1.04.2021

Monoloche Andre.

Jema 3

$$\nabla f(\mathcal{Z}) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \times i^{3} \times_{2}^{2} - 4 \times_{1}^{3} \times_{2}^{2} - 3 \times i^{2} \times_{2}^{3} \\ -2 \times i^{3} \times_{2} - 2 \times_{1}^{3} \times_{2} - 3 \times_{1}^{3} \times_{2}^{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \times_{1}^{2} \times_{2}^{2} \left(-3 - 4 \times_{1} - 3 \times_{2} \right) \\ \times_{1}^{3} \times_{2} \left(-2 - 2 \times_{1} - 3 \times_{2} \right) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\forall f \in \mathcal{X}^0 - \nabla f(\mathcal{X}^0) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\chi' = T_{Q} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{mon \left\{ 0, \left[1, 2 \right] \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] - 1 \right\}}{\left[\frac{1}{2} + 2^{2}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $= > \Re = \frac{1}{10} \left(\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \max\{-1, \min\{1, 1\}\} \\ \max\{-1, \min\{1, -2\}\} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} 2$

 $\mathcal{Y}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\chi^{2} = \Pi_{\mathcal{R}} (\chi^{1} - \nabla f(\chi^{1})) =$$

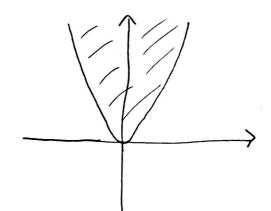
$$\forall_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - \nabla f([-1]) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\chi^{2} = \Pi_{\mathcal{R}} ([-1]) = \begin{bmatrix} mox \{-1, min\{5, 1\}\} \\ mox \{-1, min\{-2, 1\}\} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) Italilie slocó multimes este convex y function obiectiva este convexo.

Chum Q= 1 x ∈ R2 | 2,2 < x2}, groticul ne x:



Observõm co multimeo este o poroloto, deci multimea a este convexo dotorità interpretarii geometrice (a) aco ducem un regment de dregoto intre a punte din multime, acesta nu rea iesi din multime).

$$\nabla f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1^2 \chi_2^2 (-3 - 4 \chi_1 - 3 \chi_2) \\ \chi_1^3 \chi_2 (-2 - 2 \chi_1 - 3 \chi_2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^{2} f(x) = \int_{0}^{\infty} 6x_{1}x_{2}^{2}(-1-2x_{1}-x_{2})$$

$$+ \int_{0}^{\infty} 2x_{2}(-6-8x_{1}-9x_{2})$$

Verificom dos homos este semiporeto definita.

Nu putem stabili colocó II este semipozitr definte din compa x,xe R