Lecture 11: Collecting logs from remote nodes

Linux commands used in this lecture:

Command	Description
/etc/init.d/apache2 start	To start apache web server (on Linux all
	services are here /etc/init.d/)
/etc/init.d/apache2 status	To check the status of apache service (this
	applies to any other service in Linux)
/var/log/apache2/access.log	Location of Apache access logs
tail -f /var/log/apache2/access.log	To monitor new log lines added to the file
Ctrl+Shift+t	To open new terminal
Ctrl+Shift+c	To copy text from terminal
Ctrl+Shift+v	To paste text to terminal
apt-get install curl	To install curl package
find / -name *.jpg	To find all files that have .jpg extension under /
	directory
find / -name *.jpg > /tmp/test	To write all results of find command to
	/tmp/test file
cat /tmp/test	To display the content of this file on the screen
for i in `cat /tmp/test`; do curl localhost/\$i; done	For loop on bash shell to iterate on the entries
	of the file /tmp/test, and execute this
	command curl localhost/\$i, variable \$i contains
	an entry from /tmp/test at every iteration
Apt-get install vim	To install vim text editor
su splunk	To switch to splunk user
ls -altr	To display all details of files
vim /etc/group	To modify groups file (refer to table below for
	Vim keys)

Vim quick tutorial:

Command	Description
vim /opt/splunkforwarder/etc/system/local/inputs.conf	To open inputs.conf file for editing
press i	To switch to insert mode
press Esc then :q	To exit vim
press Esc then :wq	To save changes and exit
press Esc then :q!	To exit without saving

Splunk configurations files contents on universal forwarder to read logs and forward to Splunk server:

- /opt/splunkforwarder/etc/system/local/inputs.conf

[default]
host = osboxes
[monitor:///var/log/apache2/access.log]
source= apache
sourcetype= apache_access
index= web
_TCP_ROUTING= indexers

- /opt/splunkforwarder/etc/system/local/outputs.conf

```
[tcpout]

defaultGroup= indexers

[tcpout:indexers]

server = 192.168.219.10:9997
```