This module contains a spec for Atomix' implementation of the SWIM protocol. $http://www.cs.cornell.edu/projects/Quicksilver/public_pdfs/SWIM.pdf$

The SWIM protocol works by periodically probing peers to detect failures. The Atomix implementation of the protocol propagates state changes to peers using a gossip protocol. Members in the implementation can be in one of three states at any given time: Alive, Suspect, or Dead. Time is tracked in this implementation using logical clocks that are managed by each individual member. A member can only increment its own logical clock (known as a term), and within any given term the member can only be in a state once. Members always transition from $Alive \rightarrow Suspect \rightarrow Dead$, and the term must be incremented again to revert back to the Alive state. Member states transition back to Alive by a Suspect or Dead member incrementing its term and refuting its state.

While this spec does use probes, it does not request probes of a suspected member from peers. Peer probes are a practical feature that does not add value to the spec for purposes of model checking. A real implementation of the protocol should use peer probes to avoid false positives.

The spec's invariant (Inv) asserts that no member can transition to the same state multiple times in the same term, and state transitions always progress from Alive to Suspect to Dead.

To perform model checking on the spec, define a set of numeric Members and define the Nil, Dead, Suspect, and Alive constants as numeric values of monotonically increasing values in that order. Additional constants may be defined as desired.

EXTENDS Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, Bags, TLC

The set of possible members CONSTANT Member

Empty numeric value CONSTANT Nil

Numeric member states
CONSTANTS Alive, Suspect, Dead

The values of member states must be sequential ASSUME $Alive > Suspect \land Suspect > Dead$

Message types
CONSTANTS GossipMessage, ProbeMessage, AckMessage

Member terms
VARIABLE term

Member lists
VARIABLE members

Pending updates VARIABLE updates

History VARIABLE *history*

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A bag of records representing requests and responses sent from one server
 to another. TLAPS doesn't support the Bags module, so this is a function
 mapping Message to Nat.
Variable messages
vars \triangleq \langle term, members, updates, history, messages \rangle
InitMemberVars \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
     \land \; term = [i \in Member \mapsto Nil]
     \land \ members = [i \in \mathit{Member} \mapsto [j \in \mathit{Member} \mapsto [\mathit{term} \mapsto 0, \ \mathit{state} \mapsto \mathit{Nil}]]]
     \land updates = [i \in Member \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land \ history = [i \in Member \mapsto [j \in Member \mapsto [k \in \{\} \mapsto \langle \rangle]]]
InitMessageVars \triangleq messages = [m \in \{\} \mapsto 0]
 Helper for Send and Reply. Given a message m and bag of messages, return a
 new bag of messages with one more m in it.
WithMessage(m, msgs) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    If m \in \text{Domain } msqs \text{ then}
         [msgs \ EXCEPT \ ![m] = msgs[m] + 1]
         msgs @@ (m:>1)
 Helper for Discard and Reply. Given a message m and bag of messages, return
 a new bag of messages with one less m in it.
WithoutMessage(m, msgs) \triangleq
    If m \in \text{Domain } msgs \text{ then}
         [msgs \ EXCEPT \ ![m] = msgs[m] - 1]
     ELSE
         msqs
 Add a message to the bag of messages.
Send(m) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} messages' = WithMessage(m, messages)
 Remove a message from the bag of messages. Used when a server is done
 processing a message.
Discard(m) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} messages' = WithoutMessage(m, messages)
 The network duplicates a message
DuplicateMessage(m) \triangleq
     \land messages[m] = 1
     \wedge Send(m)
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The network drops a message
DropMessage(m) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
    \land messages[m] > 0
    \wedge Discard(m)
    \land UNCHANGED \langle term, members, updates, history \rangle
Returns a sequence with the head removed
Pop(q) \triangleq SubSeq(q, 2, Len(q))
 Records an 'update' to gossipped by the given 'member'
RecordUpdate(member, update) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \land updates' = [updates \ EXCEPT \ ! [member] = Append(updates[member], update)]
Removes the first update from the given 'member's updates
PopUpdate(member) \triangleq
    \land updates' = [updates \ \texttt{EXCEPT} \ ![member] = Pop(updates[member])]
Records a member state change on the given 'source' node
RecordHistory(source, dest, tm, state) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    If tm \in \text{DOMAIN } history[source][dest] Then
        history' = [history \ EXCEPT \ ![source][dest][tm] = Append(history[source][dest][tm], state)]
     ELSE
        history' = [history \ EXCEPT \ ![source] = history[source][dest] @@(tm:> \langle state \rangle)]
 Updates the state of a peer on the given 'source' node
 When the state of the 'dest' is updated, an update message is enqueued for gossip
 and the state change is recorded in the 'source' node's history for model checking.
UpdateState(source, dest, tm, state) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \land members' = [members except ![source][dest] = [term \mapsto tm, state \mapsto state]]
    \land RecordUpdate(source, [id \mapsto dest, term \mapsto tm, state \mapsto state])
    \land RecordHistory(source, dest, tm, state)
Sends a typed 'message' from the given 'source' to the given 'dest'
SendMessage(type, source, dest, message) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    Send([type \mapsto type, source \mapsto source, dest \mapsto dest, message \mapsto message])
Sends a probe 'message' from the given 'source' to the given 'dest'
SendProbe(source, dest, message) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} SendMessage(ProbeMessage, source, dest, message)
Sends an ack 'message' from the given 'source' to the given 'dest'
SendAck(source, dest, message) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} SendMessage(AckMessage, source, dest, message)
Sends a gossip 'message' from the given 'source' to the given 'dest'
SendGossip(source, dest, message) \triangleq SendMessage(GossipMessage, source, dest, message)
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 \land UNCHANGED $\langle term, members, updates, history \rangle$

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Triggers a probe request to a peer
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- * 'source' is the source of the probe
- * 'dest' is the destination to which to send the probe

$Probe(source, dest) \triangleq$

- $\land \ source \neq dest$
- $\land term[source] \neq Nil$
- \land SendProbe(source, dest, members[source][dest])
- \land UNCHANGED $\langle term, members, updates, history \rangle$

Handles a probe message from a peer

- * 'source' is the source of the probe
- * 'dest' is the destination receiving the probe
- * 'message' is the probe message, containing the highest known destination state and term

If the received term is greater than the destination's term, update the destination's term to 1 plus the received term. This can happen after a node leaves and rejoins the cluster. If the destination is suspected by the source, increment the destination's term, enqueue an update to be gossipped, and respond with the updated term. If the destination's term is greater than the source's term, just send an ack.

Handles an ack message from a peer

- * 'source' is the source of the ack
- * 'dest' is the destination receiving the ack
- * 'message' is the ack message

If the acknowledged message is greater than the term for the member on the destination node, update the member's state and enqueue an update for gossip.

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HandleAck(source, dest, message) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
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- $\land \lor \land message.term > members[dest][source].term$
 - $\land UpdateState(dest, source, message.term, Alive)$
 - $\lor \land message.term \le members[dest][source].term$
 - \land UNCHANGED $\langle members, updates, history \rangle$
- \land UNCHANGED $\langle term, messages \rangle$

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Handles a failed probe
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- * 'source' is the source of the probe
- * 'dest' is the destination to which the probe was sent
- * 'message' is the probe message

If the probe request matches the local term for the probe destination and the local state for the destination is Alive, update the state to Suspect.

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HandleFail(source, dest, message) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \land \lor \land message.term > 0
           \land message.term = members[source][dest].term
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 $\land members[source][dest].state = Alive$

 $\land UpdateState(source, dest, message.term, Suspect)$

 \land UNCHANGED $\langle term, members, updates \rangle$

Expires a suspected peer

- * 'source' is the node on which to expire the peer
- * 'dest' is the peer to expire

If the destination's state is Suspect, change its state to Dead and enqueue a gossip update to notify peers of the state change.

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Expire(source, dest) \triangleq
    \land source \neq dest
    \land members[source][dest].state = Suspect
    \land UpdateState(source, dest, members[source][dest].term, Dead)
    \land UNCHANGED \langle term \rangle
```

Sends a gossip update to a peer

- 'source' is the source of the update
- * 'dest' is the destination to which to send the update

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Gossip(source, dest) \triangleq
    \land source \neq dest
    \land members[source][dest].state \neq Nil
    \land Len(updates[source]) > 0
    \land SendGossip(source, dest, updates[1])
```

 $\land PopUpdate(source)$

 \land UNCHANGED $\langle term, members, history \rangle$

Handles a gossip update

- * 'source' is the source of the update
- * 'dest' is the destination handling the update
- * 'message' is the update message in the format with the updated member ID, term, and state

If the member is not present in the destination's members, add it to the members set. If the term is greater than the destination's term for the gossipped member, update the member's term and state on the destination node and enqueue the change for gossip. If the term is equal to the destination's term for the member and the state is less than the destination's state for the member, update the member's state on the destination node and enqueue the change for gossip. Record state changes in the history variable for model checking.

 $HandleGossipUpdate(source, dest, message) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}$

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\land \lor \land message.term > members[dest][message.id].term
           \land UpdateState(dest, message.id, message.term, message.state)
        \lor \land message.term = members[dest][message.id].term
           \land message.state < members[dest][message.id].state
           \land UpdateState(dest, message.id, message.term, message.state)
        \lor \land message.term < members[dest][message.id].term
           \land UNCHANGED \langle members, updates, history \rangle
     \land UNCHANGED \langle term, messages \rangle
Adds a member to the cluster * 'id' is the identifier of the member to add
If the member is not present in the state history:
* Initialize the member's term to 1
* Initialize the member's states for all known members to term: 0, state: Dead to allow heartbeats
 Enqueue an update to notify peers of the member's existence
* Initialize the member's history
AddMember(id) \triangleq
     \wedge term[id] = Nil
    \wedge term' = [term \ EXCEPT \ ![id] = 1]
     \land members' = [members except ![id] = [i \in Domain members \dots [term \dots 0, state \dots Dead]]]
     \land history' = [history \ \text{EXCEPT} \ ![id] = [i \in \{\} \mapsto \langle \rangle]]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle updates, messages \rangle
Removes a member from the cluster * 'id' is the identifier of the member to remove
Alter the domain of 'term', 'members', and 'updates' to remove the member's volatile state. We
retain only the in-flight messages and history for model checking.
RemoveMember(id) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
     \land term[id] \neq Nil
     \wedge term' = [term \ EXCEPT \ ![id] = Nil]
     \land members' = [members \ EXCEPT \ ![id] = [j \in Member \mapsto [term \mapsto 0, state \mapsto Nil]]]
     \land updates' = [updates \ EXCEPT \ ![id] = \langle \rangle]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle history, messages \rangle
Receives a message from the bag of messages
ReceiveMessage(m) \triangleq
     \vee \wedge m.type = GossipMessage
        \land Handle Gossip Update (m.source, m.dest, m.message)
        \wedge Discard(m)
     \lor \ \land m.type = ProbeMessage
        \land HandleProbe(m.source, m.dest, m.message)
        \wedge Discard(m)
     \vee \wedge m.type = AckMessage
        \land HandleAck(m.source, m.dest, m.message)
        \wedge Discard(m)
     \lor \land m.type = ProbeMessage
        \land HandleFail(m.source, m.dest, m.message)
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$\wedge Discard(m)$

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Initial state
Init \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
     \land InitMessageVars
     \land InitMemberVars
 Next state predicate
Next \triangleq
     \vee \exists i, j \in Member : Probe(i, j)
     \vee \exists i, j \in Member : Expire(i, j)
     \vee \exists i, j \in Member : Gossip(i, j)
     \vee \exists i \in Member : AddMember(i)
     \vee \exists i \in Member : RemoveMember(i)
     \vee \exists m \in DOMAIN \ messages : ReceiveMessage(m)
     \vee \exists m \in DOMAIN \ messages : DuplicateMessage(m)
     \lor \exists m \in DOMAIN \ messages : DropMessage(m)
 Type invariant
Inv \triangleq \forall i \in DOMAIN \ history:
             \forall j \in \text{DOMAIN } history[i]:
                  \wedge \neg \exists k \in \text{DOMAIN } history[i][j] :
                         history[i][j][k+1] \ge history[i][j][k]
                  \land Len(history[i][j]) \le 3
Spec \stackrel{\triangle}{=} Init \wedge \Box [Next]_{vars}
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- $\backslash * \ {\bf Modification} \ {\bf History}$
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