Topics to discuss

- · Find HCF/GCD of two numbers
- · Brûte force and Optimal Solution.
- · Its time & space complexity.
- · Add to Github

GCD or HCF of two Numbers

Greatest common divisor Heighest common factor.

for example:

S divisors of 10 is 1,2,5,10 divisors of 32 is 1,2,4,8,16,32

Common divisors = 1,2

Greatest common divisor = 2

static int gcd (int a, int b) {

int min = Math.min(a,b);

int result = 1;

for (int i=1; i <= min; i+t) {

if (a; i==0 && b; i==0) {

result=i;

return result;

Test case T: #DSAWithArfin 1/p: a=10, b=32 O/p: 2

Test case II:

I/p: a=50, b=100

O/p: 50

i = (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (0)

oms = 2

Euclidean Algorithm / Euclid's Method

Example: a=35, b=25

$$\frac{25)35(1)}{10)25(2)}$$

$$\frac{25}{10})25(2)$$

$$\frac{25}{20}(2)$$

$$\frac{25}{10}(2)$$

$$\frac{25}{10}(2)$$

Note: let 'b' be smaller than 'a' gcd (a,b) = gcd (a-b,b) 5 = qcd(10, 25)= ged (10, L5) = gcd (10,5) = gcd (5,5) = 5

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Static int Esolution (int a, int b) {

int min = Math. min(a,b);

int max = Math. max(a,b);

if (a == b) return a;

else return Esolution (max-min, min);

}
```

$$gcd(a,b) = gcd(a-b,b)$$

b(a

$$ged(a,b) = gcd(b,a\%b)$$

example: $a = 8$, $b = 36$
 $gcd(8,36) = gcd(36,4)$
 $= gcd(4,0)$

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Start Practicing



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