Cem 6.

yp-ue darlya

$$x'\cdot y'' - xy' - 6y = 21x^2$$

Mar! tooglepien pennemul RHS=>/~?

$$q(x) = \alpha x^2$$

$$x^{2} \cdot 2\alpha - x \cdot 2\alpha x - 6\alpha x^{2} = 2/x^{2}$$

$$\alpha = -\frac{2!}{6} = -\frac{7}{2}$$

Ulan?
$$y(x) = -\frac{7}{2}x^{2}$$
Ulan?
$$y(x) = -\frac{7}{2}x^{2} + 3(x) \rightarrow \text{nogcrabitly}$$

 $y'' + y'' - \chi(y' + y') - \xi(y' + y) = 2/x^2$

$$x^{2}y'' - xy' - 6y_{1} + x^{2}A'' - xx' - 6x \neq 2/x^{2}$$

$$(x^2\Delta'' - \chi\Delta' - \delta_{\Delta} = 0.$$

$$\Delta(x) = \chi \qquad \Delta' = \lambda \cdot \chi \qquad \Delta'' = \lambda \lambda - \lambda$$

$$\frac{\lambda \cdot (\lambda - 1) \cdot x^{\lambda} - \lambda \cdot x^{\lambda} - 6x^{\lambda} = 0}{\lambda \cdot (\lambda - 1) \cdot x^{\lambda} - \lambda \cdot x^{\lambda} - 6x^{\lambda}} = 0$$

Celycon Mours. Myret. $\frac{\sqrt{s} = -5 + i}{\sqrt{45}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{45}}{\sqrt{5}} = -1$ $\frac{\sqrt{45}}{\sqrt{5}} = -0$) epp(4.i)= $= \cos \psi + i sm \psi$ $- x^{-2} \left(\left(\cos \left(\ln x \right) - i \sin \left(\ln x \right) \right) + \left(\left(\cos \left(\ln x \right) + i \sin \left(\ln x \right) \right) \right)$ = α^{-2} (d. coes lux + dz sm lux), rge de, dre $\in \mathbb{R}$ $G \in \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{A$ $C_{1} + (2X + (3X) \neq -$ $x^2y''-xy'+y=0$ $y = \chi^{\lambda} \qquad \chi^{\lambda} \cdot \lambda \cdot (\lambda - 1) \cdot - \lambda \cdot \chi^{\lambda} + \chi^{\lambda} = 0$ $\lambda^2 - \lambda - \lambda + l = 0$ $\lambda^{2} - 2k + 1 = 0$ $\lambda = / \lambda_2 = /$ $y_2(x) = x' \cdot c(x)$ $y_1(x)=x^1$

$$\chi^{2}\left(\chi^{2}(x^{2}+2\cdot c^{2}+0)-\chi^{2}\left(x^{2}+2\cdot c^{2}\right)+\chi^{2}(x^{2}+2\cdot c^{2})+\chi^{2}(x^{2}+2\cdot c^{2})+\chi^{2}(x^{$$

$$x^{2}(xc''+2c') - x^{2} \cdot c' = 0$$

$$c' = d(x)$$

$$x \cdot d' + d = 0$$

$$x \cdot \frac{dd}{dx} + d = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{dx} = -\frac{o}{dd}$$

$$\frac{dx}{x} = \frac{dd}{d}$$

$$\angle - \ln |x| = \ln |d|$$

$$c(x) = c(x) = c(x)$$

$$y(x) = x \cdot (x + x \cdot (x \cdot))$$

$$\frac{y(t)}{x(t)} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & y(t) \\ 1 & 5 & x(t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = 2y + 3x + 7$$

$$x' = (y + 5x(t) + t)$$

$$y = x - 5x + t$$

$$y = x - 5x + 1$$

$$(\dot{x} - 5\dot{x} + 1) = 2(\dot{x} - 5x + t) + 3\cdot x + 7$$

$$\dot{y}$$

$$\dot{z} - 7\dot{z} + 7z = 6 + 2t$$

d'no crapunal.

$$A_{n\times n} = P \cdot D \cdot P^{-1}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} J_1 & O & O \\ O & D_2 & O \\ O & O & J_k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{(pro)} \\ \text{(p$$



