Cheatsheet for PyDPF



/ Importing a Model

The DPF Model gives an overview of the result files content.

from ansys.dpf import core as dpf
model = dpf.Model(r"D:\Path\to\my\file.rst")
print(model)

/ Fetching Metadata

Fetch all the results available in the results file.

metadata = model.metadata
print(metadata.result_info)

Print the time or frequency of the results.

print (metadata.time_freq_support)

Print available named selections

print (metadata.available_named_selections)

/ Managing Data Sources

Manage result files by creating a DPF DataSources object from scratch or from a model.

/ Read Results

Read displacement results by instantiating a displacement operator and print the fields container.

```
disp_op = model.results.displacement()
disp = disp_op.outputs.fields_container()
print(disp)
```

Get field by Time ID = 1.

```
disp_1 = disp.get_field_by_time_id(1).data
print(disp_1)
```

/ Read the Mesh

Get mesh information, get the list of node IDs, get the list of element IDs.

```
mesh = metadata.meshed_region
print (mesh)
node_IDs = mesh.nodes.scoping.ids
element_IDs = mesh.elements.scoping.ids
```

Get node and element using their IDs.

```
# Node ID 1
node = mesh.nodes.node_by_id(1)
# Element ID 1
element = mesh.elements.element_by_id(1)
```

/ Scope Results over Time/Space Domains

Scoping results over particular time IDs make data fetching faster.

```
time_sets = [1, 3, 10] # Data for time IDs
disp_op = model.results.displacement()
disp_op.inputs.time_scoping(time_sets)
```

Scoping over particular elements.

```
eids = range(262, 272) # Element scoping
element_scoping = dpf.Scoping(ids=eids)
element_scoping.location = dpf.locations.elemental
```

s_y = dpf.operators.result.stress_Y()
s_y.inputs.mesh_scoping.connect(element_scoping)

Retrieve a mesh from a scoping.

```
mesh_from_scoping_op = dpf.operators.mesh.
    from_scoping(mesh, element_scoping)
cropped_mesh = mesh_from_scoping_op.outputs.mesh()
```

/ Get a data Field

Apply operators and extract the resulting data Field.

```
norm_op2 = dpf.operators.math.norm_fc()
disp = model.results.displacement()
norm_op2.inputs.connect(disp.outputs)
field_norm_disp = norm_op2.outputs.
    fields_container()[0]
```

/ Plot Contour Results

Plot a Field on its mesh, show the minimum and maximum.

```
field_norm_disp.plot(show_max=True, show_min=True,
    title='Field', text='Field plot')
```

Take a screenshot from a specific camera position.

/ Workflows

Combine operators to create Workflows.

```
disp_op = dpf.operators.result.displacement()
max_fc_op = dpf.operators.min_max.min_max_fc(
    disp_op)
workflow = dpf.Workflow()
workflow.add_operators([disp_op,max_fc_op])
workflow.set_input_name("data_sources", disp_op.
    inputs.data_sources)
workflow.set_output_name("min", max_fc_op.outputs.
    field_min)
workflow.set_output_name("max", max_fc_op.outputs.
    field max)
```

Use the workflow.

```
data_src = dpf.data_sources.DataSources(r"D:\Path\
    to\my\file.rst")
workflow.connect("data_sources", data_src)
min = workflow.get_output("min", dpf.types.field)
max = workflow.get_output("max", dpf.types.field)
```

References from PyDPF Documentation

- Getting Started
- · User Guide
- · API Reference
- · Operators Help
- DPF Examples