使用 Flask Login 模組

學習目標:

• 利用 Flask Login 模組,控制站台運作!

使用 Flask Login 模組

1. 新增 app/templates/login.html 檔案:

5. 修改 config.ini 檔案內容:

```
{% extends "base.html" %}
  {% block title %}大學麵店系統管理區{% endblock %}
  {% block main %}
  <div class="container">
      <div class="row">
          <div class="col">
             <h1>後台管理</h1>
             <form action="/logins" method="post">
                 <label for="loginname">登入帳號</label>
                 <input type="text" id="loginname" placeholder="請輸入帳號" name="loginname">
                 <label for="passwrod">登入密碼</label>
                 <input type="password" id="password" placeholder="請輸入密碼" name="password">
                 <input type="submit" value="送出">
             </form>
         </div>
      </div>
  {% endblock %}
2. 修改 requirements.txt
  (前面略過....)
  Flask-Login>=0.4.1
3. 修改 app/__init__.py
  (前面略過....)
  from flask_login import LoginManager
  (中間略過....)
  # 導入加密 key
  app.secret_key = config.get('Flask','SecretKey')
  lm = LoginManager()
  lm.init_app(app)
  lm.session_protection = "strong"
  lm.login_view = 'login'
  lm.login_message = '請輸入帳號密碼'
  # 導入其他的程式模組
  from app import router, linebotmodules, loginmodels
4. 使用 terminal 介面,產生 secret_key 內容:
  C:\workspace\LineBot> python
  >>> import os
  >>> os.urandom(16).hex()
  (產生一堆編碼)
```

第1頁,共3頁 2021/8/19下午1:41

```
[Flask]
  SecretKey = 上個步驟產生的一堆編碼
6. 新增 app/loginmodels.py 檔案內容:
  from flask login import UserMixin
  from app import lm
  class User(UserMixin):
      pass
  @lm.user_loader
  def user_loader(users):
      \stackrel{-}{\text{if users not in users\_dict}}:
          return
      user = User()
      user.id = users
      return user
  @lm.request_loader
  def request_loader(request):
      user = request.form.get('user_id')
      if user not in users_dict:
          return
      user = User()
      user.id = user
      user.is_authenticated = request.form['password'] == users_dict[user]['password']
      return user
  users dict = {'Owner': {'password': 'HelloWorld'}}
7. 修改路由檔案 app/router.py
  (前面略過....)
  from flask import request, render_template, url_for, redirect, flash
  from flask_login import login_user, logout_user, login_required, current_user
  from app.loginmodels import User, users_dict
  @app.route('/logins', methods=['GET','POST'])
  def login():
      if request.method == 'GET':
          return render_template("login.html")
      user = request.form['loginname']
      conditionA = user in users_dict
      conditionB = request.form['password'] == users_dict[user]['password']
      if conditionA and conditionB:
          user1 = User()
          user1.id = user
          login_user(user1)
          flash(f'{user}!Welcome home!')
          return redirect(url_for('home'))
      flash('login failed...')
      return render_template('login.html')
  @app.route('/logout')
  def logout():
      user = current_user.get_id()
      logout_user()
      flash(f'{user}!logout!')
      return render_template('login.html')
  @app.route('/show_records')
  @login_required
  def show_records():
```

第2頁,共3頁 2021/8/19 下午1:41

```
python_records =web_select_overall()
     return render_template('show_records.html', html_records=python_records)
  (後面略過....)
8. 修改 app/templates/base.html
  {% if current_user.is_authenticated %}
                 class="nav-item">
                     <a class="nav-link" href="http://mylinebothellotux.herokuapp.com/showmenu">麵店菜單
                 class="nav-item">
                     <a class="nav-link" href="http://mylinebothellotux.herokuapp.com/showads">活動訊息</a>
                 class="nav-item">
                    <a class="nav-link" href="http://mylinebothellotux.herokuapp.com/logout">登出</a>
                 {% else %}
                 class="nav-item">
                     <a class="nav-link" href="http://mylinebothellotux.herokuapp.com/logins">登入</a>
```

9. 將專案送上 Heroku 主機!

{% endif %}

10.

第 3 頁,共 3 頁 2021/8/19 下午1:41