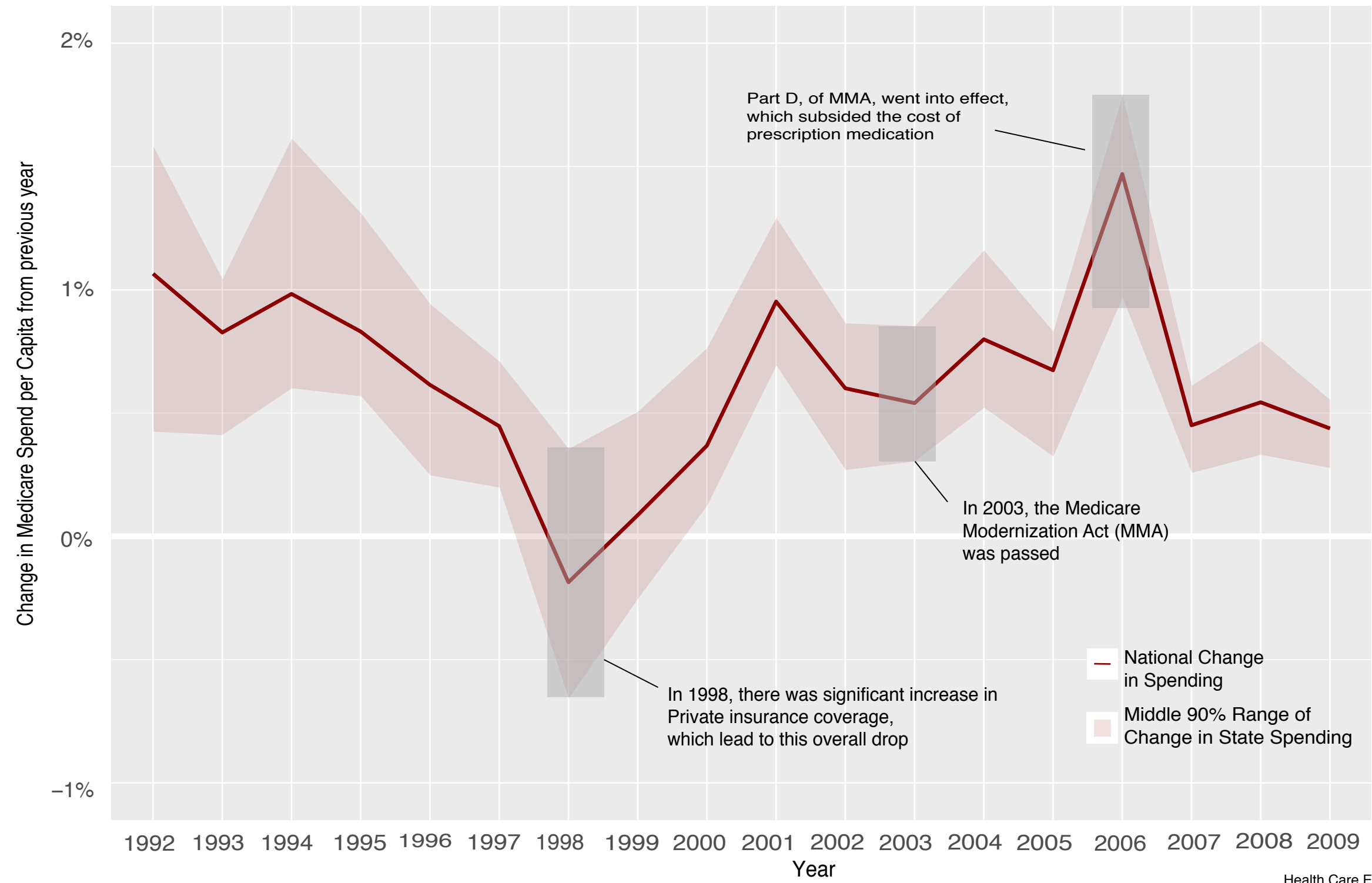


An Introduction to US Healthcare: A Visual Overview of US Health Demographics, Hospital Performance, and Cancer Prevalence

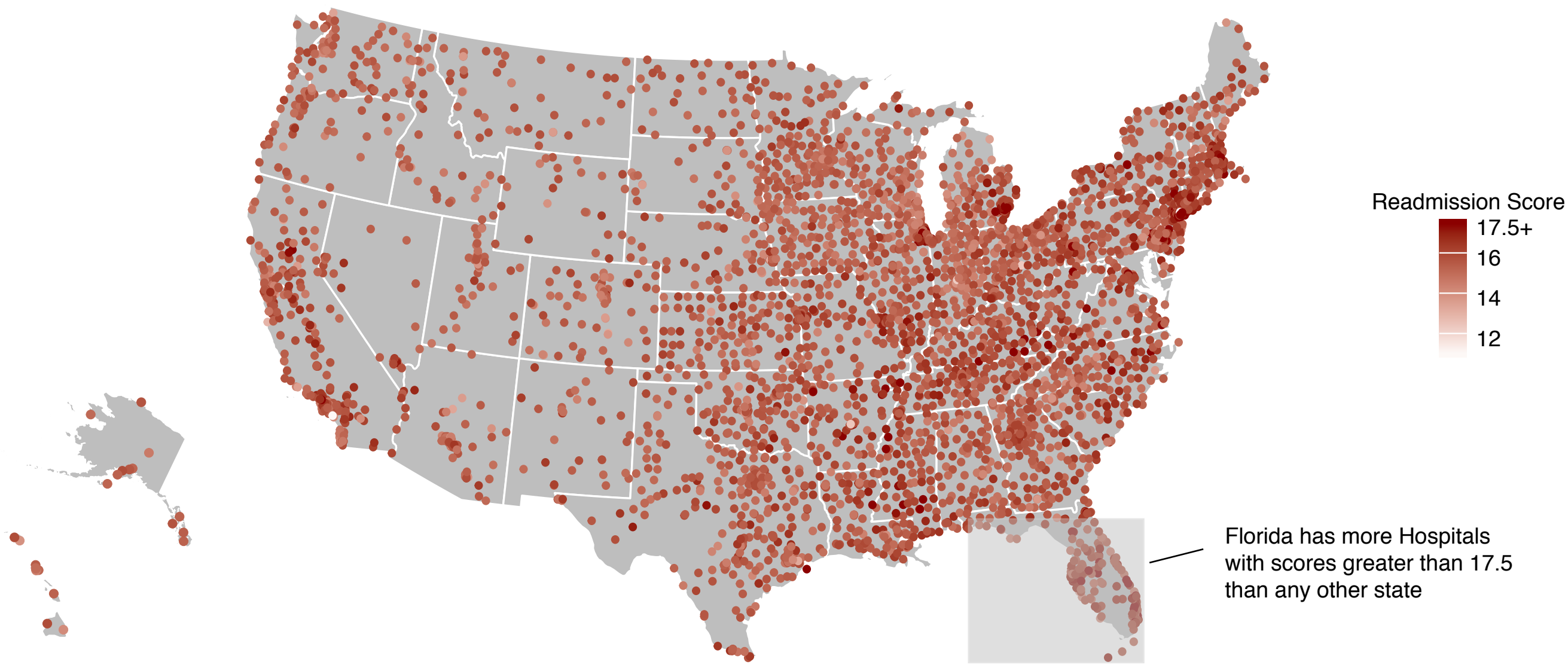
By: Arif Ali

Primary Sources: CDC, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, and the Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation

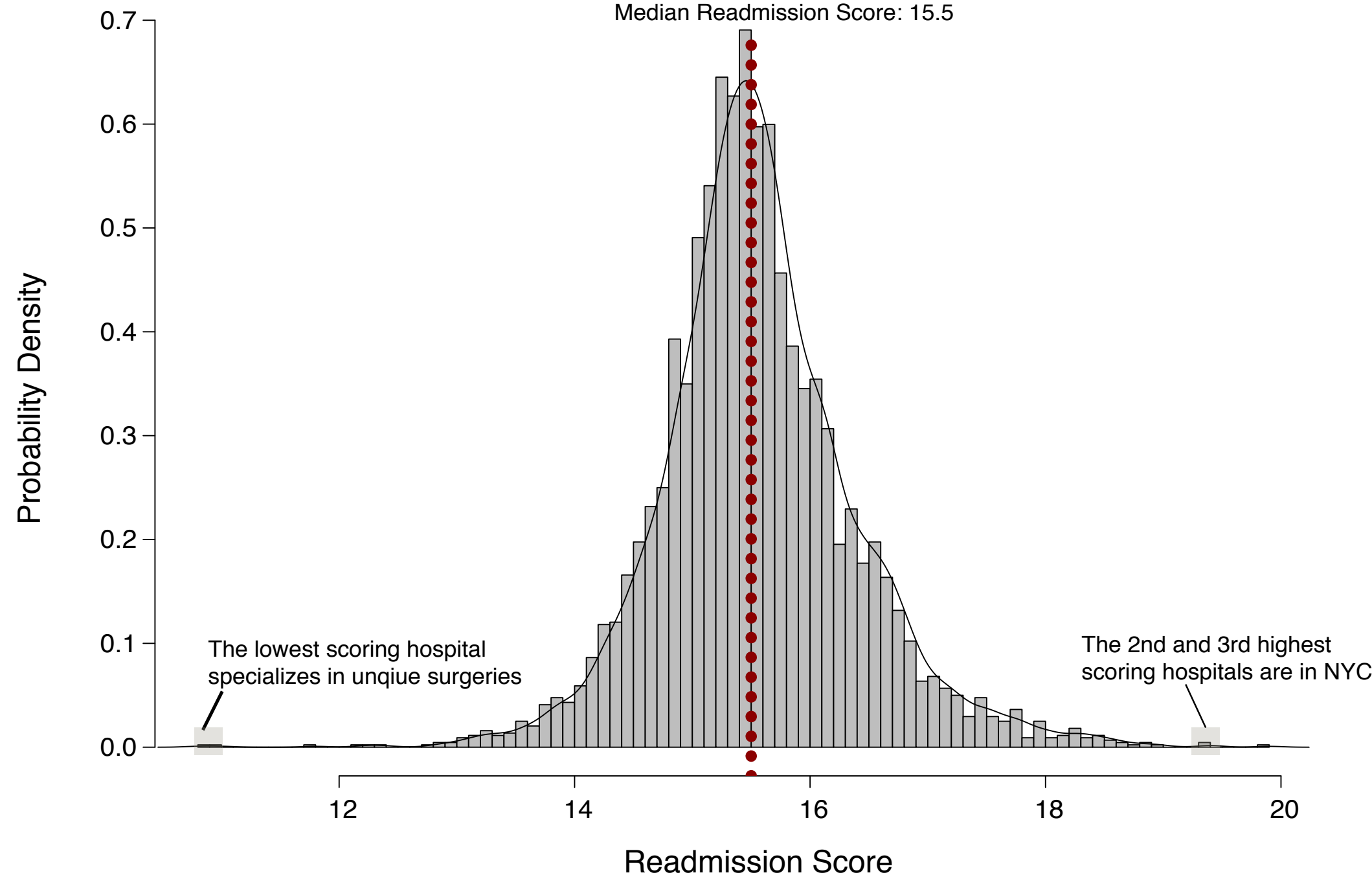
State change in Medicare Spending per Recipient do not Deviate



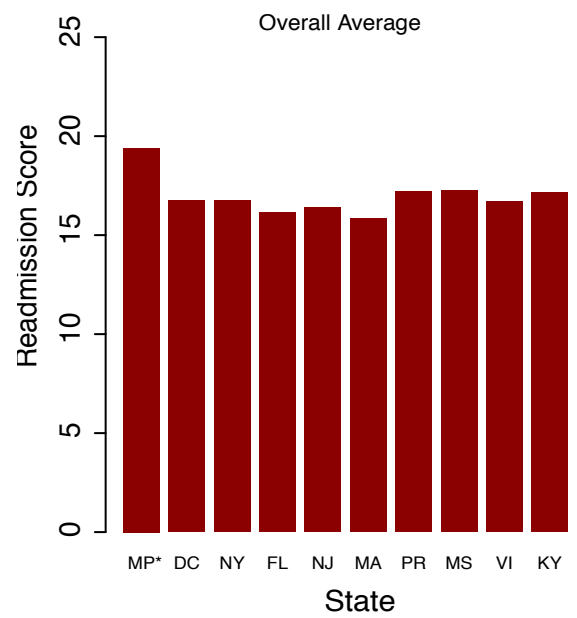
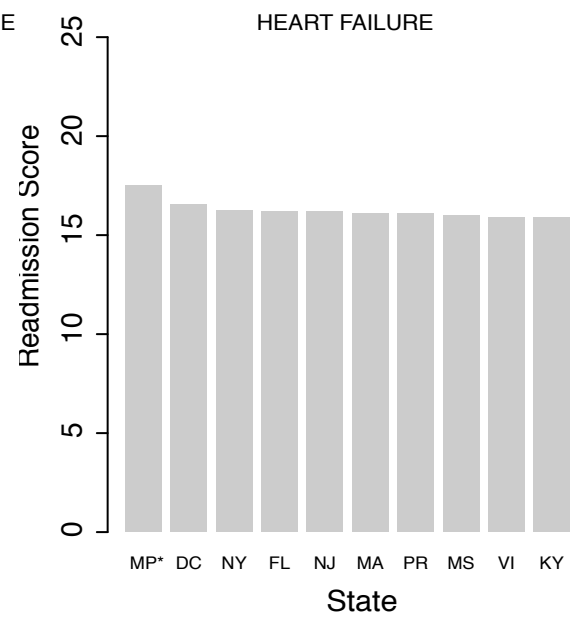
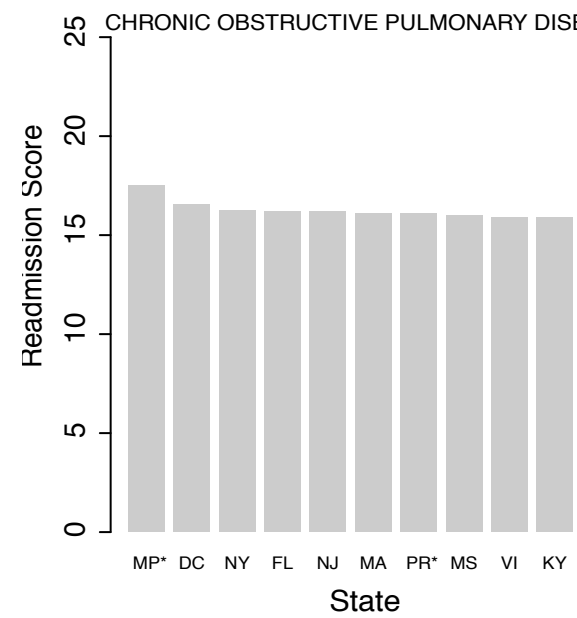
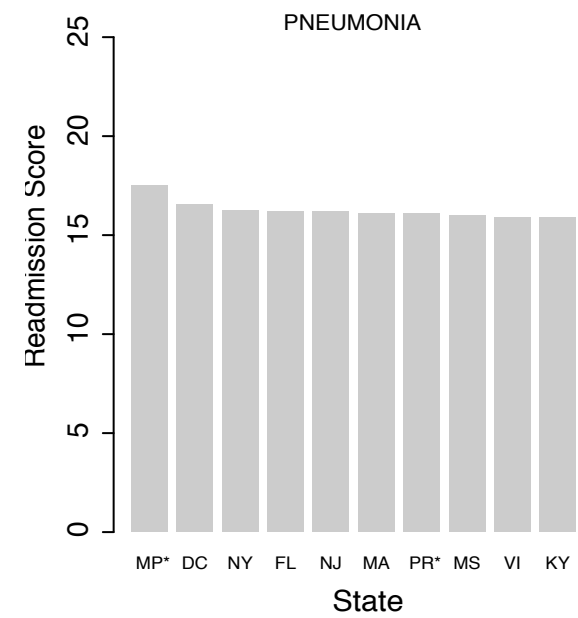
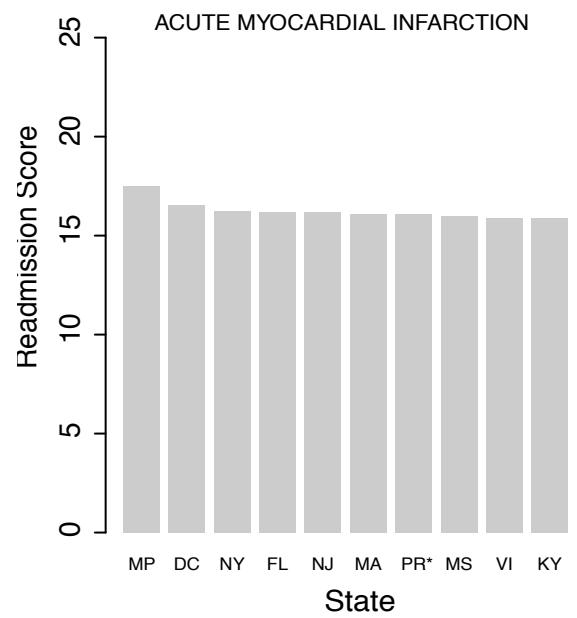
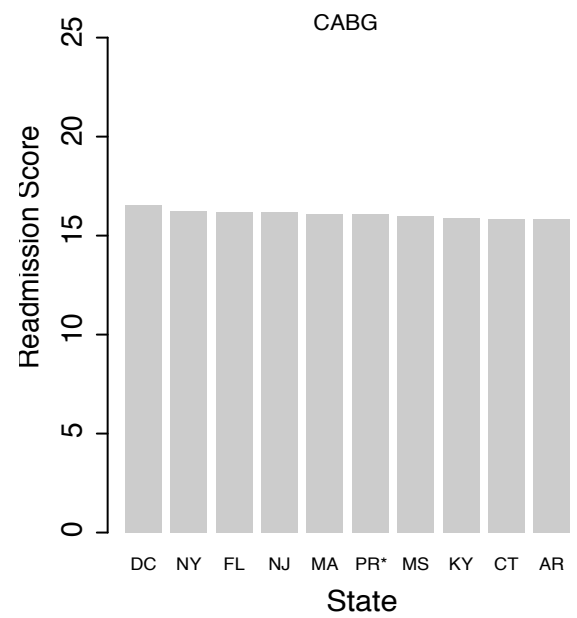
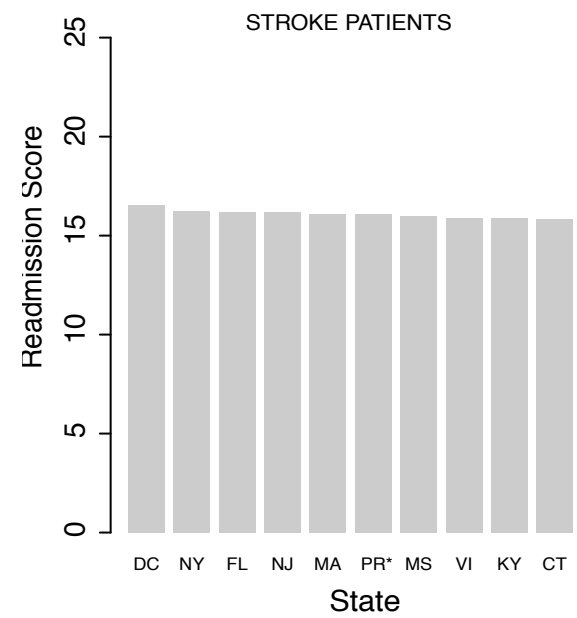
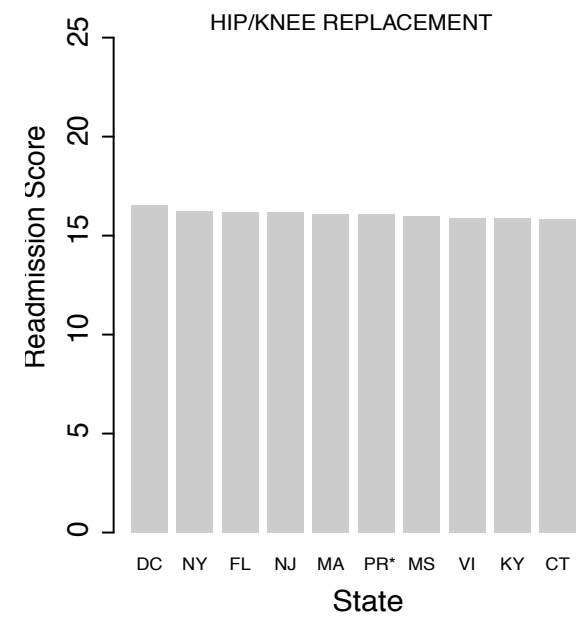
The East Coast has a significantly greater density of Higher Readmission Scoring Hospitals



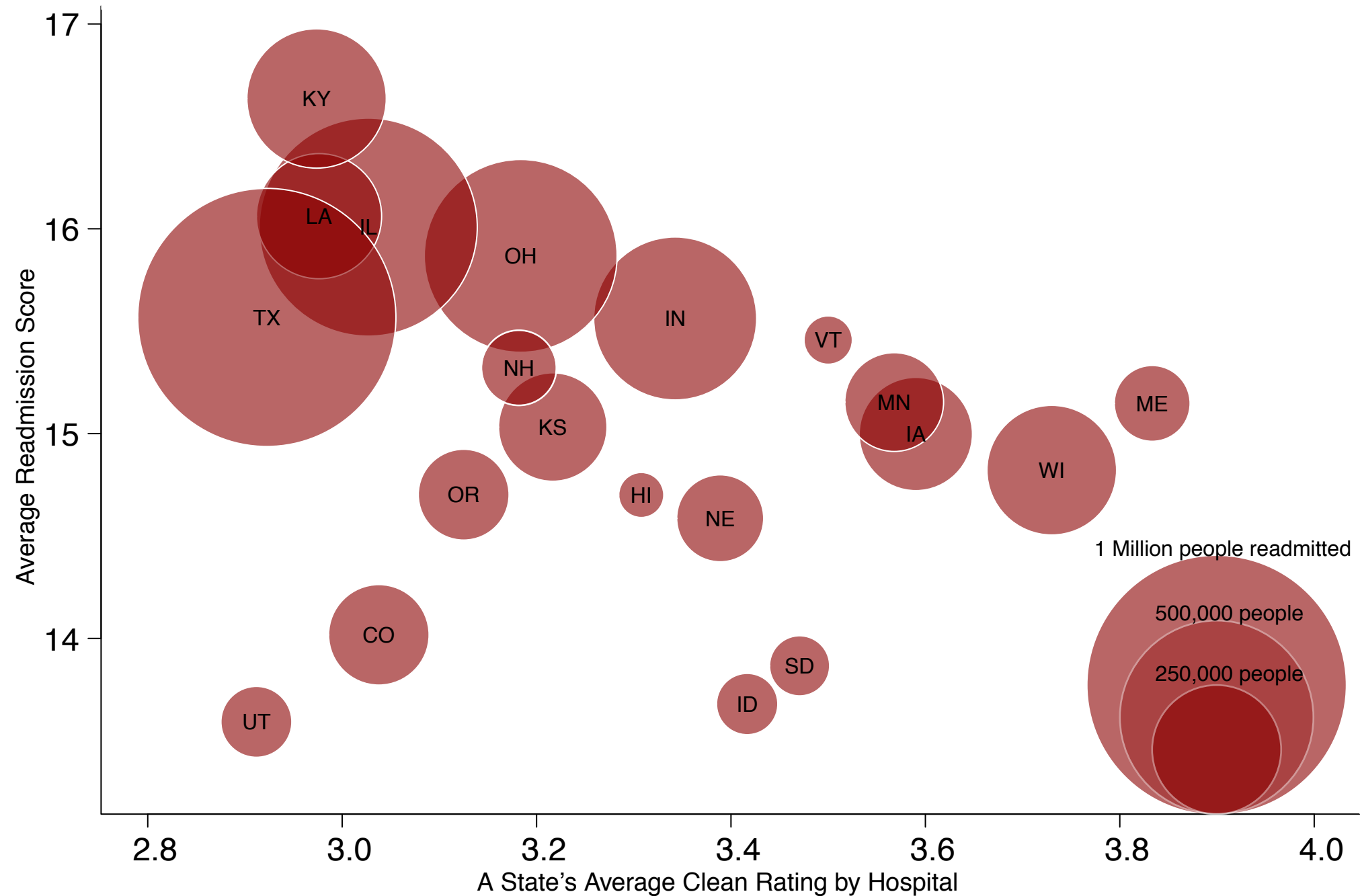
Distribution of U.S. Hospital Readmission Scores



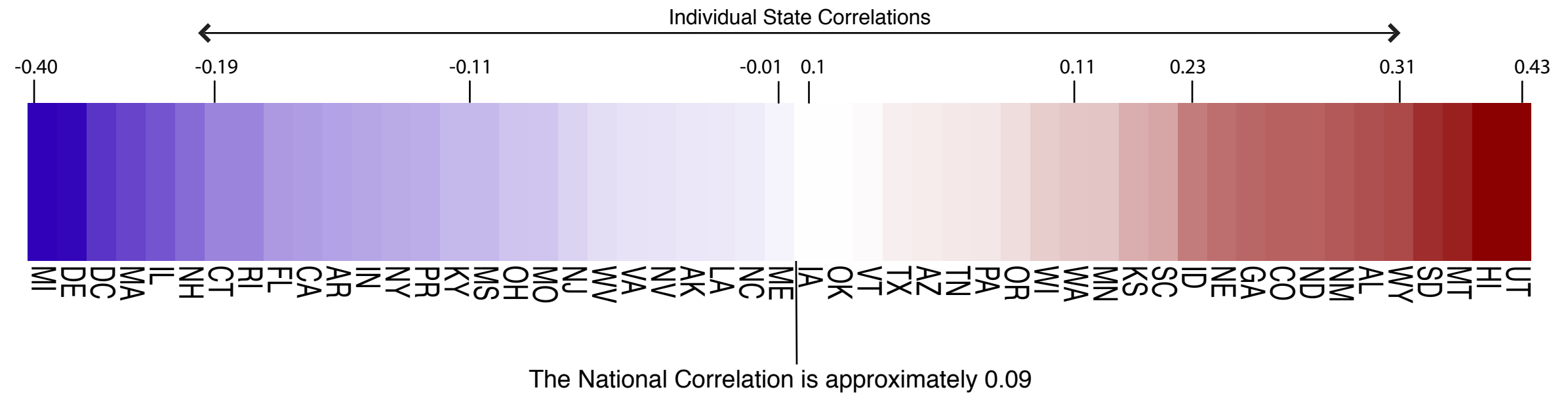
Average Hospital Readmission Score by Medical Reason (higher Readmission Scores indicate higher Readmission Rate)



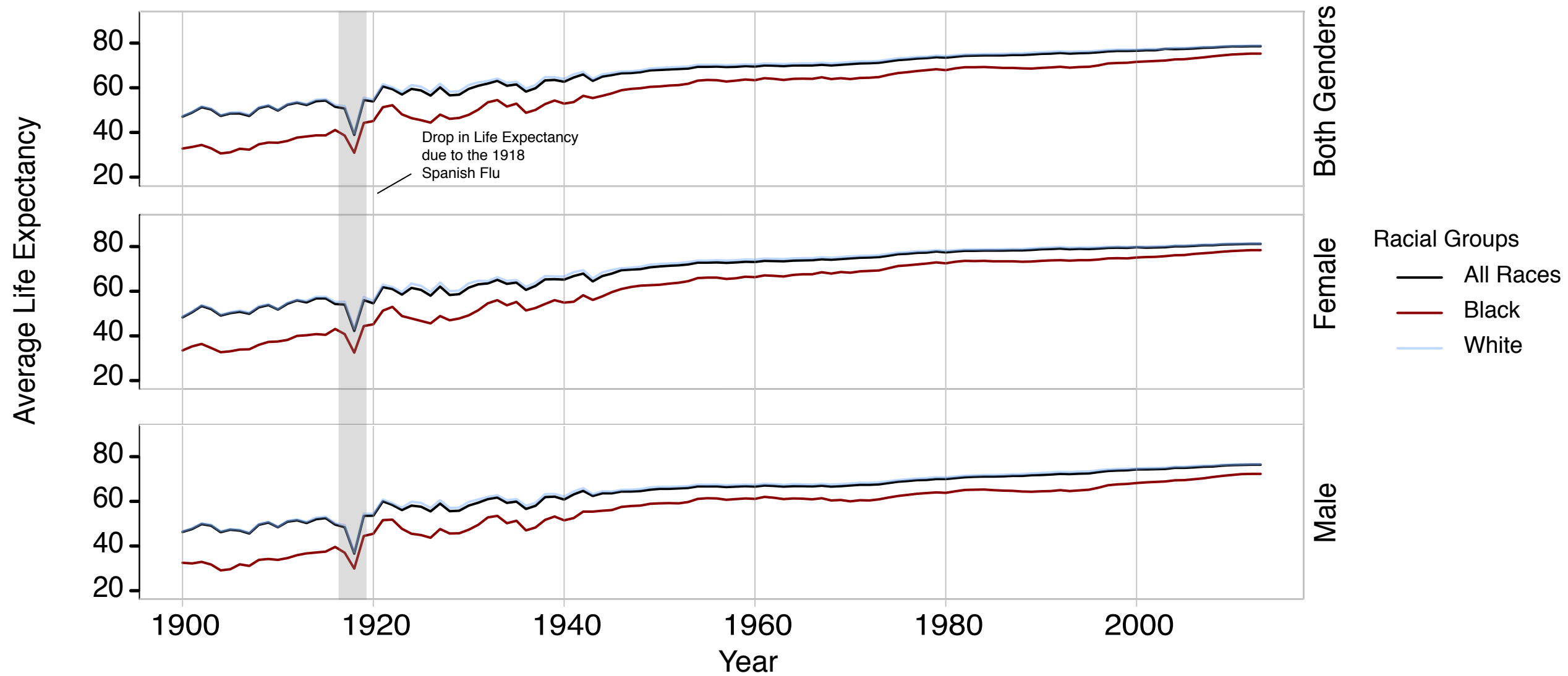
States with higher Readmission Rates and Patients Totals tend to be less Clean



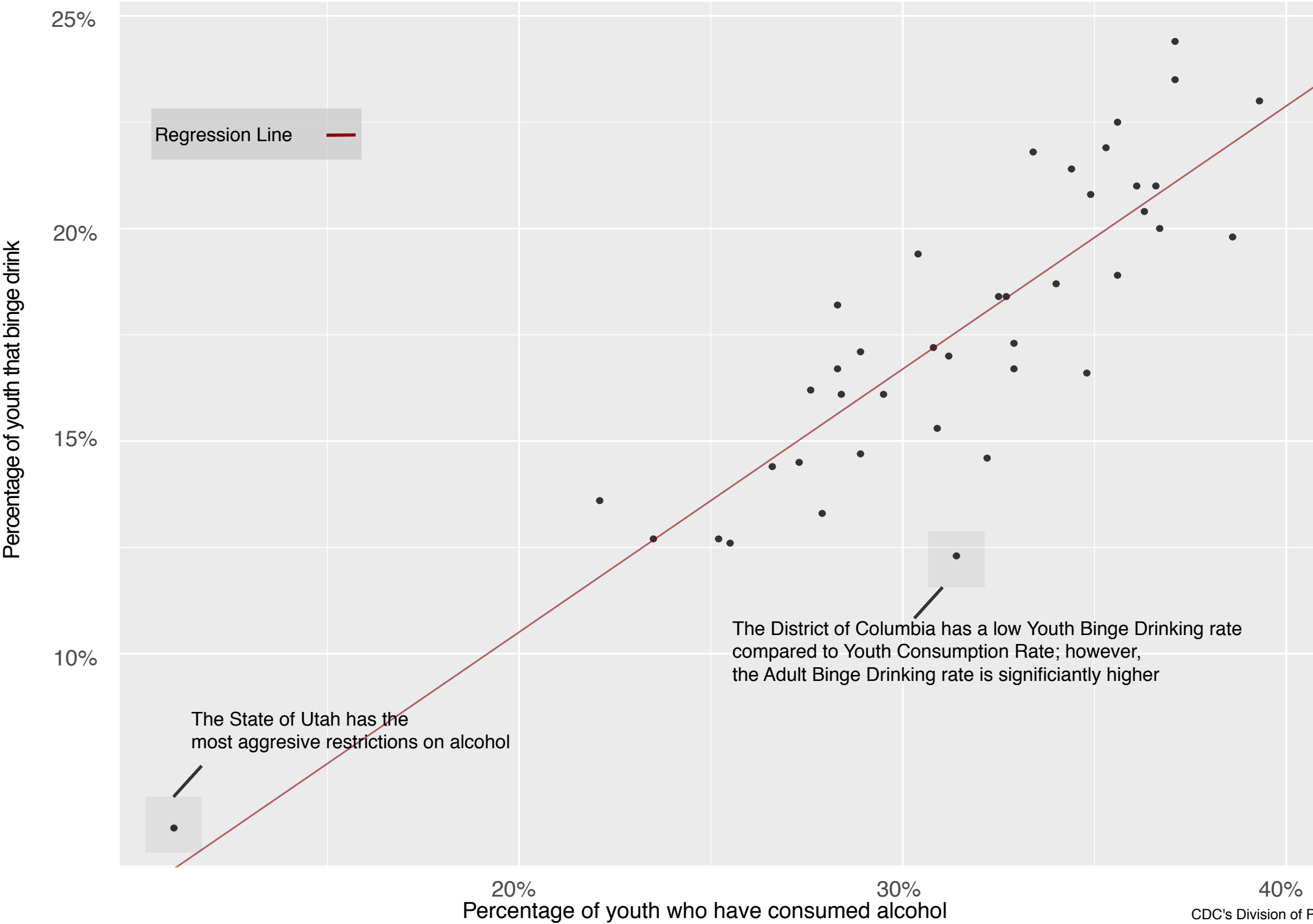
The Correlation between a Hospital’s Readmission And Mortality rates vary by State



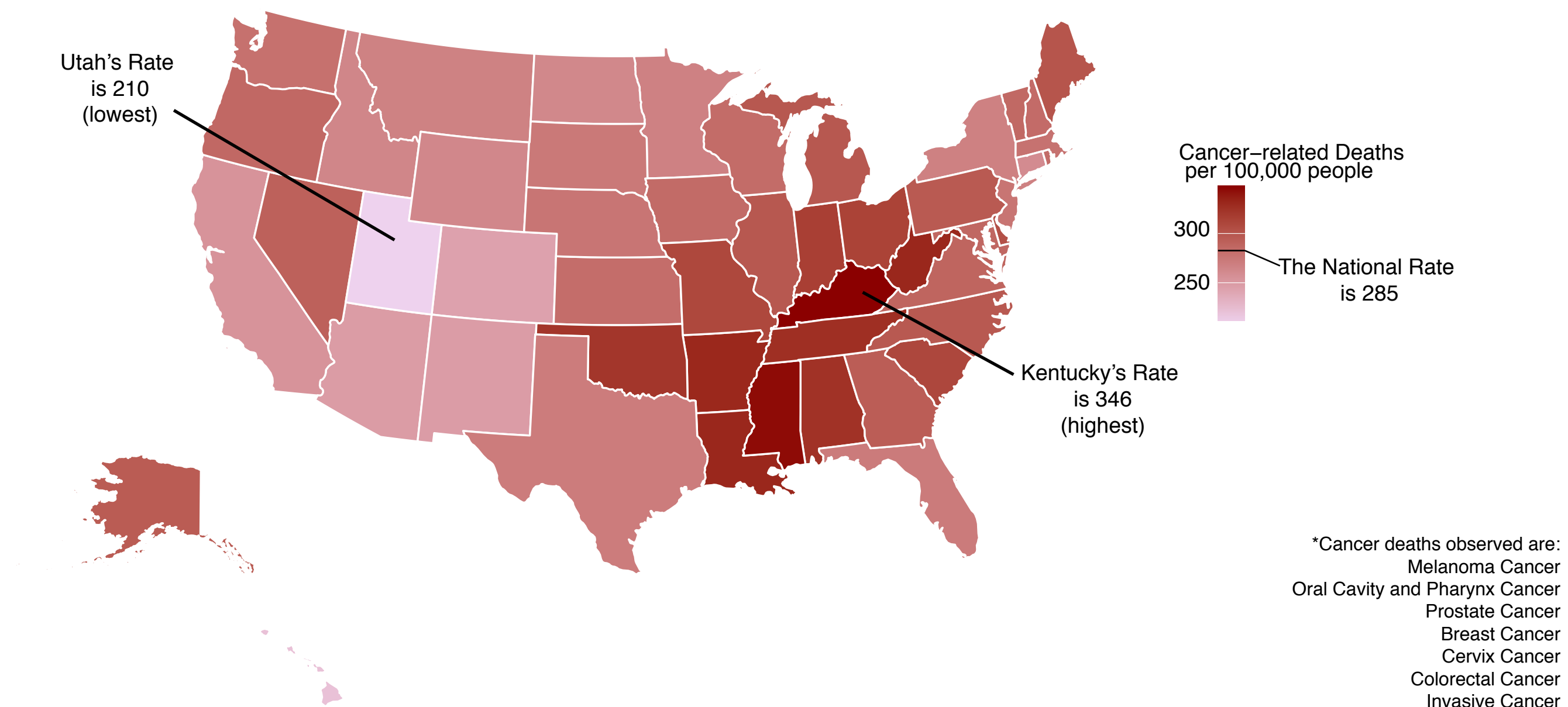
The Difference in Life Expectancy between Whites and Blacks in the US has been decreasing since 1940



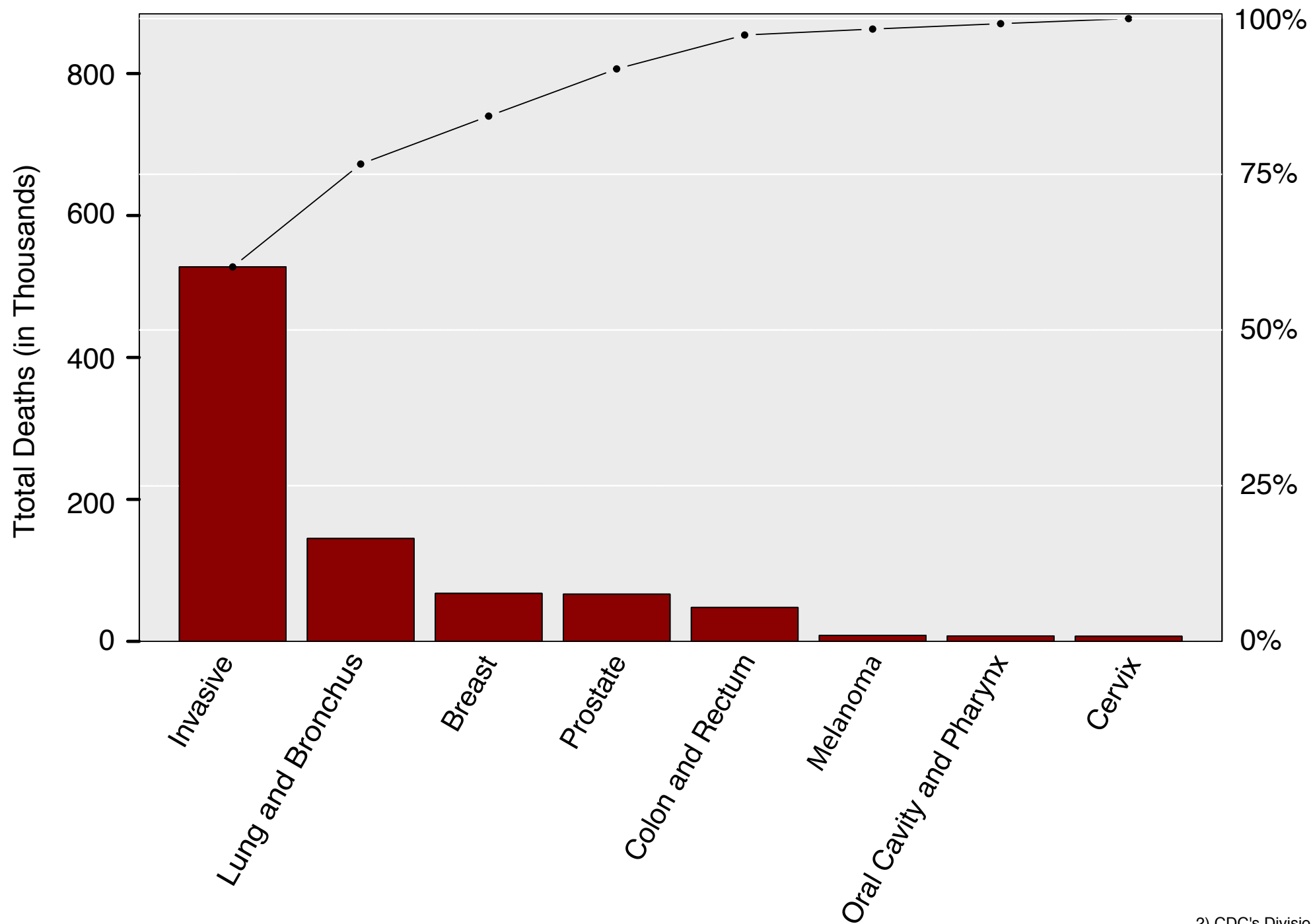
A State's Youth Consumption Rate is closely related to its Youth Binge Drinking Rate



Cancer* Mortality in the United States (2008–2012) with particularly high rates in the Deep South



Combinations of Cancers (Invasive) result in the majority of Cancer-related Deaths from 2008 to 2012



Data Sources:
1) 2010 US Census Beauru
2) CDC's Division of Population Health Chronic Disease Indicator

(Rates are deaths per 100,000)

