EECS 367 & ROB 320 Lab KinEval Path Planning code overview

Administrative

- Assignment #1: Path Planning
 - Due 11:59pm, Friday, January 21
- Send Anthony (topipari) your Git repo (through slack)

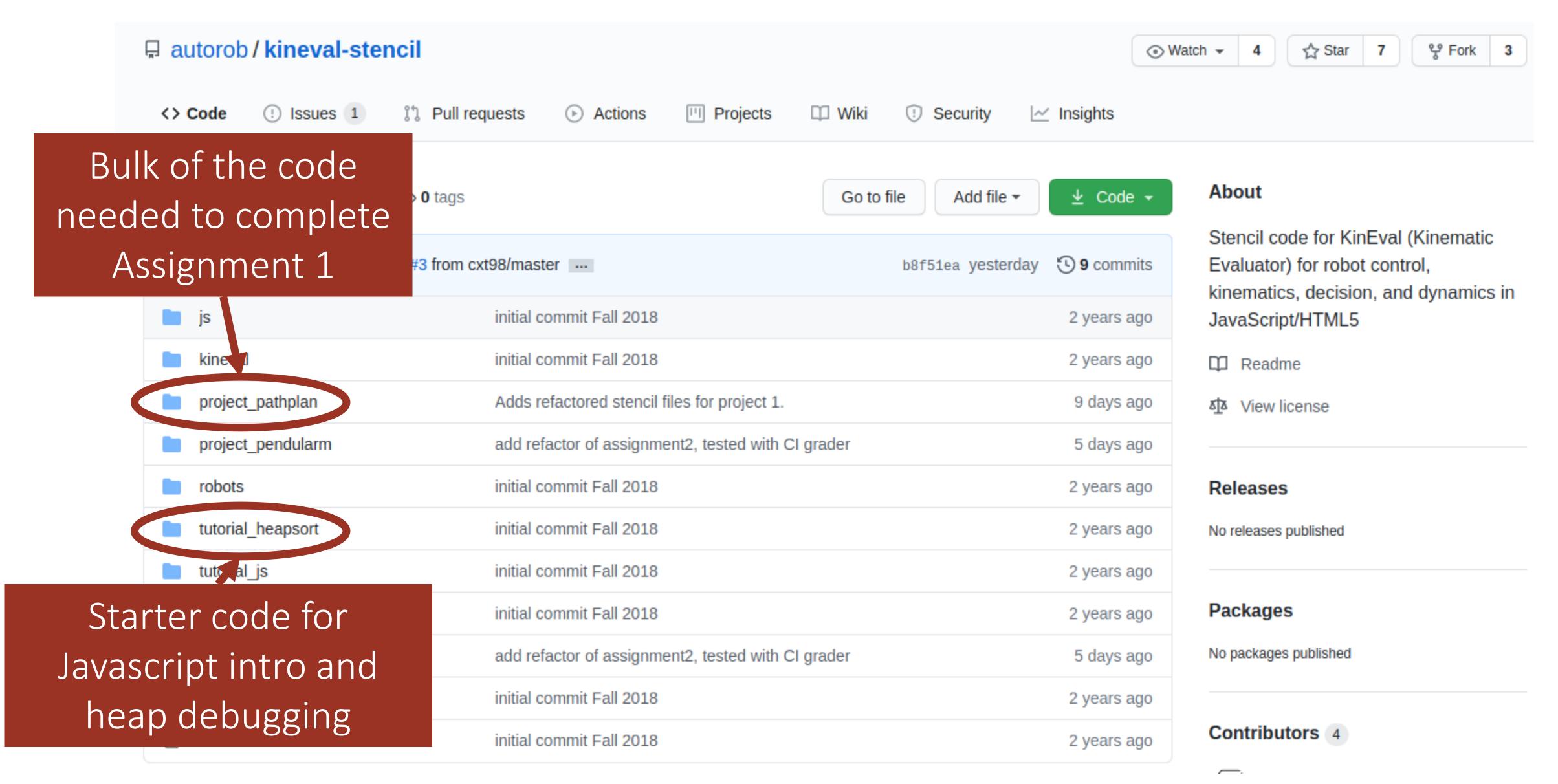
Lab Takeaways

- 1. Stencil overview
- 2. Walk through heap insert function
- 3. Validate implementation
- 4. Search canvas introduction
- 5. Data structure considerations

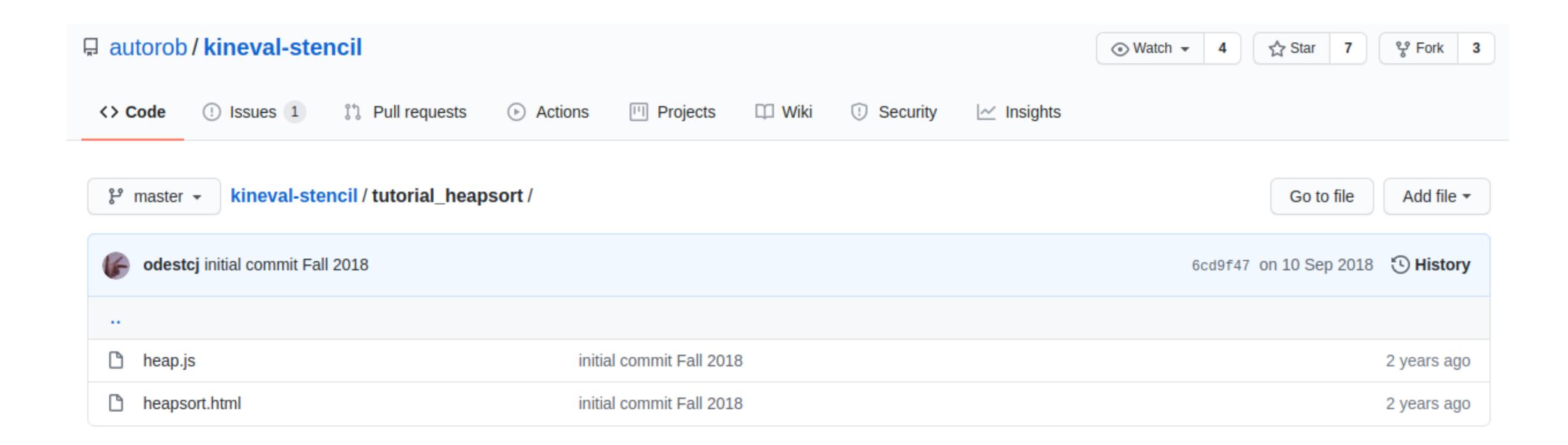
Assignment 1 Overview

Points	Feature Feature	
	Assignment 1: 2D Path Planning	
4	Heap implementation	
8	A-star search	

Kin Eval Stencil



Heapsort Tutorial



Heapsort Tutorial HTML

specifies Javascript source file to make available in HTML. Uncomment this line!

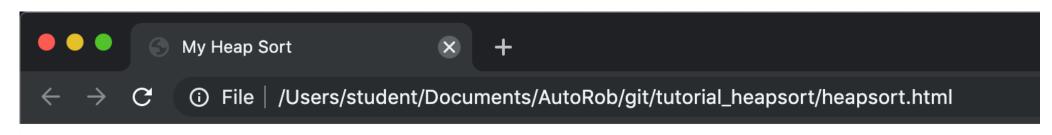
Heapsort Tutorial HTML

heapsort.html

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```
console log("building min binary heap from number array");
Represent heap as
                               numbers_heap = []; // create array for heap
a JavaScript array
                                for (i=0,i<numbers.length;i++) {
                                   console.log("inserting number "+numbers[i]+" into the heap");
   Repeatedly call
                                   minheaper.insert(numbers_heap,numbers[i]);
heap insert method
                      151
                                   console.log("appending current heap state to output object");
                      152
                                   output_string = "heap (insert " + numbers[i] + "): "; //
                      153
                                   for (j=0;j<numbers_heap.length;j++) {</pre>
                                       output_string += numbers_heap[j] + " "; //
                      154
                      155
                                                                                       Print state of
                                  addHTMLLine("output",output_string);
                                                                                      heap to screen
                      157
```

Heapsort Tutorial Results

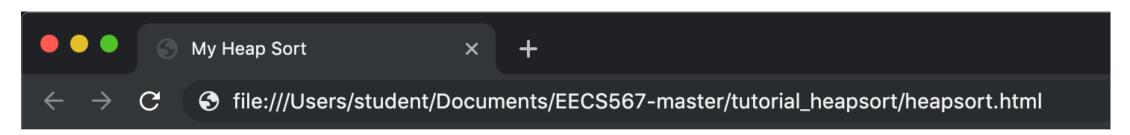


My Heap Sort

check

numbers to sort: 4055 8917 6224 8831 7815 9098 7526 3088 7537 7958 9402 4169 4304 3771 8151 2545 289 2486 6758 8685 my heaping functions are not yet implemented

Without heap.js implementation



My Heap Sort

heap (extract 6585): 7735 8241 9333 heap (extract 7735): 8241 9333 heap (extract 8241): 9333

```
504
2698 1559
4275 3515 3138 4500
5664 4872 4020 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752
6585 6073 8241 7735 4747
```

numbers to sort: 3138 4020 2698 6073 1559 504 4752 6585 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4500 5664 4275 7735 4872 3515 heap (insert 3138): 3138 heap (insert 4020): 3138 4020 heap (insert 2698): 2698 4020 3138 heap (insert 6073): 2698 4020 3138 6073 heap (insert 1559): 1559 2698 3138 6073 4020 heap (insert 504): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 heap (insert 4752): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 heap (insert 6585): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 heap (insert 8241): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 heap (insert 4747): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 4747 heap (insert 6512): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 4747 6512 heap (insert 4361): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 4747 6512 4361 heap (insert 5817): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 heap (insert 9333): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4752 6585 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 heap (insert 4500): 504 2698 1559 6073 4020 3138 4500 6585 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 heap (insert 5664): 504 2698 1559 5664 4020 3138 4500 6073 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 6585 heap (insert 4275): 504 2698 1559 4275 4020 3138 4500 5664 8241 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 heap (insert 7735): 504 2698 1559 4275 4020 3138 4500 5664 7735 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 8241 heap (insert 4872): 504 2698 1559 4275 4020 3138 4500 5664 4872 4747 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 8241 7735 heap (insert 3515): 504 2698 1559 4275 3515 3138 4500 5664 4872 4020 6512 4361 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 8241 7735 4747

heap (extract 504): 1559 2698 3138 4275 3515 4361 4500 5664 4872 4020 6512 4747 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 8241 7735

heap (extract 1559): 2698 3515 3138 4275 4020 4361 4500 5664 4872 7735 6512 4747 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 8241 heap (extract 2698): 3138 3515 4361 4275 4020 4747 4500 5664 4872 7735 6512 8241 5817 9333 4752 6585 6073 heap (extract 3138): 3515 4020 4361 4275 6073 4747 4500 5664 4872 7735 6512 8241 5817 9333 4752 6585 heap (extract 3515): 4020 4275 4361 4872 6073 4747 4500 5664 6585 7735 6512 8241 5817 9333 4752 heap (extract 4020): 4275 4752 4361 4872 6073 4747 4500 5664 6585 7735 6512 8241 5817 9333 heap (extract 4275): 4361 4752 4500 4872 6073 4747 9333 5664 6585 7735 6512 8241 5817 heap (extract 4361): 4500 4752 4747 4872 6073 5817 9333 5664 6585 7735 6512 8241 5817 heap (extract 4500): 4747 4752 5817 4872 6073 8241 9333 5664 6585 7735 6512 8241 heap (extract 4747): 4752 4872 5817 5664 6073 8241 9333 6512 6585 7735 heap (extract 4752): 4872 5664 5817 6512 6073 8241 9333 7735 heap (extract 4752): 4872 5664 5817 6512 6585 8241 9333 7735 heap (extract 4872): 5664 6073 5817 6512 6585 8241 9333 7735 heap (extract 5664): 5817 6073 7735 6512 6585 8241 9333 heap (extract 5817): 6073 6512 7735 9333 6585 8241 heap (extract 6073): 6512 6585 7735 9333 8241 heap (extract 6073): 6512 6585 7735 9333 8241 heap (extract 6073): 6512 6585 8241 7735 9333

With heap.js implementation

heap (extract 9333): sorted: 504 1559 2698 3138 3515 4020 4275 4361 4500 4747 4752 4872 5664 5817 6073 6512 6585 7735 8241 9333

Heapsort Tutorial JavaScript

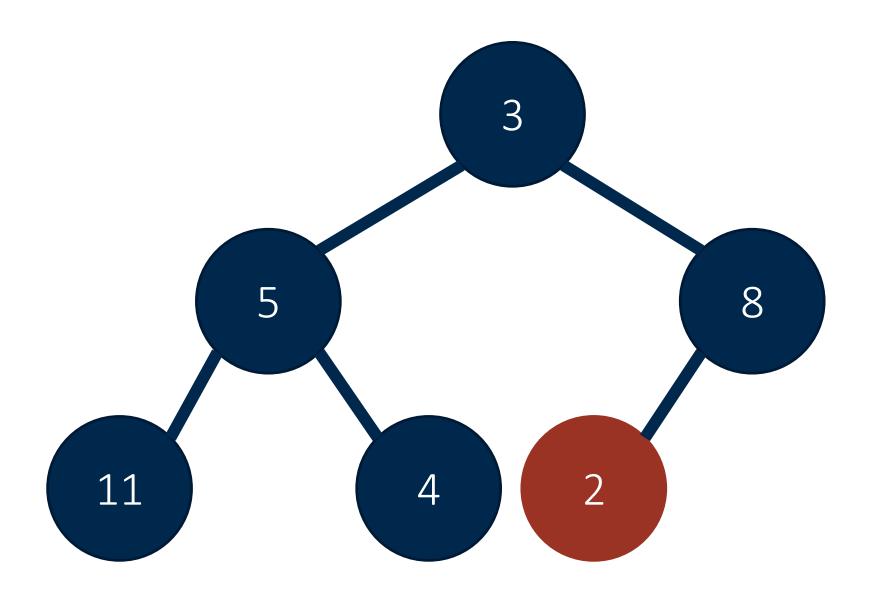
heap.js

```
// create empty object
minheaper = {};

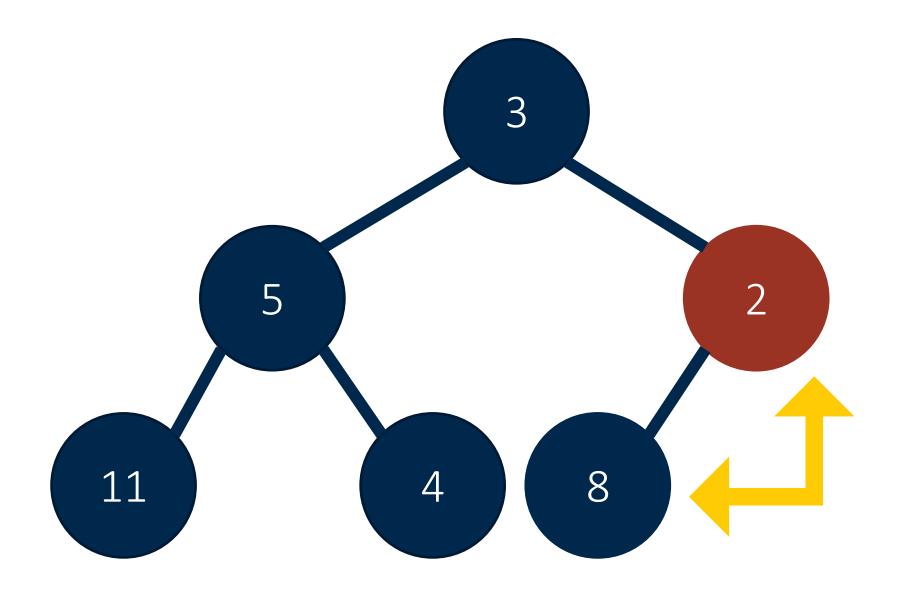
// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {

// STENCIL: implement your min binary heap insert operation
}
```

1. Add new element into first open spot in tree (end of heap)

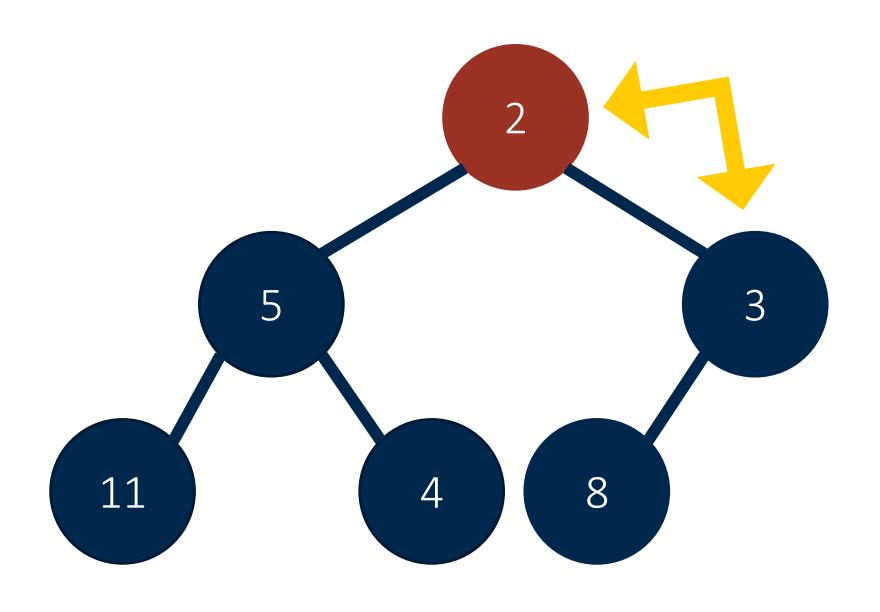


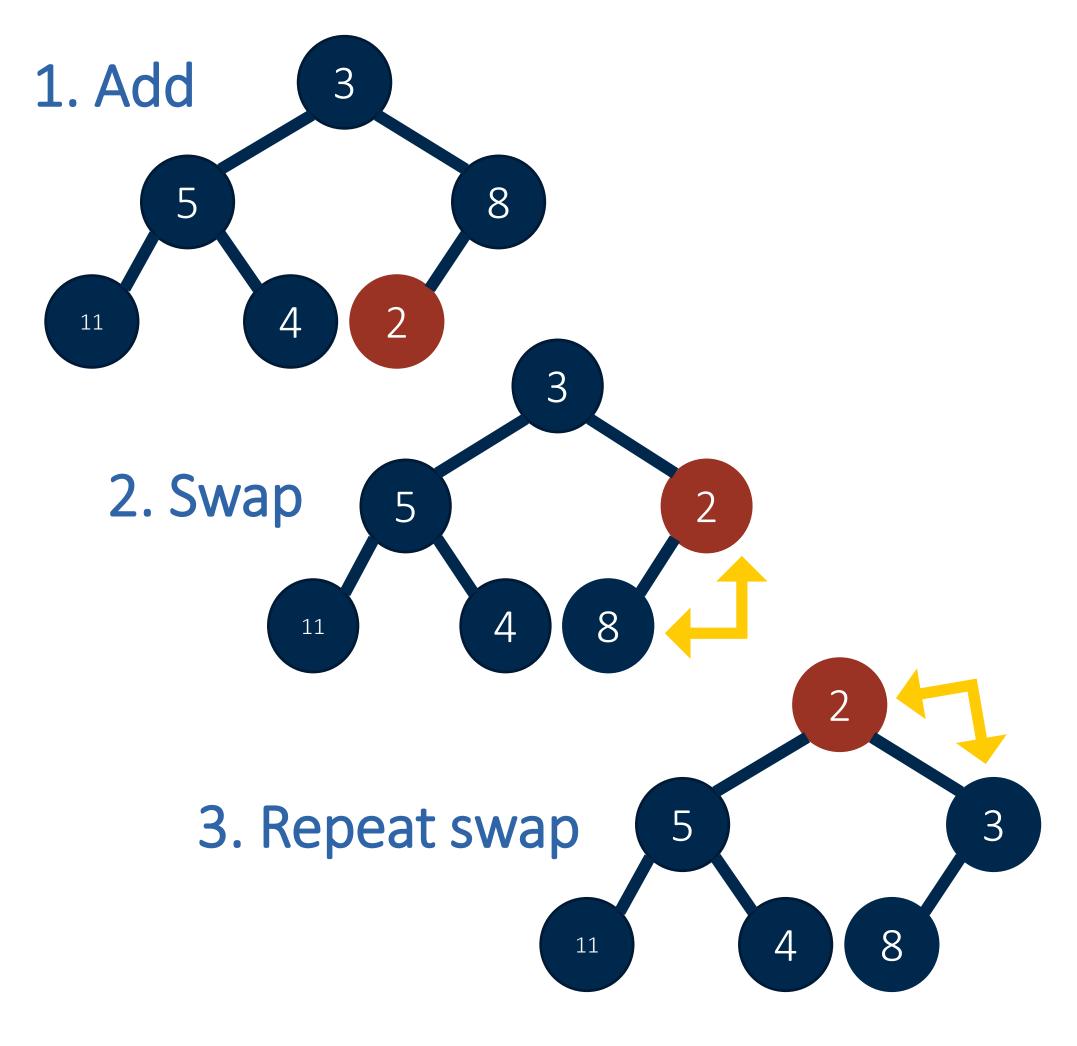
- 1. Add new element into first open spot in tree (end of heap)
- 2. If new element is smaller than parent, swap with parent



- 1. Add new element into first open spot in tree (end of heap)
- 2. If new element is smaller than parent, swap with parent
- 3. Repeat step 2 until heap property holds

Heap property: For min heaps, the value of the parent node must always be less than or equal to the value of the child node





```
// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {
    // TODO: Find index for new_element
    // TODO: Find index of new_element's parent

    // TODO: Add new_element to the heap array

    // TODO: Initialize heap condition check

// TODO: As long as heap condition not satisfied
    // TODO: Swap new_element with parent

//

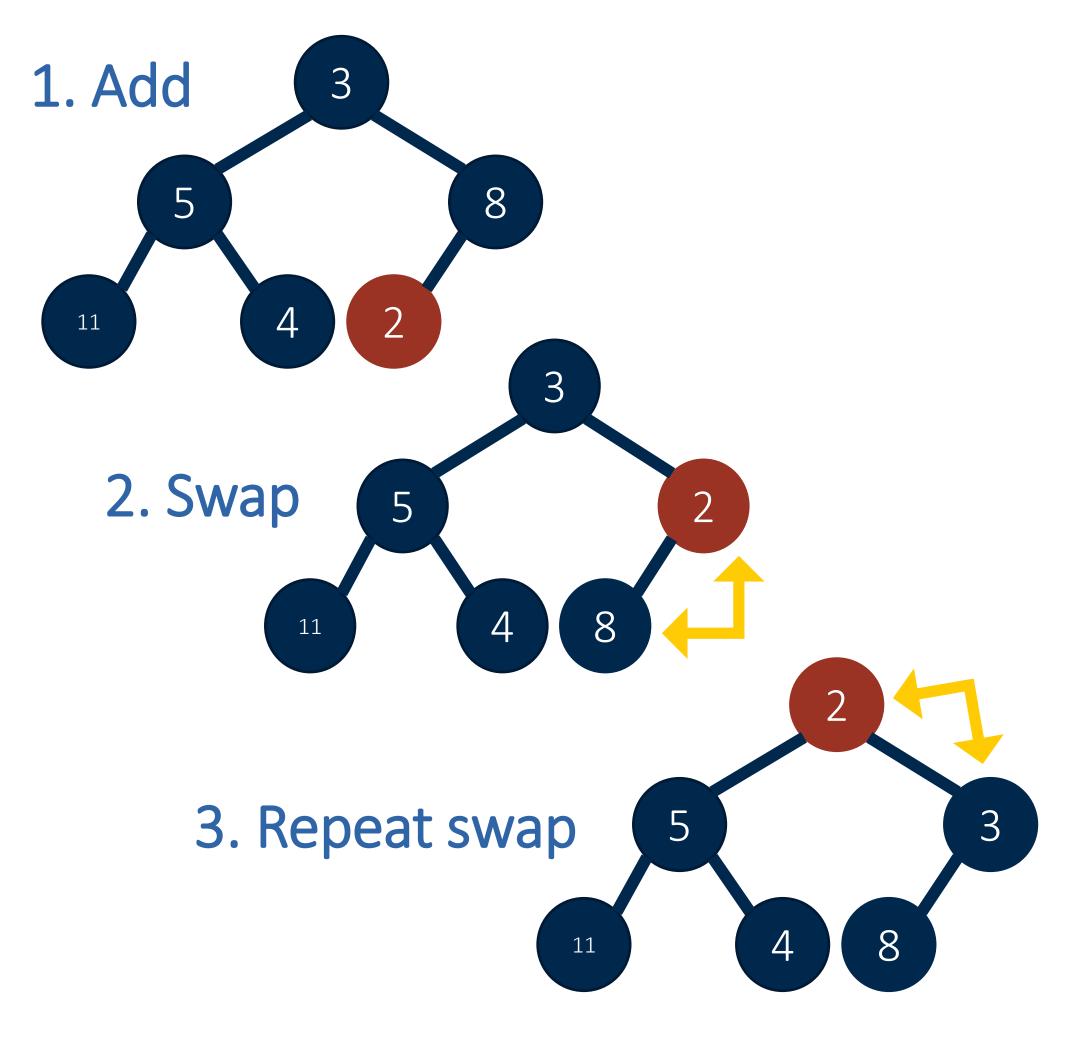
// TODO: Update index for new_element

//

// TODO: Update index for new_element

//

// TODO: Update heap condition check
```



```
// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {
   var elntIdx = heap.length;
   // TODO: Find index of new_element's parent

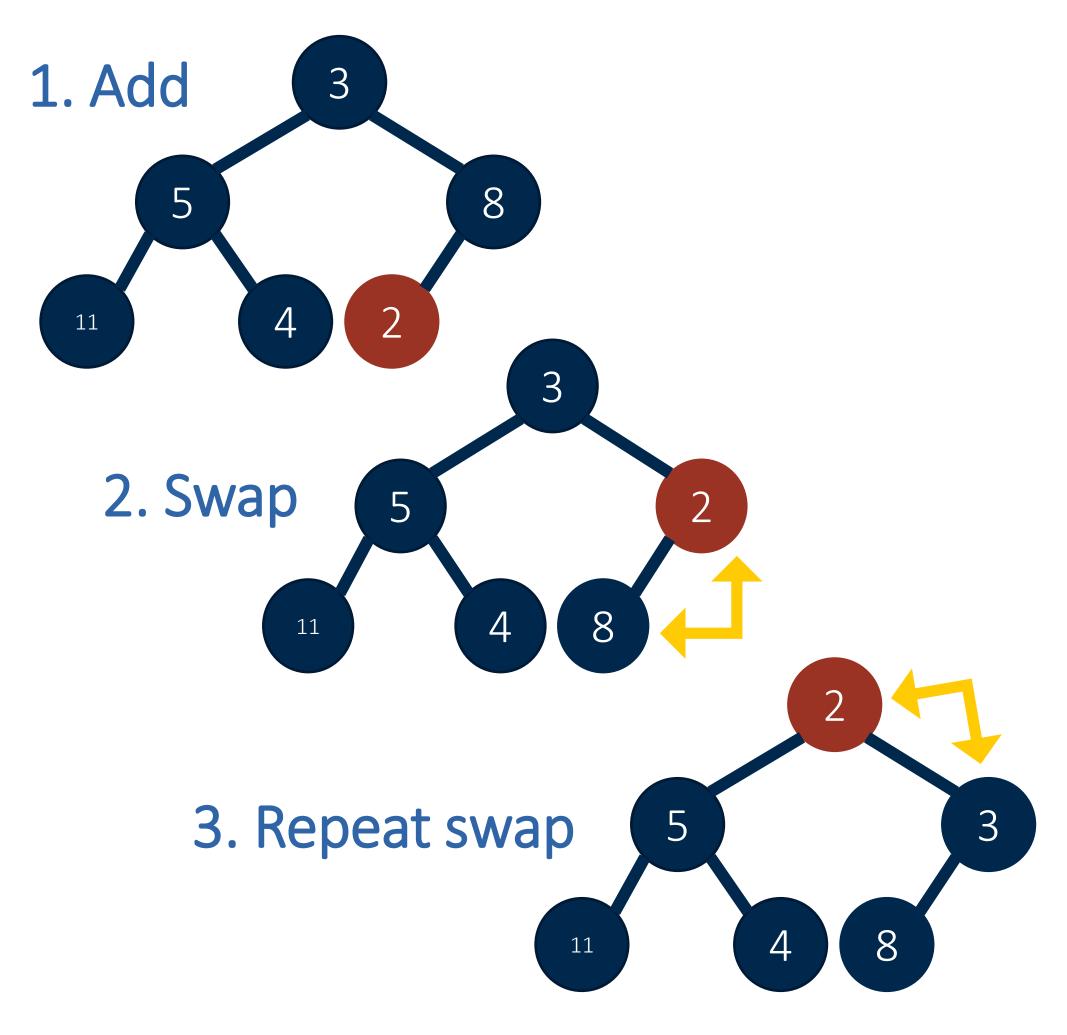
   // TODO: Add new_element to the heap array

   // TODO: Initialize heap condition check

   // TODO: As long as heap condition not satisfied
   // TODO: Swap new_element with parent

   //
   // TODO: Update index for new_element
   // TODO: Update index for new_element's parent

   //
   // TODO: Update heap condition check
}
```



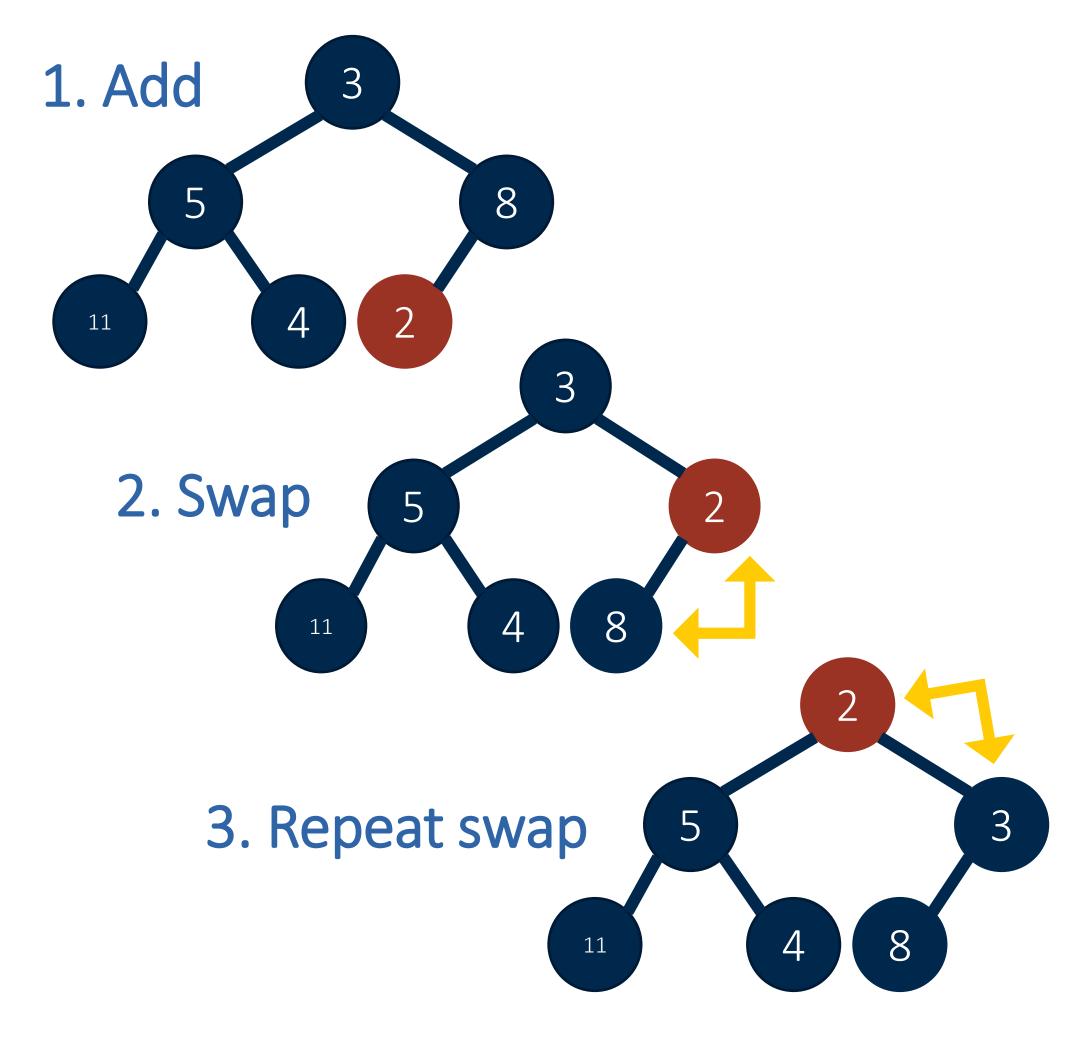
```
// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {
   var elntIdx = heap.length;
   var prntIdx = Math.floor( (elntIdx - 1) / 2);

   // TODO: Add new_element to the heap array

   // TODO: Initialize heap condition check

   // TODO: As long as heap condition not satisfied
   // TODO: Swap new_element with parent

   //
   // TODO: Update index for new_element
   //
   // TODO: Update index for new_element
   //
   // TODO: Update heap condition check
}
```



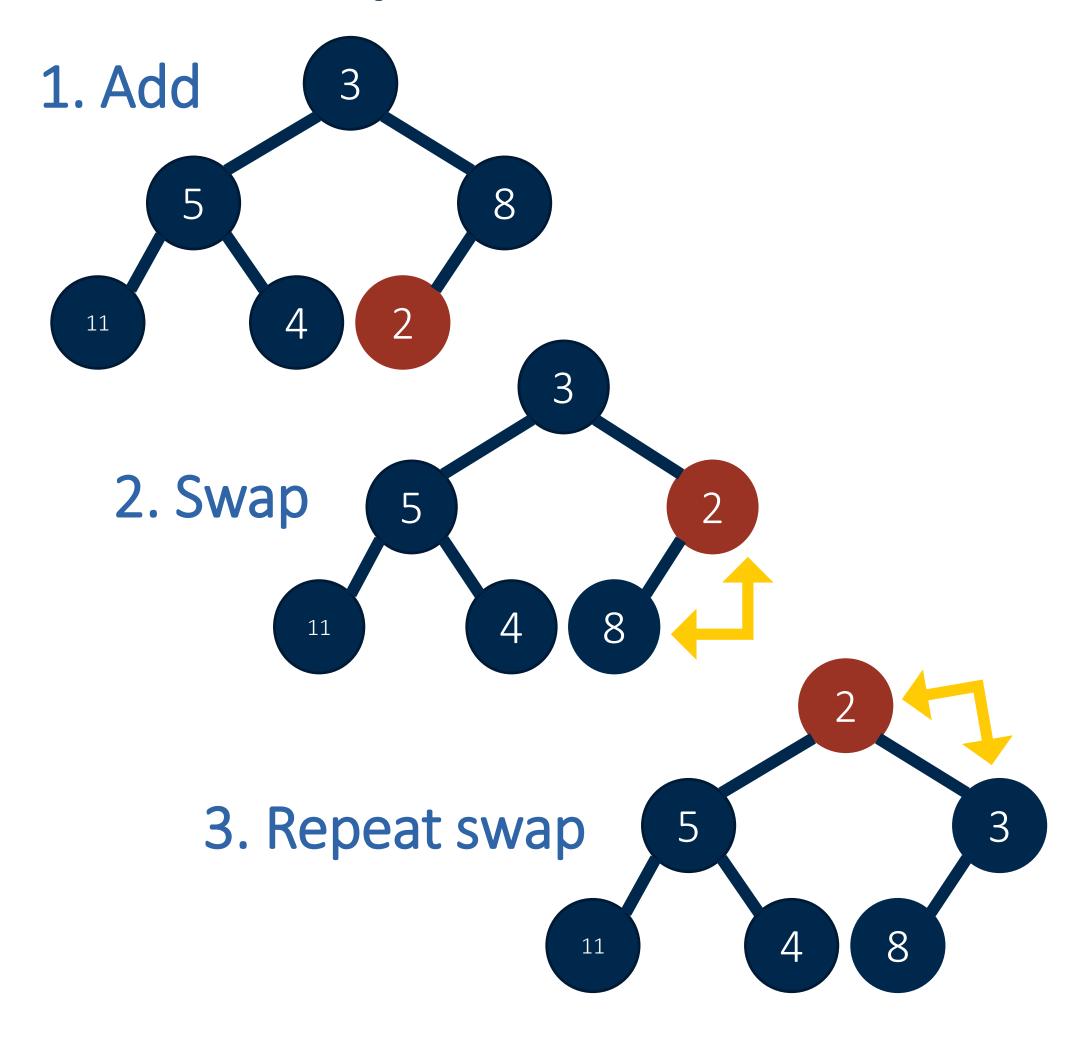
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// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {
   var elntIdx = heap.length;
   var prntIdx = Math.floor( (elntIdx - 1) / 2);

   heap.push(new_element);

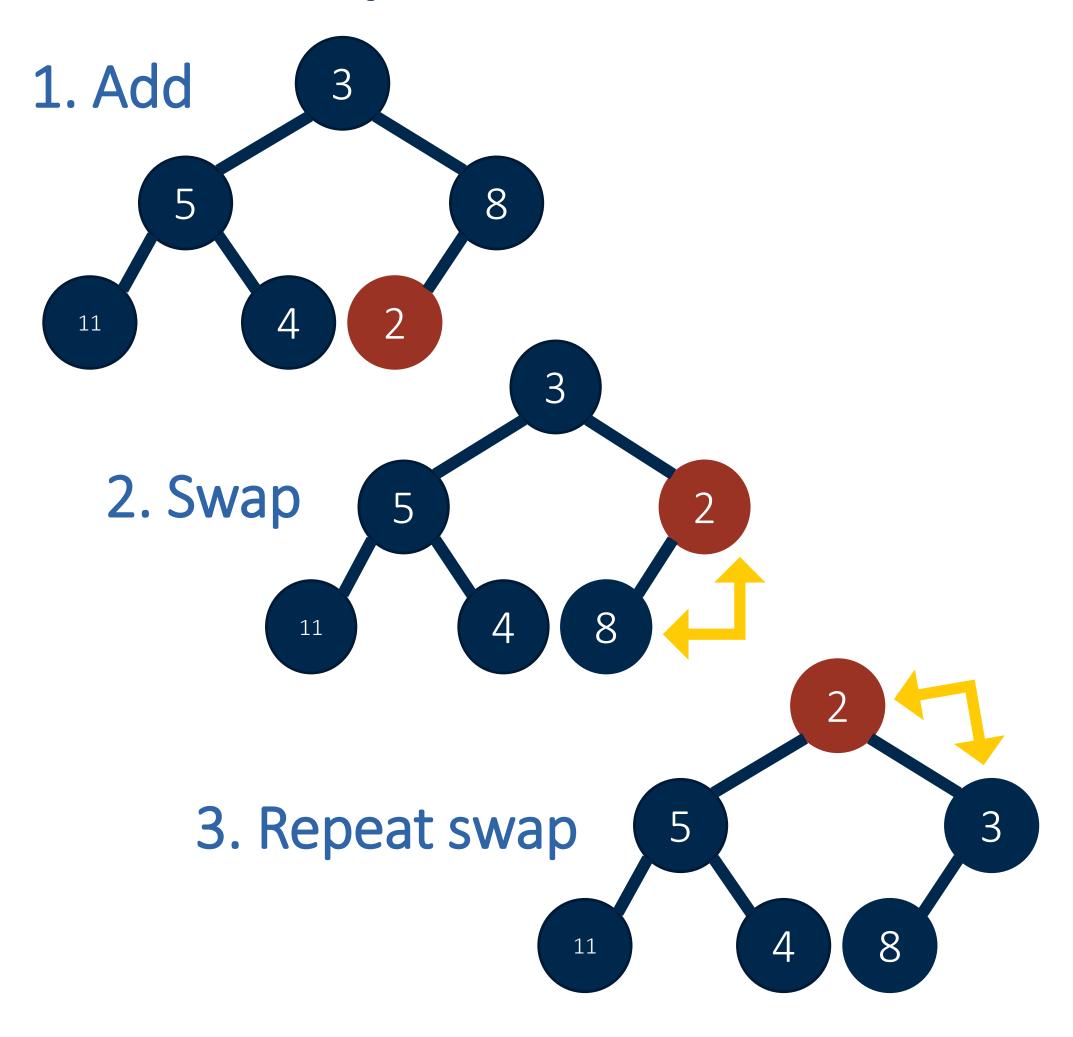
   // TODO: Initialize heap condition check

   // TODO: As long as heap condition not satisfied
   // TODO: Swap new_element with parent

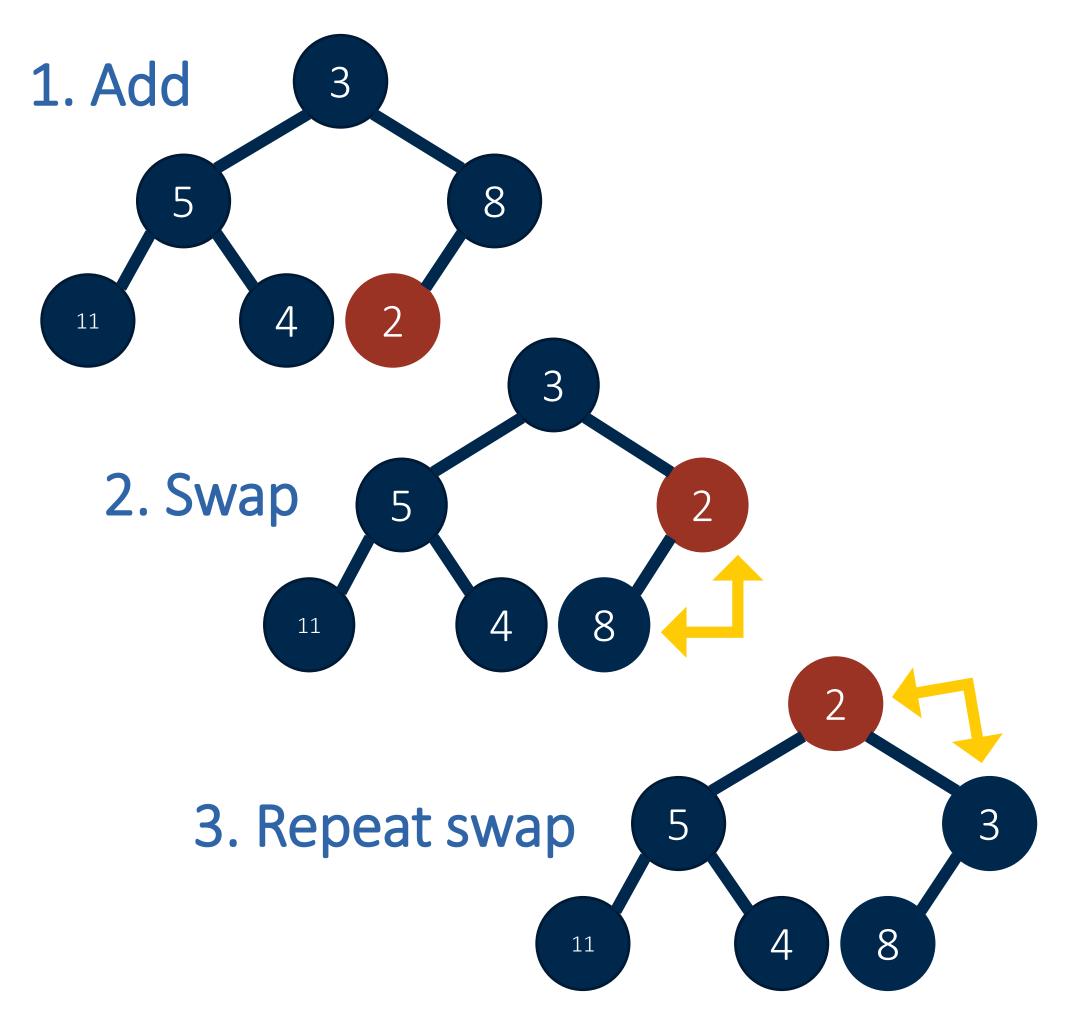
   //
   // TODO: Update index for new_element
   // TODO: Update index for new_element
   //
   // TODO: Update heap condition check
}
```



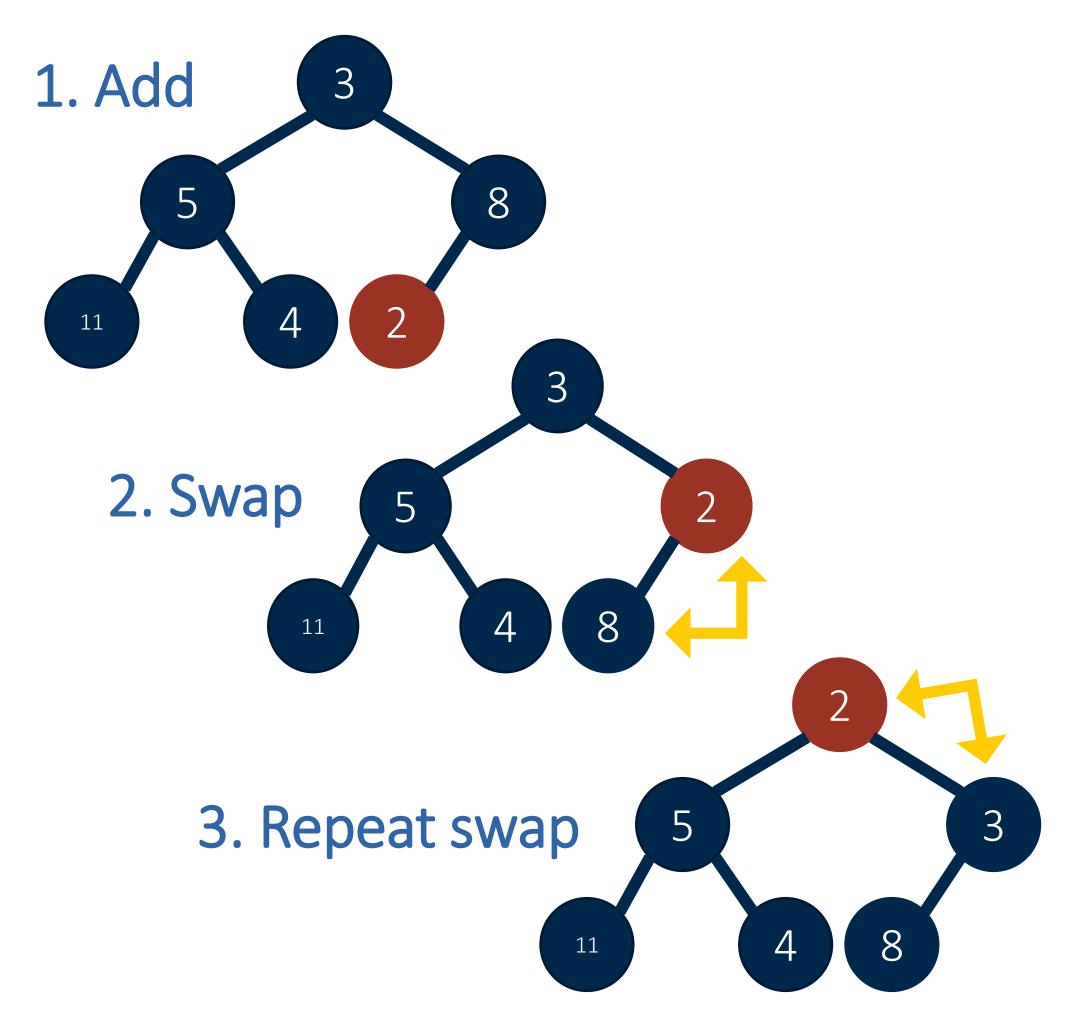
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     var elntIdx = heap.length;
     var prntIdx = Math.floor( (elntIdx - 1) / 2);
     heap.push(new_element);
     // Heap condition is true if new element added as root, or if
        new element is less than or equal to its parent element
     var heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) || (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);</pre>
        TODO: As long as heap condition not satisfied
             TODO: Swap new_element with parent
             TODO: Update index for new_element
             TODO: Update index for new_element's parent
             TODO: Update heap condition check
```



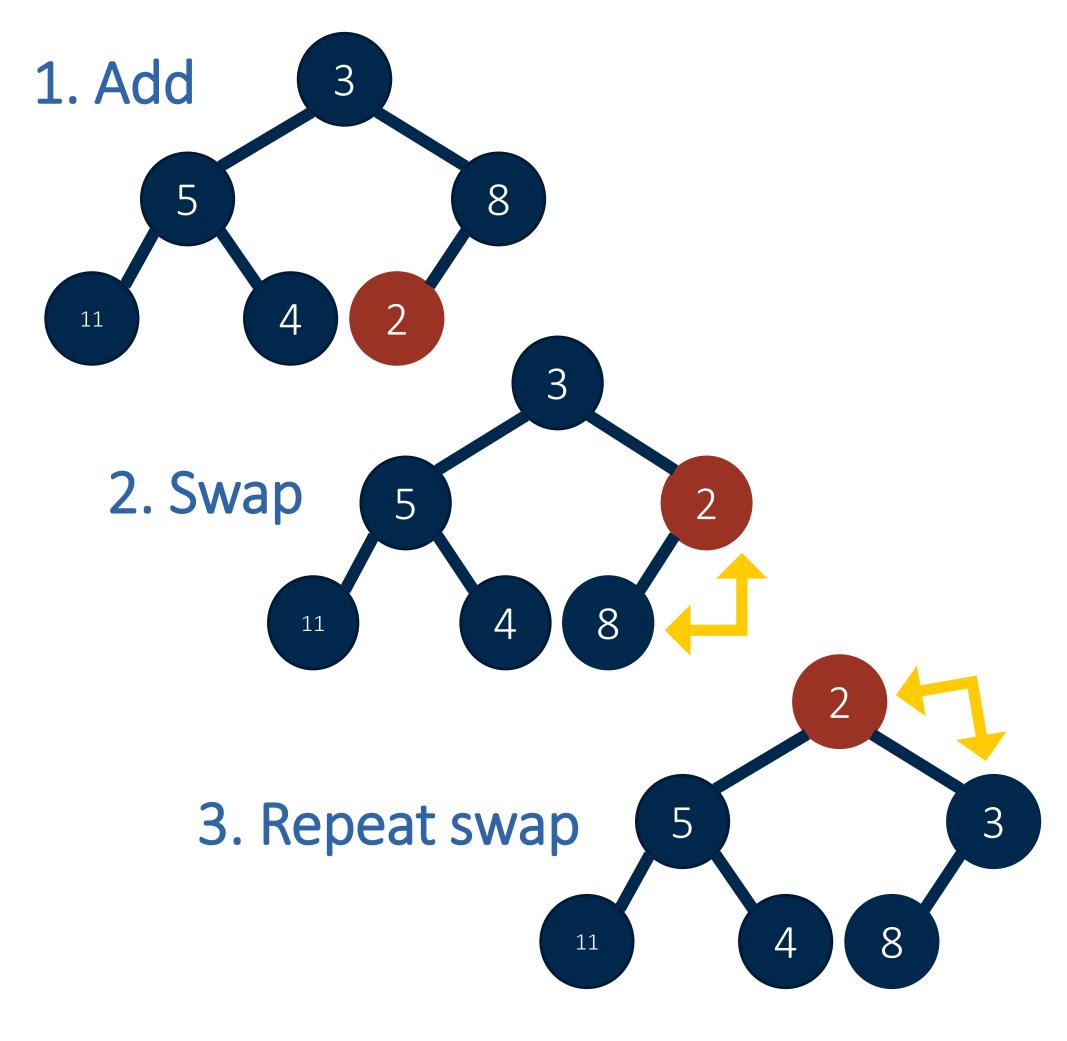
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    heap.push(new_element);
    // Heap condition is true if new element added as root, or if
    // new element is less than or equal to its parent element
    var heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) | (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);</pre>
    while (!heaped) {
            TODO: Swap new_element with parent
            TODO: Update index for new_element
            TODO: Update index for new_element's parent
            TODO: Update heap condition check
```



```
define insert function for min binary heap
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    // new element is less than or equal to its parent element
    var heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) || (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);</pre>
   while (!heaped) {
       // Swap element and parent
       var tmp = heap[prntIdx];
       heap[prntIdx] = heap[elntIdx];
       heap[elntIdx] = tmp;
            TODO: Update index for new_element
            TODO: Update index for new_element's parent
            TODO: Update heap condition check
```

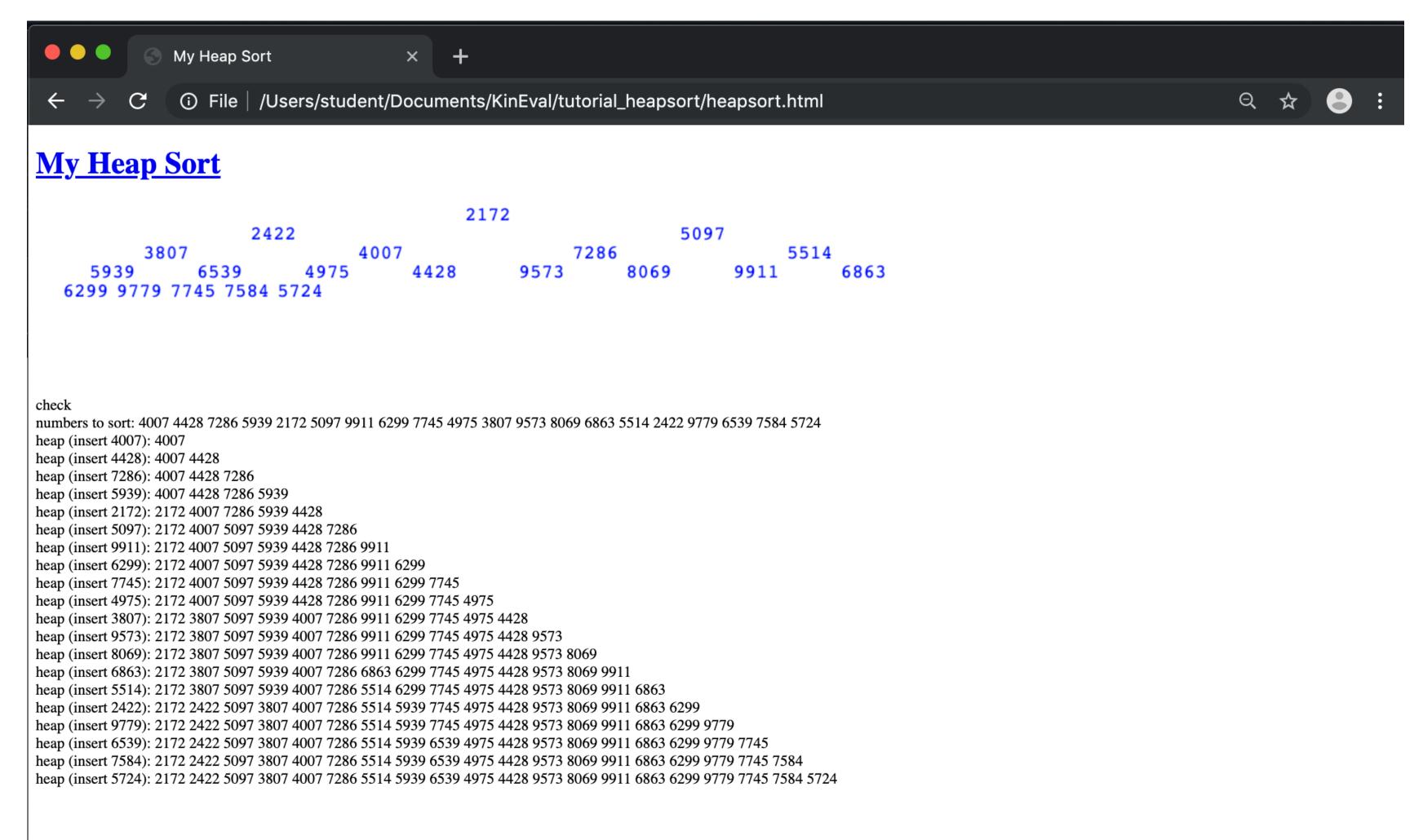


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    // new element is less than or equal to its parent element
    var heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) | (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);</pre>
    while (!heaped) {
        // Swap element and parent
        var tmp = heap[prntIdx];
        heap[prntIdx] = heap[elntIdx];
        heap[elntIdx] = tmp;
        // Update element and parent index
        elntIdx = prntIdx;
        prntIdx = Math.floor( (elntIdx -1 ) / 2 );
            TODO: Update heap condition check
```



```
// define insert function for min binary heap
function minheap_insert(heap, new_element) {
    var elntIdx = heap.length;
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    var heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) || (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);</pre>
   while (!heaped) {
        // Swap element and parent
        var tmp = heap[prntIdx];
        heap[prntIdx] = heap[elntIdx];
        heap[elntIdx] = tmp;
        // Update element and parent index
        elntIdx = prntIdx;
        prntIdx = Math.floor( (elntIdx -1 ) / 2 );
        // Re-evaluate heap condition
        heaped = (elntIdx <= 0) | (heap[prntIdx] <= heap[elntIdx]);
```

Heap Insert Result



Lab Takeaways

- 1. Stencil overview
- 2. Walk through heap insert function
- 3. Validate implementation
- 4. Search canvas introduction
- 5. Data structure considerations

Search Canvas Infrastructure

```
In the initSearch()
              infrastructure.js
                                                                  function, which instantiates
                          specify start and goal configurations
                                                                   global variables and starts
              238
                       q_start_config = [0,0];
                                                                         your algorithms
              239
                       q_goal_config = [4, 4];
                       q_init = q_start_config;
              240
                       q_goal = q_goal_config;
              241
                               track of the last goal drawn on the canvas
    q_start_config =
                              oal = [10000,1000];
          q_init
   start location in world
                              cheme = "default";
                                                                      q_init and q_goal
                                                                     can be specified in URL
q_goal_config = q_goal
   goal location in world
```

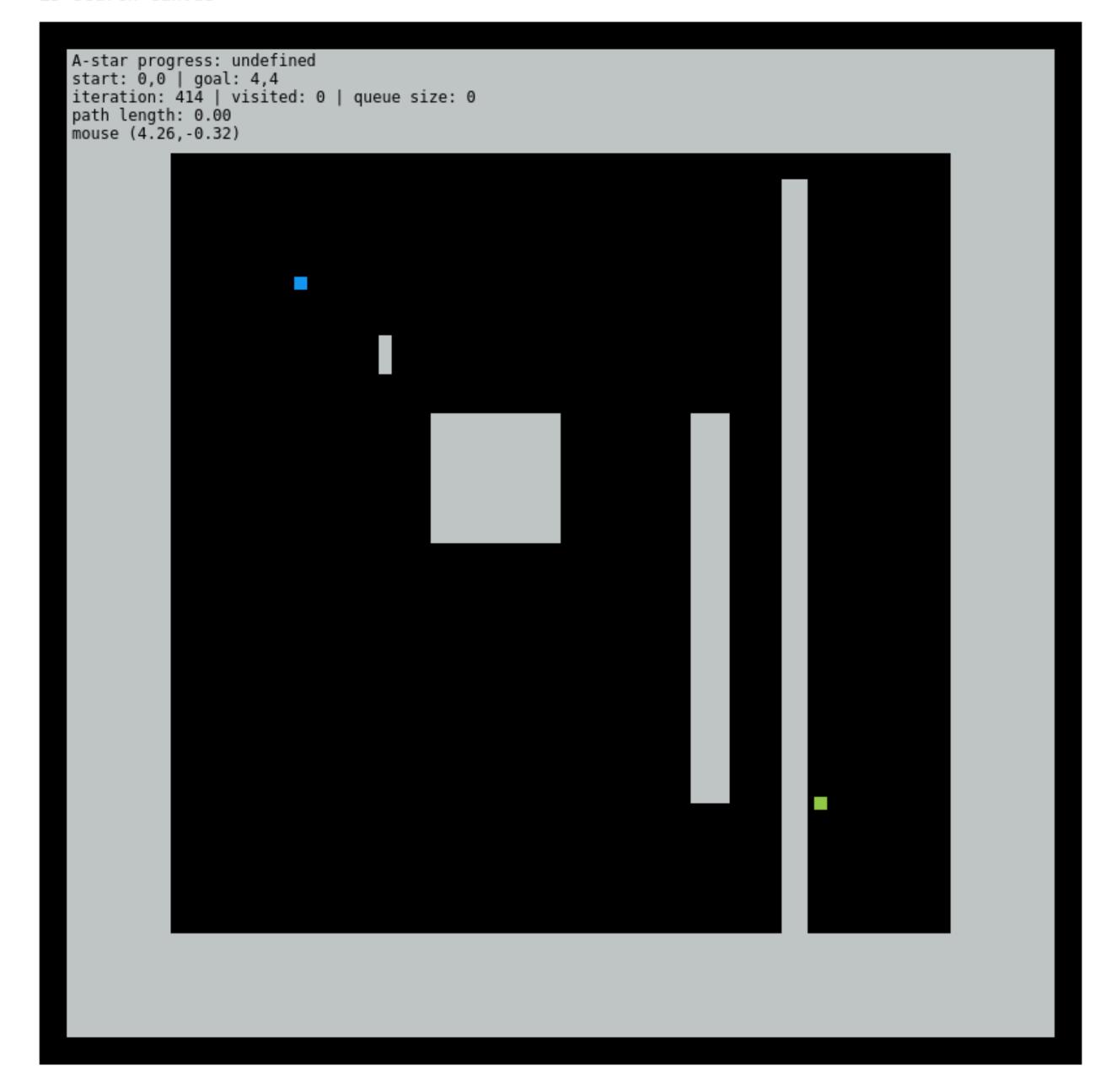
Search Canvas

Open search_canvas.html in your browser

Available URL parameters described in search_canvas.html file

World coordinates go from (-2, -2) to (7, 7)

2D Search Canvas

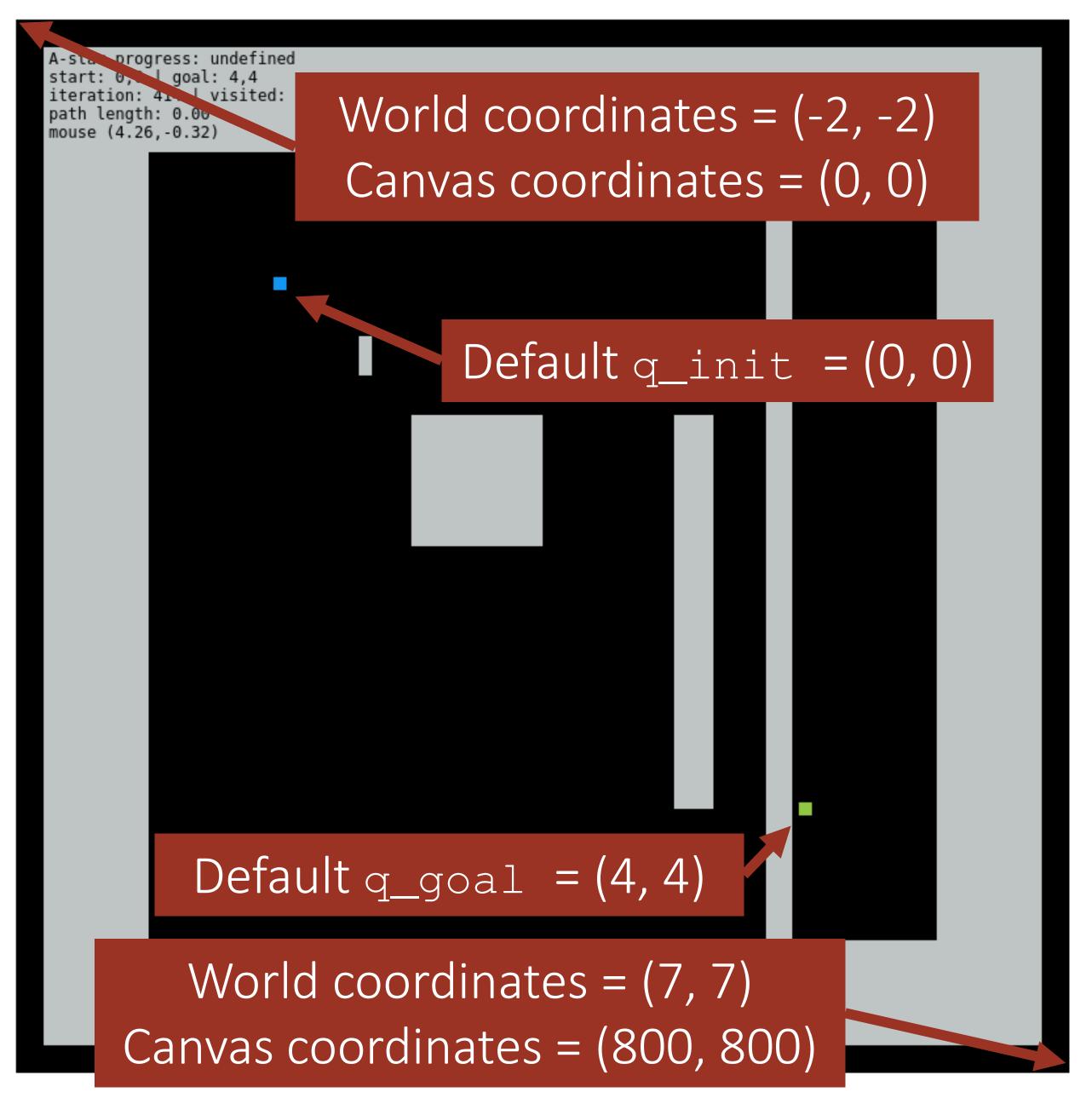


Search Canvas

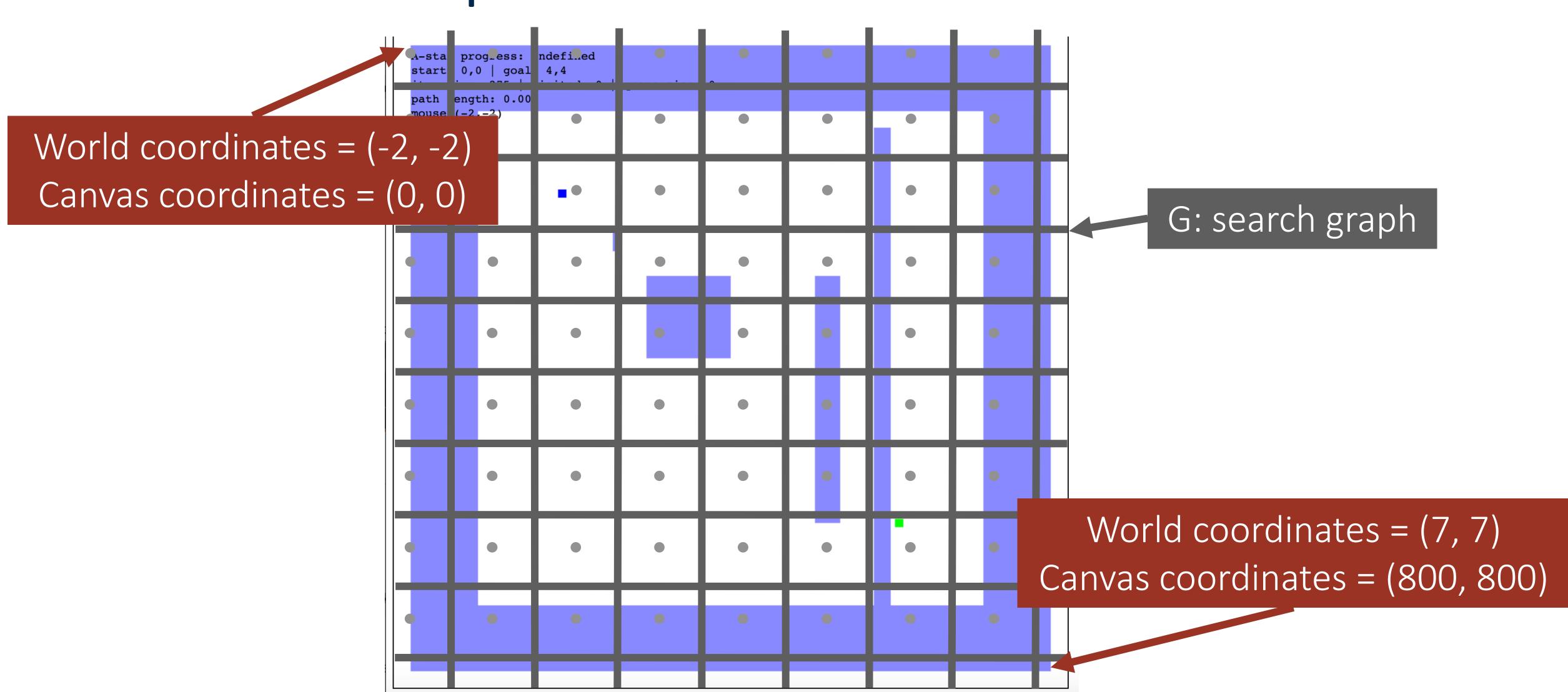
Open search_canvas.html in your browser

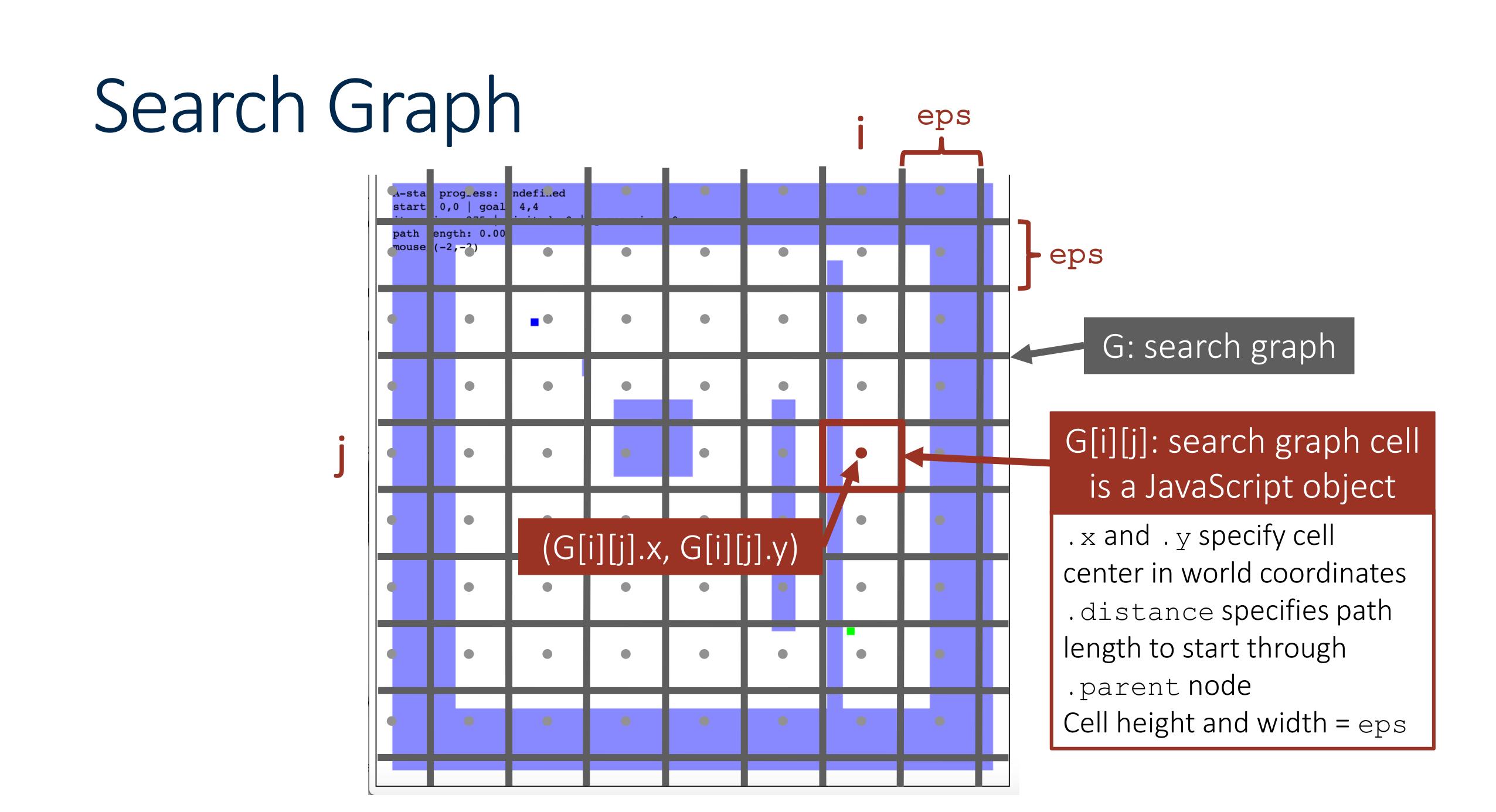
Available URL parameters described in search_canvas.html file

World coordinates go from (-2, -2) to (7, 7)



Search Graph

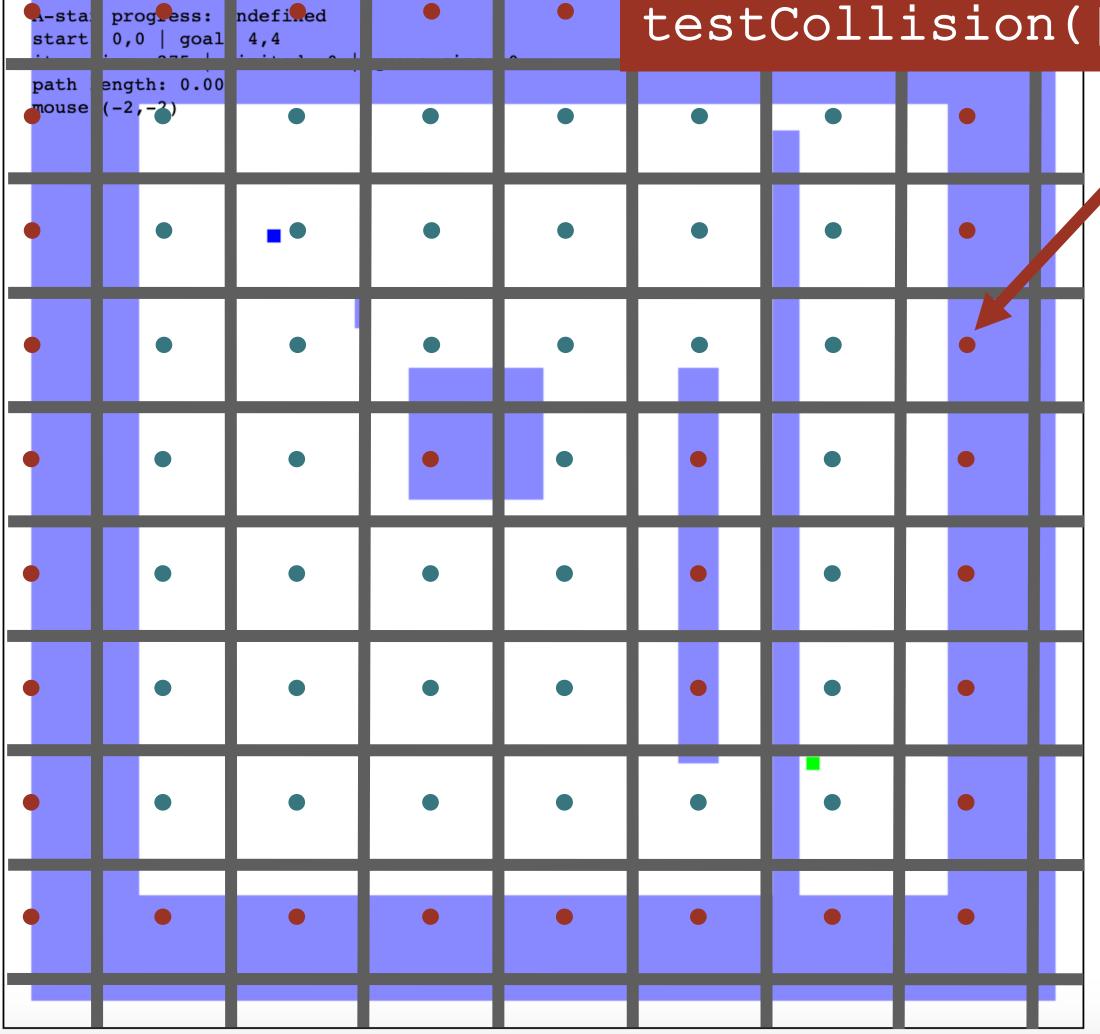




Collisions

Test configuration at visited cell center for collision:

testCollision([G[i][j].x,G[i][j].y])



Graph Search Initialization

graph_search.js

```
function initSearchGraph() {
   // create the search queue
   visit_queue = [];
   // initialize search graph as 2D array over configuration space
        of 2D locations with specified spatial resolution
   G = [];
    for (iind=0,xpos=-2;xpos<7;iind++,xpos+=eps) {</pre>
        G[iind] = [];
        for (jind=0,ypos=-2;ypos<7;jind++,ypos+=eps) {</pre>
            G[iind][jind] = {
                i:iind, j:jind, // mapping to graph array
                x:xpos, y:ypos, // mapping to map coordinates
                parent:null, // pointer to parent in graph along motion path
                distance:10000, // distance to start via path through parent
                visited:false, // flag for whether the node has been visited
                priority:null, // visit priority based on fscore
                queued:false // flag for whether the node has been queued for vis
            // STENCIL: determine whether this graph node should be the start
                 point for the search
```

Important to identify discrete start indices within graph from continuous world position

Graph Search Iteration

draw.js

```
// render the world to the canvas element
218
         drawRobotWorld();
         // make sure the rrt iterations are not running faster than animation update
         if (search_iterate && (Date.now()-cur_time > min_msec_between_iterations)) {
             // update time marker for last iteration update
             cur_time = Date.now();
             // update iteration count
             search_iter_count++;
             // call iteration for the selected search algorithm
             switch (search_alg) {
                 case "depth-first":
                 case "breadth-first":
                 case "greedy-best-first":
                 case "A-star":
                      search_result = iterateGraphSearch();
                     break;
237
                 case "RRT":
```

In animate() function,
 which is responsible for
calling your iterate functions

Graph Search Iteration

graph_search.js

```
Including excessive loops may cause
    function iterateGraphSearch() {
54
                                                      browser to become unresponsive.
        // STENCIL: implement a single iteration of a graph search algorithm
56
            for A-star (or DFS, BFS, Greedy Best-First)
            An asynch timing mechanism is used instead of a for loop to avoid
            blocking and non-responsiveness in the browser.
            Return "failed" if the search fails on this iteration.
            Return "succeeded" if the search succeeds on this iteration.
            Return "iterating" otherwise.
                                                       Once search has completed, turn off
                                                      iteration: search_iterate = false;
            Provided support functions:
            testCollision - returns whether a given configuration is in collision
68
            drawHighlightedPathGraph - draws a path back to the start location
            draw_2D_configuration - draws a square at a given location
70
```

Ensure your implementations are

isolated to single search steps!

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