

- Nested Types
- Generics
- Protocols
- Protocol-Oriented Programming
- Mirror Type and Reflection

Why Swift?

Why Swift?

Стоит упомянуть, что использование структур для всего и везде (толк от Uber(a))





It's awesome "



COLOIS

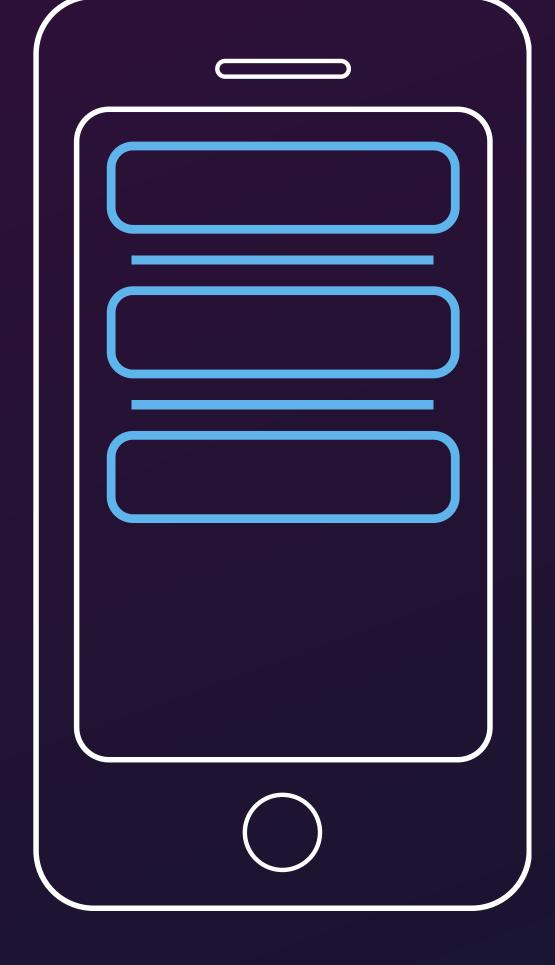
COLOIS

```
view.backgroundColor =
UIColor(hexString: "6094EA")
```

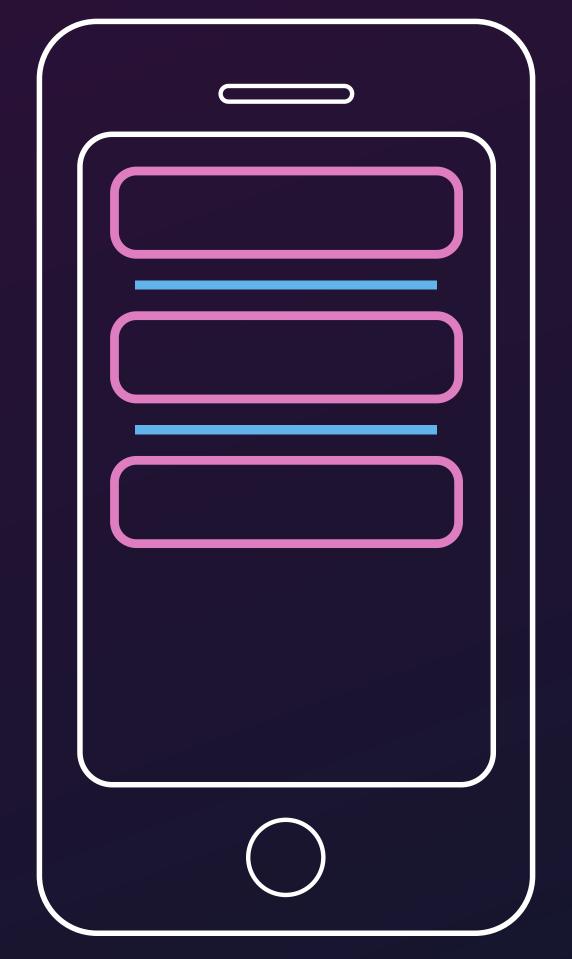


```
view.backgroundColor = UIColor(.strongGray)
view.backgroundColor = UIColor.strongGray
```

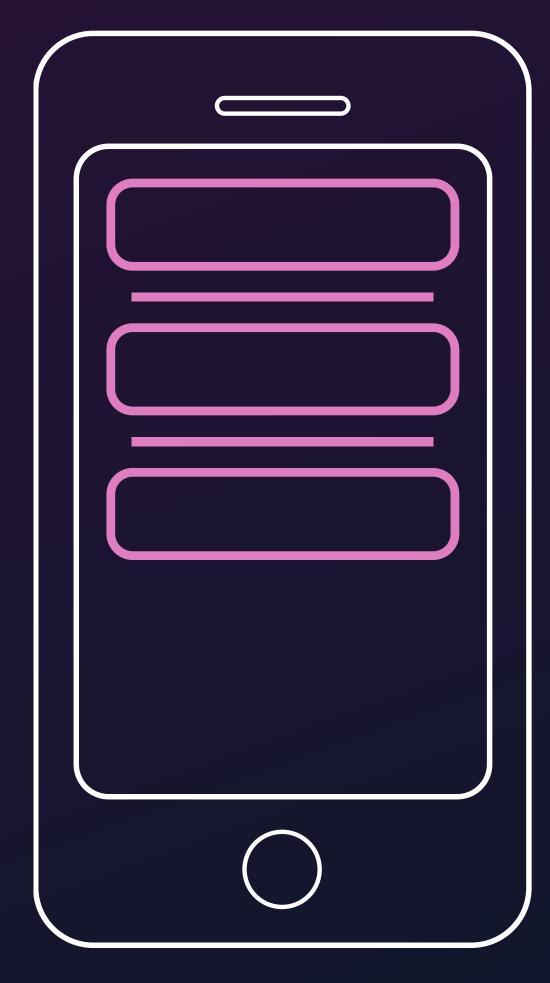




Expectation



Reality



```
extension UIColor {
    static var tableElementsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.strongGray)
    static var barsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.red)
    static var barsBackground: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.gray)
                 Type Omission
```

```
extension UIColor {
    static var tableElementsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.strongGray)
    static var barsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.red)
    static var barsBackground: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.gray)
    static var toolBox: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.gray)
    static var activeControl: UIColor {
```

```
extension UIColor {
    static var tableElementsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.strongGray)
    static var barsSeparator: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.red)
    static var barsBackground: UIColor {
        return UIColor(.gray)
```

```
extension UIColor {
    struct Separator {
        static var tableElements: UIColor {
            return UIColor(.strongGray)
        static var bars: UIColor {
            return UIColor(.red)
```

Struct	Enum
Separator	Separator.
UIColor bars	UIColor bars
Separator init() UIColor tableElements	UIColor tableElements

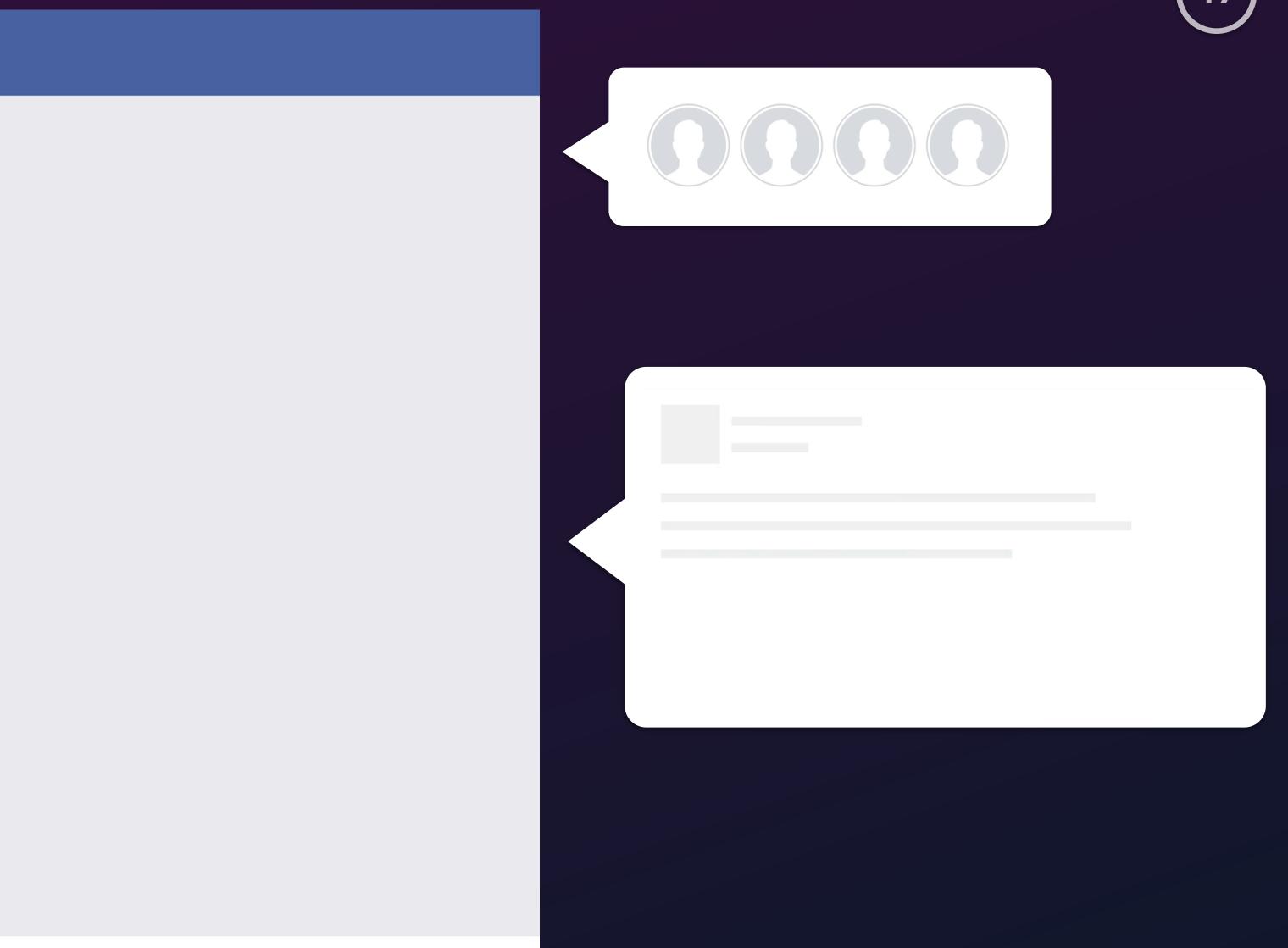
```
extension UIColor {
    enum Separator {
        static var tableElements: UIColor {
            return UIColor(.strongGray)
        static var bars: UIColor {
            return UIColor(.red)
```

```
let activeStateColor =
   UIColor.Control.Button.activeStateTitle
```

button.setTitleColor(activeStateColor, for: .normal)

Generics

Generics<T>



```
struct StoriesDisplayCollection {
  var stories: Results<StoryEntity>
  var count: Int {
    return stories.count
  func nameAtIndex(index: Int) -> String {
    return stories[index].name
```

```
struct StoriesDisplayCollection {
  var stories: Results<StoryEntity>
                                        Stories
  var count: Int {
    return stories.count
  func nameAtIndex(index: Int) -> String {
    return stories[index].name
```

```
struct StoriesDisplayCollection {
  var stories: Results<StoryEntity>
  var count: Int {
    return stories.count
  func nameAtIndex(index: Int) -> String {
    return stories[index].name
```

```
struct StoriesDisplayCollection {
 var stories: Results/List<StoryEntity>
struct StoriesDisplayCollection {
 var stories: TemplateModelsCollection<StoryEntity>
```

```
22
```

```
struct TemplateModelsCollection<T: TemplateEntity>
   where T: Object {
}
```

```
enum Content {
                   Nested
  case result(Results<T>)
                              Same T, Swift 3.1+
  case list(List<T>)
  case empty
  subscript(index: Int) -> T {
    switch self {
    case let .result(model):
      return model[index]
    case let .list(list):
      return list[index]
    case .empty:
      return T.templateEntity
```

```
struct TemplateModelsCollection<T: TemplateEntity>
   where T: Object {
   init(dataCollection: Results<T>, templatesCount: Int = 5) {
      content = Content.result(dataCollection)
      values = List<T>()
      generateFakeData(templatesCount: templatesCount)
   }
   Template One
}
```

```
struct TemplateModelsCollection<T: TemplateEntity>
    where T: Object {
 var count: Int {
    if isLoading && content.count == 0 {
      return values.count —
    } else {
                              Template One
      return content.count
```

/// Supply the default "slicing" `subscript` for `RandomAccessCollection` /// models that accept the default associated `SubSequence`, /// `RandomAccessSlice<Self>`. extension RandomAccessCollection where Self.SubSequence == RandomAccessSlice<Self>, Self.SubSequence.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence. IndexDistance == Self.IndexDistance, Self.SubSequence.Indices == DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.Iterator == IndexingIterator<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence == RandomAccessSlice<Self>, Self.SubSequence._Element == Self._Element, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance == Int, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.Indices == DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Iterator == IndexingIterator<DefaultRandomAccessIndices< RandomAccessSlice<Self>>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence == DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices. _Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Iterator.Element == Self._Element, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence. SubSequence.IndexDistance == Self.IndexDistance, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices == DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self. SubSequence.SubSequence.Iterator == IndexingIterator<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence == RandomAccessSlice<Self>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence._Element == Self._Element, Self.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance.IntegerLiteralType == Int, Self.SubSequence.Indices. IndexDistance.Stride == Int, Self.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance._DisabledRangeIndex == Int._DisabledRangeIndex, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.IndexDistance == Int, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices. Iterator == IndexingIterator<DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.SubSequence == DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices._Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Iterator. Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence.Iterator == IndexingIterator< DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence.SubSequence == DefaultRandomAccessIndices< RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence._Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance == Int, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.Iterator == IndexingIterator< DefaultRandomAccessIndices<RandomAccessSlice<Self>>>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.SubSequence == DefaultRandomAccessIndices< RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices._Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Iterator.Element == Self. _Element, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence.Index == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence

SubSequence.Iterator.Element == Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance.IntegerLiteral
SubSequence.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance._Disabled
== Self.Index, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence
IntegerLiteralType == Int, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence

s elements.

RandomAccessSlice<Self>>, Self.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence.SubSequence == RandomAccessSlice<Self>, Se _Element == Self._Element, Self.SubSequence.Indices.IndexDistance.Stride.IntegerLiteralType == Int, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.IndexDistance.Stride == Int, Self.SubSequence.Ind _DisabledRangeIndex == Int._DisabledRangeIndex, Self.SubSequence.Indices.Indices.Iterator.Element == Self.Ind

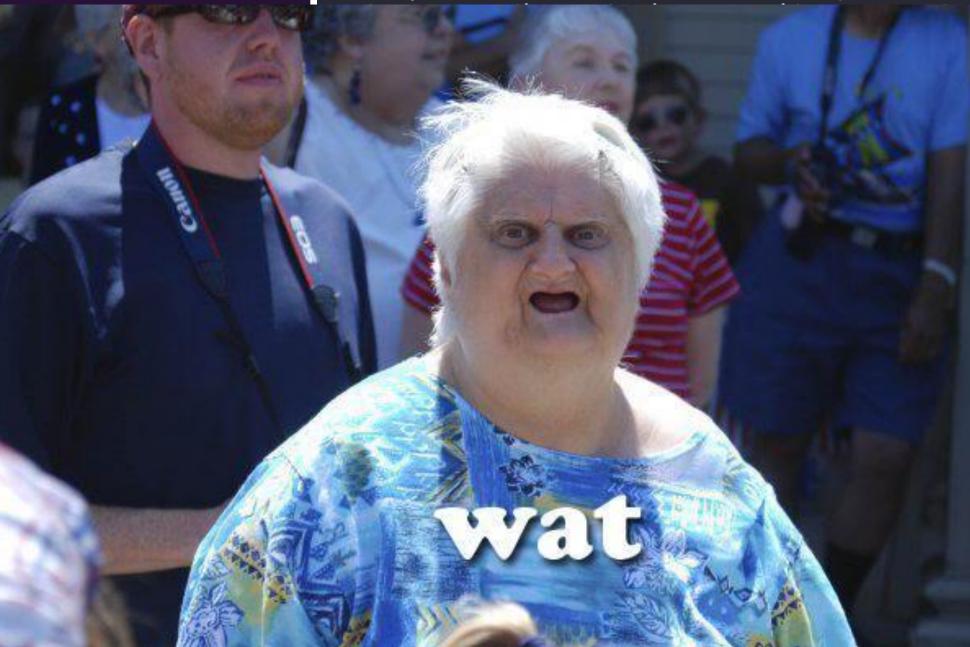
same elements as the `startIndex` property particular value.

array of strings, finding then using that index

, "Douglas", "Evarts"] [ndex]

// 4

indices. The bounds of
ion.
nAccessSlice<Self> { get }



Protocols

```
protocol Summable {
    static func +(lhs: Self, rhs: Self) -> Self
}
extension Int: Summable { }
extension String: Summable { }
```

```
public func +(lhs: Int, rhs: Int) -> Int
public func +(lhs: String, rhs: String) -> String
```

```
protocol Summator {
   associatedtype Value
   func sum(a: Value, b: Value) -> Value
}
```

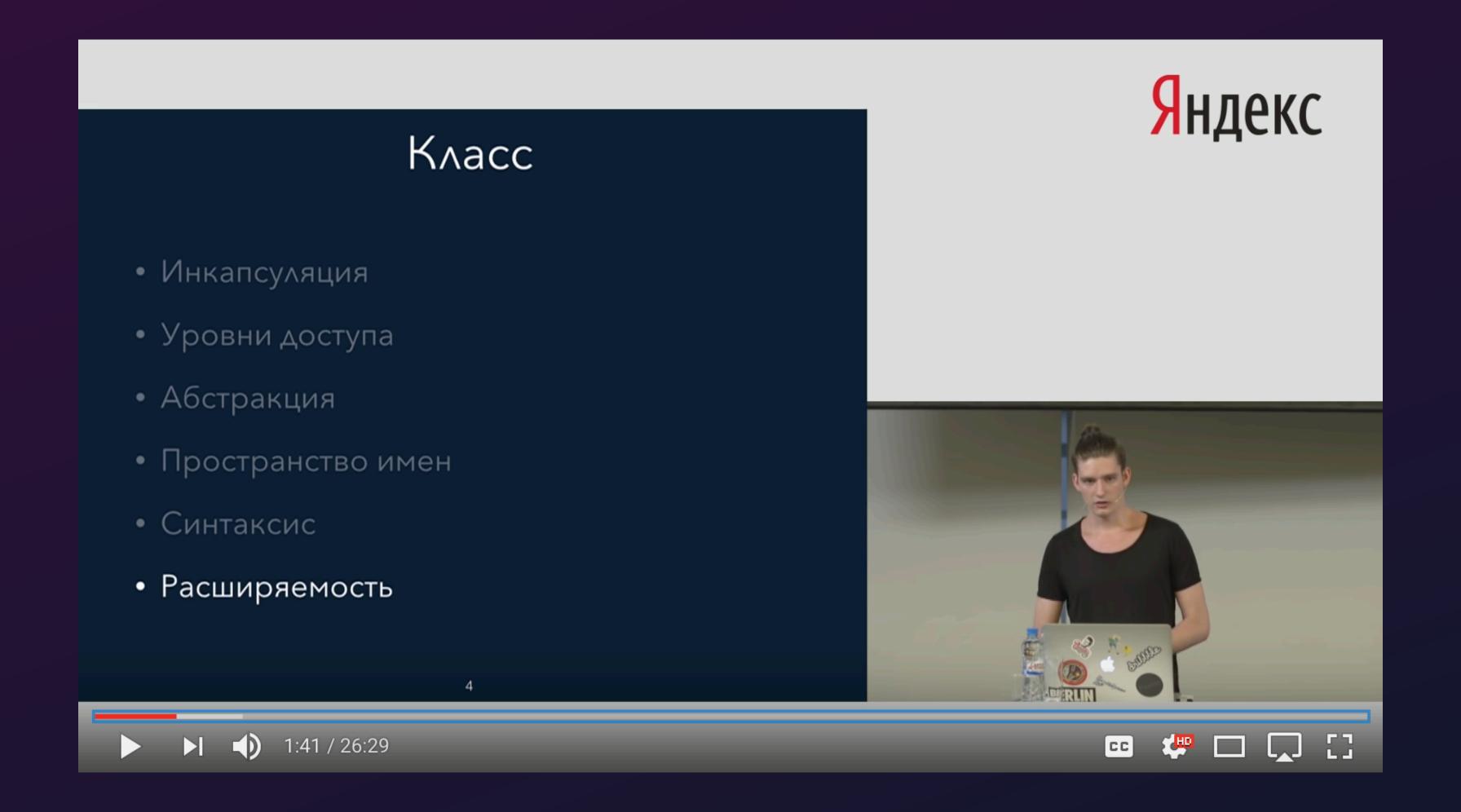
```
protocol Summator {
 associatedtype Value
 func sum(a: Value, b: Value) -> Value
extension Summator where Value: Summable {
 func sum(a: Value, b: Value) -> Value {
    return a + b
```

```
struct IntSummator: Summator {
   typealias Value = Int
}
let summator = IntSummator()
print(summator.sum(a: 5, b: 10)) // 15
```

- We have Self/associatedtype for future type implementation
- · We can specify rules for associated type
- We can extend protocols with logic
 - We can specify constraints for protocol extensions

Protocol-Oriented Programming

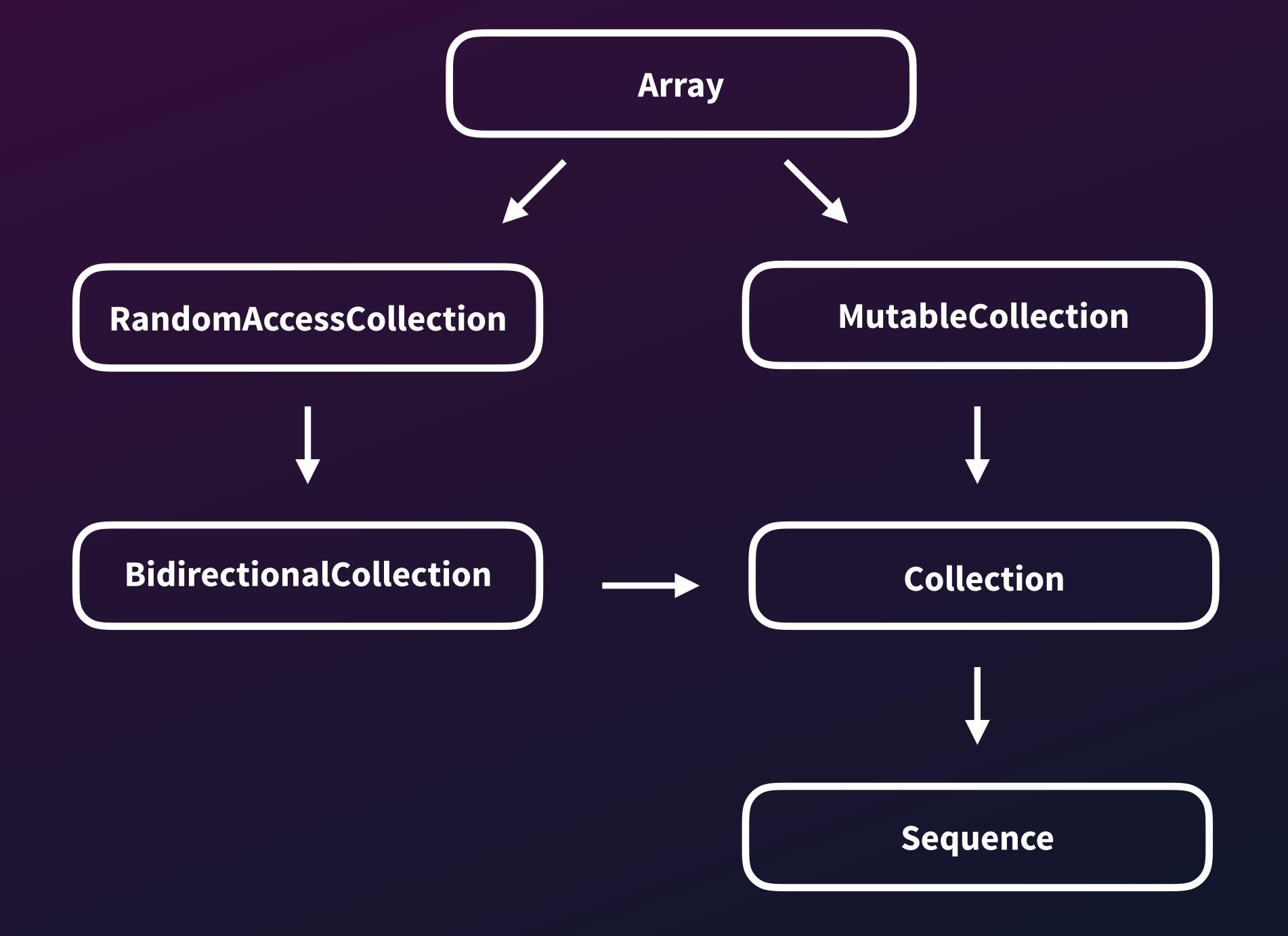




youtube.com/watch?v=71AS4rMrAVk

- Value Type over Reference Type
 - No inheritance
 - No mutability
- Advanced usage of protocols and it





RandomAccessCollection

MutableCollection

BidirectionalCollection

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

CustomReflectable

RangeReplaceableCollection

CustomStringConvertible

CustomDebugStringConvertible

RandomAccessCollection

MutableCollection

BidirectionalCollection

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

CustomReflectable

RangeReplaceableCollection

CustomStringConvertible

CustomDebugStringConvertible

_ArrayProtocol

_ObjectiveCBridgeable

Encodable

Decodable

MyArrayBufferProtocol

MyPrintable

BuildableCollectionProtocol

SplittableCollection

P5

MutableCollectionAlgorithms

Dictionary

RandomAccessCollection

MutableCollection

BidirectionalCollection

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

CustomReflectable

RangeReplaceableCollection

CustomStringConvertible

CustomDebugStringConvertible

-

-

-

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByDictionaryLiteral

CustomReflectable

CustomStringConvertible

CustomDebugStringConvertible

RandomAccessCollection

MutableCollection

BidirectionalCollection

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

CustomReflectable

RangeReplaceableCollection

CustomStringConvertible

CustomDebugStringConvertible

List

QEALM DNE

RandomAccessCollection

LazyCollectionProtocol

BidirectionalCollection

Collection

Sequence

ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

RealmCollection

RangeReplaceableCollection

CustomStringConvertible

ThreadConfined

```
extension Collection where Index == Int {
  var second: Iterator.Element? {
    guard self.count > 1 else { return nil }
    return self[1]
  }

var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
print(array.second) // Optional("B")
```

Protocol

```
extension Collection where Index == Int {
  var second: Iterator.Element? {
    guard self.count > 1 else { return nil }
    return self[1]
var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
print(array.second) // Optional("B")
```

```
Swift 3.1+
extension Collection where Index = Int {
  var second: Iterator.Element? {
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var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
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```
extension Collection where Index == Int {
   var second: Iterator.Element? {
      guard self.count > 1 else { return self[1]
   }
}

var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
print(array.second) // Optional("B")
```

```
extension Collection where Index == Int {
  var second: Iterator.Element? {
    guard self.count > 1 else { return nil }
    return self[1] {
        Index == Int
  }

var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
print(array.second) // Optional("B")
```

```
subscript(position: Self.Index)
-> Self.Iterator.Element { get }
```

```
extension Collection where Index == Int {
   var second: Iterator.Element? {
      guard self.count > 1 else { return nil }
      return self[1]
   }
}

var array = ["A", "B", "C"]
print(array.second) // Optional("B")
```

- Follow I from SOLID
- · Implement default behaviour in protocol extensions
- Implement generic based behaviour
- · Combine multiply protocols or "inherit" them

The interface-segregation principle (ISP) states that no client should be forced to depend on methods it does not use.



```
Generic

protocol CellViewModel {
   associatedtype CellType: UIView
   func setup(cell: CellType)
}
Generic
```

Non generic

```
protocol CellViewModel: CellViewAnyModel {
   associatedtype CellType: UIView
   func setup(cell: CellType)
}
```

associatedtype CellType: UIView

```
protocol CellViewAnyModel {
   static var cellAnyType: UIView.Type { get }
   func setupAny(cell: UIView)
}
```

```
extension CellViewModel {
   static var cellAnyType: UIView.Type {
     return CellType.self
   }

func setupAny(cell: UIView) {
     setup(cell: cell as! CellType)
   }
}
```

- https://github.com/JohnSundell/SwiftTips
- https://developer.apple.com/swift/blog/
- https://swift.org/blog/
- https://swiftnews.curated.co
- https://www.raizlabs.com/dev/2016/12/swift-methoddispatch/
- https://github.com/ole/whats-new-in-swift-4

- https://github.com/JohnSundell/SwiftTips
- https://developer.apple.com/swift/blog/
- https://swift.org/blog/
- https://swiftnews.curated.co
- https://www.raizlabs.com/dev/2016/12/swift-methoddispatch/
- https://github.com/ole/whats-new-in-swift-4



@ZiminAlex