AutoRob

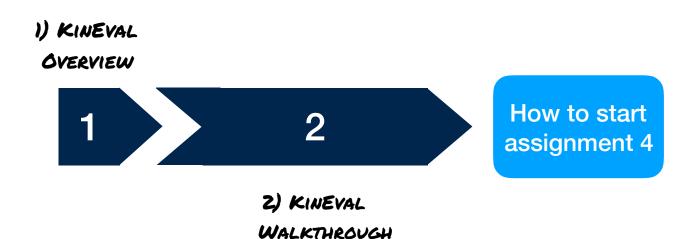
Introduction to Autonomous Robotics
Michigan EECS 367

Robot Kinematics and Dynamics Michigan ME 567 EECS 567 ROB 510

Fall 2019

EECS 367 Lab: KinEval pose parameters and HTML5 audio

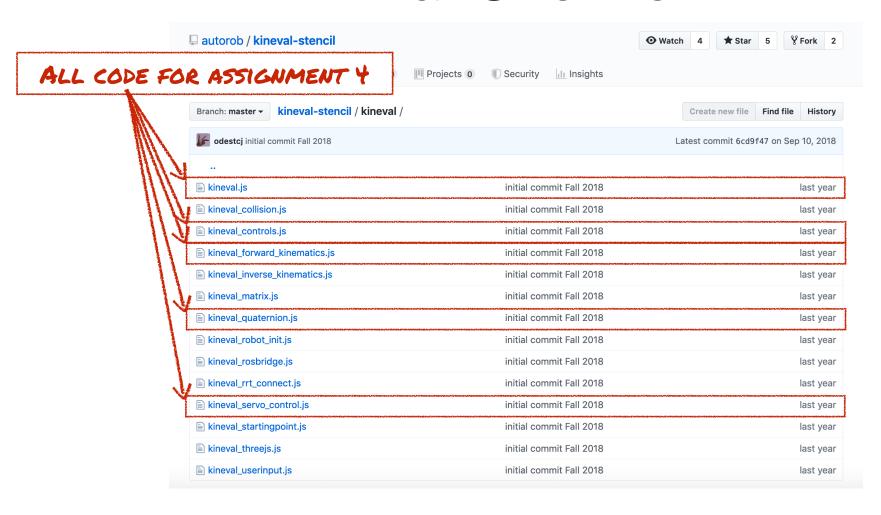
Lab Takeaways



Forward Kinematics Overview

		Assignment 4: Dance Contr	roller
6	All	Quaternion joint rotation	
2	All	Interactive base control	FEATURES ASSIGNED
2	All	Pose setpoint controller	TO ALL SECTIONS
2	All	Dance FSM	
2	Grad	Joint limits	FEATURES ASSIGNED
2	Grad	Prismatic joints	TO GRADUATE
2	Grad	Fetch rosbridge interface	SECTIONS

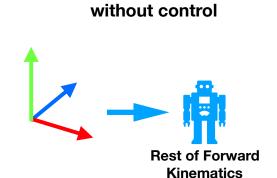
KinEval Overview



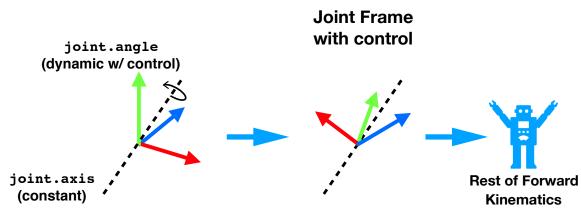
kineval_forward_kinematics.js

```
kineval_forward_kinematics.js ×
   FOR EACH JOINT, INCORPORATE
 joint.axis and joint.angle
      within forward kinematics
(you'll then be able to control joints) mons 3.0 BY-SA
                              kineval.robotForwardKinematics = function robotForwardKinematics () {
                                  if (typeof kineval.buildFKTransforms === 'undefined') {
                                     textbar.innerHTML = "forward kinematics not implemented";
```

kineval_quaternion.js



Joint Frame



kineval_control.js

```
kineval_controls.js ×
         CONTROL APPLIED TO
        joint.angle(5) AND
robot.origin POSE FOR YOU
                                  kineval.applyControls = function robot_apply_controls() {
                                      for (x in robot.joints) {
                                         if (isNaN(robot.joints[x].control))
                                             console.warn("kineval: control value for " + x +" is a nan"); //+robot.joints[x].control);
                                         robot.joints[x].angle += robot.joints[x].control;
                                                                                                       GRAD SECTIONS HAVE STENCIL TO
                                                                                                                 ENFORCE JOINT LIMITS
                                         robot.joints[x].control = 0;
                                      robot.origin.xyz[0] += robot.control.xyz[0];
                                      robot.origin.xyz[1] +=
                                                          robot.control.xyz[1];
                                      robot.origin.xyz[2] += robot.control.xyz[2];
                                      robot.origin.rpy[0] += robot.control.rpy[0];
robot.origin.rpy[1] += robot.control.rpy[1];
                                      robot.origin.rpy[2] += robot.control.rpy[2];
                                      camera_controls.object.position.x += robot.control.xyz[0];
                                      camera_controls.object.position.y += robot.control.xyz[1];
                                      camera_controls.object.position.z += robot.control.xyz[2];
                                      robot.control = {xyz: [0,0,0], rpy:[0,0,0]};
```

kineval_servo_control.js

ROUTINE

```
kineval_servo_control.js ×
 IMPLEMENT A FINITE STATE
                                                                                                 THOUGHT EXPERIMENT
MACHINE FOR SETPOINT DANCE
                                                                             I)WHY ARE WE ONLY ASKING FOR A P
                                                   anceSequence = function execute_setpoi
                                                                             CONTROLLER?
                                         if (!kineval.params.update_pd_dance) return;
                                                                             2)What would control look like with a PID
                                                                             CONTROLLER?
                                      kineval.setpointClockMovement = function execute_clock(
                                                                             3)WHAT ABOUT A PD CONTROLLER?
                                         if (!kineval.params.update_pd_clock) return;
                                         var curdate = new Date();
                                         for (x in robot.joints) {
                                            kineval.params.setpoint_target[x] = curdate.getSeconds()/60*2*Math.PI;
                                                                                                 IMPLEMENT P CONTROLLER FOR
                                      kineval.robotArmControllerSetpoint = function robot_pd_control () {
                                                                                                 JOINT CONTROL W.R.T. SETPOINTS
                                         if ((!kineval.params.update_pd)&&(!kineval.params.persist_pd)) return;
                                         kineval.params.update_pd = false; // if update requested, clear request and process setpoint control
```

kineval.js

```
kineval.js
          kineval.setpoints = [];
          kineval.params.setpoint_target = {};
          for (var i=0;i<10;i++) { // 10 is the number of slots for pose setpoints
| kineval.setpoints[i] = {};</pre>
              for (x in robot.joints) {
                  kineval.params.setpoint_target[x] = 0; // current setpoint target
                 kineval.setpoints[i][x] = 0; // slot i setpoint
          kineval.params.dance_pose_index = 0;
          kineval.params.dance_sequence_index = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9];
          if (robot.name === 'fetch') { // fetch easter eg
              kineval.params.dance_sequence_index = [1,2,1,2,1,0,3,0,3,0];
              kineval.setpoints
                  [{"torso_lift_joint":0,"shoulder_pan_joint":0,"shoulder_lift_joint":0,"upperarm_roll_joint":0,"elbow_flex_joint":0,
310
                                                                                        CREATE A COOL DANCE ROUTINE BY
          kineval.params.ik_target = {};
          kineval.params.ik_target.position = [[0],[0.8],[1.0],[1]];
                                                                                     DEFINING A SEQUENCE OF JOINT ANGLE
          kineval.params.ik_target.orientation = [Math.PI/6, Math.PI/4, 0];
          kineval.params.ik_orientation_included = false;
          kineval.params.ik_steplength = 0.1;
                                                                                        SETPOINTS TO BE USED BY THE FSM
          kineval.params.ik_pseudoinverse = false;
                                                                                                       IMPLEMENTATION
```

Interactive controls:
poses for servo can be set interactively in
KinEval using [0-9] keys and Shift+[0-9]

JSON.stringify(kineval.setpoints) will output the currently available servo setpoints to the console as a string

HTML5 Audio

- With two small additions to the stencil code, you can add music for your dance routine!
 - The audio element offered by HTML5
 - With this, we can load a song in home.html
 - Then our FSM can play/pause the song along with the dance

home.html

```
// STENCIL: my_animate is where your robot's controls and movement are updated over time

function my_init() {

// Adding music for the dance FSM

// The song I have chosen is 'Wave' by Antonio Carlos Jobim

// My dance waves, but does not necessarily coincide with the beat of the song

song = document.createElement("audio");

song.src = "music/Wave.mp3"

startingPlaceholderInit(); // a quick and dirty JavaScript tutorial

startingPlaceholderInit(); // a quick and dirty JavaScript tutorial

}
```

kineval_servo_control.js

```
kineval.setpointDanceSequence = function execute_setpoints() {

// if update not requested, exit routine
if (!kineval.params.update_pd_dance) {
    song.pause();
    return;
}

// STENCIL: implement FSM to cycle through dance pose setpoints
if (song.paused) {
    song.load();
    song.play();
}
```