Заголовок 98%

End-to-End Object Detection with Transformers

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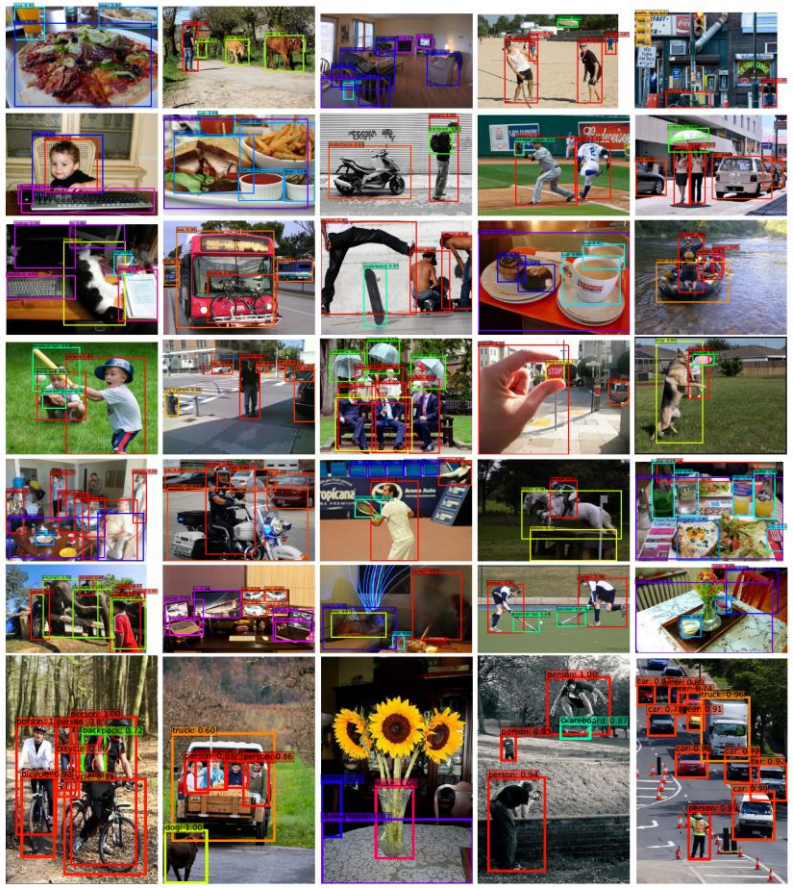
Доклад: Федорова Анна, БПМИ191

Подпись авторов 97%

Немного про Object Detection

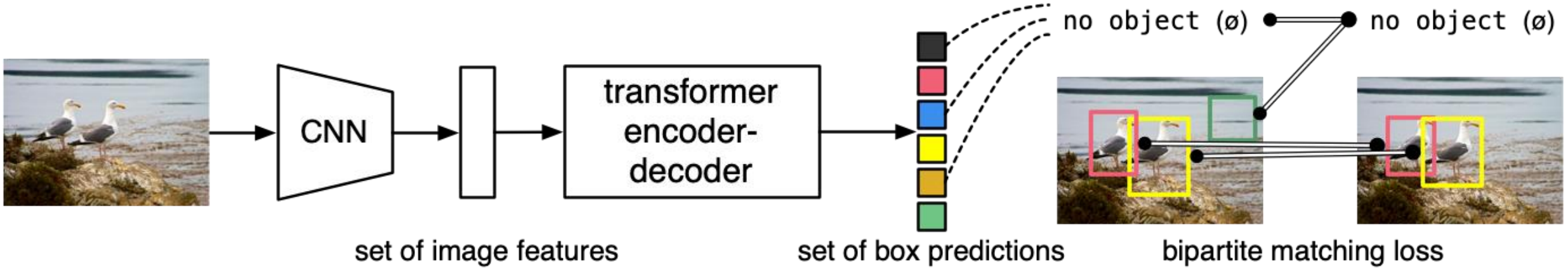


COCO - Common Objects in Context

Что хотели:

- Увеличить скорость обработки одного изображения
- Убрать постобработку гипотез с фильтрацией дубликатов

DETR – DEtection TRansformer



Loss functions

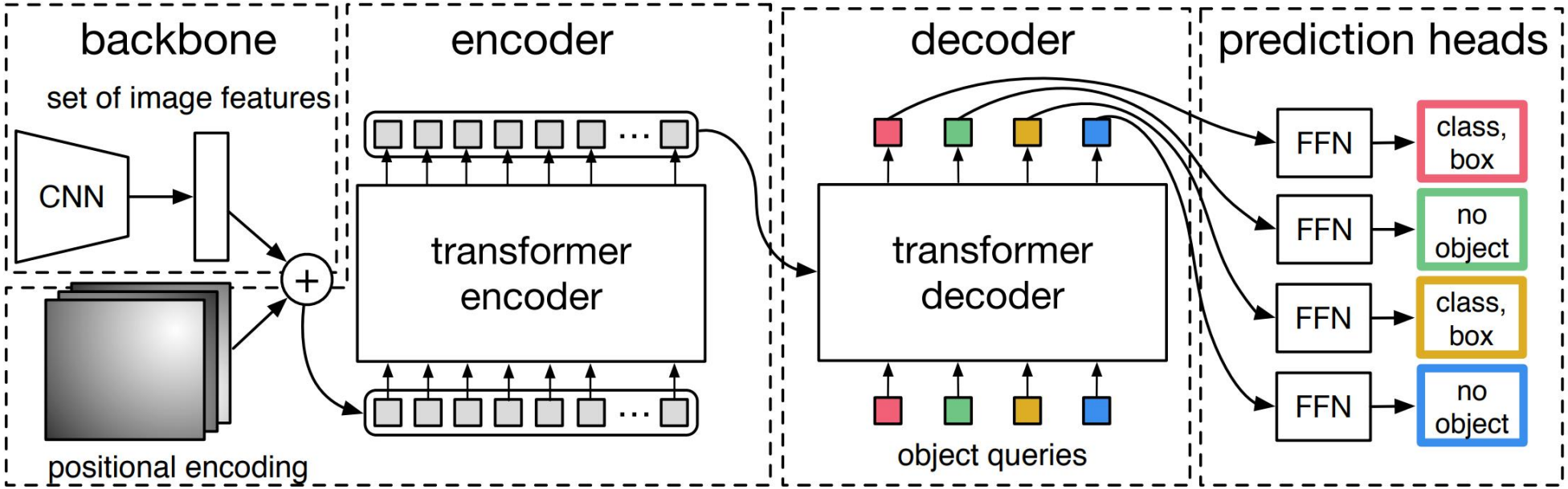
$$\hat{\sigma} = \arg\min_{\sigma \in \mathfrak{S}_N} \sum_{i}^{N} \mathcal{L}_{\text{match}}(y_i, \hat{y}_{\sigma(i)})$$ – оптимальная перестановка, сопоставляющая предсказания и правильные ответы

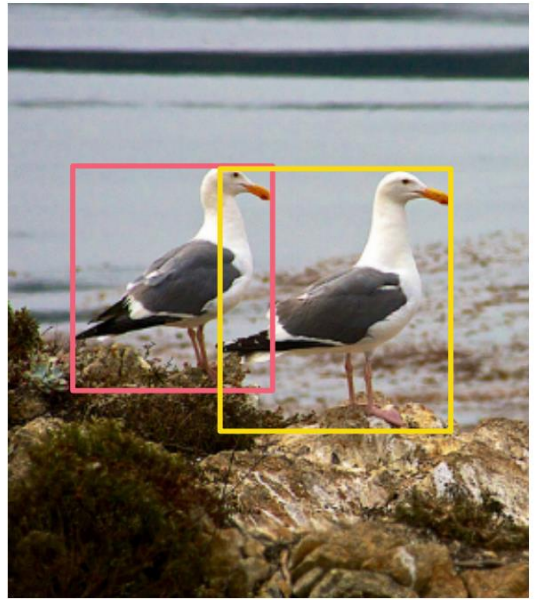
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{match}}(y_i, \hat{y}_{\sigma(i)}) = -\mathbb{1}_{\{c_i \neq \varnothing\}} \hat{p}_{\sigma(i)}(c_i) + \mathbb{1}_{\{c_i \neq \varnothing\}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{box}}(b_i, \hat{b}_{\sigma(i)})$$ – *matching cost*

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{box}}(b_i, \hat{b}_{\sigma(i)}) = \lambda_{\text{iou}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{iou}}(b_i, \hat{b}_{\sigma(i)}) + \lambda_{\text{L1}} ||b_i - \hat{b}_{\sigma(i)}||_1$$ – функция потерь для рамок

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Hungarian}}(y, \hat{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[-\log \hat{p}_{\hat{\sigma}(i)}(c_i) + \mathbb{1}_{\{c_i \neq \varnothing\}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{box}}(b_i, \hat{b}_{\hat{\sigma}}(i)) \right]$$ – итоговая функция потерь для обучения

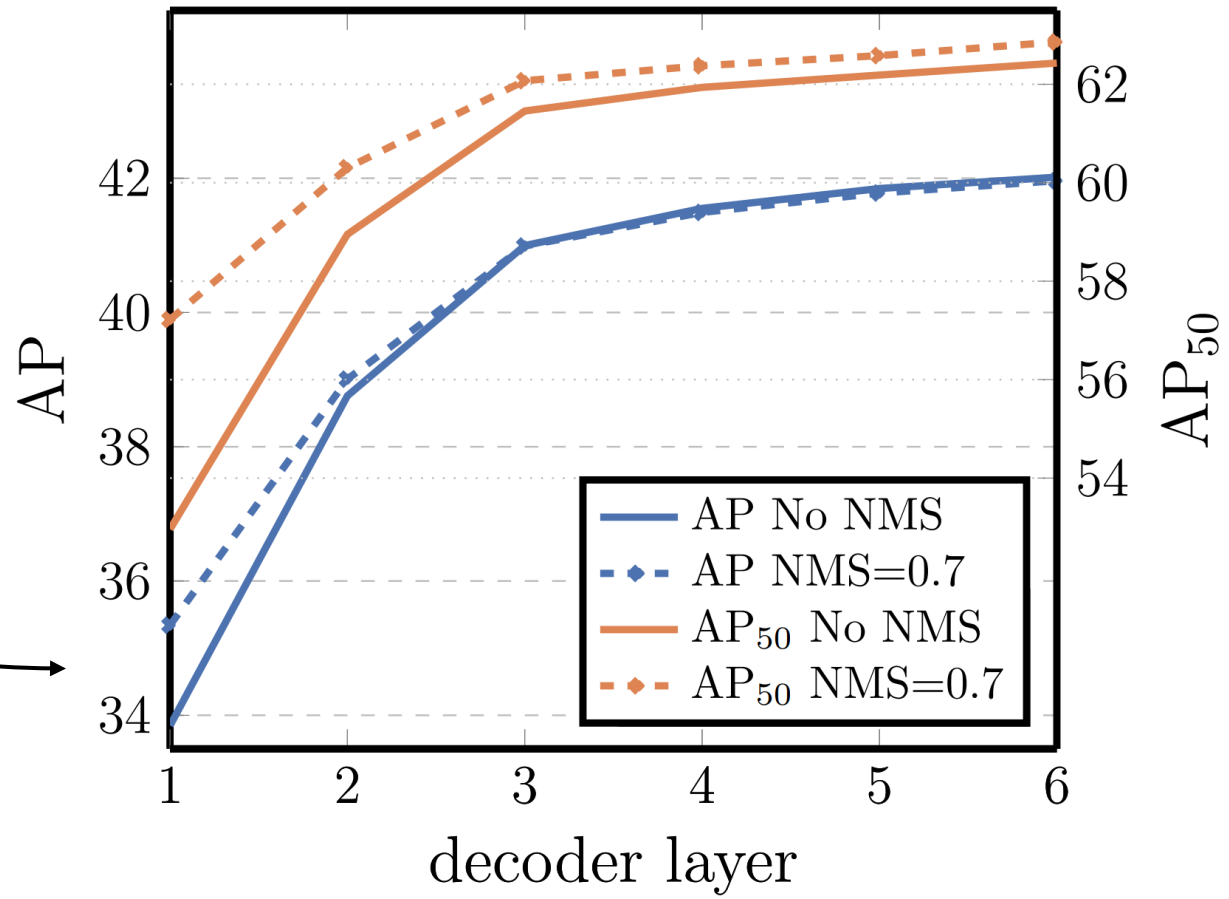
Архитектура DETR





Подбор архитектуры

Подбор количества слоёв в декодере



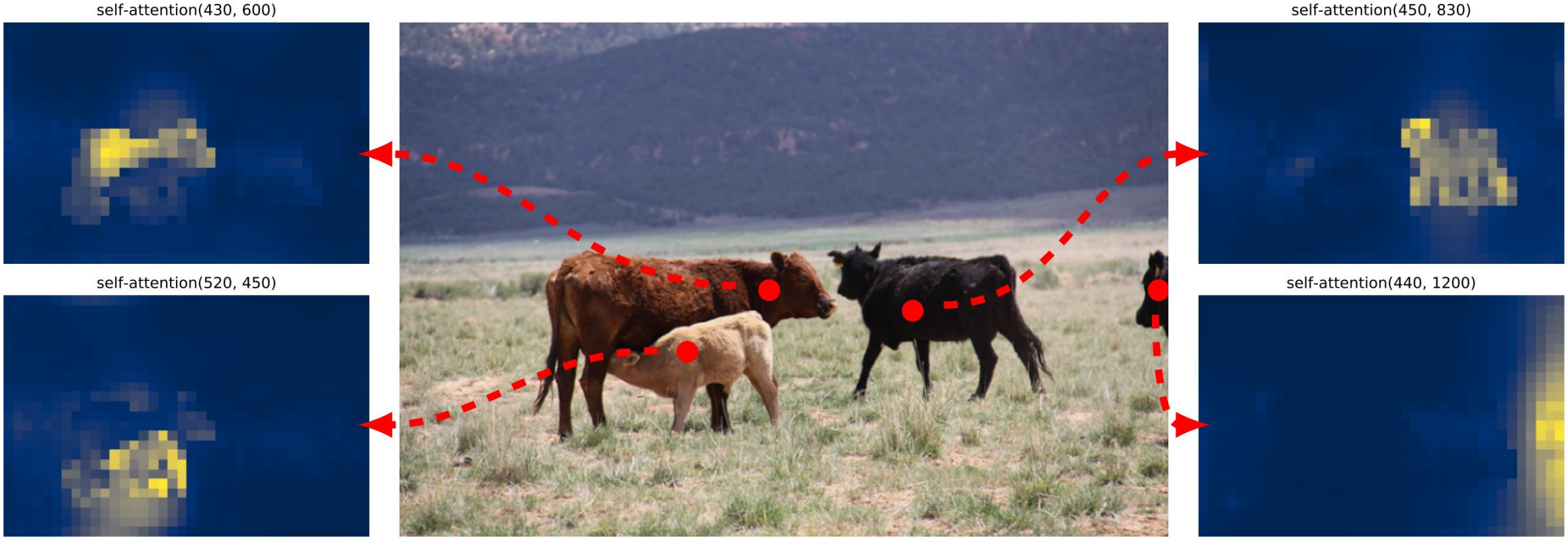
Подбор количества слоёв в энкодере

#layers	GFLOPS/FPS	#params	AP	AP_{50}	AP_S	AP_M	AP_L
0	76/28	33.4M	36.7	57.4	16.8	39.6	54.2
3	81/25	37.4M	40.1	60.6	18.5	43.8	58.6
6	86/23	41.3M	40.6	61.6	19.9	44.3	60.2
12	95/20	49.2M	41.6	62.1	19.8	44.9	61.9

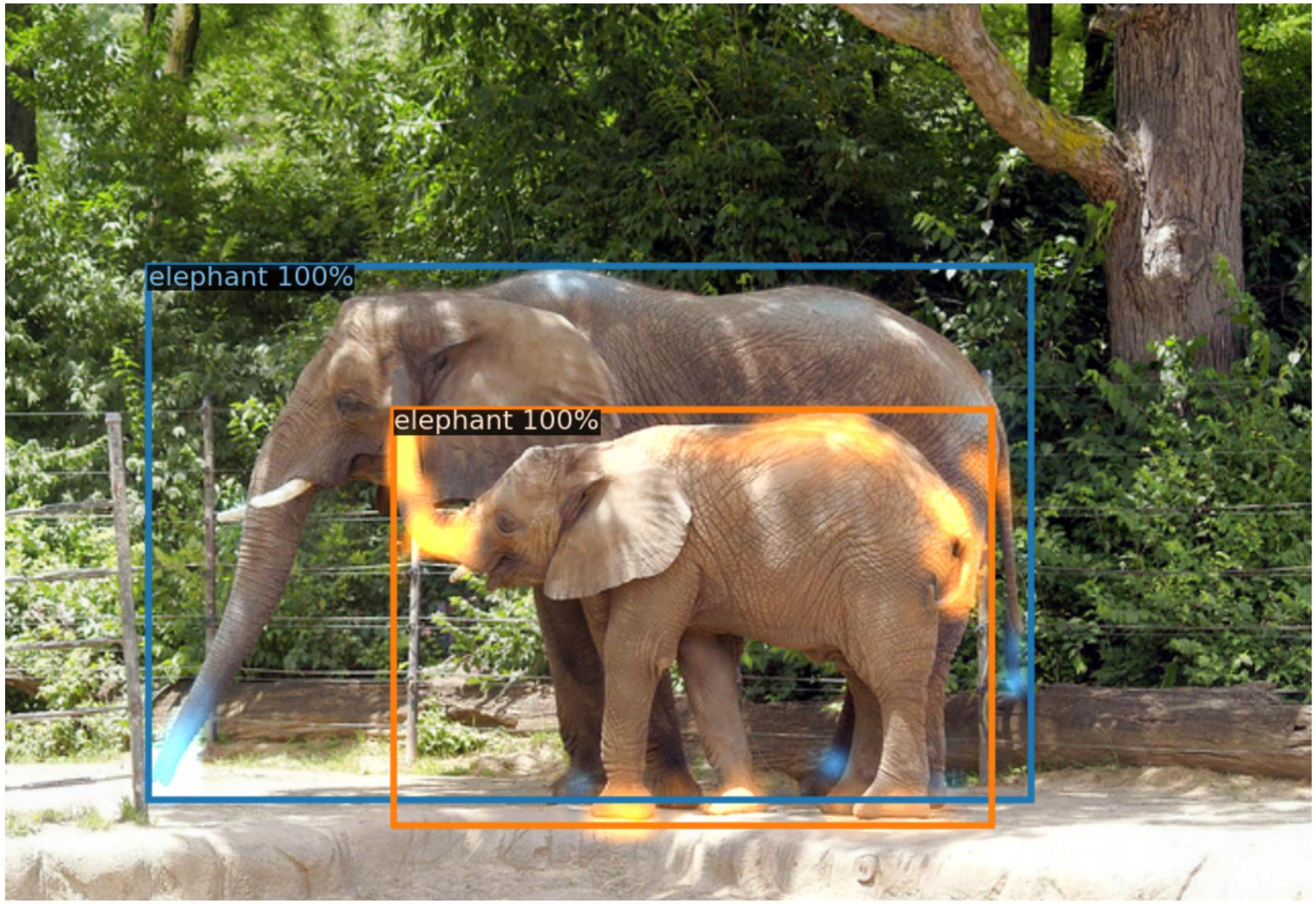
Эксперименты

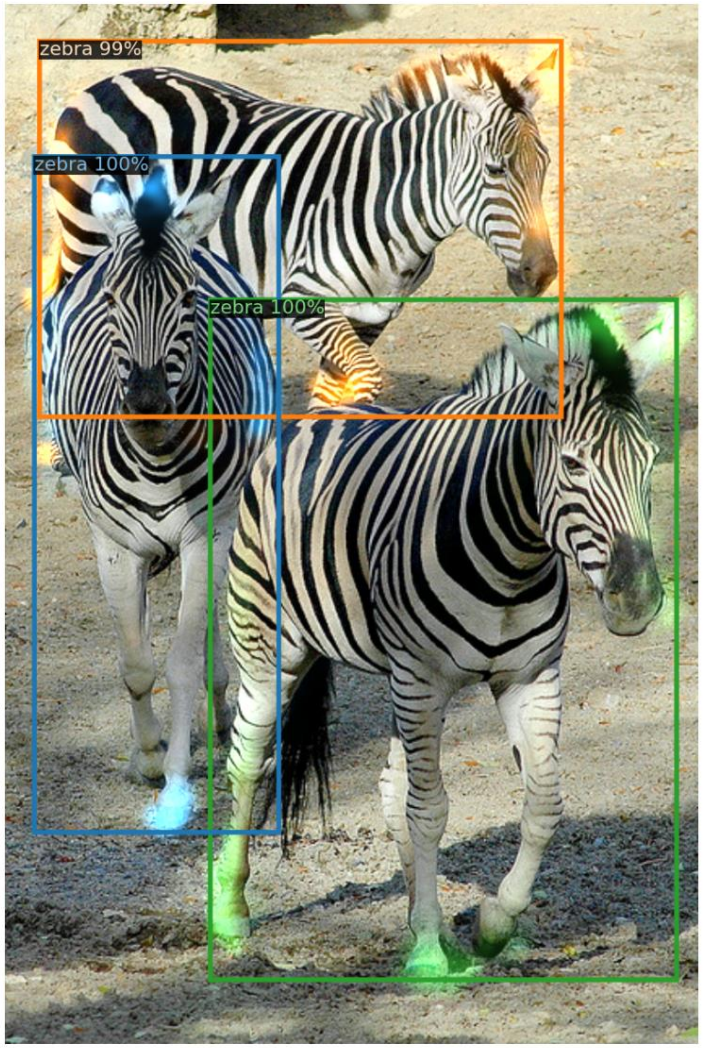
Model	GFLOPS/FPS	#params	AP	AP_{50}	AP_{75}	AP_S	AP_M	AP_L
Faster RCNN-DC5	320/16	166M	39.0	60.5	42.3	21.4	43.5	52.5
Faster RCNN-FPN	180/26	42M	40.2	61.0	43.8	24.2	43.5	52.0
Faster RCNN-R101-FPN	246/20	60M	42.0	62.5	45.9	25.2	45.6	54.6
Faster RCNN-DC5+	320/16	166M	41.1	61.4	44.3	22.9	45.9	55.0
Faster RCNN-FPN+	180/26	42M	42.0	62.1	45.5	26.6	45.4	53.4
Faster RCNN-R101-FPN+	246/20	60M	44.0	63.9	**47.8**	**27.2**	48.1	56.0
DETR	86/28	41M	42.0	62.4	44.2	20.5	45.8	61.1
DETR-DC5	187/12	41M	43.3	63.1	45.9	22.5	47.3	61.1
DETR-R101	152/20	60M	43.5	63.8	46.4	21.9	48.0	61.8
DETR-DC5-R101	253/10	60M	**44.9**	**64.7**	47.7	23.7	**49.5**	**62.3**

Encoder

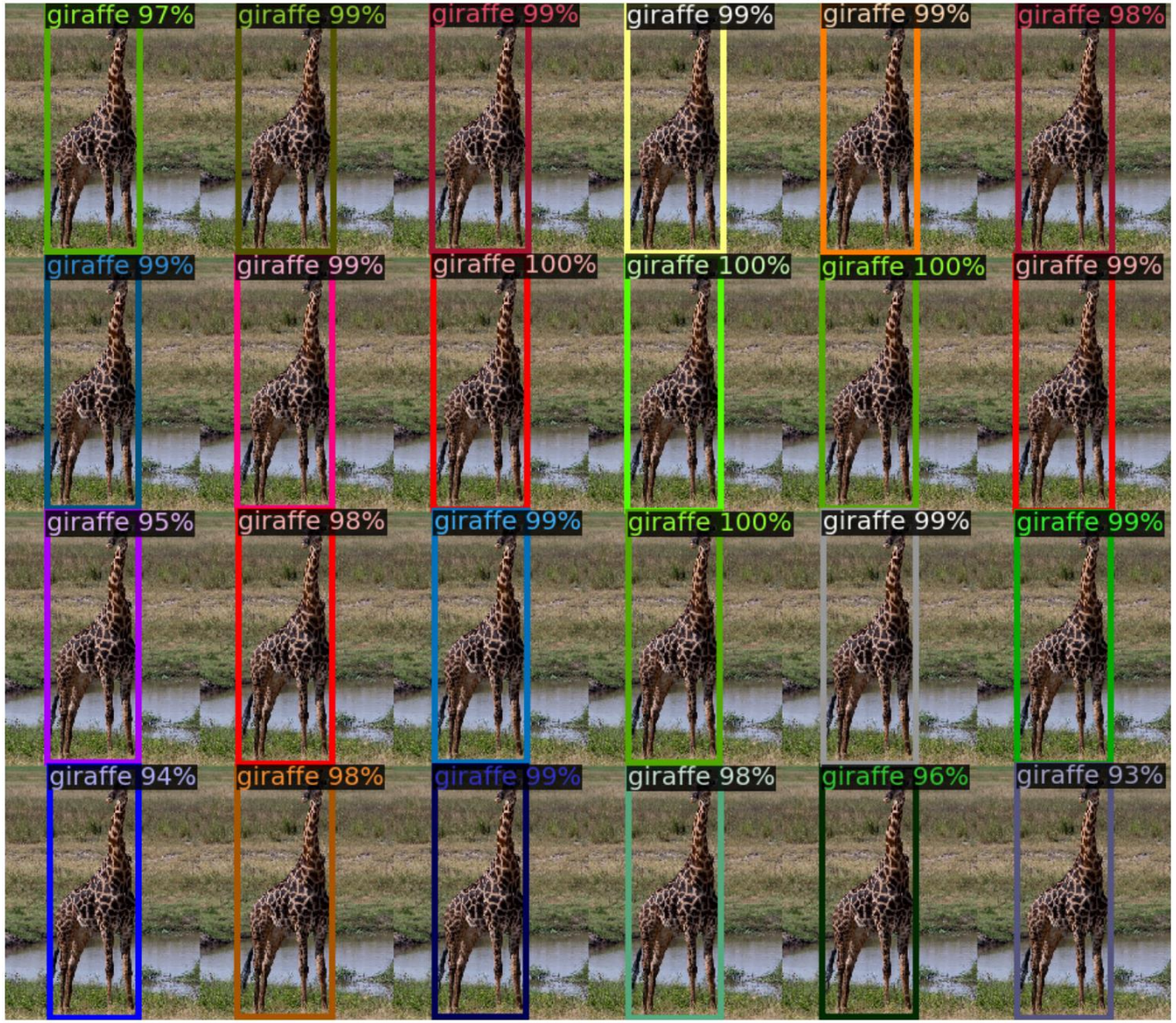

self-attention(430, 600)
self-attention(450, 830)
self-attention(520, 450)
self-attention(440, 1200)

Decoder

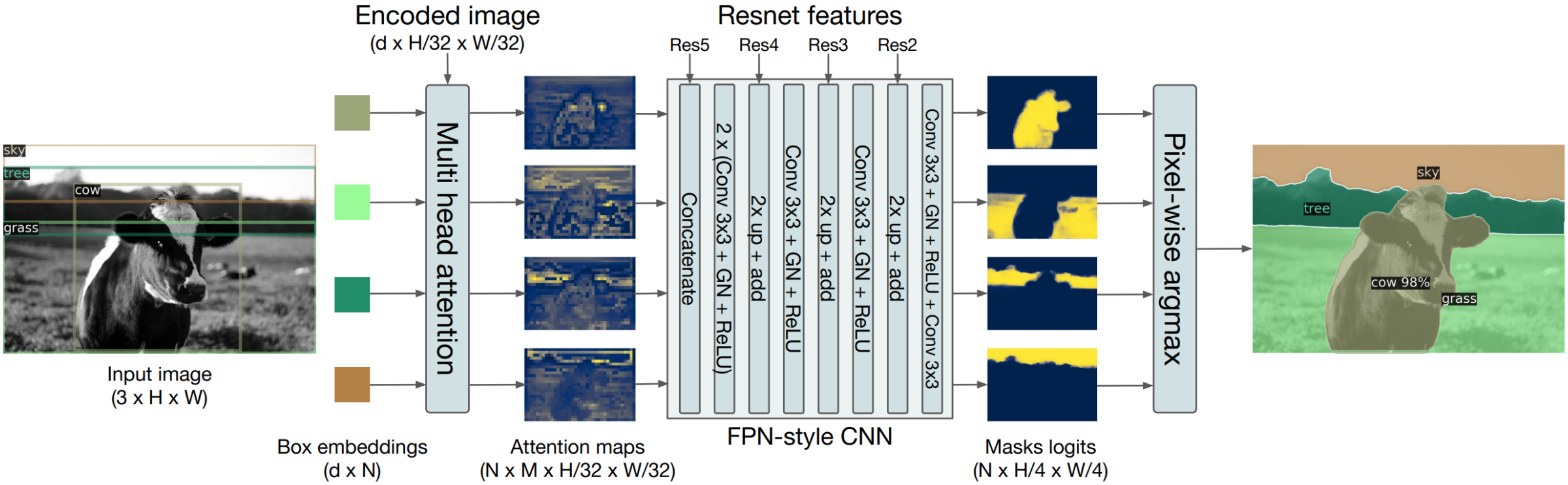




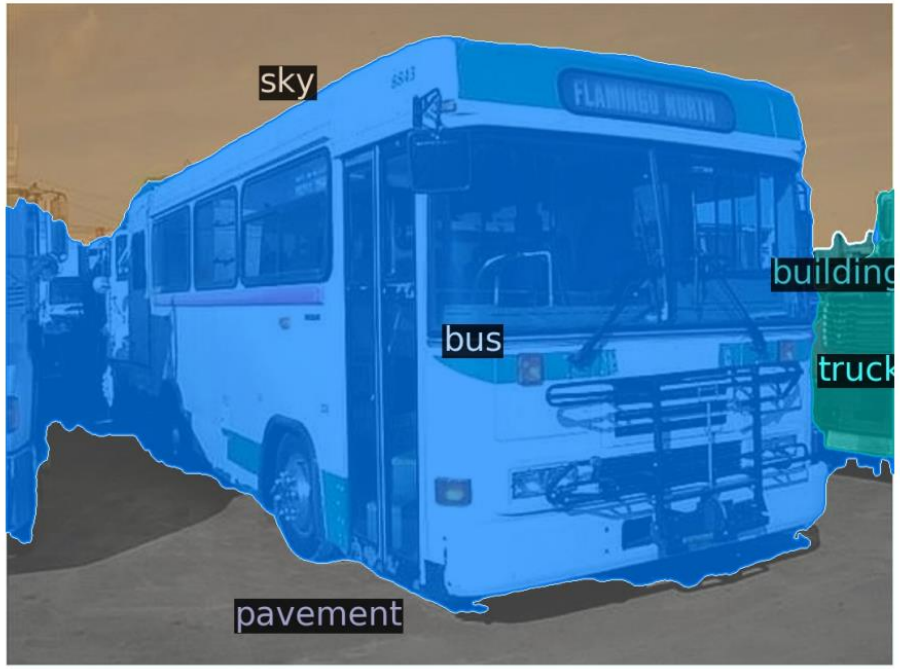
DETR требует больше жирафов!

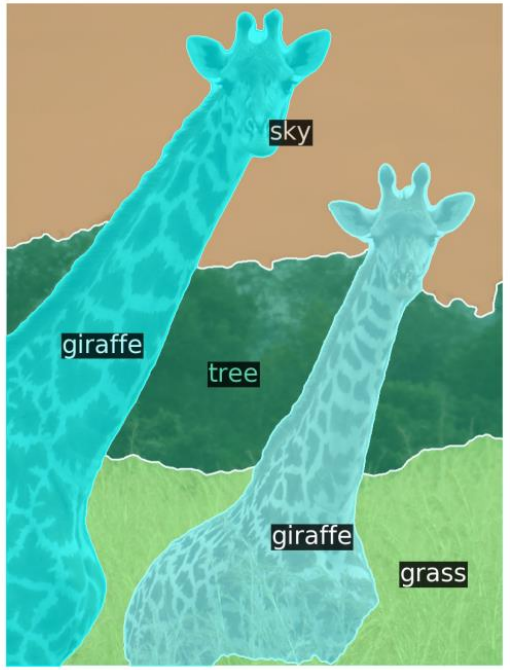


Применение для задачи сегментации



Ещё немного жирафов





Успехи в сегментации

Model	Backbone	PQ	SQ	RQ	PQ^{th}	SQ^{th}	RQ^{th}	PQ^{st}	SQ^{st}	RQ^{st}	AP
PanopticFPN++	R50	42.4	79.3	51.6	49.2	82.4	58.8	32.3	74.8	40.6	37.7
UPSnet	R50	42.5	78.0	52.5	48.6	79.4	59.6	33.4	75.9	41.7	34.3
UPSnet-M	R50	43.0	79.1	52.8	48.9	79.7	59.7	34.1	78.2	42.3	34.3
PanopticFPN++	R101	44.1	79.5	53.3	**51.0**	**83.2**	60.6	33.6	74.0	42.1	**39.7**
DETR	R50	43.4	79.3	53.8	48.2	79.8	59.5	36.3	78.5	45.3	31.1
DETR-DC5	R50	44.6	79.8	55.0	49.4	80.5	60.6	**37.3**	**78.7**	**46.5**	31.9
DETR-R101	R101	**45.1**	**79.9**	**55.5**	50.5	80.9	**61.7**	37.0	78.5	46.0	33.0

$$\mathrm{PQ} = \underbrace{\frac{\sum_{(p,g)\in TP} \mathrm{IoU}(p,g)}{|TP|}}_{\text{segmentation quality (SQ)}} \times \underbrace{\frac{|TP|}{|TP| + \frac{1}{2}|FP| + \frac{1}{2}|FN|}}_{\text{recognition quality (RQ)}}$$

– panoptic quality

Вопрос 99%

Вопросы?

Трансформер 110%