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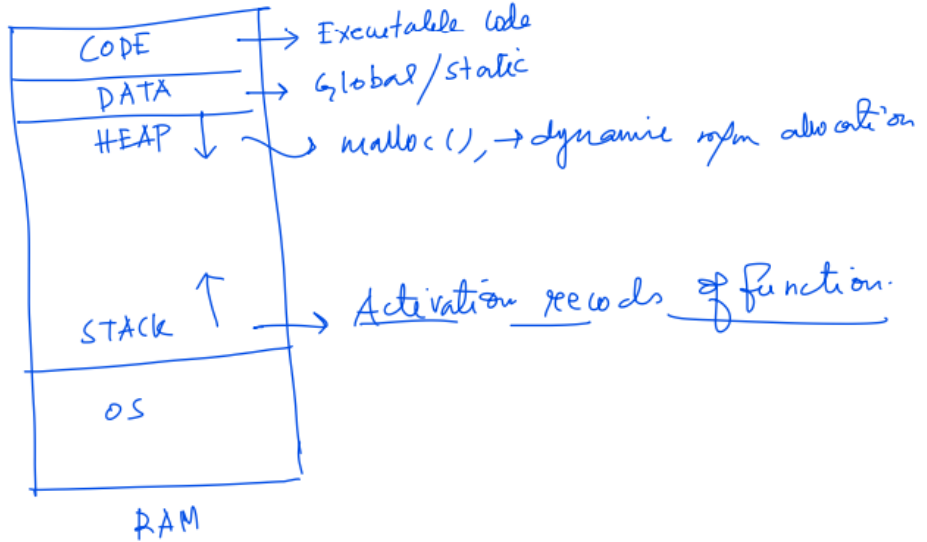
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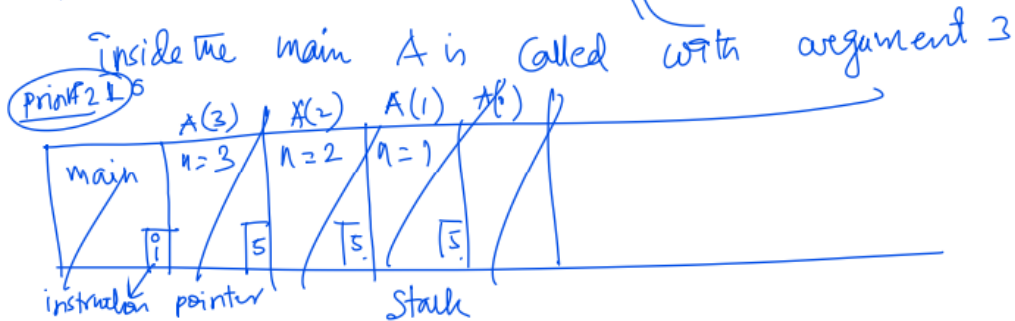
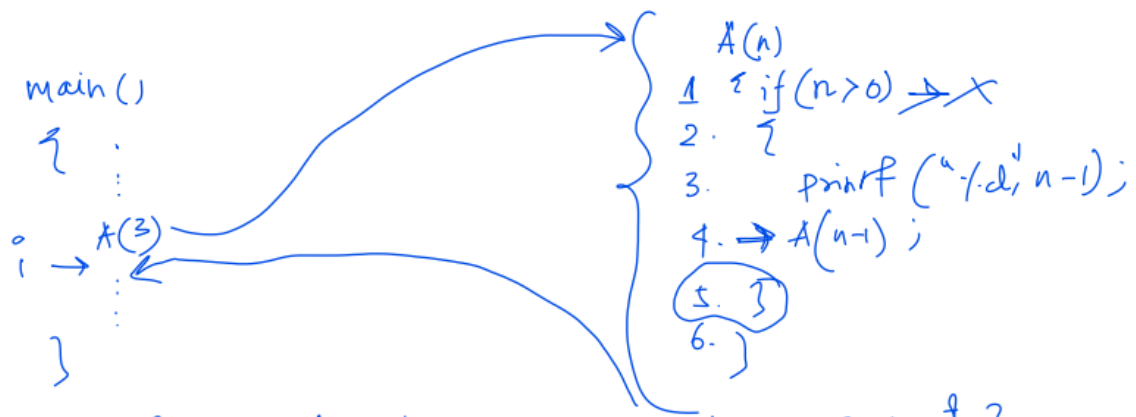
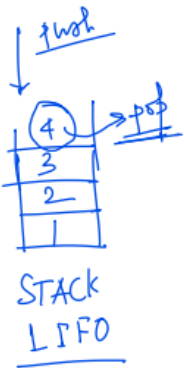
garbage

static int a; printf("%d", a);
extern int a;

Register mit a_i

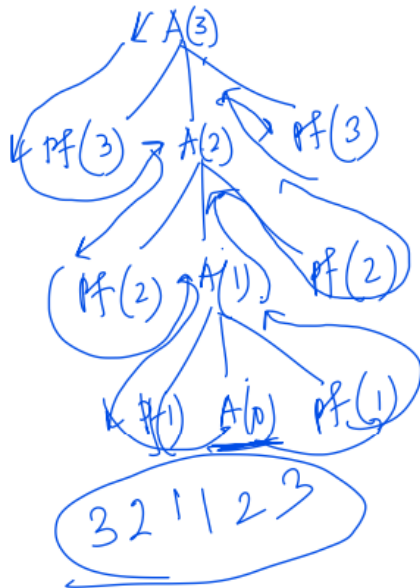
2.





- When a function is called an Activation Record is created.
- Instruction pointer is nothing but the next statement that has to be executed once you get back from the recursion.
- What is present inside the stack of a function that is local variable and IP

Tree method



$A(n)$

$\{ \text{if } (n > 0)$

$\{ \text{printf } (n);$

$A(n-1);$

$\text{printf } (n);$

$\}$



factorial using recursion

$$n! = n(n-1)(n-2) \dots -$$

$$5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

typedef #include <stdio.h>
long unsigned int L;

L fact (int n)

$\{ \text{if } (n < 2),$
return 1;

$\text{return } n * \text{fact}(n-1);$
 $\}$

fact(4)

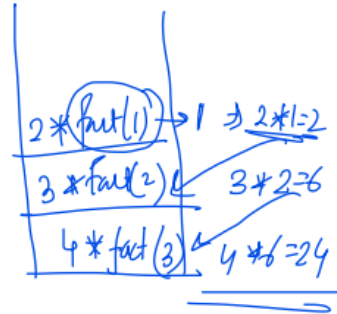
$n = 4$

$n < 2 \times$

fact(3)

$n = 3 < 2 \times$

return hofact(n)



```
int main()
```

mit i)

```
printf("enter a no"); → 4
```

$$\text{scanf}(\text{"%d", &i}); \rightarrow$$

```
printf("Factorial (%d) = %ld\n", i, fact(i));
```

1

GCD of two no's

```
int gcd (inta, int b)
```

$$\sum_{b=0}^{\infty} (b=0)$$

return a;

```
return gcd(b, a % b);
```

?

fact(2)
2 < 2 X

return

fact(1)

$$\eta = 1 \times 2$$
$$a \div b$$

Handwritten diagram illustrating the Euclidean algorithm for finding the GCD of two numbers, a and b . The process shows a series of divisions:

- a is divided by b to get a quotient of 1 and a remainder of 12.
- b is divided by 12 to get a quotient of 12 and a remainder of 2.
- 12 is divided by 2 to get a quotient of 6 and a remainder of 0.

The final result is the GCD, which is 2. The diagram also shows the formula $\text{GCD}(a, b) = \text{GCD}(b, a \% b)$ and a crossed-out circle with an 'X'.

LAB-ASSIGNMENT 5 (Function)

SUBJECT: Computer Lab. SUBJECT CODE: CS111. SEMESTER: I

1. Write a program to add three numbers using function.
2. Write a program to find the sum of the digits of a number using function.
3. Write a program to find the prime numbers within a specific range using function.
4. Write a program to find the factorial of 0 to 10.
5. Write a program to find the factorial of a number using recursion.
6. Find the GCD of two numbers using recursion.
7. Write a program to explain the call by value and call by reference mechanism.
8. Write a program to differentiate between static, auto and global variable.

2536

2+5+3+6

253

while (n > 0)

{ m = n % 10;

n = n / 10;

Sum = Sum + m;

}

0 1 2 3 5 8 - - -

Fibonacci series using recursion.

(*)

(*)

checking divisibility by 9 and 11
using recursion