

Practical Cloud Messaging

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Practical Cloud Messaging

Move all
messaging to
the cloud

Implement
IMessageQueue with
Azure and **AWS**

Use **parallelism**
for message
handling

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

Feature

Implement
`IMessageQueue`
using Azure

Task

Support request-
response and
fire-and-forget
using queues

Task

Create temporary
queues on demand

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

- **ServiceBusMessageQueue**

- Initialise messaging factory

```
Initialise(Direction.Inbound, name, pattern, properties);  
_factory = MessagingFactory.CreateFromConnectionString("...");
```

- Create queue client

```
_queueClient = _factory.CreateQueueClient(Address);
```

- Send brokered message

```
var brokeredMessage = new BrokeredMessage(message.ToJsonStream(), true);  
_queueClient.Send(brokeredMessage);
```

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

- **ServiceBusMessageQueue**

- Receive brokered message

```
var brokeredMessage = _queueClient.Receive();  
var messageStream = brokeredMessage.GetBody<Stream>();  
var message = Message.FromJson(messageStream);  
onMessageReceived(message);
```

- Flag message as complete

```
brokeredMessage.Complete();
```

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

- ServiceBusMessageQueue
 - Get address

```
switch (name.ToLower())  
{  
    case "unsubscribe":  
        return "unsubscribe";  
    case "doesuserexist":  
        return "doesuserexist";  
}
```

Demo 1: Azure Service Bus Queues

- **ServiceBusMessageQueue**
 - Create temporary queue on demand

```
public override IMessageQueue GetResponseQueue()
{
    var responseAddress = Guid.NewGuid().ToString().Substring(0, 6);
    var manager = NamespaceManager.CreateFromConnectionString(
        _connectionString);
    manager.CreateQueue(responseAddress);

    var responseQueue = MessageQueueFactory.CreateInbound(
        responseAddress, MessagePattern.RequestResponse);
    return responseQueue;
}
```


Service Bus Topics and Subscriptions



Publish to Service Bus Topic

Topic relays to Subscription(s)

Subscribers listen on Subscriptions

Separate .NET classes

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

Feature

Complete Azure
IMessageQueue
implementation

Task

Create topic and
subscriptions in
Azure portal

Task

Support
publish-subscribe
using topics

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

- Azure Service Bus Topics
 - Subscriptions accessed like queues

unsubscribed-event					
DASHBOARD	MONITOR	CONFIGURE	SUBSCRIPTIONS		
NAME	STATUS	MAX DELIVERY CO...	REQUIRES SESSIO...	MESSAGE COUNT	
crm	✓ Active	10	No	0	
fulfilment	✓ Active	10	No	0	
legacy	✓ Active	10	No	0	

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

- Azure Service Bus Topics
 - Subset of queue configuration options

general

DEFAULT MESSAGE TIME TO LIVE

14

days

DUPLICATE DETECTION HISTORY

10

minutes

PUBLISHING

☐ FILTER MESSAGE BEFORE PUBLISHING

TOPIC STATE

Enabled

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

- **ServiceBusMessageQueue**

- Topic client

```
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)
{
    _topicClient = _factory.CreateTopicClient(Address);
}
```

- Publish brokered message

```
var brokeredMessage = new BrokeredMessage(message.ToJsonStream(), true);
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)
{
    _topicClient.Send(brokeredMessage);
}
```

Demo 2: Azure Service Bus Topics

- **ServiceBusMessageQueue**

- Subscription client

```
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)
{
    var addressParts = Address.Split(':');
    _subscriptionClient = _factory.CreateSubscriptionClient(
        addressParts[0], addressParts[1]);
}
```

- Receive brokered message

```
BrokeredMessage brokeredMessage;
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)
{
    brokeredMessage = _subscriptionClient.Receive();
}
//...
brokeredMessage.Complete();
```

Cloud Messaging



Easy extensibility

Add a new subscription

Fire up a new handler

Disconnected

Persistent messages in subscription

Start handler at any time

Dislocated

Handler can run on any premises

Or in any cloud

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

Feature

Implement
`IMessageQueue`
using Amazon
SQS

Task

Support request-
response and
fire-and-forget

Task

Delete temporary
queues when
finished

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

■ AwsMessageQueue

- Inherit from common base
- Initialise for outbound messaging

```
Initialise(Direction.Outbound, name, pattern, properties);  
_sqsClient = new AmazonSQSClient(_accessKey, _secretKey,  
                                RegionEndpoint.EUWest1);
```

- Send message

```
var request = new SendMessageRequest();  
request.MessageBody = message.ToString();  
request.QueueUrl = Address;  
_sqsClient.SendMessage(request);
```

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

- **AwsMessageQueue**

- Initialise for inbound messaging

```
Initialise(Direction.Inbound, name, pattern, properties);  
_sqsClient = new AmazonSQSClient(_accessKey, _secretKey,  
                                RegionEndpoint.EUWest1);
```

- Receive message

```
var request = new ReceiveMessageRequest();  
request.QueueUrl = Address;  
var response = _sqsClient.ReceiveMessage(request);  
var firstMessage = response.Messages.FirstOrDefault();  
if (firstMessage != null)  
{  
    var message = Message.FromJson(firstMessage.Body);  
    onMessageReceived(message);  
}
```

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

- **AwsMessageQueue**

- Manually delete handled message
- By receipt handle

```
var deleteRequest = new DeleteMessageRequest();  
deleteRequest.QueueUrl = request.QueueUrl;  
deleteRequest.ReceiptHandle = firstMessage.ReceiptHandle;  
_sqsClient.DeleteMessage(deleteRequest);
```

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

- **AwsMessageQueue**

- Explicit delete queue functionality

```
public static void Delete(IMessageQueue queue)
{
    queue.DeleteQueue();
    var queueEntries = _Queues.Where(x => x.Value.Address ==
                                         queue.Address).ToList();
    queueEntries.ForEach(x =>
    {
        x.Value.Dispose();
        _Queues.Remove(x.Key);
    });
}
```

Demo 3: AWS Simple Queue Service

■ AwsMessageQueue

- Explicit delete queue functionality
- Called by consumer
- After received response

```
responseQueue.Receive(x => exists = x.BodyAs<DoesUserExistResponse>()  
                                                                .Exists, 5000);  
MessageQueueFactory.Delete(responseQueue);
```

AWS Simple Notification Service



Publish to SNS Topic

Topic relays to SQS Queue(s)

Subscribers listen on Queues

Separate .NET topic client class

Demo 4: AWS Simple Notification Service

Feature

Complete
IMessageQueue
using Amazon
SNS

Task

Create SNS Topic
and link SQS
queues in AWS
Console

Task

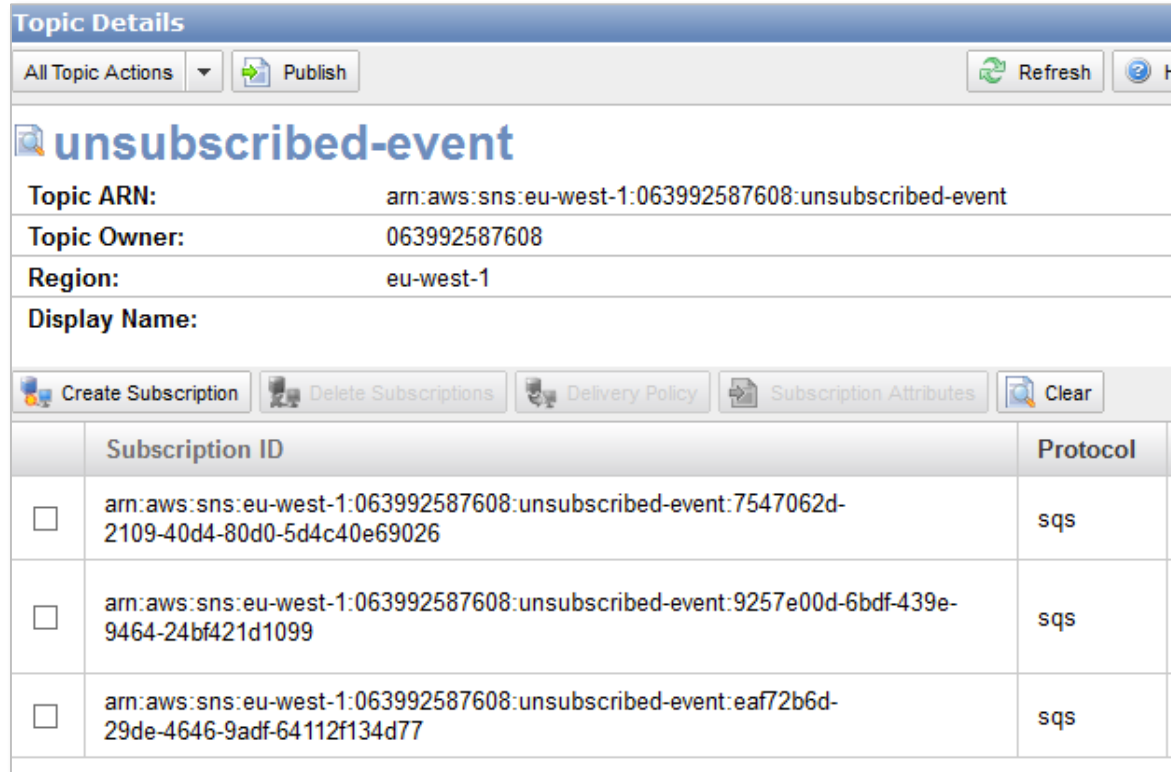
Support publish-
subscribe using
topics

Demo 4: AWS Simple Notification Service

Demo 4: AWS Simple Notification Service

■ SNS Topic

- Create in AWS Management Console
- Link SQS queues as (raw message) subscribers



The screenshot shows the 'Topic Details' page for an SNS topic named 'unsubscribed-event'. The page includes a header with 'All Topic Actions' and a 'Publish' button. Below the header, the topic name is displayed in large blue text. The details section shows the Topic ARN, Topic Owner, Region, and Display Name. At the bottom, there is a table of subscriptions with columns for 'Subscription ID' and 'Protocol'. The table lists three subscriptions, all using the 'sqs' protocol. Action buttons for 'Create Subscription', 'Delete Subscriptions', 'Delivery Policy', 'Subscription Attributes', and 'Clear' are located above the table.

Topic Details

All Topic Actions Publish Refresh Help

unsubscribed-event

Topic ARN: arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:063992587608:unsubscribed-event

Topic Owner: 063992587608

Region: eu-west-1

Display Name:

Create Subscription Delete Subscriptions Delivery Policy Subscription Attributes Clear

	Subscription ID	Protocol
<input type="checkbox"/>	arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:063992587608:unsubscribed-event:7547062d-2109-40d4-80d0-5d4c40e69026	sqs
<input type="checkbox"/>	arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:063992587608:unsubscribed-event:9257e00d-6bdf-439e-9464-24bf421d1099	sqs
<input type="checkbox"/>	arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:063992587608:unsubscribed-event:eaf72b6d-29de-4646-9adf-64112f134d77	sqs

Demo 4: AWS Simple Notification Service

- **AwsMessageQueue**

- Initialise for outbound publishing

```
Initialise(Direction.Outbound, name, pattern, properties);  
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)  
{  
    _snsClient = new AmazonSimpleNotificationServiceClient(_accessKey,  
                                                            _secretKey, RegionEndpoint.EUWest1);  
}
```

- Send message

```
if (Pattern == MessagePattern.PublishSubscribe)  
{  
    var publishRequest = new PublishRequest();  
    publishRequest.TopicArn = Address;  
    publishRequest.Message = message.ToString();  
    _snsClient.Publish(publishRequest);  
}
```

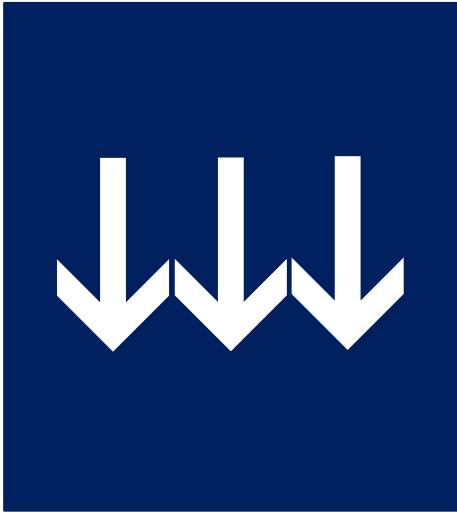
Demo 4: AWS Simple Notification Service

- **AwsMessageQueue**

- Topic address is ARN (Amazon Resource Name)
- Queue is URL

```
switch (name.ToLower())
{
    //...
    case "unsubscribed-event":
        return "arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:063992587608:unsubscribed-event";
    case "unsubscribe-legacy":
        return "https://sqs.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/063992587608/...";
    //...
```

Parallel Handling



Single-threaded

Each message processed in turn

Performance limitation

Cloud – polling uses messages

Additional latency

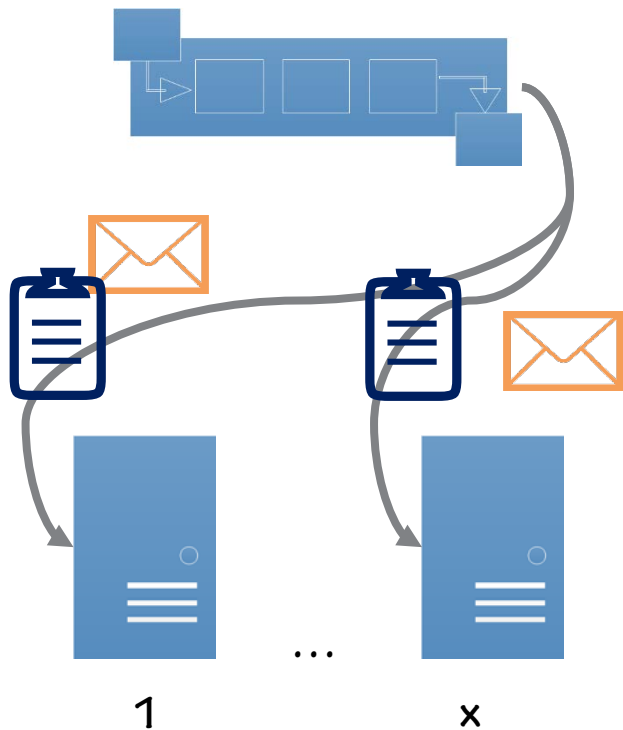
And cost

Parallel processing

Handle multiple messages concurrently

Without extra polling

Multi-threaded Listeners



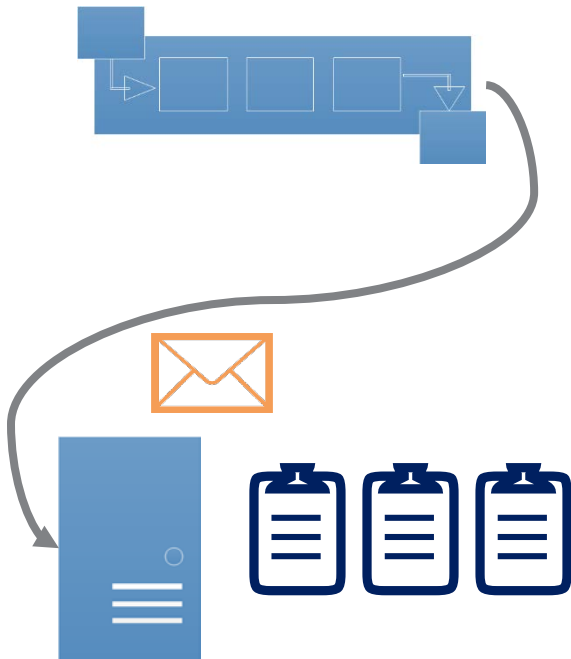
Multiple handler instances

Poll queue & process message

App & messaging code threadsafe

Increased receive requests

Multi-threaded Message Handling



Single polling thread

New thread for message handler

Parallel message processing

App code threadsafe

Demo 5: Multi-threaded Message Handling

Feature

Walkthrough
multi-threaded
handler

Task

Run handler
actions using TPL
for listeners

Task

Use most
efficient polling
process for queue

Demo 5: Multi-threaded Message Handling

Demo 5: Multi-threaded Message Handling

- **IMessageQueue**

- Async Listen() method – with CancellationToken
- Blocking Receive() method – with timeout

```
void Listen(Action<Message> onMessageReceived,  
            CancellationToken cancellationToken);  
  
void Receive(Action<Message> onMessageReceived,  
             int maximumWaitMilliseconds = 0);
```



- **Cloud queues**

- Multiple messages from one receive call

- **All queues**

- Single polling thread
- Process each message with TPL

Summary

- **Cloud IMessageQueues** 
 - Azure & AWS
- **Azure Service Bus** 
 - Queues: request-response, fire-and-forget
 - Topics: publish-subscribe
- **Amazon Web Services** 
 - SQS: request-response, fire-and-forget
 - SNS + SQS: publish-subscribe
- **Practical refactoring** 
 - Tighter control over temporary queues
 - Parallel message handling



WebSphere MQ