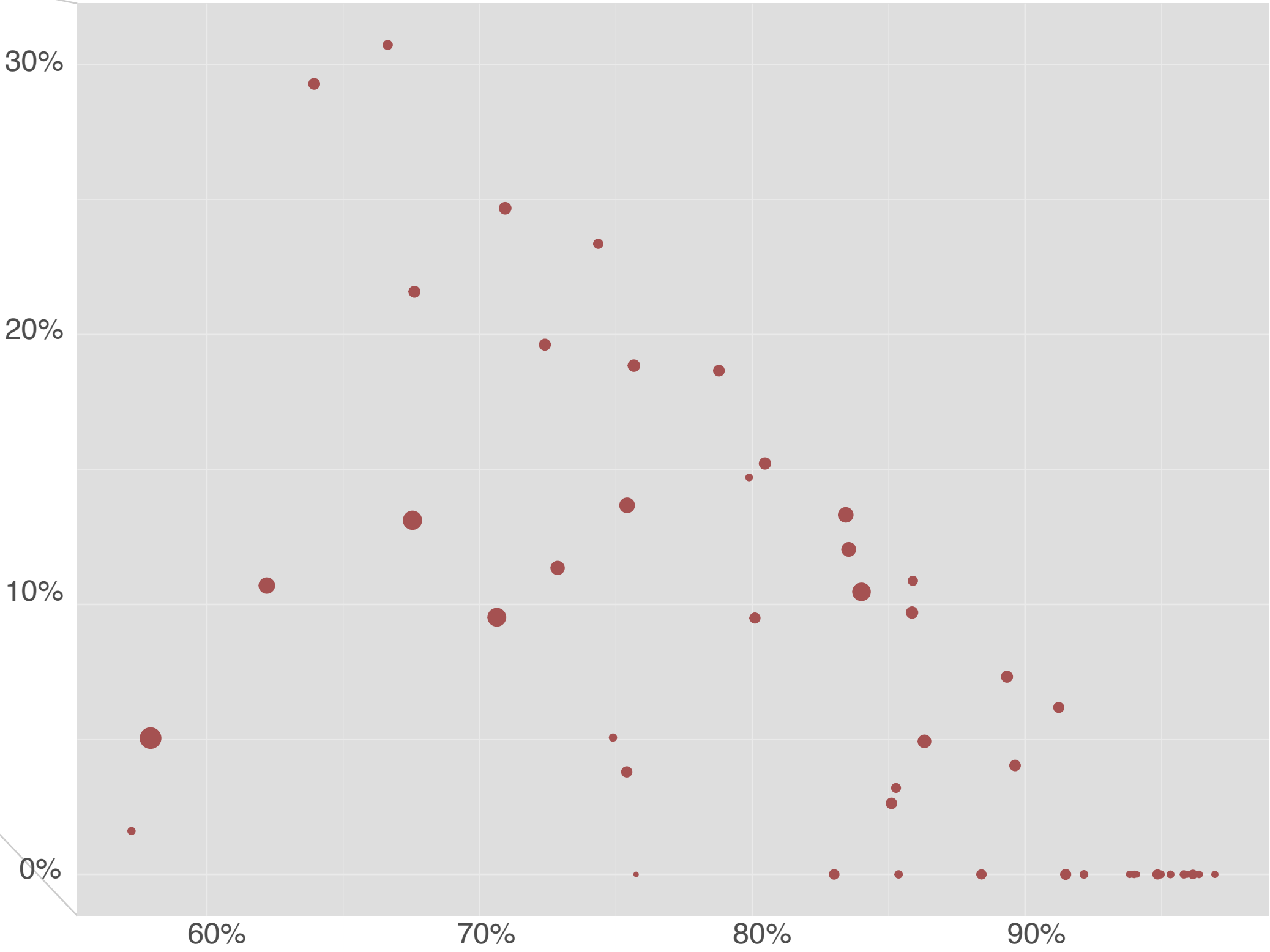
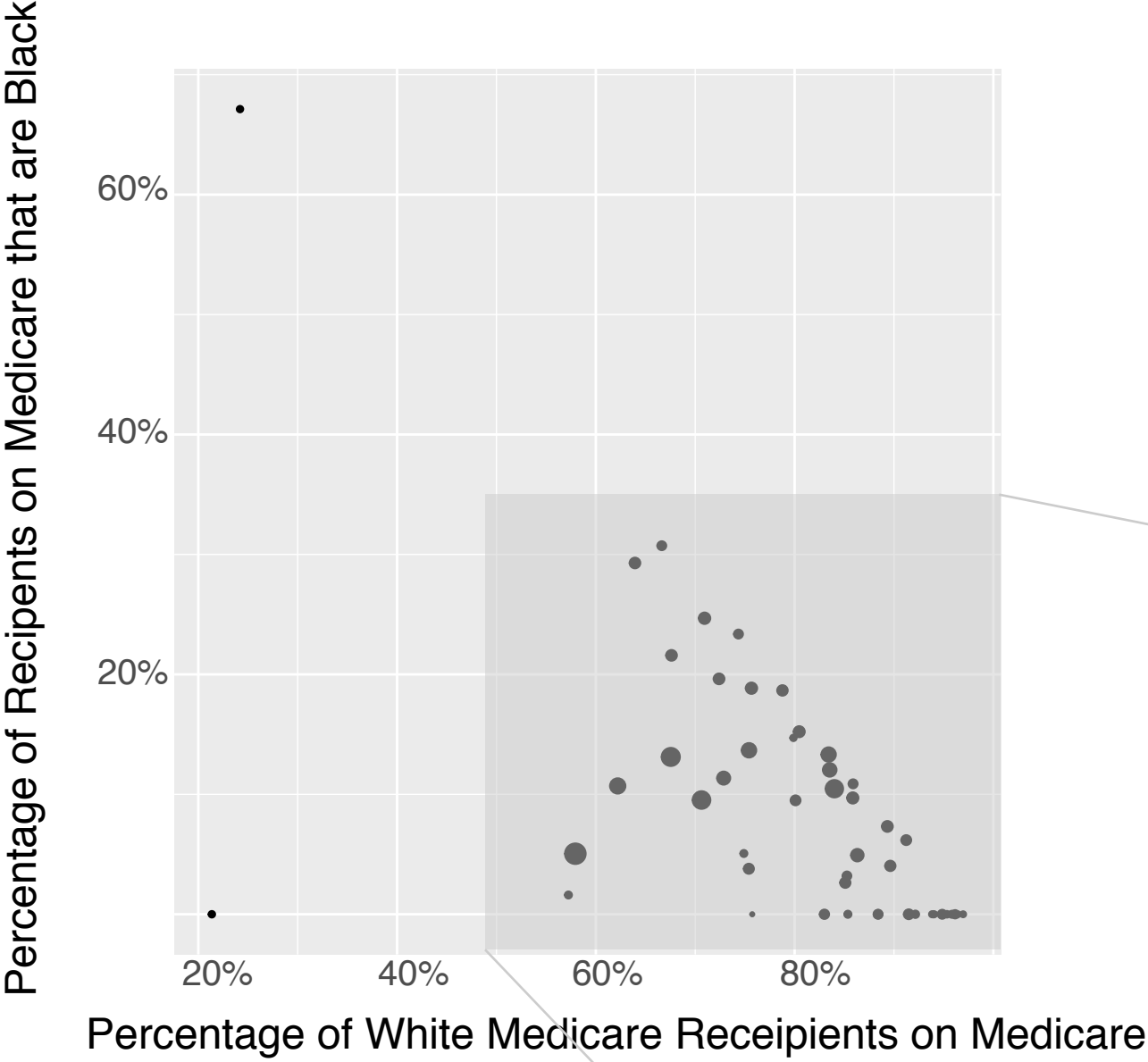
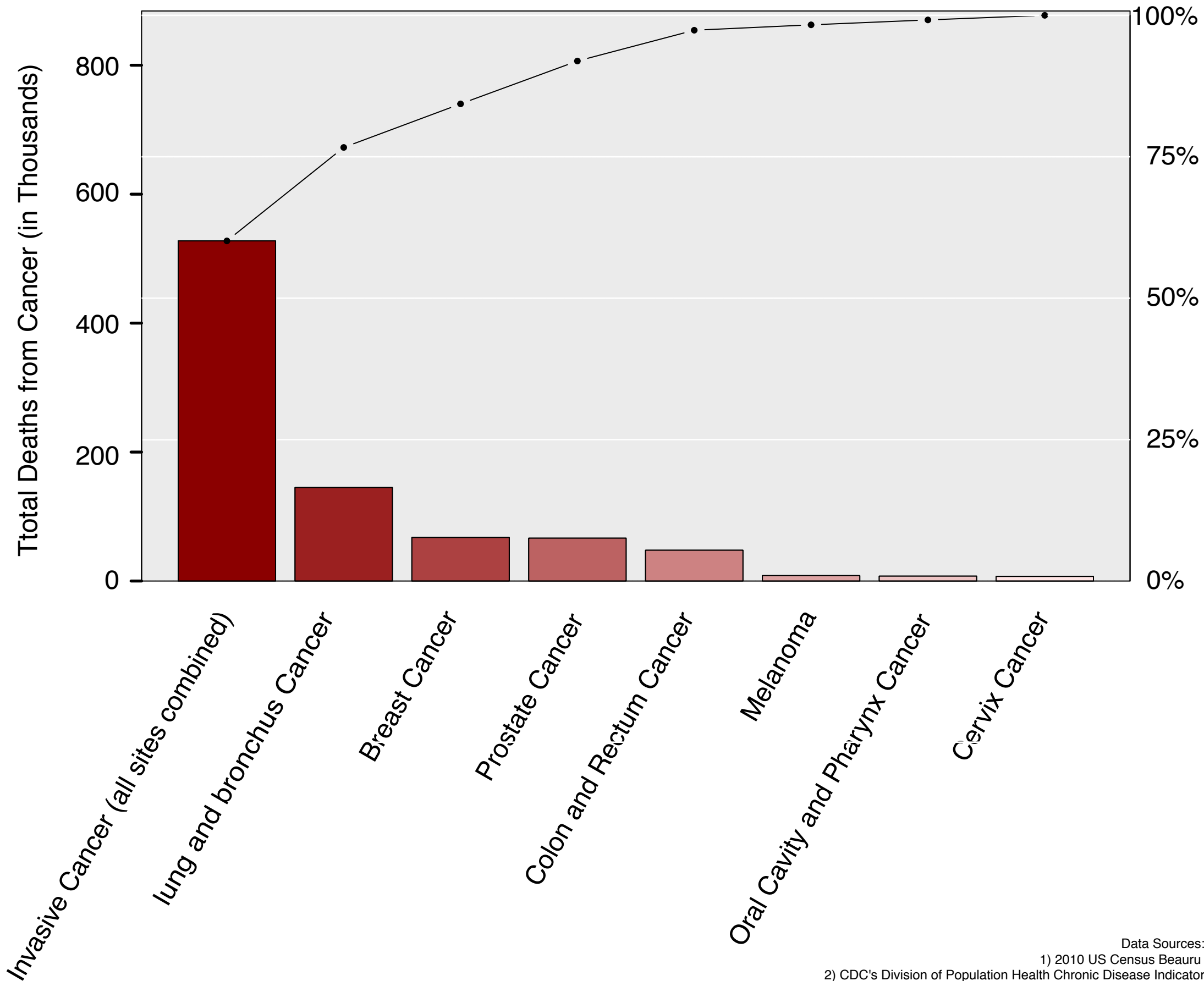


States with insignificant porportion of Black Recipients on Medicare relative to White Recipients tend to spend less per Resident on Medicare Services



Data Sources:
1.Kaiser Family Foundation estimates based on the Census Bureau's March 2016 Current Population Survey
2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Combinations of Cancers (Invasive) result in the majority of Cancer-related Deaths from 2008 to 2012



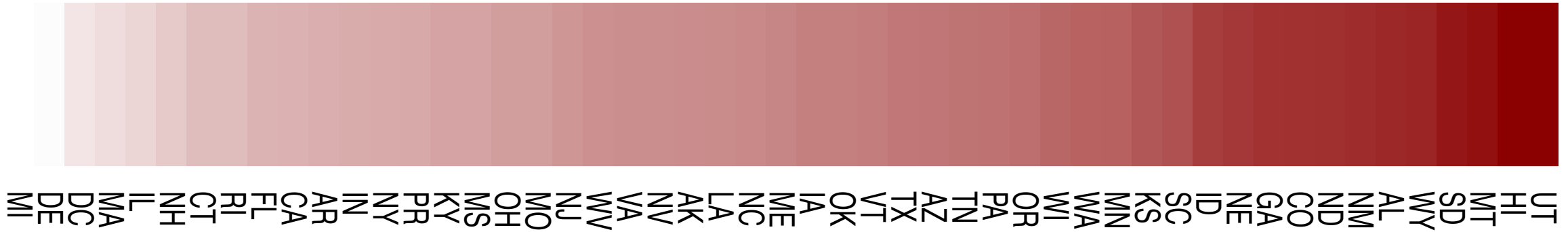
Data Sources:
1) 2010 US Census Beauru
2) CDC's Division of Population Health Chronic Disease Indicator

Correlations Between a Hospital's Readmission And Mortality rates vary by State

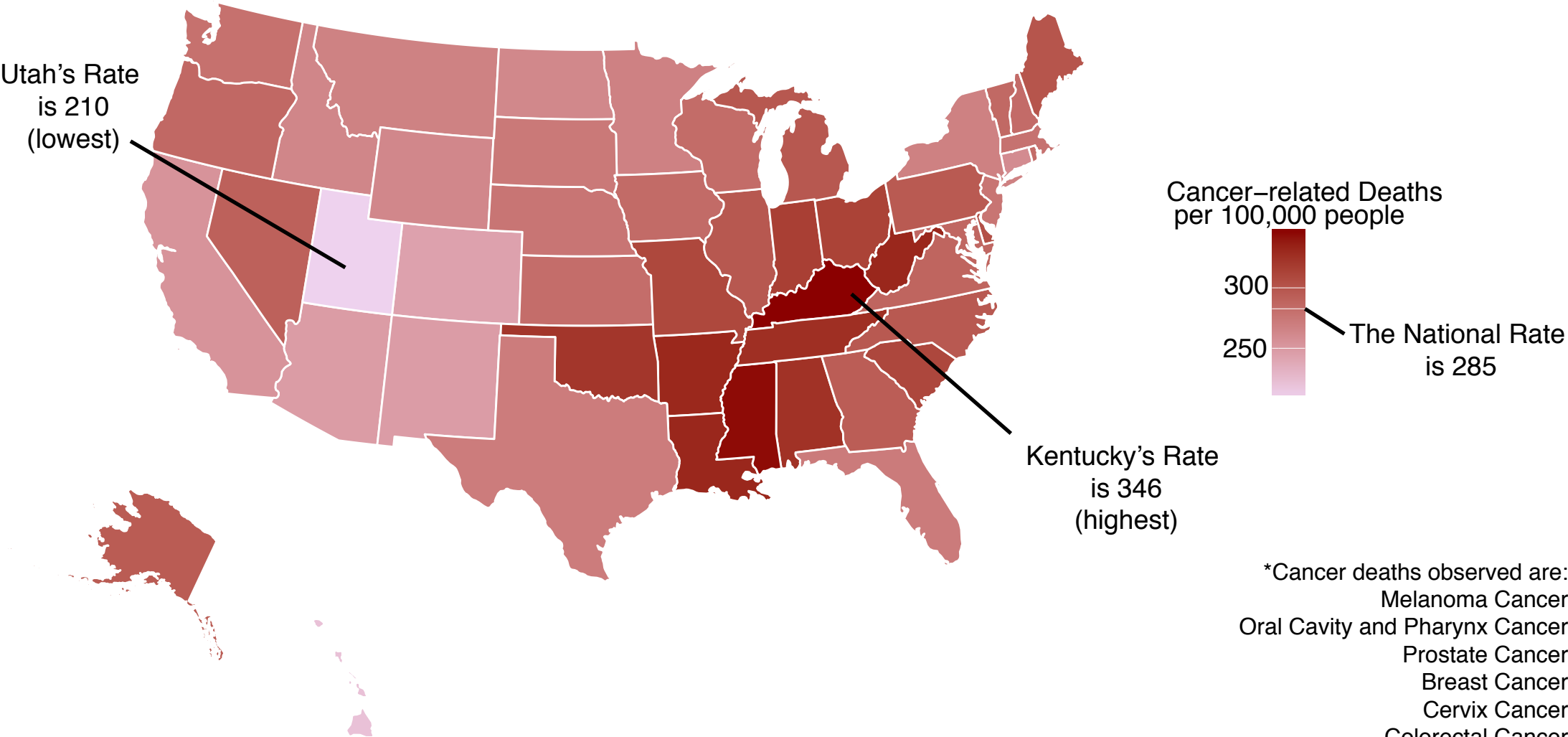
Nationally, there is no correlation between a Hospital's Readmission and Mortality Rates

Stronger Negative Correlation Between
Readmission and Mortality Rates in a State's Hospitals

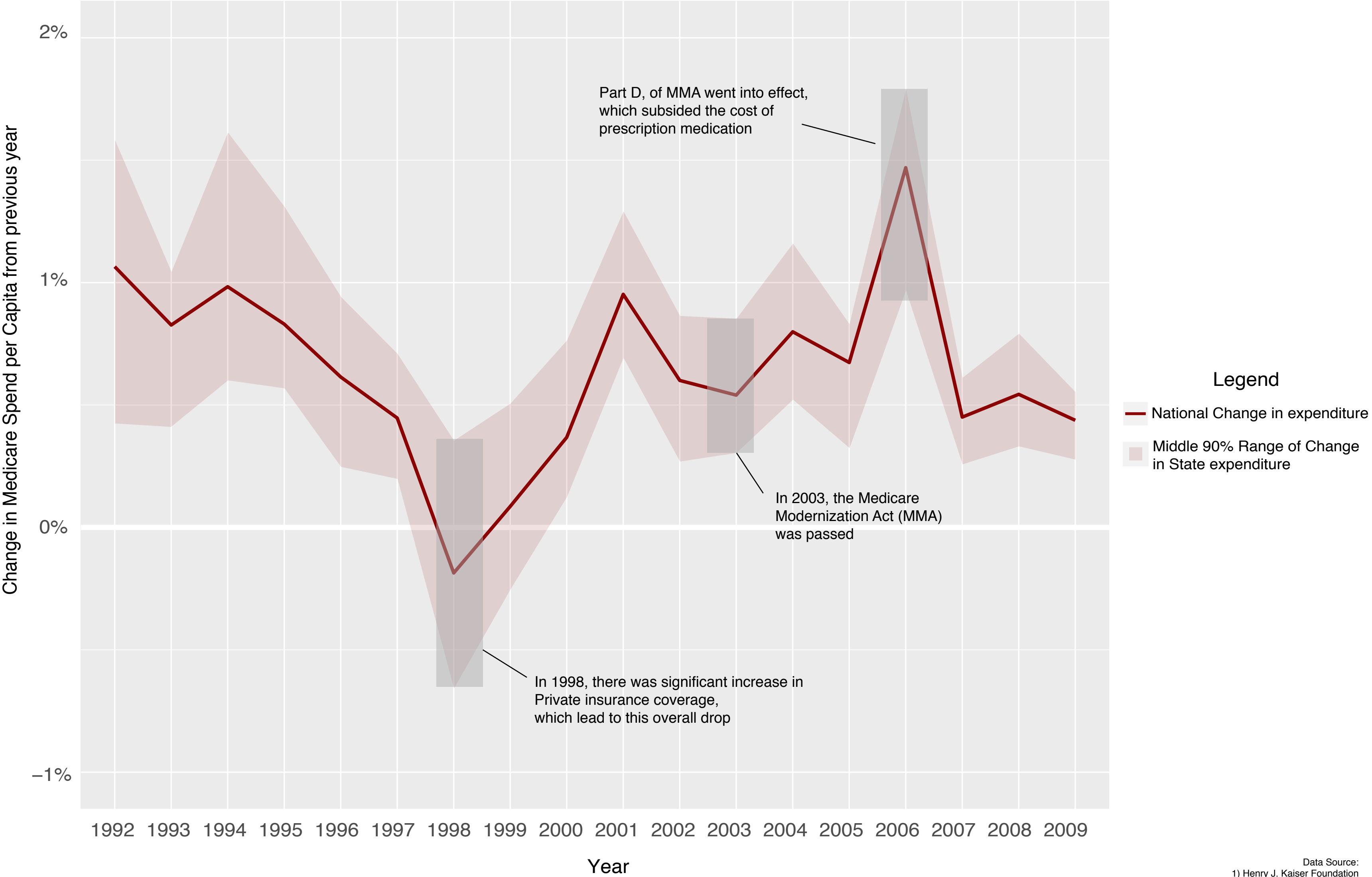
Stronger Positive Correlation Between
Readmission and Mortality Rates a State's Hospitals



Cancer* Motality in the United States (2008–2012) with particularly high rates in the Deep South



State changes in Medicare Spending per Recipient do not Deviate



Data Source:
1) Henry J. Kaiser Foundation
Health Care Expenditures by State of Residence
2) Historical Trends in Medicare Expenditure Growth. Available from: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK43887/>

Overall Cancer death rates State Rankings closely mirror those of Invasive and Lung Cancer

(rate is deaths per 100,000)

