

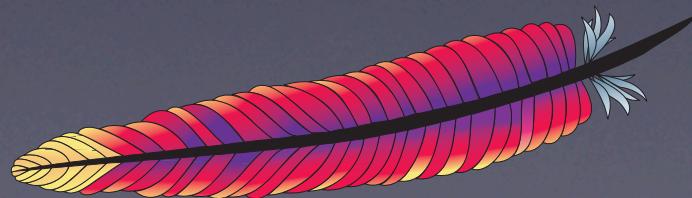
(if you can't read this, move closer!)



The high-performance protocol construction toolkit.

Peter Royal <proyal@apache.org>

Originally presented at ApacheCon Europe 2007
in Amsterdam





Hi, I'm Peter

<http://fotap.org/~osi>

MINA hacker since
Fall 2005

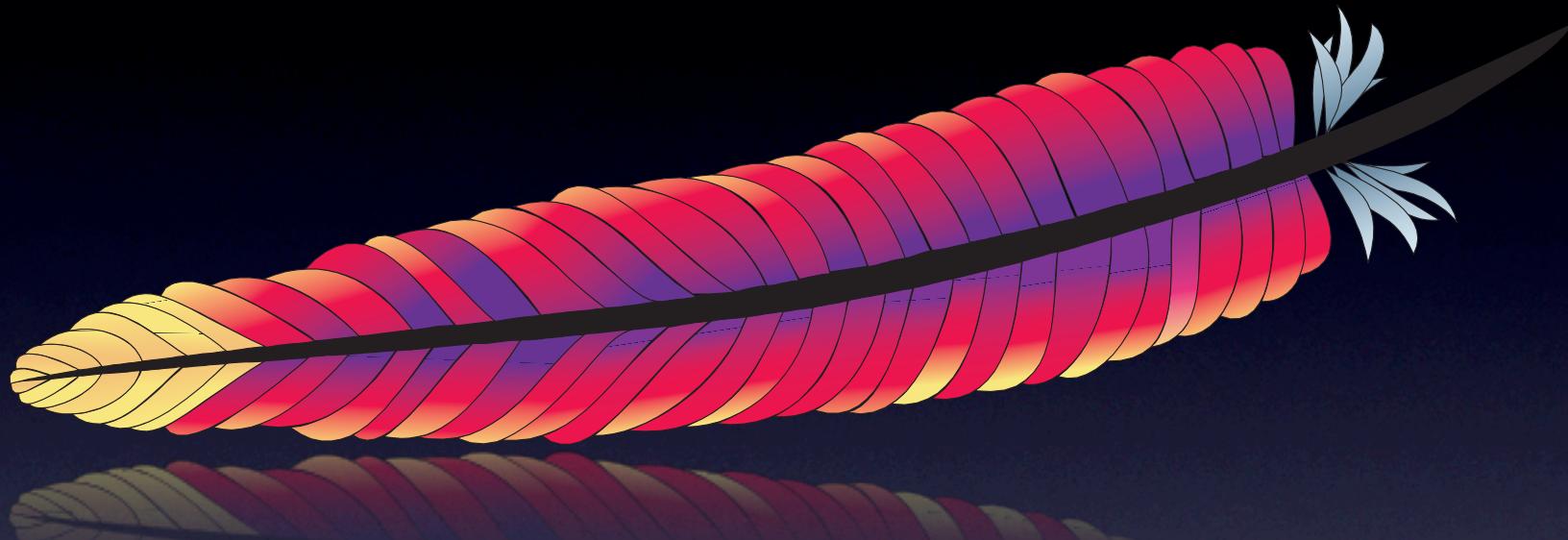


Radar Networks

<http://radarnetworks.com>



San Francisco



Apache Member

<http://apache.org>

What is MINA?



MINA?

Multipurpose Infrastructure Networked Applications

<http://mina.apache.org>

Built on Java NIO

Non-Blocking

Asynchronous

Event-Driven (SEDA!)

Multiple Transports

(framework is really agnostic)

TCP

UDP

(being re-written for 2.0)

In-VM

(great for testing)

RS-232

(under development)

Smartly Designed

Follows Inversion of Control Pattern

(plays nicely with PicoContainer, Spring, etc)

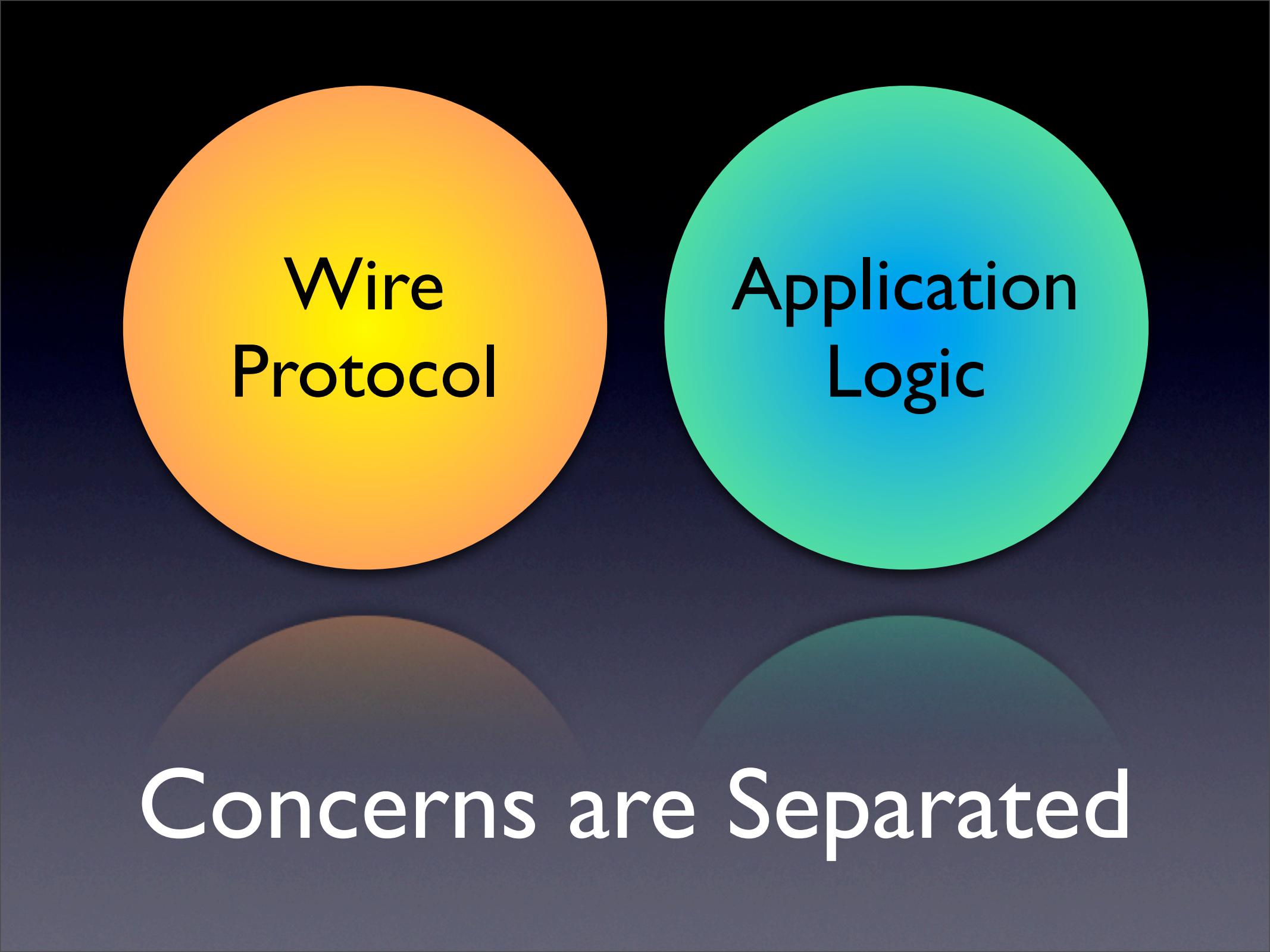
Separation of Concerns



Wire
Protocol
Application
Logic



Rather than this...



Wire
Protocol

Application
Logic

Concerns are Separated

Stable and Production- Ready

- v1.0 released Fall 2006
- v1.1 released April 2007
 - Same API as v1.0 but uses Java 5 Concurrency primitives
- v2.0 this year
 - API simplification based on lessons learned

Many Users

Apache Directory

<http://directory.apache.org>

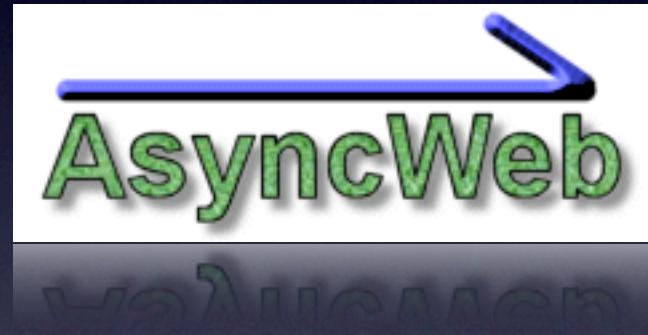
LDAPv3, NTP, DNS, DHCP and
Kerberos



AsyncWeb

<http://asyncweb.safehaus.org>
(joining MINA @ Apache very
soon though!)

HTTP/HTTPS



Apache (incubating) Qpid

<http://cwiki.apache.org/qpid/>

Advanced Messaging Queuing
Protocol (AMQP)

(from Wall Street!)



QuickFIX/J

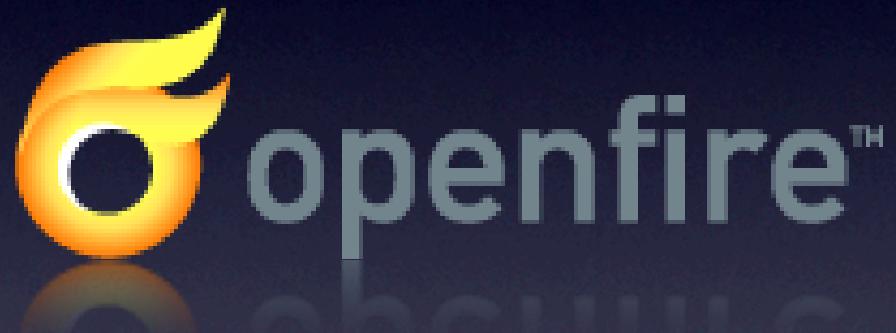
<http://www.quickfixj.org/>

Financial Information eXchange
(FIX)



Openfire

[http://www.jivesoftware.com/
products/openfire/](http://www.jivesoftware.com/products/openfire/)



XMPP

red5

<http://www.osflash.org/red5>

RTMP
(talk to Flash player)



...and more!
(maybe you, next time!)

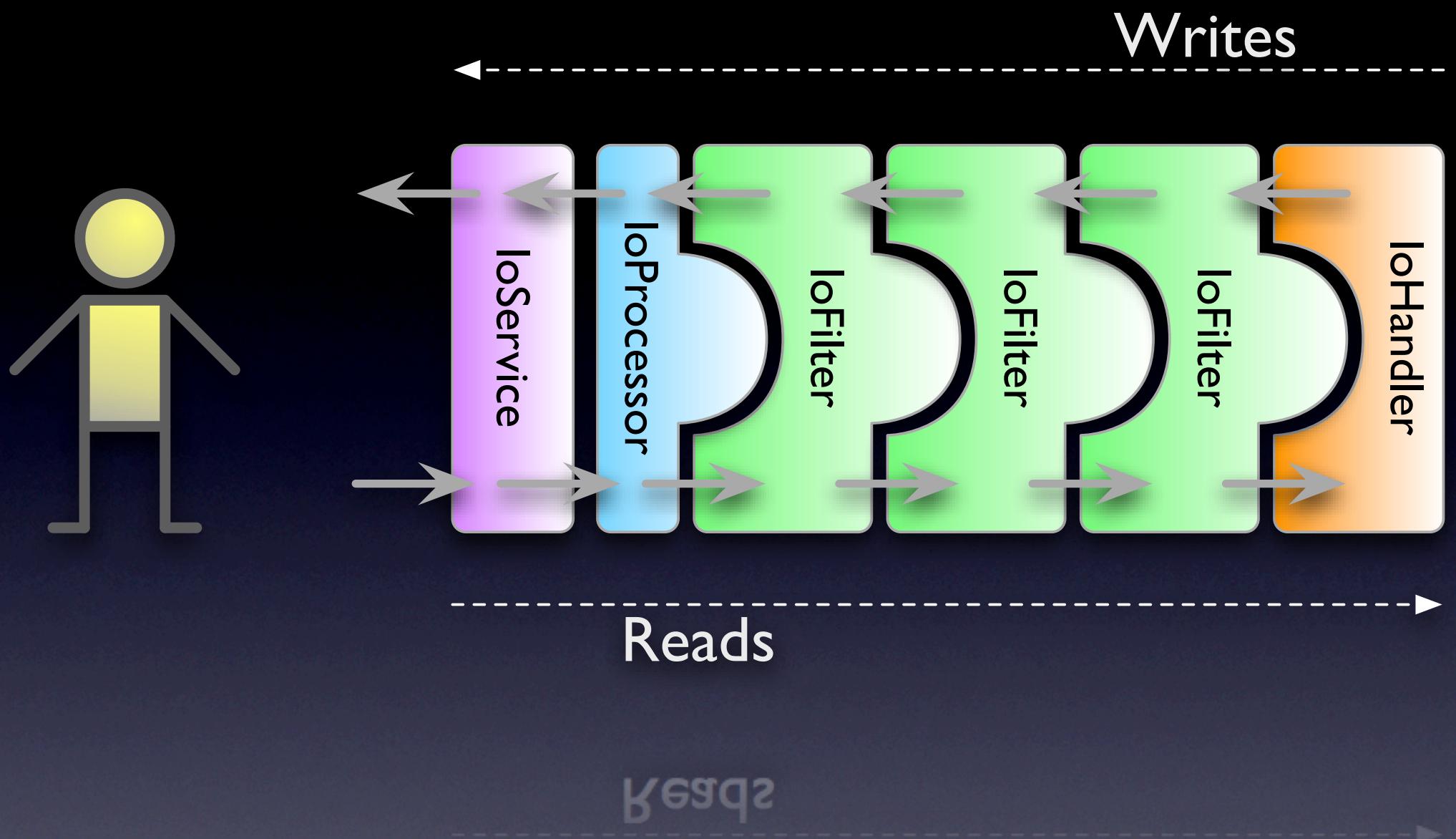
Key Concepts

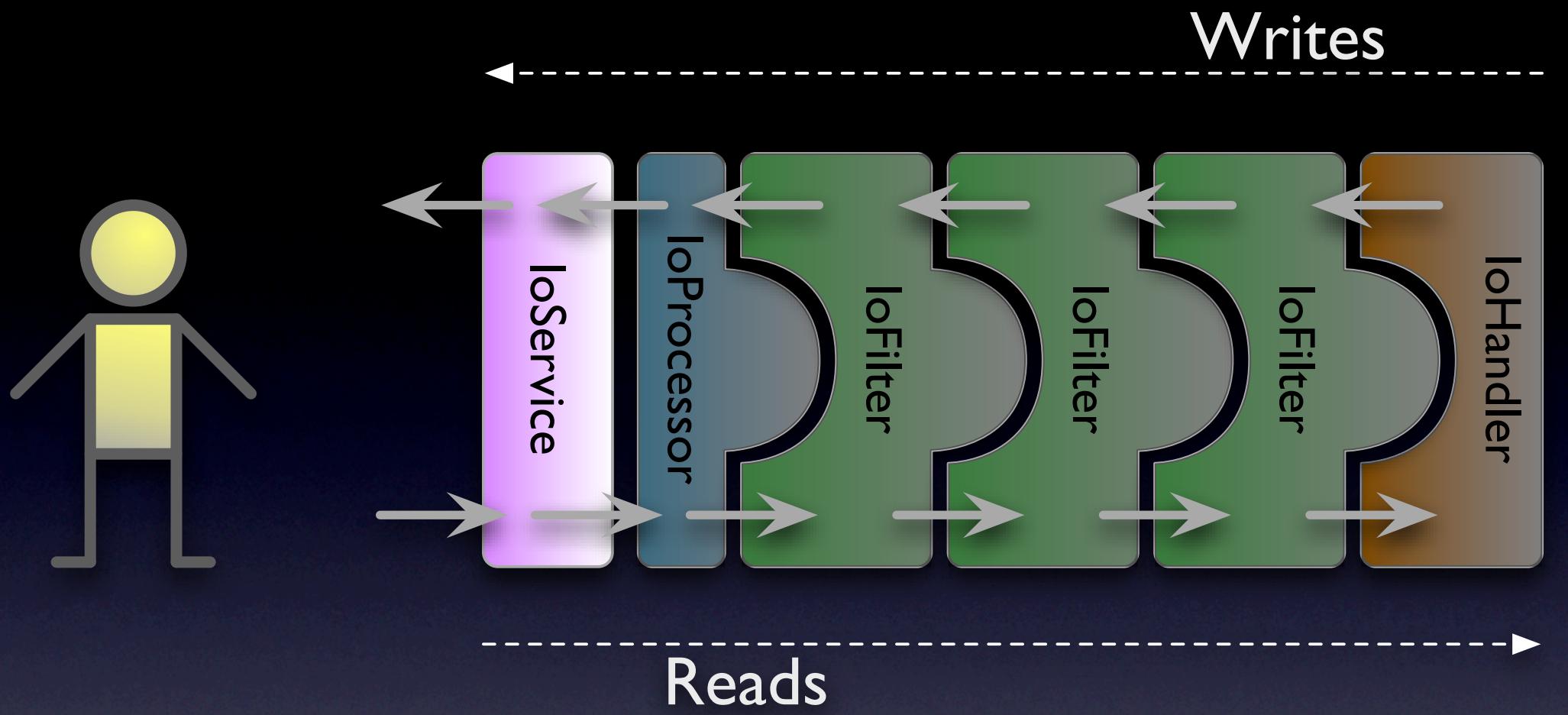
ByteBuffer

- Core NIO construct
- MINA version that wraps and provides **additional convenience methods**
 - auto-expanding, string encoding
- MINA gives control...
 - allocate from the **Heap** or **Stack**
 - optional **Pooling**
 - (in v2, will be non-pooled and heap-only, as it provides the best performance)

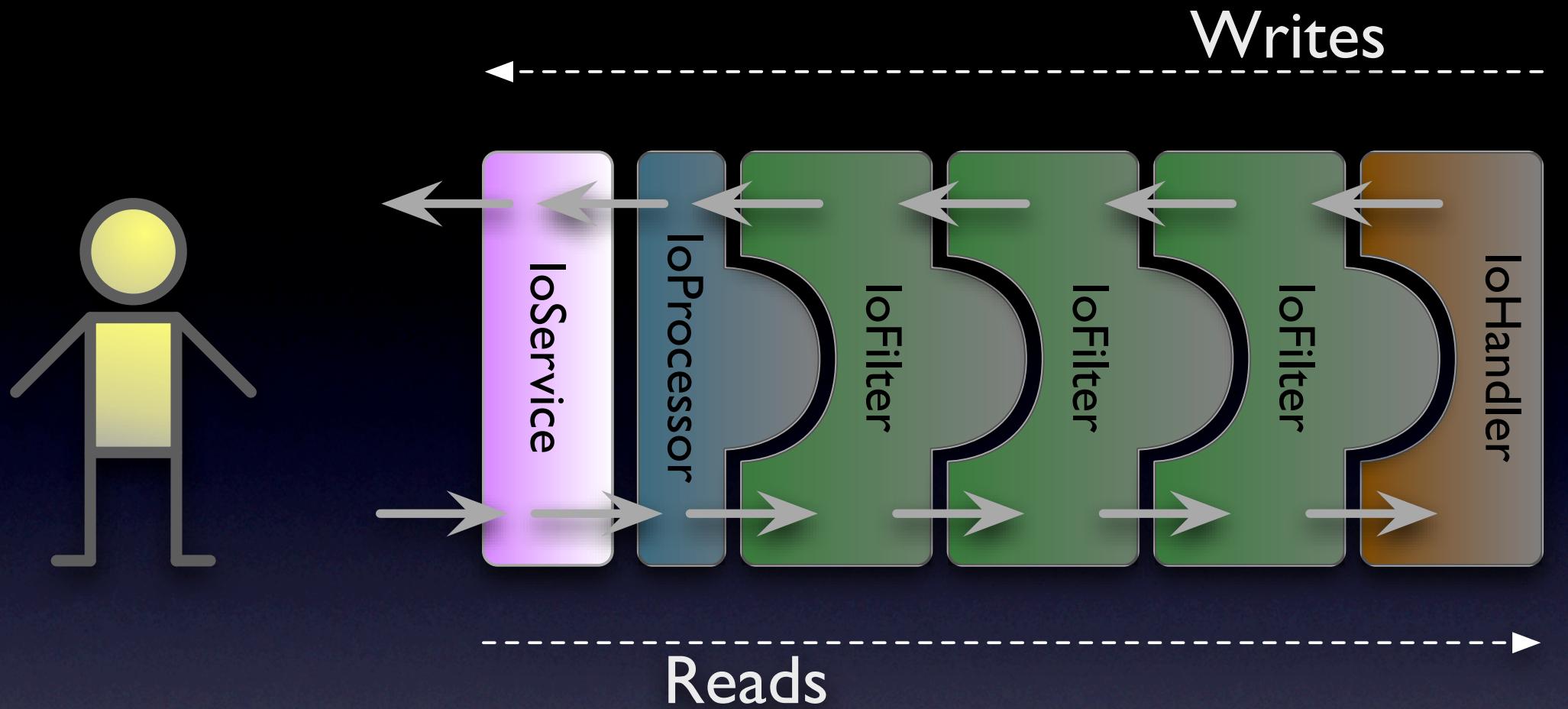
Future

- Represents a function call that completes asynchronously
- Provides blocking functions to retrieve the result
- MINA allows callbacks to be invoked upon completion, so invoking thread can “fire and forget”
 - (unlike the Java 5 Future)





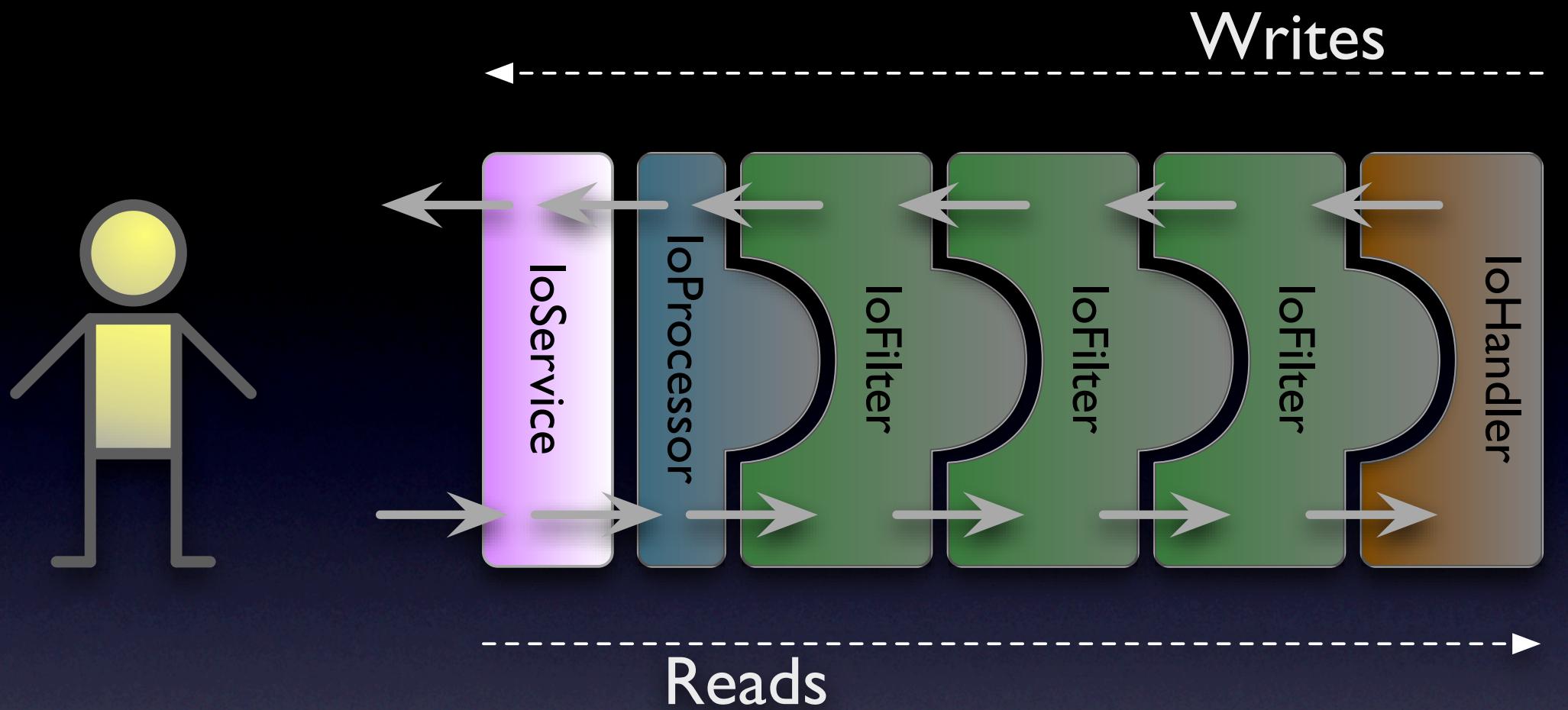
Two Versions



ioAcceptor

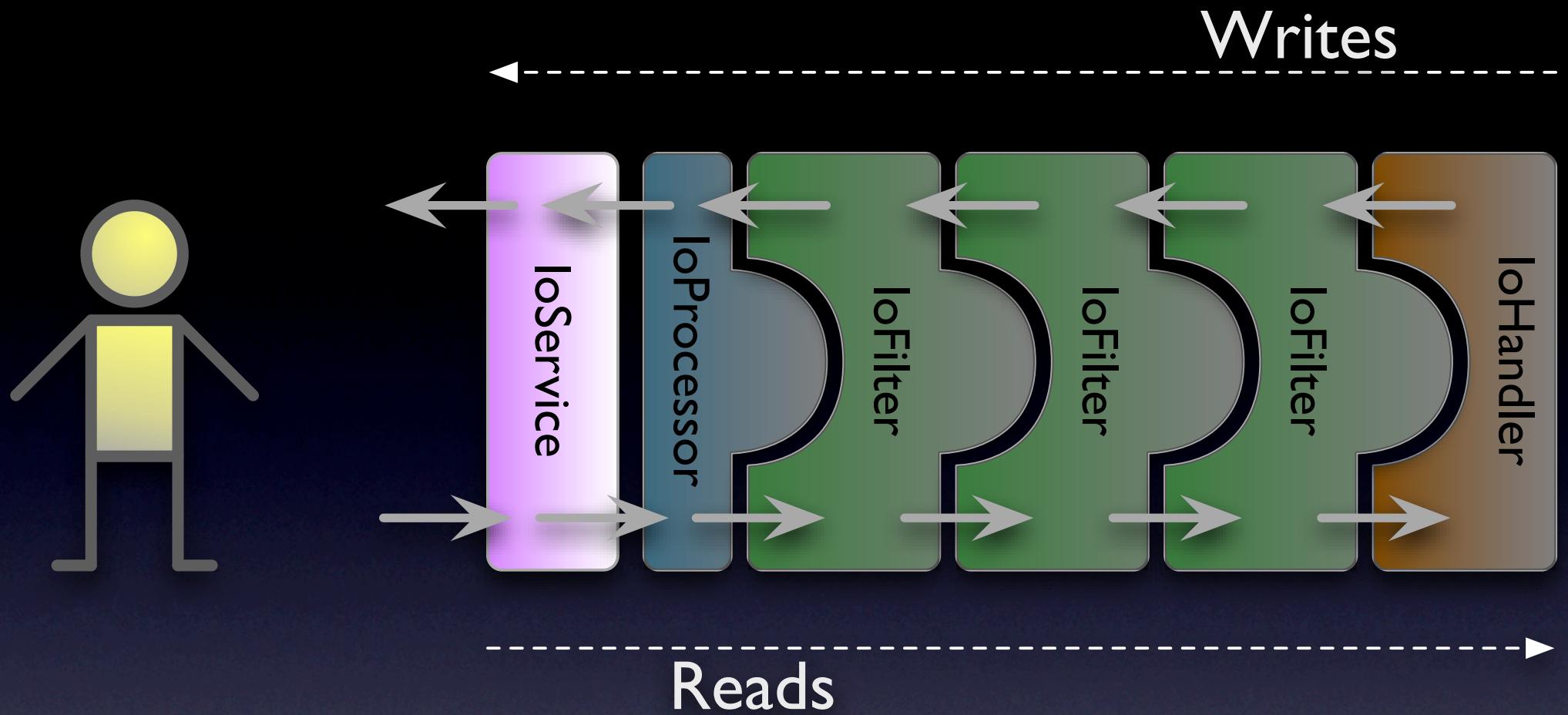
“act as server”

single thread for new connections

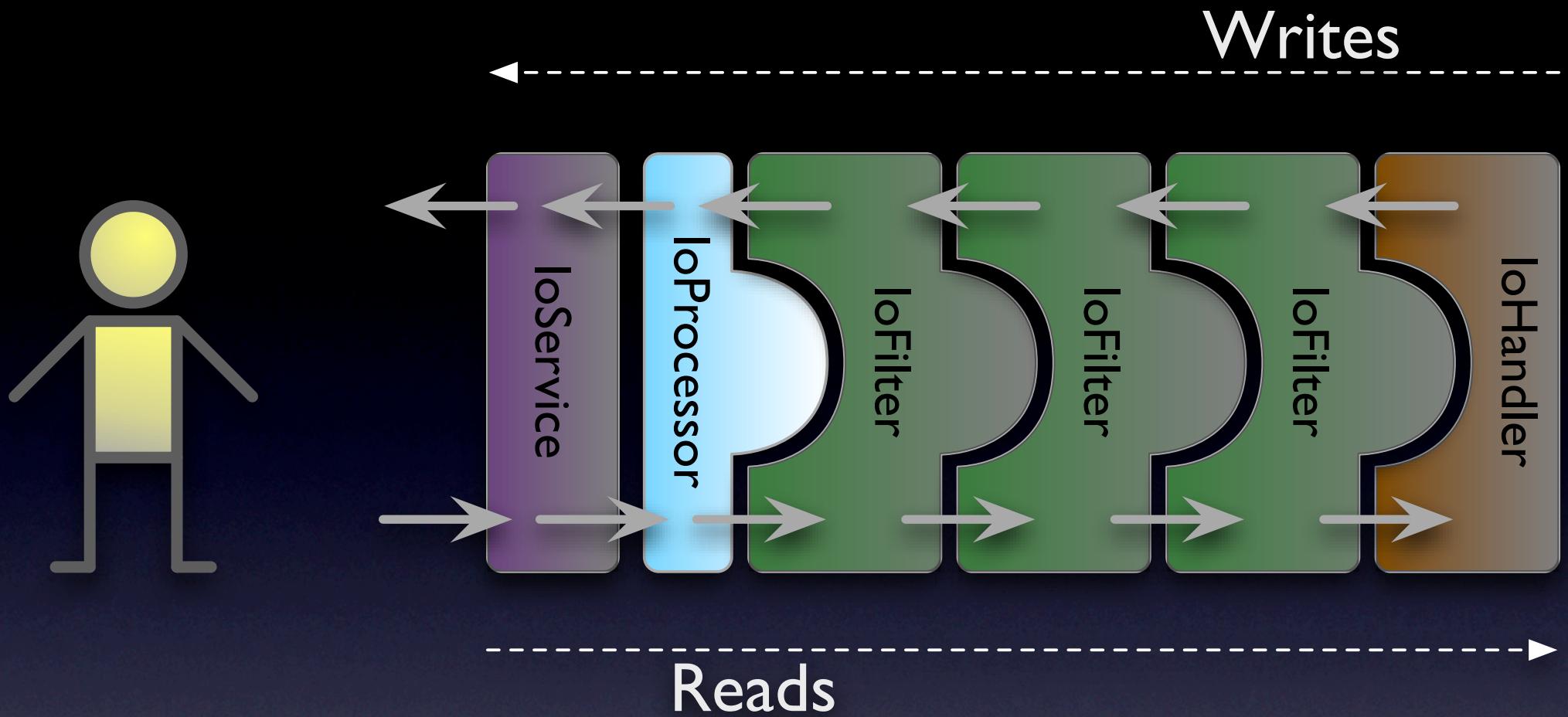


IoConnector

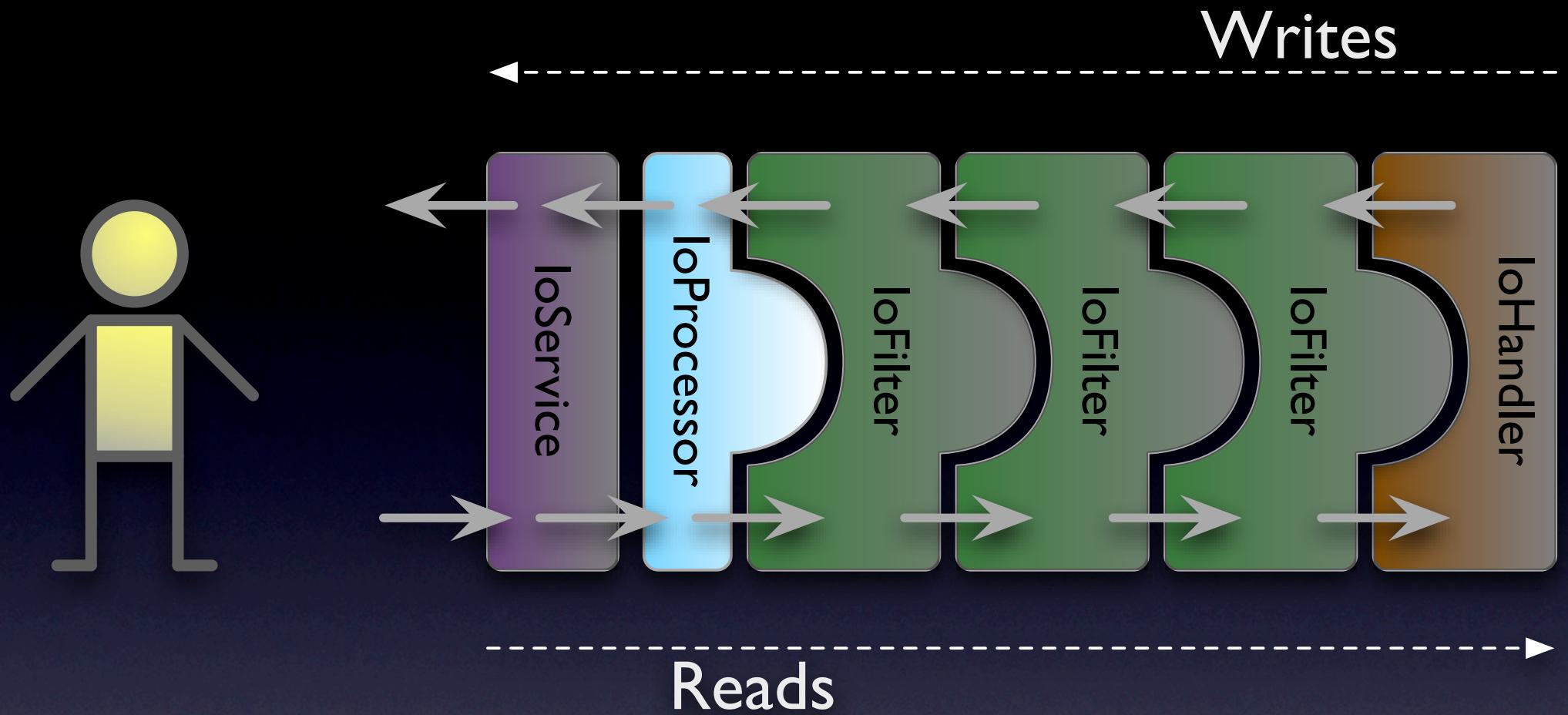
“act as client”



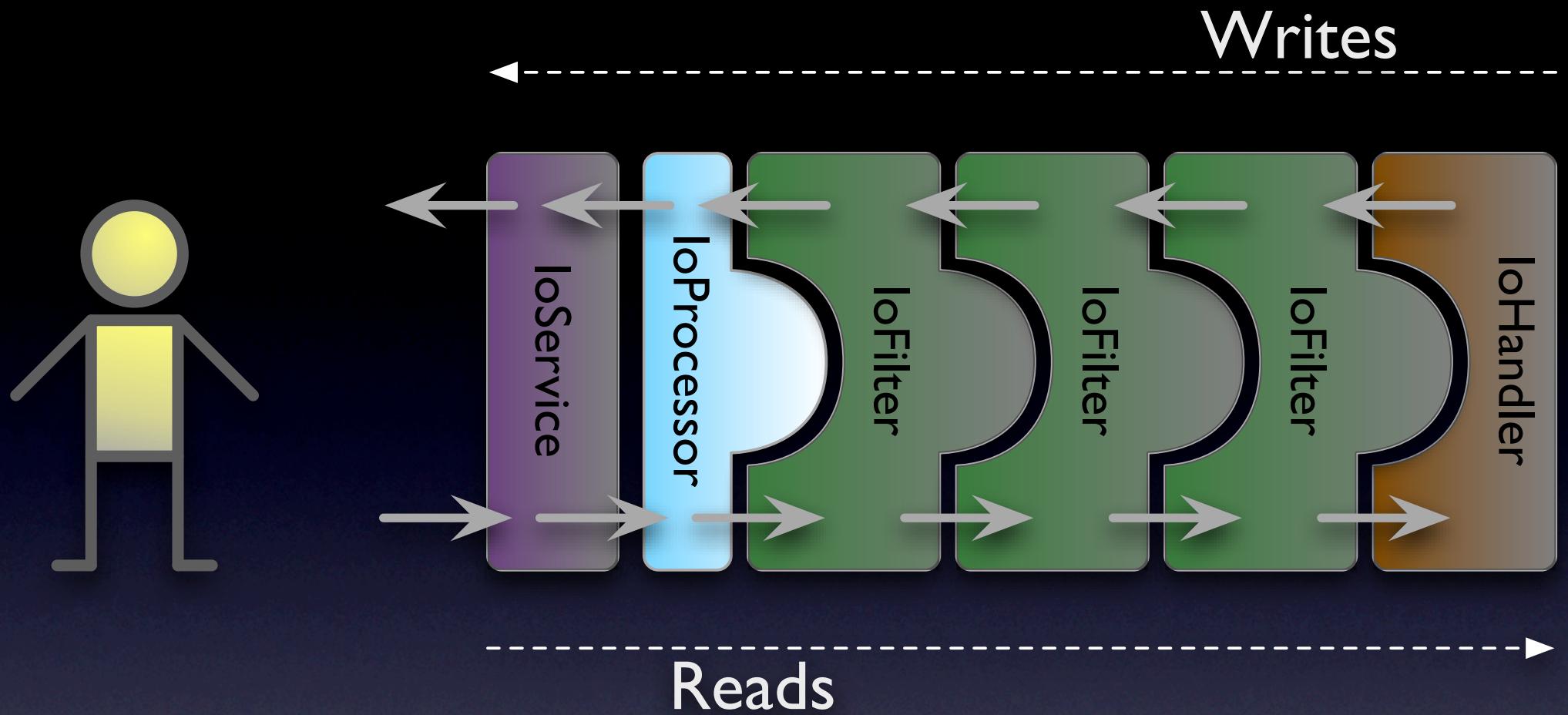
Connection instance
is an `IoSession`



Handles reads and writes

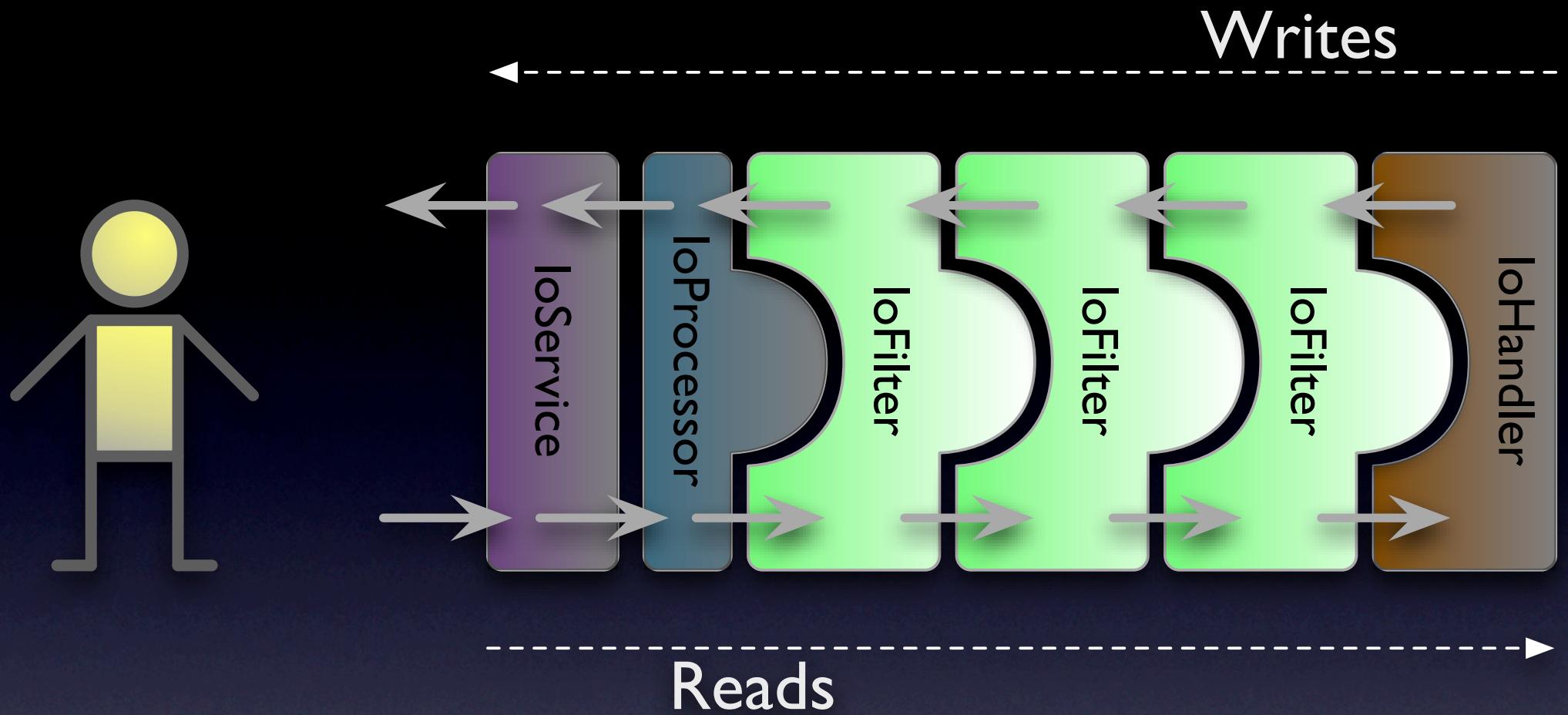


Instance count scales
with CPU/Load

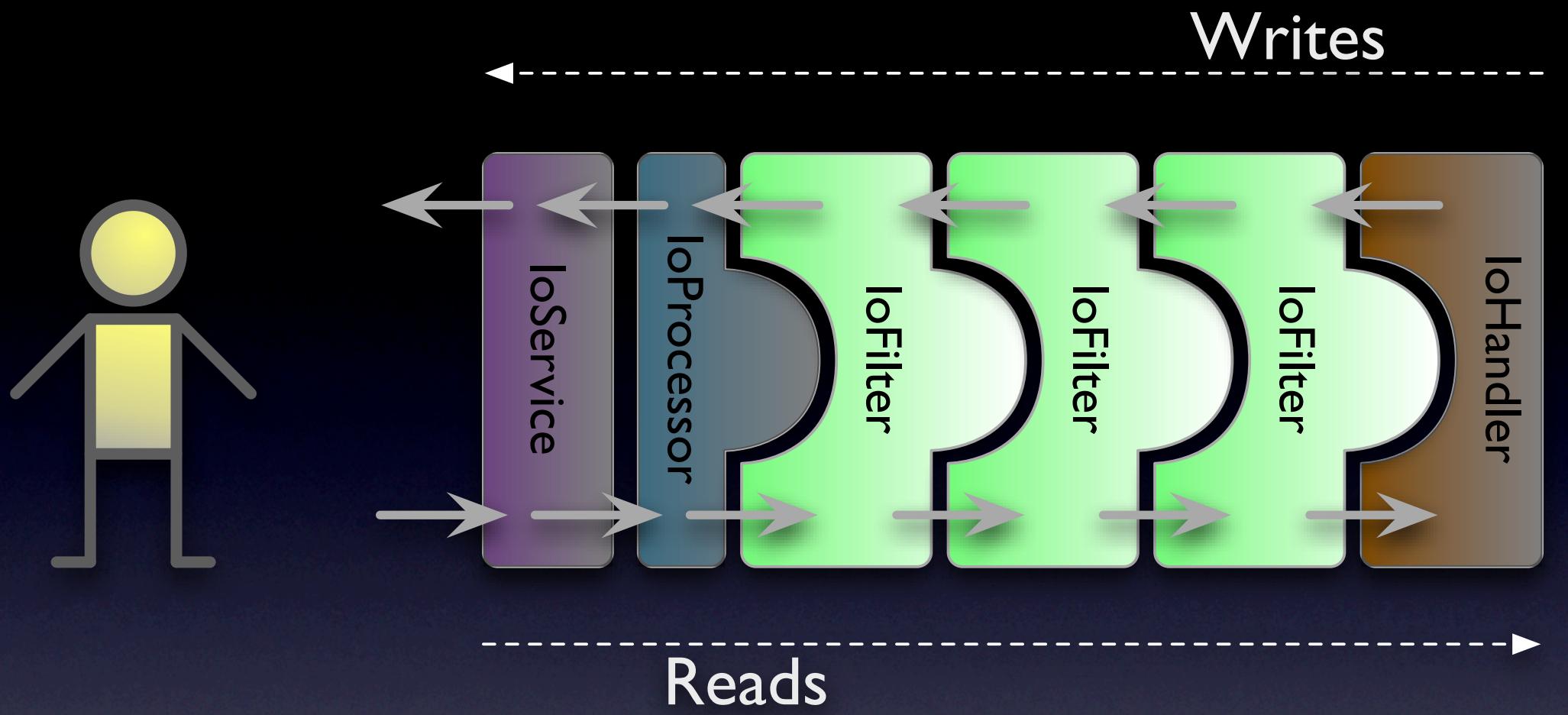


Session fixed to an Instance

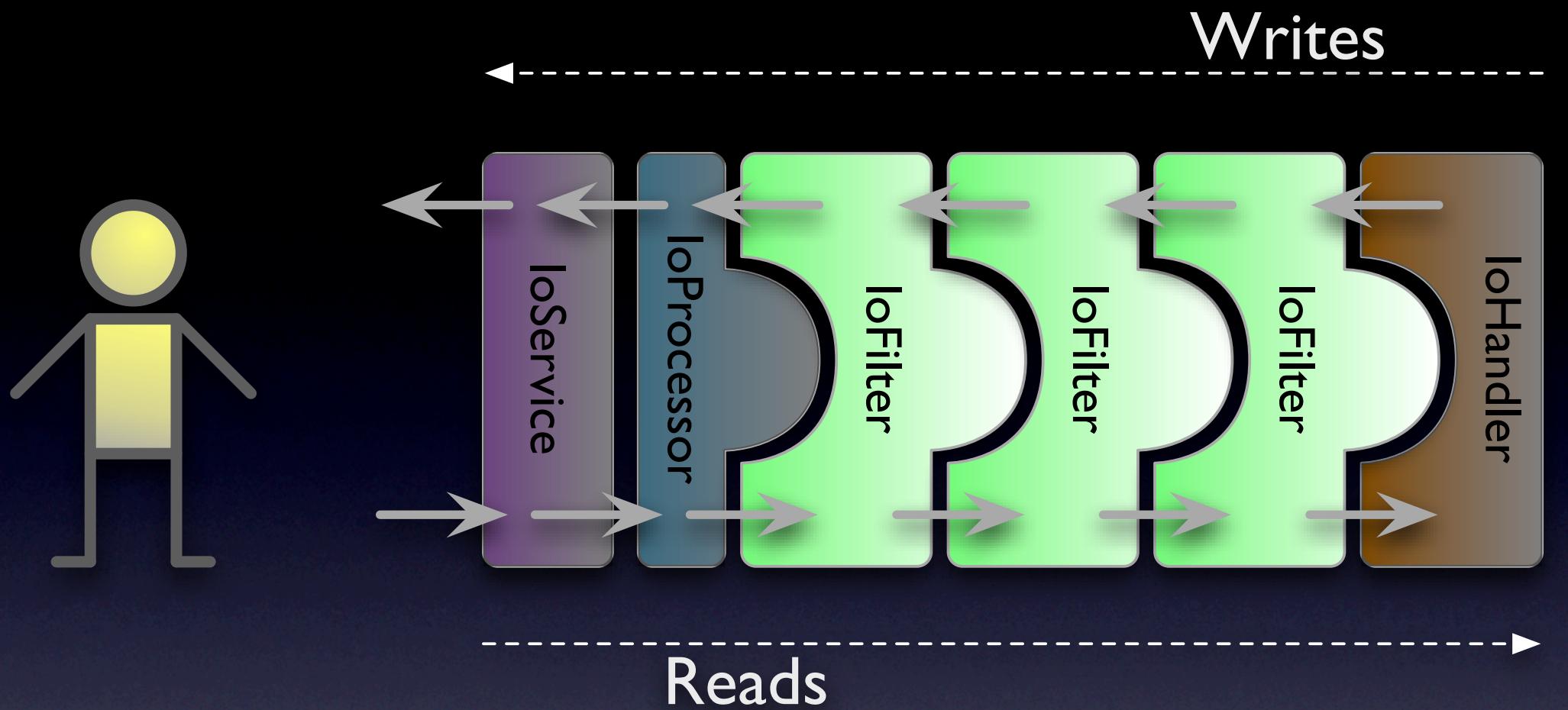
(under review for v2)



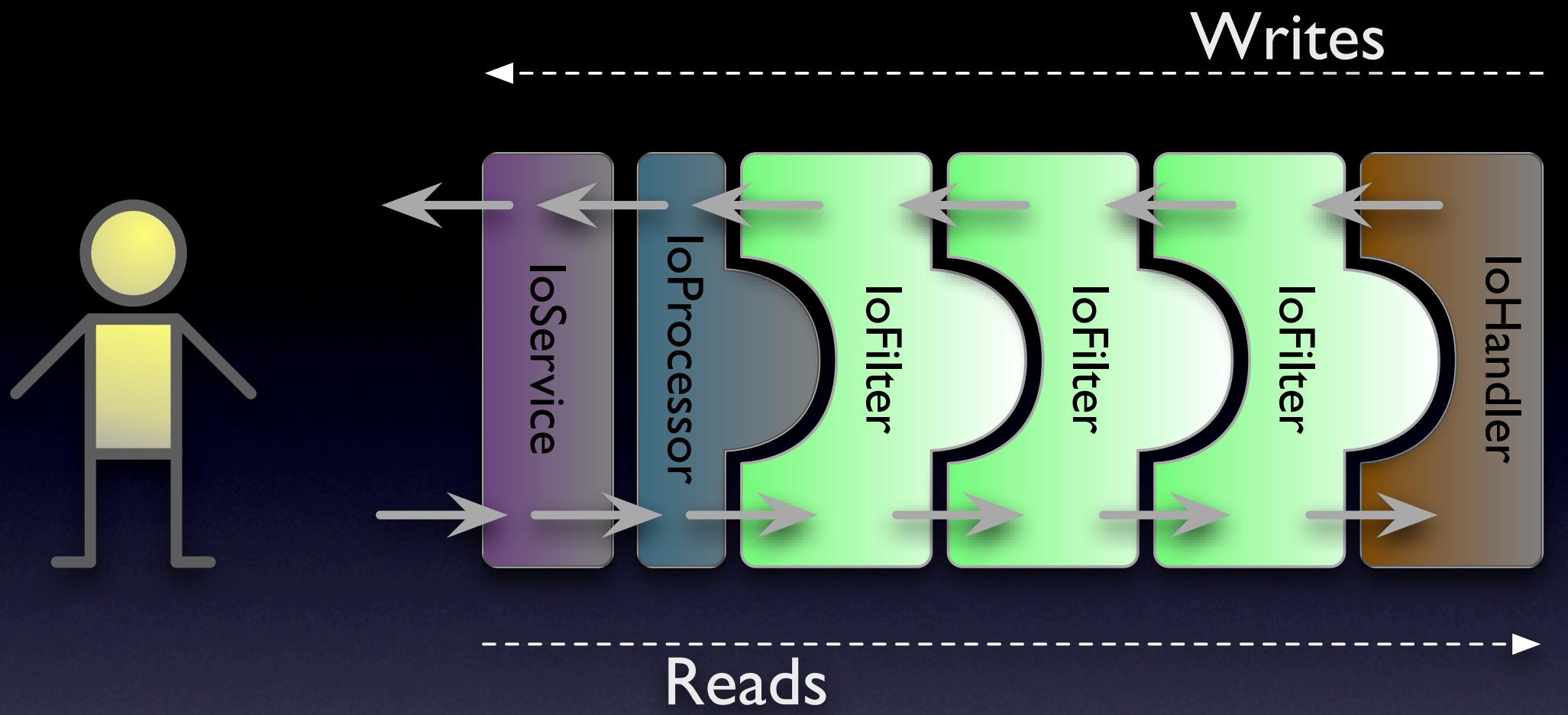
Chain of IoFilter's



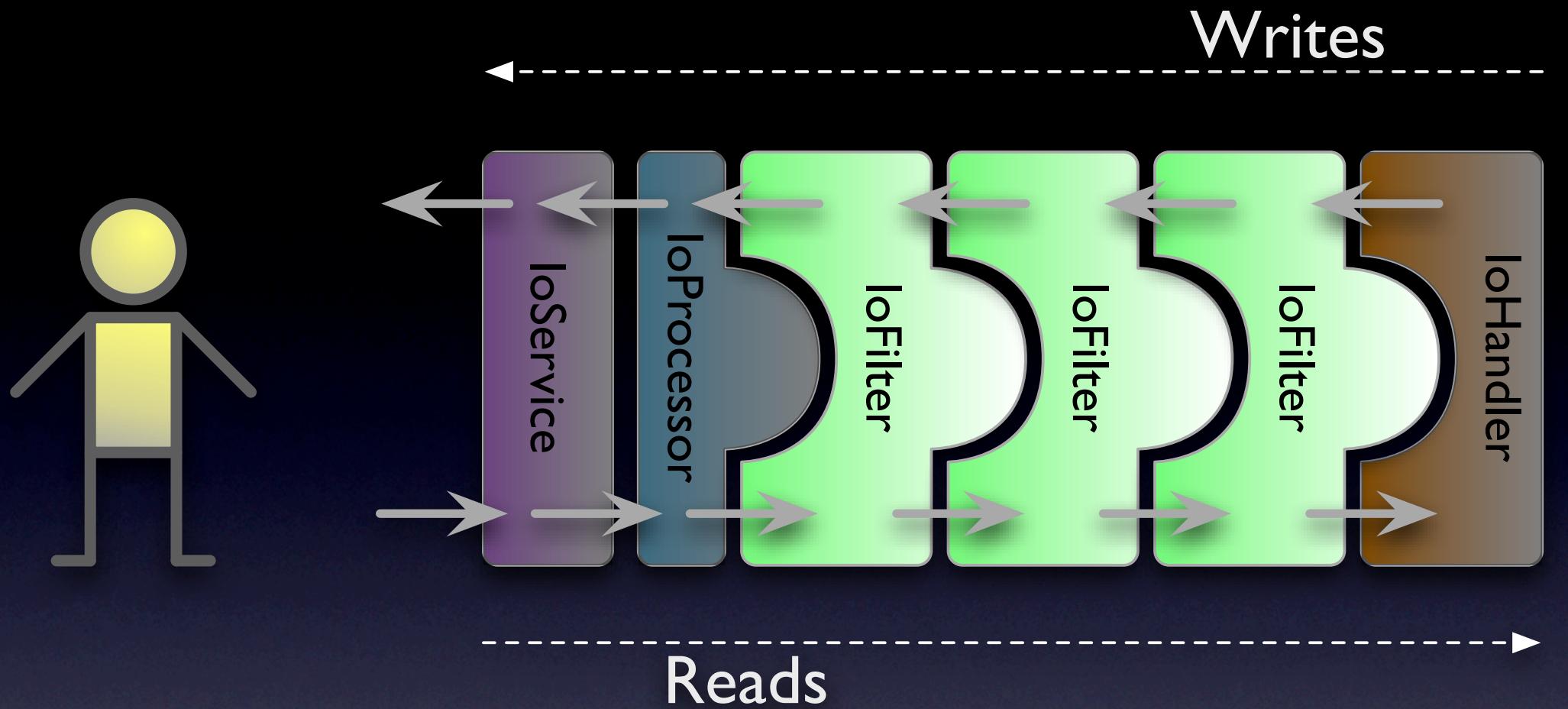
Per Connection



Reusable

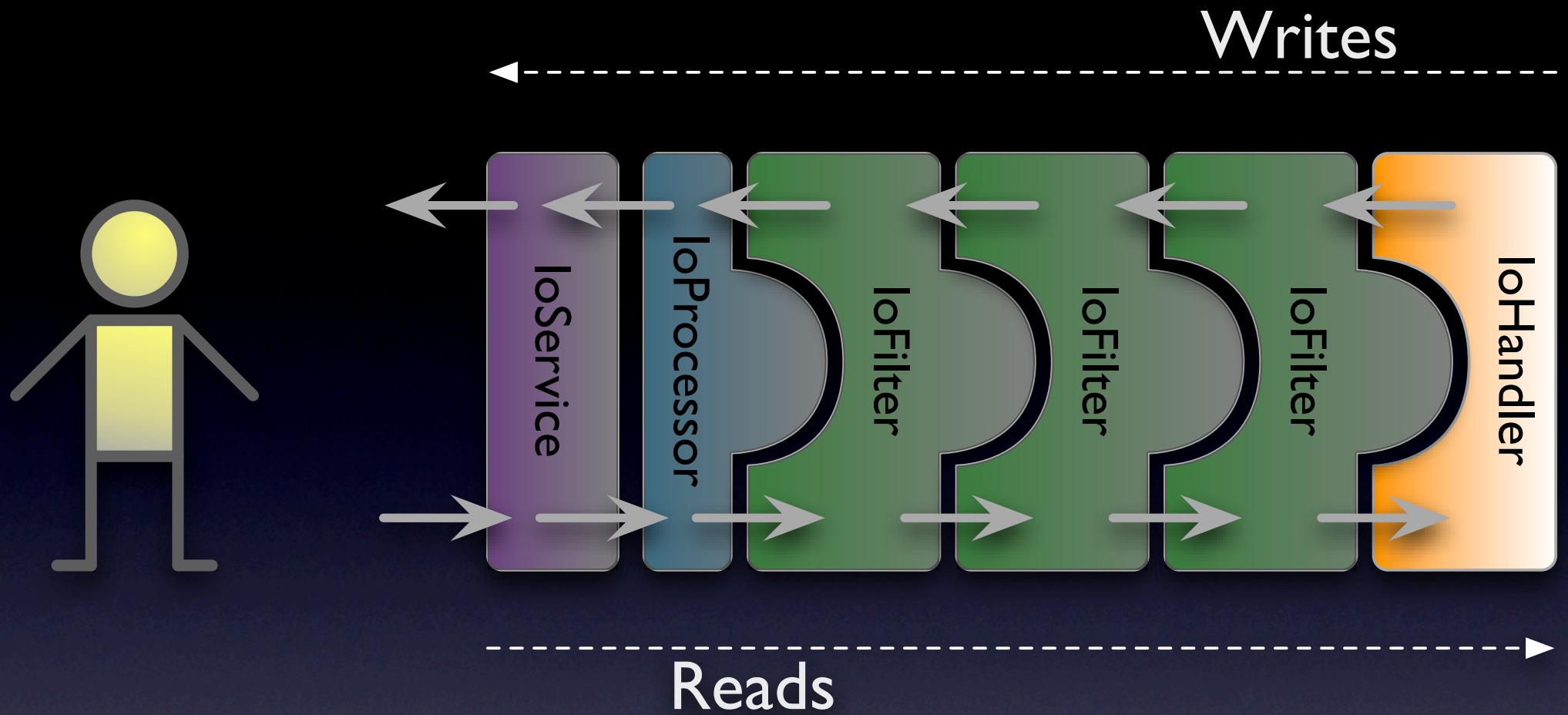


Hot Deployable



Filter all events

Read / Write / Idle / etc



**Application Logic
Lives Here**

Large Library of
IoFilter's

Protocol Conversion

- Framework to plug in your own codecs to handle conversion to/from a ByteBuffer
- Existing codecs
 - Text-based
 - Java Serialization

Blacklist

Logging

(great for debugging!)

SSL / TLS

Compression

Read Throttling

(we're working on a general solution for writes)

Thread Models

(a necessary evil)

“single threaded”

One IoProcessor
Thread

Scalability sucks

Add more IoProcessor Threads

(at least one per CPU core)

Lowest latency
Scales nicely

(connection latency to be addressed in v2)

“multi threaded”

use ExecutorFilter

IoProcessor threads
only do reads & writes
(the intent)

**Filters execute on a
different thread.**

(filter location is key!)

Work for a session is
serialized
(queued per session)

Work is delegated to an Executor

(generally a `java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor`)

Size thread pool to “active” session count

(too much in queue == OOM!
Use the Read Throttle filter)

“recommended application pattern”

- use **ExecutorFilter** as first in chain
 - unless you need really low latency
- use **ProtocolCodecFilter**
 - convert the wire protocol into a Java representation
- put application logic into an **IoHandler**
- store state in the **IoSession**
- minimum of **Java 5**
 - java.util.concurrent rocks!

Example Time!

Everybody loves a Haiku

```
public class HaikuValidator {  
    private static final int[] SYLLABLE_COUNTS = { 5, 7, 5 };  
  
    public void validate( Haiku haiku ) throws InvalidHaikuException {  
        String[] phrases = haiku.getPhrases();  
  
        for ( int i = 0; i < phrases.length; i++ ) {  
            String phrase = phrases[i];  
            int count = PhraseUtilities.countSyllablesInPhrase( phrase );  
  
            if ( count != SYLLABLE_COUNTS[i] ) {  
                throw new InvalidHaikuException( i + 1, phrase, count, SYLLABLE_COUNTS[i] );  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

This is our Haiku validator

Simple Protocol

- Connect
- Send 3 lines of text
- Receive **HAIKU!** or **NOT A HAIKU:**
 - (plus a little reason why not)

ProtocolCodecFilter + TextLineCodecFactory

Bytes to Java String's. For free!

```
public class ToHaikuIoFilter extends IoFilterAdapter {  
    @SuppressWarnings( { "unchecked" } )  
    @Override  
    public void messageReceived( NextFilter nextFilter, IoSession session, Object message )  
        throws Exception  
    {  
        List<String> phrases = (List<String>) session.getAttribute( "phrases" );  
        |  
        if ( null == phrases ) {  
            phrases = new ArrayList<String>();  
            session.setAttribute( "phrases", phrases );  
        }  
  
        phrases.add( (String) message );  
  
        if ( phrases.size() == 3 ) {  
            session.removeAttribute( "phrases" );  
  
            super.messageReceived( nextFilter,  
                session,  
                new Haiku( phrases.toArray( new String[3] ) ) );  
        }  
    }  
}
```

ToHaikuloFilter

Three String's to a Haiku

```
public void testThreeStringsMakesAHaiku() throws Exception {
    Mock list = mock( List.class );
    list.expects( once() ).method( "add" ).with( eq( "two" ) ).will( returnValue( true ) );
    list.expects( once() ).method( "add" ).with( eq( "three" ) ).will( returnValue( true ) );
    list.expects( once() ).method( "toArray" ).with( isA( String[].class ) )
        .will( returnValue( new String[]{ "one", "two", "three" } ) );
    list.expects( exactly( 2 ) ).method( "size" )
        .will( onConsecutiveCalls( returnValue( 2 ), returnValue( 3 ) ) );

    Mock session = mock( IoSession.class );
    session.expects( exactly( 3 ) ).method( "getAttribute" ).with( eq( "phrases" ) )
        .will( onConsecutiveCalls( returnValue( null ), returnValue( list.proxy() ),
            returnValue( list.proxy() ), returnValue( list.proxy() ) ) );
    session.expects( exactly( 1 ) ).method( "setAttribute" )
        .with( eq( "phrases" ), eq( Collections.emptyList() ) );
    session.expects( exactly( 1 ) ).method( "removeAttribute" ).with( eq( "phrases" ) );

    IoSession sessionProxy = (IoSession) session.proxy();

    Mock nextFilter = mock( IoFilter.NextFilter.class );
    nextFilter.expects( once() ).method( "messageReceived" )
        .with( eq( sessionProxy ), eq( new Haiku( "one", "two", "three" ) ) );

    IoFilter.NextFilter nextFilterProxy = (IoFilter.NextFilter) nextFilter.proxy();

    filter.messageReceived( nextFilterProxy, sessionProxy, "one" );
    filter.messageReceived( nextFilterProxy, sessionProxy, "two" );
    filter.messageReceived( nextFilterProxy, sessionProxy, "three" );
}
```

Filter is very testable
(mock objects rock!)

```
public class HaikuValidatorIoHandler extends IoHandlerAdapter {  
  
    private final HaikuValidator validator = new HaikuValidator();  
  
    @Override  
    public void messageReceived( IoSession session, Object message ) throws Exception {  
        Haiku haiku = (Haiku) message;  
  
        try {  
            validator.validate( haiku );  
            session.write( "HAIKU!" );  
        } catch( InvalidHaikuException e ) {  
            session.write( "NOT A HAIKU: " + e.getMessage() );  
        }  
    }  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}
```

IoHandler is very simple

Validate Haiku, send result

Also very testable

```
public class HaikuValidationServer {  
    public static void main( String... args ) throws Exception {  
        ExecutorService executor = Executors.newCachedThreadPool();  
        SocketAcceptor acceptor =  
            new SocketAcceptor( Runtime.getRuntime().availableProcessors(), executor );  
  
        SocketAcceptorConfig config = new SocketAcceptorConfig();  
  
        config.getFilterChain().addLast( "executor", new ExecutorFilter( executor ) );  
        config.getFilterChain().addLast( "to-string",  
            new ProtocolCodecFilter( new TextLineCodecFactory( Charset.forName( "US-ASCII" ) ) ) );  
        config.getFilterChain().addLast( "to-haiku", new ToHaikuIoFilter() );  
        // Validate Haiku, send  
        acceptor.bind( new InetSocketAddress( 42458 ), new HaikuValidatorIoHandler(), config );  
    }  
}
```

Very easy to hook it all up



Questions?



THANK
YOU!

Thank You!

<http://mina.apache.org>