

Setting up a Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI) with Open Source Software using OSGeoLive

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SDI Workshop

- **What is a Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI)**
- **Components of an SDI**
- **Data**
- **Services & OGC Standards**
- **Clients**
- **Metadata**
- **Get to know OSGeo Software**



Workshop with OSGeoLive

- **OSGeoLive 13.0**
(August 2019)

- **OSGeoLive**
<http://live.osgeo.org>

- **Download Data & Presentation**

http://trac.osgeo.org/osgeolive/wiki/Live_GIS_Workshop_Install



What is a SDI?





What is an SDI?

A spatial data infrastructure (SDI) is a data infrastructure implementing a framework of geographic data, metadata, users and tools that are interactively connected in order to use spatial data in an efficient and flexible way. Another definition is "the technology, policies, standards, human resources, and related activities necessary to acquire, process, distribute, use, maintain, and preserve spatial data".

Source: Wikipedia

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spatial_data_infrastructure

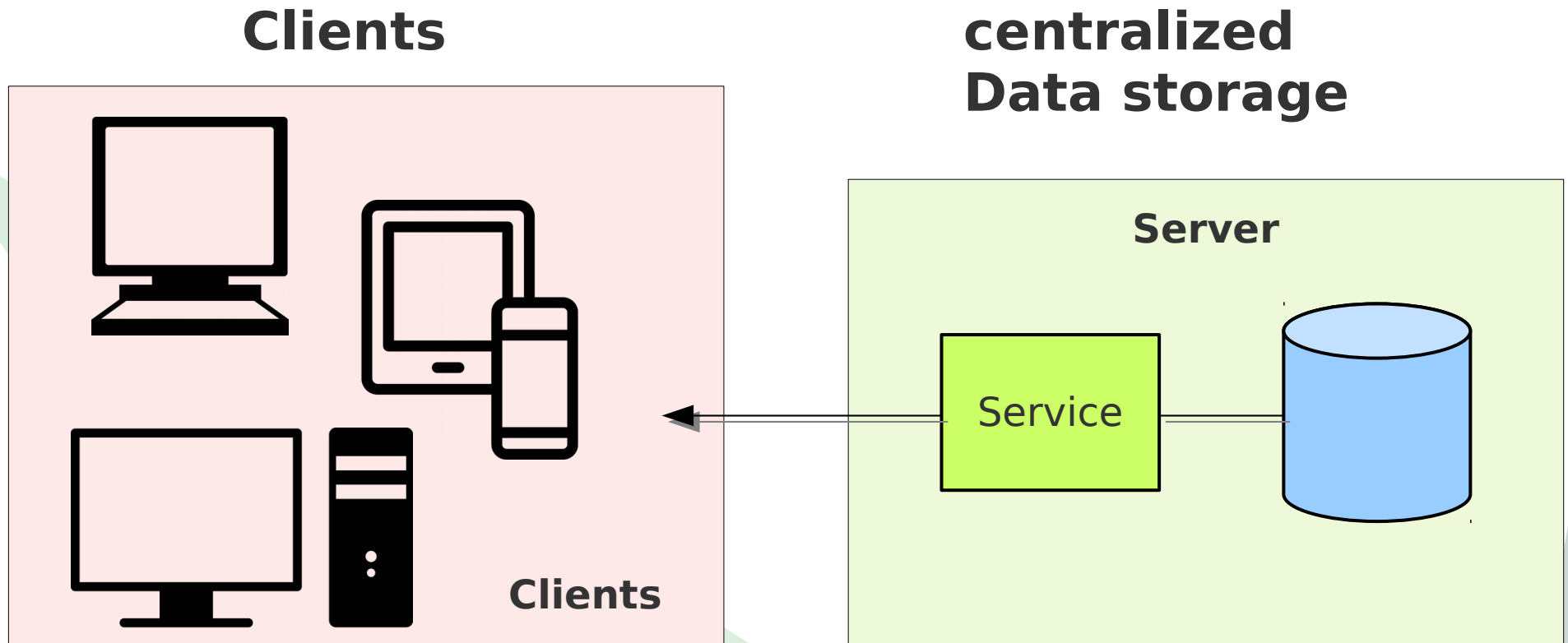


SDI

- **Data infrastructure that provides geographic data and metadata**
- **Data network to exchange data**
- **Data producer and data user are connected via a physical network f.e internet / intranet**
- **it is accessible for several users**
- **Users can use different tools for different processes**
- **It helps you to make data accessible, maintainable and findable throughout your organization**
- **Increases efficiency and flexibility**



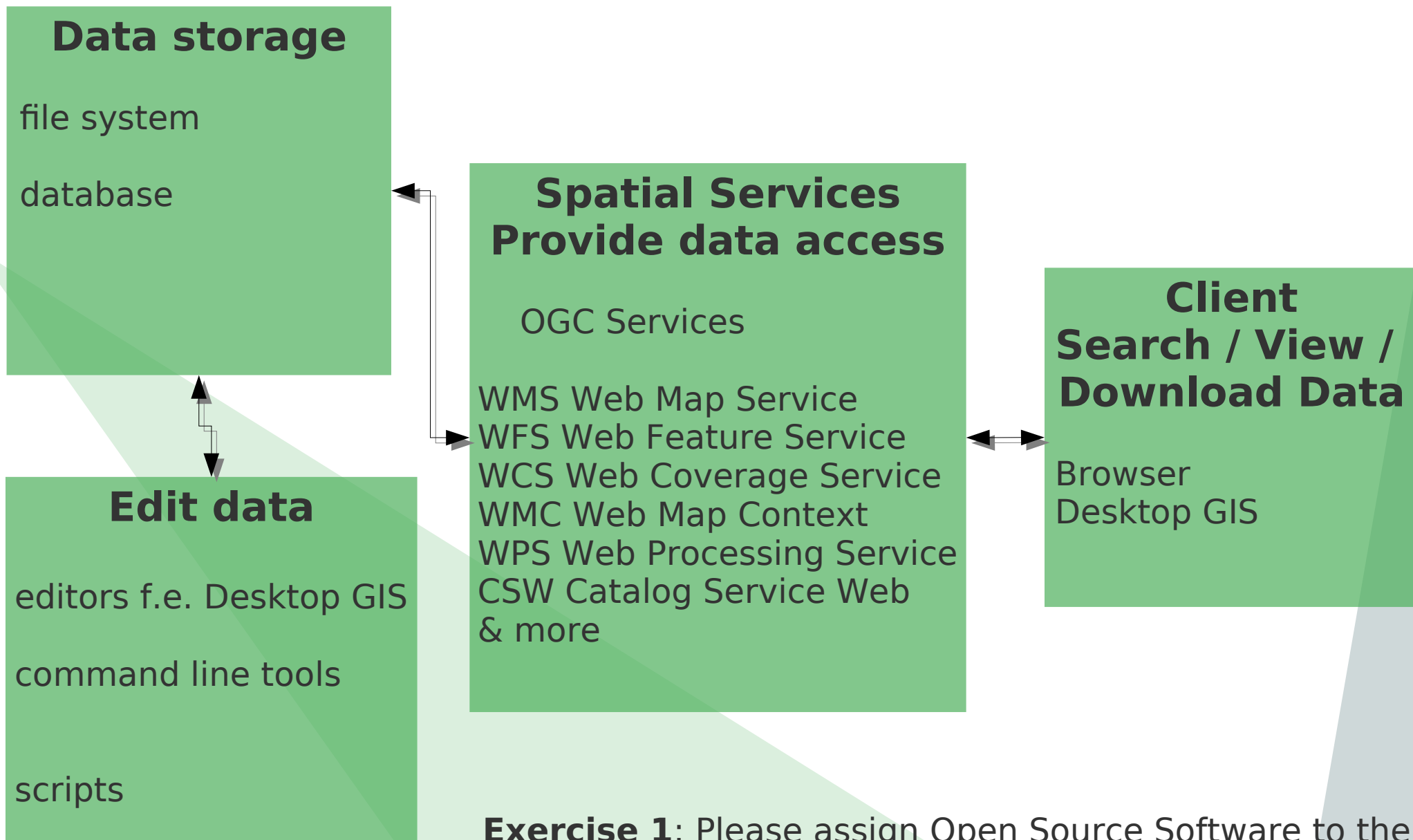
Communication with the Clients



From Geodatendienste im Internet (3. Auflage, KSt. GDI-DE)

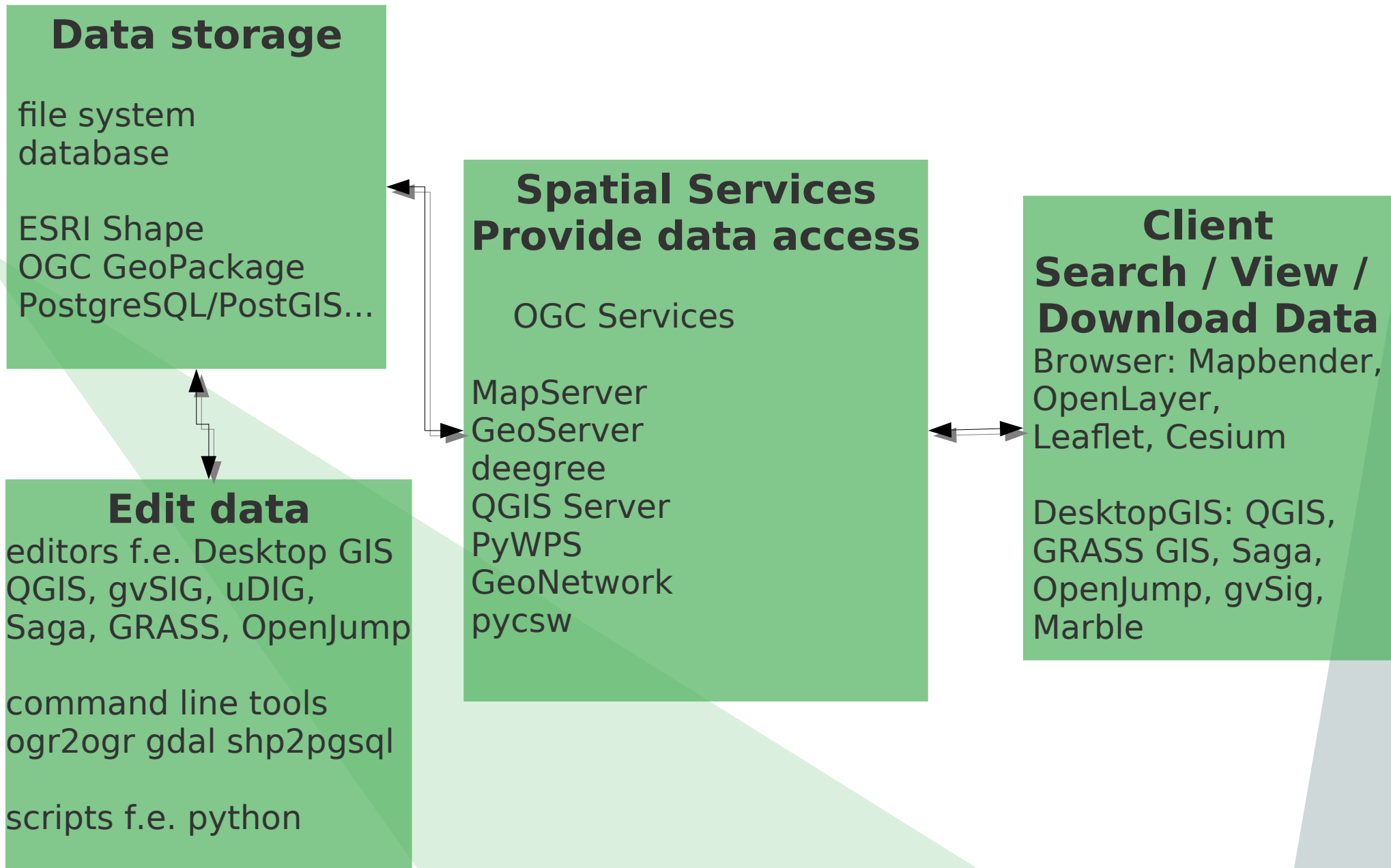
http://www.geoportal.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/GDI-DE/Flyer-Broschueren/Leitfaden-Geodienste-im%20Internet.pdf?__blob=publicationFile





Exercise 1: Please assign Open Source Software to the components of a SDI. See <https://live.osgeo.org>





Data - Status

- Users work with different data
- Different formats
- Different tools to view and edit
- Data can be spread and copied
- Data can have different versions that are in use



Data

Goals

- Central data storage
- Editing does not have to take place always in the central data storage, but define how to exchange
- Easy import & export
- Flexible visualisation with different tools
- Data storage with defined access
- Data storage with authentication/authorisation and multi user access
- Data history



Data

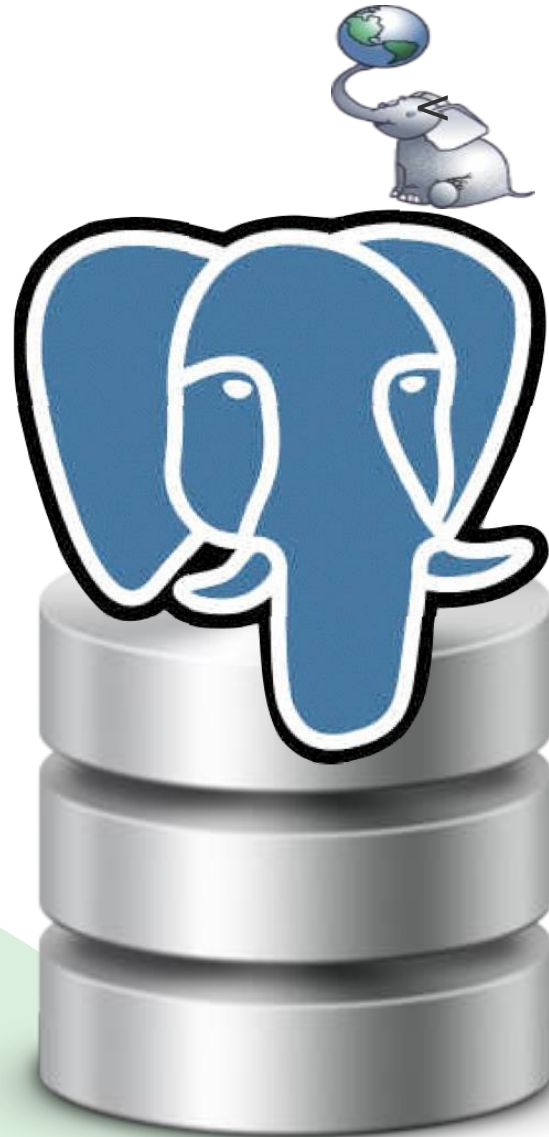
Goals

- **First Goal: centralized data storage**



Database





PostgreSQL & PostGIS

<https://live.osgeo.org/de/overview/overview.htm>



PostgreSQL/PostGIS

- **Supported by several other programs and programming languages**
- **Fast, powerful, reliable, robust, easy to maintain**
- **PostGIS is an extension for PostgreSQL**
- **Let PostGIS do the work - not your Desktop GIS**
- **Follows standard - OGC Simple Feature Specification for SQL and ISO SQL/MM Specification**
- **Provides many spatial functions**
- **Control access to your data**



Exercise 2: Create Spatial Database in PostgreSQL

- **Open Database Client pgAdmin III**
- **Create database: context menu on database → new database → name **foss4g****
- **Load postgis Extension**
 - **Context menu on database **foss4g** → new object → new extension → name: **postgis****



Data

Goals

- First Goal: centralized data storage
- **Second Goal: Easy import & export of data**
- **Third Goal: Flexible visualisation with different tools**



Exercise 3: Load Natural Earth data (Shapes) in Desktop GIS QGIS

- `/home/user/data/natural_earth2/ne_10m_admin_1_states_provinces_shp.shp`
- **Provinces of Romania**
- **Filter show only admin = 'Romania'**
- **Label with column [name]**

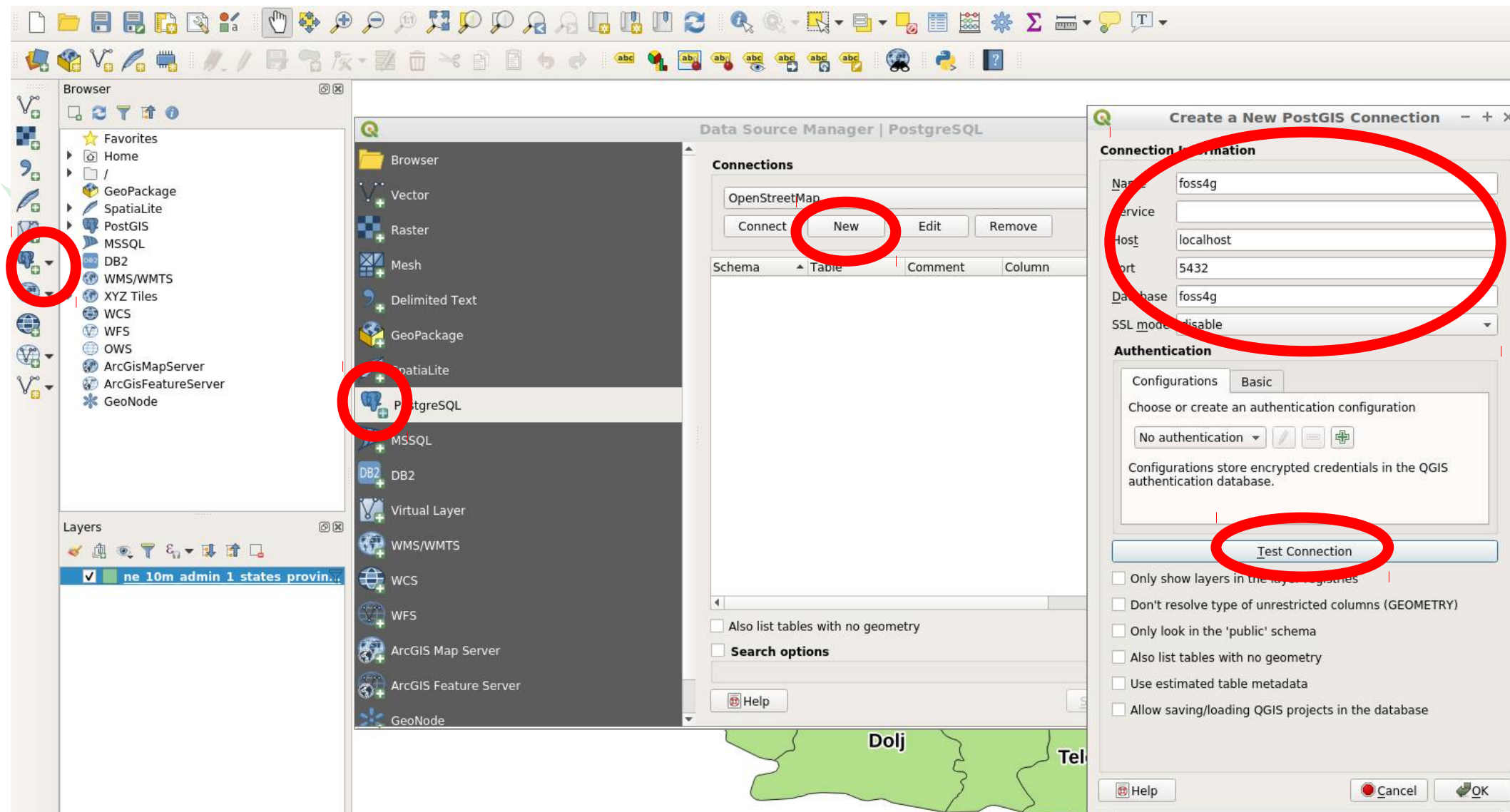


Data import from QGIS to PostgreSQL

- **You can import Shape to PostgreSQL via**
 - **QGIS DB Manager**
or
 - **shp2pgsql**
 - **ogr2ogr**
 - **python**
 - **...**

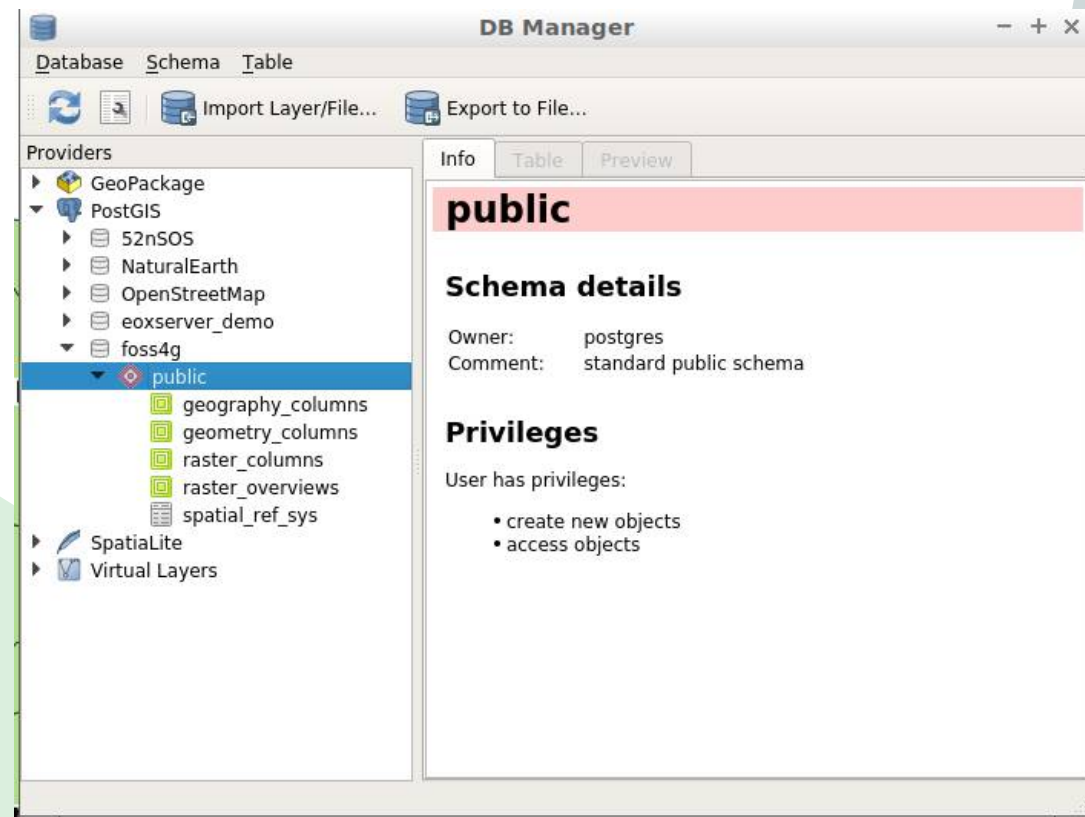


Create a new PostgreSQL Connection in QGIS



QGIS DB Manager

- **Easy Import / Export**
- **Supports many data formats**
- **Visualize your data**
- **Show & edit table structure**
- **Create index**
- **Vacuum / Analyze**



QGIS DB Manager Import

The image shows two windows from the QGIS application. The left window is the 'DB Manager' tool, which has a 'Database' tab selected. In the 'Providers' list on the left, 'PostGIS' is expanded, and the 'public' schema is selected. A red circle highlights the 'Import Layer/File...' button in the top toolbar. The right window is the 'Import vector layer' dialog. It shows the 'Input' field set to 'ne_10m_admin_1_states_provinces_shp'. The 'Output table' section shows 'Schema' as 'public' and 'Table' as 'ne_10m_admin_1_states_provinces_shp'. The 'Options' section has several checked items: 'Primary key' (id), 'Geometry column' (geom), 'Source SRID' (EPSG:4326 - WGS 84), 'Target SRID' (EPSG:4326 - WGS 84), and 'Encoding' (ISO-8859-1). There are also unchecked options for 'Replace destination table (if exists)', 'Create single-part geometries instead of multi-part', 'Convert field names to lowercase', and 'Create spatial index'. At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'OK' buttons.

DB Manager

Database | Schema | Table

Import Layer/File... Export to File...

Providers

- GeoPackage
- PostGIS
 - 52nSOS
 - NaturalEarth
 - OpenStreetMap
 - eoxserver_demo
 - foss4g
 - public**
 - geography_columns
 - geometry_columns
 - raster_columns
 - raster_overviews
 - spatial_ref_sys
- SpatialLite
- Virtual Layers

Info Table Preview

public

Schema details

Owner: postgres
Comment: standard public schema

Privileges

User has privileges:

- create new objects
- access objects

Import vector layer

Input: ne_10m_admin_1_states_provinces_shp

☐ Import only selected features Update options

Output table

Schema: public

Table: ne_10m_admin_1_states_provinces_shp

Options

- ☒ Primary key: id
- ☒ Geometry column: geom
- ☒ Source SRID: EPSG:4326 - WGS 84
- ☒ Target SRID: EPSG:4326 - WGS 84
- ☒ Encoding: ISO-8859-1
- ☐ Replace destination table (if exists)
- ☐ Create single-part geometries instead of multi-part
- ☐ Convert field names to lowercase
- ☐ Create spatial index

Cancel OK



Exercise 4: Import & Export

- **Import provinces from Natural Earth data (only Romania)**
- **Import populated places from Natural Earth data (only Romania)**
- **Add the table from your database to your QGIS project (drag & drop)**
- **Export: Save populated places as geopackage via DB Manager or via QGIS save as...**



Data

Goals

- First Goal: centralized data storage
- Second Goal: Easy import & export of data
- Third Goal: Flexible visualisation with different tools
- **Fourth Goal: Defined access to data**



PostgreSQL roles

- **PostgreSQL has roles**
 - **groups**
 - **User with login**
- **You can give access to databases, schema, tables, views ... to roles**
- **Write or read access**



Create roles in PostgreSQL

- **Create role, create login role**
- **Give read access to table places**
- **Give write access to table countries**



Exercise 5: Control data access

- **Create a role workshop_read and workshop_writer**
- **Create a login role robert with a password and add to workshop_reader**
- **Create a new login role wilma and add wilma to the workshop_writer role**
- **Grant read access to table places to your new role workshop_reader**
- **Grant write access to table countries to your new role workshop_writer**
- **Try to access and edit via QGIS**



Exercise 5: Control data access

Solution

```
CREATE ROLE workshop_reader;
```

```
CREATE ROLE workshop_writer;
```

```
CREATE ROLE robert WITH LOGIN PASSWORD 'foss4g';
```

```
GRANT workshop_reader TO robert;
```

```
CREATE ROLE wilma WITH LOGIN PASSWORD 'foss4g';
```

```
GRANT workshop_writer TO wilma;
```



Exercise 5: Control data access

Solution

```
GRANT SELECT ON places to workshop_reader;
```

```
-- change to user robert
```

```
Select * from places;
```

```
GRANT ALL ON countries to workshop_writer;
```

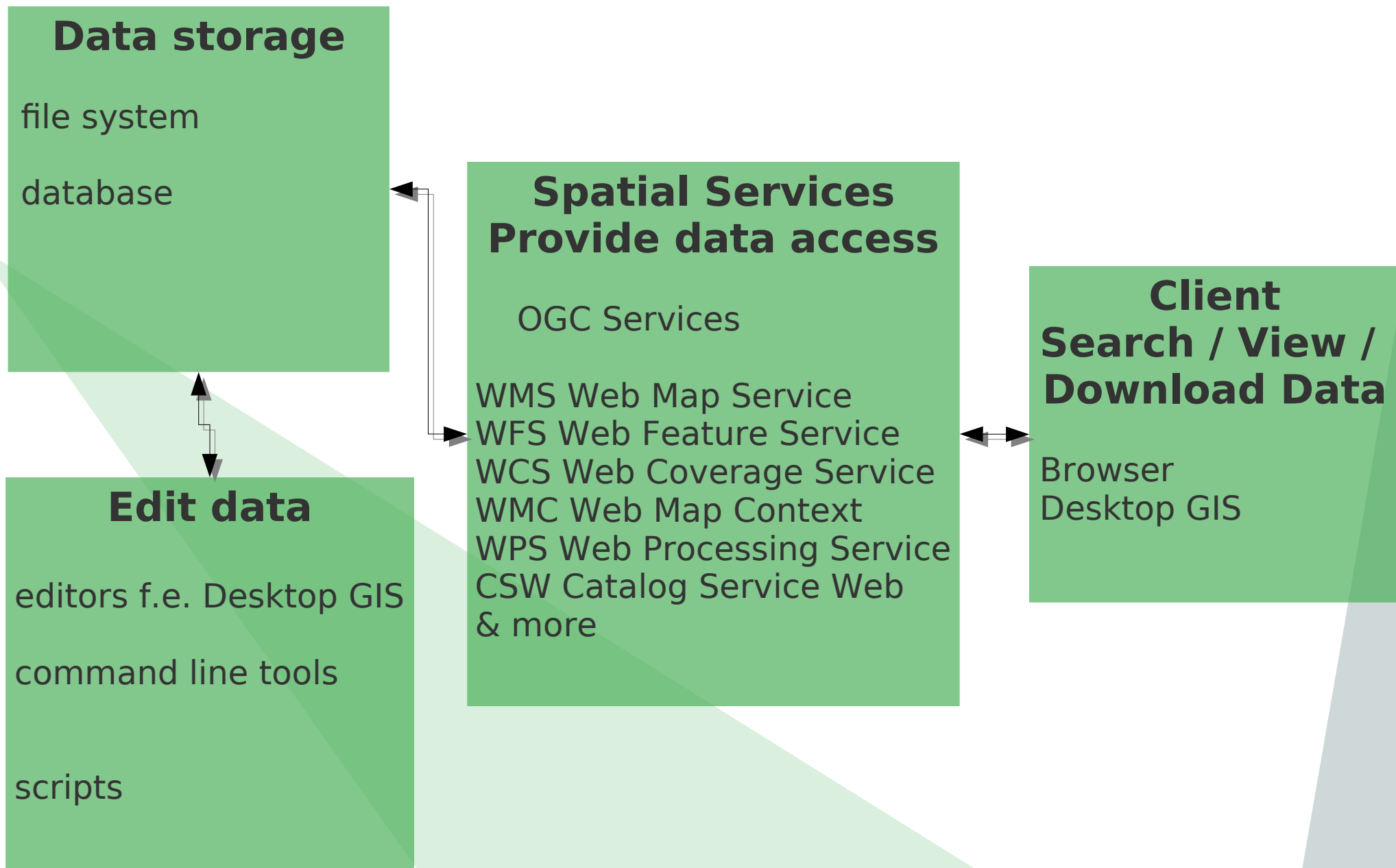
```
GRANT USAGE ON SEQUENCE countries_gid_seq TO  
workshop_writer;
```

```
-- change to user wilma
```

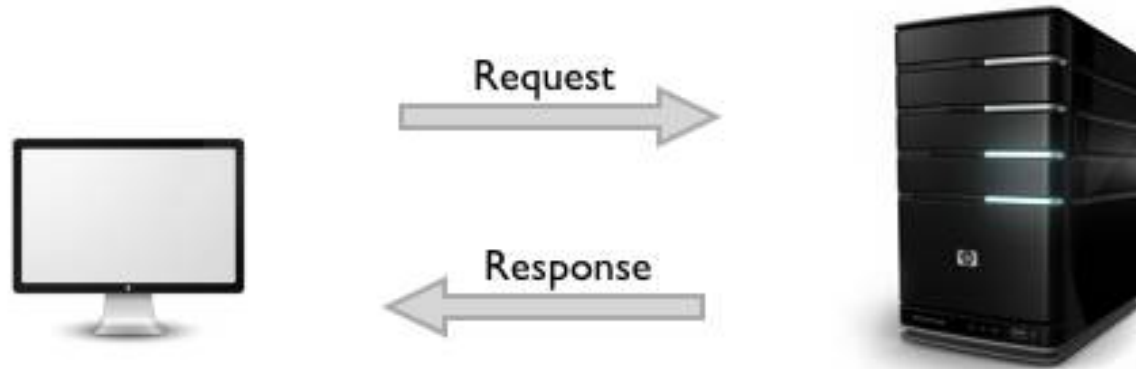
```
Select * from countries;
```

```
Update countries set name = 'TEST' WHERE name =  
'Romania';
```





Services



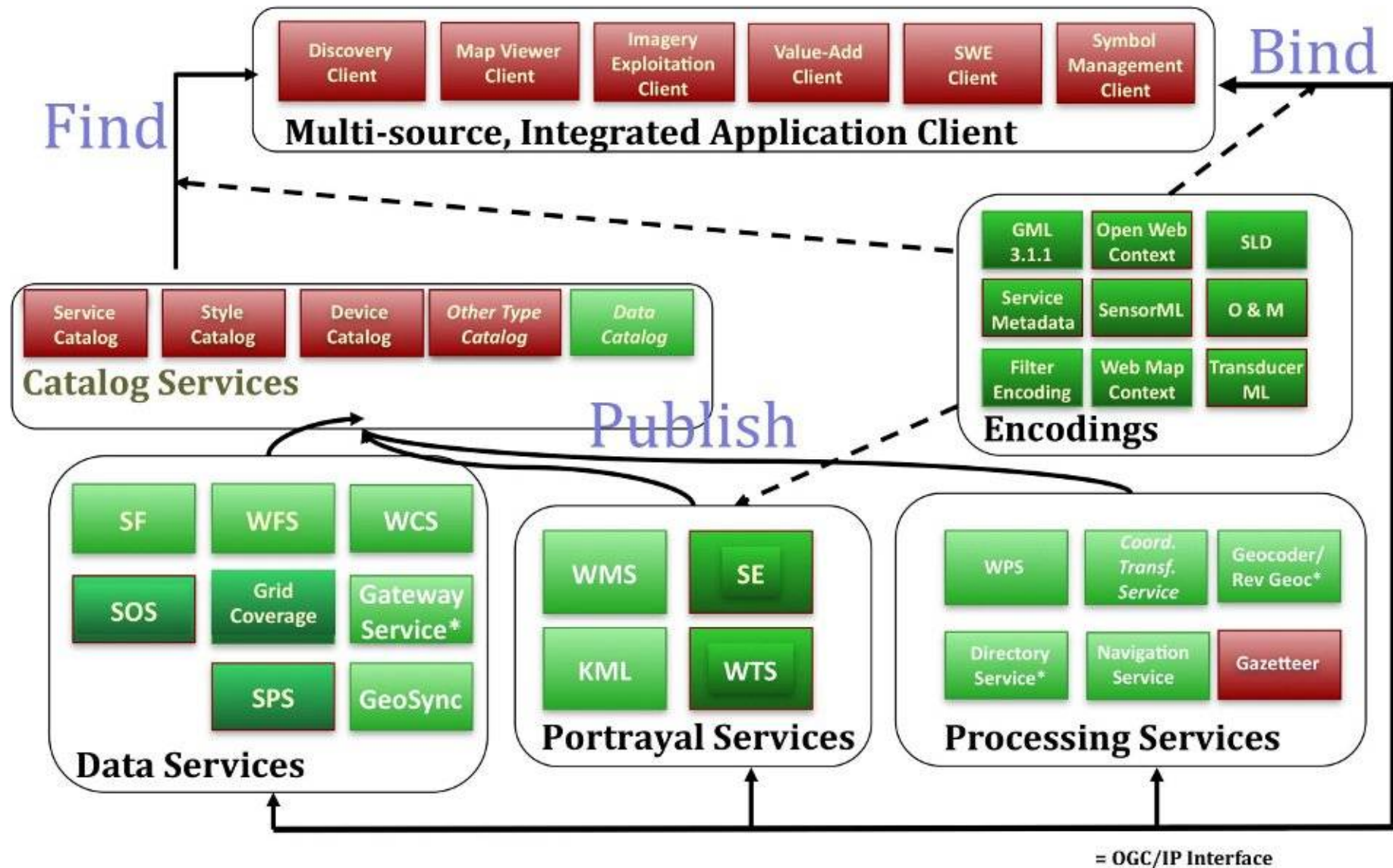
Provide Data via OGC Services

Goals

- **Provide Data in the web - Intra- or Internet**
- **Provide data via standards that many tools support**
- **Provide INSPIRE conform Services in Europe**
- **OGC WMS Web Map Service - show data and get information (advantage: styling is already defined)**
- **OGC WFS Web Feature Service - download service, provide data, edit data**



Web Services Framework Of OGC Geoprocessing Standards



OSGeo Software with OGC WMS Support

- **MapServer**
- **GeoServer**
- **QGIS Server**
- **deegree**
- **MapProxy**



OGC WMS - map service, provide maps as raster, information as html, plain text, GML



OSGeo Software with OGC WFS Support

- **MapServer**
- **GeoServer**
- **QGIS Server**
- **deegree**
- **MapProxy**



**OGC WFS - feature service, data access f.e.
via GML**



Provide Data via OGC Services

Goals

- **First Goal: Provide Data in the web - Intra- or Internet**
- **Provide data via standards that many tools support**
- **OGC WMS Web Map Service - show data and get information (styling is already defined)**



WMS example with QGIS Server

Publish your data via QGIS Server as WMS

Menu → Project → Project properties → OWS Server

- **Name and title, extent, layer access**
- **(make sure you saved the password for your database access)**
- **`http://localhost/cgi-bin/qgis_mapserv.fcgi?map=/home/user/service_wms.qgz&SERVICE=WMS&VERSION=1.3.0&REQUEST=GetCapabilities`**



WMS Capabilities Document

```
http://localhost/cgi-bin/qgis_mapserv.fcgi?Service=WMS&REQUEST=GetSchemaExtension"
- <WMS_Capabilities version="1.3.0" xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.opengis.net/wms
http://schemas.opengis.net/wms/1.3.0/capabilities_1_3_0.xsd http://www.opengis.net/sld
http://schemas.opengis.net/sld/1.1.0/sld_capabilities.xsd http://www.qgis.org/wms http://inspire.ec.europa.eu
/schemas/inspire_vs/1.0 http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/inspire_vs/1.0/inspire_vs.xsd http://localhost
/cgi-bin/qgis_mapserv.fcgi?map=/home/user/service_wms.qgsSERVICE=WMS&
REQUEST=GetSchemaExtension">
- <Service>
  <Name>WMS</Name>
  <Title>FOSSGIS meets AGIT</Title>
  <Abstract/>
- <KeywordList>
  <Keyword vocabulary="ISO">infoMapAccessService</Keyword>
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<OnlineResource xlink:type="simple" xlink:href=""/>
- <ContactInformation>
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    <ContactOrganization>FOSSGIS</ContactOrganization>
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  </ContactPersonPrimary>
  <ContactVoiceTelephone/>
  <ContactElectronicMailAddress/>
</ContactInformation>
<Fees>conditions unknown</Fees>
<AccessConstraints>None</AccessConstraints>
</Service>
```

Exercise 6: WMS example with QGIS Server

- **Publish your data via QGIS Server as WMS**
- **Create a WMS with two layers countries and places - style them nicely with labeling**
- **Save your project at:
/home/user/service_wms.qgs**
- **Load your WMS in an empty QGIS project**



Exercise 7: Load external Services to QGIS

- http://localhost/cgi-bin/qgis_mapserv.fcgi?map=/usr/local/share/qgis/QGIS-NaturalEarth-Example.qgz&SERVICE=WMS&VERSION=1.3.0&REQUEST=GetCapabilities
- <http://osm-demo.wherogroup.com/service?REQUEST=GetCapabilities&Service=WMS&Version=1.3.0>
- **Romania**
<http://geo-spatial.org/geoserver/ows?service=wms&version=1.3.0&REQUEST=getCapabilities>
- **Find a WMS Server for you needs**

<https://inspire-geoportal.ec.europa.eu/>



How to spread your service in the web?

- **Refer to your GetCapabilities-Urls**
- **Add your GetCapabilities & Metadata in a Metadata catalog**
- **Offer your WMS in WebGIS Client in a ready to use application f.e. OpenLayers, Leaflet, Mapbender, GeoMoose, MapStore, QGIS Map Client**



Provide Services with Leaflet

- **Open the leaflet demo**
- **Add things to it**
 - **Bounding box**
 - **WMS SERVICE**



Exercise 8: Leaflet

- **Copy paste leaflet files from /var/www → desktop**

- **Fix libraries URLs**

- **Add code before `</script>`**

```
// define rectangle geographical bounds
var bounds = [[43.7,20.0], [48.3,29.7]];

// create an orange rectangle
L.rectangle(bounds, {color: "#ff7800",
weight: 1}).addTo(map);

// zoom the map to the rectangle bounds
map.fitBounds(bounds);
```



Exercise 9: Leaflet

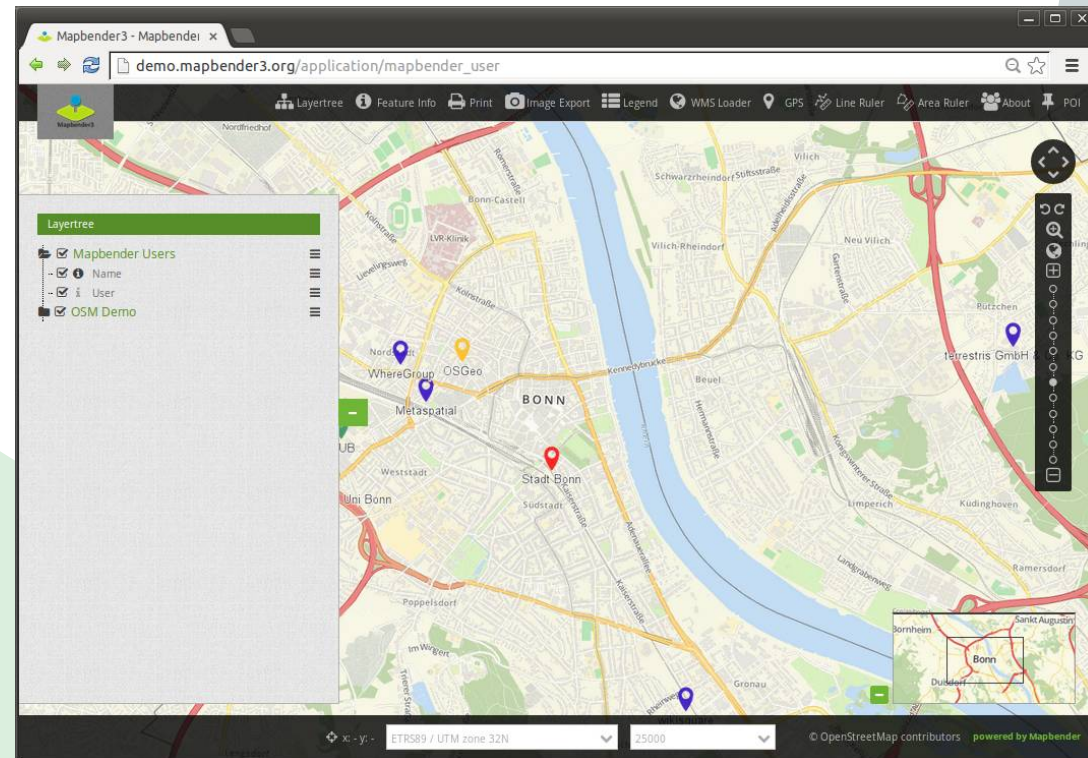
- **Add WMS service**

```
var countriesAndBoundaries =  
L.tileLayer.wms('http://geo-spatial.org/geo  
server/ows?', {  
  layers: 'omc:ro_admin_gr_colegii_sen'  
}).addTo(map);
```



Provide Services in a Geoportal f.e. Mapbender

- <http://localhost/mapbender/>
- Login via: root / root
- Provide Applications for different needs



Publish WMS in Mapbender

- **Menu → New DataSource**
- **Load GetCapabilities Url**



Exercise 9: Load WMS in Mapbender

- **Load your QGIS WMS and some other WMS in Mapbender**



Exercise 10: Create a new Application in Mapbender

- **Your application should start with the extent of Bucharest**
- **Copy Application mapbender_user and rename it to FOSS4G**
- **Switch to Layout → map-Element and set SRS EPSG:4326**
- **Modify MAX EXTENT to Romania lower left 20.1139 43.5602 - upper right 29.8267 48.3647**
- **Modify Start Extent Bucharest lower left 26.0985 44.4329 upper right 26.1064 44.4399**



Exercise 11: Add Services to your application

- **Your application should show your QGIS WMS and some other external WMS**
- **Go to Tab Layerset**
- **Add WMS via +**



Metadata Catalog to find your data

Goals

- **Your user should find your data**
- **Provide a catalog for you data**



Provide Metadata for your data and Services

- Metadata should be provides & has to be up-to-date
- OGC Catalogue Service Web (CSW)
- GeoNetwork, GeoNode, pycsw, Metador
- f.e Germany: **GDI-DE** & 16 Catalogues for provinces
- f.e. Greek <http://geodata.gov.gr/>
- INSPIRE
- <https://inspire.ec.europa.eu/INSPIRE-in-your-Country/DE>
- <https://inspire.ec.europa.eu/INSPIRE-in-your-Country/RO>



Exercise 11: Search in the Romanian Metadata Catalog for a Service

- <https://inspire.ec.europa.eu/INSPIRE-in-your-Country/RO>



Exercise 11: Add your new QGIS WMS to GeoNode or GeoNetwork

- **Open GeoNode**
- **Login: admin/admin**
- **Add a new Metadata entry for you WMS**
- **Follow the quickstart**
- **https://live.osgeo.org/en/quickstart/geonode_quickstart.html**



Wrap things up

- **Central data storage in a database offers lot of advantages**
- **Data Sharing via Services is easy and supported by many programs**
- **Offering ready-to-use applications covers the needs of many not advanced users**
- **Metadata helps you to find the data you need**
- **Metadata should be up-to-date**
- **A SDI is a profit for all involved parties**

