
*** Burn7 7.0 (burn7) ***

New feature: The postprocessor can process all filetypes of previous versions (packed or unpacked raw data) and the new SERVICE-compatible format of PUMA-16 in 32-bit and 64-bit precision.

New feature: variable selection by name
variables are selected by name or code
CODE=130,131,132 is equivalent to:
CODE=ta,ua,va
"burn7 -c" shows a list of codes and names

New feature: Grads Control file
Option -g creates a Grads Control file for display of service files in GrADS.
burn7 <burn.nl >burn.out -g MOST.001 mydata
writes the files mydata.srv and mydata.ctl.
After calling grads do an "open mydata.ctl"
and "q file" for a list of file properties.

Usage: burn7 [-cl-dl-gl-hl-n] <namelist
>printout modelfile resultfile
-c : Print list of codes - don't run
-d : Debug mode - print additional info
-g : Write Grads control file (ctl)
-h : Show this file
-n : Set output format to NetCDF

Namelist: VTYPE = , HTYPE = , CODE = , MODLEV=
, hPa = , MEAN = , LONS = , LATS = , NETCDF=
, HEAD7 = , MARS = , MULTI =

VTYPE = Sigma or S: Sigma (Model) level
VTYPE = Pressure or P: Pressure level

HTYPE = Spherical Harmonics or S
HTYPE = Fourier Coefficients or F
HTYPE = Zonal Means or Z
HTYPE = Gauss Grids or G

LATS = Dimension (number of latitudes)
LONS = Dimension (number of longitudes)

The burn7 defaults to the dimension of the model
run, e.g. Lats=32 and Lons=64 for a T21

resolution. Note however, that this results in Gaussian grids with non equidistant latitudes. Selecting for Lats and Lons values, that are different from the internal resolution, produces equidistant lat-lon grids.
Lats sets the number of latitudes from North to South, with the northpole at index 1 and the southpole at index Lats.
Delta Phi is therefore $180 \text{ degrees} / (\text{Lats} - 1)$.
Lons sets the number of gridpoints on every latitude circle.
Delta Lambda is $360 \text{ degrees} / \text{Lons}$.
Index 1 is on Greenwich (0 degrees), while the last index denotes the point (360 degrees - Delta Lambda).

CODE = list of ECMWF field code (see table)
or Id (following AMIP II convention)

| Code Id | Name | Units |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------|
| ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 110 mld | Mixed Layer Depth | m |
| 129 sg | Surf. Geopotential Orography | m2/s2 |
| 130 ta | Temperature | K |
| 131 ua | Zonal Wind | m/s |
| 132 va | Meridional Wind | m/s |
| 133 hus | Specific Humidity | kg/kg |
| 134 ps | Surface Pressure | hPa |
| 135 wap | Vertical Velocity | Pa/s |
| 137 wa | Vertical Wind | m/s |
| 138 zeta | Vorticity | 1/s |
| 139 ts | Surface Temperature | K |
| 140 mrso | Soil Wetness | m |
| 141 snd | Snow Depth | m |
| 142 prl | Large Scale Precipitation | m/s |
| 143 prc | Convective Precipitation | m/s |
| 144 prsn | Snow Fall | m/s |
| 145 bld | Boundary Layer Dissipation | W/m**2 |
| 146 hfss | Surface Sensible Heat Flux | W/m**2 |
| 147 hfls | Surface Latent Heat Flux | W/m**2 |
| 148 stf | Streamfunction | m**2/s |
| 149 psi | Velocity Potential | m**2/s |
| 151 psl | Mean Sea Level Pressure | hPa |
| 152 pl | Log Surface Pressure | |
| 155 d | Divergence | 1/s |
| 156 zg | Geopotential Height | gpm |
| 157 hur | Relative Humidity | % |
| 158 tps | Tendency of Surface Pressure | Pa/s |
| 159 u3 | ustar **3 | m**3/s**3 |

| | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------|
| 160 mrro | Surface Runoff | m/s |
| 161 clw | Liquid Water Content | kg/kg |
| 162 cl | Cloud Cover | 0-1 |
| 163 tcc | Total Cloud Cover | 0-1 |
| 164 clt | Total Cloud Cover (Mean) | 0-1 |
| 165 uas | Eastward Wind 10m | m/s |
| 166 vas | Northward Wind 10m | m/s |
| 167 tas | 2m Temperature | K |
| 168 td2m | 2m Dew Point Temperature | K |
| 169 tsa | Surface Temperature Accumulated | K |
| 170 tsod | Deep Soil Temperature | K |
| 172 lsm | Land Sea Mask | |
| 173 z0 | Surface Roughness | m |
| 174 alb | Surface Albedo | |
| 176 ssr | Surface Solar Radiation | W/m2 |
| 177 rss | Surface Thermal Radiation | W/m2 |
| 178 rst | Top Solar Radiation | W/m2 |
| 179 rlut | Top Thermal Radiation | W/m2 |
| 180 tauu | U-Stress | Pa |
| 181 tauv | V-Stress | Pa |
| 182 evap | Evaporation | m/s |
| 183 tso | Soil Temperature | K |
| 184 wsoi | Soil Wetness | |
| 199 vegc | Vegetation Cover | |
| 203 rsdt | Top Solar Radiation Upward | W/m2 |
| 204 ssru | Surface Solar Radiation Upward | W/m2 |
| 205 stru | Surface Therm Radiation Upward | W/m2 |
| 207 tso2 | Soil Temperature Level 2 | K |
| 208 tso3 | Soil Temperature Level 3 | K |
| 209 tso4 | Soil Temperature Level 4 | K |
| 210 sic | Sea Ice Cover | |
| 211 sit | Sea Ice Thickness | m |
| 212 vegf | Forest Cover | |
| 218 snm | Snow Melt | m/s |
| 221 sndc | Snow Depth Change | m/s |
| 230 prw | Vert. Integrated Spec. Hum. | kg/m2 |
| 232 glac | Glacier Cover | |
| 259 spd | Wind Speed | m/s |
| 260 pr | Total Precipitation | m/s |
| 261 ntr | Net Top Radiation | W/m2 |
| 262 nbr | Net Bottom Radiation | W/m2 |
| 263 hfns | Net Heat Flux | W/m2 |
| 264 wfn | Net Water Flux | m/s |

Warning: The availability of codes depends on the model version

Only internal model variables are available on model levels (VTYPE=Sigma), derived variables, e.g. Geopotential height are only available at pressure levels.

MODLEV = integer array of model levels to extract (1 = top level) for VTYPE=Sigma
If not set MODLEV defaults to all available levels.

hPa = real array of pressure levels in [hPa] (mbar) for VTYPE=Pressure
If not set hPa defaults to 10 levels from 100 - 1000 hPa.

MEAN = 0 : Do no averaging

MEAN = 1 : Compute and write monthly means
Not for spherical harmonics, Fourier coefficients or zonal means on sigma levels

MEAN = 2 : Compute monthly standard deviations.
Not for spherical harmonics, Fourier coefficients or zonal means on sigma levels

MEAN = 3 : Combination of MEAN=1 and MEAN=2.

NETCDF = 1 : The result is written in NetCDF.
The extension ".nc" is added to the filename.

NETCDF = 0 : The result is written in SERVICE.
The extension ".srv" is added to the filename.

The SERVICE format uses the following structure:
The whole file consists of pairs of header records and data records.
The header record is an integer array of 8 elements.

head(1) = ECMWF field code
head(2) = modellevel or pressure in [Pa]
head(3) = date [yymmdd] (dd=00 monthly means)
head(4) = time [hhmm]
head(5) = 1. dimension of data array
head(6) = 2. dimension of data array
head(7) = may be set with the parameter HEAD7
head(8) = free

Example for reading the SERVICE format (NETCDF=0)

```
INTEGER HEAD(8)
REAL FIELD(64,32) ! dimensions for T21 grids
READ (10,ERR=888,END=999) HEAD
READ (10,ERR=888,END=999) FIELD
```

```
....
888 STOP 'I/O ERR'
999 STOP 'EOF'
....
HEAD7 = 0 : This parameter is for your use.
All header records take this value to their
7th. element.

MARS = 0 : All constants set for earth
MARS = 1 : Use gravity, gas constant and radius
for Mars.

MULTI = 0 : Process only one input file
MULTI = n : Process "n" input files,
each containing one year or month.
Put only the name of the first input file on
the command line. All subsequent files are
expected to be in the same directory.
The filenames must be organised in one of the
following patterns (Y=Year, M=Month):

EXP.YYY      1 file/year ( 000 - 999 )
EXP_YYYY     1 file/year (0000 - 9999 )
EXP_YYYYMM   1 file/month (000001 - 999912)
EXPYYMM      1 file/month ( 00001 - 99912)
EXPYYMM      1 file/month ( 0001 - 9912)
```

Example of namelist:

```
# This is a comment
# -----
VTYPE = Pressure
HTYPE = Grid
CODE = ta,ua,va
hPa = 200,500,700,850,1000
Lats = 19
Lons = 36
MEAN = 0
NETCDF = 0
```

This namelist will write Temperature(130),
u(130) and v(131) on pressure levels 200hPa,
500hPa, 700hPa, 850hPa and 1000hPa.
The output interval is the same as found on the
model data, e.g. every 12 or every 6 hours
(MEAN=0). The output format is SERVICE format on
a regular grid (36 x 19) with a 10 degree spacing
between grid points.

7. Troubleshooting:

Check your namelist, especially for invalid codes, types and levels.

Rerun the burn7 with the option -d
You get lots of additional information for debugging purposes.

e.g: burn7 <my_namelist >myoutput -d modelfile
resultfile