

Module Objectives

In this module, you will learn:

- How to use metrics to instrument Applications and monitor their health
- How to make a metrics request
- What are the available contexts and metrics
- How to use the Metrics Explorer

Instrumenting Application Health via Metrics

As applications process data, Continuuity Reactor collects metrics about the application's behavior and performance

- 1. System (or "Reactor") metrics: the same for every application
- · How many events were processed?; or
- How many data operations were performed?, etc.

System metrics are either:

- Application metrics (about Applications and their Flows, Procedures, MapReduce jobs and WorkFlows);
- Data metrics (relating to Streams or DataSets)
- 2. User-defined (or "custom") metrics: differ from application to application
- User metrics are always in the Application context

Making a Metrics Requests

General form of a metrics request is:

GET <base-url>/metrics/<scope>/<context>/<metric>?<time-range>

Parameter

<scope>

Description

Either reactor (for System metrics) or user (user-defined or custom metrics)

Parameter

<context>

Description

Hierarchy of context, one of the available contexts

Parameter

<metric>

Description

Metric being queried; one of the available metrics

Parameter

<time-range>

Description

Either a Time Range or aggregate=true for all since the Application was deployed

Example Metrics Requests

Using a System metric, process.bytes:

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/HelloWorld/flows/ WhoFlow/flowlets/saver/process.bytes?aggregate=true

Using a User-Defined metric, names.bytes:

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/HelloWorld/flows/ WhoFlow/flowlets/saver/names.bytes?aggregate=true

To retrieve the number of input data objects ("events") processed by a Flowlet named *splitter*, in the Flow *CountRandomFlow* of the Application *CountRandom*, over the last 5 seconds:

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/CountRandom/flows/CountRandomFlow/flowlets/splitter/process.events?start=now-5s&count=5

Example Metrics Request: Response

A JSON response that has one entry for every second in the requested time interval. It will have values only for the times where the metric was actually emitted (shown here "pretty-printed", unlike the actual responses):

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
{"start":1382637108,"end":1382637112,"data":[
{"time":1382637108,"value":6868},
{"time":1382637109,"value":6895},
{"time":1382637110,"value":6856},
{"time":1382637111,"value":6816},
{"time":1382637112,"value":6765}]}
```

Example Metrics Requests: Flows

Number of input objects processed across all Flowlets of a Flow, using the Flow context:

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/CountRandom/flows/ CountRandomFlow/process.events?start=now-5s&count=5

Context of all flows of an Application, an entire Application, or the entire Reactor:

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/CountRandom/flows/process.events?start=now-5s&count=5

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/CountRandom/process.events?start=now-5s&count=5

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/process.events?start=now-5s&count=5

Metrics Requests: User-defined

To request user-defined metrics instead of system metrics:

- Specify user instead of reactor in the URL and
- Specify the user-defined metric at the end of the request

To request a user-defined metric for the *HelloWorld* Application's *WhoFlow* Flow:

GET <base-url>/metrics/user/apps/HelloWorld/flows/ WhoFlow/flowlets/saver/names.bytes?aggregate=true

Metrics Requests: Multiple Metrics

To retrieve multiple metrics at once, instead of a GET:

- Issue an HTTP POST, with a
- JSON list as the request body that enumerates the name and attributes for each metrics

POST <base-url>/metrics

with the arguments as a JSON string in the body:

Content-Type: application/json

```
[ "/reactor/collect.events?aggregate=true",
"/reactor/apps/HelloWorld/process.events?start=1380323712&count=6000" ]
```

Metrics Requests: Time Range

The time range of a metric query can be specified in different ways:

Time Range	Description
start=now-30s&end=now	The last 30 seconds The begin time is given in seconds relative to the current time You can apply simple math, using: now for the current time s for seconds m for minutes h for hours and d for days For example: now-5d-12h is 5 days and 12 hours ago
start=1385625600&end=138562920 (From Thu, 28 Nov 2013 08:00:00 GMT to Thu, 28 Nov 2013 09:00:00 GMT, both given as since the start of the Epoch
start=1385625600&count=3600	The same as before, but with the count given as a number of seconds

Metrics Requests: Aggregate over Time

Instead of getting the values for each second of a time range, you can also retrieve the aggregate of a metric over time

For the total number of input objects processed since the Application *CountRandom* was deployed, assuming that the Reactor has not been stopped or restarted (you cannot specify a time range for aggregates):

GET <base-url>/metrics/reactor/apps/CountRandom/process.events?aggregate=true

Available Contexts (1 of 2)

The context of a metric is typically enclosed into a hierarchy of contexts

- Example: the Flowlet context is enclosed in the Flow context, which in turn is enclosed in the Application context
- A metric can always be queried (and aggregated) relative to any enclosing context
- These are the available Application contexts of the Continuuity Reactor:

System Metric	Context
One Flowlet of a Flow	/apps/ <app-id>/flows/<flow-id>/flowlets/<flowlet-id></flowlet-id></flow-id></app-id>
All Flowlets of a Flow	/apps/ <app-id>/flows/<flow-id></flow-id></app-id>
All Flowlets of all Flows of an Application	/apps/ <app-id>/flows</app-id>
One Procedure	/apps/ <app-id>/procedures/<procedure-id></procedure-id></app-id>
All Procedures of an Application	/apps/ <app-id>/procedures</app-id>
All Mappers of a MapReduce	/apps/ <app-id>/mapreduce/<mapreduce-id>/mappers</mapreduce-id></app-id>
All Reducers of a MapReduce	/apps/ <app-id>/mapreduce/<mapreduce-id>/reducers</mapreduce-id></app-id>
One MapReduce	/apps/ <app-id>/mapreduce/<mapreduce-id></mapreduce-id></app-id>
All MapReduce of an Application	/apps/ <app-id>/mapreduce</app-id>
All elements of an Application	/apps/ <app-id></app-id>
All elements of all Applications	

Available Contexts (2 of 2)

Stream metrics are only available at the Stream level and the only available context is:

Stream Metric	Context
A single Stream	/streams/ <stream-id></stream-id>

DataSet metrics are available at the DataSet level, but they can also be queried down to the Flowlet, Procedure, Mapper, or Reducer level:

DataSet Metric	Context
A single DataSet in the context of a single Flowlet	/datasets/ <dataset-id>/apps/<app-id>/flows/<flow-id>/flowlets/<flowlet-id></flowlet-id></flow-id></app-id></dataset-id>
A single DataSet in the context of a single Flow	/datasets/ <dataset-id>/apps/<app-id>/flows/<flow-id></flow-id></app-id></dataset-id>
A single DataSet in the context of a specific Application	/datasets/ <dataset-id>/<any application="" context=""></any></dataset-id>
A single DataSet across all Applications	/datasets/ <dataset-id></dataset-id>
All DataSets across all Applications	

Available Metrics (1 of 3)

- For Continuuity Reactor metrics, the available metrics depend on the context
- User-defined metrics will be available at whatever context that they are emitted from

These metrics are available in the Flowlet context:

Flowlet Metric	Description
process.busyness	A number from 0 to 100 indicating how "busy" the Flowlet is; note that you cannot aggregate over this metric
process.errors	Number of errors while processing
process.events.processed	Number of events/data objects processed
process.events.in	Number of events read in by the Flowlet
process.events.out	Number of events emitted by the Flowlet
store.bytes	Number of bytes written to DataSets
store.ops	Operations (writes and read) performed on DataSets
store.reads	Read operations performed on DataSets
store.writes	Write operations performed on DataSets

Available Metrics (2 of 3)

Metrics available in the Mappers and Reducers context:

Mappers and Reducers Metric	Description
process.completion	A number from 0 to 100 indicating the progress of the Map or Reduce phase
process.entries.in	Number of entries read in by the Map or Reduce phase
process.entries.out	Number of entries written out by the Map or Reduce phase

Metrics available in the Procedures context:

Procedures Metric	Description
query.requests	Number of requests made to the Procedure
query.failures	Number of failures seen by the Procedure

Available Metrics (3 of 3)

Metrics available in the Streams context:

Streams Metric	Description
collect.events	Number of events collected by the Stream
collect.bytes	Number of bytes collected by the Stream

Metrics available in the DataSets context:

DataSets Metric	Description
store.bytes	Number of bytes written
store.ops	Operations (reads and writes) performed
store.reads	Read operations performed
store.writes	Write operations performed

Adding User-defined Metrics

- Embed user-defined metrics in the methods defining the elements of your application
- They then emit their metrics and they can be retrieved
- Retrieved via:
 - Metrics Explorer in the Dashboard; or
 - Continuuity Reactor's REST interfaces

Adding User-defined Metrics: Flowlet Example

```
public static class NameSaver extends AbstractFlowlet {
    static final byte[] NAME = { 'n', 'a', 'm', 'e' };

    @UseDataSet("whom")
    KeyValueTable whom;
    Metrics flowletMetrics; // Declare the custom metrics

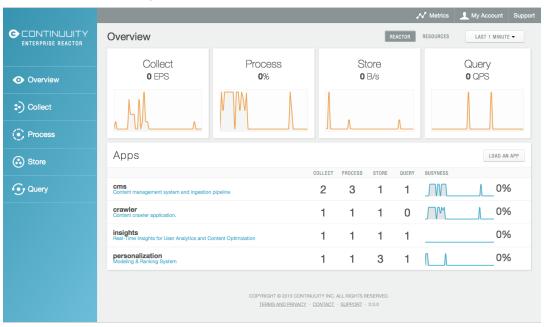
    @ProcessInput
    public void processInput(StreamEvent event) {
        byte[] name = Bytes.toBytes(event.getBody());
        if (name != null && name.length > 0) {
            whom.write(NAME, name);
        }
        if (name.length > 10) {
            flowletMetrics.count("names.longnames", 1);
        }
        flowletMetrics.count("names.bytes", name.length);
    }
}
```

Example of user-defined metrics: PageViewAnalytics example

Metrics Explorer

Use the Continuuity Reactor Dashboard to view metrics

In the top portion of the Overview you can see the Metrics button



This takes you to the Metrics Explorer

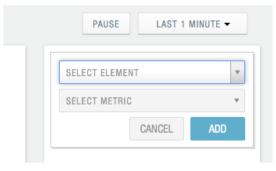
Using the Metrics Explorer (1 of 3)

Monitor a variety of different statistics for elements of the Reactor



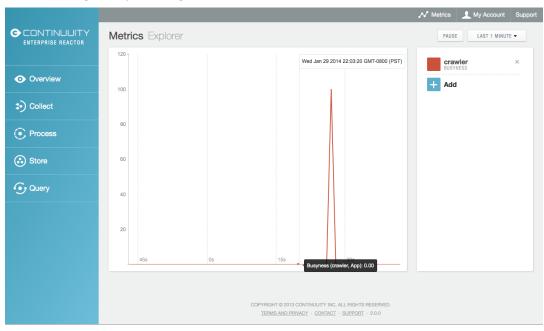
Using the Metrics Explorer (2 of 3)

- Add a metric by clicking the Add button
- Gives a dialog where you specify an element and then pick from a list of appropriate metrics.
- As with other Dashboard realtime graphs, specify the sampling rate through a pop-down menu in the upper-right
- Pause the sampling to prevent excessive load on the Reactor



Using the Metrics Explorer (3 of 3)

As you mouse over the graph, you will get detailed information about the statistics presented



Module Summary

You should be able to:

- Use metrics to instrument Applications and monitor their health
- Make a metrics request
- Select from the available contexts and metrics
- Use the Metrics Explorer

Module Completed