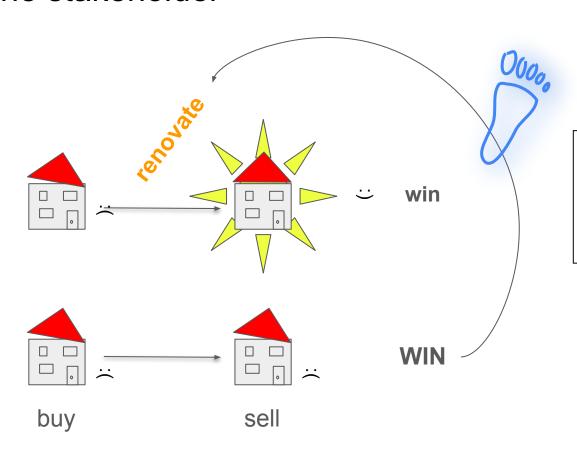
EDA project

Andrea Schrader

12.05.2022

neuefische - DataScience bootcamp - 2022-2

The stakeholder



social footprint

Name: Erin Robinson

Type: Buyer

Description: Invest in poor

neighborhood, buying & selling, costs

back + little profit, socially responsible.

King County population

U.S. Decennial Census^[3], $1790-1960^{[4]}$ $1900-1990^{[5]}$, $1990-2000^{[6]}$ $2010-2020^{[1]}$

Table extracted from

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/King_County,_Washington with the following references

- [1] State & County QuickFacts". United States Census Bureau. Retrieved April 5, 2022.
- [2] Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties: April 1, 2020 to July 1, 2021". Retrieved April 5, 2022.
- [3] "U.S. Decennial Census". United States Census Bureau. Retrieved January 7, 2014.
- [4] "Historical Census Browser". University of Virginia Library. Retrieved January 7, 2014.
- [5] "Population of Counties by Decennial Census: 1900 to 1990". United States Census Bureau. Retrieved January 7, 2014.
- [6] "Census 2000 PHC-T-4. Ranking Tables for Counties: 1990 and 2000" (PDF). United States Census Bureau. Retrieved January 7, 2014.

	Historical population	
Census	Pop.	%±
<u>1860</u>	302	_
<u>1870</u>	2,120	602.0%
<u>1880</u>	6,910	225.9%
<u>1890</u>	63,989	826.0%
<u>1900</u>	110,053	72.0%
<u>1910</u>	284,638	158.6%
<u>1920</u>	389,273	36.8%
<u>1930</u>	463,517	19.1%
<u>1940</u>	504,980	8.9%
<u>1950</u>	732,992	45.2%
<u>1960</u>	935,014	27.6%
<u>1970</u>	1,156,633	23.7%
<u>1980</u>	1,269,749	9.8%
<u>1990</u>	1,507,319	18.7%
<u>2000</u>	1,737,034	15.2%
<u>2010</u>	1,931,249	11.2%
<u>2020</u>	2,269,675	17.5%
2021 (est.)	2,252,305 ^[2]	16.6%

The dataset

"King County House Data" on home sales in King County (USA)

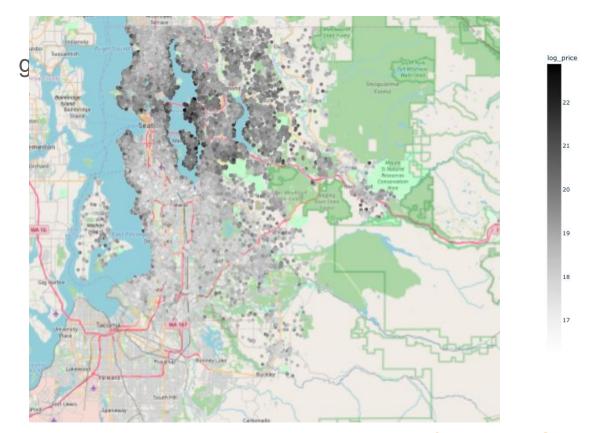
House sales by year

2,014.8 2,014.6 Pert Orchard 2,014.4 2,014.2

Day of month



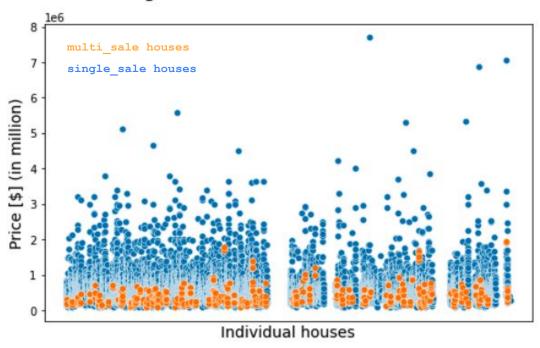
Question 1: Where are most houses with low prices located?



Question 2: How much money can be spent for renovations in comparably poor areas to ensure that costs are refunded and a little profit is achieved based according to the data?

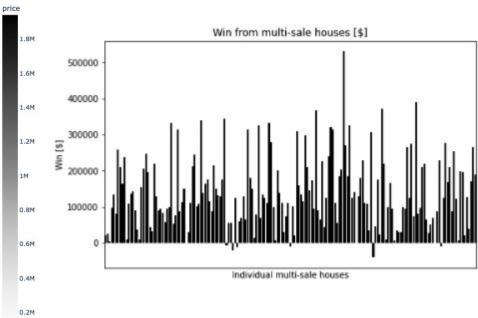
Comparison of house sale prices:
- single-sale vs. multi-sale class of sales -

- Introduction of multi-sale class
- location
- safe investment?
- best data background in the dataset
- definition, sold again within a year
- location matches roughly
- gain? how much for renovation?
- rise in price plot (bar)



Question 2: How much money can be spent for renovations in comparably poor areas to ensure that costs are refunded and a little profit is achieved based according to the data?





Question 3: Are there additional risks due to the condition of these houses and can these be overcome by renovations?

-				
	features_single	feature_name	features_multi	
1	451000.000	price	340000.000	
2	3.000	bedrooms	3.000	
3	2.250	bathrooms	1.750	
4	1920.000	sqft_living	1600.000	
5	7606.000	sqft_lot	7980.000	
6	1.500	floors	1.000	
7	0.000	waterfront	0.000	
8	0.000	view	0.000	
9	3.000	condition	3.000	
10	7.000	grade	7.000	
11	1570.000	sqft_above	1290.000	
12	1975.000	yr_bullt	1959.000	
13	0.000	yr_renovated	0.000	
14	98065.000	zipcode	98077.000	
15	47.572	lat	47.543	
16	-122.229	long	-122.284	
17	1840.000	sqft_living15	1610.000	
18	7620.000	sqft_lot15	7920.000	
19	18.783	log_price	18.375	
20	1.000	ld_counts	2.000	

Insights and Recommendations

Questions

- 1) Where are most houses with low prices located?
- * Hypothesis: The further apart from the city center or in a specific area of the city, cheaper houses will cluster as well as in regions not so eat the far outskirt of the city.
- * Answer: In the outer areas of the city, especially in the south and not at the water.
- 2) How much money can be spent for renovations in comparably poor areas to ensure that costs are refunded and a little profit is achieved based according to the data?
- Hypothesis: Houses that were sold again within one year are among the cheaper, smaller and older houses.
- Answer: Most parts of the hypothesis are true. While the area for living was indeed smaller and multi-sale houses had less floors, the area of the lot was surprisingly larger. this implies that there might also be more room for extending the living area if allowed.
- 3) Are there additional risks due to the condition of these houses and can these be overcome by renovations?
- Hypothesis: These houses are in a comparably lower quality category and less renovations were conducted.
- The quality of these houses is comparable to the median of the single-sale houses.
- With respect to the number of renovations conducted, the hypotheses is also not supported by the data. However, the dataset is small for renovations and errors might have occurred for the "0" values. One might consider to asl those collecting the data or, if not accessible, to suggest to conduct a new survey focussing on this aspect in case a stakeholder requests more secure recommendations based on this feature.

Outlook

predict houses which will be in the same class in the futur

maybe add more data on renovations

succeed competitors

tightly monitor the market and development of houses with the same characteristics and in the neighborhood of known multi-sale houses

Thank you

for your attention

&

of course ... our patient coaches :)