# **REST API for each service**

### **UsersMicroservice.py:**

• createUser(username, email, password)

A new user can be created in this service, it takes username, email and password from the user and saves it in the User table in database.

```
HTTP Method: POST
Status code: Success-201
Failure- 409 Conflict
Endpoint: /creatUser
Sample JSON request:
{
       "usernameAPI": "ankita",
       "emailAPI": "ankita@gmail.com",
       "passwordAPI": "ankita@123"
}
Success Response:
{
       "message": "User created",
       "status code": "201"
}
Failure Response:
{
       "message": "username / email_/password_ is not in request",
       "status code": "409",
       "error": "Conflict"
```

}

• authenticateUser(username, hashed\_password)

This service provides user authentication. When the user enters the username and password, the password is hashed using hashlib in python flask. The entered password is then verified with the hashed password saved against that user in the database. After verifying the hashed passwords, we get a response- true if passwords match and false if any of the character does not match the password in the database.

```
HTTP Method: GET
Status code: Success-200 OK
Failure- 400 Bad Request, 500 Internal Server Error
Endpoint: /authenticateUser
Sample JSON request:
{
       "usernameAPI": "ankita",
       "passwordAPI": "ankita@123"
}
Success Response:
{
      "message": "True",
       "status code": "200"
}
Failure Response:
{
       "message": "username / email /password is not in request",
       "status code": "400",
       "error": "Bad Request"
},
```

```
"message": "False",
    "status_code": "500",
    "error": "Internal Server Error"
}
```

• addFollower(username, usernameToFollow)

addFollower adds the follower username against the username. That is when a particular username wants to add a follower their username is saved in usernameAPI and the person who the user wants to follow their username is saved in usernamToFollow in the follower table in database.

```
HTTP Method: POST

Status code: Success-201

Failure- 409 Conflict

Endpoint: /addFollower

Sample JSON request:
{

    "usernameAPI": "ankita",
    "UsernameFollowingAPI": "om"
}

Success Response:
{

    "message": "om started following ankita",
    "status_code": "201"
}
```

### **Failure Response:**

```
"message": "username / email_ /password_ is not in request",
    "status_code": "409",
    "error": "Conflict"
}
```

- removeFollower(username, usernameToRemove)
- removeFollower deletes the follower username against the username. That is when a
  particular username wants to remove a follower their follower data is removed in follower
  table in database.

```
table in database.
HTTP Method: DELETE
Status code: Success-200 OK
Failure- 409 Conflict
Endpoint: /addFollower
Sample JSON request:
{
      "usernameAPI": "ankita",
      "UsernameFollowingAPI": "om"
}
Success Response:
{
      "message": "om started unfollowing ankita",
      "status code": "200"
}
Failure Response:
{
      "message": "username / email /password is not in request",
```

```
"status_code": "409",
"error": "Conflict"
}
```

## TimelineMicroservice.py:

• getUserTimeline(username)

**Failure Response:** 

{

This service shows what a user has posted recently. For a particular username, the tweet table will be checked for a tweet against that username in the database and then this service will give the recent tweets by that username.

```
HTTP Method: GET

Status code: Success-200 OK

Failure- 500 Internal server error, 405 Method not allowed, 404 Not Found

Status code: Success-201

Failure- 409 Conflict

Endpoint: /getUserTimeline

Sample JSON request:
{
    "usernameAPI": "ankita",
}

Success Response:
{
    "message": "hola",
    "status_code": "201"
}
```

```
"message": "username is not in request",

"status_code": "409",

"error": "Conflict"
}
```

## getPublicTimeline()

This service will check the tweet table in the database and return all recent posts by all the users.

**HTTP Method: GET** 

Status code: Success-201

**Endpoint:** /getPublicTimeline

**Sample JSON request:** 

**Success Response:** 

## • getHomeTimeline(username)

This service allows a user to view all the recent tweets from all the users that this user follows.

**HTTP Method: GET** 

Status code: Success-200 OK

Failure- 409 Conflict

**Endpoint:** /getHomeTimeline

```
Sample JSON request:
{
        "usernameAPI": "ankita",
}
Success Response:
{
        "message": "[(Namaste), (Sasriyakal)]",
        "status_code": "200"
}
Failure Response:
{
        "message": "username is not in request",
        "status_code": "409",
        "error": "Conflict"
}
```

• postTweet(username, text)

This service allowed the user to post a new tweet. This tweet is stored in the tweets table against the username in the database.

```
HTTP Method: POST

Status code: Success-201

Failure- 409 Conflict

Endpoint: /postTweet

Sample JSON request:

{

"usernameAPI": "ankita",
```

```
"tweetAPI": "I am a girl!"

Success Response:

{
    "message": "I am a girl!",
    "status_code": "201"
}

Failure Response:

{
    "message": "Username does not exist. Create a user first to proceed",
    "status_code": "409",
    "error": "Conflict"
}
```

DM microservices

• sendDirectMessage()

This service sends a direct message to a user. The direct messages are stored using DynamoDB integrating it with the SQLite user table. Context header is the JSON file through which all the arguments are passed.

```
HTTP Method: POST

Status code: Success-201 Created

Failure- 409 Conflict

Endpoint: /sendMessage

Sample JSON request:
{

    "to": "ankita",
    "from": "Aditi",
    "message": "Hello Ankita! How are you doing?"
```

```
}
 Success Response:
 {
        "messageId": "9d529dd4-548b-4258-aa8e-23e34dc8d48i",
       "to": "ankita",
        "from": "Aditi",
        "message": "Hello Ankita! How are you doing?",
        "status code": "201"
 }
 Failure Response:
 {
        "message": "username is not in request",
        "status code": "409",
        "error": "Conflict"
 }
replyToDirectMessage()
 This service replies to a direct message. The reply parameter may either be a text
 message or a quick-reply value. Context header is the JSON file through which all the
 arguments are passed.
 HTTP Method: POST
 Status code: Success-201 Created
 Failure-
 409 Conflict
 Endpoint: /reply
 Sample JSON request:
```

"messageId": "9d529dd4-548b-4258-aa8e-23e34dc8d48i",

{

```
"reply": "Hello Aditi I am fine"

Success Response:

{

    "replyId": "5k529dd4-548b-4258-aa8e-23e34dc8d44j ",
    "messageId": "9d529dd4-548b-4258-aa8e-23e34dc8d48i",
    "message": "Hello Aditi I am fine",
    "status_code": "201"

}

Failure Response:

{

    "message": "username is not in request",
    "status_code": "409",
    "error": "Conflict"
}
```

### • listDirectMessagesFor()

This service Lists a user's Direct Messages. Context header is the JSON file through which all the arguments are passed.

```
HTTP Method: GET

Status code: Success-200 OK

Failure- 409 Conflict

Endpoint: /list/messages

Sample JSON request:

{

"username": "ankita"
```

```
}
Success Response:
{
       "message": "[(Hello Ankita how are you?), (Did you finish the homework?),
       (Ankita lets hang out)]",
       "status code": "200"
}
Failure Response:
{
       "message": "username is not in request",
       "status code": "409",
       "error": "Conflict"
}
listRepliesTo()
This service Lists the replies to a Direct Message. Context header is the JSON file
through which all the arguments are passed.
HTTP Method: GET
Status code: Success-200 OK
Failure- 409 Conflict
Endpoint: /list/replies
Sample JSON request:
{
       "messageId": "9d529dd4-548b-4258-aa8e-23e34dc8d48i",
}
Success Response:
{
       "message": "[(Hello Aditi I am fine), (Yes, I did), (Sure! When and where?)]",
```

```
"status_code": "200"
}
Failure Response:
{
        "message": "username is not in request",
        "status_code": "409",
        "error": "Conflict"
}
```