# Exercise Sheet 6: Vector Spaces Cheat Sheet Template

#### Introduction

Vector spaces are fundamental mathematical structures used to study linear algebraic concepts. This cheat sheet provides a concise overview of vector spaces, including definitions, properties, and examples.

### 1 Vector Spaces Cheat Sheet

#### 1.1 Definition

A vector space V over a field F is a set of vectors equipped with two operations: vector addition and scalar multiplication, satisfying the following properties:

- 1. Closure under addition: For all  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in V$ ,  $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} \in V$ .
- 2. Closure under scalar multiplication: For all  $\mathbf{u} \in V$  and  $c \in F$ ,  $c\mathbf{u} \in V$ .
- 3. Commutativity of addition: For all  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in V$ ,  $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{u}$ .
- 4. Associativity of addition: For all  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \in V$ ,  $(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) + \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{u} + (\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w})$ .
- 5. Identity element of addition: There exists a zero vector  $\mathbf{0} \in V$  such that for all  $\mathbf{u} \in V$ ,  $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{0} = \mathbf{u}$ .
- 6. Inverse elements of addition: For every  $\mathbf{u} \in V$ , there exists  $-\mathbf{u} \in V$  such that  $\mathbf{u} + (-\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{0}$ .
- 7. Distributivity of scalar multiplication over field addition: For all  $c, d \in F$  and  $\mathbf{u} \in V$ ,  $(c+d)\mathbf{u} = c\mathbf{u} + d\mathbf{u}$ .
- 8. Distributivity of scalar multiplication over vector addition: For all  $c \in F$  and  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in V$ ,  $c(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) = c\mathbf{u} + c\mathbf{v}$ .
- 9. Compatibility of scalar multiplication with field multiplication: For all  $c, d \in F$  and  $\mathbf{u} \in V$ ,  $c(d\mathbf{u}) = (cd)\mathbf{u}$ .
- 10. Identity element of scalar multiplication: For all  $\mathbf{u} \in V$ ,  $1\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{u}$ .

## 1.2 Examples

- $\mathbb{R}^n$ , the set of *n*-dimensional real vectors, is a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- The space of polynomials of degree at most n with coefficients in R, denoted  $R[x]_{\leq n}$ , is a vector space over R.