

## 文字介面地圖的繪製

學習目標：

- 了解 Python 如何處理文字介面下的地圖列印方式！

處理過程實作

- 請先思考一個平面上，二維圖形的排列方式：

	台	灣			1
	2	5	0	0	
	1	2	3	4	

PS:

- 使用全形字來表示一個佔有空間，連空白也是！
  - 第一行為地產名稱，名稱最右方，放置地產所有者的代號
  - 第二行放置地產的價值
  - 第三行放置剛好路過的玩家代號
  - 計算的結果，就是48個格式X27行的全形字地圖大小
- 試著寫個程式，印出第一行 playMap.py：

```
import Stores

class playMap:

    def printMap(self):
        mapEmpty = " "
        mapWall = "| "
        myStores = Stores.Stores()
        # 印出第一行
        for i in range(0,7):
            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[1]),end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()

        # 控制每一行的格式大小
        def getStoreName(self,data):
            storeName = ""
            if (len(data) <= 4):
                storeName = data + (4-len(data))*" "
            return storeName
if __name__ == "__main__":
    myMap = playMap()
    myMap.printMap()
```

- 持續修改，將第二行的部份，數字轉成全形，列印出來：

```
import Stores

class playMap:

    def printMap(self):
        mapEmpty = " "
        mapWall = "| "
        myStores = Stores.Stores()
        # 印出第一行
        for i in range(0,7):
            if (myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2] == "-1"):
                owner = " "
            else:
                owner = self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2])

            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[1]) + owner,end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()
```

```

        else:
            print()
# 印出第二行
for i in range(0,7):
    print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[3])) + mapEmpty,end = '')
    if (i < 6):
        print(mapWall,end='')
    else:
        print()

# 控制每一行的格式大小
def getStoreName(self,data):
    storeName = ""
    if (len(data) <= 4):
        storeName = data + (4-len(data))*" "
    return storeName

# 半形全形轉換功能
def transferNo(self,data):
    nums = (0,"0",1,"1",2,"2",3,"3",4,"4",5,"5",6,"6",7,"7",8,"8",9,"9")
    tmp = []
    dataleng = len(data)
    for j in range(0,dataleng):
        tmp.append(0)

    newdata = ""
    for i in range(1,dataleng+1):
        tmp[(dataleng-i)] = int(data)%10
        data = int(int(data) / 10)

    for i in range(0,len(tmp)):
        newdata += nums[nums.index(tmp[i])+1]

    return newdata

if __name__ == "__main__":
    myMap = playMap()
    myMap.printMap()

```

#### 4. 印出第三行，請考慮清楚每位玩家的位置：

```

import Stores

class playMap:

    def printMap(self,userPo):
        mapEmpty = " "
        mapWall = "| "
        myStores = Stores.Stores()
        # 印出第一行
        for i in range(0,7):
            if (myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2] == "-1"):
                owner = " "
            else:
                owner = self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2])

            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[1]) + owner,end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()
        # 印出第二行
        for i in range(0,7):
            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[3])) + mapEmpty,end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()

        # 印出第三行
        po_tmp = ""
        for i in range(0,7):
            po_tmp = mapEmpty
            for j in range(len(userPo)):
                if (userPo[j] == str(i)):
                    po_tmp = po_tmp + self.transferNo(str(j+1))
                else:
                    po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
            po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty

```

```

        if (i < 6):
            print(po_tmp + mapWall,end = '')
        else:
            print(po_tmp,end = '')
    print()

# 控制每一行的格式大小
def getStoreName(self,data):
    storeName = ""
    if (len(data) <= 4):
        storeName = data + (4-len(data))*" "
    return storeName

# 半形全形轉換功能
def transferNo(self,data):
    nums = (0,"0",1,"1",2,"2",3,"3",4,"4",5,"5",6,"6",7,"7",8,"8",9,"9")
    tmp = []
    dataleng = len(data)
    for j in range(0,dataleng):
        tmp.append(0)

    newdata = ""
    for i in range(1,dataleng+1):
        tmp[(dataleng-i)] = int(data)%10
        data = int(int(data) / 10)

    for i in range(0,len(tmp)):
        newdata += nums[nums.index(tmp[i])+1]

    return newdata

if __name__ == "__main__":
    myMap = playMap()
    userPo = ['6','3','4','1']
    myMap.printMap(userPo)

```

5. 再印出 4～7 行：

```

import Stores

class playMap:

    def printMap(self,userPo):
        mapEmpty = " "
        mapWall = "| "
        mapLine = "—"
        myStores = Stores.Stores()
        # 印出第一行
        for i in range(0,7):
            if (myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2] == "-1"):
                owner = " "
            else:
                owner = self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2])

            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[1]) + owner,end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()

        # 印出第二行
        for i in range(0,7):
            print(mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[3])) + mapEmpty,end = '')
            if (i < 6):
                print(mapWall,end='')
            else:
                print()

        # 印出第三行
        po_tmp = ""
        for i in range(0,7):
            po_tmp = mapEmpty
            for j in range(len(userPo)):
                if (userPo[j] == str(i)):
                    po_tmp = po_tmp + self.transferNo(str(j+1))
                else:
                    po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
            po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
            if (i < 6):
                print(po_tmp + mapWall,end = '')

```

```

        else:
            print(po_tmp,end = '')
    print()

    # 印出第四行
    print(48*mapLine)

    # 印出第五行,修改自第一行
    for i in (23,7):
        if (myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2] == "-1"):
            owner = " "
        else:
            owner = self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(i))[2])
    lines = ""
    lines = lines + mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(23))[1]) + owner + mapWall
    lines = lines + 34*mapEmpty
    lines = lines + mapWall + mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(myStores.getStoreData(str(7))[1]) + owner
    print(lines)

    # 印出第六行,修改自第五行
    lines = ""
    lines = lines + mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(23))[3])) + owner + mapWall
    lines = lines + 34*mapEmpty
    lines = lines + mapWall + mapEmpty + self.getStoreName(self.transferNo(myStores.getStoreData(str(7))[3])) + owner
    print(lines)

    # 印出第七行,修改自第三行
    po_tmp = ""
    lines = mapEmpty
    for j in range(len(userPo)):
        if (userPo[j] == str(str(23))):
            po_tmp = po_tmp + self.transferNo(str(j+1))
        else:
            po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
    po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
    lines = lines + po_tmp + mapWall
    po_tmp = ""
    lines = lines + 34*mapEmpty
    for j in range(len(userPo)):
        if (userPo[j] == str(str(7))):
            po_tmp = po_tmp + self.transferNo(str(j+1))
        else:
            po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
    po_tmp = po_tmp + mapEmpty
    lines = lines + mapWall + po_tmp
    print(lines)

    # 控制每一行的格式大小
    def getStoreName(self,data):
        storeName = ""
        if (len(data) <= 4):
            storeName = data + (4-len(data))*" "
        return storeName

    # 半形全形轉換功能
    def transferNo(self,data):
        nums = (0,"0",1,"1",2,"2",3,"3",4,"4",5,"5",6,"6",7,"7",8,"8",9,"9")
        tmp = []
        dataleng = len(data)
        for j in range(0,dataleng):
            tmp.append(0)

        newdata = ""
        for i in range(1,dataleng+1):
            tmp[(dataleng-i)] = int(data)%10
            data = int(int(data) / 10)

        for i in range(0,len(tmp)):
            newdata += nums[nums.index(tmp[i])+1]

        return newdata

if __name__ == "__main__":
    myMap = playMap()
    userPo = ['6','23','7','1']
    myMap.printMap(userPo)

```