# Bil 470 / YAP 470

Introduction to Machine Learning (Yapay Öğrenme)

Batuhan Bardak

Lecture 1: Course outline and basic concepts of ML

**Date**: 13.09.2022

#### Plan for today

- Course outline and materials
- Basic concepts and terminology of Machine Learning

### Logistics

- **Instructor**: Batuhan BARDAK
  - o batuhanbardak@etu.edu.tr
- Teaching Assistant: ...
  - o ....
- Lectures:
  - Monday: 08:30 10:30, Room: B07
  - o Tuesday: 10:30 12:30, Room: 157

#### What this class is

- Fundamentals of ML: supervised learning (e.g., linear regression, logistic regression, svm, boosting, deep learning), unsupervised learning (e.g., k-means, hierarchical clustering, PCA), bias/variance tradeoff, overfitting, advice for applying machine learning
- More Recent topics of ML: AutoML, Explainable AI, MLOps

#### Prerequisites

- Basic algorithms and data structures
- Basic probability and statistics
- Basic linear algebra
- Good programming skills (especially in Python)

### Grading

- Midterm: %15
- Final: %25
- Homeworks: %20 (with Python)
- Paper Presentation: %10
- Course Project: %30 (done in groups of 2)

**Note**: Extra 5 points for submitting project final report as a paper to the IEEE conference.

#### Course Project

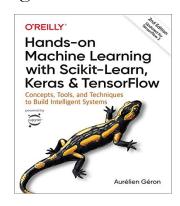
- Some example domains:
  - Healthcare
  - Finance
  - Cybersecurity
  - Social media data
  - And many more...

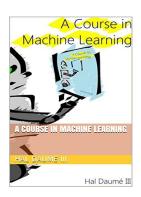
- Grading
  - Proposal (% 5)
  - Literature Review (% 5)
  - Novelty (%5)
  - Github commits (%10)
  - Progress Report (%10)
  - Deployment (%15)
  - Project Presentation in class & video (%20)
  - Final Report (%30)

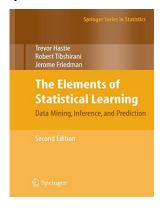
#### Reference Books

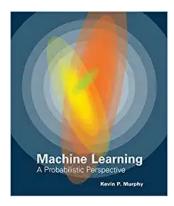
- Machine Learning with PyTorch and Scikit-Learn, Raschka, 2022
- Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and Tensorflow, Geron, 2nd Edition, 2017
- A Course in Machine Learning, Hal Daumé III, 2017
- The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction, 2nd Edition, 2016
- Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Murphy, MIT Press, 2012











#### Communication

- Piazza
  - o piazza.com/etu.edu.tr/fall2022/yap470
- Github
  - https://github.com/bbardakk/TOBB-ETU-YAP470-2022
- E-mail
  - o batuhanbardak@etu.edu.tr

#### Course outline

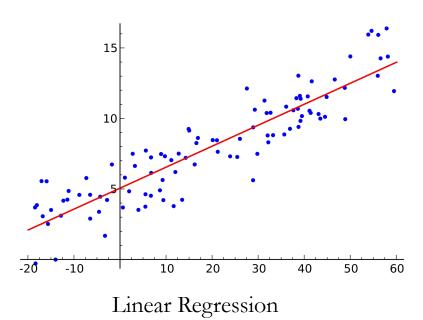
- **Week 1:** Introduction to ML and basic concepts
- Week 2: Machine Learning methodologies
- Week 3: Supervised Learning Regression, Regularization
- Week 4: Evaluation Metrics & Feature selection
- Week 5: Supervised Learning (Classification-1)
  - Logistic Regression, Neural Networks
- Week 6: Supervised Learning (Classification-2)
  - Naive Bayes, SVM

#### Course Outline

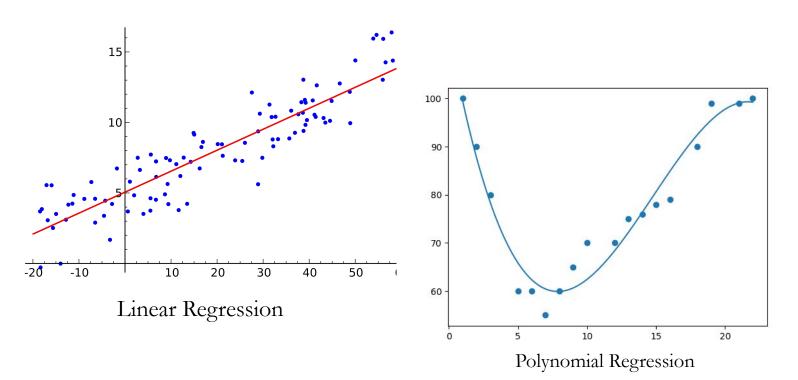
- Week 7: Supervised Learning (Classification-3)
  - Decision Tree, Ensemble Learning
- Week 8: Advice for applying machine learning & AutoML
- Week 9: Unsupervised Learning
  - Clustering (K-means, hierarchical clustering)
- Week 10: Deep Learning, Active Learning
- Week 11: MLOps
- Week 12: Ethics & Fairness in AI, Explainable AI

## Summary of Weeks

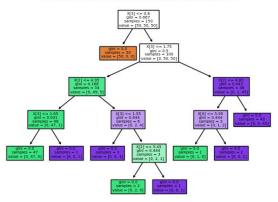
# Supervised Learning - Regression



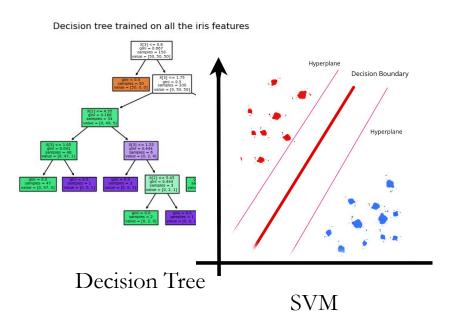
### Supervised Learning - Regression

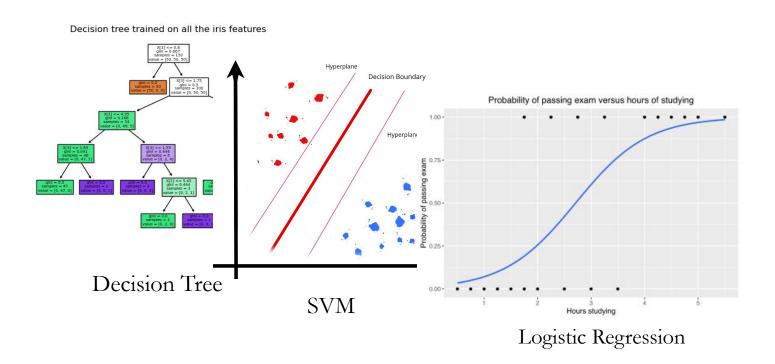


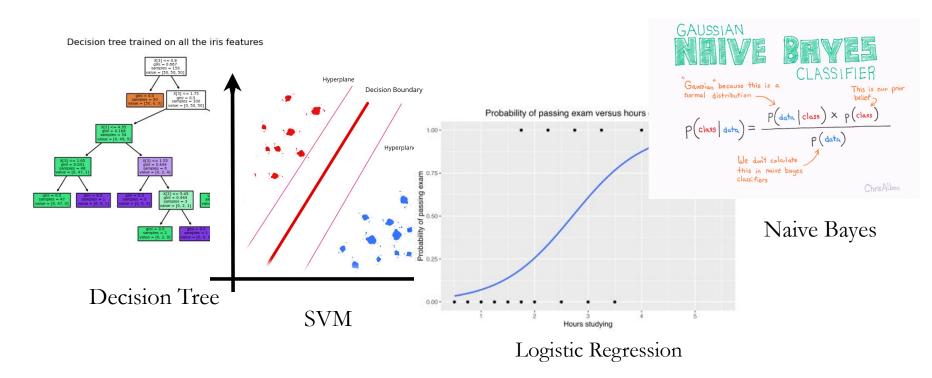
Decision tree trained on all the iris features



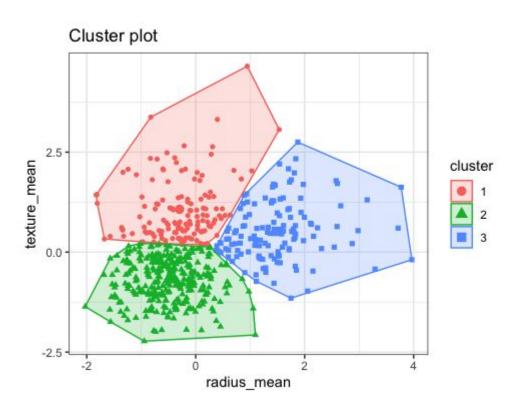
Decision Tree





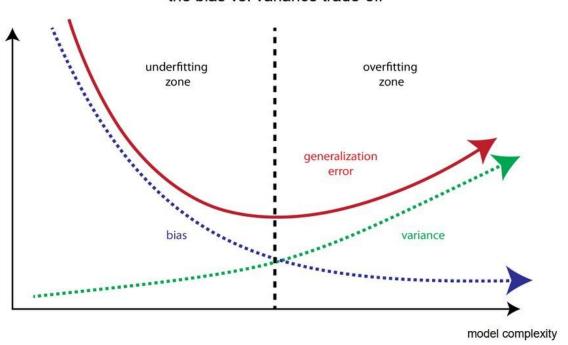


### Unsupervised Learning



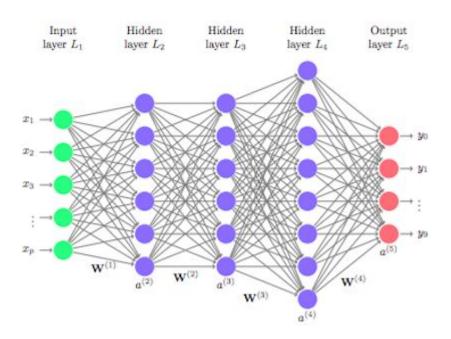
### Advices for applying machine learning?

the bias vs. variance trade-off

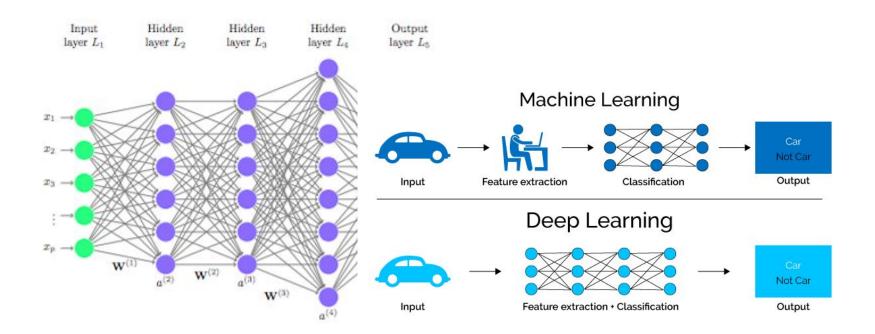


What is next?

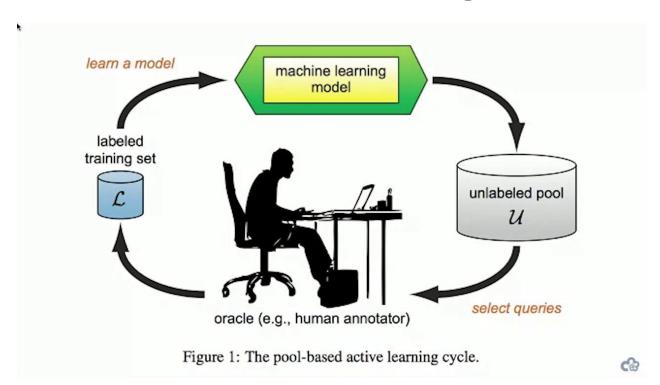
### Deep Learning



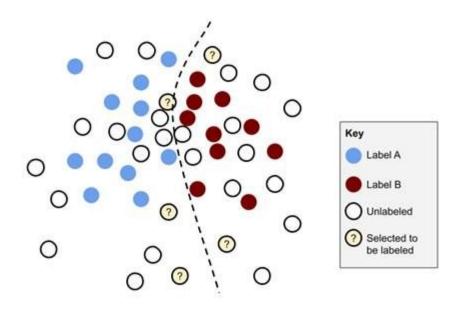
### Deep Learning



### Active Learning



#### Active Learning



### MLOps

An open source platform for the machine learning lifecycle

**MLFlow** 

### MLOps

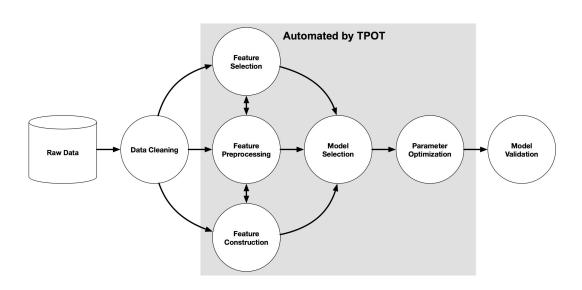


#### MLOps

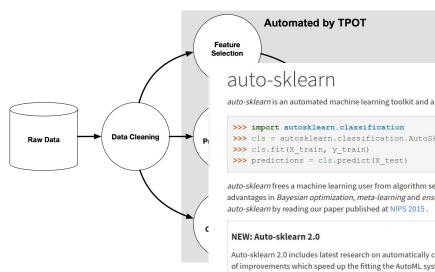


Data Version
Control (DVC)

#### AutoML



#### AutoML



auto-sklearn is an automated machine learning toolkit and a drop-in replacement for a scikit-learn estimator:

```
>>> cls = autosklearn.classification.AutoSklearnClassifier()
```

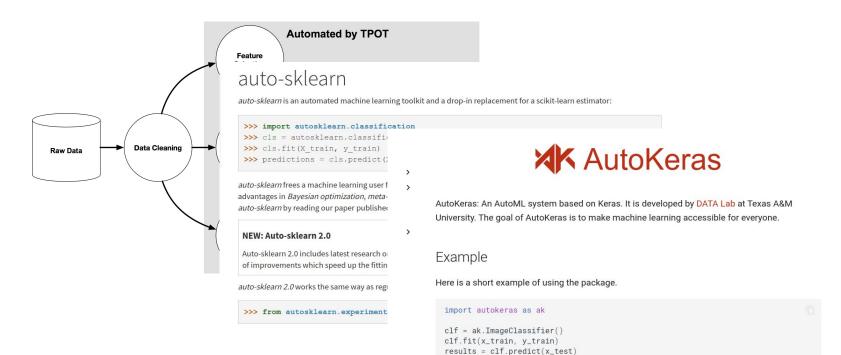
auto-sklearn frees a machine learning user from algorithm selection and hyperparameter tuning. It leverages recent advantages in Bayesian optimization, meta-learning and ensemble construction. Learn more about the technology behind

Auto-sklearn 2.0 includes latest research on automatically configuring the AutoML system itself and contains a multitude of improvements which speed up the fitting the AutoML system.

auto-sklearn 2.0 works the same way as regular auto-sklearn and you can use it via

```
>>> from autosklearn.experimental.askl2 import AutoSklearn2Classifier
```

#### AutoML



For detailed tutorial please check here

#### Ethics & Fairness in AI

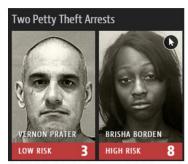


Fig 1: Both the defendants have same criminal history and committed the same crime but have different risk score.

Prediction Fails Differently for Black Defendants		
	WHITE	AFRICAN AMERICAN
Labeled Higher Risk, But Didn't Re-Offend	23.5%	44.9%
Labeled Lower Risk, Yet Did Re-Offend	47.7%	28.0%

Fig 2: White defendant's risk scores are skewed toward lower-risk category, however, for not for black

#### BIAS in the AI Model

#### Ethics & Fairness in AI

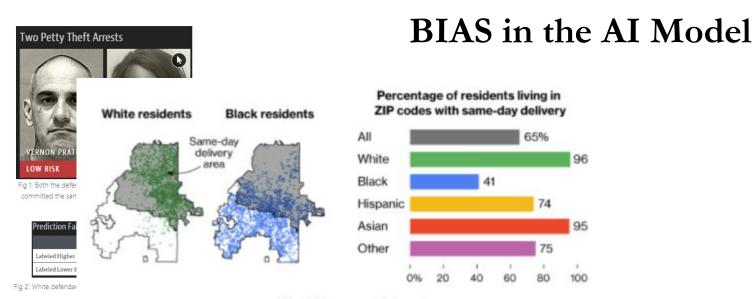
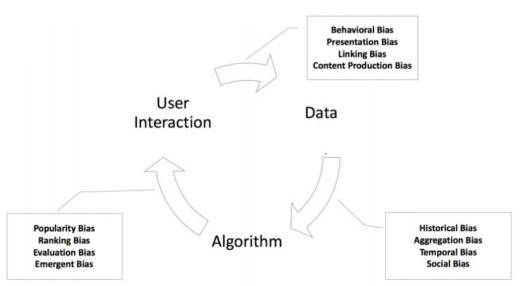


Fig 3: Source - Bloomberg

#### Ethics & Fairness in AI

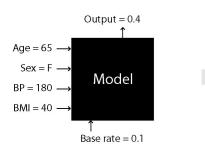


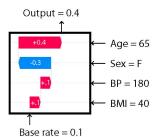
#### BIAS in the AI Model

#### Explainable AI

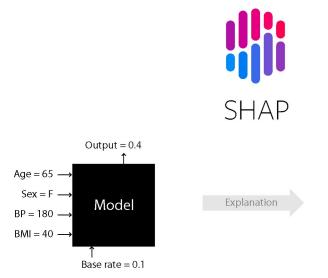


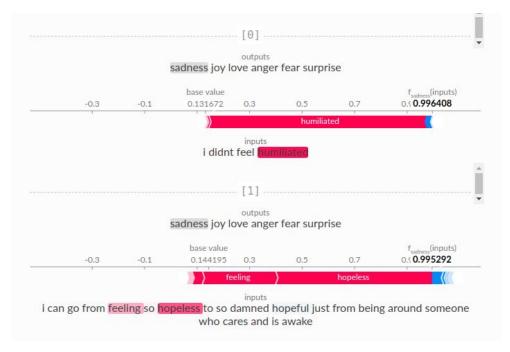
Explanation



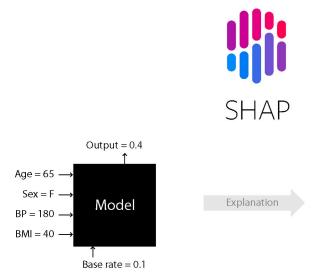


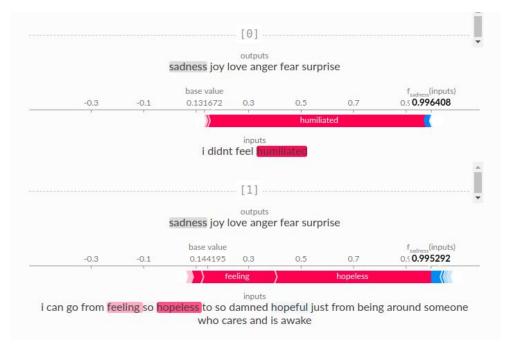
#### Explainable AI





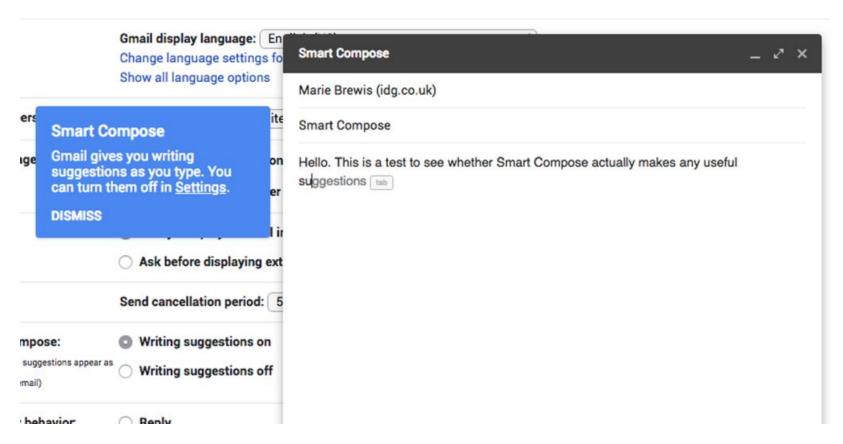
#### Explainable AI



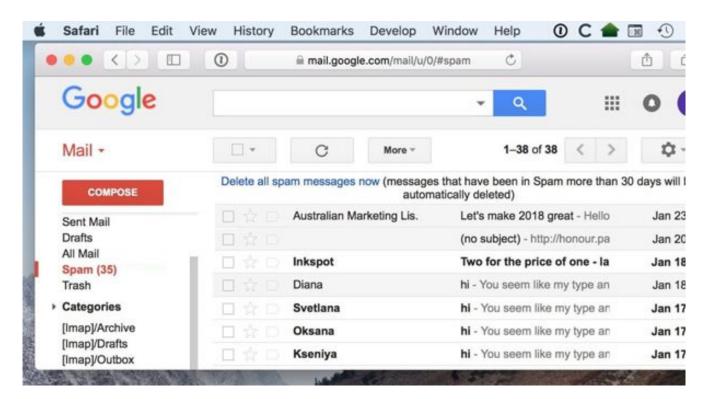


# Applications

#### Text Generation



#### Spam Detection



#### Recommendation Systems



#### Products related to this item

Sponsored A



Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python,... Sebastian Raschka

Newly updated for TensorFlow 2.0, this widely acclaimed book is a reference you'll keep coming back to as you build your machine learning systems

Paperback



Python Programming for Beginners: The #1 Python Programming Crash Course for... Codeone Publishing

#1 Best Seller
Paperback
\$19.45 \rightarrow prime



Python Programming for Beginners: The Ultimate Crash Course to Learn Python in 7 Da... Andrew Park

#1 Best Seller
Paperback
\$13.95 prime

Machine Learning with PyTorch and Scikit-Learn

Machine Learning with PyTorch and Scikit-Learn: Develop machine learning and deep l... Sebastian Raschka

This book is a comprehensive guide to machine and deep learning using PyTorch's simple to code framework

Paperback \$46.79 prime



Clean Code in Python: Develop maintainable and efficient code, 2nd Edition Mariano Anava

Discover how to apply

industry-approved coding practices to design clean, sustainable, and readable real-world Python code

★★★★ 89
Paperback
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Hands-On Data Science for Marketing: Improve your marketing strategies with... Yoon Hyup Hwang

\$44.99 prime



Python Automation Cookbook: 75 Python automation ideas for web scraping, data... Jaime Buelta

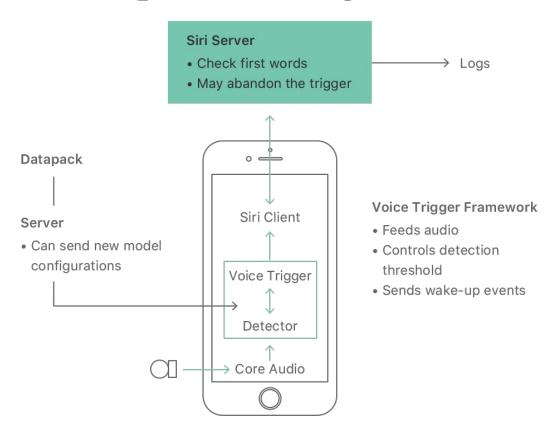
Get a firm grip on core processes including browser automation, web scraping, Word, Excel, and GUI automation with Python 3.8 and higher

Paperback

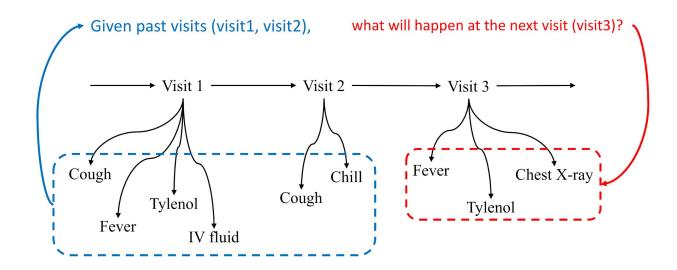
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Page 1 of 35

## Speech Recognition

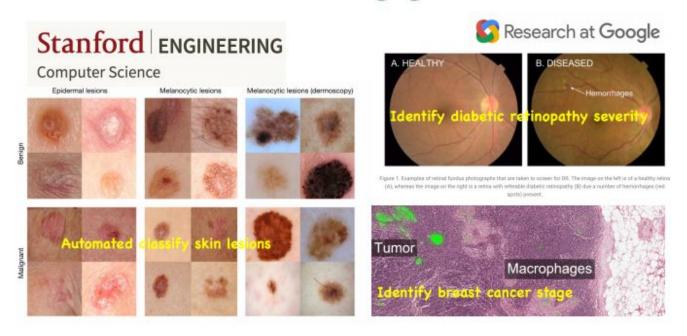


#### AI in Healthcare

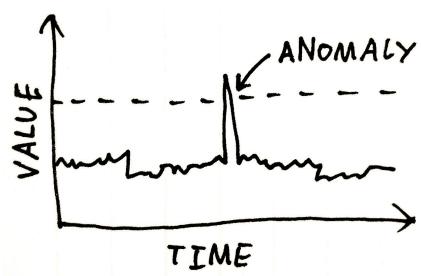


#### AI in Healthcare

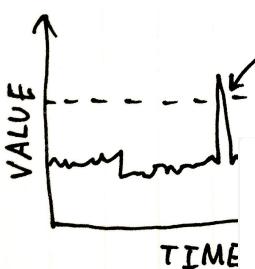
#### **Unstructured Imaging Data: Data**



# AI in Cybersecurity



#### AI in Cybersecurity



ANOMALY

(RHSA-2021:0736) Critical: java-1.8.0-ibm security update 2021-03-04 22:36:10

ID RHSA-2021:0736

Type redhat

Reporter RedHat

Modified 2021-03-04 22:38:34

#### Description

IBM Java SE version 8 includes the IBM Java Runtime Environment and the IBM Java Software Development Kit.

This update upgrades IBM Java SE 8 to version 8 SR6-FP25.

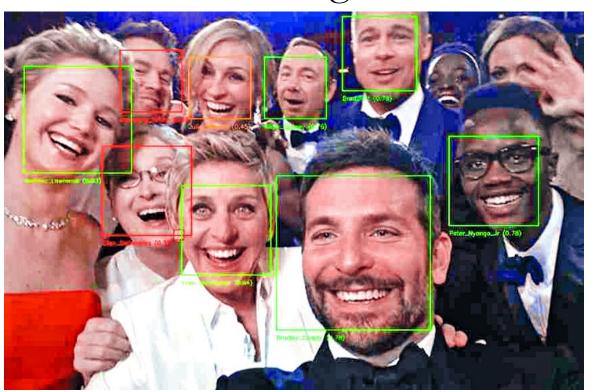
#### Security Fix(es):

- IBM JDK: Stack-based buffer overflow when converting from UTF-8 characters to platform encoding (CVE-2020-27221)
- OpenJDK: Unexpected exceptions raised by DOMKeyInfoFactory and DOMXMLSignatureFactory (Security, 8231415) (CVE-2020-2773)
- OpenJDK: Credentials sent over unencrypted LDAP connection (JNDI, 8237990) (CVE-2020-14781)

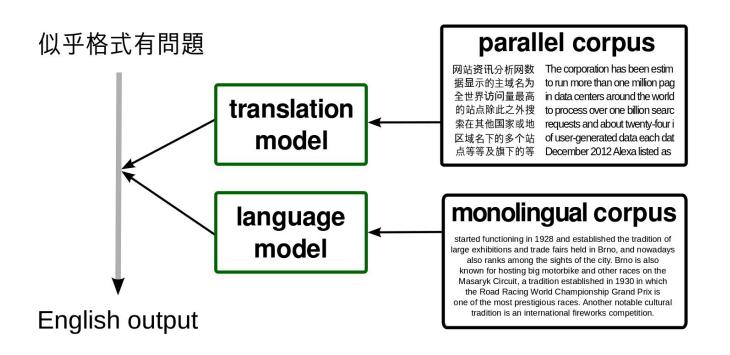
# Natural Language Processing - Named Entity Recognition



# Face Recognition



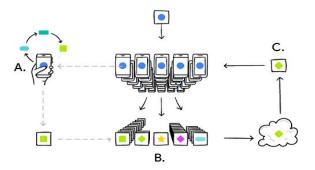
#### Machine Translation



#### Privacy Preserving ML



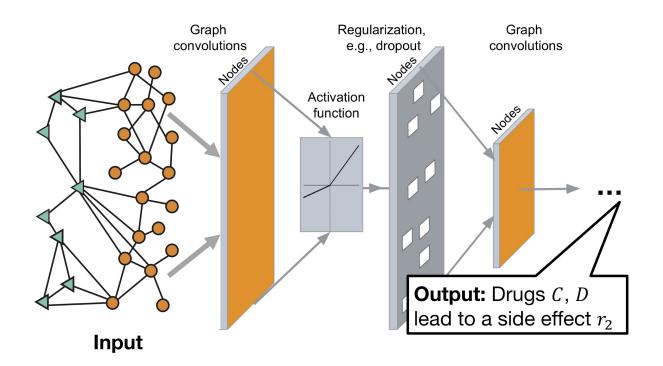




We're currently testing Federated Learning in Gboard on Android, the Google Keyboard. When Gboard shows a suggested query, your phone locally stores information about the current context and whether you clicked the suggestion. Federated Learning processes that history on-device to suggest improvements to the next iteration of Gboard's query suggestion model.



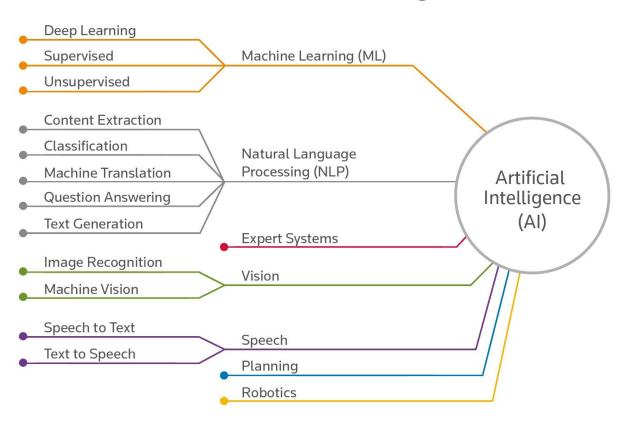
## Graph ML



### Many Other Applications

- Finance
- E-commorce
- Information Extraction
- Social Networks
- Web Search
- Computer Vision and robotics
- Computational Biology
- Fraud Detection
- Etc.

### What is Artificial Intelligence (AI)?



#### What is Machine Learning?

- Learning is any process by which a system improves performance from experience"
  - Herbert Simon
- Another definition is done by Tom Mitchell
  - Machine Learning is the study of the algorithms that
    - $\blacksquare$  improve their performance P
    - $\blacksquare$  at some task T
    - $\blacksquare$  with experience E
  - A well-defined learning task is given by <P, T, E>

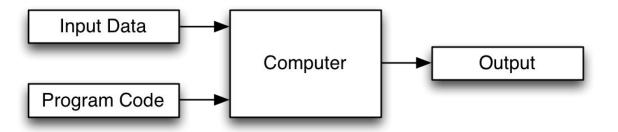
T: Recognizing hand-written words

P: Percentage of words correctly classified

E: Database of human-labeled images of handwritten words

## Traditional Programming vs Machine Learning

#### **Traditional Software Development**



#### **Machine Learning Programming**



## Why Study Machine Learning?

- Algorithms
  - Many basic effective and efficient algorithms available.
- Data
  - Large amounts of on-line data available.
- Computing
  - Large amounts of computational resources available.

## Machine Learning in a Nutshell

- Every machine learning algorithm consists of the following basic steps:
  - Data collection
  - Representation
  - Modeling
  - Evaluation
  - Optimization

#### Rules of Machine Learning

• https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/guides/rules-of-ml

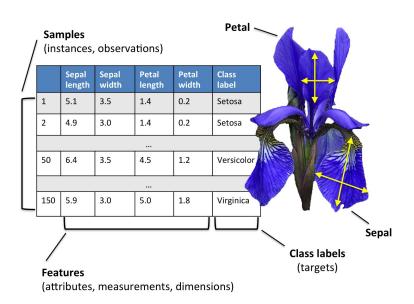
#### Before Machine Learning

Rule #1: Don't be afraid to launch a product without machine learning.

Machine learning is cool, but it requires data. Theoretically, you can take data from a different problem and then tweak the model for a new product, but this will likely underperform basic **heuristics**. If you think that machine learning will give you a 100% boost, then a heuristic will get you 50% of the way there.

For instance, if you are ranking apps in an app marketplace, you could use the install rate or number of installs as heuristics. If you are detecting spam, filter out publishers that have sent spam before. Don't be afraid to use human editing either. If you need to rank contacts, rank the most recently used highest (or even rank alphabetically). If machine learning is not absolutely required for your product, don't use it until you have data.

## What is Machine Learning?





## Machine Learning Terminology

- **Dataset:** A table with the data from which the machine learns. The dataset contains the features and the target to predict.
- Instance: The thing about which you want to make a prediction. For example, the instance might be a web page that you want to classify as either "about cats" or "not about cats".
- Label: An answer for a prediction task either the answer produced by a machine learning system, or the right answer supplied in training data. For example, the label for a web page might be "about cats".
- **Feature**: A property of an instance used in a prediction task. For example, a web page might have a feature "contains the word 'cat'".

## Machine Learning Terminology

- **Example**: An instance (with its features) and a label.
- **Model**: A statistical representation of a prediction task. You train a model on examples then use the model to make predictions.
- Metric: A number that you care about. May or may not be directly optimized.
- **Objective**: A metric that your algorithm is trying to optimize.
- **Pipeline**: The infrastructure surrounding a machine learning algorithm. Includes gathering the data from the front end, putting it into training data files, training one or more models, and exporting the models to production.
- **Prediction**: what the ML model "guesses" what the target value should be based on the given features.

#### Next Class:

Continue with Machine Learning Concepts & Machine Learning by Examples