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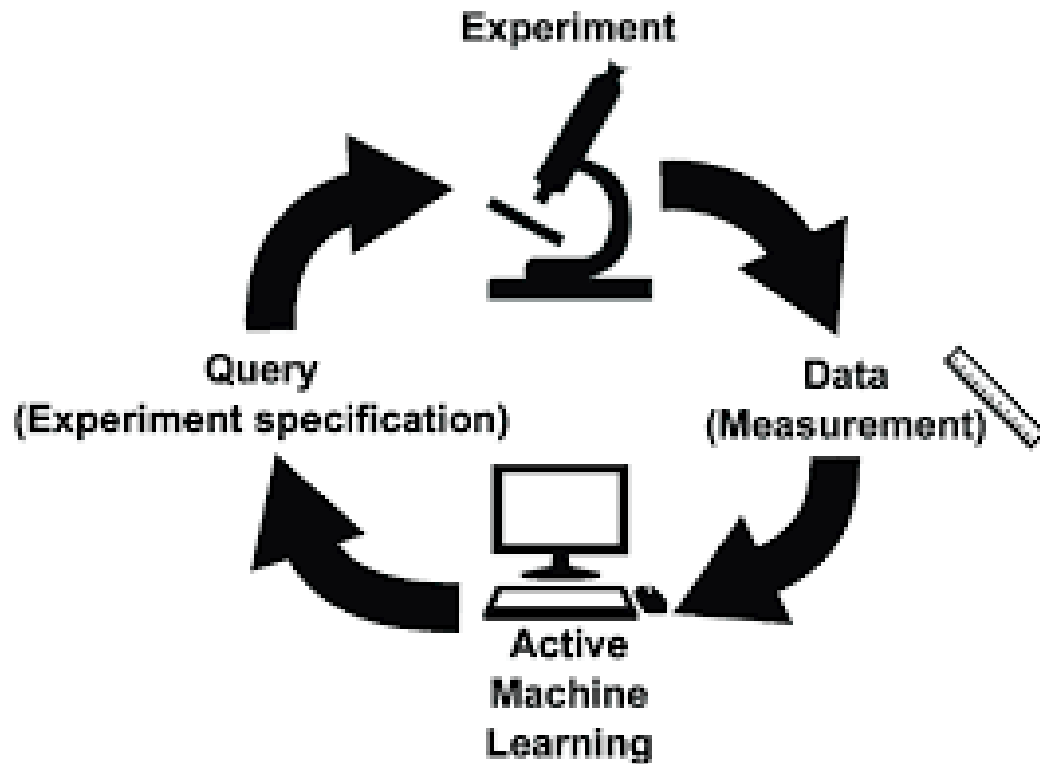
Modul 5: Classification

02 Design of Experiments

Pengenalan Pola
(*Pattern Recognition*)



Design of Experiment: What



An experiment is a test or a series of tests where we play with the factors that affect the output.

- Factors may be the algorithm, training set, input features, etc.
- Observe the changes in the response (performance measure) to be able to extract information.



Design of Experiment: Why

No free lunch theorem (Wolpert, 1995)

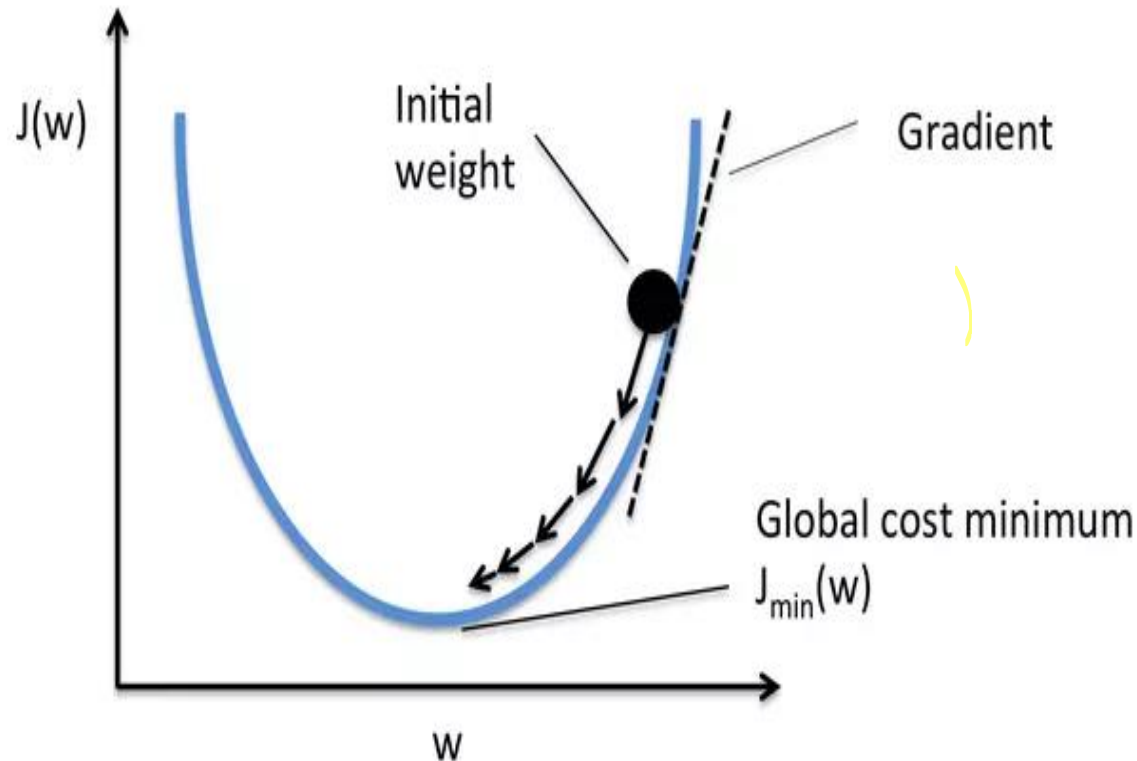
Need systematic
experiment
manage the experiments
you have done, that are
running, and that you want
to run

Average applied machine learning
project may require tens to thousands of
discrete experiments

Machine learning experiments can take
a long time.



Design of Experiment: Aim



<https://medium.com/data-science-group-iitr/loss-functions-and-optimization-algorithms-demystified-bb92daff331c>

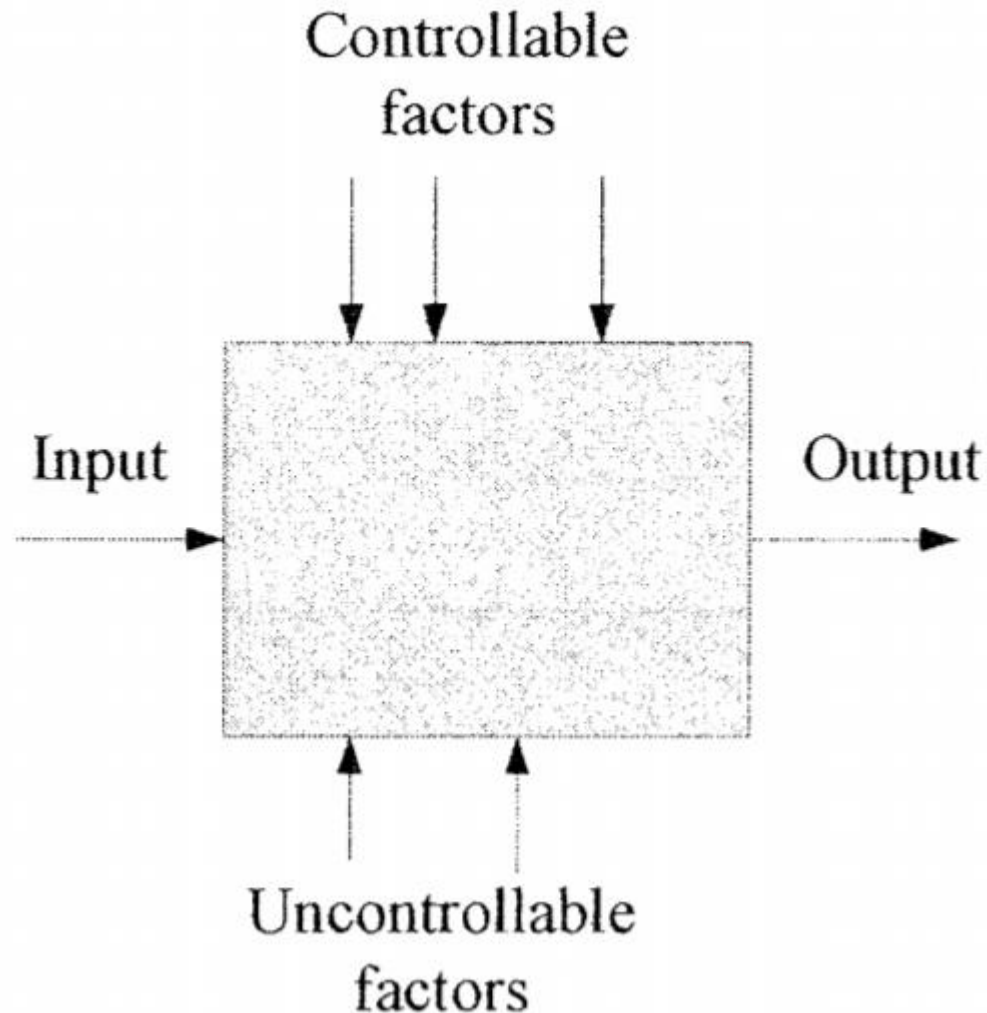
identify the most important factors,
and remove the unimportant ones

find configuration of the factors that
optimizes the response

ML: highest generalization accuracy,
minimal complexity, and robust



Experimental Factors

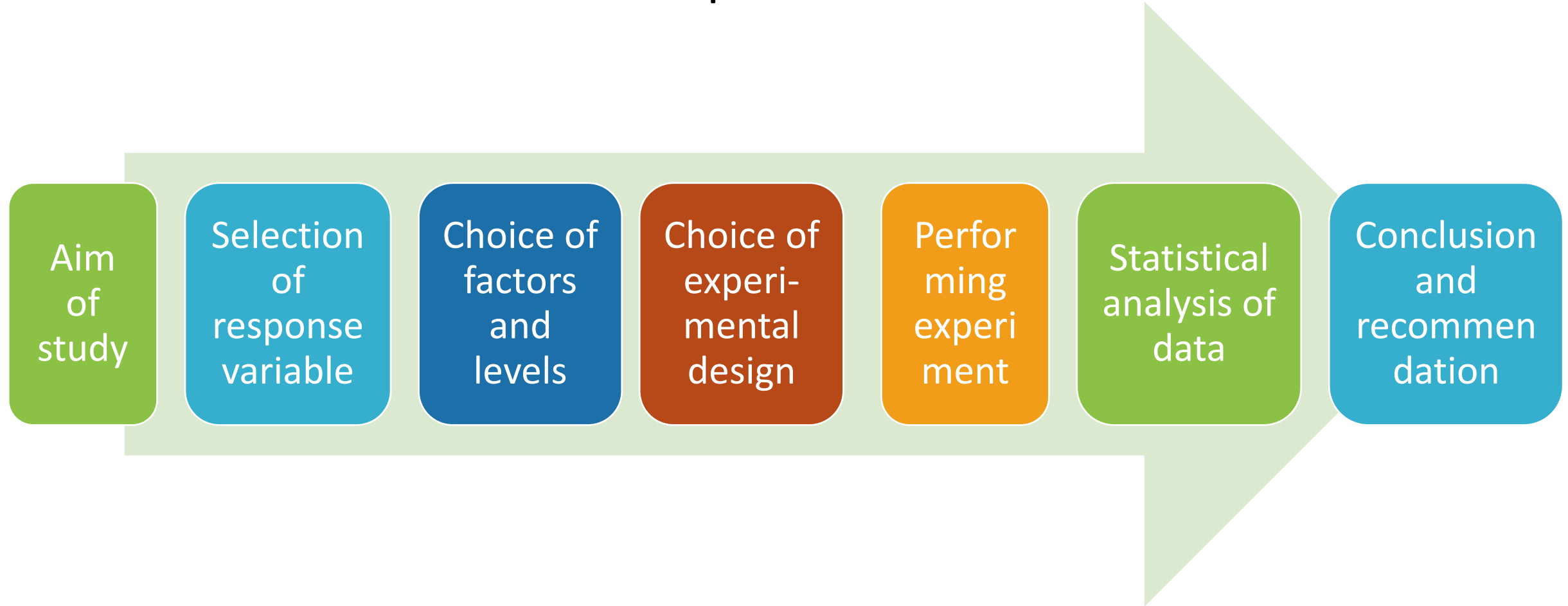


Controllable factors: learning algorithm, algorithm parameters, dataset, input representation, feature set.

Uncontrollable factors: noise in the data, resampling data, randomness in initial state



Guidelines for ML Experiments

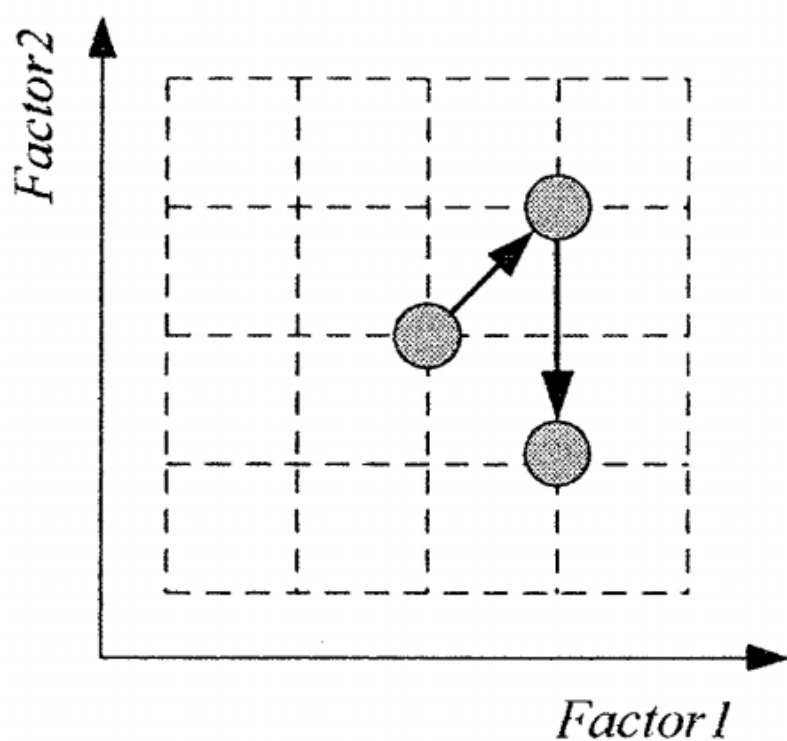


Design and analysis of machine learning experiments:
https://www.cs.purdue.edu/homes/neville/courses/573/readings/08_design-and-analysis-expts.pdf

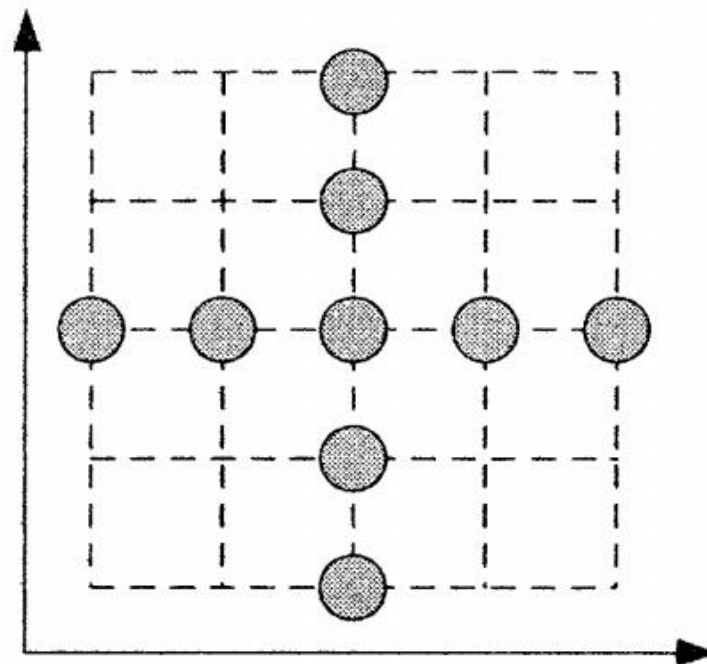


Strategies of Experiments

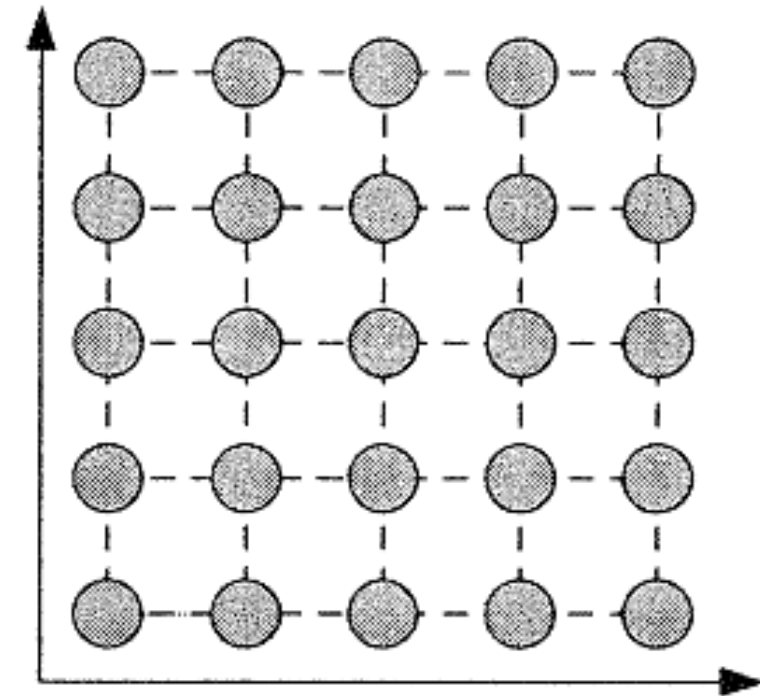
Two factors and five levels each



Best Guess



One Factor at A Time

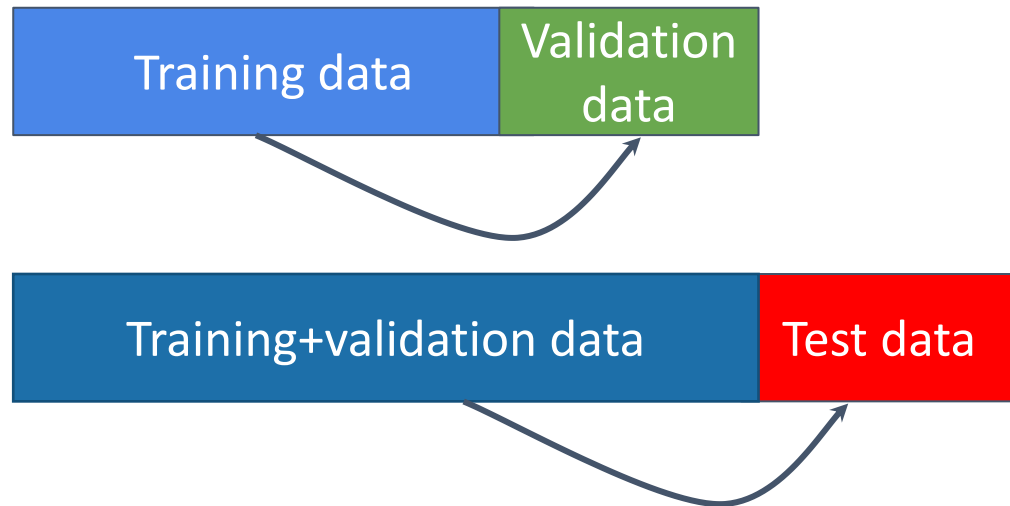


Factorial Design /
Grid Search



Validation Schematic

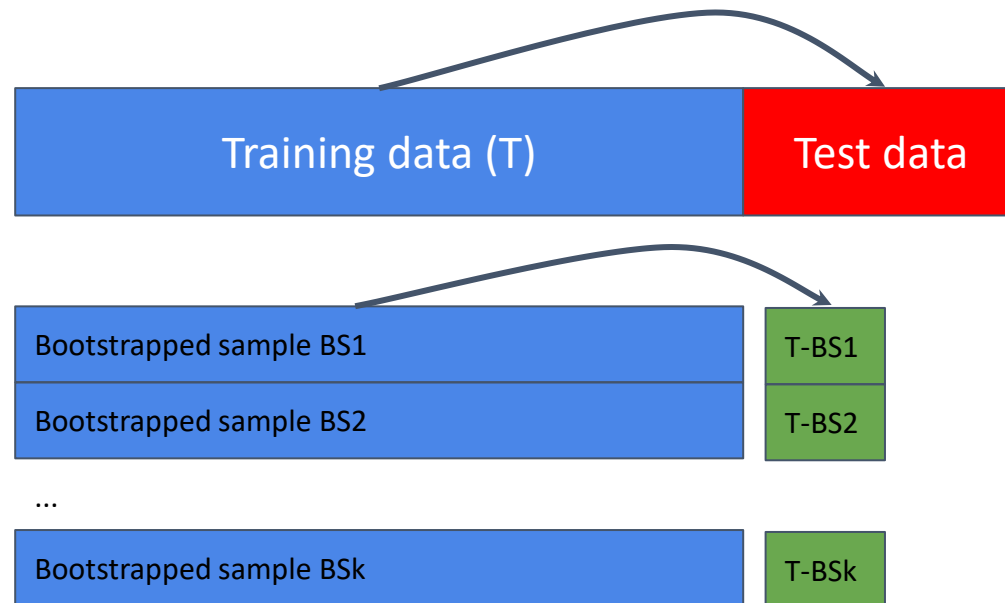
Hold-out validation



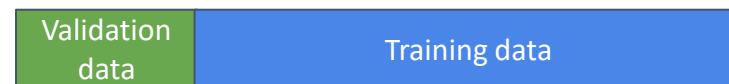
K-fold cross validation



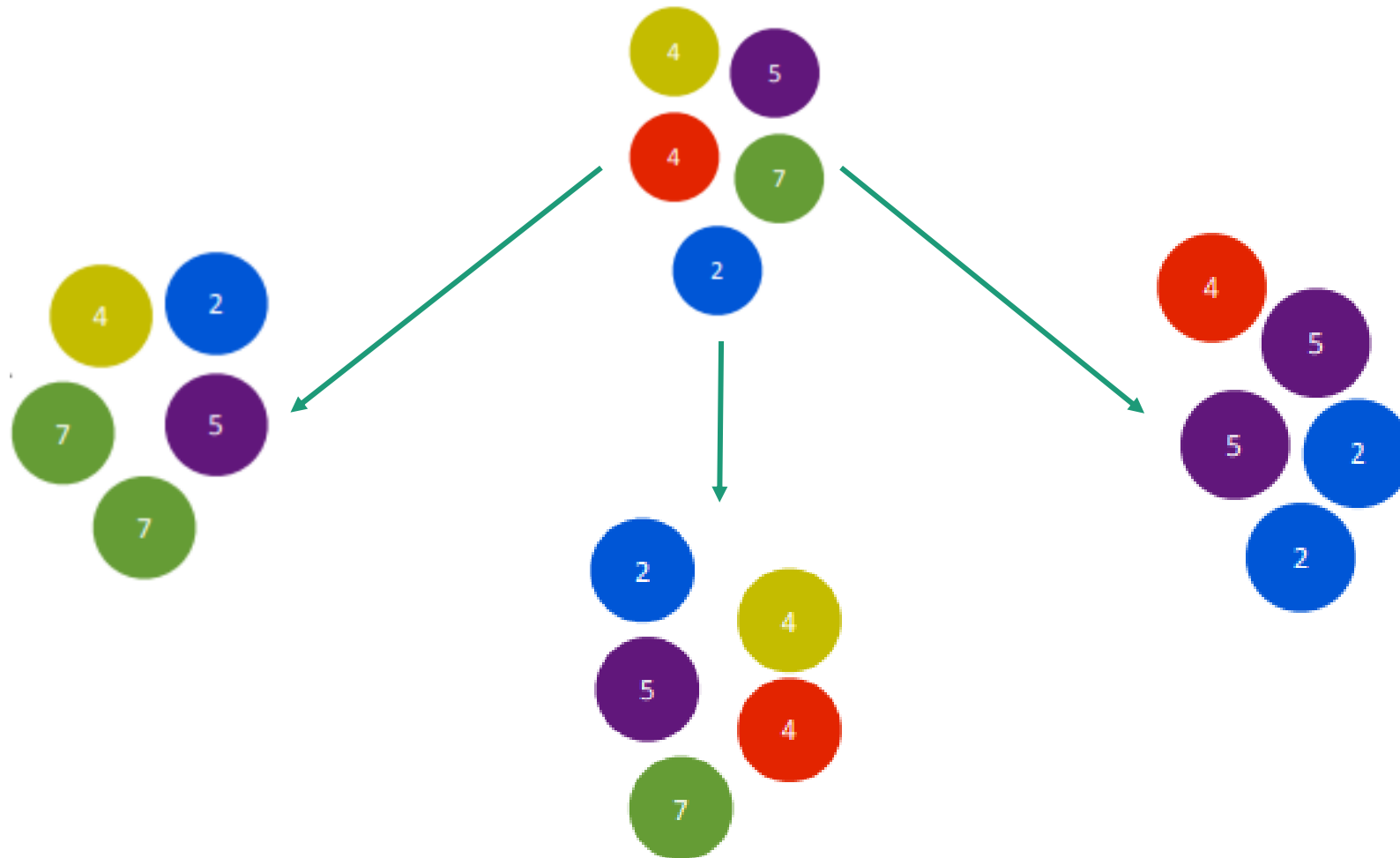
Validation Schematic: Bootstrap validation resampling with replacement



Keterangan:

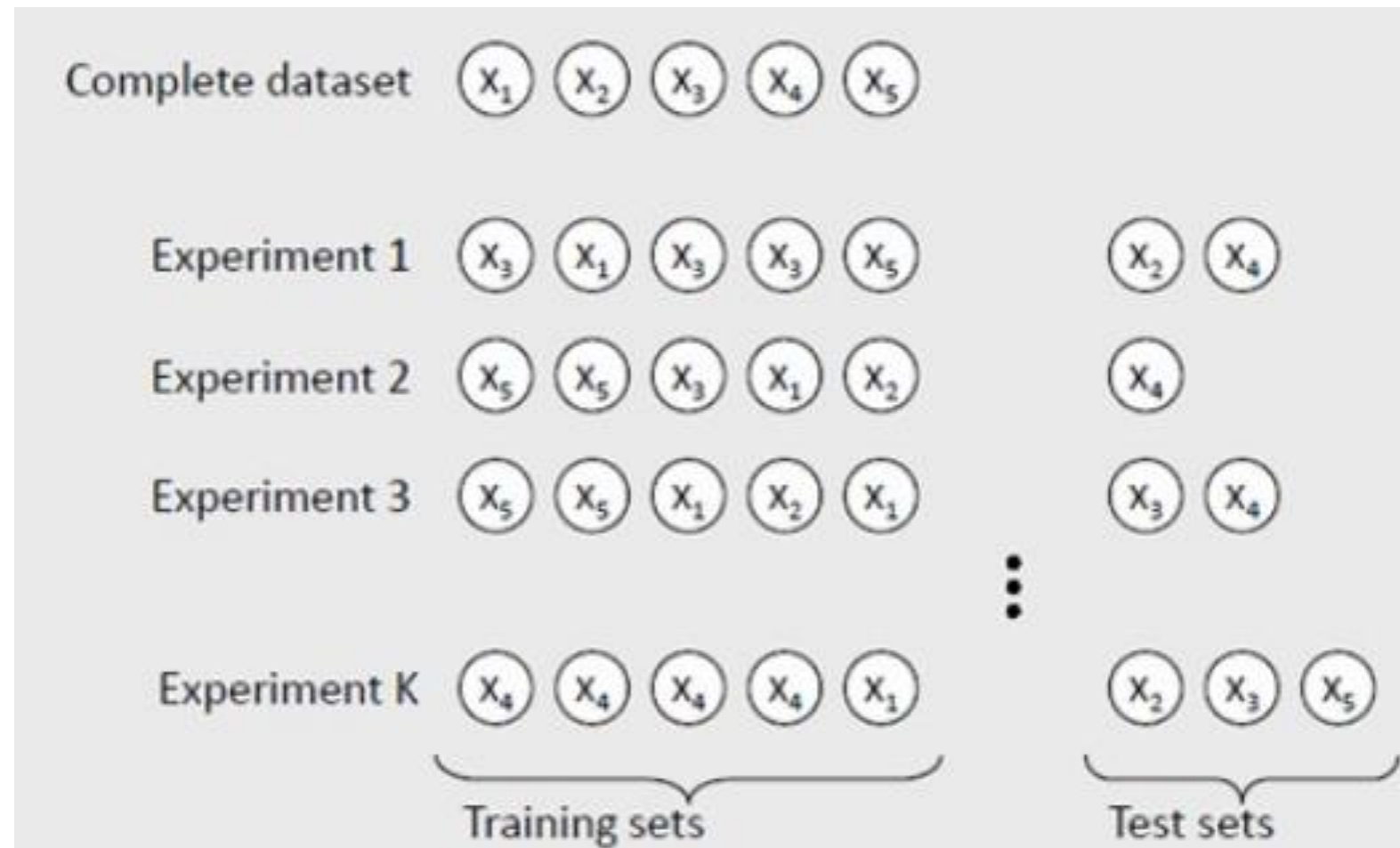


Bootstrapped Sample (n=5)



Bootstrapping Validation

- Bootstrap samples may overlap more than cross-validation samples
- Their estimates are more dependent
- The best way to do resampling for very small datasets



Experiment Strategies: One Factor at A Time

Id	Parameter	Variasi	Jumlah	Total
P1	Pembaruan bobot	<i>Stochastic gradient descent, mini-batch gradient descent</i>	2	2
P2	Jenis RNN	GRU, LSTM, BiGRU, BiLSTM	4	4
P3	Jenis word embedding	<i>Double embeddings, domain-specific embeddings, general-purpose embeddings, merge embeddings</i>	4	4
P4	Pengaruh penggunaan <i>coupled attentions</i>	Model dengan <i>coupled attentions</i> , model tanpa <i>coupled attentions</i>	2	2
P5	<i>Hidden units</i>	25, 50, 75	3	81
	<i>Coupled attention layers</i>	1, 2, 3	3	
	Jumlah tensor	10, 15, 20	3	
	<i>Dropout rate</i>	0, 0.2, 0.5	3	
Total				93



Summary

DoE: What & Why

Guidelines

Strategies: best guess, one factor at a time, grid search

Validation: hold-out, k-fold cross validation, bootstrap validation



