Lecture 03 - Morphology

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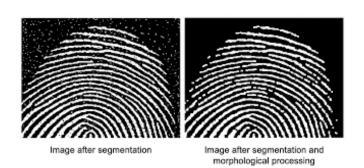
Topics

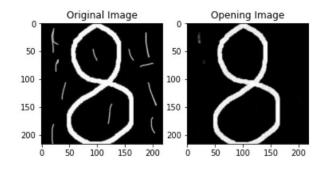
- Discussion of Practice 02
- Mathematical Morphology
 - Structuring Element (or Kernel)
 - Erode / Dilate
 - Open / Close
 - Gradients
 - Watershed
- Practice



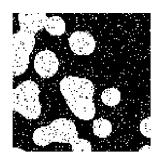
Mathematical Morphology

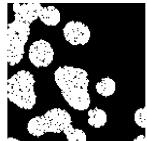
- Morphology (Nature): Branch of Biology that study the form and structure of animals and plants
- Morphology (Image Processing): Mathematical operations to extract image components based on pixel neighborhood.
- Increase/Decrease Objects Size, Reduce Noise, Closing or Open (GAPS)

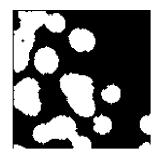


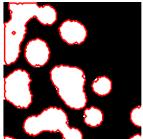












Structuring Element (Kernel)

- Defines the shape of the structure to be applied
- The structure is slid through the image
- Erosion or Dilate operations are applied
- The origin determines the pixel be changed

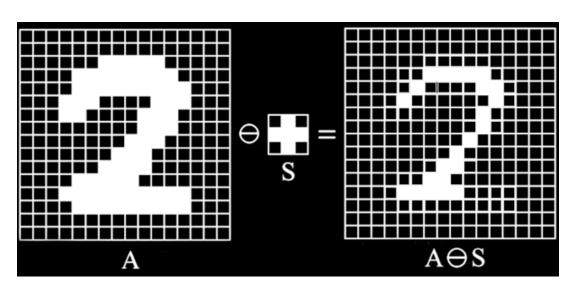
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1	(1)	1
1	1	1

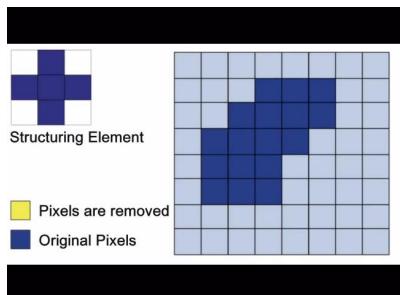
	1	
1	1	1
	1	

		1	1	1		
	1	1	1	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	
		1	1	1		

Erosion

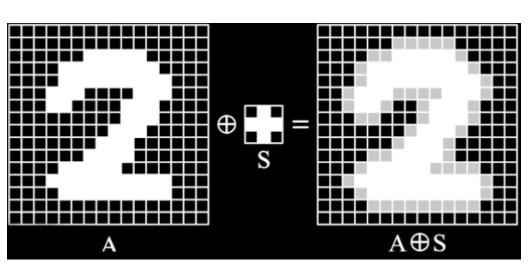
- Moves one's to zero's
- Binary 'AND' Operation
- Reduces Noises and Contours

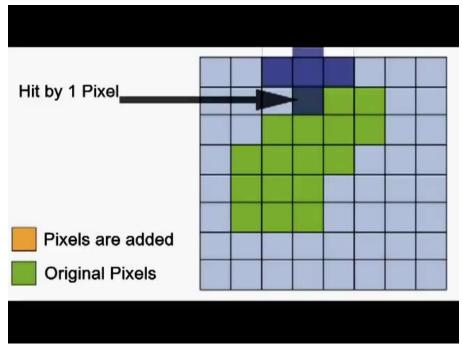




Dilation

- Moves zero's to one's
- Binary 'OR' Operation
- Increases Objects, connects contours, and fill holes.





Opening and Closing

- Combined morphological operations that preserve the shape and size o large objects in the image
 - Opening: Erode + Dilate
 - Removes small objects, noises, and thin lines



- Closing: Dilate + Erode
 - Fill small holes and connect segmented contours

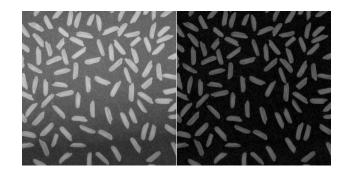


Others Morphological Operations

- Gradient: Dilate Erosion
 - Outline de Object



- TopHat: Open Original Image
 - Reduce the effect of brightness changes
 - Isolates brightness objects



Let's code!

Link: Morphology Operators