# Assignment 3,4 + Compression (SNLP Tutorial 4)

Vilém Zouhar, Awantee Deshpande, Julius Steuer

18th, 20th May 2021

## Assignment 3

- Exercise 1: Entropy Intuition
- Exercise 2: Uncertainty of events
- Exercise 3: KL Divergence
- Bonus: KL Divergence calculation

## Compression

- Prefix Codes: No whole code word is a prefix of any other code word
- Uniquely decodable codes: Each word maps to one and only one code word

## Compression

- Prefix Codes: No whole code word is a prefix of any other code word
- Uniquely decodable codes: Each word maps to one and only one code word

Prefix codes are a subset of uniquely decodable codes!

Optimal length of code words

$$I_i = -\log_D p(w_i)$$

## Kraft's Inequality

$$\sum_{i=1}^m D^{-l_i} \le 1$$

What does the sum < 1 imply?

What does the sum = 1 imply?

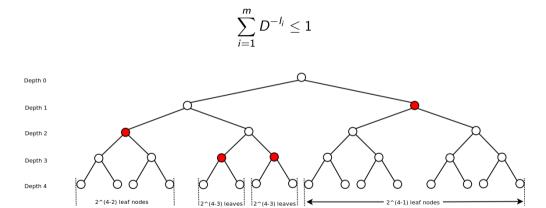
What does the sum > 1 imply?

What does this tell us about uniquely decodable and prefix codes?

#### Exercise: Test Kraft's Inequality on Morse Code

(Hint: What is the encoding alphabet?)

## Kraft's Inequality



# ASCII/UTF{8,16,32}/Unicode

Encoding from characters to binary alphabet:

## ASCII: 7 bits (byte was standardized to 8 bits later!)

- Q: How many values?
- Q: It has to be aligned to 8 bits nowadays (modern CPU requirement). What do we with the eight bit?

# ASCII/UTF{8,16,32}/Unicode

Encoding from characters to binary alphabet:

## ASCII: 7 bits (byte was standardized to 8 bits later!)

- Q: How many values?
- Q: It has to be aligned to 8 bits nowadays (modern CPU requirement). What do we with the eight bit?

#### Windows-1252, Windows-1250

- Full 8 bits, map lower 128 to ASCII
- Individual differences, different encoding for í

# ASCII/UTF{8,16,32}/Unicode

Encoding from characters to binary alphabet:

## ASCII: 7 bits (byte was standardized to 8 bits later!)

- Q: How many values?
- Q: It has to be aligned to 8 bits nowadays (modern CPU requirement). What do we with the eight bit?

#### Windows-1252, Windows-1250

- Full 8 bits, map lower 128 to ASCII
- Individual differences, different encoding for í

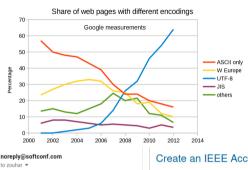
#### **UTF**

- Encoding over Unicode (character alphabet)
- UTF8 Start with 8 bits, extend to 16 or 32; UTF32 Always 32 bits
- Compositionality: i with little tail and acute accent U+0301U+0328U+0069
- Valid misuse: snowman U+0301U+0328U+2603

## **Encoding - Internet**

- Stacks:
- OS, browser, HTTP
- server (+ frameworks), database (running a different OS)
- font rendering, memory order, BOM
- kerning, text direction, etc







○ Western (Macintosh)

## Encoding

#### Task

Create encoding (binary) for the following recipe: apple apple banana cherries apple dark\_chocolate eggplant banana cherries banana ...





















# Encoding

#### Task

Create encoding (binary) for the following recipe:

apple apple banana cherries apple dark\_chocolate eggplant banana cherries banana ...



































#### Issues?

- Encoding for and ??
- What do 110 and 111 mean?

## Encoding - Huffman



• When will the Huffman tree be balanced?

- When will the Huffman tree be balanced?
- How do we store the tree? Does the efficiency of this matter?

- When will the Huffman tree be balanced?
- How do we store the tree? Does the efficiency of this matter?
- Are there undefined sequences of bits when using Huffman encoding?

- When will the Huffman tree be balanced?
- How do we store the tree? Does the efficiency of this matter?
- Are there undefined sequences of bits when using Huffman encoding?
- Does the result of Huffman encoding depend on the text ordering?



- When will the Huffman tree be balanced?
- How do we store the tree? Does the efficiency of this matter?
- Are there undefined sequences of bits when using Huffman encoding?
- Does the result of Huffman encoding depend on the text ordering?
  - E.g. 🍏 🤌 🤣 🗫 vs. 🤌 🍆 🍏 🤌
- Can there be two equally good Huffman encodings?

- When will the Huffman tree be balanced?
- How do we store the tree? Does the efficiency of this matter?
- Are there undefined sequences of bits when using Huffman encoding?
- Does the result of Huffman encoding depend on the text ordering?
   E.g. vs. vs. vs.
- Can there be two equally good Huffman encodings?
- Can Huffman result in assigning an element code of length 1?

## Long Range Dependencies

- Correlation
- Conditional entropy

## Assignment 4

• Exercise 1: Encodings (ASCII, UTF, Huffman)

```
a = "Hellp there!"
a[4] = 'o'
```

- Exercise 2: Conditional Entropy on DNA
- Bonus: Huffman Encoding alphabet

#### Resources

- Twitter emojis
- https://www.ics.uci.edu/~dan/pubs/DC-Sec1.html
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shannon%27s\_source\_coding\_theorem
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Huffman\_coding
- http://www.mss.cbi.fau.de/content/uploads/epnat.pdf
- https://arxiv.org/pdf/adap-org/9507007.pdf
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Windows\_code\_page
- https://r12a.github.io/app-conversion/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kraft%E2%80%93McMillan\_inequality
- https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/everything-you-need-to-know-about-encoding/