

SUSTAINERS OF THE
tidyverse

Mara Averick ([@dataandme](#))

Tidyverse Developer Advocate, RStudio



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TIDYVERSE DEV ADVOCATE, RSTUDIO





SCIENCE & SOCIETY

Studying scientists...

"Like many social groups that do not reproduce themselves biologically, the experimental particle physics community renews itself by training novices."

— Sharon Traweek, *Pilgrim's Progress: Male Tales Told During a Life in Physics*, 1988

```
> y <- 25
```

```
> y R generation
```

```
[1] 25
```

The story of a statistical programming language that became a subcultural phenomenon. By **Nick Thieme**

25 years of R

- 1992 Robert Gentleman and Ross Ihaka (S)
- Statistical programming language
- Maintained by R Core
- 2000 R version 1.0.0
- Over 12,000 packages on CRAN

What is the tidyverse?

The tidyverse is an opinionated collection of R packages designed for data science.

All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures.

TIDY TOOLS

Functions
should be...

SIMPLE

Do one thing and do it well.

COMPOSABLE

Combine with other functions for multi-step operations.

DESIGNED FOR HUMANS

Use evocative verb names, making them easy to remember.

Import

readr
readxl
haven
xml2

Tidy → Transform

tibble
tidyverse
dplyr
forcats
hms

Visualise

ggplot2

recipes
rsample
tidybayesian
yardstick

Model

broom
modelr

purrr
magrittr

Program

Communicate

shiny
rmarkdown

Import



Tidy

Store data
consistently

Transform

Create new variables & new summaries

Visualise

Surprises, but doesn't scale

Model

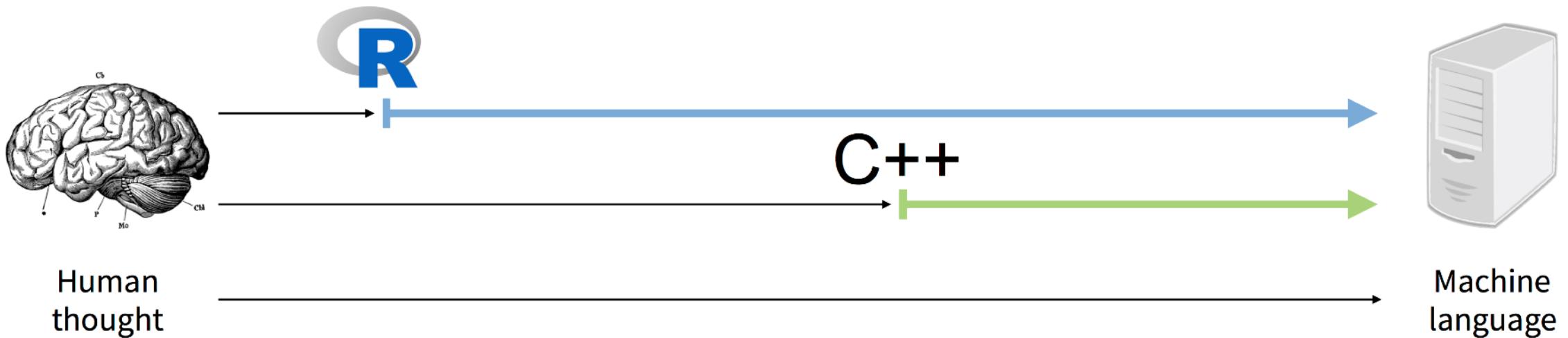
Scales, but doesn't (fundamentally) surprise

Communicate

Automate

Understand

A computer language for scientists



Practitioner

Interactive
Easily detect & resolve problems

Programmer

Packaged
In production



Code is a conversation
Ambiguity can be tolerated

Code is a script
Fail early and often

Implicit

Explicit

**What does this mean for
contribution and sustainability?**

Studying OSS projects...

"The survival, long-term success, and continuity of [OSS] projects...requires an influx of newcomers... Although many want to volunteer, newcomers' face many difficulties entering OSS; they are akin to explorers finding their way in a hostile landscape."

— Steinmacher, I., Gerosa, M., Conte, T. U., & Redmiles, D. F. (2018). *Overcoming Social Barriers When Contributing to Open Source Software Projects*.

Key FOSS actors

- maintainers
- contributors
- consumers/users
- sustainers

GitHub HQ (SF) | June 19, 2017

Sustain

A ONE DAY CONVERSATION
for Open Source Software sustainers

THE REPORT

“When we talk about sustainability, we are talking both and equally about the sustainability of resources and the sustainability of its people.”

THE REPORT

Sustain: key recommendations

- ✓ Create sustainable communities
- ✓ Free the maintainer
- ✓ Raise the value of non-code contributions

Sustaining the tidyverse...

- virtual spaces
- technical tools
- social norms

Sustaining the tidyverse...

- virtual spaces
- technical tools
- social norms

spoiler alert:
they're
interrelated

Contribute to the tidyverse - Ti X +

← → C https://www.tidyverse.org/contribute/ ⚡ ⚡ :

Tidyverse

Packages Articles Learn Help Contribute

Contribute to the tidyverse

The tidyverse would not be possible without the contributions of the R community. No matter your current skills, it's possible to contribute back to the tidyverse.

Answer questions

The easiest way to help out is to answer questions. You won't know the answer to everything, but that's ok! Even just the acknowledgement that someone cares enough to try can be tremendously encouraging.

Many people asking for help, don't know about reprexes. A little education, and some help crafting a [reprex](#) can go a long way. You might not answer the question, but you'll help someone answer it more easily.

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File issues

If you've found a bug, first create a minimal [reprex](#). Spend some time trying to make it as minimal as possible: the more time you spend doing this, the easier it will be for the tidyverse team to fix it. Then file it on the GitHub repo of the appropriate package.

To be as efficient as possible, development of tidyverse packages tends to be very bursty. Nothing happens for a long time, until a sufficient quantity of issues accumulates. Then there's a burst of intense activity as we focus our efforts. That makes development more efficient because it avoids expensive context switching between problems. This process makes a good reprex particularly important because it might be multiple months between your initial report and when we start working on it. If you can't reproduce the bug, we can't fix it!

Contribute documentation

If you're a bit more experienced with the tidyverse and are looking to improve your open source development skills, the next step up

Contents

- [Answer questions](#)
- [File issues](#)
- [Contribute documentation](#)
- [Contribute code](#)

Upcoming events

rstudio::conf 2019
Austin, TX
Jan 15-18

rstudio::conf 2019 covers all things RStudio, including workshops to teach you the tidyverse, and talks to show you the latest and greatest features.

tidyverse developer day
Austin, TX
Jan 19

Help the tidyverse team improve our code and documentation. First-time contributors are welcome.

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the 'Contribute to the tidyverse' page from <https://www.tidyverse.org/contribute/>. The page has a dark header with the 'Tidyverse' logo and navigation links for 'Packages', 'Articles', 'Learn', 'Help', and 'Contribute'. The main content area features a large heading 'Contribute to the tidyverse' and a paragraph explaining the importance of community contributions. To the right, there's a sidebar with 'Contents', 'Answer questions', and 'File issues' links. The overall design is clean and modern.

Contribute to the tidyverse

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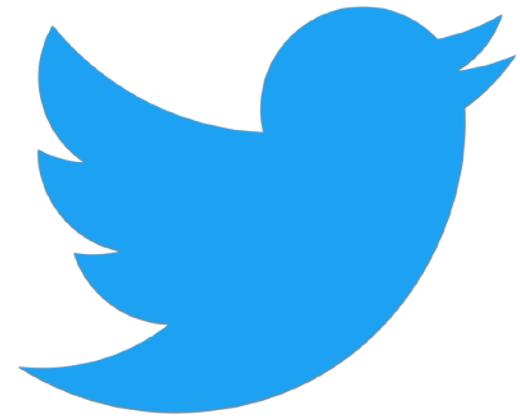
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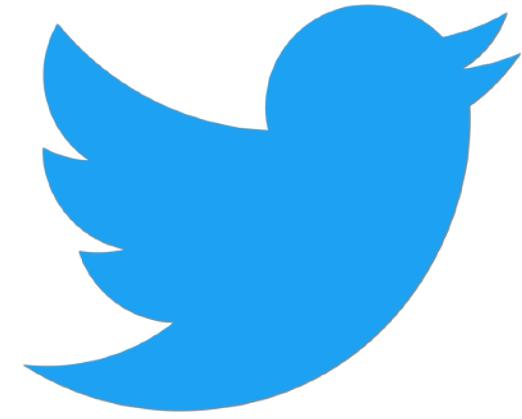
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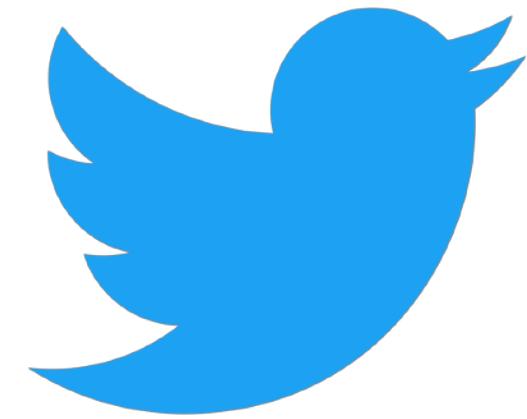
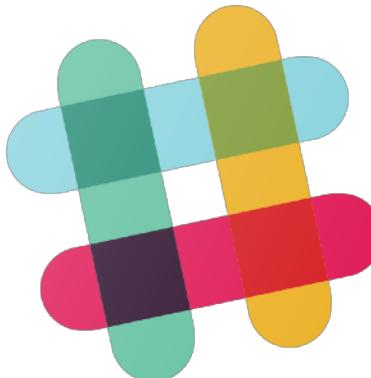
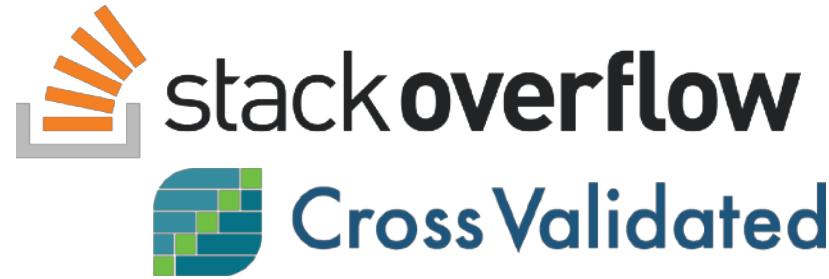
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Where do people go to contribute?

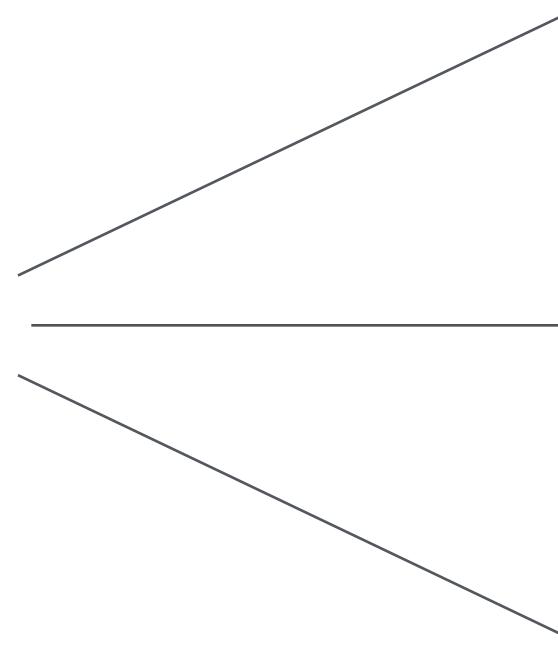








and a bunch of other places...



RLadies



R4DS Online Learning Community



rOpenSci

Considerations

- Visibility

* Ford, D., Smith, J., Guo, P. J., & Parnin, C. (2016). Paradise unplugged: identifying barriers for female participation on stack overflow. 24th ACM SIGSOFT - FSE 2016, 846-857. <http://doi.org/10.1145/2950290.2950331>

Considerations

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Considerations

- Visibility
- Permanence
- Authority
- Speed
- Peer parity (Ford et al. 2016)

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Considerations

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- Prior social links (Casalnuovo et al. 2015)

* Casalnuovo, C., Vasilescu, B., Devanbu, P., & Filkov, V. (2015). Developer onboarding in GitHub: the role of prior social links and language experience. Proceedings of the 2015 10th Joint Meeting on Foundations of Software Engineering - ESEC/FSE 2015, 817-828. <http://doi.org/10.1145/2786805.2786854>

"We don't do that here"

- Question phrasing
- Formatting posts
- Community triage
- Question framing
- Community culture of asking

"We Don't Do That Here": How Collaborative Editing with Mentors Improves Engagement in Social Q&A Communities

Denae Ford¹, Kristina Lustig², Jeremy Banks², Chris Parnin¹

¹North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC, USA

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ACM Classification Keywords

H.5.3. Group and Organization Interfaces: Computer-supported cooperative work

Author Keywords

social Q&A, collaborative editing, e-mentoring, programming

INTRODUCTION

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is this an appropriate place for your Q?

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clarity, research of problem, context

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Stack Overflow is the largest online programming community [25]. Each month, over 40 million people visit Stack Overflow, a social Q&A site, to learn about, ask, or answer over 14 million programming questions. Despite great popularity, there is evidence that negative behaviors and malfunctioning community mechanics can have long-term effects on site participation. For example, many questions go unanswered [30], and 90% of accepted answers provided by new users are self-answers. For Stack Overflow, “hostile” criticism and conflict [14, 33] is especially problematic for prospective members. As a result, a user may decide not to ask or answer a question for fear of negative feedback [14]. These problems can dissuade novices [31] and women [33] from participating in the community. On the other hand, active community members are interested in preserving community norms: not allowing duplicate questions, off-topic or non-closed questions, or poor quality answers. Community members need a mechanism for helping new users ask better questions, while reducing the hostility and negativity of otherwise well-meaning feedback.

In this paper, we applied theory related to learning and communities of practice to a social Q&A site, by using methods related to mutual engagement and formative feedback to improve novices’ questions. Building on design claims for increasing engagement in online communities [19], we created *Help Rooms* with collaborative question drafts to enable novices to receive timely and formative feedback from mentors before posting their questions. Our *Help Room* work as follows: when a novice is about to post a question, they are asked if they want additional feedback from a mentor. If the novice responds positively, they are redirected to a room with a mentor who can help them edit their question. The mentor offers advice on how to phrase and ask their question so that it can be well received by the Stack Overflow community.

In a one-month online study, we implemented our mechanism for mentored question-asking on Stack Overflow, and enabled 271 novices to receive help with their questions. As a result, we found the mentored questions were substantially improved over non-mentored questions: Average scores increased by 50%, resulting in fewer off-topic, deleted, and poor questions. Overall, for mentored questions, there was an increase in the amount of good questions asked, and reduction of bad questions asked by Stack Overflow standards. Novices surveyed agreed that they feel more comfortable posting on Stack Overflow after their participation (median = 4 on a 5-point Likert

"We don't do that here"

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You also might want to edit out the "Thank you!" at the end. I know it seems polite, but people object to it on Stack Overflow.

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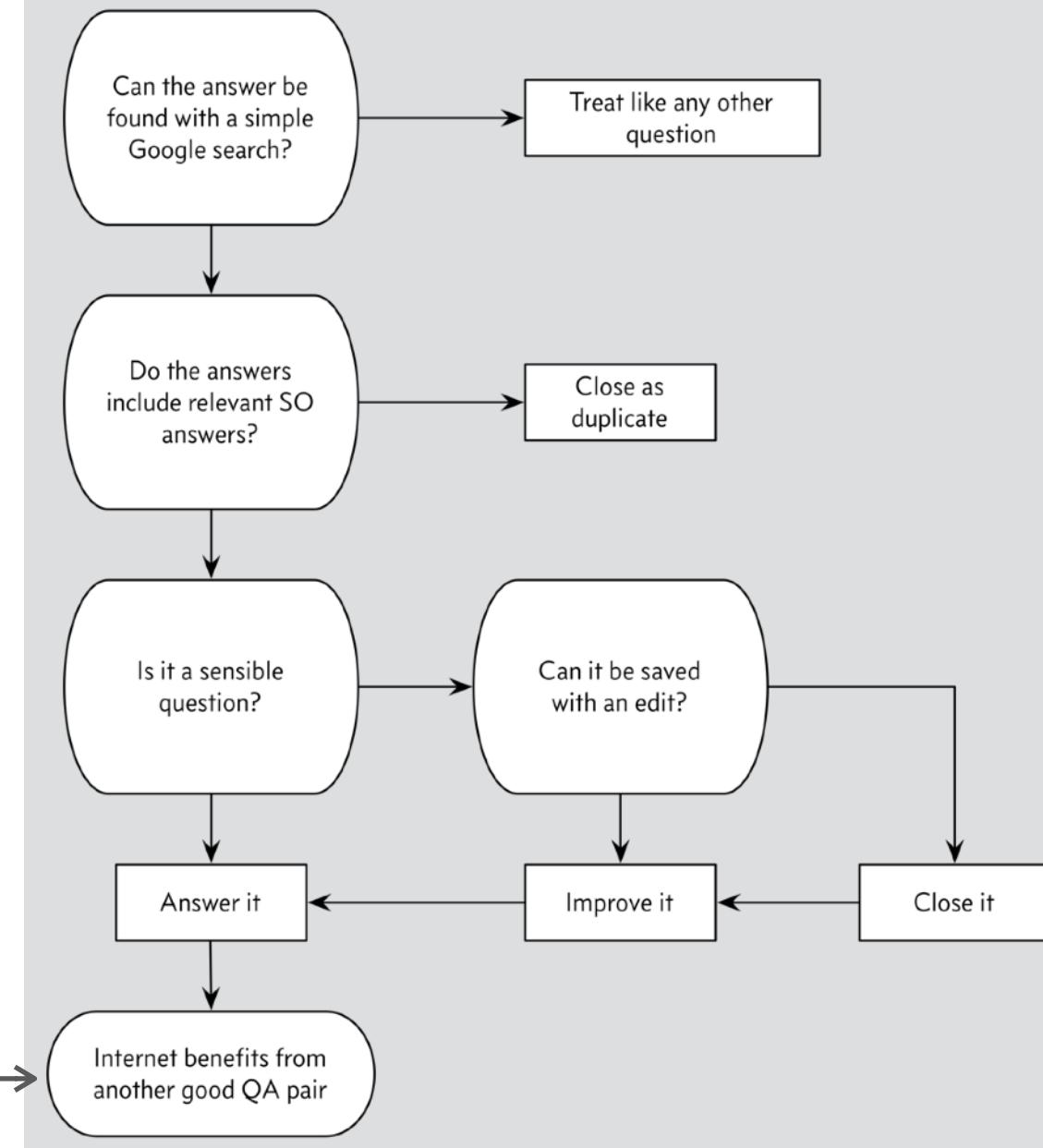
© 2018 ACM. ISBN 978-1-4503-5620-6/18/04...\$15.00

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1145/3173574.3174182>

How should you respond to RTFM questions?



goal = good QA pair



Source: Shawn Chin <https://meta.stackexchange.com/a/161346/213022>

10 simple rules for getting help from online scientific communities

1. Do not be afraid to ask a question
2. State the question clearly
3. New to a mailing list? Learn the established customs before posting
4. Do not ask what has already been answered
5. Always use a good title
6. Do your homework before posting
7. Proofread your post and write in correct English
8. Be courteous to other forum members
9. Remember that the archive of your discussion can be useful to other people
10. Give back to the community

The R logo icon is a blue circle containing a white capital letter 'R'.

R

Studio Community

Discourse - Civilized Discussion

https://www.discourse.org

discourse

About Features Community Demo Pricing

Civilized discussion for your community

Try it FREE

Your Community

Sign Up Log In

Net Neutrality Day of Action

Sharing our experience changing the Discourse UI

A measure of success

Discourse app: just GREAT

The community platform of champions

Loving Discourse so far

Discourse for discussions: superiority to e.g. GitHub

Discourse running great on forum with a few hundred users

Discourse is Best Forum Solution in the 2017 CMS Critic Awards

Converting, combining, migrating - Yes!

Successful Migration

Thanks to discourse

Post your Discourse T-shirt pics!

What an amazing platform -

praise 4 878 Jul '17

praise 6 2.4k Jul '17

praise 0 763

praise 0 830

praise 0 890

praise 0 807

praise 0 1.2k

praise 0 823

praise 7 Nov '17

praise 4 Nov '17

praise 0 Oct '17

praise 6 Oct '17

praise 45 Oct '17

praise 0 Oct '17

<https://www.discourse.org/>

RStudio Community X +

https://community.rstudio.com

R Studio Community

Sign Up Log In

all categories ► all tags ► Latest Categories Top

Topic	Category	Users	Replies	Views	Activity
<p>🔒 📄 Welcome to the RStudio Community!</p> <p>Welcome to community.rstudio.com — we're glad to have you! This welcome page will give you some advice on how to get the most out of the site if you're getting or giving help. We want this to be a friendly, inclusive com... read more</p>	meta	⚙️	0	2.8k	Jul 22
<p>📄 Integrating shiny apps</p> <p>shiny</p>	shiny	S 🌈	1	34	16m
<p>📄 Create pdf from Rnw: missing just one font character from eastern European language</p>	R Markdown	👩‍💻 🧑‍💻 🧑	4	39	30m
<p>📄 UNC pathway when downloading packages</p> <p>ide ide-issue</p>	RStudio IDE	C	0	6	39m
<p>📄 Are packrat bundles really portable across different platforms?</p>	R Admins	👨‍💻 🐱 H 🧑‍💻 🧑	12	592	1h
<p>📄 /usr/bin/env no such file or directory</p> <p>terminal rstudioserver</p>	R Admins	R 🧑	1	10	1h
<p>📄 Deploying APP on shinyapps.io which keeps asking for ggplot2</p> <p>ggplot2 shinyappio package-installation</p>	shiny	👩‍💻 🧑‍💻 🧑‍💻 🧑‍💻 🧑	13	92	1h
<p>📄 when I installed R Studio, the packages were visible, but not seeing packages not seeing anymore, how to get back packages in rstudio?</p> <p>ide ide-issue</p>	RStudio IDE	A	0	5	2h
<p>📄 How to read Netcdf files</p>	General	E 🌈 🧑	8	58	4h

The art of the question

*The most useless problem statement that
one can face is "it doesn't work", yet we
seem to get it far too often.*

– Thiago Maciera



the anatomy of an issue

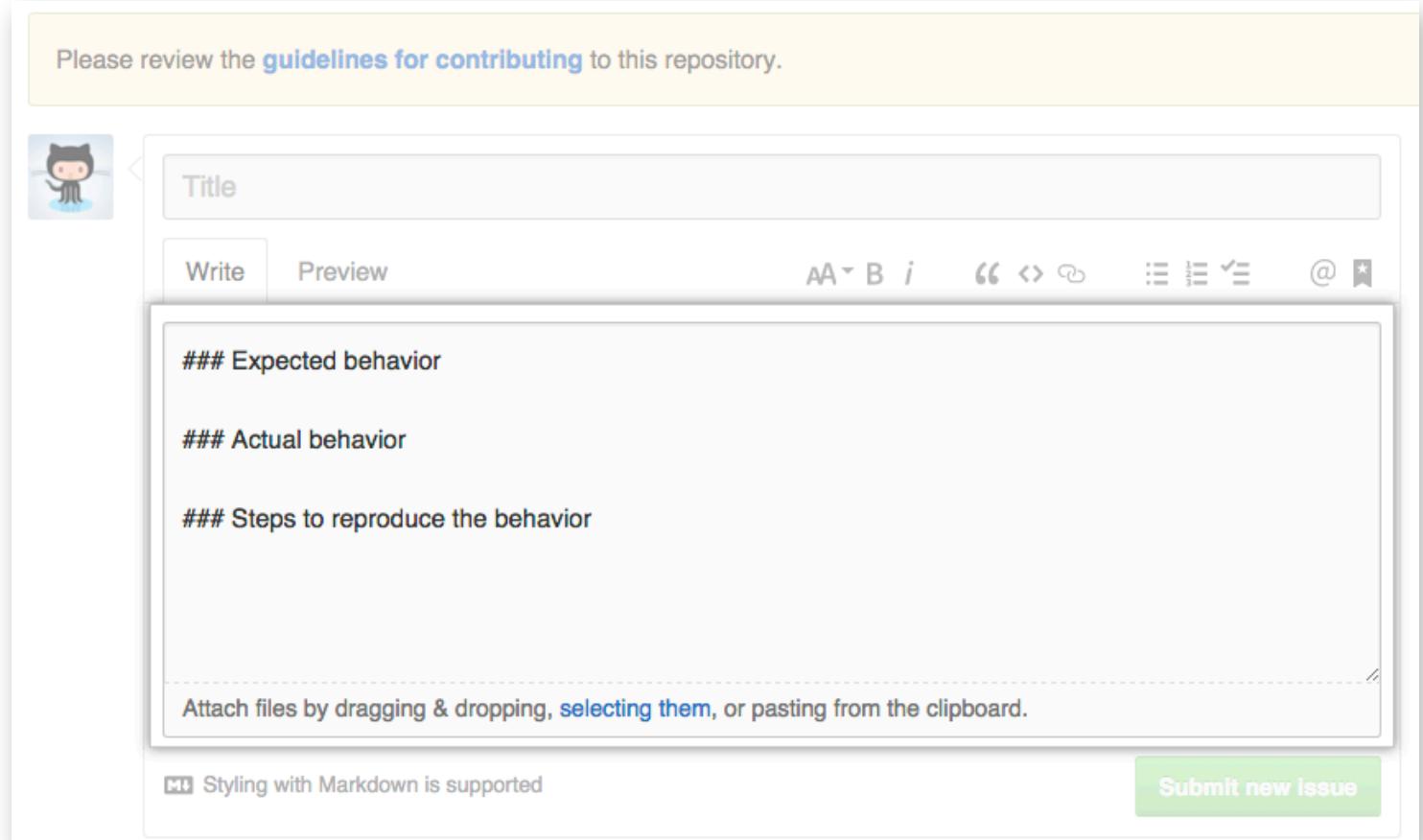


PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

EXPECTED BEHAVIOUR

MINIMAL REPRODUCIBLE EXAMPLE

the anatomy of an issue



Error Information: Packages missing

Description of issue -

Steps ta'

System

- Steps taken so far - i tried and tried..**
- R
 - R
 - G
 - R Version:

Also:

- RStudio diagnostics report:
- Your sessionInfo():
- RStudio crash report:
- RStudio application log files:

From [Troubleshooting Guide: Using RStudio](#)

Error Information: Packages missing

Description of issue -

Steps ta'

System

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Also:

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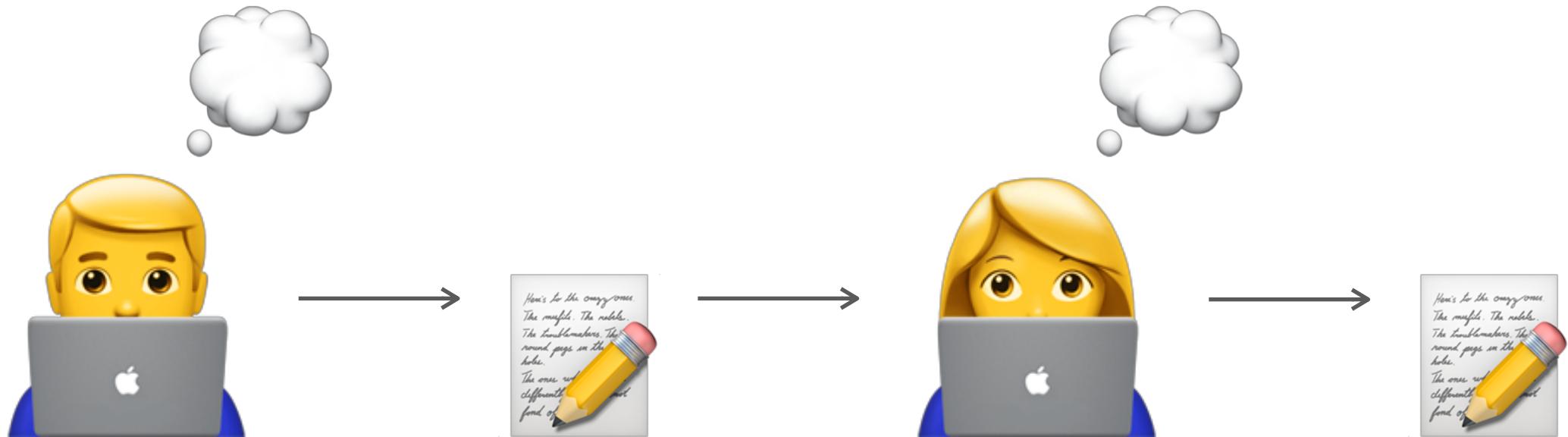
From [Troubleshooting Guide: Using RStudio](#)

They're not wrong

**“It is impossible to
speak in such a way
that you cannot be
misunderstood.”**

– Karl Popper

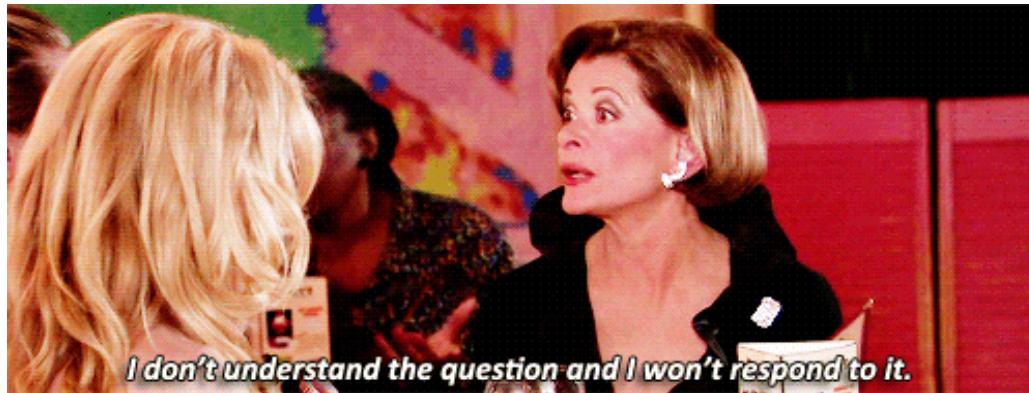
Writing prose about code...



Writing prose about code...



Writing prose about code...



I don't understand the question and I won't respond to it.

the magic of reprex



reprex raison d'être



Keys to reprex-cellence

- ✓ Code that **actually runs**
- ✓ Code that **doesn't have to be run**
- ✓ Code that **can be easily run**

The screenshot shows an RStudio interface with two panes. The left pane is an R script editor containing the following code:

```
1 library(visdat)
2
3 vis_miss(airquality)
4
5 library(ggplot2)
6
7 ggplot(airquality,
8       aes(x = Ozone,
9            y = Solar.R)) +
10      geom_point()
11
12 library(naniar)
13
14 ggplot(airquality,
15       aes(x = Ozone,
16            y = Solar.R)) +
17      geom_missing_point()
```

The right pane is a console window showing the output of running the code. It includes the following text:

```
> reprex::reprex()
Rendered reprex ready on the clipboard.
> reprex::reprex()
Rendered reprex ready on the clipboard.

Restarting R session...

> reprex::reprex()
Rendered reprex ready on the clipboard.
> |
```

Below the console, a viewer pane displays the rendered output of the code, which consists of two ggplot2 plots. The first plot shows missing values (geom_missing_point) and the second shows the relationship between Ozone and Solar.R.

Source: Nick Tierney. "Magic reprex." 2017-01-11 <<http://www.njtierney.com/post/2017/01/11/magic-reprex/>>

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface. On the left, the script editor displays an R script named 'Untitled1' with the following code:

```
1 library(ggplot2)
2
3 df <- data.frame(x = 1)
4
5 ggplot(df, aes(x, x)) + geom_point() +
6   ggtitle("gjpjQ") +
7   theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10))
8
9 ggplot(df, aes(x, x)) + geom_point() +
10  ggtitle("gjpjQ") +
11    theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 100))
```

The right side of the interface features a 'Console' tab which is currently active, showing the command prompt '>'. Below the console is a docked panel with tabs for 'Files', 'Plots', 'Packages', 'Help', and 'Viewer'.

<https://maraaverick.rbind.io/2018/06/reprexcellence/>

The reprex request trifecta



WHAT I'M ASKING YOU TO DO

Make a reproducible example

WHY I'M ASKING YOU TO DO IT

Help me help you — I need your data to do so

HOW YOU CAN DO THE THING

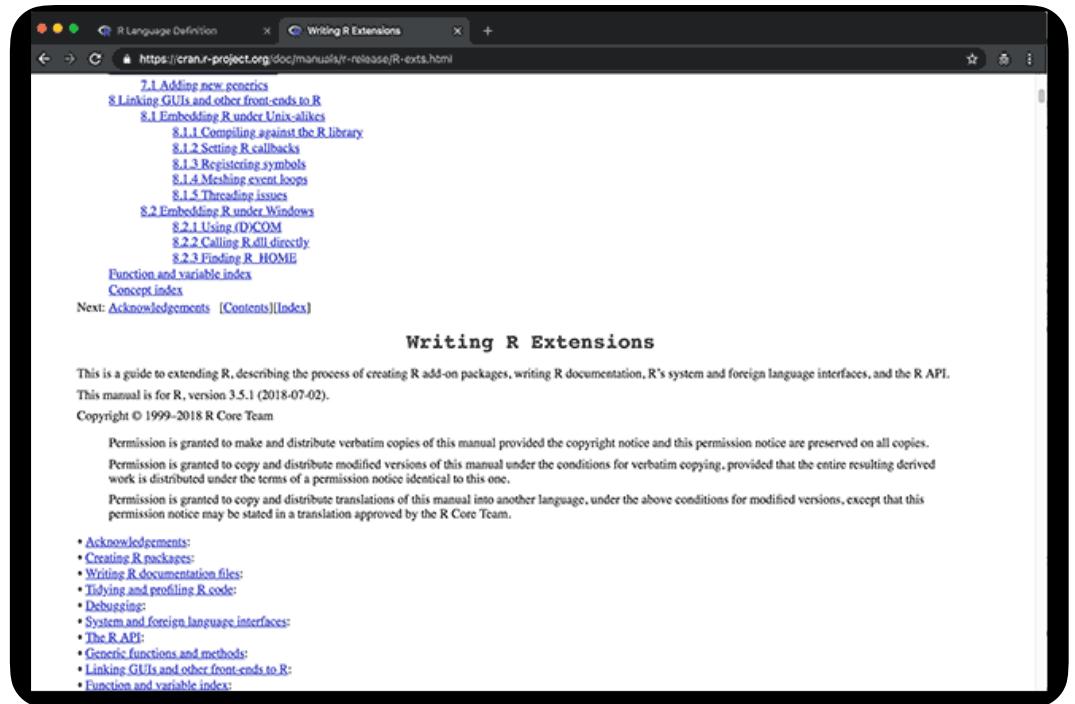
Resources, videos, we've got it all...

RTFM



RTFM

TFM



Guide them through the docs



Tidyr::separate() at second/last occurrence of character

tidyverse

tidyr regex



mara Sustainer

May 20

As you guessed, a regular expression is your best bet here. From the [tidyr separate\(\) function reference](#) 8

Given either regular expression or a vector of character positions, `separate()` turns a single character column into multiple columns.

[RegExr.com](#) 21 has been my go-to for regular expression testing for a while, but Garrick Aden-Buie recently made an RStudio add-in inspired by the very same, [RegExplain](#), which is a great option for keeping your workflow all in one place:

<https://www.garrickadenbuie.com/project/regexplain/> 30

Here's how I would do it (which is hacky, but it works); you want to split at the underscore that precedes the day, which is numerical. So, I would use a stringr [look around](#) 18 to say, in effect, "*split at the underscore that is followed by a digit*."

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse))
example_data <- data.frame(subject_ID = 1:5,
                           daily_measure_1 = 6:10,
                           daily_measure_2 = 11:15,
                           daily_measure_3 = 16:20,
                           daily_measure_4 = 21:25,
                           daily_measure_5 = 26:30)

example_data %>%
  gather(key = "full_name", value = "value", starts_with("daily_")) %>%
  separate(full_name, c("variable", "day"), sep = "_(?:[0-9])")
```

subject_ID	variable	day	value	
#> 1	1	daily_measure	1	6
#> 2	2	daily_measure	1	7
#> 3	3	daily_measure	1	8
#> 4	4	daily_measure	1	9
#> 5	5	daily_measure	1	10



Tidyr::separate() at second/last occurrence of character



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Given either regular expression or a vector of character positions, `separate()` turns a single character column into multiple columns.

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```
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                           daily_measure_2 = 11:15,
                           daily_measure_3 = 16:20,
                           daily_measure_4 = 21:25,
                           daily_measure_5 = 26:30)

example_data %>%
  gather(key = "full_name", value = "value", starts_with("daily_")) %>%
  separate(full_name, c("variable", "day"), sep = "_(?=[:digit:])")

#>   subject_ID      variable day value
#> 1           1 daily_measure  1    6
#> 2           2 daily_measure  1    7
#> 3           3 daily_measure  1    8
#> 4           4 daily_measure  1    9
#> 5           5 daily_measure  1   10
```



Tidyr::separate() at second/last occurrence of character

tidyverse

tidyr regex



mara Sustainer

May 20

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Here's how I would do it (which is hacky, but it works); you want to split at the underscore that precedes the day, which is numerical. So, I would use a string [look around](#) [18](#) to say, in effect, "*split at the underscore that is followed by a digit.*"

```
daily_measure_2 = 10:20,
daily_measure_4 = 21:25,
daily_measure_5 = 26:30

example_data %>%
  gather(key = "full_name", value = "value", starts_with("daily_")) %>%
  separate(full_name, c("variable", "day"), sep = "_(?:[0-9])")
```

subject_ID	variable	day	value	
#> 1	1	daily_measure	1	6
#> 2	2	daily_measure	1	7
#> 3	3	daily_measure	1	8
#> 4	4	daily_measure	1	9
#> 5	5	daily_measure	1	10

Contributing to FOSS

WHAT HOLDS PEOPLE BACK?



Contributing to FOSS

WHAT HOLDS PEOPLE BACK?

- “*I can't write code.*”



Contributing to FOSS

WHAT HOLDS PEOPLE BACK?

- “*I can't write code.*”
- “*I'm not really good at this.*”



Contributing to FOSS

WHAT HOLDS PEOPLE BACK?

- “*I can't write code.*”
- “*I'm not really good at this.*”
- “*I'd just be a burden.*”



Contributing to FOSS

WHAT HOLDS PEOPLE BACK?

- “*I can't write code.*”
- “*I'm not really good at this.*”
- “*I'd just be a burden.*”
- “*They already have enough people smarter than me.*”



The newcomer's paradox...

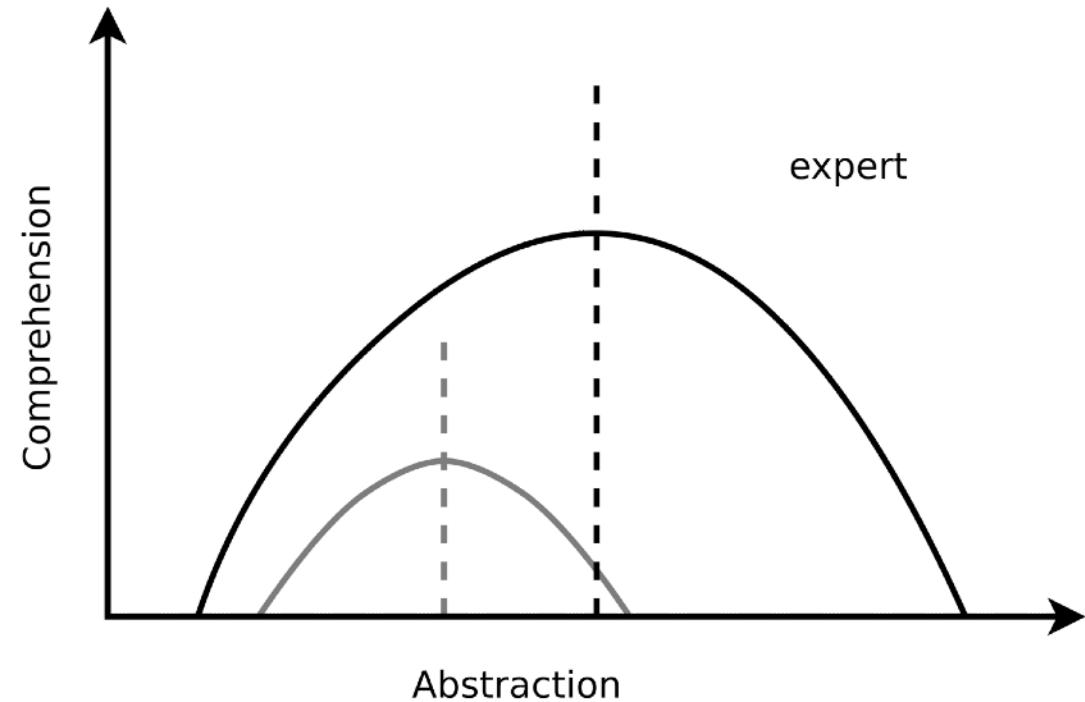
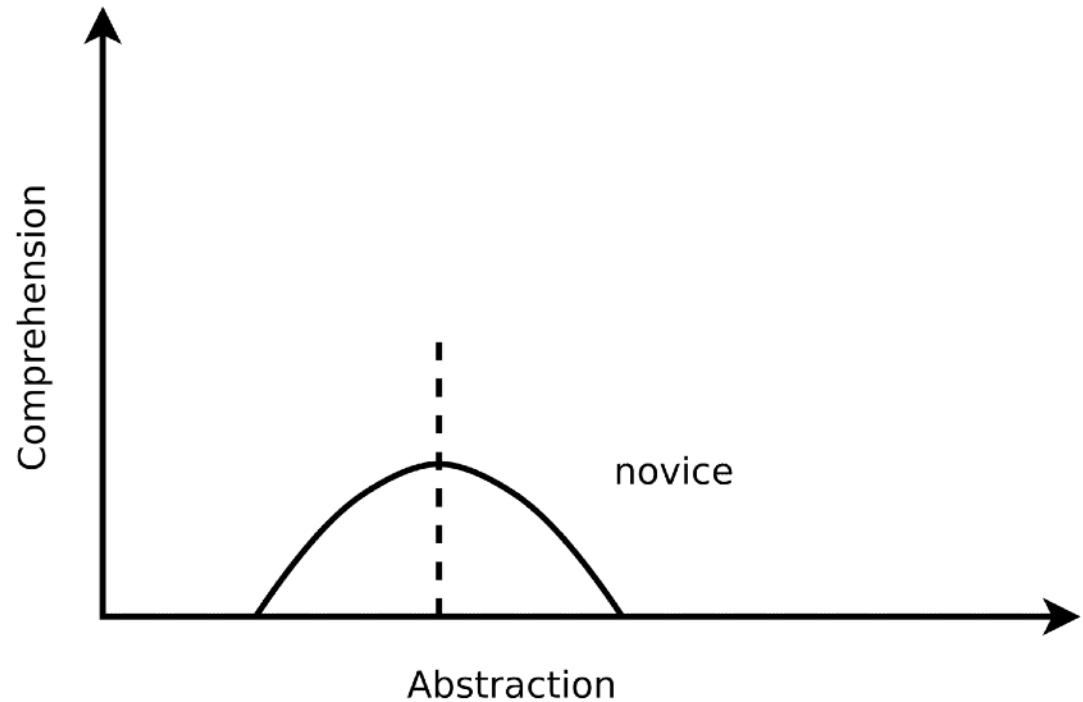


When you ask for help, some friendly soul will no doubt tell you that "it's easy, just do foo, bar and baz." Except for you, it is not easy, there may be no documentation for foo, bar is not doing what it is supposed to be doing and what is this baz thing anyway with its eight disambiguation entries on Wikipedia?

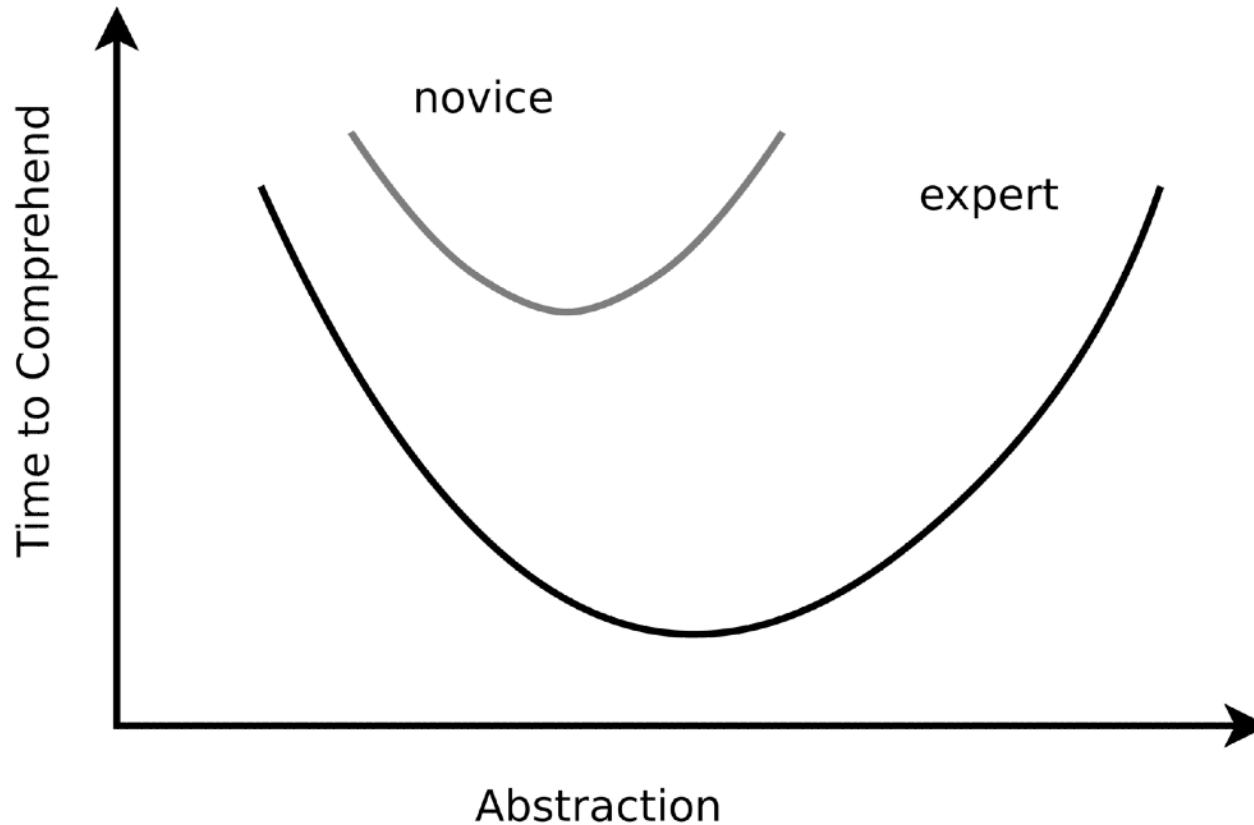
— Leslie Hawthorne

"You'll Eventually Know Everything They've Forgotten." In Open Advice: FOSS: *What We Wish We Had Known When We Started*, edited by Lydia Pintscher, 29-32.

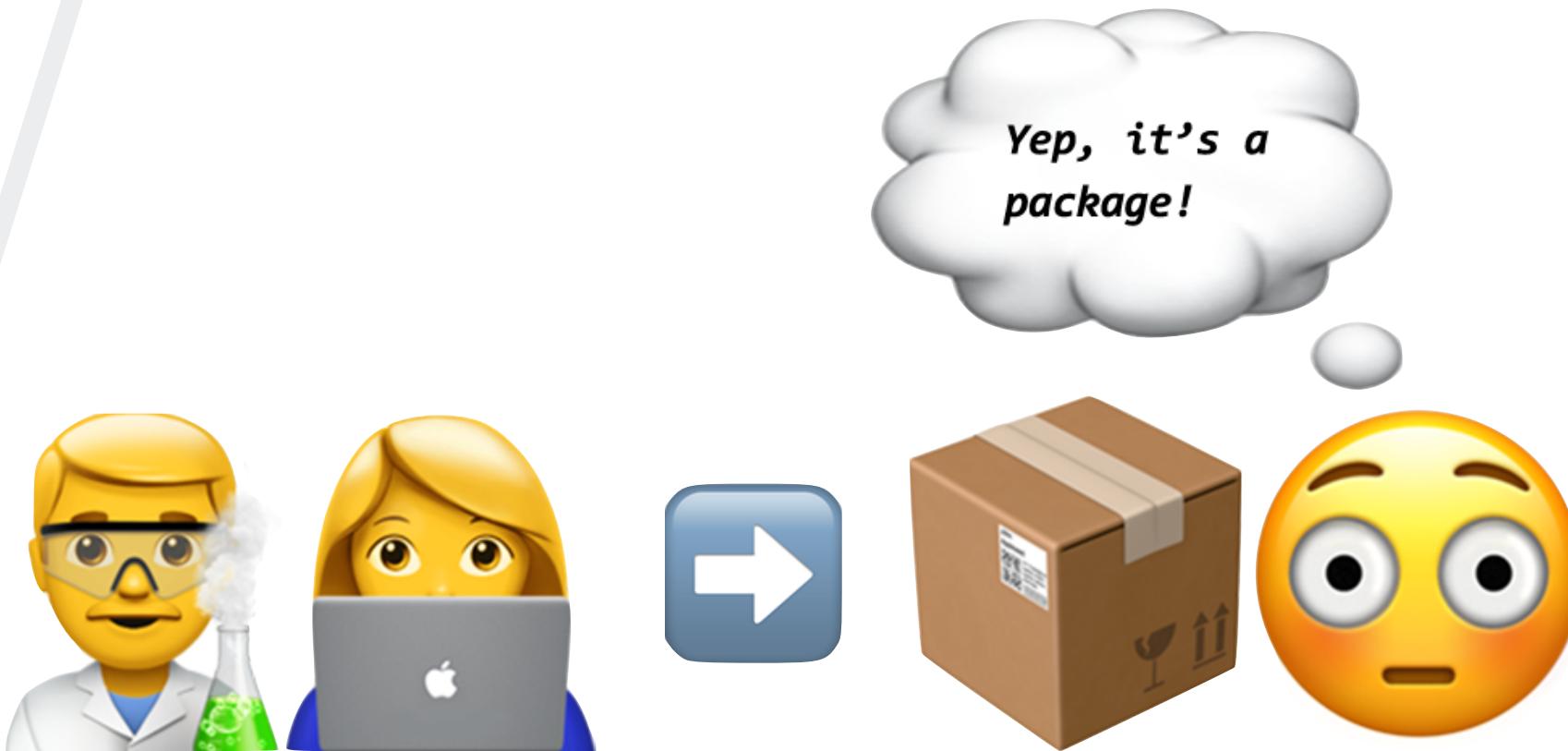
The comprehension comfort curve



Abstraction & comprehension



require(n00bs)



require(n00bs)

When assigning reviewers to a submission, we aim to pair experienced reviewers with new ones, or reviewers with expertise on a package's programming methods with those experienced in its field of application.



How rOpenSci uses Code Review to Promote Reproducible Science

ropensci.org highlighted with Highly

Content creation



Brandon Rohrer
 @_brohrer_

Following

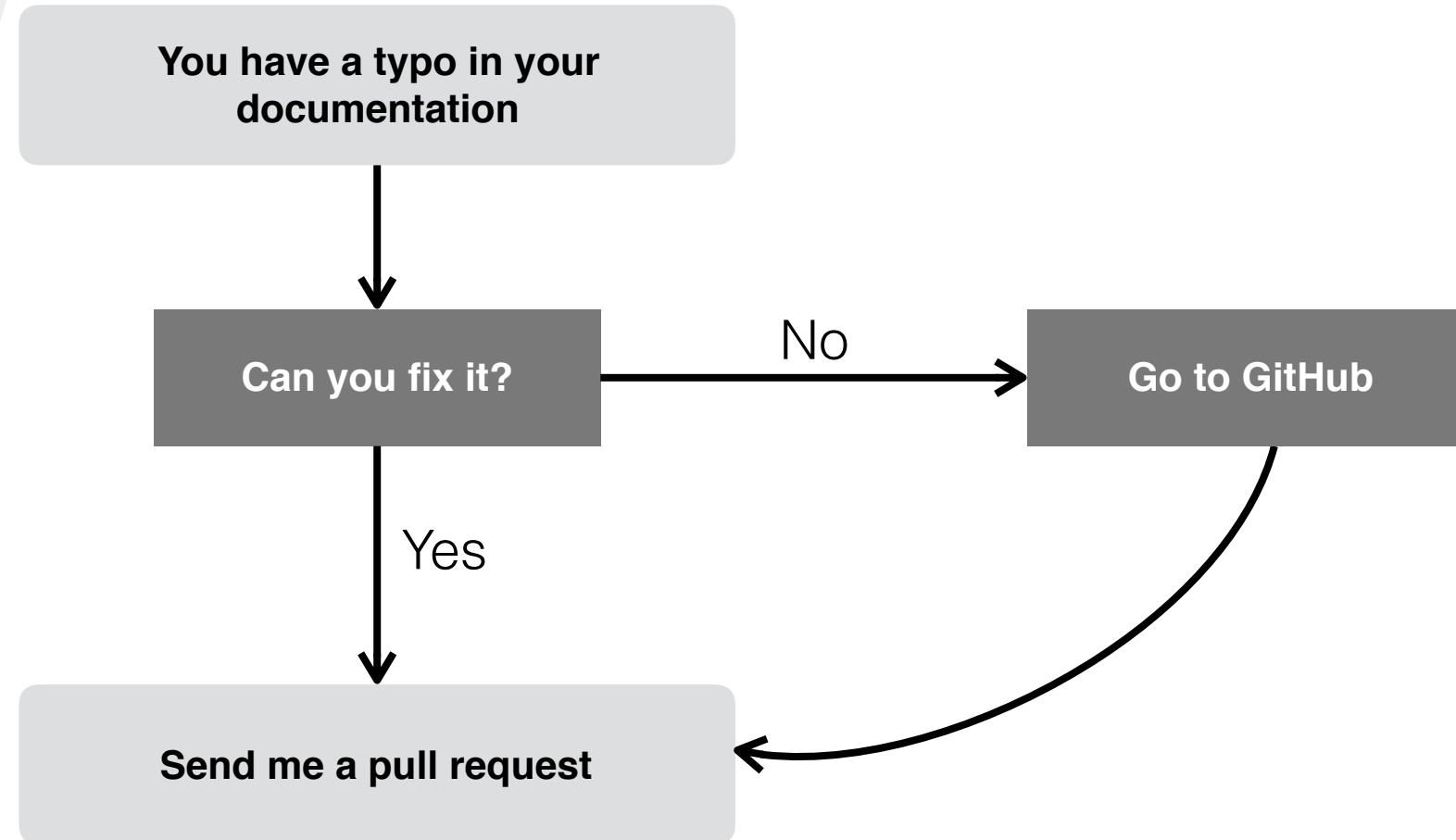


In case you find it helpful, here's my recipe for content creation:

1. Find some thing that confuses you.
2. Look for a clear explanation and fail to find one.
3. Learn about the thing by using it.
4. Write the explanation you wish you'd found.

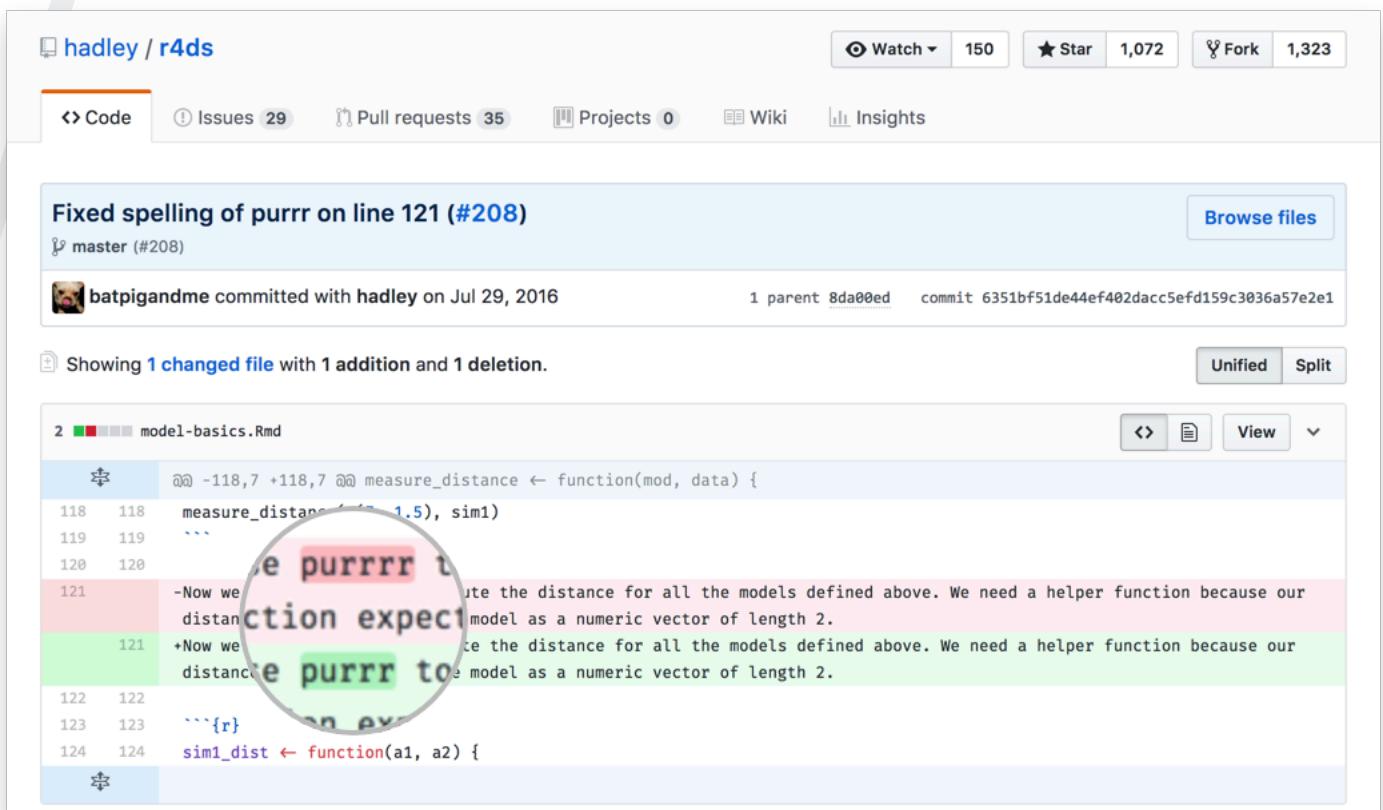
8:58 AM - 26 Mar 2019

typos



Adapted from: You Do Not Need to Tell Me I Have A Typo in My Documentation by Yihui Xie

My first “contribution”



Ways to contribute



PULL REQUESTS

Contributing code/making fixes.

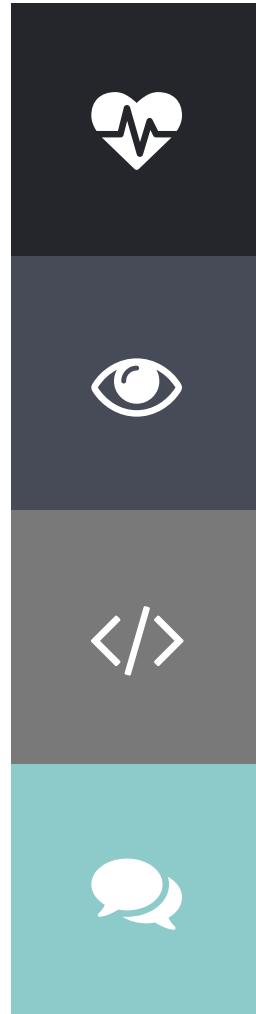
ISSUES

Identifying a problem, trying your best to isolate its source.

COMMENTS

Help maintainers answer questions, triage issues. Help newcomers learn how to ask better questions (e.g. the art of the reprex).

Hints for
happy code
contributions
in the
tidyverse



GET THE PULSE OF A PROJECT

WATCH THE REPO

READ THE CODE

DISCUSS YOUR IDEAS

CONTRIBUTING.md



tidyverse & package conventions



KEY PACKAGES FOR CONTRIBUTING



ROXYGEN2



DEVTOOLS



TESTTHAT

stylish...

The tidyverse style guide

The tidyverse style guide

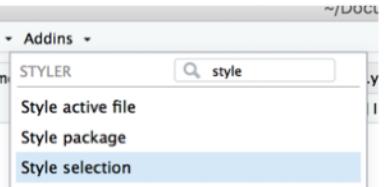
Hadley Wickham

Welcome

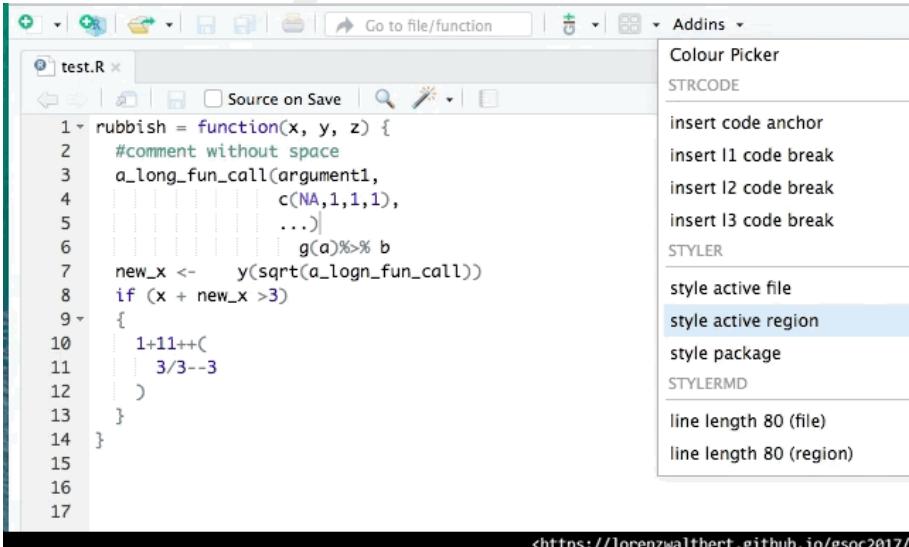
Good coding style is like correct punctuation: you can manage without it, but it's sure to make things easier to read. This site describes the style used throughout the [tidyverse](#). It was originally derived from [Google's R style guide](#), but has evolved and expanded considerably over the years.

All style guides are fundamentally opinionated. Some decisions genuinely do make code easier to use (especially matching indenting to programming structure), but many decisions are arbitrary. The most important thing about a style guide is that it provides consistency, making code easier to write because you need to make fewer decisions.

Two R packages support this style guide:

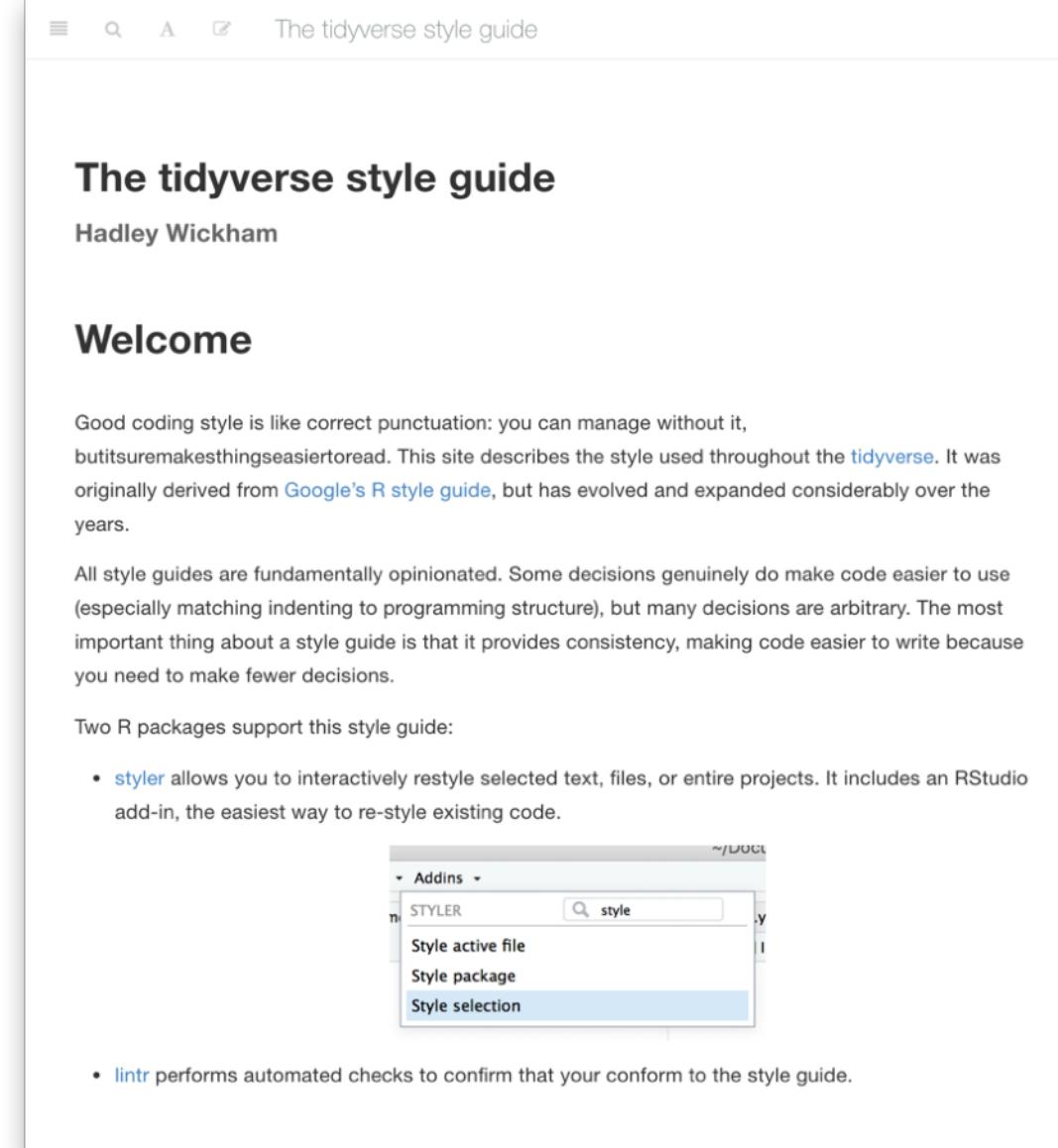
- [styler](#) allows you to interactively restyle selected text, files, or entire projects. It includes an RStudio add-in, the easiest way to re-style existing code.
A screenshot of the RStudio interface showing the 'Addins' dropdown menu. The 'STYLER' option is highlighted with a blue selection bar. Other options visible include 'Style active file', 'Style package', and 'Style selection'. A search bar at the top of the menu bar contains the word 'style'.
- [lintr](#) performs automated checks to confirm that your conform to the style guide.

stylish...



The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with a file named "test.R" open. The code contains several syntax errors and non-standard R practices. A context menu is open over the code, with the "STYLER" section expanded. The "style active region" option is highlighted. The URL <https://lorenzwalthert.github.io/gsoc2017/> is visible at the bottom of the RStudio window.

styler by Kirill Müller & Lorenz Walthert <http://styler.r-lib.org>



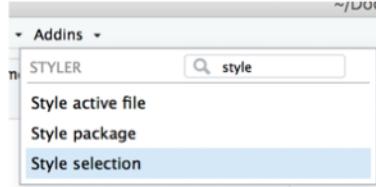
The screenshot shows the "The tidyverse style guide" website. The title "The tidyverse style guide" and author "Hadley Wickham" are at the top. Below is a section titled "Welcome" with the following text:

Good coding style is like correct punctuation: you can manage without it, but it's sure to make things easier to read. This site describes the style used throughout the [tidyverse](#). It was originally derived from [Google's R style guide](#), but has evolved and expanded considerably over the years.

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- [styler](#) allows you to interactively re-style selected text, files, or entire projects. It includes an RStudio add-in, the easiest way to re-style existing code.



A screenshot of the RStudio add-ins menu is shown, with the "STYLER" option highlighted. The URL <~/DOCU> is visible at the top of the RStudio window.

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need help getting started?

Save the date: tidyverse developer day

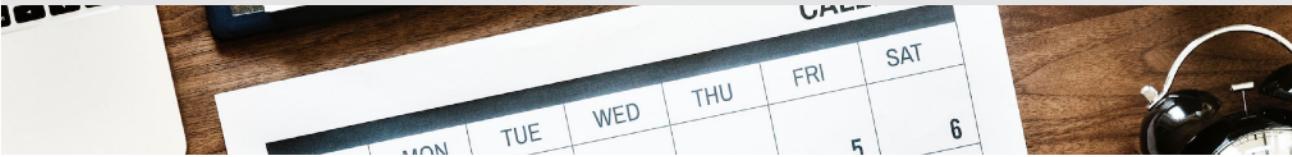


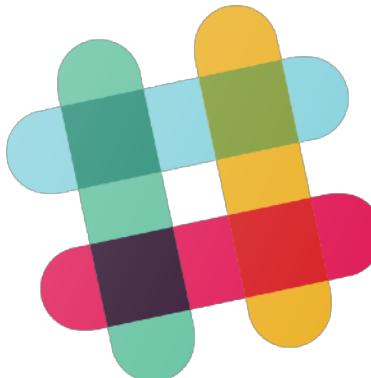
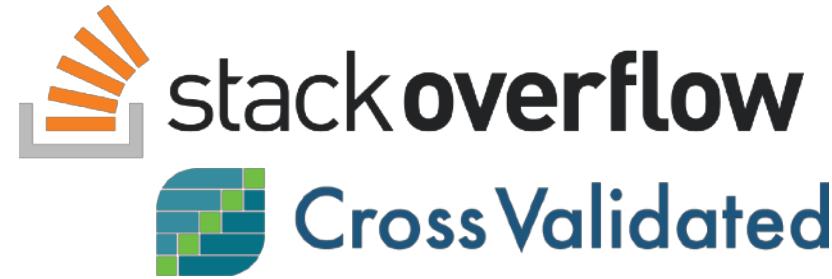
Photo by [rawpixel](#)

Save the date

On the Saturday following [rstudio::conf](#), we'll be holding our first ever **tidyverse developer day**, and you're invited! So, if you're interested, plan on being in Austin on the 19th of January. The venue is not settled yet, but the intent is to make it convenient for people who've chosen lodging based on the [rstudio::conf](#) location.

Squad goals

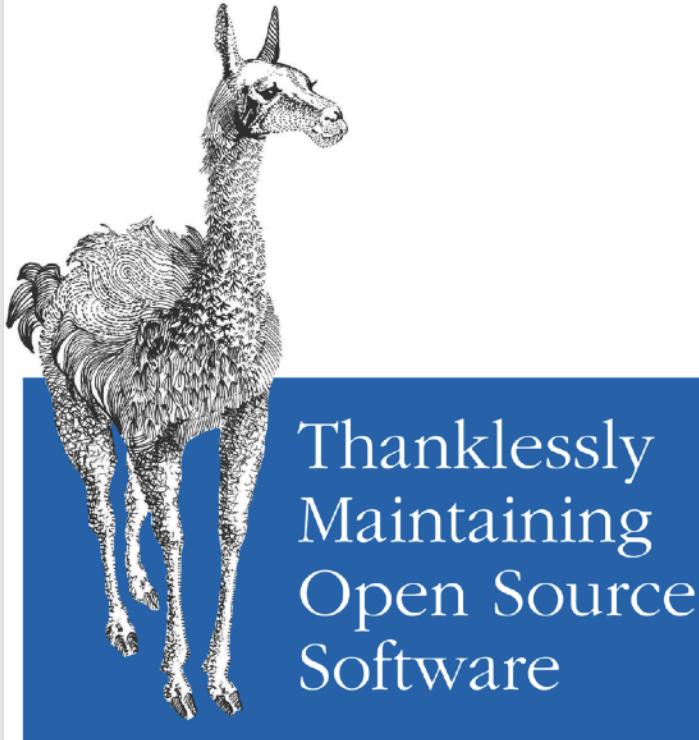
There will be more details to come, but the idea is to have a day where we can work together on anything ranging from submitting your first pull request, to working on your own package. The tidyverse team will be there, so we can help you hit the ground running and/or get over any stumbling blocks that you encounter. Don't have any ideas for something to work on? No problem! We'll be tagging issues in advance to make sure there's lots to do for any- and everyone, regardless of level of expertise.



and a bunch of other places...

giving back

Acting out of the goodness of your heart, or something



O RLY?

@ThePracticalDev

tidyverse team



Thank You



HOLY SHIT YOU GEEKS ARE BADASS

Works cited

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