Econometrics III Assignment Part 1 & 2 Tinbergen Insitute

Stanislav Avdeev student no stnavdeev@gmail.com Bas Machielsen 590049bm 590049bm@eur.nl

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Question 1

Part (a)

random comments In the above figure, we observe the growth rates of Dutch GDP from 1987 to 2009.

```
autoc <- acf(df,
    lag.max = 12, plot = F)

Box.test(df,
    lag = 12,
    type = "Ljung-Box")</pre>
```

In the above figure, we plot the ACF and PACF, which is the ACF controlled for the other lagged correlations. The ACF tells us that the correlation of GDP growth with its lags is very low - hinting at very little time-dependence in this time-series. More precisely, the estimated correlation coefficients are not higher than 0.2 (for the lag of 1 period). If the GDP is indeed generated by an AR(p) process, the estimates show that the process has low ϕ 's (in absolute value), indicating a low time dependence.

Part (b)

```
ar4 <- dynlm(df ~ L(df, 1) + L(df, 2) + L(df, 3) + L(df, 4))
ar3 <- dynlm(df ~ L(df, 1) + L(df, 3) + L(df, 4))
ar2 <- dynlm(df ~ L(df, 1) + L(df, 3))
ar1 <- dynlm(df ~ L(df, 1))

stargazer(ar4, ar3, ar2, ar1, type = "latex", header = FALSE)</pre>
```

Table 1:

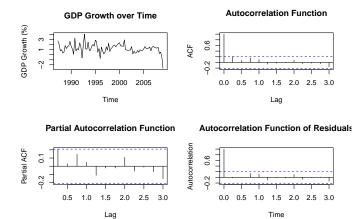
	Dependent variable: df			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
L(df, 1)	0.232^* (0.124)	0.240^* (0.122)	0.257** (0.119)	0.267** (0.117)
L(df, 2)	0.055 (0.126)			
L(df, 3)	0.203 (0.126)	0.210^* (0.124)	0.210* (0.120)	
L(df, 4)	0.094 (0.125)	0.092 (0.124)		
Constant	0.479 (0.299)	0.533^* (0.271)	0.631*** (0.238)	0.896*** (0.181)
Observations R ² Adjusted R ² Residual Std. Error F Statistic	84 0.099 0.054 0.902 (df = 79) 2.181* (df = 4; 79)	84 0.097 0.063 0.898 (df = 80) 2.873** (df = 3; 80)	85 0.089 0.067 0.891 (df = 82) 4.019** (df = 2; 82)	87 0.058 0.047 0.895 (df = 85) 5.229** (df = 1; 85)

Note:

p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```
ar1_m \leftarrow arima(df, c(1, 0, 0))
```

Part c



Part d

```
# Part 4: Forecast AR model for 2 years
df_pred <- predict(ar1_m, n.ahead = 8)$pred</pre>
```

Part e

```
# Part 5: Produce CI

df_ciu <- predict(ar1_m, n.ahead = 8)$pred + predict(ar1_m, n.ahead = 8)$se*1.96

df_cil <- predict(ar1_m, n.ahead = 8)$pred - predict(ar1_m, n.ahead = 8)$se*1.96</pre>
```

Part f

```
# Part 6: Check normality
jb.norm.test(ar1_m$resid)

##
## Jarque-Bera test for normality
##
## data: ar1_m$resid
## JB = 26.298, p-value = 0.002
```

 ${\it \# reject H0, innovations are not normally distributed}$