

FILE INTEGRITY MONITOR AT SCALE

Go scale or die trying

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- What Why How
- The journey of building a FIM at scale

FIM?

- Def: Change detection mechanism
- Type: Agent-based or agent-less

Features

- Detection of unauthorized changes
- Who/What/When a change happens
- File and folder continuous monitoring



- PCI compliance (10.5.5, 11.5)
- McAfee Change Manager
- Because security.



Our needs

- Still passing the PCI compliance audit
- BeyondCorp's Zero Trust Model
- Open Source
- Automation
- FIM as a Service



Our needs: solutions

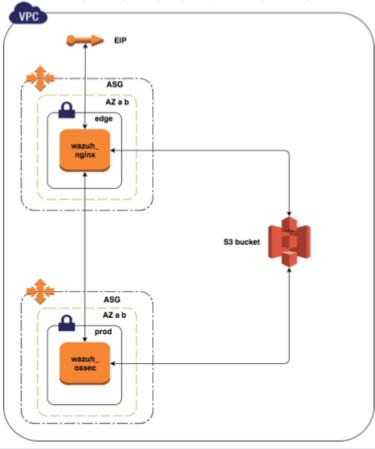
- Still passing the PCI compliance audit (...meh...)
- BeyondCorp's Zero Trust Model Cloud (AWS)
- Open Source OSSEC
- Automation Wazuh
- FIM as a Service IaC (Terraform)

FIM: Wazuh-OSSEC

- Wazuh (REST APIs)
 - Nodejs app
 - Wrapper for OSSEC (using system())
 - Support authentication (htpasswd)
 - Support SSL/TLS
- OSSEC (FIM)
 - Agent-based
 - Support profiles
 - Flexible & customizable
 - Active-response



FIMv1 in the cloud: architecture



FIMv1:

- FIMv1: features
- Wazuh 1.2
- TLS 1.2 (strong ciphers)
- Multi-AZ
- Dynamic configuration through S3 bucket
- Data backup every 6h on S3 (EFS not working)
- A custom web-interface (wazuh-wui)
- Shipping logs through rsyslogd (in JSON)
- delete_agents script
- post-hooks



FIM trick: post-hooks

- It's a way to extend the userdata script by adding extra commands to execute at boot time
- It's defined by the user and it's called by the "main userdata" at the end of its execution (just before the cleanup)
- Flexibility++



FIM trick: post-hooks

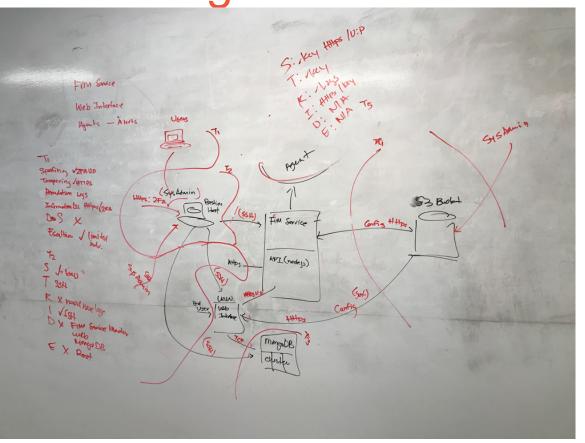
userdata

```
35
    /etc/init.d/wazuh-manager restart
36
37
38
    /etc/init.d/wazuh-api restart
39
40
    if [ -e confs/post-hooks-ossec ]; then
41
        echo "Running post-hooks..."
42
        bash confs/post-hooks-ossec
43
    fi
44
    rm -rf confs/
```

post-hooks-ossec

```
OSSEC_DIR="/var/ossec"
mv confs/ossec.conf $0SSEC DIR/etc/
mv confs/local_rules.xml $0SSEC_DIR/rules/
$0SSEC_DIR/bin/ossec-control restart
mv confs/22-nxlog-feye.conf /etc/rsyslog.d/
if ! [ -d /root/certs ]; then
    mkdir /root/certs
fi
mv confs/*.crt /root/certs
mv confs/*.key /root/certs
/etc/init.d/rsyslog restart
# remove wazuh' ssl support since we're moving SSL on nginx (it causes conflict)
sed -i "s/config.https = \"yes\";/config.https = \"no\";/" $0SSEC_DIR/api/config.js
# restart wazuh
node_pid=`pidof node`
kill -9 $node pid && node $0SSEC DIR/api/app.is &
```

Threat Modeling





FIMv1: problems

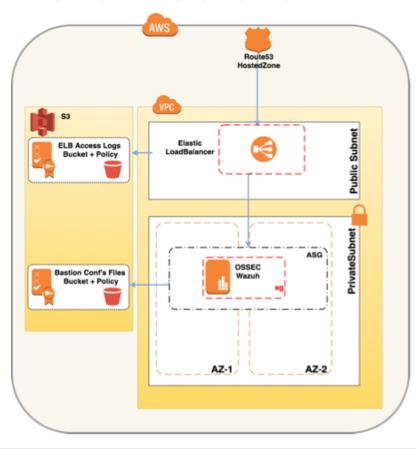
- ELB does **NOT** support UDP
- Too much tied to our infrastructure
- Manual checks for EC2s (you know, no ELB...)
- IAM policies too permissive (post-hooks can be used for attacker persistence)

FIMv2

- Wazuh 3.1!!
- TCP instead of UDP (= ELB instead of nginx)
- Removed all the manual ASG/EC2 checks
- Stricter IAM role/bucket policies
- Default no SSL (offloading to the ELB)
- nxlog agent for log forwarding (+flexibility)
- ASG events notification (via Slack)
- Modular approach
- Chaos Monkey support (through chaos_monkey tag)



FIMv2: architecture





```
rovider "aws" {
 region = "${var.aws_region}"
provider "vault" {
 address = "${var.vault_addr}"
module "ossec" {
 source = "/path/to/module/ossec_wazuh"
 vpc_id = "vpc-e568d681"
 project = "wazuh3"
 squad = "SET"
 subnet_pub_ids = "subnet-99a104c1, subnet-e1a93c97"
 subnet_priv_ids = "subnet-e2a93c94, subnet-e6a104be"
 wazuh_name = "${var.wazuh_name}"
 wazuh_passwd = "${data.vault_generic_secret.wazuh_creds.data["password"]}"
 wazuh_username = "${data.vault_generic_secret.wazuh_creds.data["username"]}"
 s3_bucket_name = "${data.template_file.s3_bucket_name.rendered}"
 s3_replica_region = "${var.s3_replica_region}"
 upload_path = "${path.root}/upload/ossec"
 keypair_name = "${var.keypair_name}"
 ossec_ami_id = "${data.aws_ami.amzn_ossec_ami.image_id}"
 bastion_host_sg_id = "${aws_security_group.bastion_guac_elb_sg.id}"
 sns_topic = "arn:aws:sns:eu-west-1:XXXXXXXX:SlackNotify"
 chaos_monkey = "true"
```



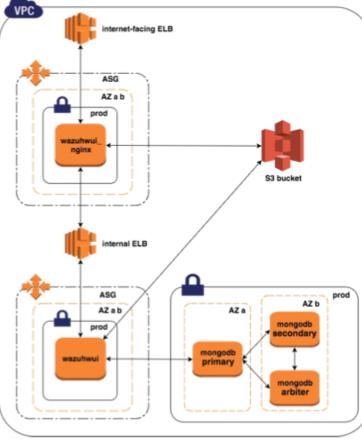
```
module "cloudwatch_dashboard" {
 source = "/path/to/module/cloudwatch_ddos_dashboard"
 dashboard_name = "${var.wazuh_name}-ddos"
 asg_name = "${module.ossec.wazuh_asg_name}"
module "inspector" {
 source = "/path/to/module/inspector_automation"
 name = "${var.wazuh_name}"
 inspector_tag = "wazuh-${var.wazuh_name}"
 template_duration = 3600
 cloudwatch_sched_rule = "rate(7 days)"
resource "aws_route53_record" "www" {
 "${var.dns_record}"
 type
         - "A"
 alias {
            "${module.ossec.lb_dns}"
   zone_id = "${module.ossec.lb_zone_id}"
   evaluate_target_health = false
```

```
nodule "wazuh_wui" {
source = "/path/to/module/wazuh_wui"
vpc_id = "vpc-e568d681"
project = "wazuh3"
squad = "SET"
subnet_pub_ids = "subnet-99a104c1, subnet-e1a93c97"
subnet priv ids = "subnet-e2a93c94, subnet-e6a104be"
wazuh_name = "${var.wazuh_name}"
wazuhwui_password = "${var.wui_passwd}"
s3_bucket_name = "${module.s3_repl.s3_bucket}"
upload_path = "${path.root}/upload/wazuhwui"
availability_zones = "${var.az}"
keypair_name = "${var.keypair_name}"
instance_profile = "${module.iam_roles.wazuh_profile_name}"
```

Wazuh-WUI

- Web interface to manage agents
- Easy to use
- Can do everything the APIs can do (still need to implement everything...)
- Written in python (tornado) + semantic-ui (front-end)

Wazuh-WUI: architecture





FIM: deploying agents

- Automatic deploy thanks to the API
- Linux & Windows (bash & powershell)
- Can be deployed in userdata script
- Can be deployed with Puppet/Chef/Ansile/Packer/you name it

Future

- Kubernetes
- Health check dashboard
- WAF (both wazuh and wazuh-wui)
- Tags "flexibility"
- EC2 spot instances
- Wazuh-WUI moves to DynamoDB/Aurora
- Wazuh-WUI native auth (...maybe...)
- Wazuh-WUI integrates with Vault for Wazuh API creds



- https://wazuh.com/
- https://github.com/Cimpress-MCP/terraform
- dbarbato@cimpress.com

Questions?

