Table 1: Comparative analysis for the impact of cross-fitting on TMLEs and one-step estimators in conjunction with the use of random forests. RF refers to random forest with 500 trees and a minimum node size of 5 for a continuous variable and 1 for binary, and CF denotes random forest with cross fitting using 5 folds.

	TMLEs						One-step estimators					
	Univariate Binary		Univariate Continuous				Univariate Binary		Univariate Continuous			
	$\psi_1(\hat{Q}^{\star})$		$\psi_{2a}(\hat{Q}^{\star})$		$\psi_{2b}(\hat{Q}^{\star})$		$\psi_1^+(\hat{Q})$		$\psi_{2a}^{+}(\hat{Q})$		$\psi_{2b}^{+}(\hat{Q})$	
	RF	CF	RF	CF	RF	CF	RF	CF	RF	CF	RF	CF
n=500												
Bias	-0.162	-0.020	-0.312	0.055	-0.486	0.017	-0.103	-0.028	0.009	0.066	-0.492	0.014
SD	0.166	0.140	0.372	0.331	0.369	0.285	0.051	0.128	0.432	0.318	0.373	0.286
MSE	0.054	0.020	0.235	0.113	0.373	0.081	0.013	0.017	0.186	0.105	0.381	0.082
CI coverage	17.4%	82.8%	48.8%	86.9%	36.1%	87.3%	18.8%	86.3%	56.7%	87.6%	35.5%	87%
CI width	0.128	0.389	0.681	0.980	0.717	0.862	0.119	0.388	0.682	0.977	0.718	0.861
n=1000												
Bias	-0.162	-0.016	-0.329	0.054	-0.490	0.008	-0.100	-0.021	-0.017	0.059	-0.497	0.005
SD	0.114	0.096	0.252	0.212	0.267	0.221	0.040	0.091	0.286	0.215	0.271	0.221
MSE	0.039	0.009	0.172	0.048	0.312	0.049	0.012	0.009	0.082	0.049	0.320	0.049
CI coverage	13.3%	88.5%	30.1%	88.6%	19.5%	86.6%	12.4%	89.7%	52.4%	88.3%	18.3%	87.1%
CI width	0.101	0.315	0.417	0.690	0.520	0.656	0.098	0.315	0.420	0.689	0.520	0.655
n=2000												
Bias	-0.161	-0.010	-0.326	0.063	-0.473	0.019	-0.096	-0.013	-0.041	0.065	-0.479	0.016
SD	0.083	0.074	0.176	0.148	0.186	0.164	0.034	0.072	0.197	0.150	0.189	0.164
MSE	0.033	0.006	0.137	0.026	0.259	0.027	0.010	0.005	0.041	0.027	0.265	0.027
CI coverage	7.8%	90.4%	14.4%	89.8%	6.4%	86.5%	8.9%	90.7%	56.6%	88.9%	6.3%	86.5%
CI width	0.081	0.246	0.292	0.520	0.376	0.499	0.080	0.246	0.294	0.519	0.376	0.499