrun interrupt/DMA trigger.

### 13.5.3 enum adc\_clock\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

**kADC\_ClockSynchronousMode** The ADC clock would be derived from the system clock based on "clockDividerNumber".

*kADC\_ClockAsynchronousMode* The ADC clock would be based on the SYSCON block's divider.

### 13.5.4 enum adc\_trigger\_polarity\_t

#### Enumerator

**kADC\_TriggerPolarityNegativeEdge** A negative edge launches the conversion sequence on the trigger(s).

*kADC\_TriggerPolarityPositiveEdge* A positive edge launches the conversion sequence on the trigger(s).

# 13.5.5 enum adc\_priority\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC\_PriorityLow* This sequence would be preempted when another sequence is started. *kADC\_PriorityHigh* This sequence would preempt other sequence even when it is started.

# 13.5.6 enum adc\_seq\_interrupt\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC\_InterruptForEachConversion* The sequence interrupt/DMA trigger will be set at the end of each individual ADC conversion inside this conversion sequence.

**kADC\_InterruptForEachSequence** The sequence interrupt/DMA trigger will be set when the entire set of this sequence conversions completes.

### 13.5.7 enum adc\_threshold\_compare\_status\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC\_ThresholdCompareInRange* LOW threshold <= conversion value <= HIGH threshold.

*kADC\_ThresholdCompareBelowRange* conversion value < LOW threshold.

*kADC\_ThresholdCompareAboveRange* conversion value > HIGH threshold.

### 13.5.8 enum adc\_threshold\_crossing\_status\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC\_ThresholdCrossingNoDetected* No threshold Crossing detected.

*kADC\_ThresholdCrossingDownward* Downward Threshold Crossing detected.

*kADC\_ThresholdCrossingUpward* Upward Threshold Crossing Detected.

### 13.5.9 enum adc\_threshold\_interrupt\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC\_ThresholdInterruptDisabled* Threshold comparison interrupt is disabled.

*kADC\_ThresholdInterruptOnOutside* Threshold comparison interrupt is enabled on outside threshold.

*kADC\_ThresholdInterruptOnCrossing* Threshold comparison interrupt is enabled on crossing threshold.

## 13.5.10 enum adc\_inforesult\_t

#### Enumerator

kADC\_Resolution12bitInfoResultShift Info result shift of Resolution12bit.

kADC\_Resolution10bitInfoResultShift Info result shift of Resolution10bit.

kADC\_Resolution8bitInfoResultShift Info result shift of Resolution8bit.

*kADC\_Resolution6bitInfoResultShift* Info result shift of Resolution6bit.

# 13.5.11 enum adc\_tempsensor\_common\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kADC HighNegativeOffsetAdded Temperature sensor common mode: high negative offset added.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

*kADC\_IntermediateNegativeOffsetAdded* Temperature sensor common mode: intermediate negative offset added.

*kADC\_NoOffsetAdded* Temperature sensor common mode: no offset added.

kADC\_LowPositiveOffsetAdded Temperature sensor common mode: low positive offset added.

### 13.5.12 enum adc\_second\_control\_t

#### Enumerator

**kADC\_Impedance6210hm** Extand ADC sampling time according to source impedance 1: 0.621 kOhm.

**kADC\_Impedance55kOhm** Extand ADC sampling time according to source impedance 20 (default): 55 kOhm.

**kADC\_Impedance87kOhm** Extand ADC sampling time according to source impedance 31: 87 k-Ohm.

*kADC\_NormalFunctionalMode* TEST mode: Normal functional mode.

*kADC\_MultiplexeTestMode* TEST mode: Multiplexer test mode.

*kADC\_ADCInUnityGainMode* TEST mode: ADC in unity gain mode.

#### 13.6 Function Documentation

### 13.6.1 void ADC\_Init ( ADC\_Type \* base, const adc\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.                             |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to configuration structure, see to adc_config_t. |

# 13.6.2 void ADC\_Deinit ( ADC\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

# 13.6.3 void ADC\_GetDefaultConfig ( adc\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the initial configuration structure with an available settings. The default values are:

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

```
* config->clockMode = kADC_ClockSynchronousMode;
* config->clockDividerNumber = 0U;
* config->resolution = kADC_Resolution12bit;
* config->enableBypassCalibration = false;
* config->sampleTimeNumber = 0U;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to configuration structure. |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
|--------|-------------------------------------|

## 13.6.4 bool ADC\_DoSelfCalibration ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t frequency )

To calibrate the ADC, set the ADC clock to 500 kHz. In order to achieve the specified ADC accuracy, the A/D converter must be recalibrated, at a minimum, following every chip reset before initiating normal ADC operation.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | ADC peripheral base address.              |
|-----------|---|
| frequency | The clock frequency that ADC operates at. |

#### Return values

| true  | Calibration succeed. |
|-------|----------------------|
| false | Calibration failed.  |

# 13.6.5 static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqA ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

In order to avoid spuriously triggering the sequence, the trigger to conversion sequence should be ready before the sequence is ready. when the sequence is disabled, the trigger would be ignored. Also, it is suggested to disable the sequence during changing the sequence's setting.

#### **Parameters**

| base   ADC peripheral base address. |
|-------------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------|

| enable |
|--------|
|--------|

# 13.6.6 void ADC\_SetConvSeqAConfig ( ADC\_Type \* base, const adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to configuration structure, see to adc_conv_seq_config_t. |

# 13.6.7 static void ADC\_DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqA ( ADC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

# 13.6.8 static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqABurstMode ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Enable the burst mode would cause the conversion sequence to be entinuously cycled through. Other triggers would be ignored while this mode is enabled. Repeated conversions could be halted by disabling this mode. And the sequence currently in process will be completed before enversions are terminated. Note that a new sequence could begin just before the burst mode is disabled.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Switcher to enable this feature. |

# 13.6.9 static void ADC\_SetConvSeqAHighPriority ( ADC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral bass address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# 13.6.10 static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqB ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

In order to avoid spuriously triggering the sequence, the trigger to conversion sequence should be ready before the sequence is ready. when the sequence is disabled, the trigger would be ignored. Also, it is suggested to disable the sequence during changing the sequence's setting.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.           |
|--------|--|
| enable | Switcher to enable the feature or not. |

# 13.6.11 void ADC\_SetConvSeqBConfig ( ADC\_Type \* base, const adc\_conv\_seq\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to configuration structure, see to adc_conv_seq_config_t. |

# 13.6.12 static void ADC\_DoSoftwareTriggerConvSeqB ( ADC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

# 13.6.13 static void ADC\_EnableConvSeqBBurstMode ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

Enable the burst mode would cause the conversion sequence to be continuously cycled through. Other triggers would be ignored while this mode is enabled. Repeated conversions could be halted by disabling

### **Function Documentation**

this mode. And the sequence currently in process will be completed before coversions are terminated. Note that a new sequence could begin just before the burst mode is disabled.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Switcher to enable this feature. |

# 13.6.14 static void ADC\_SetConvSeqBHighPriority ( ADC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

# 13.6.15 bool ADC\_GetConvSeqAGlobalConversionResult ( ADC\_Type \* base, adc\_result\_info\_t \* info )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address.                                |
|------|---|
| info | Pointer to information structure, see to adc_result_info_t; |

#### Return values

| true  | The conversion result is ready.         |
|-------|---|
| false | The conversion result is not ready yet. |

# 13.6.16 bool ADC\_GetConvSeqBGlobalConversionResult ( ADC\_Type \* base, adc\_result\_info\_t \* info )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address.                                |
|------|---|
| info | Pointer to information structure, see to adc_result_info_t; |

#### Return values

| true  | The conversion result is ready.         |
|-------|---|
| false | The conversion result is not ready yet. |

# 13.6.17 bool ADC\_GetChannelConversionResult ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, adc\_result\_info\_t \* info )

#### **Parameters**

| base    | ADC peripheral base address.                                |
|---------|---|
| channel | The indicated channel number.                               |
| info    | Pointer to information structure, see to adc_result_info_t; |

#### Return values

| true  | The conversion result is ready.         |
|-------|---|
| false | The conversion result is not ready yet. |

# 13.6.18 static void ADC\_SetThresholdPair0 ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t lowValue, uint32\_t highValue ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base      | ADC peripheral base address. |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| lowValue  | LOW threshold value.         |
| highValue | HIGH threshold value.        |

# 13.6.19 static void ADC\_SetThresholdPair1 ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t lowValue, uint32\_t highValue ) [inline], [static]

#### **Function Documentation**

122

| base      | ADC peripheral base address.                              |
|-----------|---|
| lowValue  | LOW threshold value. The available value is with 12-bit.  |
| highValue | HIGH threshold value. The available value is with 12-bit. |

## 13.6.20 static void ADC\_SetChannelWithThresholdPair0 ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channelMask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base        | ADC peripheral base address. |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| channelMask | Indicated channels' mask.    |

## 13.6.21 static void ADC\_SetChannelWithThresholdPair1 ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channelMask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base        | ADC peripheral base address. |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| channelMask | Indicated channels' mask.    |

## 13.6.22 static void ADC\_EnableInterrupts ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address.   |
|------|--|
| mask | Mask of interrupt mask value for global block except each channal, see to _adc |
|      | interrupt_enable.  |

## 13.6.23 static void ADC\_DisableInterrupts ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

| base | ADC peripheral base address.  |
|------|---|
|      | Mask of interrupt mask value for global block except each channel, see to _adcinterrupt_enable. |

# 13.6.24 static void ADC\_EnableThresholdCompareInterrupt ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, adc\_threshold\_interrupt\_mode\_t mode ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | ADC peripheral base address.   |
|---------|--|
| channel | Channel number.  |
| mode    | Interrupt mode for threshold compare event, see to adc_threshold_interrupt_mode_t. |

## 13.6.25 static uint32\_t ADC\_GetStatusFlags ( ADC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

Mask of status flags of module, see to \_adc\_status\_flags.

## 13.6.26 static void ADC\_ClearStatusFlags ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

Parameters

## **Function Documentation**

| base | ADC peripheral base address.                              |
|------|---|
| mask | Mask of status flags of module, see to _adc_status_flags. |

## **Chapter 14**

## **CRC: Cyclic Redundancy Check Driver**

#### 14.1 Overview

MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

The cyclic redundancy check (CRC) module generates 16/32-bit CRC code for error detection. The CRC module provides three variants of polynomials, a programmable seed, and other parameters required to implement a 16-bit or 32-bit CRC standard.

## 14.2 CRC Driver Initialization and Configuration

CRC\_Init() function enables the clock for the CRC module in the LPC SYSCON block and fully (re-)configures the CRC module according to configuration structure. It also starts checksum computation by writing the seed.

The seed member of the configuration structure is the initial checksum for which new data can be added to. When starting new checksum computation, the seed should be set to the initial checksum per the C-RC protocol specification. For continued checksum operation, the seed should be set to the intermediate checksum value as obtained from previous calls to CRC\_GetConfig() function. After CRC\_Init(), one or multiple CRC\_WriteData() calls follow to update checksum with data, then CRC\_Get16bitResult() or CRC\_Get32bitResult() follows to read the result. CRC\_Init() can be called as many times as required, which allows for runtime changes of the CRC protocol.

CRC\_GetDefaultConfig() function can be used to set the module configuration structure with parameters for CRC-16/CCITT-FALSE protocol.

CRC\_Deinit() function disables clock to the CRC module.

CRC\_Reset() performs hardware reset of the CRC module.

#### 14.3 CRC Write Data

The CRC\_WriteData() function is used to add data to actual CRC. Internally it tries to use 32-bit reads and writes for all aligned data in the user buffer and it uses 8-bit reads and writes for all unaligned data in the user buffer. This function can update CRC with user supplied data chunks of arbitrary size, so one can update CRC byte by byte or with all bytes at once. Prior call of CRC configuration function CRC\_Init() fully specifies the CRC module configuration for CRC\_WriteData() call.

CRC\_WriteSeed() Write seed (initial checksum) to CRC module.

#### 14.4 CRC Get Checksum

The CRC\_Get16bitResult() or CRC\_Get32bitResult() function is used to read the CRC module checksum register. The bit reverse and 1's complement operations are already applied to the result if previously

#### **Comments about API usage in RTOS**

configured. Use CRC\_GetConfig() function to get the actual checksum without bit reverse and 1's complement applied so it can be used as seed when resuming calculation later.

```
CRC_Init() / CRC_WriteData() / CRC_Get16bitResult() to get final checksum.
```

CRC\_Init() / CRC\_WriteData() / ... / CRC\_WriteData() / CRC\_Get16bitResult() to get final checksum.

CRC\_Init() / CRC\_WriteData() / CRC\_GetConfig() to get intermediate checksum to be used as seed value in future.

CRC\_Init() / CRC\_WriteData() / ... / CRC\_WriteData() / CRC\_GetConfig() to get intermediate checksum.

### 14.5 Comments about API usage in RTOS

If multiple RTOS tasks share the CRC module to compute checksums with different data and/or protocols, the following needs to be implemented by the user:

The triplets

```
CRC_Init() / CRC_WriteData() / CRC_Get16bitResult() or CRC_Get32bitResult() or CRC_GetConfig()
```

Should be protected by RTOS mutex to protect CRC module against concurrent accesses from different tasks. For example: Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOAR-D>/driver\_examples/crcRefer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOAR-D>/driver\_example

#### **Files**

• file fsl crc.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct crc\_config\_t

CRC protocol configuration. More...

#### **Macros**

• #define CRC\_DRIVER\_USE\_CRC16\_CCITT\_FALSE\_AS\_DEFAULT 1 Default configuration structure filled by CRC\_GetDefaultConfig().

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum crc_polynomial_t {
    kCRC_Polynomial_CRC_CCITT = 0U,
    kCRC_Polynomial_CRC_16 = 1U,
    kCRC_Polynomial_CRC_32 = 2U }
    CRC polynomials to use.
```

#### **Functions**

• void CRC\_Init (CRC\_Type \*base, const crc\_config\_t \*config)

*Enables and configures the CRC peripheral module.* 

• static void CRC Deinit (CRC Type \*base)

Disables the CRC peripheral module.

• void CRC\_Reset (CRC\_Type \*base)

resets CRC peripheral module.

• void CRC\_WriteSeed (CRC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t seed)

Write seed to CRC peripheral module.

• void CRC GetDefaultConfig (crc config t \*config)

Loads default values to CRC protocol configuration structure.

void CRC\_GetConfig (CRC\_Type \*base, crc\_config\_t \*config)

Loads actual values configured in CRC peripheral to CRC protocol configuration structure.

• void CRC\_WriteData (CRC\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*data, size\_t dataSize)

Writes data to the CRC module.

• static uint32\_t CRC\_Get32bitResult (CRC\_Type \*base)

Reads 32-bit checksum from the CRC module.

• static uint16\_t CRC\_Get16bitResult (CRC\_Type \*base)

Reads 16-bit checksum from the CRC module.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_CRC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1)) CRC driver version.

#### 14.6 Data Structure Documentation

#### 14.6.1 struct crc config t

This structure holds the configuration for the CRC protocol.

#### **Data Fields**

• crc\_polynomial\_t polynomial

CRC polynomial.

bool reverseIn

Reverse bits on input.

• bool complementIn

Perform 1's complement on input.

bool reverseOut

Reverse bits on output.

• bool complementOut

Perform 1's complement on output.

• uint32 t seed

Starting checksum value.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) crc\_polynomial\_t crc\_config\_t::polynomial
- (2) bool crc\_config\_t::reverseln
- (3) bool crc\_config\_t::complementIn
- (4) bool crc\_config\_t::reverseOut
- (5) bool crc\_config\_t::complementOut
- (6) uint32\_t crc\_config\_t::seed

#### 14.7 Macro Definition Documentation

### 14.7.1 #define FSL CRC DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1))

Version 2.1.1.

Current version: 2.1.1

Change log:

- Version 2.0.0
  - initial version
- Version 2.0.1
  - add explicit type cast when writing to WR\_DATA
- Version 2.0.2
  - Fix MISRA issue
- Version 2.1.0
  - Add CRC WriteSeed function
- Version 2.1.1
  - Fix MISRA issue

## 14.7.2 #define CRC\_DRIVER\_USE\_CRC16\_CCITT\_FALSE\_AS\_DEFAULT 1

Uses CRC-16/CCITT-FALSE as default.

## 14.8 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 14.8.1 enum crc\_polynomial\_t

Enumerator

#### 14.9 Function Documentation

## 14.9.1 void CRC\_Init ( CRC\_Type \* base, const crc\_config\_t \* config\_)

This functions enables the CRC peripheral clock in the LPC SYSCON block. It also configures the CRC engine and starts checksum computation by writing the seed.

| base   | CRC peripheral address.             |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| config | CRC module configuration structure. |

## 14.9.2 static void CRC\_Deinit ( CRC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This functions disables the CRC peripheral clock in the LPC SYSCON block.

#### **Parameters**

| base | CRC peripheral address. |
|------|-------------------------|
|------|-------------------------|

## 14.9.3 void CRC\_Reset ( CRC\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | CRC peripheral address. |
|------|-------------------------|
|      | 1 1                     |

## 14.9.4 void CRC\_WriteSeed ( CRC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t seed )

#### **Parameters**

| base | CRC peripheral address. |
|------|-------------------------|
| seed | CRC Seed value.         |

## 14.9.5 void CRC\_GetDefaultConfig ( crc\_config\_t \* config )

Loads default values to CRC protocol configuration structure. The default values are:

```
* config->polynomial = kCRC_Polynomial_CRC_CCITT;
* config->reverseIn = false;
* config->complementIn = false;
* config->reverseOut = false;
* config->complementOut = false;
* config->seed = 0xFFFFU;
*
```

| config | CRC protocol configuration structure |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
|--------|--------------------------------------|

## 14.9.6 void CRC\_GetConfig ( CRC\_Type \* base, crc\_config\_t \* config )

The values, including seed, can be used to resume CRC calculation later.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | CRC peripheral address.              |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| config | CRC protocol configuration structure |

## 14.9.7 void CRC\_WriteData ( CRC\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* data, size\_t dataSize )

Writes input data buffer bytes to CRC data register.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | CRC peripheral address.                 |
|----------|---|
| data     | Input data stream, MSByte in data[0].   |
| dataSize | Size of the input data buffer in bytes. |

## 14.9.8 static uint32\_t CRC\_Get32bitResult ( CRC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Reads CRC data register.

#### **Parameters**

| base | CRC peripheral address. |
|------|-------------------------|
|------|-------------------------|

#### Returns

final 32-bit checksum, after configured bit reverse and complement operations.

## 14.9.9 static uint16\_t CRC\_Get16bitResult ( CRC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Reads CRC data register.

## **Function Documentation**

## Parameters

| base |
|------|
|------|

### Returns

final 16-bit checksum, after configured bit reverse and complement operations.

## **Chapter 15**

## **DAC: 10-bit Digital To Analog Converter Driver**

#### 15.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the 10-bit digital to analog converter (DAC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 15.2 Typical use case

## 15.2.1 Polling Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/dac

### 15.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/dac

#### **Files**

• file fsl dac.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct dac\_config\_t

The configuration of DAC. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum dac_settling_time_t {
        kDAC_SettlingTimeIs1us = 0U,
        kDAC_SettlingTimeIs25us = 1U }
        The DAC settling time.
```

#### **Functions**

- void DAC\_Init (DAC\_Type \*base, const dac\_config\_t \*config)

  Initialize the DAC module.
- void DAC\_Deinit (DAC\_Type \*base)
  - De-Initialize the DAC module.
- void DAC\_GetDefaultConfig (dac\_config\_t \*config)

  Initializes the DAC user configuration structure.
- void DAC\_EnableDoubleBuffering (DAC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

Enable/Diable double-buffering feature.

- void DAC\_SetBufferValue (DAC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t value)
  - Write DAC output value into CR register or pre-buffer.
- void DAC\_SetCounterValue (DAC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t value)

Write DAC counter value into CNTVAL register.

- static void DAC\_EnableDMA (DAC\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enable/Disable the DMA access.
- static void DAC\_EnableCounter (DAC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable/Disable the counter operation.

• static bool DAC\_GetDMAInterruptRequestFlag (DAC\_Type \*base)

Get the status flag of DMA or interrupt request.

#### **Driver version**

• #define LPC\_DAC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2))

DAC driver version 2.0.2.

#### 15.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 15.3.1 struct dac\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• dac\_settling\_time\_t settlingTime

The settling times are valid for a capacitance load on the DAC\_OUT pin not exceeding 100 pF.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) dac settling time t dac config t::settlingTime

A load impedance value greater than that value will cause settling time longer than the specified time. One or more graphs of load impedance vs. settling time will be included in the final data sheet.

#### 15.4 Macro Definition Documentation

15.4.1 #define LPC\_DAC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2))

### 15.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 15.5.1 enum dac\_settling\_time\_t

#### Enumerator

*kDAC\_SettlingTimeIs1us* The settling time of the DAC is 1us max, and the maximum current is 700 mA. This allows a maximum update rate of 1 MHz.

*kDAC\_SettlingTimeIs25us* The settling time of the DAC is 2.5us and the maximum current is 350u-A. This allows a maximum update rate of 400 kHz.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

- 15.6 Function Documentation
- 15.6.1 void DAC\_Init ( DAC\_Type \* base, const dac\_config\_t \* config )

137

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| config | The pointer to configuration structure. Please refer to "dac_config_t" structure. |

## 15.6.2 void DAC\_Deinit ( DAC\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | DAC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

### 15.6.3 void DAC\_GetDefaultConfig ( dac\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the user configuration structure to a default value. The default values are as follows.

```
* config->settlingTime = kDAC_SettlingTimeIslus;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. See "dac_config_t". |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

## 15.6.4 void DAC\_EnableDoubleBuffering ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable )

Notice: Disabling the double-buffering feature will disable counter opreation. If double-buffering feature is disabled, any writes to the CR address will go directly to the CR register. If double-buffering feature is enabled, any write to the CR register will only load the pre-buffer, which shares its register address with the CR register. The CR itself will be loaded from the pre-buffer whenever the counter reaches zero and the DMA request is set.

#### **Parameters**

| base DAC peripheral base address. |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
|-----------------------------------|--|

| enable | Enable or disable the feature. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
|--------|--------------------------------|

### 15.6.5 void DAC\_SetBufferValue ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t value )

The DAC output voltage is VALUE\*((VREFP)/1024).

#### **Parameters**

| base  | DAC peripheral base address.                                      |
|-------|---|
| value | Setting the value for items in the buffer. 10-bits are available. |

### 15.6.6 void DAC\_SetCounterValue ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t value )

When the counter is enabled bit, the 16-bit counter will begin counting down, at the rate afrom the value programmed into the DACCNTVAL register. The counter is decremented Each time

reaches zero, the counter will be reloaded by the value of DACCNTVAL and the DMA request bit INT\_-DMA\_REQ will be set in hardware.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | DAC peripheral basic address.                                      |
|-------|--|
| value | Setting the value for items in the counter. 16-bits are available. |

## 15.6.7 static void DAC\_EnableDMA ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| enable | Enable or disable the feature. |

## 15.6.8 static void DAC\_EnableCounter ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| enable | Enable or disable the feature. |

## 15.6.9 static bool DAC\_GetDMAInterruptRequestFlag ( DAC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

#### Returns

If return 'true', it means DMA request or interrupt occurs. If return 'false', it means DMA request or interrupt doesn't occur.

## **Chapter 16**

## **DMA: Direct Memory Access Controller Driver**

#### 16.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Direct Memory Access (DMA) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### 16.2 Typical use case

### 16.2.1 DMA Operation

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/dma

#### **Files**

• file fsl dma.h

#### **Data Structures**

struct dma\_descriptor\_t

DMA descriptor structure. More...

struct dma\_xfercfg\_t

DMA transfer configuration. More...

• struct dma\_channel\_trigger\_t

DMA channel trigger. More...

struct dma\_channel\_config\_t

DMA channel trigger. More...

struct dma\_transfer\_config\_t

DMA transfer configuration. More...

struct dma handle t

DMA transfer handle structure. More...

#### **Macros**

#define DMA\_MAX\_TRANSFER\_COUNT 0x400U

DMA max transfer size.

• #define FSL\_FEÅTURE\_DMA\_NUMBER\_OF\_CHANNELSn(x) FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_NUMBER\_OF\_CHANNELS

DMA channel numbers.

• #define FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_LINK\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE (16U)

DMA head link descriptor table align size.

• #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_HEAD\_DESCRIPTORS(name, number) SDK\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

DMA head descriptor table allocate macro To simplify user interface, this macro will help allocate descriptor memory, user just need to provide the name and the number for the allocate descriptor.

 #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_HEAD\_DESCRIPTORS\_AT\_NONCACHEABLE(name, number) A-T\_NONCACHEABLE\_SECTION\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_-DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

DMA head descriptor table allocate macro at noncacheable section To simplify user interface, this macro will help allocate descriptor memory at noncacheable section, user just need to provide the name and the number for the allocate descriptor.

#define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_LINK\_DESCRIPTORS(name, number) SDK\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_LINK\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

DMA link descriptor table allocate macro To simplify user interface, this macro will help allocate descriptor memory, user just need to provide the name and the number for the allocate descriptor.

 #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_LINK\_DESCRIPTORS\_AT\_NONCACHEABLE(name, number) A-T\_NONCACHEABLE\_SECTION\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_-DMA\_LINK\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

DMA link descriptor table allocate macro at noncacheable section To simplify user interface, this macro will help allocate descriptor memory at noncacheable section, user just need to provide the name and the number for the allocate descriptor.

• #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_DATA\_TRANSFER\_BUFFER(name, width) SDK\_ALIGN(name, width)

DMA transfer buffer address need to align with the transfer width.

• #define DMA\_COMMON\_REG\_GET(base, channel, reg) (((volatile uint32\_t \*)(&((base)->COM-MON[0].reg)))[DMA\_CHANNEL\_GROUP(channel)])

DMA linked descriptor address algin size.

• #define DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_END\_ADDRESS(start, inc, bytes, width) ((uint32\_t \*)((uint32\_t )((start) + (inc) \* (bytes) - (inc) \* (width)))

DMA descriptor end address calculate.

## **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* dma\_callback )(struct \_dma\_handle \*handle, void \*userData, bool transferDone, uint32\_t intmode)

Define Callback function for DMA.

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum { kStatus_DMA_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_DMA, 0) }
        __dma_transfer_status DMA transfer status
    enum {
        kDMA_AddressInterleave0xWidth = 0U,
        kDMA_AddressInterleave1xWidth = 1U,
        kDMA_AddressInterleave2xWidth = 2U,
        kDMA_AddressInterleave4xWidth = 4U }
        __dma_addr_interleave_size dma address interleave size
    enum {
        kDMA_Transfer8BitWidth = 1U,
        kDMA_Transfer16BitWidth = 2U,
        kDMA_Transfer32BitWidth = 4U }
        __dma_transfer_width dma transfer width
```

```
enum dma_priority_t {
 kDMA_ChannelPriority0 = 0,
 kDMA_ChannelPriority1,
 kDMA_ChannelPriority2,
 kDMA ChannelPriority3,
 kDMA_ChannelPriority4,
 kDMA_ChannelPriority5,
 kDMA_ChannelPriority6,
 kDMA ChannelPriority7 }
    DMA channel priority.
enum dma_irq_t {
 kDMA_IntA,
 kDMA_IntB,
 kDMA IntError }
    DMA interrupt flags.
enum dma_trigger_type_t {
 kDMA_NoTrigger = 0,
 kDMA_LowLevelTrigger = DMA_CHANNEL_CFG_HWTRIGEN(1) | DMA_CHANNEL_CFG-
 _TRIGTYPE(1),
 kDMA_HighLevelTrigger,
 kDMA_FallingEdgeTrigger = DMA_CHANNEL_CFG_HWTRIGEN(1),
 kDMA_RisingEdgeTrigger }
    DMA trigger type.

    enum {

 kDMA BurstSize1 = 0U,
 kDMA BurstSize2 = 1U,
 kDMA BurstSize4 = 2U,
 kDMA_BurstSize8 = 3U,
 kDMA_BurstSize16 = 4U,
 kDMA BurstSize32 = 5U,
 kDMA_BurstSize64 = 6U,
 kDMA BurstSize128 = 7U,
 kDMA_BurstSize256 = 8U,
 kDMA BurstSize512 = 9U,
 kDMA BurstSize1024 = 10U }
    _dma_burst_size DMA burst size
enum dma_trigger_burst_t {
```

```
kDMA_SingleTransfer = 0,
 kDMA_LevelBurstTransfer = DMA_CHANNEL_CFG_TRIGBURST(1),
 kDMA EdgeBurstTransfer1 = DMA_CHANNEL_CFG_TRIGBURST(1),
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer2,
 kDMA EdgeBurstTransfer4,
 kDMA EdgeBurstTransfer8,
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer16,
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer32,
 kDMA EdgeBurstTransfer64,
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer128,
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer256,
 kDMA_EdgeBurstTransfer512.
 kDMA EdgeBurstTransfer1024 }
    DMA trigger burst.
enum dma_burst_wrap_t {
 kDMA_NoWrap = 0,
 kDMA SrcWrap = DMA CHANNEL CFG SRCBURSTWRAP(1),
 kDMA DstWrap = DMA CHANNEL CFG DSTBURSTWRAP(1),
 kDMA SrcAndDstWrap }
    DMA burst wrapping.
enum dma_transfer_type_t {
 kDMA MemoryToMemory = 0x0U,
 kDMA_PeripheralToMemory,
 kDMA MemoryToPeripheral.
 kDMA StaticToStatic }
    DMA transfer type.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_DMA\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0))

DMA driver version.

#### DMA initialization and De-initialization

```
• void DMA_Init (DMA_Type *base)

Initializes DMA peripheral.
```

• void DMA\_Deinit (DMA\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes DMA peripheral.

void DMA\_InstallDescriptorMemory (DMA\_Type \*base, void \*addr)
 Install DMA descriptor memory.

## **DMA Channel Operation**

- static bool DMA\_ChannelIsActive (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

  Return whether DMA channel is processing transfer.
- static bool DMA\_ChannelIsBusy (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Return whether DMA channel is busy.
- static void DMA\_EnableChannelInterrupts (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Enables the interrupt source for the DMA transfer.

• static void DMA\_DisableChannelInterrupts (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Disables the interrupt source for the DMA transfer.

• static void DMA\_EnableChannel (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Enable DMA channel.

• static void DMA\_DisableChannel (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Disable DMA channel.

- static void DMA\_EnableChannelPeriphRq (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)
- Set PERIPHREQEN of channel configuration register.
   static void DMA\_DisableChannelPeriphRq (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)
  - Get PERIPHREOEN value of channel configuration register.
- void DMA\_ConfigureChannelTrigger (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \*trigger)

Set trigger settings of DMA channel.

- void DMA\_SetChannelConfig (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \*trigger, bool isPeriph)
- set channel config.
   static uint32\_t DMA\_SetChannelXferConfig (bool reload, bool clrTrig, bool intA, bool intB, uint8\_t width, uint8\_t srcInc, uint8\_t dstInc, uint32\_t bytes)

DMA channel xfer transfer configurations.

• uint32\_t DMA\_GetRemainingBytes (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Gets the remaining bytes of the current DMA descriptor transfer.

- static void DMA\_SetChannelPriority (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_priority\_t priority)

  Set priority of channel configuration register.
- static dma\_priority\_t DMA\_GetChannelPriority (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Get priority of channel configuration register.

• static void DMA\_SetChannelConfigValid (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Set channel configuration valid.

- static void DMA\_DoChannelSoftwareTrigger (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)
- Do software trigger for the channel.
   static void DMA\_LoadChannelTransferConfig (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t xfer)

  Load channel transfer configurations.
- void DMA\_CreateDescriptor (dma\_descriptor\_t \*desc, dma\_xfercfg\_t \*xfercfg, void \*srcAddr, void \*dstAddr, void \*nextDesc)

Create application specific DMA descriptor to be used in a chain in transfer.

void DMA\_SetupDescriptor (dma\_descriptor\_t \*desc, uint32\_t xfercfg, void \*srcStartAddr, void \*dstStartAddr, void \*nextDesc)

setup dma descriptor

- void DMA\_SetupChannelDescriptor (dma\_descriptor\_t \*desc, uint32\_t xfercfg, void \*srcStartAddr, void \*dstStartAddr, void \*nextDesc, dma\_burst\_wrap\_t wrapType, uint32\_t burstSize)
   setup dma channel descriptor
- void DMA\_LoadChannelDescriptor (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_descriptor\_t \*descriptor)

load channel transfer decriptor.

Abort running transfer by handle.

## **DMA Transactional Operation**

- void DMA\_AbortTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)
- void DMA\_CreateHandle (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Creates the DMA handle.

- void DMA\_SetCallback (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, dma\_callback callback, void \*userData)

  Installs a callback function for the DMA transfer.
- void DMA\_PrepareTransfer (dma\_transfer\_config\_t \*config, void \*srcAddr, void \*dstAddr, uint32\_t byteWidth, uint32\_t transferBytes, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type, void \*nextDesc)
   Prepares the DMA transfer structure.
- void DMA\_PrepareChannelTransfer (dma\_channel\_config\_t \*config, void \*srcStartAddr, void \*dstStartAddr, uint32\_t xferCfg, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \*trigger, void \*nextDesc)

Prepare channel transfer configurations.

- status\_t DMA\_SubmitTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, dma\_transfer\_config\_t \*config)

  Submits the DMA transfer request.
- void DMA\_SubmitChannelTransferParameter (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t xferCfg, void \*src-StartAddr, void \*dstStartAddr, void \*nextDesc)

Submit channel transfer paramter directly.

- void DMA\_SubmitChannelDescriptor (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, dma\_descriptor\_t \*descriptor) Submit channel descriptor.
- status\_t DMA\_SubmitChannelTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, dma\_channel\_config\_t \*config)

  Submits the DMA channel transfer request.
- void DMA\_StartTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)

DMA start transfer.

• void DMA\_IRQHandle (DMA\_Type \*base)

DMA IRQ handler for descriptor transfer complete.

#### 16.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 16.3.1 struct dma descriptor t

#### **Data Fields**

• volatile uint32\_t xfercfg

Transfer configuration.

void \* srcEndAddr

Last source address of DMA transfer.

void \* dstEndAddr

Last destination address of DMA transfer.

void \* linkToNextDesc

Address of next DMA descriptor in chain.

## 16.3.2 struct dma\_xfercfg\_t

#### **Data Fields**

· bool valid

Descriptor is ready to transfer.

bool reload

Reload channel configuration register after current descriptor is exhausted.

bool swtrig

#### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Perform software trigger.

bool clrtrig

Clear trigger.

bool intA

Raises IRQ when transfer is done and set IRQA status register flag.

bool intB

Raises IRQ when transfer is done and set IRQB status register flag.

• uint8\_t byteWidth

Byte width of data to transfer.

• uint8\_t srcInc

Increment source address by 'srcInc' x 'byteWidth'.

• uint8\_t dstInc

Increment destination address by 'dstInc' x 'byteWidth'.

• uint16 t transferCount

Number of transfers.

#### **Field Documentation**

(1) bool dma\_xfercfg\_t::swtrig

Transfer if fired when 'valid' is set

### 16.3.3 struct dma\_channel\_trigger\_t

#### **Data Fields**

dma\_trigger\_type\_t type

Select hardware trigger as edge triggered or level triggered.

dma\_trigger\_burst\_t burst

Select whether hardware triggers cause a single or burst transfer.

dma\_burst\_wrap\_t wrap

Select wrap type, source wrap or dest wrap, or both.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) dma\_trigger\_type\_t dma\_channel\_trigger\_t::type
- (2) dma\_trigger\_burst\_t dma\_channel\_trigger\_t::burst
- (3) dma\_burst\_wrap\_t dma\_channel\_trigger\_t::wrap

#### 16.3.4 struct dma channel config t

#### **Data Fields**

- void \* srcStartAddr
  - Source data address.
- void \* dstStartAddr

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Destination data address.

void \* nextDesc

Chain custom descriptor.

uint32\_t xferCfg

channel transfer configurations

• dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \* trigger

DMA trigger type.

bool isPeriph

select the request type

## 16.3.5 struct dma\_transfer\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t \* srcAddr

Source data address.

• uint8\_t \* dstAddr

Destination data address.

• uint8 t \* nextDesc

Chain custom descriptor.

• dma\_xfercfg\_t xfercfg

Transfer options.

bool isPeriph

DMA transfer is driven by peripheral.

## 16.3.6 struct dma\_handle\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• dma\_callback callback

Callback function.

void \* userData

Callback function parameter.

• DMA\_Type \* base

DMA peripheral base address.

• uint8\_t channel

DMA channel number.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) dma\_callback dma handle t::callback

Invoked when transfer of descriptor with interrupt flag finishes

#### 16.4 Macro Definition Documentation

### 16.4.1 #define FSL\_DMA\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0))

Version 2.5.0.

16.4.2 #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_HEAD\_DESCRIPTORS( name, number ) SDK\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

#### Parameters

| name   | Allocate decriptor name.              |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| number | Number of descriptor to be allocated. |

16.4.3 #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_HEAD\_DESCRIPTORS\_AT\_NONCACHEABLE(
name, number) AT\_NONCACHEABLE\_SECTION\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t
name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

#### **Parameters**

| name   | Allocate decriptor name.              |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| number | Number of descriptor to be allocated. |

16.4.4 #define DMA\_ALLOCATE\_LINK\_DESCRIPTORS( name, number ) SDK\_ALIGN(dma\_descriptor\_t name[number], FSL\_FEATURE\_DMA\_LINK\_DESCRIPTOR\_ALIGN\_SIZE)

#### **Parameters**

| name   | Allocate decriptor name.              |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| number | Number of descriptor to be allocated. |

| name   | Allocate decriptor name.              |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| number | Number of descriptor to be allocated. |

## 16.4.6 #define DMA\_DESCRIPTOR\_END\_ADDRESS( start, inc, bytes, width ) ((uint32\_t \*)((uint32\_t)(start) + (inc) \* (bytes) - (inc) \* (width)))

#### **Parameters**

| start | start address           |
|-------|-------------------------|
| inc   | address interleave size |
| bytes | transfer bytes          |
| width | transfer width          |

### 16.5 Typedef Documentation

16.5.1 typedef void(\* dma\_callback)(struct \_dma\_handle \*handle, void \*userData, bool transferDone, uint32\_t intmode)

## 16.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 16.6.1 anonymous enum

Enumerator

kStatus\_DMA\_Busy Channel is busy and can't handle the transfer request.

### 16.6.2 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

kDMA\_AddressInterleave0xWidth dma source/destination address no interleave 1xwidth kDMA\_AddressInterleave2xWidth dma source/destination address interleave 2xwidth kDMA\_AddressInterleave4xWidth dma source/destination address interleave 3xwidth

### 16.6.3 anonymous enum

Enumerator

kDMA\_Transfer8BitWidth dma channel transfer bit width is 8 bit

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

*kDMA\_Transfer16BitWidth* dma channel transfer bit width is 16 bit *kDMA\_Transfer32BitWidth* dma channel transfer bit width is 32 bit

### 16.6.4 enum dma\_priority\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kDMA_ChannelPriority0
    kDMA_ChannelPriority1
    kDMA_ChannelPriority2
    kDMA_ChannelPriority3
    kDMA_ChannelPriority4
    kDMA_ChannelPriority4
    kDMA_ChannelPriority5
    kDMA_ChannelPriority5
    kDMA_ChannelPriority6
    kDMA_ChannelPriority6
    kDMA_ChannelPriority7
    Lowest channel priority - priority 7.
```

### 16.6.5 enum dma\_irq\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kDMA_IntA DMA interrupt flag A.kDMA_IntB DMA interrupt flag B.kDMA_IntError DMA interrupt flag error.
```

## 16.6.6 enum dma\_trigger\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kDMA_NoTrigger Trigger is disabled.
kDMA_LowLevelTrigger Low level active trigger.
kDMA_HighLevelTrigger High level active trigger.
kDMA_FallingEdgeTrigger Falling edge active trigger.
kDMA_RisingEdgeTrigger Rising edge active trigger.
```

### 16.6.7 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

```
kDMA_BurstSize1 burst size 1 transferkDMA_BurstSize2 burst size 2 transferkDMA BurstSize4 burst size 4 transfer
```

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kDMA\_BurstSize8 burst size 8 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize16 burst size 16 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize32 burst size 32 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize64 burst size 64 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize128 burst size 128 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize256 burst size 256 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize512 burst size 512 transfer
kDMA\_BurstSize1024 burst size 1024 transfer

#### 16.6.8 enum dma\_trigger\_burst\_t

#### Enumerator

kDMA\_LevelBurstTransfer Burst transfer driven by level trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer1 Perform 1 transfer by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer2 Perform 2 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer4 Perform 4 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer8 Perform 8 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer16 Perform 16 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer32 Perform 32 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer64 Perform 64 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer128 Perform 128 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer128 Perform 256 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer512 Perform 512 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer512 Perform 512 transfers by edge trigger.
kDMA\_EdgeBurstTransfer1024 Perform 1024 transfers by edge trigger.

## 16.6.9 enum dma\_burst\_wrap\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kDMA_NoWrap Wrapping is disabled.
kDMA_SrcWrap Wrapping is enabled for source.
kDMA_DstWrap Wrapping is enabled for destination.
kDMA_SrcAndDstWrap Wrapping is enabled for source and destination.
```

## 16.6.10 enum dma\_transfer\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

**kDMA\_MemoryToMemory** Transfer from memory to memory (increment source and destination)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

152

kDMA\_PeripheralToMemory Transfer from peripheral to memory (increment only destination)
 kDMA\_MemoryToPeripheral Transfer from memory to peripheral (increment only source)
 kDMA\_StaticToStatic Peripheral to static memory (do not increment source or destination)

#### 16.7 Function Documentation

### 16.7.1 void DMA\_Init ( DMA\_Type \* base )

This function enable the DMA clock, set descriptor table and enable DMA peripheral.

#### **Parameters**

| base | DMA peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

### 16.7.2 void DMA\_Deinit ( DMA\_Type \* base )

This function gates the DMA clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | DMA peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## 16.7.3 void DMA\_InstallDescriptorMemory ( DMA\_Type \* base, void \* addr )

This function used to register DMA descriptor memory for linked transfer, a typical case is ping pong transfer which will request more than one DMA descriptor memory space, althrough current DMA driver has a default DMA descriptor buffer, but it support one DMA descriptor for one channel only.

#### **Parameters**

| base | DMA base address.      |
|------|------------------------|
| addr | DMA descriptor address |

## 16.7.4 static bool DMA\_ChannellsActive ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

153

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

#### Returns

True for active state, false otherwise.

## 16.7.5 static bool DMA ChannellsBusy ( DMA Type \* base, uint32 t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

#### Returns

True for busy state, false otherwise.

## 16.7.6 static void DMA\_EnableChannelInterrupts ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.7 static void DMA\_DisableChannelInterrupts ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

**NXP Semiconductors** 

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.8 static void DMA\_EnableChannel ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.9 static void DMA\_DisableChannel ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.10 static void DMA\_EnableChannelPeriphRq ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.11 static void DMA\_DisableChannelPeriphRq ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

#### Returns

True for enabled PeriphRq, false for disabled.

## 16.7.12 void DMA\_ConfigureChannelTrigger ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \* trigger )

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It has been superceded by DMA\_SetChannelConfig.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |
| trigger | trigger configuration.       |

## 16.7.13 void DMA\_SetChannelConfig ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \* trigger, bool isPeriph )

This function provide a interface to configure channel configuration reisters.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | DMA base address.                     |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| channel  | DMA channel number.                   |
| trigger  | channel configurations structure.     |
| isPeriph | true is periph request, false is not. |

# 16.7.14 static uint32\_t DMA\_SetChannelXferConfig ( bool *reload*, bool *clrTrig*, bool *intA*, bool *intB*, uint8\_t *width*, uint8\_t *srcInc*, uint8\_t *dstInc*, uint32\_t *bytes* ) [inline], [static]

| reload  | true is reload link descriptor after current exhaust, false is not |
|---------|--|
| clrTrig | true is clear trigger status, wait software trigger, false is not  |
| intA    | enable interruptA  |
| intB    | enable interruptB  |
| width   | transfer width   |
| srcInc  | source address interleave size                                     |
| dstInc  | destination address interleave size                                |
| bytes   | transfer bytes   |

#### Returns

The vaule of xfer config

### 16.7.15 uint32\_t DMA\_GetRemainingBytes ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel )

#### Parameters

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

#### Returns

The number of bytes which have not been transferred yet.

## 16.7.16 static void DMA\_SetChannelPriority ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_priority\_t priority ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base DMA peripheral base address. |
|-----------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|

157

| channel  | DMA channel number.     |
|----------|-------------------------|
| priority | Channel priority value. |

## 16.7.17 static dma\_priority\_t DMA\_GetChannelPriority ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

#### Returns

Channel priority value.

## 16.7.18 static void DMA\_SetChannelConfigValid ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.19 static void DMA\_DoChannelSoftwareTrigger ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## 16.7.20 static void DMA\_LoadChannelTransferConfig ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t xfer ) [inline], [static]

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |  |
|---------|------------------------------|--|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |  |
| xfer    | transfer configurations.     |  |

# 16.7.21 void DMA\_CreateDescriptor ( dma\_descriptor\_t \* desc, dma\_xfercfg\_t \* xfercfg, void \* srcAddr, void \* dstAddr, void \* nextDesc )

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It has been superceded by DMA\_SetupDescriptor.

### **Parameters**

| desc     | MA descriptor address.                            |  |
|----------|---|--|
| xfercfg  | fercfg Transfer configuration for DMA descriptor. |  |
| srcAddr  | Address of last item to transmit                  |  |
| dstAddr  | dstAddr Address of last item to receive.          |  |
| nextDesc | Address of next descriptor in chain.              |  |

# 16.7.22 void DMA\_SetupDescriptor ( dma\_descriptor\_t \* desc, uint32\_t xfercfg, void \* srcStartAddr, void \* dstStartAddr, void \* nextDesc )

Note: This function do not support configure wrap descriptor.

# **Parameters**

| desc         | DMA descriptor address.                         |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| xfercfg      | Transfer configuration for DMA descriptor.      |  |
| srcStartAddr | Start address of source address.                |  |
| dstStartAddr | StartAddr Start address of destination address. |  |
| nextDesc     | nextDesc Address of next descriptor in chain.   |  |

# 16.7.23 void DMA\_SetupChannelDescriptor ( dma\_descriptor\_t \* desc, uint32\_t xfercfg, void \* srcStartAddr, void \* dstStartAddr, void \* nextDesc, dma\_burst\_wrap\_t wrapType, uint32\_t burstSize )

Note: This function support configure wrap descriptor.

159

#### **Parameters**

| desc         | MA descriptor address.                     |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| xfercfg      | Transfer configuration for DMA descriptor. |  |
| srcStartAddr | art address of source address.             |  |
| dstStartAddr | art address of destination address.        |  |
| nextDesc     | Address of next descriptor in chain.       |  |
| wrapType     | burst wrap type.                           |  |
| burstSize    | burst size, reference _dma_burst_size.     |  |

# 16.7.24 void DMA\_LoadChannelDescriptor ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_descriptor\_t \* descriptor )

This function can be used to load desscriptor to driver internal channel descriptor that is used to start DMA transfer, the head descriptor table is defined in DMA driver, it is useful for the case:

1. for the polling transfer, application can allocate a local descriptor memory table to prepare a descriptor firstly and then call this api to load the configured descriptor to driver descriptor table.

## Parameters

| base       | DMA base address.          |  |
|------------|----------------------------|--|
| channel    | DMA channel.               |  |
| descriptor | configured DMA descriptor. |  |

# 16.7.25 void DMA\_AbortTransfer ( $dma_handle_t * handle$ )

This function aborts DMA transfer specified by handle.

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

# 16.7.26 void DMA\_CreateHandle ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, DMA\_Type \* base, uint32 t channel )

This function is called if using transaction API for DMA. This function initializes the internal state of DMA handle.

#### **Parameters**

| handle  | DMA handle pointer. The DMA handle stores callback function and parameters. |  |
|---------|---|--|
| base    | DMA peripheral base address.  |  |
| channel | DMA channel number.   |  |

# 16.7.27 void DMA\_SetCallback ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, dma\_callback callback, void \* userData )

This callback is called in DMA IRQ handler. Use the callback to do something after the current major loop transfer completes.

#### **Parameters**

| handle   | DMA handle pointer.              |  |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|
| callback | DMA callback function pointer.   |  |
| userData | Parameter for callback function. |  |

# 16.7.28 void DMA\_PrepareTransfer ( dma\_transfer\_config\_t \* config, void \* srcAddr, void \* dstAddr, uint32\_t byteWidth, uint32\_t transferBytes, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type, void \* nextDesc )

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It has been superceded by DMA\_PrepareChannelTransfer. This function prepares the transfer configuration structure according to the user input.

| config        | ne user configuration structure of type dma_transfer_t. |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| srcAddr       | DMA transfer source address.                            |  |
| dstAddr       | AA transfer destination address.                        |  |
| byteWidth     | MA transfer destination address width(bytes).           |  |
| transferBytes | DMA transfer bytes to be transferred.                   |  |
| type          | DMA transfer type.                                      |  |
| nextDesc      | Chain custom descriptor to transfer.                    |  |

#### Note

The data address and the data width must be consistent. For example, if the SRC is 4 bytes, so the source address must be 4 bytes aligned, or it shall result in source address error(SAE).

# 16.7.29 void DMA\_PrepareChannelTransfer ( dma\_channel\_config\_t \* config, void \* srcStartAddr, void \* dstStartAddr, uint32\_t xferCfg, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type, dma\_channel\_trigger\_t \* trigger, void \* nextDesc )

This function used to prepare channel transfer configurations.

#### **Parameters**

| config       | Pointer to DMA channel transfer configuration structure.                                   |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| srcStartAddr | source start address.  |  |
| dstStartAddr | destination start address.   |  |
| xferCfg      | xfer configuration, user can reference DMA_CHANNEL_XFER about to how to get xferCfg value. |  |
| type         | transfer type.   |  |
| trigger      | DMA channel trigger configurations.  |  |
| nextDesc     | address of next descriptor.  |  |

# 16.7.30 status\_t DMA\_SubmitTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, dma\_transfer\_config\_t \* config )

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It has been superceded by DMA\_SubmitChannelTransfer.

This function submits the DMA transfer request according to the transfer configuration structure. If the user submits the transfer request repeatedly, this function packs an unprocessed request as a TCD and enables scatter/gather feature to process it in the next time.

#### **Parameters**

| handle  | DMA handle pointer. |  |
|---|---------------------|--|
| config Pointer to DMA transfer configuration structure. |                     |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_DMA_Success   | It means submit transfer request succeed.                           |
|-----------------------|---|
| kStatus_DMA_QueueFull | It means TCD queue is full. Submit transfer request is not allowed. |
| kStatus_DMA_Busy      | It means the given channel is busy, need to submit request later.   |

# 16.7.31 void DMA\_SubmitChannelTransferParameter ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t xferCfg, void \* srcStartAddr, void \* dstStartAddr, void \* nextDesc )

This function used to configue channel head descriptor that is used to start DMA transfer, the head descriptor table is defined in DMA driver, it is useful for the case:

1. for the single transfer, application doesn't need to allocate descriptor table, the head descriptor can be used for it.

```
DMA_SetChannelConfig(base, channel, trigger, isPeriph);
DMA_CreateHandle(handle, base, channel)
DMA_SubmitChannelTransferParameter(handle, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes), srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, NULL);
DMA_StartTransfer(handle)
```

2. for the linked transfer, application should responsible for link descriptor, for example, if 4 transfer is required, then application should prepare three descriptor table with macro, the head descriptor in driver can be used for the first transfer descriptor.

```
define link descriptor table in application with macro
   DMA_ALLOCATE_LINK_DESCRIPTOR(nextDesc[3]);

DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc0, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc1);
DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc1, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc2);
DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc2, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, NULL);
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, NULL);
DMA_SetChannelConfig(base, channel, trigger, isPeriph);
DMA_CreateHandle(handle, base, channel)
DMA_SubmitChannelTransferParameter(handle, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload,
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

163

```
clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc,
bytes), srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc0);
    DMA_StartTransfer(handle);
```

#### **Parameters**

| handle       | Pointer to DMA handle.   |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| xferCfg      | xfer configuration, user can reference DMA_CHANNEL_XFER about to how to get xferCfg value. |  |
| srcStartAddr | source start address.  |  |
| dstStartAddr | destination start address.   |  |
| nextDesc     | address of next descriptor.  |  |

# 16.7.32 void DMA\_SubmitChannelDescriptor ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, dma\_descriptor\_t \* descriptor )

This function used to configue channel head descriptor that is used to start DMA transfer, the head descriptor table is defined in DMA driver, this function is typical for the ping pong case:

1. for the ping pong case, application should responsible for the descriptor, for example, application should prepare two descriptor table with macro.

```
define link descriptor table in application with macro
   DMA_ALLOCATE_LINK_DESCRIPTOR(nextDesc[2]);

DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc0, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc1);
DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc1, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width, srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc0);
DMA_SetChannelConfig(base, channel, trigger, isPeriph);
DMA_CreateHandle(handle, base, channel)
DMA_SubmitChannelDescriptor(handle, nextDesc0);
DMA_StartTransfer(handle);
**
```

#### **Parameters**

| handle     | Pointer to DMA handle. |
|------------|------------------------|
| descriptor | descriptor to submit.  |

# 16.7.33 status\_t DMA\_SubmitChannelTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, dma\_channel\_config\_t \* config )

This function submits the DMA transfer request according to the transfer configuration structure. If the user submits the transfer request repeatedly, this function packs an unprocessed request as a TCD and

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

enables scatter/gather feature to process it in the next time. It is used for the case:

1. for the single transfer, application doesn't need to allocate descriptor table, the head descriptor can be used for it.

2. for the linked transfer, application should responsible for link descriptor, for example, if 4 transfer is required, then application should prepare three descriptor table with macro, the head descriptor in driver can be used for the first transfer descriptor.

```
define link descriptor table in application with macro
          DMA_ALLOCATE_LINK_DESCRIPTOR(nextDesc);
          DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc0, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTriq, intA, intB, width,
                   srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc1);
          DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc1, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTriq, intA, intB, width,
                      srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, nextDesc2);
          DMA_SetupDescriptor(nextDesc2, DMA_CHANNEL_XFER(reload, clrTrig, intA, intB, width,
                     srcInc, dstInc, bytes),
srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, NULL);
          DMA_CreateHandle(handle, base, channel)
          {\tt DMA\_PrepareChannelTransfer(config, srcStartAddr, dstStartAddr, xferCfg, type, and the config is a configuration of the configurati
                    trigger, nextDesc0);
          DMA_SubmitChannelTransfer(handle, config)
          DMA_StartTransfer(handle)
```

3. for the ping pong case, application should responsible for link descriptor, for example, application should prepare two descriptor table with macro, the head descriptor in driver can be used for the first transfer descriptor.

**Parameters** 

| handle  | DMA handle pointer. |
|---|---------------------|
| config Pointer to DMA transfer configuration structure. |                     |

### Return values

| kStatus_DMA_Success   | It means submit transfer request succeed.                           |
|-----------------------|---|
| kStatus_DMA_QueueFull | It means TCD queue is full. Submit transfer request is not allowed. |
| kStatus_DMA_Busy      | It means the given channel is busy, need to submit request later.   |

# 16.7.34 void DMA\_StartTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function enables the channel request. User can call this function after submitting the transfer request It will trigger transfer start with software trigger only when hardware trigger is not used.

### **Parameters**

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

# 16.7.35 void DMA\_IRQHandle ( DMA\_Type \* base )

This function clears the channel major interrupt flag and call the callback function if it is not NULL.

# Parameters

| base | DMA base address. |
|------|-------------------|
|------|-------------------|

# **Chapter 17**

# **GPIO: General Purpose I/O**

# 17.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the General Purpose I/O (GPIO) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

# 17.2 Function groups

# 17.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function GPIO\_PinInit() initializes the GPIO with specified configuration.

# 17.2.2 Pin manipulation

The function GPIO\_PinWrite() set output state of selected GPIO pin. The function GPIO\_PinRead() read input value of selected GPIO pin.

# 17.2.3 Port manipulation

The function GPIO\_PortSet() sets the output level of selected GPIO pins to the logic 1. The function GPIO\_PortClear() sets the output level of selected GPIO pins to the logic 0. The function GPIO\_PortToggle() reverse the output level of selected GPIO pins. The function GPIO\_PortRead() read input value of selected port.

# 17.2.4 Port masking

The function GPIO\_PortMaskedSet() set port mask, only pins masked by 0 will be enabled in following functions. The function GPIO\_PortMaskedWrite() sets the state of selected GPIO port, only pins masked by 0 will be affected. The function GPIO\_PortMaskedRead() reads the state of selected GPIO port, only pins masked by 0 are enabled for read, pins masked by 1 are read as 0.

# 17.3 Typical use case

Example use of GPIO API. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BO-ARD>/driver\_examples/gpio

# **Files**

• file fsl\_gpio.h

# **Data Structures**

• struct gpio\_pin\_config\_t

The GPIO pin configuration structure. More...

# **Enumerations**

```
    enum gpio_pin_direction_t {
        kGPIO_DigitalInput = 0U,
        kGPIO_DigitalOutput = 1U }
        LPC GPIO direction definition.
```

# **Functions**

- static void GPIO\_PortSet (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask)

  Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 1.
- static void GPIO\_PortClear (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask)

  Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 0.
- static void GPIO\_PortToggle (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask)

  Reverses current output logic of the multiple GPIO pins.

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_GPIO\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 7)) LPC GPIO driver version.

# **GPIO Configuration**

- void GPIO\_PortInit (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port)

  Initializes the GPIO peripheral.
- void GPIO\_PinInit (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \*config)

*Initializes a GPIO pin used by the board.* 

# **GPIO Output Operations**

• static void GPIO\_PinWrite (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output) Sets the output level of the one GPIO pin to the logic 1 or 0.

# **GPIO Input Operations**

• static uint32\_t GPIO\_PinRead (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t pin)

Reads the current input value of the GPIO PIN.

# 17.4 Data Structure Documentation

# 17.4.1 struct gpio\_pin\_config\_t

Every pin can only be configured as either output pin or input pin at a time. If configured as a input pin, then leave the outputConfig unused.

## **Data Fields**

- gpio\_pin\_direction\_t pinDirection GPIO direction, input or output.
- uint8\_t outputLogic

  Set default output logic, no use in input.

# 17.5 Macro Definition Documentation

# 17.5.1 #define FSL GPIO DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 7))

# 17.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 17.6.1 enum gpio\_pin\_direction\_t

Enumerator

kGPIO\_DigitalInput Set current pin as digital input.kGPIO\_DigitalOutput Set current pin as digital output.

# 17.7 Function Documentation

# 17.7.1 void GPIO\_PortInit ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port )

This function ungates the GPIO clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | GPIO peripheral base pointer. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| port GPIO port number. |                               |

# 17.7.2 void GPIO\_PinInit ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \* config\_)

To initialize the GPIO, define a pin configuration, either input or output, in the user file. Then, call the GPIO PinInit() function.

This is an example to define an input pin or output pin configuration:

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
* Define a digital input pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalInput,
*    0,
* }
* Define a digital output pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalOutput,
*    0,
* }
```

#### **Parameters**

| base                                  | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO) |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| port                                  | GPIO port number                             |  |
| pin                                   | GPIO pin number                              |  |
| config GPIO pin configuration pointer |  |  |

# 17.7.3 static void GPIO\_PinWrite ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO)  |
|--------|---|
| port   | GPIO port number  |
| pin    | GPIO pin number   |
| output | <ul> <li>GPIO pin output logic level.</li> <li>0: corresponding pin output low-logic level.</li> <li>1: corresponding pin output high-logic level.</li> </ul> |

# 17.7.4 static uint32\_t GPIO\_PinRead ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin ) [inline], [static]

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO) |  |
|------|--|--|
| port | GPIO port number                             |  |
| pin  | GPIO pin number                              |  |

### Return values

| GPIO | port input value                               |
|------|--|
|      | • 0: corresponding pin input low-logic level.  |
|      | • 1: corresponding pin input high-logic level. |
|      |  |

# 17.7.5 static void GPIO\_PortSet ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO) |
|------|--|
| port | GPIO port number                             |
| mask | GPIO pin number macro                        |

# 17.7.6 static void GPIO\_PortClear ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO) |
|------|--|
| port | GPIO port number                             |
| mask | GPIO pin number macro                        |

# 17.7.7 static void GPIO\_PortToggle ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t port, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer(Typically GPIO) |
|------|--|
| port | GPIO port number                             |
| mask | GPIO pin number macro                        |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# Chapter 18

# **I2C: Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver**

# 18.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

The I2C driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are feature/property target low-level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for the I2-C master/slave initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional APIs requires the knowledge of the I2C master peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. The I2C functional operation groups provide the functional APIs set.

Transactional APIs are transaction target high-level APIs. The transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and also in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are critical requirements, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code using the functional APIs or accessing the hardware registers.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions I2C\_MasterTransfer-NonBlocking() set up the interrupt non-blocking transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the status.

# 18.2 Typical use case

# 18.2.1 Master Operation in functional method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/i2c-Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/i2c

# 18.2.2 Master Operation in DMA transactional method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/i2c

# 18.2.3 Slave Operation in functional method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/i2c

# Slave Operation in interrupt transactional method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/i2c

# **Modules**

- I2C DriverI2C Master DriverI2C Slave Driver

# **18.3 I2C** Driver

# 18.3.1 Overview

### **Files**

• file fsl i2c.h

### **Macros**

- #define I2C\_RETRY\_TIMES 0U /\* Define to zero means keep waiting until the flag is assert/deassert. \*/
  - Retry times for waiting flag.
- #define I2C\_STAT\_MSTCODE\_IDLE (0)

Master Idle State Code.

• #define I2C\_STAT\_MSTCODE\_RXREADY (1UL)

Master Receive Ready State Code.

• #define I2C\_STAT\_MSTCODE\_TXREADY (2UL)

Master Transmit Ready State Code.

#define I2C\_STAT\_MSTCODE\_NACKADR (3UL)

Master NACK by slave on address State Code.

• #define I2C\_STAT\_MSTCODE\_NACKDAT (4UL)

Master NACK by slave on data State Code.

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum {
        kStatus_I2C_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 0),
        kStatus_I2C_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 1),
        kStatus_I2C_Nak = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 2),
        kStatus_I2C_InvalidParameter,
        kStatus_I2C_BitError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 4),
        kStatus_I2C_ArbitrationLost = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 5),
        kStatus_I2C_NoTransferInProgress,
        kStatus_I2C_DmaRequestFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 7),
        kStatus_I2C_StartStopError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 8),
        kStatus_I2C_UnexpectedState = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 9),
        kStatus_I2C_Addr_Nak = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 10),
        kStatus_I2C_Timeout = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_I2C, 11) }
        I2C status return codes.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_I2C\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0)) *I2C driver version.* 

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# 18.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

- 18.3.2.1 #define FSL\_I2C\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 0))
- 18.3.2.2 #define I2C\_RETRY\_TIMES 0U /\* Define to zero means keep waiting until the flag is assert/deassert. \*/

# 18.3.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 18.3.3.1 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_I2C\_Busy The master is already performing a transfer.

*kStatus\_I2C\_Idle* The slave driver is idle.

kStatus\_I2C\_Nak The slave device sent a NAK in response to a byte.

**kStatus\_I2C\_InvalidParameter** Unable to proceed due to invalid parameter.

kStatus 12C BitError Transferred bit was not seen on the bus.

kStatus I2C ArbitrationLost Arbitration lost error.

kStatus\_I2C\_NoTransferInProgress Attempt to abort a transfer when one is not in progress.

kStatus\_12C\_DmaRequestFail DMA request failed.

kStatus 12C StartStopError Start and stop error.

kStatus\_I2C\_UnexpectedState Unexpected state.

kStatus\_I2C\_Addr\_Nak NAK received during the address probe.

kStatus\_I2C\_Timeout Timeout polling status flags.

# 18.4 I2C Master Driver

# 18.4.1 Overview

# **Data Structures**

```
    struct i2c_master_config_t
        Structure with settings to initialize the I2C master module. More...
    struct i2c_master_transfer_t
        Non-blocking transfer descriptor structure. More...
    struct i2c_master_handle_t
        Driver handle for master non-blocking APIs. More...
```

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t )(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t completionStatus, void \*userData)

\*\*Master completion callback function pointer type.\*\*

## **Enumerations**

```
• enum i2c_master_flags {
  kI2C_MasterPendingFlag = I2C_STAT_MSTPENDING_MASK,
 kI2C_MasterArbitrationLostFlag,
  kI2C MasterStartStopErrorFlag }
    I2C master peripheral flags.
• enum i2c_direction_t {
  kI2C_Write = 0U,
  kI2C Read = 1U }
    Direction of master and slave transfers.
enum _i2c_master_transfer_flags {
  kI2C TransferDefaultFlag = 0x00U,
  kI2C_TransferNoStartFlag = 0x01U,
 kI2C TransferRepeatedStartFlag = 0x02U,
 kI2C_TransferNoStopFlag = 0x04U }
     Transfer option flags.
• enum <u>i2c_transfer_states</u>
     States for the state machine used by transactional APIs.
```

### Initialization and deinitialization

- void I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig (i2c\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig)

  Provides a default configuration for the I2C master peripheral.
- void I2C\_MasterInit (I2C\_Type \*base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig, uint32\_t src-Clock\_Hz)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

*Initializes the I2C master peripheral.* 

• void I2C\_MasterDeinit (I2C\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes the I2C master peripheral.

• uint32\_t I2C\_GetInstance (I2C\_Type \*base)

Returns an instance number given a base address.

• static void I2C\_MasterReset (I2C\_Type \*base)

Performs a software reset.

• static void I2C\_MasterEnable (I2C\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the I2C module as master.

## **Status**

• static uint32\_t I2C\_GetStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base) Gets the I2C status flags.

• static void I2C\_MasterClearStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t statusMask) Clears the I2C master status flag state.

# Interrupts

- static void I2C\_EnableInterrupts (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t interruptMask)
  - Enables the I2C master interrupt requests.
- static void I2C\_DisableInterrupts (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t interruptMask)
  - Disables the I2C master interrupt requests.
- static uint32\_t I2C\_GetEnabledInterrupts (I2C\_Type \*base)

Returns the set of currently enabled I2C master interrupt requests.

# **Bus operations**

- void I2C\_MasterSetBaudRate (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Sets the I2C bus frequency for master transactions.
- static bool I2C MasterGetBusIdleState (I2C Type \*base)

Returns whether the bus is idle.

- status\_t I2C\_MasterStart (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction) Sends a START on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterStop (I2C\_Type \*base)

Sends a STOP signal on the I2C bus.

static status\_t I2C\_MasterRepeatedStart (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_-t direction)

Sends a REPEATED START on the I2C bus.

• status\_t I2C\_MasterWriteBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, const void \*txBuff, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t flags)

Performs a polling send transfer on the I2C bus.

- status\_t I2C\_MasterReadBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, void \*rxBuff, size\_t rxSize, uint32\_t flags)

  Performs a polling receive transfer on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

  Performs a master polling transfer on the I2C bus.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# Non-blocking

- void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandle (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)
  - Creates a new handle for the I2C master non-blocking APIs.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferNonBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)
  - Performs a non-blocking transaction on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCount (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)
  - Returns number of bytes transferred so far.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferAbort (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle)

Terminates a non-blocking I2C master transmission early.

### **IRQ** handler

• void I2C\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (I2C\_Type \*base, void \*i2cHandle) Reusable routine to handle master interrupts.

# 18.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

# 18.4.2.1 struct i2c\_master\_config\_t

This structure holds configuration settings for the I2C peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your configuration structure instance.

The configuration structure can be made constant so it resides in flash.

### **Data Fields**

- bool enableMaster
  - Whether to enable master mode.
- uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps
  - Desired baud rate in bits per second.
- bool enableTimeout
  - Enable internal timeout function.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) bool i2c master config t::enableMaster
- (2) uint32 t i2c master\_config\_t::baudRate\_Bps
- (3) bool i2c\_master\_config\_t::enableTimeout

# 18.4.2.2 struct \_i2c\_master\_transfer

I2C master transfer typedef.

This structure is used to pass transaction parameters to the I2C\_MasterTransferNonBlocking() API.

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t flags

Bit mask of options for the transfer.

• uint16\_t slaveAddress

The 7-bit slave address.

• i2c\_direction\_t direction

Either kI2C Read or kI2C Write.

• uint32\_t subaddress

Sub address.

size\_t subaddressSize

Length of sub address to send in bytes.

• void \* data

Pointer to data to transfer.

• size\_t dataSize

Number of bytes to transfer.

#### **Field Documentation**

(1) uint32\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::flags

See enumeration \_i2c\_master\_transfer\_flags for available options. Set to 0 or kI2C\_TransferDefaultFlag for normal transfers.

- (2) uint16 t i2c master transfer t::slaveAddress
- (3) i2c\_direction\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::direction
- (4) uint32\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::subaddress

Transferred MSB first.

(5) size\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::subaddressSize

Maximum size is 4 bytes.

- (6) void\* i2c master transfer t::data
- (7) size\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::dataSize

18.4.2.3 struct \_i2c\_master\_handle

I2C master handle typedef.

180

Note

The contents of this structure are private and subject to change.

# **Data Fields**

• uint8 t state

Transfer state machine current state.

• uint32\_t transferCount

*Indicates progress of the transfer.* 

• uint32\_t remainingBytes

Remaining byte count in current state.

uint8\_t \* buf

Buffer pointer for current state.

• i2c\_master\_transfer\_t transfer

Copy of the current transfer info.

• i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t completionCallback

Callback function pointer.

void \* userData

Application data passed to callback.

### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint8\_t i2c\_master\_handle\_t::state
- (2) uint32 t i2c master handle t::remainingBytes
- (3) uint8 t\* i2c master handle t::buf
- (4) i2c\_master\_transfer\_t i2c\_master\_handle\_t::transfer
- (5) i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c\_master\_handle\_t::completionCallback
- (6) void\* i2c\_master\_handle\_t::userData

### 18.4.3 Typedef Documentation

18.4.3.1 typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c master handle t \*handle, status\_t completionStatus, void \*userData)

This callback is used only for the non-blocking master transfer API. Specify the callback you wish to use in the call to I2C MasterTransferCreateHandle().

Parameters

| base                | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|---------------------|--|
| completion<br>Statu | Either kStatus_Success or an error code describing how the transfer completed. |
|                     | Arbitrary pointer-sized value passed from the application.                     |

# **18.4.4** Enumeration Type Documentation

# 18.4.4.1 enum \_i2c\_master\_flags

Note

These enums are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask.

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_MasterPendingFlag The I2C module is waiting for software interaction.

k12C\_MasterArbitrationLostFlag The arbitration of the bus was lost. There was collision on the bus

kI2C\_MasterStartStopErrorFlag There was an error during start or stop phase of the transaction.

# 18.4.4.2 enum i2c\_direction\_t

#### Enumerator

*kI2C\_Write* Master transmit.

kI2C Read Master receive.

# 18.4.4.3 enum \_i2c\_master\_transfer\_flags

Note

These enumerations are intended to be OR'd together to form a bit mask of options for the \_i2c\_master\_transfer::flags field.

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_TransferDefaultFlag Transfer starts with a start signal, stops with a stop signal.

kI2C\_TransferNoStartFlag Don't send a start condition, address, and sub address.

kI2C\_TransferRepeatedStartFlag Send a repeated start condition.

kI2C TransferNoStopFlag Don't send a stop condition.

# 18.4.4.4 enum i2c transfer states

### 18.4.5 Function Documentation

# 18.4.5.1 void I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig ( i2c\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig )

This function provides the following default configuration for the I2C master peripheral:

```
* masterConfig->enableMaster = true;
* masterConfig->baudRate_Bps = 100000U;
* masterConfig->enableTimeout = false;
```

After calling this function, you can override any settings in order to customize the configuration, prior to initializing the master driver with I2C\_MasterInit().

#### **Parameters**

| out | masterConfig | User provided configuration structure for default values. Refer to i2c |
|-----|--------------|--|
|     |              | master_config_t.   |

# 18.4.5.2 void I2C\_MasterInit ( I2C\_Type \* base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function enables the peripheral clock and initializes the I2C master peripheral as described by the user provided configuration. A software reset is performed prior to configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | The I2C peripheral base address.  |
|--------------|---|
| masterConfig | User provided peripheral configuration. Use I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig() to get a set of defaults that you can override.      |
| srcClock_Hz  | Frequency in Hertz of the I2C functional clock. Used to calculate the baud rate divisors, filter widths, and timeout periods. |

# 18.4.5.3 void I2C\_MasterDeinit ( I2C\_Type \* base )

This function disables the I2C master peripheral and gates the clock. It also performs a software reset to restore the peripheral to reset conditions.

| base | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|
|------|----------------------------------|

# 18.4.5.4 uint32\_t I2C\_GetInstance ( I2C\_Type \* base )

If an invalid base address is passed, debug builds will assert. Release builds will just return instance number 0.

#### **Parameters**

| base | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|
|------|----------------------------------|

#### Returns

I2C instance number starting from 0.

# 18.4.5.5 static void I2C\_MasterReset ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Restores the I2C master peripheral to reset conditions.

### **Parameters**

| base | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|

# 18.4.5.6 static void I2C\_MasterEnable ( I2C\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.                                     |
|--------|--|
| enable | Pass true to enable or false to disable the specified I2C as master. |

# 18.4.5.7 static uint32\_t I2C\_GetStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

A bit mask with the state of all I2C status flags is returned. For each flag, the corresponding bit in the return value is set if the flag is asserted.

| base | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|
|------|----------------------------------|

### Returns

State of the status flags:

- 1: related status flag is set.
- 0: related status flag is not set.

### See Also

\_i2c\_master\_flags

# 18.4.5.8 static void I2C\_MasterClearStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t statusMask ) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared:

- kI2C\_MasterArbitrationLostFlag
- kI2C\_MasterStartStopErrorFlag

Attempts to clear other flags has no effect.

#### **Parameters**

| base       | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|------------|--|
| statusMask | A bitmask of status flags that are to be cleared. The mask is composed of _i2c<br>master_flags enumerators OR'd together. You may pass the result of a previous call |
|            | to I2C_GetStatusFlags().   |

### See Also

\_i2c\_master\_flags.

# 18.4.5.9 static void I2C\_EnableInterrupts ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t interruptMask ) [inline], [static]

| base          | The I2C peripheral base address.  |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| interruptMask | Bit mask of interrupts to enable. See _i2c_master_flags for the set of constants that should be OR'd together to form the bit mask. |  |

# 18.4.5.10 static void I2C\_DisableInterrupts ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t interruptMask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base          | The I2C peripheral base address.   |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| interruptMask | Bit mask of interrupts to disable. See _i2c_master_flags for the set of constants that should be OR'd together to form the bit mask. |  |

# 18.4.5.11 static uint32\_t I2C\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| _ |      |                                  |
|---|------|----------------------------------|
|   | base | The I2C peripheral base address. |

### Returns

A bitmask composed of <u>\_i2c\_master\_flags</u> enumerators OR'd together to indicate the set of enabled interrupts.

# 18.4.5.12 void I2C\_MasterSetBaudRate ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

The I2C master is automatically disabled and re-enabled as necessary to configure the baud rate. Do not call this function during a transfer, or the transfer is aborted.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base         | The I2C peripheral base address.            |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| srcClock_Hz  | I2C functional clock frequency in Hertz.    |  |
| baudRate_Bps | Requested bus frequency in bits per second. |  |

# 18.4.5.13 static bool I2C\_MasterGetBusIdleState ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Requires the master mode to be enabled.

#### **Parameters**

| base | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|

# Return values

| true  | Bus is busy. |
|-------|--------------|
| false | Bus is idle. |

# 18.4.5.14 status\_t I2C\_MasterStart ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction )

This function is used to initiate a new master mode transfer by sending the START signal. The slave address is sent following the I2C START signal.

### **Parameters**

| base      | I2C peripheral base pointer                   |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| address   | 7-bit slave device address.                   |  |
| direction | Master transfer directions(transmit/receive). |  |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Successfully send the start signal. |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Current bus is busy.                |

# 18.4.5.15 status\_t I2C\_MasterStop ( I2C\_Type \* base )

| kStatus_Success     | Successfully send the stop signal. |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout | Send stop signal failed, timeout.  |

# 18.4.5.16 static status\_t I2C\_MasterRepeatedStart ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction ) [inline], [static]

### Parameters

| base      | base I2C peripheral base pointer              |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| address   | 7-bit slave device address.                   |  |
| direction | Master transfer directions(transmit/receive). |  |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Successfully send the start signal.                         |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Current bus is busy but not occupied by current I2C master. |

# 18.4.5.17 status\_t I2C\_MasterWriteBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, const void \* txBuff, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t flags )

Sends up to *txSize* number of bytes to the previously addressed slave device. The slave may reply with a NAK to any byte in order to terminate the transfer early. If this happens, this function returns kStatus\_I2-C Nak.

### **Parameters**

| base  | The I2C peripheral base address.           |
|---|--|
| txBuff  | The pointer to the data to be transferred. |
| txSize The length in bytes of the data to be transferred.   |  |
| flags Transfer control flag to control special behavior like suppressing start or stop, normal transfers use kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag |  |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Data was sent successfully.                        |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | Another master is currently utilizing the bus.     |
| kStatus_I2C_Nak          | The slave device sent a NAK in response to a byte. |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Arbitration lost error.                            |
| Lost                     |  |

# 18.4.5.18 status\_t I2C\_MasterReadBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, void \* rxBuff, size\_t rxSize, uint32\_t flags )

### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| rxBuff | The pointer to the data to be transferred.  |
| rxSize | The length in bytes of the data to be transferred.  |
| flags  | Transfer control flag to control special behavior like suppressing start or stop, for normal transfers use kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Data was received successfully.                    |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | Another master is currently utilizing the bus.     |
| kStatus_I2C_Nak          | The slave device sent a NAK in response to a byte. |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Arbitration lost error.                            |
| Lost                     |  |

# 18.4.5.19 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

Note

The API does not return until the transfer succeeds or fails due to arbitration lost or receiving a NAK.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | I2C peripheral base address.       |
|------|------------------------------------|
| xfer | Pointer to the transfer structure. |

| kStatus_Success          | Successfully complete the data transmission. |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | Previous transmission still not finished.    |
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout      | Transfer error, wait signal timeout.         |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Transfer error, arbitration lost.            |
| Lost                     |  |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer. |

# 18.4.5.20 void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandle ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

The creation of a handle is for use with the non-blocking APIs. Once a handle is created, there is not a corresponding destroy handle. If the user wants to terminate a transfer, the I2C\_MasterTransferAbort() API shall be called.

# Parameters

|     | base     | The I2C peripheral base address.                             |
|-----|----------|--|
| out | handle   | Pointer to the I2C master driver handle.                     |
|     | callback | User provided pointer to the asynchronous callback function. |
|     | userData | User provided pointer to the application callback data.      |

# 18.4.5.21 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferNonBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the I2C master driver handle. |

| xfer | The pointer to the transfer descriptor. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

| kStatus_Success  | The transaction was started successfully.                               |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Either another master is currently utilizing the bus, or a non-blocking |
|                  | transaction is already in progress.                                     |

# 18.4.5.22 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCount ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

#### **Parameters**

|     | base   | The I2C peripheral base address.                                    |
|-----|--------|---|
|     | handle | Pointer to the I2C master driver handle.                            |
| out | count  | Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success  |  |
|------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy |  |

# 18.4.5.23 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferAbort ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

### Note

It is not safe to call this function from an IRQ handler that has a higher priority than the I2C peripheral's IRQ priority.

### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the I2C master driver handle. |

| kStatus_Success     | A transaction was successfully aborted.     |
|---------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout | Abort failure due to flags polling timeout. |

# 18.4.5.24 void I2C\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ ( I2C\_Type \* base, void \* i2cHandle )

# Note

This function does not need to be called unless you are reimplementing the nonblocking API's interrupt handler routines to add special functionality.

# Parameters

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.                             |
|-----------|--|
| i2cHandle | Pointer to the I2C master driver handle i2c_master_handle_t. |

# 18.5 I2C Slave Driver

# 18.5.1 Overview

# **Data Structures**

```
    struct i2c_slave_address_t
        Data structure with 7-bit Slave address and Slave address disable. More...
    struct i2c_slave_config_t
        Structure with settings to initialize the I2C slave module. More...
    struct i2c_slave_transfer_t
        I2C slave transfer structure. More...
    struct i2c_slave_handle_t
        I2C slave handle structure, More...
```

# **Typedefs**

```
    typedef void(* i2c_slave_transfer_callback_t )(I2C_Type *base, volatile i2c_slave_transfer_t *transfer, void *userData)
        Slave event callback function pointer type.

    typedef void(* i2c_isr_t )(I2C_Type *base, void *i2cHandle)
        Typedef for interrupt handler.
```

# **Enumerations**

```
• enum i2c slave flags {
  kI2C_SlavePendingFlag = I2C_STAT_SLVPENDING_MASK,
  kI2C_SlaveNotStretching,
 kI2C_SlaveSelected = I2C_STAT_SLVSEL_MASK,
  kI2C SaveDeselected }
    I2C slave peripheral flags.
enum i2c_slave_address_register_t {
  kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister0 = 0U,
  kI2C SlaveAddressRegister1 = 1U,
 kI2C SlaveAddressRegister2 = 2U,
 kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister3 = 3U }
    I2C slave address register.
enum i2c_slave_address_qual_mode_t {
  kI2C QualModeMask = 0U,
  kI2C_QualModeExtend }
    I2C slave address match options.
• enum i2c_slave_bus_speed_t
    I2C slave bus speed options.
• enum i2c_slave_transfer_event_t {
```

```
kI2C SlaveAddressMatchEvent = 0x01U.
kI2C SlaveTransmitEvent = 0x02U,
kI2C SlaveReceiveEvent = 0x04U,
kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent = 0x20U,
kI2C SlaveDeselectedEvent,
kI2C SlaveAllEvents }
  Set of events sent to the callback for non blocking slave transfers.
```

• enum i2c\_slave\_fsm\_t

I2C slave software finite state machine states.

### Slave initialization and deinitialization

• void I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (i2c\_slave\_config\_t \*slaveConfig)

Provides a default configuration for the I2C slave peripheral.

• status\_t I2C\_SlaveInit (I2C\_Type \*base, const i2c\_slave\_config\_t \*slaveConfig, uint32 t srcClock-Hz)

*Initializes the I2C slave peripheral.* 

• void I2C SlaveSetAddress (I2C Type \*base, i2c slave address register t addressRegister, uint8 t address, bool addressDisable)

Configures Slave Address n register.

• void I2C SlaveDeinit (I2C Type \*base)

Deinitializes the I2C slave peripheral.

• static void I2C\_SlaveEnable (I2C\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the I2C module as slave.

### Slave status

• static void I2C\_SlaveClearStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t statusMask) Clears the I2C status flag state.

# Slave bus operations

- status\_t I2C\_SlaveWriteBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*txBuff, size\_t txSize) Performs a polling send transfer on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_SlaveReadBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*rxBuff, size\_t rxSize) Performs a polling receive transfer on the I2C bus.

# Slave non-blocking

- void I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_slave\_transfer callback t callback, void \*userData)
  - Creates a new handle for the I2C slave non-blocking APIs.
- status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t eventMask)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Starts accepting slave transfers.

• status\_t I2C\_SlaveSetSendBuffer (I2C\_Type \*base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \*transfer, const void \*txData, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t eventMask)

Starts accepting master read from slave requests.

• status\_t I2C\_SlaveSetReceiveBuffer (I2C\_Type \*base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \*transfer, void \*rxData, size t rxSize, uint32 t eventMask)

Starts accepting master write to slave requests.

• static uint32\_t I2C\_SlaveGetReceivedAddress (I2C\_Type \*base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \*transfer)

Returns the slave address sent by the I2C master.

- void I2C\_SlaveTransferAbort (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)
  - Aborts the slave non-blocking transfers.
- status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferGetCount (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

  Gets the slave transfer remaining bytes during a interrupt non-blocking transfer.

#### Slave IRQ handler

• void I2C\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (I2C\_Type \*base, void \*i2cHandle) Reusable routine to handle slave interrupts.

#### 18.5.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 18.5.2.1 struct i2c\_slave\_address\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint8\_t address
  - 7-bit Slave address SLVADR.
- bool addressDisable

Slave address disable SADISABLE.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint8\_t i2c\_slave\_address\_t::address
- (2) bool i2c\_slave\_address\_t::addressDisable

#### 18.5.2.2 struct i2c slave config t

This structure holds configuration settings for the I2C slave peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your configuration structure instance.

The configuration structure can be made constant so it resides in flash.

#### **Data Fields**

- i2c\_slave\_address\_t address0
  - Slave's 7-bit address and disable.
- i2c slave address t address1
  - Alternate slave 7-bit address and disable.
- i2c\_slave\_address\_t address2
  - Alternate slave 7-bit address and disable.
- i2c slave address t address3
  - Alternate slave 7-bit address and disable.
- i2c\_slave\_address\_qual\_mode\_t qualMode
  - Qualify mode for slave address 0.
- uint8\_t qualAddress
  - Slave address qualifier for address 0.
- i2c\_slave\_bus\_speed\_t busSpeed
  - Slave bus speed mode.
- bool enableSlave
  - Enable slave mode.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) i2c\_slave\_address\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::address0
- (2) i2c\_slave\_address\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::address1
- (3) i2c\_slave\_address\_t i2c slave config t::address2
- (4) i2c slave address t i2c slave config t::address3
- (5) i2c\_slave\_address\_qual\_mode\_t i2c slave config t::qualMode
- (6) uint8\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::qualAddress
- (7) i2c\_slave\_bus\_speed\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::busSpeed

If the slave function stretches SCL to allow for software response, it must provide sufficient data setup time to the master before releasing the stretched clock. This is accomplished by inserting one clock time of CLKDIV at that point. The busSpeed value is used to configure CLKDIV such that one clock time is greater than the tSU;DAT value noted in the I2C bus specification for the I2C mode that is being used. If the busSpeed mode is unknown at compile time, use the longest data setup time kI2C\_SlaveStandardMode (250 ns)

(8) bool i2c slave config t::enableSlave

#### 18.5.2.3 struct i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t

### **Data Fields**

- i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle
  - Pointer to handle that contains this transfer.
- i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t event

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Reason the callback is being invoked.

• uint8 t receivedAddress

Matching address send by master.

• uint32\_t eventMask

Mask of enabled events.

• uint8 t \* rxData

Transfer buffer for receive data.

• const uint8\_t \* txData

Transfer buffer for transmit data.

• size\_t txSize

Transfer size.

• size\_t rxSize

Transfer size.

size t transferredCount

Number of bytes transferred during this transfer.

• status\_t completionStatus

Success or error code describing how the transfer completed.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) i2c\_slave\_handle\_t\* i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::handle
- (2) i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t i2c slave transfer t::event
- (3) uint8\_t i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::receivedAddress

7-bits plus R/nW bit0

- (4) uint32 t i2c slave transfer t::eventMask
- (5) size t i2c slave transfer t::transferredCount
- (6) status\_t i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::completionStatus

Only applies for kI2C\_SlaveCompletionEvent.

#### 18.5.2.4 struct i2c slave handle

I2C slave handle typedef.

Note

The contents of this structure are private and subject to change.

#### **Data Fields**

- volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t transfer I2C slave transfer.
- volatile bool isBusy

Whether transfer is busy.

• volatile i2c\_slave\_fsm\_t slaveFsm

slave transfer state machine.

• i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

Callback function called at transfer event.

void \* userData

Callback parameter passed to callback.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::transfer
- (2) volatile bool i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::isBusy
- (3) volatile i2c\_slave\_fsm\_t i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::slaveFsm
- (4) i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::callback
- (5) void\* i2c slave handle t::userData

### 18.5.3 Typedef Documentation

## 18.5.3.1 typedef void(\* i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t)(l2C\_Type \*base, volatile i2c slave transfer t \*transfer, void \*userData)

This callback is used only for the slave non-blocking transfer API. To install a callback, use the I2C\_-SlaveSetCallback() function after you have created a handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | Base address for the I2C instance on which the event occurred.                       |
|----------|--|
| transfer | Pointer to transfer descriptor containing values passed to and/or from the callback. |
| userData | Arbitrary pointer-sized value passed from the application.                           |

### 18.5.3.2 typedef void(\* i2c\_isr\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, void \*i2cHandle)

### **18.5.4** Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 18.5.4.1 enum i2c slave flags

Note

These enums are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask.

#### Enumerator

*kI2C\_SlavePendingFlag* The I2C module is waiting for software interaction.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

 $kI2C\_SlaveNotStretching$  Indicates whether the slave is currently stretching clock (0 = yes, 1 = no).

**kI2C\_SlaveSelected** Indicates whether the slave is selected by an address match.

**kI2C\_SaveDeselected** Indicates that slave was previously deselected (deselect event took place, w1c).

#### 18.5.4.2 enum i2c\_slave\_address\_register\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister0 Slave Address 0 register.
    kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister1 Slave Address 1 register.
    kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister2 Slave Address 2 register.
    kI2C_SlaveAddressRegister3 Slave Address 3 register.
```

### 18.5.4.3 enum i2c\_slave\_address\_qual\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kI2C\_QualModeMask* The SLVQUAL0 field (qualAddress) is used as a logical mask for matching address0.

*kI2C\_QualModeExtend* The SLVQUAL0 (qualAddress) field is used to extend address 0 matching in a range of addresses.

### 18.5.4.4 enum i2c\_slave\_bus\_speed\_t

#### 18.5.4.5 enum i2c slave transfer event t

These event enumerations are used for two related purposes. First, a bit mask created by OR'ing together events is passed to I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() in order to specify which events to enable. Then, when the slave callback is invoked, it is passed the current event through its *transfer* parameter.

#### Note

These enumerations are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask of events.

#### Enumerator

*kI2C\_SlaveAddressMatchEvent* Received the slave address after a start or repeated start. *kI2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent* Callback is requested to provide data to transmit (slave-transmitter role).

**kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent** Callback is requested to provide a buffer in which to place received data (slave-receiver role).

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kI2C\_SlaveCompletionEvent All data in the active transfer have been consumed.

**k12C\_SlaveDeselectedEvent** The slave function has become deselected (SLVSEL flag changing from 1 to 0.

kI2C\_SlaveAllEvents Bit mask of all available events.

#### 18.5.5 Function Documentation

### 18.5.5.1 void I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig ( i2c\_slave\_config\_t \* slaveConfig )

This function provides the following default configuration for the I2C slave peripheral:

```
* slaveConfig->enableSlave = true;
* slaveConfig->address0.disable = false;
* slaveConfig->address0.address = 0u;
* slaveConfig->address1.disable = true;
* slaveConfig->address2.disable = true;
* slaveConfig->address3.disable = true;
* slaveConfig->busSpeed = kI2C_SlaveStandardMode;
```

After calling this function, override any settings to customize the configuration, prior to initializing the master driver with I2C\_SlaveInit(). Be sure to override at least the *address0.address* member of the configuration structure with the desired slave address.

#### **Parameters**

| out | slaveConfig | User provided configuration structure that is set to default values. Refer |
|-----|-------------|--|
|     |             | to i2c_slave_config_t.   |

## 18.5.5.2 status\_t I2C\_SlaveInit ( I2C\_Type \* base, const i2c\_slave\_config\_t \* slaveConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function enables the peripheral clock and initializes the I2C slave peripheral as described by the user provided configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| base        | The I2C peripheral base address.  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| slaveConfig | User provided peripheral configuration. Use I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig() to get a set of defaults that you can override. |  |

| srcClock_Hz | Frequency in Hertz of the I2C functional clock. Used to calculate CLKDIV value to |  |
|-------------|---|--|
|             | provide enough data setup time for master when slave stretches the clock.         |  |

## 18.5.5.3 void I2C\_SlaveSetAddress ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_address\_register\_t addressRegister, uint8\_t address, bool addressDisable )

This function writes new value to Slave Address register.

#### **Parameters**

| base           | The I2C peripheral base address.                                     |  |
|----------------|--|--|
|                |  |  |
| address        | The slave address to be stored to the address register for matching. |  |
| addressDisable | Disable matching of the specified address register.                  |  |

## 18.5.5.4 void I2C\_SlaveDeinit ( I2C\_Type \* base )

This function disables the I2C slave peripheral and gates the clock. It also performs a software reset to restore the peripheral to reset conditions.

#### **Parameters**

| hase | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|------|----------------------------------|
| buse | The 12C peripheral base address. |

## 18.5.5.5 static void I2C\_SlaveEnable ( I2C\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | base The I2C peripheral base address. |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|
| enable | True to enable or flase to disable.   |  |

## 18.5.5.6 static void I2C\_SlaveClearStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t statusMask ) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared:

• slave deselected flag

Attempts to clear other flags has no effect.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Parameters**

| base       | The I2C peripheral base address.   |  |
|------------|--|--|
| statusMask | A bitmask of status flags that are to be cleared. The mask is composed of _i2cslave_flags enumerators OR'd together. You may pass the result of a previous call to |  |
|            | I2C_SlaveGetStatusFlags().   |  |

#### See Also

\_i2c\_slave\_flags.

## 18.5.5.7 status\_t I2C\_SlaveWriteBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* txBuff, size\_t txSize )

The function executes blocking address phase and blocking data phase.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.                   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| txBuff | The pointer to the data to be transferred.         |  |
| txSize | The length in bytes of the data to be transferred. |  |

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success Data has been sent.

kStatus\_Fail Unexpected slave state (master data write while master read from slave is expected).

## 18.5.5.8 status\_t I2C\_SlaveReadBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* rxBuff, size\_t rxSize )

The function executes blocking address phase and blocking data phase.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.           |  |
|--------|--|--|
| rxBuff | The pointer to the data to be transferred. |  |

| rxSize | The length in bytes of the data to be transferred. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success Data has been received.

kStatus\_Fail Unexpected slave state (master data read while master write to slave is expected).

## 18.5.5.9 void I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

The creation of a handle is for use with the non-blocking APIs. Once a handle is created, there is not a corresponding destroy handle. If the user wants to terminate a transfer, the I2C\_SlaveTransferAbort() API shall be called.

#### **Parameters**

|     | base     | The I2C peripheral base address.                             |
|-----|----------|--|
| out | handle   | Pointer to the I2C slave driver handle.                      |
|     | callback | User provided pointer to the asynchronous callback function. |
|     | userData | User provided pointer to the application callback data.      |

## 18.5.5.10 status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32 t eventMask )

Call this API after calling I2C\_SlaveInit() and I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() to start processing transactions driven by an I2C master. The slave monitors the I2C bus and pass events to the callback that was passed into the call to I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle(). The callback is always invoked from the interrupt context.

If no slave Tx transfer is busy, a master read from slave request invokes kI2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent callback. If no slave Rx transfer is busy, a master write to slave request invokes kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent callback.

The set of events received by the callback is customizable. To do so, set the *eventMask* parameter to the OR'd combination of i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t enumerators for the events you wish to receive. The k-I2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent and kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent events are always enabled and do not need to be included in the mask. Alternatively, you can pass 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events that are always enabled. In addition, the kI2C\_SlaveAllEvents constant is provided as a convenient way to enable all events.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|-----------|--|
| handle    | Pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.   |
| eventMask | Bit mask formed by OR'ing together i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators to specify which events to send to the callback. Other accepted values are 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events, and kI2C_SlaveAllEvents to enable all events. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Slave transfers were successfully started.                |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Slave transfers have already been started on this handle. |

# 18.5.5.11 status\_t I2C\_SlaveSetSendBuffer ( I2C\_Type \* base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \* transfer, const void \* txData, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t eventMask )

The function can be called in response to kI2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent callback to start a new slave Tx transfer from within the transfer callback.

The set of events received by the callback is customizable. To do so, set the *eventMask* parameter to the OR'd combination of i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t enumerators for the events you wish to receive. The k-I2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent and kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent events are always enabled and do not need to be included in the mask. Alternatively, you can pass 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events that are always enabled. In addition, the kI2C\_SlaveAllEvents constant is provided as a convenient way to enable all events.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|-----------|--|
| transfer  | Pointer to i2c_slave_transfer_t structure.   |
| txData    | Pointer to data to send to master.   |
| txSize    | Size of txData in bytes.   |
| eventMask | Bit mask formed by OR'ing together i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators to specify which events to send to the callback. Other accepted values are 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events, and kI2C_SlaveAllEvents to enable all events. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Slave transfers were successfully started.                |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Slave transfers have already been started on this handle. |

# 18.5.5.12 status\_t I2C\_SlaveSetReceiveBuffer ( I2C\_Type \* base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \* transfer, void \* rxData, size\_t rxSize, uint32\_t eventMask )

The function can be called in response to kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent callback to start a new slave Rx transfer from within the transfer callback.

The set of events received by the callback is customizable. To do so, set the *eventMask* parameter to the OR'd combination of i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t enumerators for the events you wish to receive. The k-I2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent and kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent events are always enabled and do not need to be included in the mask. Alternatively, you can pass 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events that are always enabled. In addition, the kI2C\_SlaveAllEvents constant is provided as a convenient way to enable all events.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|-----------|--|
| transfer  | Pointer to i2c_slave_transfer_t structure.   |
| rxData    | Pointer to data to store data from master.   |
| rxSize    | Size of rxData in bytes.   |
| eventMask | Bit mask formed by OR'ing together i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators to specify which events to send to the callback. Other accepted values are 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events, and kI2C_SlaveAllEvents to enable all events. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Slave transfers were successfully started.                |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Slave transfers have already been started on this handle. |

## 18.5.5.13 static uint32\_t I2C\_SlaveGetReceivedAddress ( I2C\_Type \* base, volatile i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \* transfer ) [inline], [static]

This function should only be called from the address match event callback kI2C\_SlaveAddressMatch-Event.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | The I2C peripheral base address. |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| transfer | The I2C slave transfer.          |

#### Returns

The 8-bit address matched by the I2C slave. Bit 0 contains the R/w direction bit, and the 7-bit slave address is in the upper 7 bits.

## 18.5.5.14 void I2C\_SlaveTransferAbort ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle )

Note

This API could be called at any time to stop slave for handling the bus events.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  |  |
|------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Idle |  |

## 18.5.5.15 status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferGetCount ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer.   |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure.                            |
| count  | Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction. |

### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument | count is Invalid.              |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_Success         | Successfully return the count. |

## 18.5.5.16 void I2C\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ ( I2C\_Type \* base, void \* i2cHandle )

#### Note

This function does not need to be called unless you are reimplementing the non blocking API's interrupt handler routines to add special functionality.

#### Parameters

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|-----------|--|
| i2cHandle | Pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

## **Chapter 19**

## IOCON: I/O pin configuration

#### 19.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides Peripheral driver for the I/O pin configuration (IOCON) module of M-CUXpresso SDK devices.

### 19.2 Function groups

#### 19.2.1 Pin mux set

The function IOCONPinMuxSet() set pinmux for single pin according to selected configuration.

#### 19.2.2 Pin mux set

The function IOCON\_SetPinMuxing() set pinmux for group of pins according to selected configuration.

## 19.3 Typical use case

Example use of IOCON API to selection of GPIO mode. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/iocon

#### **Files**

• file fsl\_iocon.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct iocon\_group\_t

Array of IOCON pin definitions passed to IOCON SetPinMuxing() must be in this format. More...

#### **Functions**

- \_\_STATIC\_INLINE void IOCON\_PinMuxSet (IOCON\_Type \*base, uint8\_t ionumber, uint32\_t modefunc)
  - *IOCON* function and mode selection definitions.
- \_\_STATIC\_INLINE void IOCON\_SetPinMuxing (IOCON\_Type \*base, const iocon\_group\_t \*pin-Array, uint32\_t arrayLength)

  Set all I/O Control pin muxing.

#### **Driver version**

• #define LPC\_IOCON\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) *IOCON driver version 2.0.1.* 

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

209

- 19.4 Data Structure Documentation
- 19.4.1 struct iocon\_group\_t
- 19.5 Macro Definition Documentation
- 19.5.1 #define LPC IOCON DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))
- 19.6 Function Documentation
- 19.6.1 \_\_STATIC\_INLINE void IOCON\_PinMuxSet ( IOCON\_Type \* base, uint8\_t ionumber, uint32\_t modefunc )

#### Note

See the User Manual for specific modes and functions supported by the various pins. Sets I/O Control pin mux

#### **Parameters**

| base     | : The base of IOCON peripheral on the chip |
|----------|--|
| ionumber | : GPIO number to mux                       |
| modefunc | : OR'ed values of type IOCON_*             |

#### Returns

Nothing

## 19.6.2 \_\_STATIC\_INLINE void IOCON\_SetPinMuxing ( IOCON\_Type \* base, const iocon\_group\_t \* pinArray, uint32\_t arrayLength )

#### **Parameters**

| base        | : The base of IOCON peripheral on the chip |
|-------------|--|
| pinArray    | : Pointer to array of pin mux selections   |
| arrayLength | : Number of entries in pinArray            |

#### Returns

Nothing

## Chapter 20

## **SPI: Serial Peripheral Interface Driver**

#### 20.1 Overview

SPI driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are feature/property target low-level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for SPI initialization/configuration/operation for the purpose of optimization/customization. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the SPI peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional API use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. S-PI functional operation groups provide the functional API set.

Transactional APIs are transaction target high level APIs. Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are a critical requirement, see the transactional A-PI implementation and write a custom code. All transactional APIs use the spi\_handle\_t as the first parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle() or SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions SPI\_MasterTransferNon-Blocking() and SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() set up the interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus\_SPI\_Idle status.

## 20.2 Typical use case

## 20.2.1 SPI master transfer using an interrupt method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/spi

#### **Modules**

• SPI Driver

#### 20.3 SPI Driver

#### 20.3.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the SPI driver.

#### **Files**

• file fsl spi.h

#### **Data Structures**

```
• struct spi_delay_config_t
```

SPI delay time configure structure. More...

struct spi\_master\_config\_t

SPI master user configure structure. More...

struct spi\_slave\_config\_t

SPI slave user configure structure. More...

• struct spi\_transfer\_t

SPI transfer structure. More...

struct spi\_master\_handle\_t

SPI transfer handle structure. More...

#### **Macros**

• #define SPI DUMMYDATA (0xFFFFU)

SPI dummy transfer data, the data is sent while txBuff is NULL.

• #define SPI\_RETRY\_TIMES OU /\* Define to zero means keep waiting until the flag is assert/deassert. \*/

Retry times for waiting flag.

### **Typedefs**

- typedef spi\_master\_handle\_t spi\_slave\_handle\_t Slave handle type.
- typedef void(\* spi\_master\_callback\_t )(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SPI master callback for finished transmit.

• typedef void(\* spi\_slave\_callback\_t)(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SPI slave callback for finished transmit.

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum _spi_xfer_option {
 kSPI_EndOfFrame = (SPI_TXDATCTL_EOF_MASK),
 kSPI EndOfTransfer.
 kSPI ReceiveIgnore = (SPI_TXDATCTL_RXIGNORE_MASK) }
    SPI transfer option.
enum spi_shift_direction_t {
 kSPI MsbFirst = 0U,
 kSPI LsbFirst = 1U }
    SPI data shifter direction options.
enum spi_clock_polarity_t {
 kSPI ClockPolarityActiveHigh = 0x0U,
 kSPI ClockPolarityActiveLow = 0x1U }
    SPI clock polarity configuration.
enum spi_clock_phase_t {
 kSPI ClockPhaseFirstEdge = 0x0U,
 kSPI ClockPhaseSecondEdge = 0x1U }
    SPI clock phase configuration.
• enum spi_ssel_t { kSPI_Ssel0Assert = (int)(~SPI_TXDATCTL_TXSSEL0_N_MASK) }
    Slave select.
• enum spi_spol_t
    ssel polarity
enum spi_data_width_t {
  kSPI_Data4Bits = 3,
 kSPI Data5Bits = 4,
 kSPI Data6Bits = 5,
 kSPI Data7Bits = 6,
 kSPI Data8Bits = 7,
 kSPI_Data9Bits = 8,
 kSPI Data10Bits = 9,
 kSPI Data11Bits = 10,
 kSPI_Data12Bits = 11,
 kSPI Data13Bits = 12,
 kSPI Data14Bits = 13,
 kSPI Data15Bits = 14,
 kSPI Data16Bits = 15 }
    Transfer data width.
• enum {
 kStatus SPI Busy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPC MINISPI, 0),
 kStatus_SPI_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_MINISPI, 1),
 kStatus_SPI_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_MINISPI, 2),
 kStatus SPI BaudrateNotSupport,
 kStatus SPI Timeout = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPC MINISPI, 4) }
    SPI transfer status.
enum _spi_interrupt_enable {
```

```
kSPI RxReadyInterruptEnable = SPI INTENSET RXRDYEN MASK,
 kSPI TxReadyInterruptEnable = SPI INTENSET TXRDYEN MASK,
 kSPI RxOverrunInterruptEnable = SPI INTENSET RXOVEN MASK,
 kSPI TxUnderrunInterruptEnable = SPI_INTENSET_TXUREN_MASK,
 kSPI SlaveSelectAssertInterruptEnable = SPI INTENSET SSAEN MASK,
 kSPI SlaveSelectDeassertInterruptEnable = SPI INTENSET SSDEN MASK }
    SPI interrupt sources.
enum _spi_status_flags {
 kSPI_RxReadyFlag = SPI_STAT_RXRDY_MASK,
 kSPI TxReadyFlag = SPI STAT TXRDY MASK,
 kSPI_RxOverrunFlag = SPI_STAT_RXOV_MASK,
 kSPI_TxUnderrunFlag = SPI_STAT_TXUR_MASK,
 kSPI_SlaveSelectAssertFlag = SPI_STAT_SSA_MASK,
 kSPI SlaveSelectDeassertFlag = SPI STAT SSD MASK,
 kSPI StallFlag = SPI STAT STALLED MASK,
 kSPI_EndTransferFlag = SPI_STAT_ENDTRANSFER_MASK,
 kSPI MasterIdleFlag = SPI STAT MSTIDLE MASK }
    SPI status flags.
```

#### **Functions**

• uint32\_t SPI\_GetInstance (SPI\_Type \*base)

Returns instance number for SPI peripheral base address.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SPI\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 5)) SPI driver version.

#### Initialization and deinitialization

- void SPI\_MasterGetDefaultConfig (spi\_master\_config\_t \*config)

  Sets the SPI master configuration structure to default values.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterInit (SPI\_Type \*base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t srcClock\_-Hz)

*Initializes the SPI with master configuration.* 

void SPI\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (spi\_slave\_config\_t \*config)

Sets the SPI slave configuration structure to default values.

• status\_t SPI\_SlaveInit (SPI\_Type \*base, const spi\_slave\_config\_t \*config)

*Initializes the SPI with slave configuration.* 

void SPI\_Deinit (SPI\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the SPI.

• static void SPI\_Enable (SPI\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable or disable the SPI Master or Slave.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Status**

- static uint32\_t SPI\_GetStatusFlags (SPI\_Type \*base)
  - Gets the status flag.
- static void SPI\_ClearStatusFlags (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clear the status flag.

### **Interrupts**

- static void SPI\_EnableInterrupts (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t irqs)
  - Enables the interrupt for the SPI.
- static void SPI\_DisableInterrupts (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t irqs)

  Disables the interrupt for the SPI.

### **Bus Operations**

- static bool SPI\_IsMaster (SPI\_Type \*base)
  - Returns whether the SPI module is in master mode.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterSetBaudRate (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudrate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz)

  Sets the baud rate for SPI transfer.
- static void SPI\_WriteData (SPI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t data)
  - Writes a data into the SPI data register directly.
- static void SPI WriteConfigFlags (SPI Type \*base, uint32 t configFlags)
  - Writes a data into the SPI TXCTL register directly.
- void SPI\_WriteDataWithConfigFlags (SPI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t data, uint32\_t configFlags)
  - Writes a data control info and data into the SPI TX register directly.
- static uint32\_t SPI\_ReadData (SPI\_Type \*base)
  - Gets a data from the SPI data register.
- void SPI SetTransferDelay (SPI Type \*base, const spi delay config t \*config)
  - Set delay time for transfer.
- void SPI\_SetDummyData (SPI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t dummyData)
  - Set up the dummy data.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)
  - Transfers a block of data using a polling method.

#### **Transactional**

- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_master\_callback t callback, void \*userData)
  - Initializes the SPI master handle.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferNonBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)
  - Performs a non-blocking SPI interrupt transfer.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCount (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets the master transfer count.

- void SPI\_MasterTransferAbort (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle) SPI master aborts a transfer using an interrupt.
- void SPI\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle)

Interrupts the handler for the SPI.

• status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_slave\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the SPI slave handle.

• status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SPI slave interrupt transfer.

• static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCount (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets the slave transfer count.

• static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbort (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)

SPI slave aborts a transfer using an interrupt.

• void SPI\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)

Interrupts a handler for the SPI slave.

#### 20.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 20.3.2.1 struct spi\_delay\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint8 t preDelay
  - Delay between SSEL assertion and the beginning of transfer.
- uint8\_t postDelay

Delay between the end of transfer and SSEL deassertion.

uint8\_t frameDelay

Delay between frame to frame.

• uint8 t transferDelay

Delay between transfer to transfer.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint8 t spi delay config t::preDelay
- (2) uint8 t spi delay config t::postDelay
- (3) uint8 t spi delay config t::frameDelay
- (4) uint8 t spi delay config t::transferDelay

#### 20.3.2.2 struct spi master config t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableLoopback

Enable loopback for test purpose.

bool enableMaster

Enable SPI at initialization time.

uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps

Baud Rate for SPI in Hz.

• spi\_clock\_polarity\_t clockPolarity

Clock polarity.

spi\_clock\_phase\_t clockPhase

Clock phase.

• spi\_shift\_direction\_t direction

MSB or LSB.

• uint8\_t dataWidth

Width of the data.

• spi ssel t sselNumber

Slave select number.

spi\_spol\_t sselPolarity

Configure active CS polarity.

• spi\_delay\_config\_t delayConfig

Configure for delay time.

#### **Field Documentation**

### (1) spi\_delay\_config\_t spi\_master\_config\_t::delayConfig

### 20.3.2.3 struct spi\_slave\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableSlave

Enable SPI at initialization time.

• spi\_clock\_polarity\_t clockPolarity

Clock polarity.

spi clock phase t clockPhase

Clock phase.

• spi\_shift\_direction\_t direction

MSB or LSB.

• uint8 t dataWidth

Width of the data.

• spi\_spol\_t sselPolarity

Configure active CS polarity.

#### 20.3.2.4 struct spi transfer t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \* txData

Send buffer.

• uint8\_t \* rxData

Receive buffer.

• size\_t dataSize

Transfer bytes.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• uint32\_t configFlags

Additional option to control transfer \_spi\_xfer\_option.

#### **Field Documentation**

(1) uint32\_t spi\_transfer\_t::configFlags

#### 20.3.2.5 struct spi master handle

Master handle type.

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \*volatile txData

Transfer buffer.

• uint8 t \*volatile rxData

Receive buffer.

• volatile size\_t txRemainingBytes

*Number of data to be transmitted [in bytes].* 

• volatile size\_t rxRemainingBytes

Number of data to be received [in bytes].

size\_t totalByteCount

A number of transfer bytes.

• volatile uint32 t state

SPI internal state.

• spi\_master\_callback\_t callback

SPI callback.

void \* userData

Callback parameter.

• uint8\_t dataWidth

Width of the data [Valid values: 1 to 16].

• uint32\_t lastCommand

Last command for transfer.

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint32 t spi master handle t::lastCommand
- 20.3.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 20.3.3.1 #define FSL SPI DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 5))
- 20.3.3.2 #define SPI DUMMYDATA (0xFFFFU)
- 20.3.3.3 #define SPI\_RETRY\_TIMES 0U /\* Define to zero means keep waiting until the flag is assert/deassert. \*/

218

## 20.3.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 20.3.4.1 enum \_spi\_xfer\_option

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_EndOfFrame Add delay at the end of each frame(the last clk edge).

kSPI\_EndOfTransfer Re-assert the CS signal after transfer finishes to deselect slave.

kSPI\_ReceiveIgnore Ignore the receive data.

#### 20.3.4.2 enum spi\_shift\_direction\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_MsbFirst Data transfers start with most significant bit.

kSPI\_LsbFirst Data transfers start with least significant bit.

### 20.3.4.3 enum spi\_clock\_polarity\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_ClockPolarityActiveHigh Active-high SPI clock (idles low).

kSPI\_ClockPolarityActiveLow Active-low SPI clock (idles high).

### 20.3.4.4 enum spi\_clock\_phase\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_ClockPhaseFirstEdge First edge on SCK occurs at the middle of the first cycle of a data transfer.

**kSPI\_ClockPhaseSecondEdge** First edge on SCK occurs at the start of the first cycle of a data transfer.

#### **20.3.4.5 enum spi\_ssel\_t**

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_Ssel0Assert Slave select 0.

### 20.3.4.6 enum spi\_data\_width\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_Data4Bits 4 bits data width
kSPI\_Data5Bits 5 bits data width
kSPI\_Data7Bits 6 bits data width
kSPI\_Data7Bits 7 bits data width
kSPI\_Data8Bits 8 bits data width
kSPI\_Data9Bits 9 bits data width
kSPI\_Data10Bits 10 bits data width
kSPI\_Data11Bits 11 bits data width
kSPI\_Data12Bits 12 bits data width
kSPI\_Data13Bits 13 bits data width
kSPI\_Data14Bits 14 bits data width
kSPI\_Data15Bits 15 bits data width
kSPI\_Data16Bits 16 bits data width

### 20.3.4.7 anonymous enum

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_SPI\_Busy SPI bus is busy.
kStatus\_SPI\_Idle SPI is idle.
kStatus\_SPI\_Error SPI error.
kStatus\_SPI\_BaudrateNotSupport Baudrate is not support in current clock source.

kStatus SPI Timeout SPI Timeout polling status flags.

### 20.3.4.8 enum \_spi\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_RxReadyInterruptEnable Rx ready interrupt.

kSPI\_TxReadyInterruptEnable Tx ready interrupt.

kSPI\_RxOverrunInterruptEnable Rx overrun interrupt.

kSPI\_TxUnderrunInterruptEnable Tx underrun interrupt.

kSPI\_SlaveSelectAssertInterruptEnable Slave select assert interrupt.

kSPI\_SlaveSelectDeassertInterruptEnable Slave select deassert interrupt.

### 20.3.4.9 enum \_spi\_status\_flags

#### Enumerator

**kSPI\_RxReadyFlag** Receive ready flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

```
kSPI_TxReadyFlag Transmit ready flag.
kSPI_RxOverrunFlag Receive overrun flag.
kSPI_TxUnderrunFlag Transmit underrun flag.
kSPI_SlaveSelectAssertFlag Slave select assert flag.
kSPI_SlaveSelectDeassertFlag slave select deassert flag.
kSPI_StallFlag Stall flag.
kSPI_EndTransferFlag End transfer bit.
kSPI_MasterIdleFlag Master in idle status flag.
```

#### 20.3.5 Function Documentation

```
20.3.5.1 uint32_t SPI_GetInstance ( SPI_Type * base )
```

### 20.3.5.2 void SPI\_MasterGetDefaultConfig ( spi\_master\_config\_t \* config )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI\_MasterInit(). User may use the initialized structure unchanged in SPI\_MasterInit(), or modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI\_MasterInit(). After calling this API, the master is ready to transfer. Example:

```
spi_master_config_t config;
SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

config pointer to master config structure

## 20.3.5.3 status\_t SPI\_MasterInit ( SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch, or be set with default values by SPI\_Master-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_master_config_t config = {
.baudRate_Bps = 500000,
...
};
SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &config);
```

221

#### **Parameters**

| base        | SPI base pointer                          |
|-------------|---|
| config      | pointer to master configuration structure |
| srcClock_Hz | Source clock frequency.                   |

### 20.3.5.4 void SPI\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig ( spi\_slave\_config\_t \* config )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI\_SlaveInit(). Modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI\_SlaveInit(). Example:

```
spi_slave_config_t config;
SPI_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | pointer to slave configuration structure |
|--------|--|

### 20.3.5.5 status\_t SPI\_SlaveInit ( SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_slave\_config\_t \* config\_)

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch or be set with default values by SPI\_Slave-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_slave_config_t config = {
.polarity = kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveHigh;
.phase = kSPI_ClockPhaseFirstEdge;
.direction = kSPI_MsbFirst;
...
};
SPI_SlaveInit(SPI0, &config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                         |
|--------|--|
| config | pointer to slave configuration structure |

## 20.3.5.6 void SPI\_Deinit ( SPI\_Type \* base )

Calling this API resets the SPI module, gates the SPI clock. Disable the fifo if enabled. The SPI module can't work unless calling the SPI\_MasterInit/SPI\_SlaveInit to initialize module.

#### **Parameters**

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

### 20.3.5.7 static void SPI\_Enable ( SPI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base   | SPI base pointer                            |
|--------|---|
| enable | or disable (true = enable, false = disable) |

### 20.3.5.8 static uint32\_t SPI\_GetStatusFlags ( SPI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Returns

SPI Status, use status flag to AND \_spi\_status\_flags could get the related status.

## 20.3.5.9 static void SPI\_ClearStatusFlags ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer   |
|------|--|
| mask | SPI Status, use status flag to AND _spi_status_flags could get the related status. |

## 20.3.5.10 static void SPI\_EnableInterrupts ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t irqs ) [inline], [static]

## Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | SPI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| irqs | SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values:  • kSPI_RxReadyInterruptEnable  • kSPI_TxReadyInterruptEnable |

## 20.3.5.11 static void SPI\_DisableInterrupts ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t irqs ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| irqs | SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values:  • kSPI_RxReadyInterruptEnable  • kSPI_TxReadyInterruptEnable |
|      |   |

## 20.3.5.12 static bool SPI\_IsMaster(SPI\_Type \* base) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SPI peripheral address. |
|------|-------------------------|
|------|-------------------------|

#### Returns

Returns true if the module is in master mode or false if the module is in slave mode.

## 20.3.5.13 status\_t SPI\_MasterSetBaudRate ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudrate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This is only used in master.

#### **Parameters**

| base SPI base pointer |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
|-----------------------|--|--|

| baudrate_Bps | baud rate needed in Hz.           |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| srcClock_Hz  | SPI source clock frequency in Hz. |

## 20.3.5.14 static void SPI\_WriteData ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t data ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer   |
|------|--------------------|
| data | needs to be write. |

## 20.3.5.15 static void SPI\_WriteConfigFlags ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t configFlags ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base        | SPI base pointer                     |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| configFlags | control command needs to be written. |

## 20.3.5.16 void SPI\_WriteDataWithConfigFlags ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t data, uint32\_t configFlags )

#### **Parameters**

| base        | se SPI base pointer                  |  |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| data        | value needs to be written.           |  |
| configFlags | control command needs to be written. |  |

### 20.3.5.17 static uint32\_t SPI\_ReadData ( SPI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

## Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Returns

Data in the register.

## 20.3.5.18 void SPI\_SetTransferDelay ( SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_delay\_config\_t \* config )

the delay uint is SPI clock time, maximum value is 0xF.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                                   |
|--------|--|
| config | configuration for delay option spi_delay_config_t. |

## 20.3.5.19 void SPI\_SetDummyData ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t dummyData )

This API can change the default data to be transferred when users set the tx buffer to NULL.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SPI peripheral address.                        |
|-----------|--|
| dummyData | Data to be transferred when tx buffer is NULL. |

## 20.3.5.20 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer                       |
|------|--|
| xfer | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure |

## Return values

226

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.          |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.              |
| kStatus_SPI_Timeout     | The transfer timed out and was aborted. |

# 20.3.5.21 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_master\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the SPI master handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SPI peripheral base address. |
|----------|------------------------------|
| handle   | SPI handle pointer.          |
| callback | Callback function.           |
| userData | User data.                   |

## 20.3.5.22 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferNonBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |
| xfer   | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure                                   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

## 20.3.5.23 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCount ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

This function gets the master transfer count.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to the spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| count  | The number of bytes transferred by using the non-blocking transaction.        |

#### Returns

status of status\_t.

## 20.3.5.24 void SPI\_MasterTransferAbort ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts a transfer using an interrupt.

#### Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to the spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

## 20.3.5.25 void SPI\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

## 20.3.5.26 status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_slave\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the SPI slave handle which can be used for other SPI slave transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.



| base     | SPI peripheral base address. |
|----------|------------------------------|
| handle   | SPI handle pointer.          |
| callback | Callback function.           |
| userData | User data.                   |

## 20.3.5.27 status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

Note

The API returns immediately after the transfer initialization is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |
| xfer   | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure                                   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

## 20.3.5.28 static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCount ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count ) [inline], [static]

This function gets the slave transfer count.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to the spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| count  | The number of bytes transferred by using the non-blocking transaction.        |

#### Returns

status of status\_t.

20.3.5.29 static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbort ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle ) [inline], [static]

This function aborts a transfer using an interrupt.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the spi_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

# 20.3.5.30 void SPI\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle )

## Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to spi_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |

# **Chapter 21**

# **USART:** Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter Driver

### 21.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral USART driver for the Universal Synchronous Receiver/-Transmitter (USART) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The driver does not support synchronous mode.

The USART driver includes two parts: functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are used for USART initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the USART peripheral and know how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional API use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. USART functional operation groups provide the functional APIs set.

Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs can satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are critical requirements, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code. All transactional APIs use the usart\_handle\_t as the second parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the USART\_Transfer-CreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer, which means that the functions USART\_TransferSend-NonBlocking() and USART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() set up an interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus\_USART\_TxIdle and kStatus\_USART\_TxIdle.

Transactional receive APIs support the ring buffer. Prepare the memory for the ring buffer and pass in the start address and size while calling the USART\_TransferCreateHandle(). If passing NULL, the ring buffer feature is disabled. When the ring buffer is enabled, the received data is saved to the ring buffer in the background. The USART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() function first gets data from the ring buffer. If the ring buffer does not have enough data, the function first returns the data in the ring buffer and then saves the received data to user memory. When all data is received, the upper layer is informed through a callback with the kStatus\_USART\_RxIdle.

If the receive ring buffer is full, the upper layer is informed through a callback with the kStatus\_USAR-T\_RxRingBufferOverrun. In the callback function, the upper layer reads data out from the ring buffer. If not, the oldest data is overwritten by the new data.

The ring buffer size is specified when creating the handle. Note that one byte is reserved for the ring buffer maintenance. When creating handle using the following code:

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/usart In this example, the buffer size is 32, but only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

## 21.2 Typical use case

# 21.2.1 USART Send/receive using a polling method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/usart

# 21.2.2 USART Send/receive using an interrupt method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/usart

## 21.2.3 USART Receive using the ringbuffer feature

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/usart

# 21.2.4 USART Send/Receive using the DMA method

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/usart

## **Modules**

• USART Driver

233

### 21.3 USART Driver

### 21.3.1 Overview

### **Data Structures**

```
    struct usart_config_t
        USART configuration structure. More...
    struct usart_transfer_t
        USART transfer structure. More...
    struct usart_handle_t
        USART handle structure, More...
```

### **Macros**

- #define FSL\_SDK\_ENABLE\_USART\_DRIVER\_TRANSACTIONAL\_APIS 1
   Macro gate for enable transaction API.
   #define FSL\_SDK\_USART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_BAUDRATE\_AUTO\_GENERATE 1
- #define FSL\_SDK\_USART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_BAUDRATE\_AUTO\_GENERAT USART baud rate auto generate switch gate.
- #define UART\_RETRY\_TIMES OU

  Retry times for waiting flag.

## **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* usart\_transfer\_callback\_t )(USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

USART transfer callback function.

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum {
        kStatus_USART_TxBusy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 0),
        kStatus_USART_RxBusy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 1),
        kStatus_USART_TxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 2),
        kStatus_USART_RxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 3),
        kStatus_USART_TxError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 4),
        kStatus_USART_RxError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 5),
        kStatus_USART_RxRingBufferOverrun = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 6),
        kStatus_USART_NoiseError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 7),
        kStatus_USART_FramingError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 8),
        kStatus_USART_ParityError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 9),
        kStatus_USART_HardwareOverrun = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 10),
        kStatus_USART_BaudrateNotSupport,
        kStatus_USART_Timeout = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPC_USART, 12) }
```

```
Error codes for the USART driver.
enum usart_parity_mode_t {
 kUSART_ParityDisabled = 0x0U,
 kUSART_ParityEven = 0x2U,
 kUSART ParityOdd = 0x3U }
    USART parity mode.
enum usart_sync_mode_t {
 kUSART_SyncModeDisabled = 0x0U,
 kUSART_SyncModeSlave = 0x2U,
 kUSART SyncModeMaster = 0x3U }
    USART synchronous mode.
enum usart_stop_bit_count_t {
 kUSART_OneStopBit = 0U,
 kUSART_TwoStopBit = 1U }
    USART stop bit count.
enum usart_data_len_t {
 kUSART 7BitsPerChar = 0U,
 kUSART 8BitsPerChar = 1U }
    USART data size.
enum usart_clock_polarity_t {
 kUSART_RxSampleOnFallingEdge = 0x0U,
 kUSART_RxSampleOnRisingEdge = 0x1U }
    USART clock polarity configuration, used in sync mode.
enum _usart_interrupt_enable {
 kUSART RxReadyInterruptEnable = (USART INTENSET RXRDYEN MASK),
 kUSART_TxReadyInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_TXRDYEN_MASK),
 kUSART TxIdleInterruptEnable = (USART INTENSET TXIDLEEN MASK),
 kUSART_DeltaCtsInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_DELTACTSEN_MASK),
 kUSART_TxDisableInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_TXDISEN_MASK),
 kUSART_HardwareOverRunInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_OVERRUNEN_MASK),
 kUSART_RxBreakInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_DELTARXBRKEN_MASK),
 kUSART_RxStartInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_STARTEN_MASK),
 kUSART FramErrorInterruptEnable = (USART INTENSET FRAMERREN MASK),
 kUSART_ParityErrorInterruptEnable = (USART_INTENSET_PARITYERREN_MASK),
 kUSART RxNoiseInterruptEnable = (USART INTENSET RXNOISEEN MASK),
 kUSART AutoBaudErrorInterruptEnable = (USART INTENSET ABERREN MASK),
 kUSART AllInterruptEnable }
    USART interrupt configuration structure, default settings all disabled.
enum _usart_flags {
```

```
kUSART_RxReady = (USART_STAT_RXRDY_MASK),
kUSART_RxIdleFlag = (USART_STAT_RXIDLE_MASK),
kUSART_TxReady = (USART_STAT_TXRDY_MASK),
kUSART_TxIdleFlag = (USART_STAT_TXIDLE_MASK),
kUSART_CtsState = (USART_STAT_CTS_MASK),
kUSART_DeltaCtsFlag = (USART_STAT_DELTACTS_MASK),
kUSART_TxDisableFlag = (USART_STAT_TXDISSTAT_MASK),
kUSART_HardwareOverrunFlag = (USART_STAT_OVERRUNINT_MASK),
kUSART_RxBreakFlag = (USART_STAT_DELTARXBRK_MASK),
kUSART_RxStartFlag = (USART_STAT_DELTARXBRK_MASK),
kUSART_FramErrorFlag = (USART_STAT_FRAMERRINT_MASK),
kUSART_ParityErrorFlag = (USART_STAT_PARITYERRINT_MASK),
kUSART_RxNoiseFlag = (USART_STAT_RXNOISEINT_MASK),
kUSART_AutoBaudErrorFlag = (USART_STAT_ABERR_MASK) }
USART_Status flags.
```

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_USART\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0)) USART driver version.

### Get the instance of USART

• uint32\_t USART\_GetInstance (USART\_Type \*base)

Returns instance number for USART peripheral base address.

### Initialization and deinitialization

- status\_t USART\_Init (USART\_Type \*base, const usart\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Initializes a USART instance with user configuration structure and peripheral clock.
- void USART\_Deinit (USART\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes a USART instance.

void USART\_GetDefaultConfig (usart\_config\_t \*config)

Gets the default configuration structure.

 status\_t USART\_SetBaudRate (USART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudrate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_-Hz)

Sets the USART instance band rate.

### **Status**

- static uint32\_t USART\_GetStatusFlags (USART\_Type \*base) Get USART status flags.
- static void USART\_ClearStatusFlags (USART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Clear USART status flags.

## Interrupts

- static void USART\_EnableInterrupts (USART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables USART interrupts according to the provided mask.
- static void USART\_DisableInterrupts (USART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables USART interrupts according to a provided mask.
- static uint32\_t USART\_GetEnabledInterrupts (USART\_Type \*base) Returns enabled USART interrupts.

## **Bus Operations**

- static void USART\_EnableContinuousSCLK (USART\_Type \*base, bool enable) Continuous Clock generation.
- static void USART\_EnableAutoClearSCLK (USART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

  Enable Continuous Clock generation bit auto clear.
- static void USART\_EnableCTS (USART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

  Enable CTS
- static void USART\_EnableTx (USART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable the USART transmit.

• static void USART\_EnableRx (USART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enable the USART receive.

• static void USART\_WriteByte (USART\_Type \*base, uint8\_t data)

Writes to the TXDAT register.

• static uint8\_t USART\_ReadByte (USART\_Type \*base)

Reads the RXDAT directly.

- status\_t USART\_WriteBlocking (USART\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length) Writes to the TX register using a blocking method.
- status\_t USART\_ReadBlocking (USART\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length)

  Read RX data register using a blocking method.

### **Transactional**

• status\_t USART\_TransferCreateHandle (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, usart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the USART handle.

• status\_t USART\_TransferSendNonBlocking (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, usart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Transmits a buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void USART\_TransferStartRingBuffer (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint8\_t \*ringBuffer, size\_t ringBufferSize)

*Sets up the RX ring buffer.* 

- void USART\_TransferStopRingBuffer (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle)
- Aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.
   size\_t USART\_TransferGetRxRingBufferLength (usart\_handle\_t \*handle)
  Get the length of received data in RX ring buffer.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

- void <u>USART\_TransferAbortSend</u> (<u>USART\_Type</u> \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle) *Aborts the interrupt-driven data transmit.*
- status\_t USART\_TransferGetSendCount (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Get the number of bytes that have been written to USART TX register.

• status\_t USART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, usart\_transfer\_t \*xfer, size\_t \*receivedBytes)

Receives a buffer of data using an interrupt method.

- void USART\_TransferAbortReceive (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle)
  - Aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving.
- status\_t USART\_TransferGetReceiveCount (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32-\_t \*count)

Get the number of bytes that have been received.

• void USART\_TransferHandleIRQ (USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle) USART IRO handle function.

### 21.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 21.3.2.1 struct usart\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps

USART band rate.

bool enableRx

USART receive enable.

bool enableTx

USART transmit enable.

bool loopback

Enable peripheral loopback.

bool enableContinuousSCLK

USART continuous Clock generation enable in synchronous master mode.

bool enableHardwareFlowControl

Enable hardware control RTS/CTS.

usart\_parity\_mode\_t parityMode

Parity mode, disabled (default), even, odd.

usart\_stop\_bit\_count\_t stopBitCount

Number of stop bits, 1 stop bit (default) or 2 stop bits.

usart\_data\_len\_t bitCountPerChar

Data length - 7 bit, 8 bit.

usart\_sync\_mode\_t syncMode

*Transfer mode - asynchronous, synchronous master, synchronous slave.* 

• usart\_clock\_polarity\_t clockPolarity

Selects the clock polarity and sampling edge in sync mode.

#### **Field Documentation**

### (1) bool usart\_config\_t::enableRx

- (2) bool usart config t::enableTx
- (3) bool usart\_config\_t::enableContinuousSCLK
- (4) usart\_sync\_mode\_t usart\_config\_t::syncMode
- (5) usart\_clock\_polarity\_t usart\_config\_t::clockPolarity

### 21.3.2.2 struct usart transfer t

### **Data Fields**

• size t dataSize

The byte count to be transfer.

• uint8 t \* data

The buffer of data to be transfer.

• uint8\_t \* rxData

The buffer to receive data.

• const uint8\_t \* txData

The buffer of data to be sent.

### **Field Documentation**

- (1) uint8 t\* usart transfer t::data
- (2) uint8\_t\* usart\_transfer\_t::rxData
- (3) const uint8 t\* usart transfer t::txData
- (4) size\_t usart\_transfer\_t::dataSize

### 21.3.2.3 struct usart handle

### **Data Fields**

const uint8\_t \*volatile txData

Address of remaining data to send.

• volatile size t txDataSize

Size of the remaining data to send.

• size\_t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

• uint8 t \*volatile rxData

Address of remaining data to receive.

• volatile size\_t rxDataSize

Size of the remaining data to receive.

• size t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

• uint8\_t \* rxRingBuffer

Start address of the receiver ring buffer.

• size\_t rxRingBufferSize

Size of the ring buffer.

- volatile uint16\_t rxRingBufferHead
  - *Index for the driver to store received data into ring buffer.*
- volatile uint16\_t rxRingBufferTail
  - *Index for the user to get data from the ring buffer.*
- usart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback
  - Callback function.
- void \* userData
  - USART callback function parameter.
- volatile uint8 t txState
  - TX transfer state.
- volatile uint8\_t rxState
  - RX transfer state.

### **Field Documentation**

- (1) const uint8\_t\* volatile usart\_handle\_t::txData
- (2) volatile size\_t usart\_handle\_t::txDataSize
- (3) size\_t usart\_handle\_t::txDataSizeAll
- (4) uint8 t\* volatile usart handle t::rxData
- (5) volatile size t usart handle t::rxDataSize
- (6) size t usart handle t::rxDataSizeAll
- (7) uint8 t\* usart handle t::rxRingBuffer
- (8) size t usart handle t::rxRingBufferSize
- (9) volatile uint16\_t usart\_handle\_t::rxRingBufferHead
- (10) volatile uint16 t usart handle t::rxRingBufferTail
- (11) usart\_transfer\_callback\_t usart handle t::callback
- (12) void\* usart\_handle\_t::userData
- (13) volatile uint8 t usart handle t::txState
- 21.3.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 21.3.3.1 #define FSL\_USART\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 5, 0))
- 21.3.3.2 #define FSL SDK ENABLE USART DRIVER TRANSACTIONAL APIS 1

1 for enable, 0 for disable.

## 21.3.3.3 #define FSL\_SDK\_USART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_BAUDRATE\_AUTO\_GENERATE 1

1 for enable, 0 for disable

### 21.3.3.4 #define UART RETRY TIMES 0U

Defining to zero means to keep waiting for the flag until it is assert/deassert.

## 21.3.4 Typedef Documentation

21.3.4.1 typedef void(\* usart\_transfer\_callback\_t)(USART\_Type \*base, usart\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

## 21.3.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 21.3.5.1 anonymous enum

### Enumerator

kStatus\_USART\_TxBusy Transmitter is busy.

kStatus\_USART\_RxBusy Receiver is busy.

kStatus\_USART\_TxIdle USART transmitter is idle.

kStatus USART RxIdle USART receiver is idle.

kStatus\_USART\_TxError Error happens on tx.

kStatus USART RxError Error happens on rx.

kStatus USART RxRingBufferOverrun Error happens on rx ring buffer.

kStatus USART NoiseError USART noise error.

kStatus\_USART\_FramingError USART framing error.

kStatus USART ParityError USART parity error.

kStatus USART HardwareOverrun USART hardware over flow.

kStatus\_USART\_BaudrateNotSupport Baudrate is not support in current clock source.

kStatus\_USART\_Timeout USART times out.

## 21.3.5.2 enum usart\_parity\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

kUSART\_ParityDisabled Parity disabled.

**kUSART\_ParityEven** Parity enabled, type even, bit setting: PARITYSEL = 10.

*kUSART\_ParityOdd* Parity enabled, type odd, bit setting: PARITYSEL = 11.

### 21.3.5.3 enum usart\_sync\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

kUSART\_SyncModeDisabled Asynchronous mode.kUSART\_SyncModeSlave Synchronous slave mode.kUSART\_SyncModeMaster Synchronous master mode.

## 21.3.5.4 enum usart\_stop\_bit\_count\_t

#### Enumerator

kUSART\_OneStopBit One stop bit.kUSART TwoStopBit Two stop bits.

### 21.3.5.5 enum usart data len t

#### Enumerator

kUSART\_7BitsPerChar Seven bit mode.kUSART 8BitsPerChar Eight bit mode.

### 21.3.5.6 enum usart\_clock\_polarity\_t

#### Enumerator

kUSART\_RxSampleOnFallingEdge Un\_RXD is sampled on the falling edge of SCLK.kUSART\_RxSampleOnRisingEdge Un\_RXD is sampled on the rising edge of SCLK.

### 21.3.5.7 enum usart interrupt enable

#### Enumerator

kUSART\_RxReadyInterruptEnable Receive ready interrupt.

kUSART\_TxReadyInterruptEnable Transmit ready interrupt.

 $kUSART\_TxIdleInterruptEnable$  Transmit idle interrupt.

kUSART\_DeltaCtsInterruptEnable Cts pin change interrupt.

kUSART\_TxDisableInterruptEnable Transmit disable interrupt.

kUSART\_HardwareOverRunInterruptEnable hardware ove run interrupt. kUSART\_RxBreakInterruptEnable Receive break interrupt.

kUSART\_RxStartInterruptEnable Receive ready interrupt.

kUSART\_FramErrorInterruptEnable Receive start interrupt.

*kUSART\_ParityErrorInterruptEnable* Receive frame error interrupt.

NXP Semiconductors 241

### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

kUSART\_RxNoiseInterruptEnable Receive noise error interrupt.kUSART\_AutoBaudErrorInterruptEnable Receive auto baud error interrupt.kUSART\_AllInterruptEnable All interrupt.

### 21.3.5.8 enum \_usart\_flags

This provides constants for the USART status flags for use in the USART functions.

#### Enumerator

```
kUSART_RxIdleFlag Receive IDLE flag.
kUSART_TxReady Transmit ready flag.
kUSART_TxReady Transmit idle flag.
kUSART_TxIdleFlag Transmit idle flag.
kUSART_CtsState Cts pin status.
kUSART_DeltaCtsFlag Cts pin change flag.
kUSART_TxDisableFlag Transmit disable flag.
kUSART_HardwareOverrunFlag Hardware over run flag.
kUSART_RxBreakFlag Receive break flag.
kUSART_RxStartFlag receive start flag.
kUSART_FramErrorFlag Frame error flag.
kUSART_ParityErrorFlag Parity error flag.
kUSART_RxNoiseFlag Receive noise flag.
kUSART_AutoBaudErrorFlag Auto baud error flag.
```

### 21.3.6 Function Documentation

```
21.3.6.1 uint32 t USART GetInstance ( USART Type * base )
```

# 21.3.6.2 status\_t USART\_Init ( USART\_Type \* base, const usart\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the USART module with the user-defined settings. The user can configure the configuration structure and also get the default configuration by using the USART\_GetDefaultConfig() function. Example below shows how to use this API to configure USART.

```
* usart_config_t usartConfig;
* usartConfig.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
* usartConfig.parityMode = kUSART_ParityDisabled;
* usartConfig.stopBitCount = kUSART_OneStopBit;
* USART_Init(USART1, &usartConfig, 20000000U);
```

| base        | USART peripheral base address.                   |
|-------------|--|
| config      | Pointer to user-defined configuration structure. |
| srcClock_Hz | USART clock source frequency in HZ.              |

#### Return values

| kStatus_USART<br>BaudrateNotSupport | Baudrate is not support in current clock source. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument             | USART base address is not valid                  |
| kStatus_Success                     | Status USART initialize succeed                  |

## 21.3.6.3 void USART\_Deinit ( USART\_Type \* base )

This function waits for TX complete, disables the USART clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

## 21.3.6.4 void USART\_GetDefaultConfig ( usart\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the USART configuration structure to a default value. The default values are: usartConfig->baudRate\_Bps = 9600U; usartConfig->parityMode = kUSART\_ParityDisabled; usartConfig->stopBitCount = kUSART\_OneStopBit; usartConfig->bitCountPerChar = kUSART\_8BitsPerChar; usartConfig->loopback = false; usartConfig->enableTx = false; usartConfig->enableRx = false;

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to configuration structure. |
|--------|-------------------------------------|

# 21.3.6.5 status\_t USART\_SetBaudRate ( USART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudrate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the USART module baud rate. This function is used to update the USART module baud rate after the USART module is initialized by the USART Init.

\* USART\_SetBaudRate(USART1, 115200U, 20000000U);

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base         | USART peripheral base address.      |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| baudrate_Bps | USART baudrate to be set.           |
| srcClock_Hz  | USART clock source frequency in HZ. |

### Return values

| kStatus_USART<br>BaudrateNotSupport | Baudrate is not support in current clock source. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                     | Set baudrate succeed.                            |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument             | One or more arguments are invalid.               |

# 21.3.6.6 static uint32\_t USART\_GetStatusFlags ( USART\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function get all USART status flags, the flags are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators <u>\_usart\_flags</u>. To check a specific status, compare the return value with enumerators in <u>\_usart\_flags</u>. For example, to check whether the RX is ready:

```
* if (kUSART_RxReady & USART_GetStatusFlags(USART1))

* {

* ...

* }

*
```

### **Parameters**

| base   USART peripheral base address. |
|---------------------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|

### Returns

USART status flags which are ORed by the enumerators in the \_usart\_flags.

# 21.3.6.7 static void USART\_ClearStatusFlags ( USART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

This function clear supported USART status flags For example:

```
* USART_ClearStatusFlags(USART1, kUSART_HardwareOverrunFlag)
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
| mask | status flags to be cleared.    |

# 21.3.6.8 static void USART\_EnableInterrupts ( USART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the USART interrupts according to the provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See <u>\_usart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. For example, to enable TX ready interrupt and RX ready interrupt:

```
* USART_EnableInterrupts(USART1,
    kUSART_RxReadyInterruptEnable |
    kUSART_TxReadyInterruptEnable);
```

### **Parameters**

| base | USART peripheral base address.                                   |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. Logical OR of _usart_interrupt_enable. |

# 21.3.6.9 static void USART\_DisableInterrupts ( USART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the USART interrupts according to a provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See <u>\_usart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. This example shows how to disable the TX ready interrupt and RX ready interrupt:

#### **Parameters**

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

| mask | The interrupts to disable. Logical OR of _usart_interrupt_ena | able. |
|------|---|-------|
|------|---|-------|

# 21.3.6.10 static uint32\_t USART\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( USART\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the enabled USART interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

# 21.3.6.11 static void USART\_EnableContinuousSCLK ( USART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

By default, SCLK is only output while data is being transmitted in synchronous mode. Enable this function, SCLK will run continuously in synchronous mode, allowing characters to be received on Un\_RxD independently from transmission on Un\_TXD).

#### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| enable | Enable Continuous Clock generation mode or not, true for enable and false for disable. |

# 21.3.6.12 static void USART\_EnableAutoClearSCLK ( USART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

While enable this cuntion, the Continuous Clock bit is automatically cleared when a complete character has been received. This bit is cleared at the same time.

### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address.                                   |
|--------|--|
| enable | Enable auto clear or not, true for enable and false for disable. |

# 21.3.6.13 static void USART\_EnableCTS ( USART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function will determine whether CTS is used for flow control.

| base   | USART peripheral base address.                            |
|--------|---|
| enable | Enable CTS or not, true for enable and false for disable. |

# 21.3.6.14 static void USART\_EnableTx ( USART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function will enable or disable the USART transmit.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--|
| enable | true for enable and false for disable. |

# 21.3.6.15 static void USART\_EnableRx ( USART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function will enable or disable the USART receive. Note: if the transmit is enabled, the receive will not be disabled.

### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--|
| enable | true for enable and false for disable. |

# 21.3.6.16 static void USART\_WriteByte ( USART\_Type \* base, uint8\_t data ) [inline], [static]

This function will writes data to the TXDAT automatly. The upper layer must ensure that TXDATA has space for data to write before calling this function.

### **Parameters**

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
| data | The byte to write.             |

# 21.3.6.17 static uint8\_t USART\_ReadByte ( USART\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function reads data from the RXDAT automatly. The upper layer must ensure that the RXDAT is not empty before calling this function.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | USART peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

### Returns

The byte read from USART data register.

# 21.3.6.18 status\_t USART\_WriteBlocking ( USART\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* data, size\_t length )

This function polls the TX register, waits for the TX register to be empty.

### Parameters

| base   | USART peripheral base address.      |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| data   | Start address of the data to write. |
| length | Size of the data to write.          |

### Return values

| kStatus_USART_Timeout | Transmission timed out and was aborted. |
|-----------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success       | Successfully wrote all data.            |

# 21.3.6.19 status\_t USART\_ReadBlocking ( USART\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* data, size\_t length )

This function polls the RX register, waits for the RX register to be full.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address.                          |
|--------|---|
| data   | Start address of the buffer to store the received data. |
| length | Size of the buffer.                                     |

# Return values

| kStatus_USART<br>FramingError  | Receiver overrun happened while receiving data. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_USART_Parity-<br>Error | Noise error happened while receiving data.      |
| kStatus_USART_Noise-<br>Error  | Framing error happened while receiving data.    |
| kStatus_USART_RxError          | Overflow or underflow happened.                 |
| kStatus_USART_Timeout          | Transmission timed out and was aborted.         |
| kStatus_Success                | Successfully received all data.                 |

# 21.3.6.20 status\_t USART\_TransferCreateHandle ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, usart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the USART handle which can be used for other USART transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified USART instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | USART peripheral base address.          |
|----------|---|
| handle   | USART handle pointer.                   |
| callback | The callback function.                  |
| userData | The parameter of the callback function. |

# 21.3.6.21 status\_t USART\_TransferSendNonBlocking ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, usart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns directly without waiting for all data to be written to the TX register. When all data is written to the TX register in the IRQ handler, the USART driver calls the callback function and passes the kStatus\_USART\_TxIdle as status parameter.

### Note

The kStatus\_USART\_TxIdle is passed to the upper layer when all data is written to the TX register. However it does not ensure that all data are sent out. Before disabling the TX, check the kUSART\_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the TX is finished.

| base   | USART peripheral base address.                  |
|--------|---|
| handle | USART handle pointer.                           |
| xfer   | USART transfer structure. See usart_transfer_t. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start the data transmission.                                     |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_USART_TxBusy    | Previous transmission still not finished, data not all written to TX register |
|                         | yet.  |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.   |

# 21.3.6.22 void USART\_TransferStartRingBuffer ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint8\_t \* ringBuffer, size\_t ringBufferSize )

This function sets up the RX ring buffer to a specific USART handle.

When the RX ring buffer is used, data received are stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the USART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If there is already data received in the ring buffer, the user can get the received data from the ring buffer directly.

### Note

When using the RX ring buffer, one byte is reserved for internal use. In other words, if ringBuffer-Size is 32, then only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

### **Parameters**

| base           | USART peripheral base address.   |
|----------------|--|
| handle         | USART handle pointer.  |
| ringBuffer     | Start address of the ring buffer for background receiving. Pass NULL to disable the ring buffer. |
| ringBufferSize | size of the ring buffer.   |

# 21.3.6.23 void USART\_TransferStopRingBuffer ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |

## 21.3.6.24 size\_t USART\_TransferGetRxRingBufferLength ( usart\_handle\_t \* handle )

### **Parameters**

| handle | USART handle pointer. |
|--------|-----------------------|
|--------|-----------------------|

### Returns

Length of received data in RX ring buffer.

# 21.3.6.25 void USART\_TransferAbortSend ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the interrupt driven data sending. The user can get the remainBtyes to find out how many bytes are still not sent out.

### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |

# 21.3.6.26 status\_t USART\_TransferGetSendCount ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to USART TX register by interrupt method.

### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |

| count | Send bytes count. |
|-------|-------------------|
|-------|-------------------|

### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No send in progress.                          |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 21.3.6.27 status\_t USART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, usart\_transfer\_t \* xfer, size\_t \* receivedBytes )

This function receives data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns without waiting for all data to be received. If the RX ring buffer is used and not empty, the data in the ring buffer is copied and the parameter receivedBytes shows how many bytes are copied from the ring buffer. After copying, if the data in the ring buffer is not enough to read, the receive request is saved by the USART driver. When the new data arrives, the receive request is serviced first. When all data is received, the USART driver notifies the upper layer through a callback function and passes the status parameter kStatus\_USART\_RxIdle. For example, the upper layer needs 10 bytes but there are only 5 bytes in the ring buffer. The 5 bytes are copied to the xfer->data and this function returns with the parameter receivedBytes set to 5. For the left 5 bytes, newly arrived data is saved from the xfer->data[5]. When 5 bytes are received, the USART driver notifies the upper layer. If the RX ring buffer is not enabled, this function enables the RX and RX interrupt to receive data to the xfer->data. When all data is received, the upper layer is notified.

### **Parameters**

| base          | USART peripheral base address.                  |
|---------------|---|
| handle        | USART handle pointer.                           |
| xfer          | USART transfer structure, see usart_transfer_t. |
| receivedBytes | Bytes received from the ring buffer directly.   |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success      | Successfully queue the transfer into transmit queue. |
|----------------------|--|
| kStatus_USART_RxBusy | Previous receive request is not finished.            |

| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument. |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
|-------------------------|-------------------|

# 21.3.6.28 void USART\_TransferAbortReceive ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving. The user can get the remainBytes to find out how many bytes not received yet.

### Parameters

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |

# 21.3.6.29 status\_t USART\_TransferGetReceiveCount ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

### **Parameters**

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Receive bytes count.           |

### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No receive in progress.                       |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 21.3.6.30 void USART\_TransferHandleIRQ ( USART\_Type \* base, usart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function handles the USART transmit and receive IRQ request.

| base   | USART peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | USART handle pointer.          |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

# **Chapter 22**

# **MRT: Multi-Rate Timer**

### 22.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Multi-Rate Timer (MRT) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 22.2 Function groups

The MRT driver supports operating the module as a time counter.

### 22.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function MRT\_Init() initializes the MRT with specified configurations. The function MRT\_Get-DefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the MRT operating mode.

The function MRT\_Deinit() stops the MRT timers and disables the module clock.

## 22.2.2 Timer period Operations

The function MRT\_UpdateTimerPeriod() is used to update the timer period in units of count. The new value is immediately loaded or will be loaded at the end of the current time interval.

The function MRT\_GetCurrentTimerCount() reads the current timer counting value. This function returns the real-time timer counting value, in a range from 0 to a timer period.

The timer period operation functions takes the count value in ticks. The user can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to microseconds or milliseconds

# 22.2.3 Start and Stop timer operations

The function MRT\_StartTimer() starts the timer counting. After calling this function, the timer loads the period value, counts down to 0 and depending on the timer mode it either loads the respective start value again or stop. When the timer reaches 0, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag.

The function MRT\_StopTimer() stops the timer counting.

257

### 22.2.4 Get and release channel

These functions can be used to reserve and release a channel. The function MRT\_GetIdleChannel() finds the available channel. This function returns the lowest available channel number. The function MRT\_ReleaseChannel() release the channel when the timer is using the multi-task mode. In multi-task mode, the INUSE flags allow more control over when MRT channels are released for further use.

### 22.2.5 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the PIT status.

## 22.2.6 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable PIT interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

## 22.3 Typical use case

## 22.3.1 MRT tick example

Updates the MRT period and toggles an LED periodically. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/mrt

#### **Files**

• file fsl mrt.h

### **Data Structures**

• struct mrt\_config\_t

MRT configuration structure. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
enum mrt_chnl_t {
    kMRT_Channel_0 = 0U,
    kMRT_Channel_1,
    kMRT_Channel_2,
    kMRT_Channel_3 }
    List of MRT channels.
enum mrt_timer_mode_t {
    kMRT_RepeatMode = (0 << MRT_CHANNEL_CTRL_MODE_SHIFT),
    kMRT_OneShotMode = (1 << MRT_CHANNEL_CTRL_MODE_SHIFT),
    kMRT_OneShotStallMode = (2 << MRT_CHANNEL_CTRL_MODE_SHIFT) }
    List of MRT timer modes.</li>
```

```
    enum mrt_interrupt_enable_t { kMRT_TimerInterruptEnable = MRT_CHANNEL_CTRL_INTE-N_MASK }
        List of MRT interrupts.
    enum mrt_status_flags_t {
        kMRT_TimerInterruptFlag = MRT_CHANNEL_STAT_INTFLAG_MASK,
        kMRT_TimerRunFlag = MRT_CHANNEL_STAT_RUN_MASK }
```

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_MRT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) *Version 2.0.3.* 

### Initialization and deinitialization

List of MRT status flags.

- void MRT\_Init (MRT\_Type \*base, const mrt\_config\_t \*config)
   Ungates the MRT clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.
- void MRT\_Deinit (MRT\_Type \*base)

Gate the MRT clock.

- static void MRT\_GetDefaultConfig (mrt\_config\_t \*config)

  Fill in the MRT config struct with the default settings.
- static void MRT\_SetupChannelMode (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, const mrt\_timer\_mode\_t mode)

Sets up an MRT channel mode.

# **Interrupt Interface**

- static void MRT\_EnableInterrupts (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Enables the MRT interrupt.
- static void MRT\_DisableInterrupts (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the selected MRT interrupt.
- static uint32\_t MRT\_GetEnabledInterrupts (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel)

  Gets the enabled MRT interrupts.

### Status Interface

- static uint32\_t MRT\_GetStatusFlags (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel) Gets the MRT status flags.
- static void MRT\_ClearStatusFlags (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Clears the MRT status flags.

# Read and Write the timer period

- void MRT\_UpdateTimerPeriod (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count, bool immediateLoad)
  - *Used to update the timer period in units of count.*
- static uint32\_t MRT\_GetCurrentTimerCount (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel) Reads the current timer counting value.

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

## **Timer Start and Stop**

- static void MRT\_StartTimer (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count) Starts the timer counting.
- static void MRT\_StopTimer (MRT\_Type \*base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel) Stops the timer counting.

### Get & release channel

• static uint32\_t MRT\_GetIdleChannel (MRT\_Type \*base) Find the available channel.

## 22.4 Data Structure Documentation

## 22.4.1 struct mrt\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the MRT peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the MRT\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The config struct can be made const so it resides in flash

### **Data Fields**

• bool enableMultiTask

true: Timers run in multi-task mode; false: Timers run in hardware status mode

# 22.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 22.5.1 enum mrt chnl t

#### Enumerator

```
kMRT_Channel_0 MRT channel number 0.
kMRT_Channel_1 MRT channel number 1.
kMRT_Channel_2 MRT channel number 2.
kMRT Channel 3 MRT channel number 3.
```

## 22.5.2 enum mrt\_timer\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kMRT_RepeatMode Repeat Interrupt mode.kMRT_OneShotMode One-shot Interrupt mode.kMRT_OneShotStallMode One-shot stall mode.
```

## 22.5.3 enum mrt\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

*kMRT\_TimerInterruptEnable* Timer interrupt enable.

# 22.5.4 enum mrt\_status\_flags\_t

### Enumerator

kMRT\_TimerInterruptFlag Timer interrupt flag.kMRT\_TimerRunFlag Indicates state of the timer.

## 22.6 Function Documentation

# 22.6.1 void MRT\_Init ( MRT\_Type \* base, const mrt\_config\_t \* config )

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the MRT driver.

### Parameters

| base | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address   |
|------|--|
|      | Pointer to user's MRT config structure. If MRT has MULTITASK bit field in MOD-CFG reigster, param config is useless. |

# 22.6.2 void MRT\_Deinit ( MRT\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|------|--|
|------|--|

# 22.6.3 static void MRT\_GetDefaultConfig ( mrt\_config\_t \* config ) [inline], [static]

The default values are:

- \* config->enableMultiTask = false;
- \*

### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| config | Pointer to user's MRT config structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 22.6.4 static void MRT\_SetupChannelMode ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, const mrt\_timer\_mode\_t mode ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|---------|--|
| channel | Channel that is being configured.        |
| mode    | Timer mode to use for the channel.       |

# 22.6.5 static void MRT\_EnableInterrupts ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address  |
|---------|---|
| channel | Timer channel number  |
| mask    | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration mrt_interrupt_enable_t |

# 22.6.6 static void MRT\_DisableInterrupts ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32 t mask ) [inline], [static]

### Parameters

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address   |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number   |
| mask    | The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration mrt_interrupt_enable_t |

# 22.6.7 static uint32\_t MRT\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number                     |

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration mrt\_interrupt\_enable\_t

# 22.6.8 static uint32\_t MRT\_GetStatusFlags ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number                     |

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration mrt\_status\_flags\_t

# 22.6.9 static void MRT\_ClearStatusFlags ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32 t mask ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address  |
|---------|---|
| channel | Timer channel number  |
| mask    | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration mrt |
|         | status_flags_t  |

# 22.6.10 void MRT\_UpdateTimerPeriod ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count, bool immediateLoad )

The new value will be immediately loaded or will be loaded at the end of the current time interval. For one-shot interrupt mode the new value will be immediately loaded.

263

#### Note

User can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to ticks

#### **Parameters**

| base          | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address   |
|---------------|--|
| channel       | Timer channel number   |
| count         | Timer period in units of ticks   |
| immediateLoad | true: Load the new value immediately into the TIMER register; false: Load the new value at the end of current timer interval |

# 22.6.11 static uint32\_t MRT\_GetCurrentTimerCount ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value, in a range from 0 to a timer period.

#### Note

User can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec

#### **Parameters**

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number                     |

### Returns

Current timer counting value in ticks

# 22.6.12 static void MRT\_StartTimer ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count ) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, timers load period value, counts down to 0 and depending on the timer mode it will either load the respective start value again or stop.

#### Note

User can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to ticks

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address  |
|---------|---|
| channel | Timer channel number.   |
| count   | Timer period in units of ticks. Count can contain the LOAD bit, which control the force load feature. |

# 22.6.13 static void MRT\_StopTimer ( MRT\_Type \* base, mrt\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function stops the timer from counting.

### Parameters

| base    | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number.                    |

# 22.6.14 static uint32\_t MRT\_GetIdleChannel ( MRT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the lowest available channel number.

### Parameters

| 1    |  |
|------|--|
| base | Multi-Rate timer peripheral base address |

# **Chapter 23**

# **PINT: Pin Interrupt and Pattern Match Driver**

### 23.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Pin Interrupt and Pattern match (PINT).

It can configure one or more pins to generate a pin interrupt when the pin or pattern match conditions are met. The pins do not have to be configured as gpio pins however they must be connected to PINT via INPUTMUX. Only the pin interrupt or pattern match function can be active for interrupt generation. If the pin interrupt function is enabled then the pattern match function can be used for wakeup via RXEV.

## 23.2 Pin Interrupt and Pattern match Driver operation

PINT\_PinInterruptConfig() function configures the pins for pin interrupt.

PINT\_PatternMatchConfig() function configures the pins for pattern match.

## 23.2.1 Pin Interrupt use case

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/pint

### 23.2.2 Pattern match use case

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/pint

## **Files**

• file fsl\_pint.h

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* pint\_cb\_t )(pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr, uint32\_t pmatch\_status)

\*\*PINT Callback function.

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum pint_pin_enable_t {
        kPINT_PinIntEnableNone = 0U,
        kPINT_PinIntEnableRiseEdge = PINT_PIN_RISE_EDGE,
        kPINT_PinIntEnableFallEdge = PINT_PIN_FALL_EDGE,
        kPINT_PinIntEnableBothEdges = PINT_PIN_BOTH_EDGE,
        kPINT_PinIntEnableLowLevel = PINT_PIN_LOW_LEVEL,
        kPINT_PinIntEnableHighLevel = PINT_PIN_HIGH_LEVEL }
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### Pin Interrupt and Pattern match Driver operation

```
PINT Pin Interrupt enable type.
enum pint_pin_int_t {
 kPINT_PinInt0 = 0U,
 kPINT_PinInt1 = 1U,
 kPINT PinInt2 = 2U,
 kPINT_PinInt3 = 3U,
 kPINT_PinInt4 = 4U,
 kPINT_PinInt5 = 5U,
 kPINT_PinInt6 = 6U,
 kPINT_PinInt7 = 7U
    PINT Pin Interrupt type.
enum pint_pmatch_input_src_t {
  kPINT PatternMatchInp0Src = 0U,
 kPINT PatternMatchInp1Src = 1U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchInp2Src = 2U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchInp3Src = 3U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchInp4Src = 4U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchInp5Src = 5U,
 kPINT PatternMatchInp6Src = 6U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchInp7Src = 7U,
 kPINT SecPatternMatchInp0Src = 0U,
 kPINT_SecPatternMatchInp1Src = 1U }
    PINT Pattern Match bit slice input source type.
enum pint_pmatch_bslice_t {
  kPINT PatternMatchBSlice0 = 0U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice1 = 1U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice2 = 2U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice3 = 3U,
 kPINT PatternMatchBSlice4 = 4U,
 kPINT PatternMatchBSlice5 = 5U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice6 = 6U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice7 = 7U }
    PINT Pattern Match bit slice type.
enum pint_pmatch_bslice_cfg_t {
  kPINT_PatternMatchAlways = 0U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchStickyRise = 1U,
 kPINT PatternMatchStickyFall = 2U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchStickyBothEdges = 3U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchHigh = 4U,
 kPINT_PatternMatchLow = 5U,
 kPINT PatternMatchNever = 6U,
 kPINT PatternMatchBothEdges = 7U }
    PINT Pattern Match configuration type.
```

#### **Functions**

```
• void PINT_Init (PINT_Type *base)
```

Initialize PINT peripheral.

• void PINT\_PinInterruptConfig (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t intr, pint\_pin\_enable\_t enable, pint\_cb\_t callback)

Configure PINT peripheral pin interrupt.

• void PINT\_PinInterruptGetConfig (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr, pint\_pin\_enable\_t \*enable, pint\_cb\_t \*callback)

Get PINT peripheral pin interrupt configuration.

• void PINT\_PinInterruptClrStatus (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr)

Clear Selected pin interrupt status only when the pin was triggered by edge-sensitive.

- static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetStatus (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr) Get Selected pin interrupt status.
- void PINT PinInterruptClrStatusAll (PINT Type \*base)

Clear all pin interrupts status only when pins were triggered by edge-sensitive.

• static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetStatusAll (PINT\_Type \*base)

Get all pin interrupts status.

• static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrFallFlag (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr)

Clear Selected pin interrupt fall flag.
• static uint32 t PINT PinInterruptGetFallFlag (PINT Type \*base, pint pin int t pintr)

Get selected pin interrupt fall flag.

• static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrFallFlagAll (PINT\_Type \*base)

Clear all pin interrupt fall flags.

• static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetFallFlagAll (PINT\_Type \*base)

Get all pin interrupt fall flags.

• static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrRiseFlag (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr)

Clear Selected pin interrupt rise flag.

• static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetRiseFlag (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr)

Get selected pin interrupt rise flag.
• static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrRiseFlagAll (PINT\_Type \*base)

Clear all pin interrupt rise flags.

• static uint32 t PINT PinInterruptGetRiseFlagAll (PINT Type \*base)

Get all pin interrupt rise flags.

void PINT\_PatternMatchConfig (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice, pint\_pmatch\_cfg\_t \*cfg)

Configure PINT pattern match.

• void PINT\_PatternMatchGetConfig (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice, pint\_pmatch\_cfg\_t \*cfg)

Get PINT pattern match configuration.

- static uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchGetStatus (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice)

  Get pattern match bit slice status.
- static uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchGetStatusAll (PINT\_Type \*base)

Get status of all pattern match bit slices.

• uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchResetDetectLogic (PINT\_Type \*base)

Reset pattern match detection logic.

• static void PINT\_PatternMatchEnable (PINT\_Type \*base)

Enable pattern match function.

• static void PINT\_PatternMatchDisable (PINT\_Type \*base)

Disable pattern match function.

• static void PINT PatternMatchEnableRXEV (PINT Type \*base)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

Enable RXEV output.

• static void PINT\_PatternMatchDisableRXEV (PINT\_Type \*base)

Disable RXEV output.

void PINT\_EnableCallback (PINT\_Type \*base)

Enable callback.

void PINT\_DisableCallback (PINT\_Type \*base)

Disable callback.

• void PINT\_Deinit (PINT\_Type \*base)

Deinitialize PINT peripheral.

- void PINT\_EnableCallbackByIndex (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintIdx) enable callback by pin index.
- void PINT\_DisableCallbackByIndex (PINT\_Type \*base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintIdx) disable callback by pin index.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_PINT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 9)) *Version 2.1.9.* 

### 23.3 Typedef Documentation

23.3.1 typedef void(\* pint\_cb\_t)(pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr, uint32\_t pmatch\_status)

### 23.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 23.4.1 enum pint\_pin\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

**kPINT\_PinIntEnableNone** Do not generate Pin Interrupt.

**kPINT\_PinIntEnableRiseEdge** Generate Pin Interrupt on rising edge.

**kPINT\_PinIntEnableFallEdge** Generate Pin Interrupt on falling edge.

kPINT\_PinIntEnableBothEdges Generate Pin Interrupt on both edges.

kPINT\_PinIntEnableLowLevel Generate Pin Interrupt on low level.

**kPINT\_PinIntEnableHighLevel** Generate Pin Interrupt on high level.

## 23.4.2 enum pint\_pin\_int\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPINT_PinInt0 Pin Interrupt 0.
```

**kPINT\_PinInt1** Pin Interrupt 1.

**kPINT\_PinInt2** Pin Interrupt 2.

kPINT\_PinInt3 Pin Interrupt 3.

kPINT PinInt4 Pin Interrupt 4.

kPINT\_PinInt5 Pin Interrupt 5.

kPINT PinInt6 Pin Interrupt 6.

kPINT\_PinInt7 Pin Interrupt 7.

### 23.4.3 enum pint\_pmatch\_input\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPINT_PatternMatchInp0Src Input source 0.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp1Src Input source 1.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp2Src Input source 2.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp3Src Input source 3.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp4Src Input source 4.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp5Src Input source 5.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp6Src Input source 6.
kPINT_PatternMatchInp7Src Input source 7.
kPINT_SecPatternMatchInp0Src Input source 0.
kPINT_SecPatternMatchInp1Src Input source 1.
```

### 23.4.4 enum pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice0
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice1
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice2
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice3
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice4
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice4
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice5
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice6
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice6
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice7
Bit slice 6.
kPINT_PatternMatchBSlice7
Bit slice 7.
```

## 23.4.5 enum pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_cfg\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPINT_PatternMatchAlways Always Contributes to product term match.
kPINT_PatternMatchStickyRise Sticky Rising edge.
kPINT_PatternMatchStickyFall Sticky Falling edge.
kPINT_PatternMatchStickyBothEdges Sticky Rising or Falling edge.
kPINT_PatternMatchHigh High level.
kPINT_PatternMatchLow Low level.
kPINT_PatternMatchNever Never contributes to product term match.
kPINT_PatternMatchBothEdges Either rising or falling edge.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### 23.5 Function Documentation

## 23.5.1 void PINT\_Init ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function initializes the PINT peripheral and enables the clock.

Parameters

| base          | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Return values |                                      |
| Return values |                                      |
|               | None.                                |

## 23.5.2 void PINT\_PinInterruptConfig ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t intr, pint\_pin\_enable\_t enable, pint\_cb\_t callback )

This function configures a given pin interrupt.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| intr     | Pin interrupt.                       |
| enable   | Selects detection logic.             |
| callback | Callback.                            |

#### Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|

## 23.5.3 void PINT\_PinInterruptGetConfig ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr, pint\_pin\_enable\_t \* enable, pint\_cb\_t \* callback )

This function returns the configuration of a given pin interrupt.

#### **Function Documentation**

| base     | Base address of the PINT peripheral.  |  |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| pintr    | Pin interrupt.                        |  |
| enable   | Pointer to store the detection logic. |  |
| callback | Callback.                             |  |

#### Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

## 23.5.4 void PINT\_PinInterruptClrStatus ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr )

This function clears the selected pin interrupt status.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| None   |  |
|--------|--|
| tvone. |  |
|        |  |

## 23.5.5 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetStatus ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the selected pin interrupt status.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| status | = 0 No pin interrupt request. = 1 Selected Pin interrupt request active. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

## 23.5.6 void PINT\_PinInterruptClrStatusAll ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function clears the status of all pin interrupts.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| 3.7   |  |
|-------|--|
| None  |  |
| none. |  |
|       |  |

## 23.5.7 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetStatusAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the status of all pin interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| status | Each bit position indicates the status of corresponding pin interrupt. = | 0 |
|--------|--|---|
|        | No pin interrupt request. = 1 Pin interrupt request active.              |   |

## 23.5.8 static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrFallFlag ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr ) [inline], [static]

This function clears the selected pin interrupt fall flag.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| 3.7     |  |
|---------|--|
| None.   |  |
| 1,0,,0, |  |

## 23.5.9 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetFallFlag ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the selected pin interrupt fall flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| flag | = 0 Falling edge has not been detected | ed. = 1 Falling edge has been detected. |
|------|--|---|
|------|--|---|

## 23.5.10 static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrFallFlagAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function clears the fall flag for all pin interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

## 23.5.11 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetFallFlagAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the fall flag of all pin interrupts.

#### Parameters

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| flags | Each bit position indicates the falling edge detection of the corresponding |
|-------|---|
|       | pin interrupt. 0 Falling edge has not been detected. = 1 Falling edge has   |
|       | been detected.  |

## 23.5.12 static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrRiseFlag ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr ) [inline], [static]

This function clears the selected pin interrupt rise flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| None   |  |
|--------|--|
| Ivone. |  |
|        |  |

## 23.5.13 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetRiseFlag ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintr ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the selected pin interrupt rise flag.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| pintr | Pin interrupt.                       |

#### Return values

| flag = 0 Rising edge has not been detected. = 1 Rising edge has been | een detected. |
|--|---------------|
|--|---------------|

## 23.5.14 static void PINT\_PinInterruptClrRiseFlagAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function clears the rise flag for all pin interrupts.

#### Parameters

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral.  |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| buse | base address of the First peripheral. |
|      |                                       |

#### Return values



## 23.5.15 static uint32\_t PINT\_PinInterruptGetRiseFlagAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the rise flag of all pin interrupts.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|---|
|---|

#### Return values

| flags | Each bit position indicates the rising edge detection of the corresponding |
|-------|--|
|       | pin interrupt. 0 Rising edge has not been detected. = 1 Rising edge has    |
|       | been detected.   |

## 23.5.16 void PINT\_PatternMatchConfig ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice, pint\_pmatch\_cfg\_t \* cfg )

This function configures a given pattern match bit slice.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| bslice | Pattern match bit slice number.      |
| cfg    | Pointer to bit slice configuration.  |

#### Return values

| None   |  |
|--------|--|
| ivone. |  |
|        |  |

## 23.5.17 void PINT\_PatternMatchGetConfig ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice, pint\_pmatch\_cfg\_t \* cfg )

This function returns the configuration of a given pattern match bit slice.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| bslice | Pattern match bit slice number.      |
| cfg    | Pointer to bit slice configuration.  |

#### Return values

| None.    |  |
|----------|--|
| 1,0,,,,, |  |

## 23.5.18 static uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchGetStatus ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pmatch\_bslice\_t bslice ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the status of selected bit slice.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| bslice | Pattern match bit slice number.      |

#### Return values

| status | = 0 Match has not been detected. = 1 Match has been detected. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

## 23.5.19 static uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchGetStatusAll ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the status of all bit slices.

#### **Parameters**

| 1 5 11 01                  | DD III               |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| base   Base address of the | e PINT peripheral    |
| base Base address of the   | e i ivi peripiletai. |

#### Return values

| status | Each bit position indicates the match status of corresponding bit slice. $= 0$ |
|--------|--|
|        | Match has not been detected. = 1 Match has been detected.                      |

## 23.5.20 uint32\_t PINT\_PatternMatchResetDetectLogic ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function resets the pattern match detection logic if any of the product term is matching.

| base Base address of the PINT peripheral. |  |
|---|--|
|---|--|

#### Return values

| • | Each bit position indicates the match status of corresponding bit slice. $= 0$ |
|---|--|
|   | Match was detected. = 1 Match was not detected.                                |

## 23.5.21 static void PINT\_PatternMatchEnable ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the pattern match function.

**Parameters** 

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| None. |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

## 23.5.22 static void PINT\_PatternMatchDisable ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the pattern match function.

**Parameters** 

| base Base | ress of the PINT peripheral. |
|-----------|------------------------------|
|-----------|------------------------------|

#### Return values



## 23.5.23 static void PINT\_PatternMatchEnableRXEV ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the pattern match RXEV output.

279

#### **Parameters**

| Buse underess of the First perspication. |
|--|
|--|

#### Return values

| None.  |  |
|--------|--|
| 1,0,00 |  |

## 23.5.24 static void PINT\_PatternMatchDisableRXEV ( PINT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the pattern match RXEV output.

#### Parameters

| base Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|---|
|---|

#### Return values

|--|

## 23.5.25 void PINT\_EnableCallback ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function enables the interrupt for the selected PINT peripheral. Although the pin(s) are monitored as soon as they are enabled, the callback function is not enabled until this function is called.

#### **Parameters**

|  | base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|--|------|--------------------------------------|
|--|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values



## 23.5.26 void PINT\_DisableCallback ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function disables the interrupt for the selected PINT peripheral. Although the pins are still being monitored but the callback function is not called.

280

#### **Parameters**

| base | Base address of the peripheral. |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### Return values

| 3.7   |  |
|-------|--|
| None  |  |
| none. |  |
|       |  |

## 23.5.27 void PINT\_Deinit ( PINT\_Type \* base )

This function disables the PINT clock.

**Parameters** 

| base | Base address of the PINT peripheral. |
|------|--------------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------------|

#### Return values

| None. |
|-------|
|-------|

## 23.5.28 void PINT\_EnableCallbackByIndex ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintldx )

This function enables callback by pin index instead of enabling all pins.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | Base address of the peripheral. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| pintIdx | pin index.                      |

#### Return values



## 23.5.29 void PINT\_DisableCallbackByIndex ( PINT\_Type \* base, pint\_pin\_int\_t pintldx )

This function disables callback by pin index instead of disabling all pins.

## **Function Documentation**

### Parameters

| base    | Base address of the peripheral. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| pintIdx | pin index.                      |

### Return values

| None. |
|-------|
|-------|

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

## **Chapter 24**

SCTimer: SCTimer/PWM (SCT)

#### 24.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the SCTimer Module (SCT) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### 24.2 Function groups

The SCTimer driver supports the generation of PWM signals. The driver also supports enabling events in various states of the SCTimer and the actions that will be triggered when an event occurs.

#### 24.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function SCTIMER\_Init() initializes the SCTimer with specified configurations. The function SCTI-MER\_GetDefaultConfig() gets the default configurations.

The function SCTIMER\_Deinit() halts the SCTimer counter and turns off the module clock.

### 24.2.2 PWM Operations

The function SCTIMER\_SetupPwm() sets up SCTimer channels for PWM output. The function can set up the PWM signal properties duty cycle and level-mode (active low or high) to use. However, the same PWM period and PWM mode (edge or center-aligned) is applied to all channels requesting the PWM output. The signal duty cycle is provided as a percentage of the PWM period. Its value should be between 1 and 100.

The function SCTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle() updates the PWM signal duty cycle of a particular SC-Timer channel.

#### 24.2.3 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the SCTimer status.

### 24.2.4 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable SCTimer interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

### 24.3 SCTimer State machine and operations

The SCTimer has 10 states and each state can have a set of events enabled that can trigger a user specified action when the event occurs.

### 24.3.1 SCTimer event operations

The user can create an event and enable it in the current state using the functions SCTIMER\_Create-AndScheduleEvent() and SCTIMER\_ScheduleEvent(). SCTIMER\_CreateAndScheduleEvent() creates a new event based on the users preference and enables it in the current state. SCTIMER\_ScheduleEvent() enables an event created earlier in the current state.

### 24.3.2 SCTimer state operations

The user can get the current state number by calling SCTIMER\_GetCurrentState(), they can use this state number to set state transitions when a particular event is triggered.

Once the user has created and enabled events for the current state they can go to the next state by calling the function SCTIMER\_IncreaseState(). The user can then start creating events to be enabled in this new state.

## 24.3.3 SCTimer action operations

There are a set of functions that decide what action should be taken when an event is triggered. SCTIMER\_SetupCaptureAction() sets up which counter to capture and which capture register to read on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateAction() sets up which state the SCTimer state machine should transition to on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupOutputSetAction() sets up which pin to set on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupOutputToggleAction() sets up which pin to clear on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupOutputToggleAction() sets up which pin to toggle on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupCounterLimitAction() sets up which counter will be limited on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStopAction() sets up which counter will be stopped on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStartAction() sets up which counter will be started on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupCounterHaltAction() sets up which counter will be halted on event trigger. SCTIMER\_SetupDmaTriggerAction() sets up which DMA request will be activated on event trigger.

#### 24.4 16-bit counter mode

The SCTimer is configurable to run as two 16-bit counters via the enableCounterUnify flag that is available in the configuration structure passed in to the SCTIMER Init() function.

When operating in 16-bit mode, it is important the user specify the appropriate counter to use when working with the functions: SCTIMER\_StartTimer(), SCTIMER\_StopTimer(), SCTIMER\_CreateAnd-ScheduleEvent(), SCTIMER\_SetupCaptureAction(), SCTIMER\_SetupCounterLimitAction(), SCTIMER\_SetupCaptureAction(), SCTIM

ER\_SetupCounterStopAction(), SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStartAction(), and SCTIMER\_SetupCounter-HaltAction().

### 24.5 Typical use case

### **24.5.1 PWM output**

Output a PWM signal on 2 SCTimer channels with different duty cycles. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/sctimer

#### **Files**

• file fsl\_sctimer.h

#### **Data Structures**

```
    struct sctimer_pwm_signal_param_t
        Options to configure a SCTimer PWM signal. More...

    struct sctimer_config_t
        SCTimer configuration structure. More...
```

### **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* sctimer\_event\_callback\_t )(void) SCTimer callback typedef.

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum sctimer_pwm_mode_t {
  kSCTIMER\_EdgeAlignedPwm = 0U,
 kSCTIMER CenterAlignedPwm }
    SCTimer PWM operation modes.
enum sctimer_counter_t {
 kSCTIMER\_Counter\_L = (1U << 0),
 kSCTIMER Counter H = (1U \ll 1),
 kSCTIMER Counter U = (1U \ll 2)
    SCTimer counters type.
enum sctimer_input_t {
 kSCTIMER_Input_0 = 0U,
 kSCTIMER_Input_1,
 kSCTIMER Input 2,
 kSCTIMER_Input_3,
 kSCTIMER_Input_4,
 kSCTIMER_Input_5,
 kSCTIMER_Input_6,
 kSCTIMER_Input_7 }
    List of SCTimer input pins.
```

```
• enum sctimer out t {
 kSCTIMER_Out_0 = 0U,
 kSCTIMER_Out_1,
 kSCTIMER_Out_2,
 kSCTIMER Out 3,
 kSCTIMER_Out_4,
 kSCTIMER_Out_5,
 kSCTIMER_Out_6,
 kSCTIMER Out 7,
 kSCTIMER_Out_8,
 kSCTIMER_Out_9 }
    List of SCTimer output pins.
enum sctimer_pwm_level_select_t {
 kSCTIMER\_LowTrue = 0U,
 kSCTIMER_HighTrue }
    SCTimer PWM output pulse mode: high-true, low-true or no output.
enum sctimer_clock_mode_t {
  kSCTIMER System ClockMode = 0U,
 kSCTIMER_Sampled_ClockMode,
 kSCTIMER_Input_ClockMode,
 kSCTIMER Asynchronous ClockMode }
    SCTimer clock mode options.
enum sctimer_clock_select_t {
  kSCTIMER\_Clock\_On\_Rise\_Input\_0 = 0U,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_0,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_1,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_1,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_2,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_2,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_3,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_3,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_4,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_4,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_5,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_5,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_6,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_6,
 kSCTIMER Clock On Rise Input 7,
 kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_7 }
    SCTimer clock select options.

    enum sctimer_conflict_resolution_t {

 kSCTIMER_ResolveNone = 0U,
 kSCTIMER ResolveSet,
 kSCTIMER_ResolveClear,
 kSCTIMER_ResolveToggle }
    SCTimer output conflict resolution options.
```

```
• enum sctimer_event_active_direction_t {
 kSCTIMER_ActiveIndependent = 0U,
 kSCTIMER ActiveInCountUp.
 kSCTIMER_ActiveInCountDown }
    List of SCTimer event generation active direction when the counters are operating in BIDIR mode.

    enum sctimer event t

    List of SCTimer event types.
enum sctimer_interrupt_enable_t {
  kSCTIMER_Event0InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 0),
 kSCTIMER Event1InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 1),
 kSCTIMER_Event2InterruptEnable = (1U << 2),
 kSCTIMER_Event3InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 3),
 kSCTIMER_Event4InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 4),
 kSCTIMER Event5InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 5),
 kSCTIMER Event6InterruptEnable = (1U << 6),
 kSCTIMER Event7InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 7),
 kSCTIMER_Event8InterruptEnable = (1U << 8),
 kSCTIMER Event9InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 9),
 kSCTIMER_Event10InterruptEnable = (1U << 10),
 kSCTIMER_Event11InterruptEnable = (1U << 11),
 kSCTIMER Event12InterruptEnable = (1U << 12) }
    List of SCTimer interrupts.
enum sctimer_status_flags_t {
  kSCTIMER_EventOFlag = (1U << 0),
 kSCTIMER Event1Flag = (1U \ll 1),
 kSCTIMER_Event2Flag = (1U << 2),
 kSCTIMER Event3Flag = (1U \ll 3),
 kSCTIMER_Event4Flag = (1U << 4),
 kSCTIMER_Event5Flag = (1U << 5),
 kSCTIMER Event6Flag = (1U << 6),
 kSCTIMER_Event7Flag = (1U << 7),
 kSCTIMER_Event8Flag = (1U << 8),
 kSCTIMER_Event9Flag = (1U \ll 9),
 kSCTIMER Event10Flag = (1U \ll 10),
 kSCTIMER Event11Flag = (1U \ll 11),
 kSCTIMER_Event12Flag = (1U << 12),
 kSCTIMER BusErrorLFlag,
 kSCTIMER BusErrorHFlag }
    List of SCTimer flags.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SCTIMER\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 4, 8)) *Version.* 

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### Initialization and deinitialization

- status\_t SCTIMER\_Init (SCT\_Type \*base, const sctimer\_config\_t \*config)
- Ungates the SCTimer clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.
- void SCTIMER\_Deinit (SCT\_Type \*base)

Gates the SCTimer clock.

• void SCTIMER\_GetDefaultConfig (sctimer\_config\_t \*config)

Fills in the SCTimer configuration structure with the default settings.

### **PWM** setup operations

status\_t SCTIMER\_SetupPwm (SCT\_Type \*base, const sctimer\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t \*pwm-Params, sctimer\_pwm\_mode\_t mode, uint32\_t pwmFreq\_Hz, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz, uint32\_t \*event)

Configures the PWM signal parameters.

• void <u>SCTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle</u> (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_out\_t output, uint8\_t duty-CyclePercent, uint32\_t event)

Updates the duty cycle of an active PWM signal.

### Interrupt Interface

- static void SCTIMER\_EnableInterrupts (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the selected SCTimer interrupts.
- static void SCTIMER\_DisableInterrupts (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the selected SCTimer interrupts.
- static uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetEnabledInterrupts (SCT\_Type \*base) Gets the enabled SCTimer interrupts.

#### Status Interface

- static uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetStatusFlags (SCT\_Type \*base)
  - Gets the SCTimer status flags.
- static void SCTIMER\_ClearStatusFlags (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the SCTimer status flags.

## **Counter Start and Stop**

- static void SCTIMER\_StartTimer (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t countertoStart) Starts the SCTimer counter.
- static void SCTIMER\_StopTimer (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t countertoStop)

  Halts the SCTimer counter.

## Functions to create a new event and manage the state logic

- status\_t SCTIMER\_CreateAndScheduleEvent (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_event\_t howToMonitor, uint32\_t matchValue, uint32\_t whichIO, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t \*event)
  - Create an event that is triggered on a match or IO and schedule in current state.
- void SCTIMER\_ScheduleEvent (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t event)

Enable an event in the current state.

• status\_t SCTIMER\_IncreaseState (SCT\_Type \*base)

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

*Increase the state by 1.* 

• uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetCurrentState (SCT\_Type \*base)

Provides the current state.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetCounterState (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t state)

Set the counter current state.

• static uint16\_t SCTIMER\_GetCounterState (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter)

Get the counter current state value.

### Actions to take in response to an event

• status\_t SCTIMER\_SetupCaptureAction (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t \*captureRegister, uint32\_t event)

*Setup capture of the counter value on trigger of a selected event.* 

- void SCTIMER\_SetCallback (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_event\_callback\_t callback, uint32\_t event)

  Receive noticification when the event trigger an interrupt.
- static void SCTIMER\_SetupStateLdMethodAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t event, bool fgLoad) Change the load method of transition to the specified state.
- static void SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateActionwithLdMethod (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t nextState, uint32\_t event, bool fgLoad)

Transition to the specified state with Load method.

- static void SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t nextState, uint32\_t event)

  Transition to the specified state.
- static void SCTIMER\_SetupEventActiveDirection (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_event\_active\_direction\_t activeDirection, uint32\_t event)

Setup event active direction when the counters are operating in BIDIR mode.

- static void SCTIMER\_SetupOutputSetAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t whichIO, uint32\_t event) Set the Output.
- static void SCTIMER\_SetupOutputClearAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t whichIO, uint32\_t event)

Clear the Output.

- void SCTIMER\_SetupOutputToggleAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t whichIO, uint32\_t event) Toggle the output level.
- static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterLimitAction (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t which-Counter, uint32\_t event)

Limit the running counter.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStopAction (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t which-Counter, uint32\_t event)

Stop the running counter.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStartAction (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t which-Counter, uint32\_t event)

Re-start the stopped counter.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterHaltAction (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t which-Counter, uint32\_t event)

Halt the running counter.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetupDmaTriggerAction (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t dmaNumber, uint32\_t event)

Generate a DMA request.

• static void SCTIMER\_SetCOUNTValue (SCT\_Type \*base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t value)

Set the value of counter.

- static uint32\_t <u>SCTIMER\_GetCOUNTValue</u> (SCT\_Type \*base, <u>sctimer\_counter\_t</u> whichCounter) *Get the value of counter.*
- static void SCTIMER\_SetEventInState (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state) Set the state mask bit field of EV\_STATE register.
- static void SCTIMER\_ClearEventInState (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state) Clear the state mask bit field of EV\_STATE register.
- static bool SCTIMER\_GetEventInState (SCT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state) Get the state mask bit field of EV\_STATE register.
- void SCTIMER\_EventHandleIRQ (SCT\_Type \*base) SCTimer interrupt handler.

#### 24.6 Data Structure Documentation

### 24.6.1 struct sctimer\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- sctimer\_out\_t output
  - The output pin to use to generate the PWM signal.
- sctimer\_pwm\_level\_select\_t level
  - PWM output active level select.
- uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent

PWM pulse width, value should be between 0 to 100 0 = always inactive signal (0% duty cycle) 100 = always active signal (100% duty cycle).

#### **Field Documentation**

- (1) sctimer\_pwm\_level\_select\_t sctimer pwm signal param t::level
- (2) uint8 t sctimer pwm signal param t::dutyCyclePercent

#### 24.6.2 struct sctimer config t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the SCTimer peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the SCTMR\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to the configuration structure instance.

The configuration structure can be made constant so as to reside in flash.

#### **Data Fields**

- bool enableCounterUnify
  - true: SCT operates as a unified 32-bit counter; false: SCT operates as two 16-bit counters.
- sctimer\_clock\_mode\_t clockMode
  - SCT clock mode value.
- sctimer clock select t clockSelect

SCT clock select value.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

• bool enableBidirection 1

true: Up-down count mode for the L or unified counter false: Up count mode only for the L or unified counter

• bool enableBidirection h

true: Up-down count mode for the H or unified counter false: Up count mode only for the H or unified counter.

• uint8\_t prescale\_1

Prescale value to produce the L or unified counter clock.

uint8\_t prescale\_h

*Prescale value to produce the H counter clock.* 

uint8 t outInitState

Defines the initial output value.

• uint8\_t inputsync

SCT INSYNC value, INSYNC field in the CONFIG register, from bit9 to bit 16.

#### **Field Documentation**

#### (1) bool sctimer\_config\_t::enableCounterUnify

User can use the 16-bit low counter and the 16-bit high counters at the same time; for Hardware limit, user can not use unified 32-bit counter and any 16-bit low/high counter at the same time.

#### (2) bool sctimer\_config\_t::enableBidirection\_h

This field is used only if the enableCounterUnify is set to false

#### (3) uint8 t sctimer config t::prescale h

This field is used only if the enableCounterUnify is set to false

#### (4) uint8 t sctimer config t::inputsync

it is used to define synchronization for input N: bit 9 = input 0 bit 10 = input 1 bit 11 = input 2 bit 12 = input 3 All other bits are reserved (bit  $13 \sim \text{bit } 16$ ). How User to set the the value for the member inputsync. IE: delay for input 0, and input 1, bypasses for input 2 and input 3 MACRO definition in user level. #define INPUTSYNC0 (0U) #define INPUTSYNC1 (1U) #define INPUTSYNC2 (2U) #define INPUTSYNC3 (3U) User Code. sctimerInfo.inputsync =  $(1 << \text{INPUTSYNC2}) \mid (1 << \text{INPUTSYNC3})$ ;

## 24.7 Typedef Documentation

### 24.7.1 typedef void(\* sctimer\_event\_callback\_t)(void)

## 24.8 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 24.8.1 enum sctimer\_pwm\_mode\_t

Enumerator

**kSCTIMER\_EdgeAlignedPwm** Edge-aligned PWM. **kSCTIMER\_CenterAlignedPwm** Center-aligned PWM.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### 24.8.2 enum sctimer\_counter\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_Counter_L 16-bit Low counter.kSCTIMER_Counter_H 16-bit High counter.kSCTIMER_Counter_U 32-bit Unified counter.
```

### 24.8.3 enum sctimer\_input\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_Input_0 SCTIMER input 0.
kSCTIMER_Input_1 SCTIMER input 1.
kSCTIMER_Input_2 SCTIMER input 2.
kSCTIMER_Input_3 SCTIMER input 3.
kSCTIMER_Input_4 SCTIMER input 4.
kSCTIMER_Input_5 SCTIMER input 5.
kSCTIMER_Input_6 SCTIMER input 6.
kSCTIMER_Input_7 SCTIMER input 7.
```

### 24.8.4 enum sctimer\_out\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_Out_0 SCTIMER output 0.
kSCTIMER_Out_1 SCTIMER output 1.
kSCTIMER_Out_2 SCTIMER output 2.
kSCTIMER_Out_3 SCTIMER output 3.
kSCTIMER_Out_4 SCTIMER output 4.
kSCTIMER_Out_5 SCTIMER output 5.
kSCTIMER_Out_6 SCTIMER output 6.
kSCTIMER_Out_7 SCTIMER output 7.
kSCTIMER_Out_8 SCTIMER output 8.
kSCTIMER_Out_9 SCTIMER output 9.
```

## 24.8.5 enum sctimer\_pwm\_level\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_LowTrue Low true pulses. kSCTIMER_HighTrue High true pulses.
```

### 24.8.6 enum sctimer\_clock\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kSCTIMER_System_ClockMode
    kSCTIMER_Sampled_ClockMode
    Sampled System Clock Mode
    kSCTIMER_Input_ClockMode
    SCT Input Clock Mode
    kSCTIMER_Asynchronous_ClockMode
    Asynchronous Mode
```

### 24.8.7 enum sctimer\_clock\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER Clock On Rise Input 0 Rising edges on input 0.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_0 Falling edges on input 0.
kSCTIMER Clock On Rise Input 1 Rising edges on input 1.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_1 Falling edges on input 1.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_2 Rising edges on input 2.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_2 Falling edges on input 2.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_3 Rising edges on input 3.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_3 Falling edges on input 3.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_4 Rising edges on input 4.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_4 Falling edges on input 4.
kSCTIMER Clock On Rise Input 5 Rising edges on input 5.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_5 Falling edges on input 5.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_6 Rising edges on input 6.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Fall_Input_6 Falling edges on input 6.
kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_7 Rising edges on input 7.
kSCTIMER Clock On Fall Input 7 Falling edges on input 7.
```

## 24.8.8 enum sctimer\_conflict\_resolution\_t

Specifies what action should be taken if multiple events dictate that a given output should be both set and cleared at the same time

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_ResolveNone No change.kSCTIMER_ResolveSet Set output.kSCTIMER_ResolveClear Clear output.kSCTIMER_ResolveToggle Toggle output.
```

293

### 24.8.9 enum sctimer event active direction t

#### Enumerator

**kSCTIMER** ActiveIndependent This event is triggered regardless of the count direction. **kSCTIMER\_ActiveInCountUp** This event is triggered only during up-counting when BIDIR = 1. kSCTIMER\_ActiveInCountDown This event is triggered only during down-counting when BIDIR = 1.

### 24.8.10 enum sctimer\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_Event0InterruptEnable Event 0 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event1InterruptEnable Event 1 interrupt.
kSCTIMER Event2InterruptEnable Event 2 interrupt.
kSCTIMER Event3InterruptEnable Event 3 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event4InterruptEnable Event 4 interrupt.
kSCTIMER Event5InterruptEnable Event 5 interrupt.
kSCTIMER Event6InterruptEnable Event 6 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event7InterruptEnable Event 7 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event8InterruptEnable Event 8 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event9InterruptEnable Event 9 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event10InterruptEnable Event 10 interrupt.
kSCTIMER_Event11InterruptEnable Event 11 interrupt.
kSCTIMER Event12InterruptEnable Event 12 interrupt.
```

#### 24.8.11 enum sctimer status flags t

#### Enumerator

```
kSCTIMER_Event0Flag Event 0 Flag.
kSCTIMER Event1Flag Event 1 Flag.
kSCTIMER Event2Flag Event 2 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event3Flag Event 3 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event4Flag Event 4 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event5Flag Event 5 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event6Flag Event 6 Flag.
kSCTIMER Event7Flag Event 7 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event8Flag Event 8 Flag.
kSCTIMER Event9Flag Event 9 Flag.
kSCTIMER Event10Flag Event 10 Flag.
kSCTIMER_Event11Flag Event 11 Flag.
```

```
kSCTIMER_Event12Flag Event 12 Flag.kSCTIMER_BusErrorLFlag Bus error due to write when L counter was not halted.kSCTIMER_BusErrorHFlag Bus error due to write when H counter was not halted.
```

#### 24.9 Function Documentation

### 24.9.1 status\_t SCTIMER\_Init ( SCT\_Type \* base, const sctimer\_config\_t \* config )

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the SCTimer driver.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SCTimer peripheral base address              |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the user configuration structure. |

#### Returns

kStatus Success indicates success; Else indicates failure.

### 24.9.2 void SCTIMER Deinit ( SCT Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

```
base SCTimer peripheral base address
```

## 24.9.3 void SCTIMER\_GetDefaultConfig ( sctimer\_config\_t \* config )

The default values are:

```
* config->enableCounterUnify = true;
* config->clockMode = kSCTIMER_System_ClockMode;
* config->clockSelect = kSCTIMER_Clock_On_Rise_Input_0;
* config->enableBidirection_l = false;
* config->enableBidirection_h = false;
* config->prescale_l = 0U;
* config->prescale_h = 0U;
* config->outInitState = 0U;
* config->inputsync = 0xFU;
```

| config | Pointer to the user configuration structure. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

# 24.9.4 status\_t SCTIMER\_SetupPwm ( SCT\_Type \* base, const sctimer\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t \* pwmParams, sctimer\_pwm\_mode\_t mode, uint32 t pwmFreq\_Hz, uint32 t srcClock\_Hz, uint32 t \* event )

Call this function to configure the PWM signal period, mode, duty cycle, and edge. This function will create 2 events; one of the events will trigger on match with the pulse value and the other will trigger when the counter matches the PWM period. The PWM period event is also used as a limit event to reset the counter or change direction. Both events are enabled for the same state. The state number can be retrieved by calling the function SCTIMER\_GetCurrentStateNumber(). The counter is set to operate as one 32-bit counter (unify bit is set to 1). The counter operates in bi-directional mode when generating a center-aligned PWM.

#### Note

When setting PWM output from multiple output pins, they all should use the same PWM mode i.e all PWM's should be either edge-aligned or center-aligned. When using this API, the PWM signal frequency of all the initialized channels must be the same. Otherwise all the initialized channels' PWM signal frequency is equal to the last call to the API's pwmFreq\_Hz.

#### **Parameters**

| base        | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|-------------|---|
| pwmParams   | PWM parameters to configure the output                                  |
| mode        | PWM operation mode, options available in enumeration sctimer_pwm_mode_t |
| pwmFreq_Hz  | PWM signal frequency in Hz  |
| srcClock_Hz | SCTimer counter clock in Hz   |
| event       | Pointer to a variable where the PWM period event number is stored       |

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success on success kStatus\_Fail If we have hit the limit in terms of number of events created or if an incorrect PWM dutycylce is passed in.

## 24.9.5 void SCTIMER\_UpdatePwmDutycycle ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_out\_t output, uint8 t dutyCyclePercent, uint32 t event )

Before calling this function, the counter is set to operate as one 32-bit counter (unify bit is set to 1).

| base                  | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|-----------------------|---|
| output                | The output to configure   |
| dutyCycle-<br>Percent | New PWM pulse width; the value should be between 1 to 100   |
| event                 | Event number associated with this PWM signal. This was returned to the user by the function SCTIMER_SetupPwm(). |

## 24.9.6 static void SCTIMER\_EnableInterrupts ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer- |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t   |

## 24.9.7 static void SCTIMER\_DisableInterrupts ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer- |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t   |

## 24.9.8 static uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( SCT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Parameters

297

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address |  |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
|------|---------------------------------|--|

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer\_interrupt\_enable t

## 24.9.9 static uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetStatusFlags ( SCT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer\_status\_flags\_t

## 24.9.10 static void SCTIMER\_ClearStatusFlags ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address  |
|------|--|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer- |
|      | _status_flags_t  |

## 24.9.11 static void SCTIMER\_StartTimer ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t countertoStart ) [inline], [static]

#### Note

In 16-bit mode, we can enable both Counter\_L and Counter\_H, In 32-bit mode, we only can select Counter\_U.

| base           | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|----------------|---|
| countertoStart | The SCTimer counters to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer_counter_t. |

## 24.9.12 static void SCTIMER\_StopTimer ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t countertoStop ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base          | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|---------------|---|
| countertoStop | The SCTimer counters to stop. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration sctimer_counter_t. |

# 24.9.13 status\_t SCTIMER\_CreateAndScheduleEvent ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_event\_t howToMonitor, uint32\_t matchValue, uint32\_t whichIO, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t \* event )

This function will configure an event using the options provided by the user. If the event type uses the counter match, then the function will set the user provided match value into a match register and put this match register number into the event control register. The event is enabled for the current state and the event number is increased by one at the end. The function returns the event number; this event number can be used to configure actions to be done when this event is triggered.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address  |
|--------------|--|
| howToMonitor | Event type; options are available in the enumeration sctimer_interrupt_enable_t  |
| matchValue   | The match value that will be programmed to a match register  |
| whichIO      | The input or output that will be involved in event triggering. This field is ignored if the event type is "match only" |

#### **Function Documentation**

299

| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
|--------------|---|
| event        | Pointer to a variable where the new event number is stored  |

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success on success kStatus\_Error if we have hit the limit in terms of number of events created or if we have reached the limit in terms of number of match registers

### 24.9.14 void SCTIMER\_ScheduleEvent ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t event )

This function will allow the event passed in to trigger in the current state. The event must be created earlier by either calling the function SCTIMER\_SetupPwm() or function SCTIMER\_CreateAndScheduleEvent()

#### **Parameters**

| base  | SCTimer peripheral base address             |
|-------|---|
| event | Event number to enable in the current state |

## 24.9.15 status\_t SCTIMER\_IncreaseState ( SCT\_Type \* base )

All future events created by calling the function SCTIMER\_ScheduleEvent() will be enabled in this new state.

#### **Parameters**

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### Returns

kStatus Success on success kStatus Error if we have hit the limit in terms of states used

## 24.9.16 uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetCurrentState ( SCT\_Type \* base )

User can use this to set the next state by calling the function SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateAction().

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### Returns

The current state

## 24.9.17 static void SCTIMER\_SetCounterState ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t state ) [inline], [static]

The function is to set the state variable bit field of STATE register. Writing to the STATE\_L, STATE\_H, or unified register is only allowed when the corresponding counter is halted (HALT bits are set to 1 in the CTRL register).

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
| state        | The counter current state number (only support range from $0\sim31$ ).  |

## 24.9.18 static uint16\_t SCTIMER\_GetCounterState ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter ) [inline], [static]

The function is to get the state variable bit field of STATE register.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |

#### Returns

The the counter current state value.

# 24.9.19 status\_t SCTIMER\_SetupCaptureAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t \* captureRegister, uint32\_t event )

| base            | SCTimer peripheral base address  |
|-----------------|--|
| whichCounter    | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U.  |
| captureRegister | Pointer to a variable where the capture register number will be returned. User can read the captured value from this register when the specified event is triggered. |
| event           | Event number that will trigger the capture   |

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success on success kStatus\_Error if we have hit the limit in terms of number of match/capture registers available

## 24.9.20 void SCTIMER\_SetCallback ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_event\_callback\_t callback, uint32 t event )

If the interrupt for the event is enabled by the user, then a callback can be registered which will be invoked when the event is triggered

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SCTimer peripheral base address                |
|----------|--|
| event    | Event number that will trigger the interrupt   |
| callback | Function to invoke when the event is triggered |

## 24.9.21 static void SCTIMER\_SetupStateLdMethodAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t event, bool fgLoad ) [inline], [static]

Change the load method of transition, it will be triggered by the event number that is passed in by the user.

#### **Parameters**

| base | SCTimer peripheral base address |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

#### **Function Documentation**

| event  | Event number that will change the method to trigger the state transition   |
|--------|--|
| fgLoad | register.  • true: Load the STATEV value to STATE when the event occurs to be the next state.  • false: Add the STATEV value to STATE when the event occurs to be the next |
|        | state.   |

## 

This transition will be triggered by the event number that is passed in by the user, the method decide how to load the highest-numbered event occurring for that state to the STATE register.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|-----------|---|
| nextState | The next state SCTimer will transition to   |
| event     | Event number that will trigger the state transition   |
| fgLoad    | The method to load the highest-numbered event occurring for that state to the STATE register.  • true: Load the STATEV value to STATE when the event occurs to be the next state.  • false: Add the STATEV value to STATE when the event occurs to be the next state. |

## 24.9.23 static void SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t nextState, uint32\_t event ) [inline], [static]

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It has been superceded by SCTIMER\_SetupNextStateActionwith-LdMethod

This transition will be triggered by the event number that is passed in by the user.

| base      | SCTimer peripheral base address                     |
|-----------|---|
| nextState | The next state SCTimer will transition to           |
| event     | Event number that will trigger the state transition |

# 24.9.24 static void SCTIMER\_SetupEventActiveDirection ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_event\_active\_direction\_t activeDirection, uint32\_t event ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base            | SCTimer peripheral base address  |
|-----------------|--|
| activeDirection | Event generation active direction, see sctimer_event_active_direction_t. |
| event           | Event number that need setup the active direction.                       |

## 24.9.25 static void SCTIMER\_SetupOutputSetAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t whichIO, uint32\_t event ) [inline], [static]

This output will be set when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | SCTimer peripheral base address                  |
|---------|--|
| whichIO | The output to set                                |
| event   | Event number that will trigger the output change |

## 24.9.26 static void SCTIMER\_SetupOutputClearAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t whichIO, uint32\_t event ) [inline], [static]

This output will be cleared when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered.

Parameters

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

| base    | SCTimer peripheral base address                  |
|---------|--|
| whichIO | The output to clear                              |
| event   | Event number that will trigger the output change |

## 24.9.27 void SCTIMER SetupOutputToggleAction ( SCT Type \* base, uint32 t whichIO, uint32 t event )

This change in the output level is triggered by the event number that is passed in by the user.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | SCTimer peripheral base address                  |
|---------|--|
| whichIO | The output to toggle                             |
| event   | Event number that will trigger the output change |

## 24.9.28 static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterLimitAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32 t event ) [inline], [static]

The counter is limited when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
| event        | Event number that will trigger the counter to be limited  |

#### static void SCTIMER SetupCounterStopAction ( SCT Type \* base, 24.9.29 sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32\_t event ) [inline], [static]

The counter is stopped when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered.

#### **Function Documentation**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
|              | 52-bit filode, we can select Counter_O.   |
| event        | Event number that will trigger the counter to be stopped  |

## 24.9.30 static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterStartAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32 t event ) [inline], [static]

The counter will re-start when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
| event        | Event number that will trigger the counter to re-start  |

## 24.9.31 static void SCTIMER\_SetupCounterHaltAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer counter t whichCounter, uint32 t event ) [inline], [static]

The counter is disabled (halted) when the event number that is passed in by the user is triggered. When the counter is halted, all further events are disabled. The HALT condition can only be removed by calling the SCTIMER\_StartTimer() function.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |
| event        | Event number that will trigger the counter to be halted   |

## 24.9.32 static void SCTIMER\_SetupDmaTriggerAction ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t dmaNumber, uint32 t event ) [inline], [static]

DMA request will be triggered by the event number that is passed in by the user.

| base      | SCTimer peripheral base address                |
|-----------|--|
| dmaNumber | The DMA request to generate                    |
| event     | Event number that will trigger the DMA request |

## 24.9.33 static void SCTIMER\_SetCOUNTValue ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter, uint32 t value ) [inline], [static]

The function is to set the value of Count register, Writing to the COUNT\_L, COUNT\_H, or unified register is only allowed when the corresponding counter is halted (HALT bits are set to 1 in the CTRL register).

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In |
|              | 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U.   |
| value        | the counter value update to the COUNT register.                                   |

## 24.9.34 static uint32\_t SCTIMER\_GetCOUNTValue ( SCT\_Type \* base, sctimer\_counter\_t whichCounter ) [inline], [static]

The function is to read the value of Count register, software can read the counter registers at any time..

#### Parameters

| base         | SCTimer peripheral base address   |
|--------------|---|
| whichCounter | SCTimer counter to use. In 16-bit mode, we can select Counter_L and Counter_H, In 32-bit mode, we can select Counter_U. |

#### Returns

The value of counter selected.

## 24.9.35 static void SCTIMER\_SetEventInState ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state ) [inline], [static]

| base  | SCTimer peripheral base address                         |
|-------|---|
| event | The EV_STATE register be set.                           |
| state | The state value in which the event is enabled to occur. |

## 24.9.36 static void SCTIMER\_ClearEventInState ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base  | SCTimer peripheral base address                          |
|-------|--|
| event | The EV_STATE register be clear.                          |
| state | The state value in which the event is disabled to occur. |

## 24.9.37 static bool SCTIMER\_GetEventInState ( SCT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t event, uint32\_t state ) [inline], [static]

#### Note

This function is to check whether the event is enabled in a specific state.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | SCTimer peripheral base address |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| event | The EV_STATE register be read.  |
| state | The state value.                |

#### Returns

The the state mask bit field of EV\_STATE register.

- true: The event is enable in state.
- false: The event is disable in state.

## 24.9.38 void SCTIMER\_EventHandleIRQ ( SCT\_Type \* base )

## **Function Documentation**

### Parameters

base | SCTimer peripheral base address.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

## **Chapter 25**

## **SWM: Switch Matrix Module**

#### 25.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Switch Matrix Module (SWM) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

#### 25.2 SWM: Switch Matrix Module

#### 25.2.1 SWM Operations

The function SWM\_SetMovablePinSelect() will selects a movable pin designated by its GPIO port and bit numbers to a function.

The function SWM\_SetFixedMovablePinSelect() will selects a fixed movable pin designated by its GPIO port and bit numbers to a function.

The function SWM\_SetFixedPinSelect() will enables a fixed-pin function in PINENABLE0 or PINENABLE1.

#### **Files**

• file fsl\_swm.h

#### **Functions**

- void SWM\_SetMovablePinSelect (SWM\_Type \*base, swm\_select\_movable\_t func, swm\_port\_pin\_type\_t swm\_port\_pin)
- Assignment of digital peripheral functions to pins.
- void SWM\_SetFixedPinSelect (SWM\_Type \*base, swm\_select\_fixed\_pin\_t func, bool enable) Enable the fixed-pin function.

#### swm connections

```
• enum swm port pin type t {
 kSWM PortPin P0 0 = 0U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_1 = 1U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 2 = 2U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_3 = 3U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_4 = 4U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_5 = 5U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_6 = 6U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 7 = 7U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 8 = 8U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_9 = 9U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 10 = 10U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_11 = 11U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_12 = 12U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_13 = 13U
 kSWM PortPin P0 14 = 14U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_15 = 15U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 16 = 16U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_17 = 17U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 18 = 18U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_19 = 19U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_20 = 20U
 kSWM PortPin P0 21 = 21U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_22 = 22U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_23 = 23U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_24 = 24U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_25 = 25U,
 kSWM PortPin P0 26 = 26U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_27 = 27U
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_28 = 28U
 kSWM PortPin P0 29 = 29U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_30 = 30U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P0_31 = 31U
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_0 = 32U,
 kSWM PortPin P1 1 = 33U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_2 = 34U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_3 = 35U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_4 = 36U
 kSWM PortPin P1 5 = 37U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_6 = 38U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_7 = 39U
 kSWM PortPin P1 8 = 40U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_9 = 41U,
 kSWM PortPin P1 10 = 42U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_11 = 43U,
 kSWM_PortPin_P1_12 M CAUX presso SDK API Reference Manual
```

NXP Semiconductors  $P1_13 = 45U$ ,  $kSWM_PortPin_P1_14 = 46U$ ,

310

#### **SWM: Switch Matrix Module**

kSWM\_PortPin\_Reset = 0xffU }
 SWM port\_pin number.
• enum swm\_select\_movable\_t {

```
kSWM USART0 TXD = 0U,
kSWM_USART0_RXD = 1U,
kSWM_USARTO_RTS = 2U,
kSWM_USARTO_CTS = 3U,
kSWM_USARTO_SCLK = 4U
kSWM_USART1_TXD = 5U,
kSWM_USART1_RXD = 6U,
kSWM_USART1_RTS = 7U,
kSWM USART1 CTS = 8U,
kSWM_USART1_SCLK = 9U,
kSWM_USART2_TXD = 10U,
kSWM USART2 RXD = 11U,
kSWM_USART2_RTS = 12U,
kSWM_USART2_CTS = 13U,
kSWM_USART2_SCLK = 14U,
kSWM_SPI0_SCK = 15U,
kSWM SPI0 MOSI = 16U,
kSWM_SPI0_MISO = 17U,
kSWM_SPI0_SSEL0 = 18U,
kSWM SPI0 SSEL1 = 19U,
kSWM_SPI0_SSEL2 = 20U,
kSWM_SPI0_SSEL3 = 21U,
kSWM_SPI1_SCK = 22U,
kSWM SPI1 MOSI = 23U,
kSWM_SPI1_MISO = 24U,
kSWM_SPI1_SSEL0 = 25U,
kSWM_SPI1_SSEL1 = 26U,
kSWM SCT PIN0 = 27U,
kSWM\_SCT\_PIN1 = 28U,
kSWM\_SCT\_PIN2 = 29U,
kSWM\_SCT\_PIN3 = 30U,
kSWM\_SCT\_OUT0 = 31U,
kSWM SCT OUT1 = 32U,
kSWM\_SCT\_OUT2 = 33U,
kSWM SCT OUT3 = 34U,
kSWM SCT OUT4 = 35U,
kSWM\_SCT\_OUT5 = 36U,
kSWM\_SCT\_OUT6 = 37U,
kSWM_I2C1_SDA = 38U,
kSWM_I2C1_SCL = 39U,
kSWM I2C2 SDA = 40U,
kSWM_I2C2_SCL = 41U,
kSWM I2C3 SDA = 42U,
kSWM_12C3_SCL = 43U,
kSWM\_ACMP\_OUT = 44U,
kSWM_CLKOUT = 45U,
kSWM_GPIO_INT_BMMCL#X 6 SDK API Reference Manual
```

```
kSWM MOVABLE NUM FUNCS = 60U }
   SWM movable selection.
enum swm_select_fixed_pin_t {
 kSWM ACMP INPUT1 = SWM PINENABLEO ACMP I1 MASK,
 kSWM_ACMP_INPUT2 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ACMP_I2_MASK,
 kSWM ACMP INPUT3 = SWM PINENABLEO ACMP I3 MASK,
 kSWM ACMP INPUT4 = SWM PINENABLEO ACMP I4 MASK,
 kSWM_ACMP_INPUT5 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ACMP_I5_MASK,
 kSWM SWCLK = SWM PINENABLEO SWCLK MASK,
 kSWM SWDIO = SWM PINENABLEO SWDIO MASK,
 kSWM_XTALIN = SWM_PINENABLE0_XTALIN_MASK,
 kSWM_XTALOUT = SWM_PINENABLE0_XTALOUT_MASK,
 kSWM RESETN = SWM PINENABLEO RESETN MASK,
 kSWM CLKIN = SWM PINENABLEO CLKIN MASK,
 kSWM VDDCMP = SWM PINENABLEO VDDCMP MASK,
 kSWM_I2C0_SDA = SWM_PINENABLE0_I2C0_SDA_MASK,
 kSWM I2C0 SCL = SWM PINENABLE0 I2C0 SCL MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN0 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 0 MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN1 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 1 MASK,
 kSWM_ADC_CHN2 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ADC_2_MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN3 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 3 MASK,
 kSWM_ADC_CHN4 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ADC_4_MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN5 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 5 MASK,
 kSWM_ADC_CHN6 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ADC_6_MASK,
 kSWM_ADC_CHN7 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ADC_7_MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN8 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 8 MASK,
 kSWM_ADC_CHN9 = SWM_PINENABLE0_ADC_9_MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN10 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 10 MASK,
 kSWM ADC CHN11 = SWM PINENABLEO ADC 11 MASK,
 kSWM_DAC_OUT0 = SWM_PINENABLE0_DACOUT0_MASK,
 kSWM_DAC_OUT1 = SWM_PINENABLE0_DACOUT1_MASK,
 kSWM CAPT X0,
 kSWM CAPT X1 = SWM PINENABLEO CAPT X1 MASK,
 kSWM CAPT X2 = SWM PINENABLEO CAPT X2 MASK,
 kSWM_CAPT_X3 = (int)SWM_PINENABLE0_CAPT_X3_MASK,
 kSWM CAPT X4 = (int)(SWM PINENABLE1 CAPT X4 MASK | 0x80000000U),
 kSWM_CAPT_X5 = (int)(SWM_PINENABLE1_CAPT_X5_MASK |
                                                  0x80000000U),
 kSWM CAPT X6 = (int)(SWM PINENABLE1 CAPT X6 MASK |
                                                  0x80000000U),
 kSWM_CAPT_X7 = (int)(SWM_PINENABLE1_CAPT_X7_MASK | 0x80000000U),
 kSWM CAPT X8 = (int)(SWM PINENABLE1 CAPT X8 MASK | 0x80000000U),
 kSWM CAPT YL,
 kSWM CAPT YH = (int)(SWM PINENABLE1 CAPT YH MASK | 0x80000000U),
 kSWM_FIXEDPIN_NUM_FUNCS = (int)0x80000041U }
   SWM fixed pin selection.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SWM\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1)) LPC SWM driver version.

#### 25.3 Macro Definition Documentation

25.3.1 #define FSL\_SWM\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1))

### 25.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 25.4.1 enum swm\_port\_pin\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSWM PortPin P0 0 port pin number P0 0.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_1 port_pin number P0_1.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_2 port_pin number P0_2.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_3 port_pin number P0_3.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_4 port_pin number P0_4.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_5 port_pin number P0_5.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_6 port_pin number P0_6.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_7 port_pin number P0_7.
kSWM PortPin P0 8 port pin number P0 8.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_9 port_pin number P0_9.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_10 port_pin number P0_10.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_11 port_pin number P0_11.
kSWM PortPin P0 12
                     port_pin number P0_12.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_13
                     port_pin number P0_13.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_14 port_pin number P0_14.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_15 port_pin number P0_15.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_16 port_pin number P0_16.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_17
                     port_pin number P0_17.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_18 port_pin number P0_18.
                     port pin number P0 19.
kSWM PortPin P0 19
kSWM_PortPin_P0_20
                     port_pin number P0_20.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_21
                     port_pin number P0_21.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_22
                     port_pin number P0_22.
kSWM PortPin P0 23
                     port_pin number P0_23.
                     port_pin number P0_24.
kSWM PortPin P0 24
kSWM_PortPin_P0_25
                     port_pin number P0_25.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_26 port_pin number P0_26.
kSWM PortPin P0 27
                     port pin number P0 27.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_28
                     port_pin number P0_28.
kSWM PortPin P0 29
                     port_pin number P0_29.
kSWM_PortPin_P0_30 port_pin number P0_30.
kSWM PortPin P0 31
                     port_pin number P0_31.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

```
kSWM PortPin P1 0 port pin number P1 0.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_1 port_pin number P1_1.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_2 port_pin number P1_2.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_3 port_pin number P1_3.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_4 port_pin number P1_4.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_5 port_pin number P1_5.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_6 port_pin number P1_6.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_7 port_pin number P1_7.
kSWM PortPin P1 8 port pin number P1 8.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_9 port_pin number P1_9.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_10 port_pin number P1_10.
kSWM PortPin P1 11 port pin number P1 11.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_12 port_pin number P1_12.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_13 port_pin number P1_13.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_14 port_pin number P1_14.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_15 port_pin number P1_15.
kSWM PortPin P1 16 port pin number P1 16.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_17 port_pin number P1_17.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_18 port_pin number P1_18.
kSWM PortPin P1 19 port pin number P1 19.
kSWM_PortPin_P1_20 port_pin number P1_20.
kSWM PortPin P1 21 port pin number P1 21.
kSWM_PortPin_Reset port_pin reset number.
```

### 25.4.2 enum swm\_select\_movable\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSWM USARTO TXD Movable function as USARTO TXD.
kSWM_USART0_RXD Movable function as USART0_RXD.
kSWM_USART0_RTS Movable function as USART0_RTS.
kSWM USARTO CTS Movable function as USARTO CTS.
kSWM_USART0_SCLK Movable function as USART0_SCLK.
kSWM_USART1_TXD Movable function as USART1_TXD.
kSWM USART1 RXD Movable function as USART1 RXD.
kSWM USART1 RTS Movable function as USART1 RTS.
kSWM USART1 CTS Movable function as USART1 CTS.
kSWM_USART1_SCLK Movable function as USART1_SCLK.
kSWM_USART2_TXD Movable function as USART2_TXD.
kSWM_USART2_RXD Movable function as USART2 RXD.
kSWM_USART2_RTS Movable function as USART2_RTS.
kSWM_USART2_CTS Movable function as USART2_CTS.
kSWM_USART2_SCLK Movable function as USART2_SCLK.
kSWM SPI0 SCK Movable function as SPI0 SCK.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

**kSWM\_SPI0\_MISO** Movable function as SPI0\_MISO. **kSWM SPI0 SSEL0** Movable function as SPI0 SSEL0. **kSWM\_SPI0\_SSEL1** Movable function as SPI0\_SSEL1. **kSWM SPI0 SSEL2** Movable function as SPI0 SSEL2. **kSWM SPI0 SSEL3** Movable function as SPI0 SSEL3. **kSWM\_SPI1\_SCK** Movable function as SPI1\_SCK. **kSWM\_SPI1\_MOSI** Movable function as SPI1\_MOSI. kSWM SPI1 MISO Movable function as SPI1 MISO. **kSWM\_SPI1\_SSEL0** Movable function as SPI1\_SSEL0. **kSWM SPI1 SSEL1** Movable function as SPI1 SSEL1. **kSWM SCT PIN0** Movable function as SCT PIN0. **kSWM SCT PIN1** Movable function as SCT PIN1. **kSWM SCT PIN2** Movable function as SCT PIN2. **kSWM\_SCT\_PIN3** Movable function as SCT\_PIN3. **kSWM SCT OUT0** Movable function as SCT OUT0. **kSWM SCT OUT1** Movable function as SCT OUT1. **kSWM\_SCT\_OUT2** Movable function as SCT\_OUT2. **kSWM\_SCT\_OUT3** Movable function as SCT\_OUT3. **kSWM SCT OUT4** Movable function as SCT OUT4. **kSWM\_SCT\_OUT5** Movable function as SCT\_OUT5. **kSWM SCT OUT6** Movable function as SCT OUT6. **kSWM\_I2C1\_SDA** Movable function as I2C1\_SDA. kSWM 12C1 SCL Movable function as I2C1 SCL. kSWM 12C2 SDA Movable function as I2C2 SDA. **kSWM\_I2C2\_SCL** Movable function as I2C2\_SCL. **kSWM\_I2C3\_SDA** Movable function as I2C3\_SDA. kSWM 12C3 SCL Movable function as I2C3 SCL. **kSWM\_ACMP\_OUT** Movable function as ACMP\_OUT. **kSWM CLKOUT** Movable function as CLKOUT. **kSWM\_GPIO\_INT\_BMAT** Movable function as GPIO\_INT\_BMAT. **kSWM USART3 TXD** Movable function as USART3 TXD. **kSWM USART3 RXD** Movable function as USART3 RXD. kSWM\_USART3\_SCLK Movable function as USART3\_SCLK. **kSWM USART4 TXD** Movable function as USART4 TXD. kSWM USART4 RXD Movable function as USART4 RXD. kSWM\_USART4\_SCLK Movable function as USART4 SCLK. kSWM\_T0\_MAT\_CHN0 Movable function as Timer Match Channel 0. kSWM TO MAT CHN1 Movable function as Timer Match Channel 1. **kSWM\_T0\_MAT\_CHN2** Movable function as Timer Match Channel 2. **kSWM TO MAT CHN3** Movable function as Timer Match Channel 3. **kSWM\_T0\_CAP\_CHN0** Movable function as Timer Capture Channel 0. kSWM T0 CAP CHN1 Movable function as Timer Capture Channel 1. **kSWM TO CAP CHN2** Movable function as Timer Capture Channel 2. **kSWM\_MOVABLE\_NUM\_FUNCS** Movable function number.

**kSWM SPI0 MOSI** Movable function as SPI0 MOSI.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### 25.4.3 enum swm\_select\_fixed\_pin\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSWM_ACMP_INPUT1 Fixed-pin function as ACMP_INPUT1.
kSWM ACMP INPUT2 Fixed-pin function as ACMP INPUT2.
kSWM_ACMP_INPUT3 Fixed-pin function as ACMP_INPUT3.
kSWM_ACMP_INPUT4 Fixed-pin function as ACMP_INPUT4.
kSWM_ACMP_INPUT5 Fixed-pin function as ACMP_INPUT5.
kSWM SWCLK Fixed-pin function as SWCLK.
kSWM SWDIO Fixed-pin function as SWDIO.
kSWM_XTALIN Fixed-pin function as XTALIN.
kSWM_XTALOUT Fixed-pin function as XTALOUT.
kSWM RESETN Fixed-pin function as RESETN.
kSWM_CLKIN Fixed-pin function as CLKIN.
kSWM_VDDCMP Fixed-pin function as VDDCMP.
kSWM_I2C0_SDA Fixed-pin function as I2C0_SDA.
kSWM 12C0 SCL Fixed-pin function as I2C0 SCL.
kSWM ADC CHN0 Fixed-pin function as ADC CHN0.
kSWM_ADC_CHN1 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN1.
kSWM_ADC_CHN2 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN2.
kSWM ADC CHN3 Fixed-pin function as ADC CHN3.
kSWM_ADC_CHN4 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN4.
kSWM_ADC_CHN5 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN5.
kSWM_ADC_CHN6 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN6.
kSWM_ADC_CHN7 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN7.
kSWM ADC CHN8 Fixed-pin function as ADC CHN8.
kSWM_ADC_CHN9 Fixed-pin function as ADC_CHN9.
kSWM ADC CHN10 Fixed-pin function as ADC CHN10.
kSWM ADC CHN11 Fixed-pin function as ADC CHN11.
kSWM_DAC_OUT0 Fixed-pin function as DACOUT0.
kSWM_DAC_OUT1 Fixed-pin function as DACOUT1.
kSWM CAPT X0 Fixed-pin function as CAPT X0, an X capacitor(a mutual capacitance touch
    sensor).
kSWM_CAPT_X1 Fixed-pin function as CAPT_X1.
kSWM_CAPT_X2 Fixed-pin function as CAPT_X2.
kSWM CAPT X3 Fixed-pin function as CAPT X3.
kSWM CAPT X4 Fixed-pin function as CAPT X4.
kSWM_CAPT_X5 Fixed-pin function as CAPT_X5.
kSWM_CAPT_X6 Fixed-pin function as CAPT_X6.
kSWM CAPT X7 Fixed-pin function as CAPT X7.
kSWM_CAPT_X8 Fixed-pin function as CAPT_X8.
kSWM_CAPT_YL Fixed-pin function as CAPT_YL, an Y capacitor(the measurement capacitor).
kSWM_CAPT_YH Fixed-pin function as CAPT_YH.
kSWM_FIXEDPIN_NUM_FUNCS Fixed-pin function number.
```

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### 25.5 Function Documentation

## 25.5.1 void SWM\_SetMovablePinSelect ( SWM\_Type \* base, swm\_select\_movable\_t func, swm\_port\_pin\_type\_t swm\_port\_pin )

This function will selects a pin (designated by its GPIO port and bit numbers) to a function.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SWM peripheral base address.                         |
|--------------|--|
| func         | any function name that is movable.                   |
| swm_port_pin | any pin which has a GPIO port number and bit number. |

## 25.5.2 void SWM\_SetFixedPinSelect ( SWM\_Type \* base, swm\_select\_fixed\_pin\_t func, bool enable )

This function will enables a fixed-pin function in PINENABLE0 or PINENABLE1.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SWM peripheral base address.         |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| func   | any function name that is fixed pin. |
| enable | enable or disable.                   |

# Chapter 26 SYSCON: System Configuration

#### 26.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral clock and power driver for the SYSCON module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. For furter details, see the corresponding chapter.

#### **Files**

- file fsl\_syscon.h
- file fsl\_syscon.h

#### **Functions**

void SYSCON\_AttachSignal (SYSCON\_Type \*base, uint32\_t index, syscon\_connection\_t connection)
 Attaches a signal.

### Syscon multiplexing connections

enum syscon\_connection\_t { kSYSCON\_GpioPort0Pin0ToPintsel = 0U + (PINTSEL\_ID << SY-SCON\_SHIFT) }</li>

SYSCON connections type.

• #define PINTSEL\_ID 0x178U

Periphinmux IDs.

#define SYSCON\_SHIFT 20U

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SYSON\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) Group syscon driver version for SDK.

#### 26.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 26.2.1 #define FSL\_SYSON\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

Version 2.0.1.

## 26.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### **26.3.1 enum syscon\_connection\_t**

Enumerator

kSYSCON\_GpioPort0Pin0ToPintsel Pin Interrupt.

### 26.4 Function Documentation

## 26.4.1 void SYSCON\_AttachSignal ( SYSCON\_Type \* base, uint32\_t index, syscon\_connection\_t connection )

This function gates the SYSCON clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base       | Base address of the SYSCON peripheral.          |
|------------|---|
| index      | Destination peripheral to attach the signal to. |
| connection | Selects connection.                             |

#### Return values

| None.   |  |
|---------|--|
| 1101161 |  |

## Chapter 27

## WKT: Self-wake-up Timer

#### 27.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Self-wake-up Timer (WKT) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 27.2 Function groups

The WKT driver supports operating the module as a time counter.

#### 27.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function WKT\_Init() initializes the WKT with specified configurations. The function WKT\_Get-DefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the WKT operating mode.

The function WKT\_Deinit() stops the WKT timers and disables the module clock.

### 27.2.2 Read actual WKT counter value

The function WKT\_GetCounterValue() reads the current timer counting value. This function returns the real-time timer counting value, in a range from 0 to a timer period.

#### 27.2.3 Start and Stop timer operations

The function WKT\_StartTimer() starts the timer counting. After calling this function, the timer loads the period value, counts down to 0. When the timer reaches 0, it stops and generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag.

The function WKT\_StopTimer() stops the timer counting.

#### 27.2.4 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the WKT status flags.

## 27.3 Typical use case

### 27.3.1 WKT tick example

Updates the WKT period and toggles an LED periodically. Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/wkt

#### **Files**

• file fsl wkt.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct wkt\_config\_t

Describes WKT configuration structure. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum wkt_clock_source_t {
        kWKT_DividedFROClockSource = 0U,
        kWKT_LowPowerClockSource = 1U,
        kWKT_ExternalClockSource = 2U }
        Describes WKT clock source.
    enum wkt_status_flags_t { kWKT_AlarmFlag = WKT_CTRL_ALARMFLAG_MASK }
        List of WKT flags.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_WKT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2)) *Version 2.0.2.* 

#### Initialization and deinitialization

```
    void WKT_Init (WKT_Type *base, const wkt_config_t *config)
        Ungates the WKT clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.
    void WKT_Deinit (WKT_Type *base)
        Gate the WKT clock.
    static void WKT_GetDefaultConfig (wkt_config_t *config)
```

## Read the counter value.

• static uint32\_t WKT\_GetCounterValue (WKT\_Type \*base)

Read actual WKT counter value.

*Initializes the WKT configuration structure.* 

#### Status Interface

- static uint32\_t WKT\_GetStatusFlags (WKT\_Type \*base)

  Gets the WKT status flags.
- static void WKT\_ClearStatusFlags (WKT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the WKT status flags.

323

### **Timer Start and Stop**

- static void WKT\_StartTimer (WKT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t count) Starts the timer counting.
- static void WKT\_StopTimer (WKT\_Type \*base) Stops the timer counting.

#### 27.4 Data Structure Documentation

### 27.4.1 struct wkt\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

wkt\_clock\_source\_t clockSource
 External or internal clock source select.

### 27.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 27.5.1 enum wkt\_clock\_source\_t

Enumerator

**kWKT\_DividedFROClockSource** WKT clock sourced from the divided FRO clock.

**kWKT\_LowPowerClockSource** WKT clock sourced from the Low power clock Use this clock, LP-OSCEN bit of DPDCTRL register must be enabled.

**kWKT\_ExternalClockSource** WKT clock sourced from the Low power clock Use this clock, WA-KECLKPAD\_DISABLE bit of DPDCTRL register must be enabled.

## 27.5.2 enum wkt\_status\_flags\_t

Enumerator

kWKT\_AlarmFlag Alarm flag.

#### 27.6 Function Documentation

## 27.6.1 void WKT\_Init ( WKT\_Type \* base, const wkt\_config\_t \* config\_)

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the WKT driver.

| base   | WKT peripheral base address             |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to user's WKT config structure. |

### 27.6.2 void WKT\_Deinit ( WKT\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | WKT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

## 27.6.3 static void WKT\_GetDefaultConfig ( wkt\_config\_t \* config ) [inline], [static]

This function initializes the WKT configuration structure to default values. The default values are as follows.

```
* config->clockSource = kWKT_DividedFROClockSource;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the WKT configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

See Also

wkt\_config\_t

## 27.6.4 static uint32\_t WKT\_GetCounterValue ( WKT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Parameters

| base | WKT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
| base | WKT peripheral base addre   |

## 27.6.5 static uint32\_t WKT\_GetStatusFlags ( WKT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | WKT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration wkt\_status\_flags\_t

## 27.6.6 static void WKT\_ClearStatusFlags ( WKT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | WKT peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration wkt |
|      | status_flags_t  |

## 27.6.7 static void WKT\_StartTimer ( WKT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t count ) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, timer loads a count value, counts down to 0, then stops.

#### Note

User can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to ticks Do not write to Counter register while the counting is in progress

| Parameters |
|------------|
| Parameters |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Function Documentation**

| base  | WKT peripheral base address.                       |
|-------|--|
| count | The value to be loaded into the WKT Count register |

## 27.6.8 static void WKT\_StopTimer( WKT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function Clears the counter and stops the timer from counting.

#### Parameters

| base | WKT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

## **Chapter 28**

## **WWDT: Windowed Watchdog Timer Driver**

#### 28.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Watchdog module (WDOG) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

#### 28.2 Function groups

#### 28.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function WWDT\_Init() initializes the watchdog timer with specified configurations. The configurations include timeout value and whether to enable watchdog after init. The function WWD-T\_GetDefaultConfig() gets the default configurations.

The function WWDT\_Deinit() disables the watchdog and the module clock.

#### 28.2.2 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the WWDT status.

#### 28.2.3 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable WWDT interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

### 28.2.4 Watch dog Refresh

The function WWDT\_Refresh() feeds the WWDT.

## 28.3 Typical use case

Refer to the driver examples codes located at <SDK\_ROOT>/boards/<BOARD>/driver\_examples/wwdt

#### **Files**

• file fsl wwdt.h

#### **Data Structures**

• struct wwdt\_config\_t

Describes WWDT configuration structure. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum _wwdt_status_flags_t {
    kWWDT_TimeoutFlag = WWDT_MOD_WDTOF_MASK,
    kWWDT_WarningFlag = WWDT_MOD_WDINT_MASK }
    WWDT status flags.
```

#### **Driver version**

#define FSL\_WWDT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 9))
 Defines WWDT driver version.

### Refresh sequence

• #define WWDT\_FIRST\_WORD\_OF\_REFRESH (0xAAU)

First word of refresh sequence.

• #define WWDT\_SECOND\_WORD\_OF\_REFRESH (0x55U)

Second word of refresh sequence.

#### WWDT Initialization and De-initialization

void WWDT\_GetDefaultConfig (wwdt\_config\_t \*config)

Initializes WWDT configure structure.

- void WWDT\_Init (WWDT\_Type \*base, const wwdt\_config\_t \*config)

  Initializes the WWDT.
- void WWDT\_Deinit (WWDT\_Type \*base)

  Shuts down the WWDT.

## **WWDT Functional Operation**

• static void WWDT\_Enable (WWDT\_Type \*base)

Enables the WWDT module.

• static void WWDT\_Disable (WWDT\_Type \*base)

Disables the WWDT module.

• static uint32\_t WWDT\_GetStatusFlags (WWDT\_Type \*base)

Gets all WWDT status flags.

• void WWDT\_ClearStatusFlags (WWDT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clear WWDT flag.

- static void WWDT\_SetWarningValue (WWDT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t warningValue) Set the WWDT warning value.
- static void WWDT\_SetTimeoutValue (WWDT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t timeoutCount) Set the WWDT timeout value.
- static void WWDT\_SetWindowValue (WWDT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t windowValue) Sets the WWDT window value.
- void WWDT\_Refresh (WWDT\_Type \*base)

Refreshes the WWDT timer.

#### 28.4 Data Structure Documentation

### 28.4.1 struct wwdt\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableWwdt

Enables or disables WWDT.

bool enableWatchdogReset

true: Watchdog timeout will cause a chip reset false: Watchdog timeout will not cause a chip reset

• bool enableWatchdogProtect

true: Enable watchdog protect i.e timeout value can only be changed after counter is below warning & window values false: Disable watchdog protect; timeout value can be changed at any time

bool enableLockOscillator

true: Disabling or powering down the watchdog oscillator is prevented Once set, this bit can only be cleared by a reset false: Do not lock oscillator

• uint32 t windowValue

Window value, set this to 0xFFFFFF if windowing is not in effect.

• uint32 t timeoutValue

Timeout value.

• uint32\_t warningValue

Watchdog time counter value that will generate a warning interrupt.

• uint32\_t clockFreq\_Hz

Watchdog clock source frequency.

#### **Field Documentation**

(1) uint32 t wwdt config t::warningValue

Set this to 0 for no warning

- (2) uint32\_t wwdt\_config\_t::clockFreq\_Hz
- 28.5 Macro Definition Documentation
- 28.5.1 #define FSL WWDT DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 1, 9))
- 28.6 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 28.6.1 enum wwdt\_status\_flags\_t

This structure contains the WWDT status flags for use in the WWDT functions.

#### Enumerator

kWWDT\_TimeoutFlag Time-out flag, set when the timer times out.kWWDT\_WarningFlag Warning interrupt flag, set when timer is below the value WDWARNINT.

#### 28.7 Function Documentation

330

### 28.7.1 void WWDT\_GetDefaultConfig ( wwdt\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the WWDT configure structure to default value. The default value are:

```
* config->enableWwdt = true;
* config->enableWatchdogReset = false;
* config->enableWatchdogProtect = false;
* config->enableLockOscillator = false;
* config->windowValue = 0xFFFFFFU;
* config->timeoutValue = 0xFFFFFFU;
* config->warningValue = 0;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to WWDT config structure. |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
|--------|-----------------------------------|

See Also

wwdt\_config\_t

## 28.7.2 void WWDT\_Init ( WWDT\_Type \* base, const wwdt\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the WWDT. When called, the WWDT runs according to the configuration.

#### Example:

```
* wwdt_config_t config;
* WWDT_GetDefaultConfig(&config);
* config.timeoutValue = 0x7ffU;
* WWDT_Init(wwdt_base,&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | WWDT peripheral base address |
|--------|------------------------------|
| config | The configuration of WWDT    |

## 28.7.3 void WWDT\_Deinit ( WWDT\_Type \* base )

This function shuts down the WWDT.

| base | WWDT peripheral base address |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### 28.7.4 static void WWDT Enable ( WWDT Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function write value into WWDT\_MOD register to enable the WWDT, it is a write-once bit; once this bit is set to one and a watchdog feed is performed, the watchdog timer will run permanently.

#### **Parameters**

| base | WWDT peripheral base address |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### 28.7.5 static void WWDT Disable ( WWDT Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

**Deprecated** Do not use this function. It will be deleted in next release version, for once the bit field of WDEN written with a 1, it can not be re-written with a 0.

This function write value into WWDT\_MOD register to disable the WWDT.

#### **Parameters**

| base | WWDT peripheral base address |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## 28.7.6 static uint32\_t WWDT\_GetStatusFlags ( WWDT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function gets all status flags.

Example for getting Timeout Flag:

```
* uint32_t status;
* status = WWDT_GetStatusFlags(wwdt_base) &
    kWWDT_TimeoutFlag;
```

| base | WWDT peripheral base address |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration <u>wwdt\_status\_flags\_t</u>

### 28.7.7 void WWDT\_ClearStatusFlags ( WWDT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function clears WWDT status flag.

Example for clearing warning flag:

```
* WWDT_ClearStatusFlags(wwdt_base, kWWDT_WarningFlag);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base | WWDT peripheral base address   |  |
|------|--|--|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration _wwdt- |  |
|      | _status_flags_t  |  |

## 28.7.8 static void WWDT\_SetWarningValue ( WWDT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t warningValue ) [inline], [static]

The WDWARNINT register determines the watchdog timer counter value that will generate a watchdog interrupt. When the watchdog timer counter is no longer greater than the value defined by WARNINT, an interrupt will be generated after the subsequent WDCLK.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | WWDT peripheral base address |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| warningValue | WWDT warning value.          |

## 28.7.9 static void WWDT\_SetTimeoutValue ( WWDT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t timeoutCount ) [inline], [static]

This function sets the timeout value. Every time a feed sequence occurs the value in the TC register is loaded into the Watchdog timer. Writing a value below 0xFF will cause 0xFF to be loaded into the TC

#### **Function Documentation**

register. Thus the minimum time-out interval is TWDCLK\*256\*4. If enableWatchdogProtect flag is true in wwdt\_config\_t config structure, any attempt to change the timeout value before the watchdog counter is below the warning and window values will cause a watchdog reset and set the WDTOF flag.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

| base   | WWDT peripheral base address |  |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| timeoutCount   WWDT timeout value, count of WWDT clock tick. |                              |  |

## 28.7.10 static void WWDT\_SetWindowValue ( WWDT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t windowValue ) [inline], [static]

The WINDOW register determines the highest TV value allowed when a watchdog feed is performed. If a feed sequence occurs when timer value is greater than the value in WINDOW, a watchdog event will occur. To disable windowing, set windowValue to 0xFFFFFF (maximum possible timer value) so windowing is not in effect.

#### **Parameters**

| base        | WWDT peripheral base address   |  |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|
| windowValue | windowValue WWDT window value. |  |

### 28.7.11 void WWDT\_Refresh ( WWDT\_Type \* base )

This function feeds the WWDT. This function should be called before WWDT timer is in timeout. Otherwise, a reset is asserted.

#### **Parameters**

| base | WWDT peripheral base address |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# **Chapter 29 Debug Console Lite**

#### 29.1 Overview

This chapter describes the programming interface of the debug console driver.

The debug console enables debug log messages to be output via the specified peripheral with frequency of the peripheral source clock and base address at the specified baud rate. Additionally, it provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

### 29.2 Function groups

#### 29.2.1 Initialization

To initialize the debug console, call the DbgConsole\_Init() function with these parameters. This function automatically enables the module and the clock.

Selects the supported debug console hardware device type, such as

```
typedef enum _serial_port_type
{
    kSerialPort_None = 0U,
    kSerialPort_Uart = 1U,
} serial_port_type_t;
```

After the initialization is successful, stdout and stdin are connected to the selected peripheral. The debug console state is stored in the debug\_console\_state\_t structure, such as shown here.

```
typedef struct DebugConsoleState
{
    uint8_t uartHandleBuffer[HAL_UART_HANDLE_SIZE];
    hal_uart_status_t (*putChar) (hal_uart_handle_t handle, const uint8_t *data, size_t length);
    hal_uart_status_t (*getChar) (hal_uart_handle_t handle, uint8_t *data, size_t length);
    serial_port_type_t type;
} debug_console_state_t;
```

This example shows how to call the DbgConsole\_Init() given the user configuration structure.

### 29.2.2 Advanced Feature

The debug console provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

• Support a format specifier for PRINTF following this prototype " %[flags][width][.precision][length]specifier", which is explained below

| flags   | Description   |
|---------|---|
| -       | Left-justified within the given field width. Right-justified is the default.  |
| +       | Forces to precede the result with a plus or minus sign (+ or -) even for positive numbers. By default, only negative numbers are preceded with a - sign.  |
| (space) | If no sign is written, a blank space is inserted before the value.  |
| #       | Used with o, x, or X specifiers the value is preceded with 0, 0x, or 0X respectively for values other than zero. Used with e, E and f, it forces the written output to contain a decimal point even if no digits would follow. By default, if no digits follow, no decimal point is written. Used with g or G the result is the same as with e or E but trailing zeros are not removed. |
| 0       | Left-pads the number with zeroes (0) instead of spaces, where padding is specified (see width subspecifier).  |

| Width    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| (number) | A minimum number of characters to be printed. If<br>the value to be printed is shorter than this number,<br>the result is padded with blank spaces. The value<br>is not truncated even if the result is larger. |
| *        | The width is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.   |

| .precision | Description  |
|------------|--|
| number     | For integer specifiers (d, i, o, u, x, X) precision specifies the minimum number of digits to be written. If the value to be written is shorter than this number, the result is padded with leading zeros. The value is not truncated even if the result is longer. A precision of 0 means that no character is written for the value 0. For e, E, and f specifiers this is the number of digits to be printed after the decimal point. For g and G specifiers This is the maximum number of significant digits to be printed. For s this is the maximum number of characters to be printed. By default, all characters are printed until the ending null character is encountered. For c type it has no effect. When no precision is specified, the default is 1. If the period is specified without an explicit value for precision, 0 is assumed. |
| .*         | The precision is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.  |

| length   | Description    |  |
|----------|----------------|--|
| Do not s | Do not support |  |

| specifier | Description                                  |
|-----------|--|
| d or i    | Signed decimal integer                       |
| f         | Decimal floating point                       |
| F         | Decimal floating point capital letters       |
| X         | Unsigned hexadecimal integer                 |
| X         | Unsigned hexadecimal integer capital letters |
| 0         | Signed octal                                 |
| b         | Binary value                                 |
| p         | Pointer address                              |
| u         | Unsigned decimal integer                     |
| С         | Character                                    |
| s         | String of characters                         |
| n         | Nothing printed                              |

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

• Support a format specifier for SCANF following this prototype " %[\*][width][length]specifier", which is explained below

\* Description

An optional starting asterisk indicates that the data is to be read from the stream but ignored. In other words, it is not stored in the corresponding argument.

 width
 Description

 This specifies the maximum number of characters to be read in the current reading operation.

| length      | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| hh          | The argument is interpreted as a signed character or unsigned character (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).   |
| h           | The argument is interpreted as a short integer or unsigned short integer (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).  |
| 1           | The argument is interpreted as a long integer or unsigned long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s.           |
| 11          | The argument is interpreted as a long long integer or unsigned long long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s. |
| L           | The argument is interpreted as a long double (only applies to floating point specifiers: e, E, f, g, and G).  |
| j or z or t | Not supported   |

| specifier              | Qualifying Input   | Type of argument |
|------------------------|--|------------------|
| С                      | Single character: Reads the next character. If a width different from 1 is specified, the function reads width characters and stores them in the successive locations of the array passed as argument. No null character is appended at the end. | char *           |
| i                      | Integer: : Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign   | int *            |
| d                      | Decimal integer: Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign   | int *            |
| a, A, e, E, f, F, g, G | Floating point: Decimal number containing a decimal point, optionally preceded by a + or - sign and optionally followed by the e or E character and a decimal number. Two examples of valid entries are -732.103 and 7.12e4                      | float *          |
| 0                      | Octal Integer:   | int *            |
| S                      | String of characters. This reads subsequent characters until a white space is found (white space characters are considered to be blank, newline, and tab).   | char *           |
| u                      | Unsigned decimal integer.  | unsigned int *   |

The debug console has its own printf/scanf/putchar/getchar functions which are defined in the header file.

```
int DbgConsole_Printf(const char *fmt_s, ...);
int DbgConsole_Putchar(int ch);
int DbgConsole_Scanf(char *fmt_ptr, ...);
int DbgConsole_Getchar(void);
```

This utility supports selecting toolchain's printf/scanf or the MCUXpresso SDK printf/scanf.

```
#if SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE == DEBUGCONSOLE_DISABLE /* Disable debug console */
#define PRINTF
#define SCANF
#define PUTCHAR
#define GETCHAR
#define GETCHAR
#elif SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE == DEBUGCONSOLE_REDIRECT_TO_SDK /* Select printf, scanf, putchar, getchar of SDK
```

## 29.2.3 SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE and SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART

There are two macros SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE and SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART added to configure PRINTF and low level output perihperal.

- The macro SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE is used for forntend. Whether debug console redirect to toolchain or SDK or disabled, it decides which is the frontend of the debug console, Tool chain or SDK. The function can be set by the macro SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE.
- The macro SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART is used for backend. It is use to decide whether provide low level IO implementation to toolchain printf and scanf. For example, within MCU-Xpresso, if the macro SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART is defined, \_\_sys\_write and \_\_sys\_readc will be used when \_\_REDLIB\_\_ is defined; \_write and \_read will be used in other cases. The macro does not specifically refer to the perihpheral "UART". It refers to the external perihperal UART. So if the macro SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART is not defined when tool-chain printf is calling, the semihosting will be used.

The following the matrix show the effects of SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE and SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_-UART on PRINTF and printf. The green mark is the default setting of the debug console.

| SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE                           | SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE_UART | PRINTF   | printf   |
|--|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>REDIRECT_TO_SDK            | defined               | UART     | UART     |
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>REDIRECT_TO_SDK            | undefined             | UART     | semihost |
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>REDIRECT_TO_TO-<br>OLCHAIN | defined               | UART     | UART     |
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>REDIRECT_TO_TO-<br>OLCHAIN | undefined             | semihost | semihost |
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>DISABLE                    | defined               | No ouput | UART     |
| DEBUGCONSOLE<br>DISABLE                    | undefined             | No ouput | semihost |

341

## 29.3 Typical use case

## Some examples use the PUTCHAR & GETCHAR function

```
ch = GETCHAR();
PUTCHAR(ch);
```

## Some examples use the PRINTF function

Statement prints the string format.

```
PRINTF("%s %s\r\n", "Hello", "world!");
```

Statement prints the hexadecimal format/

```
PRINTF("0x%02X hexadecimal number equivalents 255", 255);
```

Statement prints the decimal floating point and unsigned decimal.

```
PRINTF("Execution timer: %s\n\rTime: %u ticks %2.5f milliseconds\n\rDONE\n\r", "1 day", 86400, 86.4);
```

## Some examples use the SCANF function

```
PRINTF("Enter a decimal number: ");
SCANF("%d", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered %d.\r\n", i, i);
PRINTF("Enter a hexadecimal number: ");
SCANF("%x", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered 0x%X (%d).\r\n", i, i);
```

# Print out failure messages using MCUXpresso SDK \_\_assert\_func:

```
void __assert_func(const char *file, int line, const char *func, const char *failedExpr)
{
    PRINTF("ASSERT ERROR \" %s \": file \"%s\" Line \"%d\" function name \"%s\" \n", failedExpr, file
    , line, func);
    for (;;)
    {}
}
```

### Note:

To use 'printf' and 'scanf' for GNUC Base, add file 'fsl\_sbrk.c' in path: ..\{package}\devices\{subset}\utilities\fsl\_sbrk.c to your project.

## **Modules**

Semihosting

#### **Macros**

• #define DEBUGCONSOLE REDIRECT TO TOOLCHAIN OU

Definition select redirect toolchain printf, scanf to uart or not.

#define DEBUGCONSOLE\_REDIRECT\_TO\_SDK 1U

Select SDK version printf, scanf.

#define DEBUGCONSOLE\_DISABLE 2U

Disable debugconsole function.

#define SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE DEBUGCONSOLE\_REDIRECT\_TO\_SDK

Definition to select sdk or toolchain printf, scanf.

#define PRINTF\_FLOAT\_ENABLE 0U

Definition to printf the float number.

#define SCANF FLOAT ENABLE 0U

Definition to scanf the float number.

#define PRINTF\_ADVANCED\_ENABLE 0U

Definition to support advanced format specifier for printf.

#define SCANF ADVANCED ENABLE 0U

Definition to support advanced format specifier for scanf.

• #define PRINTF DbgConsole\_Printf

Definition to select redirect toolchain printf, scanf to uart or not.

### Initialization

• status\_t DbgConsole\_Init (uint8\_t instance, uint32\_t baudRate, serial\_port\_type\_t device, uint32\_t clkSrcFreq)

Initializes the peripheral used for debug messages.

• status\_t DbgConsole\_Deinit (void)

De-initializes the peripheral used for debug messages.

• int DbgConsole Printf (const char \*fmt s,...)

Writes formatted output to the standard output stream.

• int DbgConsole\_Vprintf (const char \*fmt\_s, va\_list formatStringArg)

Writes formatted output to the standard output stream.

• int DbgConsole\_Putchar (int ch)

Writes a character to stdout.

• int DbgConsole Scanf (char \*fmt s,...)

Reads formatted data from the standard input stream.

• int DbgConsole\_Getchar (void)

Reads a character from standard input.

### 29.4 Macro Definition Documentation

## 29.4.1 #define DEBUGCONSOLE REDIRECT TO TOOLCHAIN 0U

Select toolchain printf and scanf.

- 29.4.2 #define DEBUGCONSOLE\_REDIRECT\_TO\_SDK 1U
- 29.4.3 #define DEBUGCONSOLE DISABLE 2U
- 29.4.4 #define SDK DEBUGCONSOLE DEBUGCONSOLE\_REDIRECT\_TO\_SDK
- 29.4.5 #define PRINTF\_FLOAT\_ENABLE 0U
- 29.4.6 #define SCANF FLOAT ENABLE 0U
- 29.4.7 #define PRINTF ADVANCED ENABLE 0U
- 29.4.8 #define SCANF\_ADVANCED\_ENABLE 0U
- 29.4.9 #define PRINTF DbgConsole\_Printf

if SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE defined to 0,it represents select toolchain printf, scanf. if SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE defined to 1,it represents select SDK version printf, scanf. if SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE defined to 2,it represents disable debugconsole function.

### 29.5 Function Documentation

29.5.1 status\_t DbgConsole\_Init ( uint8\_t instance, uint32\_t baudRate, serial\_port\_type\_t device, uint32\_t clkSrcFreq )

Call this function to enable debug log messages to be output via the specified peripheral, frequency of peripheral source clock, and base address at the specified baud rate. After this function has returned, stdout and stdin are connected to the selected peripheral.

#### **Parameters**

| instance | The instance of the module.If the device is kSerialPort_Uart, the instance is UART peripheral instance. The UART hardware peripheral type is determined by UART adapter. For example, if the instance is 1, if the lpuart_adapter.c is added to the |
|----------|---|
|          | current project, the UART periheral is LPUART1. If the uart_adapter.c is added to the current project, the UART periheral is UART1.   |

### **Function Documentation**

| baudRate   | The desired baud rate in bits per second.  |
|------------|--|
| device     | Low level device type for the debug console, can be one of the following.  • kSerialPort_Uart. |
| clkSrcFreq | Frequency of peripheral source clock.  |

#### Returns

Indicates whether initialization was successful or not.

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success | Execution successfully |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| kStatus_Fail    | Execution failure      |

## 29.5.2 status\_t DbgConsole\_Deinit ( void )

Call this function to disable debug log messages to be output via the specified peripheral base address and at the specified baud rate.

#### Returns

Indicates whether de-initialization was successful or not.

# 29.5.3 int DbgConsole\_Printf ( const char \* fmt\_s, ... )

Call this function to write a formatted output to the standard output stream.

#### **Parameters**

| fmt_s | Format control string. |
|-------|------------------------|
|-------|------------------------|

### Returns

Returns the number of characters printed or a negative value if an error occurs.

# 29.5.4 int DbgConsole\_Vprintf ( const char \* fmt\_s, va\_list formatStringArg )

Call this function to write a formatted output to the standard output stream.

MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Parameters**

| fmt_s                | Format control string. |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| formatString-<br>Arg | Format arguments.      |

#### Returns

Returns the number of characters printed or a negative value if an error occurs.

## 29.5.5 int DbgConsole\_Putchar ( int ch )

Call this function to write a character to stdout.

**Parameters** 

| ch | Character to be written. |
|----|--------------------------|

#### Returns

Returns the character written.

# 29.5.6 int DbgConsole\_Scanf ( char \* fmt\_s, ... )

Call this function to read formatted data from the standard input stream.

**Parameters** 

| fmt_s | Format control string. |
|-------|------------------------|
|-------|------------------------|

### Returns

Returns the number of fields successfully converted and assigned.

# 29.5.7 int DbgConsole\_Getchar (void )

Call this function to read a character from standard input.

Returns

Returns the character read.

## 29.6 Semihosting

Semihosting is a mechanism for ARM targets to communicate input/output requests from application code to a host computer running a debugger. This mechanism can be used, for example, to enable functions in the C library, such as printf() and scanf(), to use the screen and keyboard of the host rather than having a screen and keyboard on the target system.

## 29.6.1 Guide Semihosting for IAR

NOTE: After the setting both "printf" and "scanf" are available for debugging.

### Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. To set debugger options, choose Project>Options. In the Debugger category, click the Setup tab.
- 2. Select Run to main and click OK. This ensures that the debug session starts by running the main function.
- 3. The project is now ready to be built.

## Step 2: Building the project

- 1. Compile and link the project by choosing Project>Make or F7.
- 2. Alternatively, click the Make button on the tool bar. The Make command compiles and links those files that have been modified.

### Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. Choose "Semihosting\_IAR" project -> "Options" -> "Debugger" -> "J-Link/J-Trace".
- 2. Choose tab "J-Link/J-Trace" -> "Connection" tab -> "SWD".
- 3. Choose tab "General Options" -> "Library Configurations", select Semihosted, select Via semihosting. Please Make sure the SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE\_UART is not defined in project settings.
- 4. Start the project by choosing Project>Download and Debug.
- 5. Choose View>Terminal I/O to display the output from the I/O operations.

## 29.6.2 Guide Semihosting for Keil µVision

**NOTE:** Semihosting is not support by MDK-ARM, use the retargeting functionality of MDK-ARM instead.

## 29.6.3 Guide Semihosting for MCUXpresso IDE

### Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. To set debugger options, choose Project>Properties. select the setting category.
- 2. Select Tool Settings, unfold MCU C Compile.
- 3. Select Preprocessor item.
- 4. Set SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE=0, if set SDK\_DEBUGCONSOLE=1, the log will be redirect to the UART.

### Step 2: Building the project

1. Compile and link the project.

### Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. Download and debug the project.
- 2. When the project runs successfully, the result can be seen in the Console window.

Semihosting can also be selected through the "Quick settings" menu in the left bottom window, Quick settings->SDK Debug Console->Semihost console.

## 29.6.4 Guide Semihosting for ARMGCC

### Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. Turn on "J-LINK GDB Server" -> Select suitable "Target device" -> "OK".
- 2. Turn on "PuTTY". Set up as follows.
  - "Host Name (or IP address)": localhost
  - "Port":2333
  - "Connection type" : Telet.
  - Click "Open".
- 3. Increase "Heap/Stack" for GCC to 0x2000:

### Add to "CMakeLists.txt"

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE}}--defsym=\_\_stack\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG} -- defsym=\_\_stack\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG} -- defsym=\_\_heap\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE}} --defsym=\_\_heap\_size\_\_=0x2000")

### Step 2: Building the project

1. Change "CMakeLists.txt":

**Change** "SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE} -specs=nano.specs")"

to "SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_R-ELEASE} -specs=rdimon.specs")"

### Replace paragraph

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-G}} -fno-common")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -ffunction-sections")
SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -fdata-sections")
SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -ffreestanding")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUGG}} -fno-builtin")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -mthumb")
SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG

"\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -mapcs")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -Xlinker")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} --gc-sections")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

 $G\} \ -Xlinker")$ 

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -static")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -Xlinker")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G -z")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} -Xlinker")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} muldefs")

To

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUGG}} --specs=rdimon.specs")

### Remove

target\_link\_libraries(semihosting\_ARMGCC.elf debug nosys)

2. Run "build\_debug.bat" to build project

## Step 3: Starting semihosting

1. Download the image and set as follows.

```
cd D:\mcu-sdk-2.0-origin\boards\twrk64f120m\driver_examples\semihosting\armgcc\debug
d:
C:\PROGRA~2\GNUTOO~1\4BD65~1.920\bin\arm-none-eabi-gdb.exe
target remote localhost:2331
monitor reset
monitor semihosting enable
monitor semihosting thumbSWI 0xAB
monitor semihosting IOClient 1
monitor flash device = MK64FN1M0xxx12
load semihosting_ARMGCC.elf
monitor reg pc = (0x000000004)
monitor reg sp = (0x000000000)
continue
```

2. After the setting, press "enter". The PuTTY window now shows the printf() output.

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