# enlight

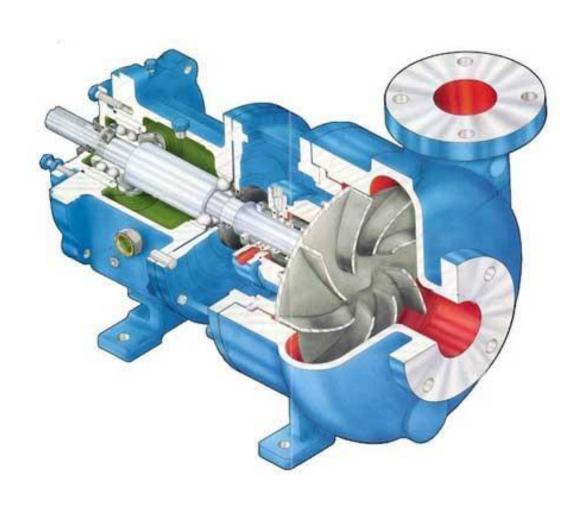
An optimized raycasting approach for subtractive manufacturing simulation and visualization

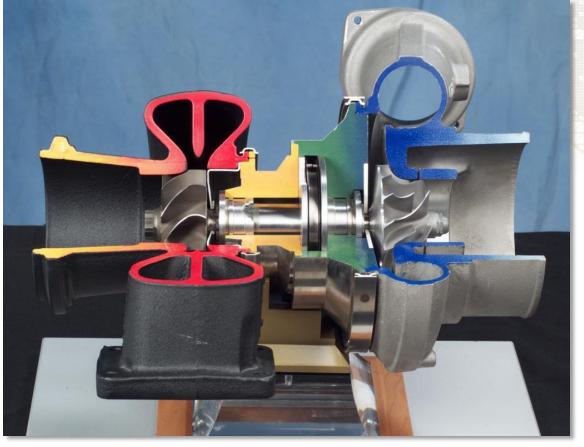






## Industrial components – e.g. impellers





# Milling - Subtractive manufacturing



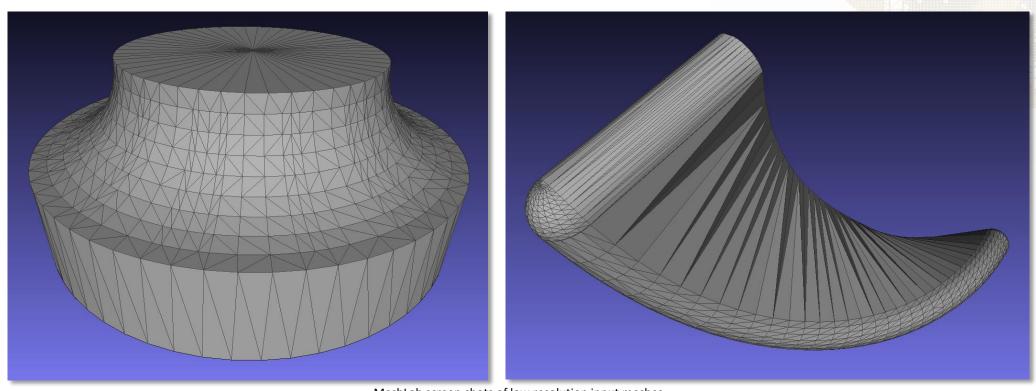
# Ov

### Overview

- Problem specification
- Basic visualization approach
- Optimization I, II, III
- Results

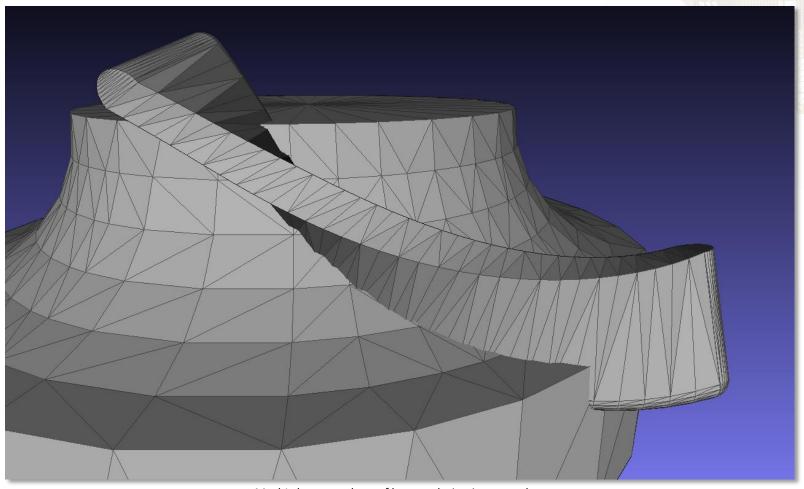
# Problem specification

# Input for digital simulation



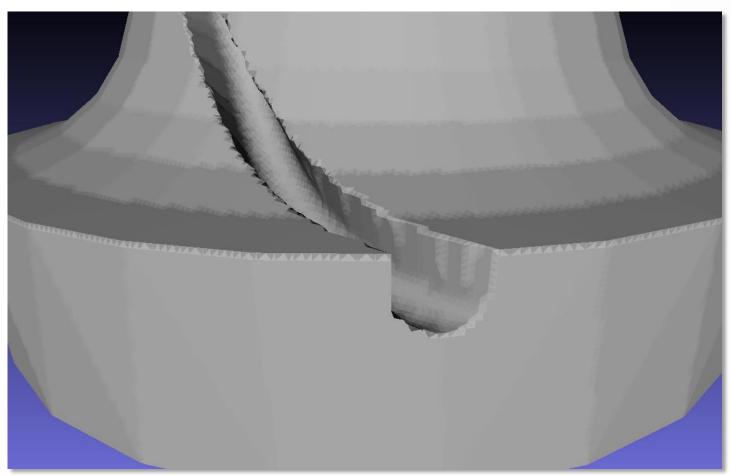
MeshLab screen shots of low resolution input meshes

### Problem situation



MeshLab screen shots of low resolution input meshes

### Existing methods – e.g. marching cubes



Explicit surface calculation using MeshLab

1.stl

610

■ 0 1.stl\*

File

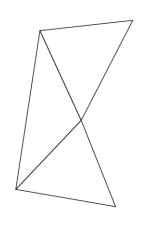
Faces Vertices 

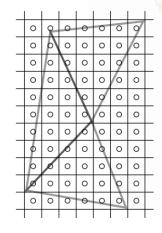
# Basic visualization approach

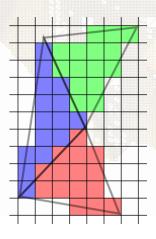


### Rendering 3D geometry

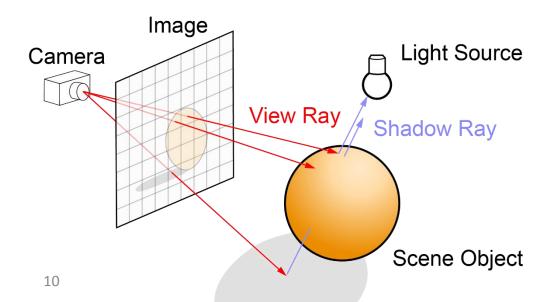
 Rasterization (OpenGL, DirectX)



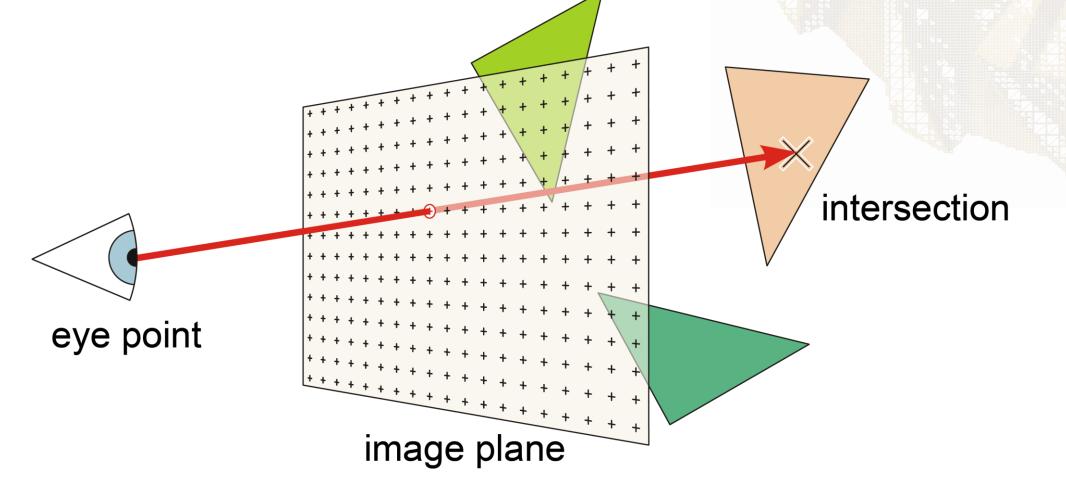




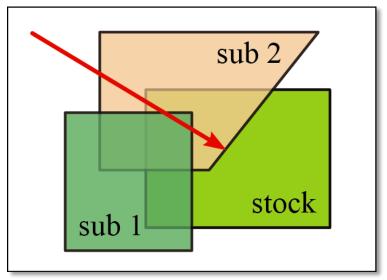
Ray tracing/casting

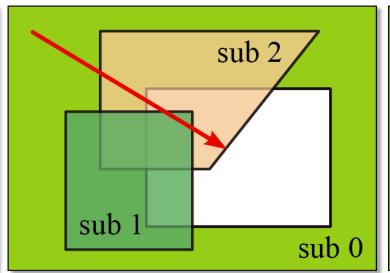


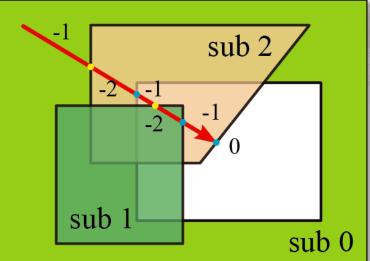
## Ray casting



# Swept volumes - entry/exit counting

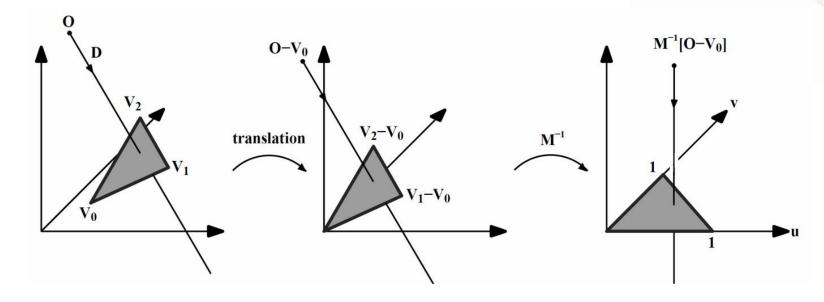






### Triangle ray intersection

Fast, Minimum Storage Ray/Triangle Intersection, Möller & Trumbore, 1997



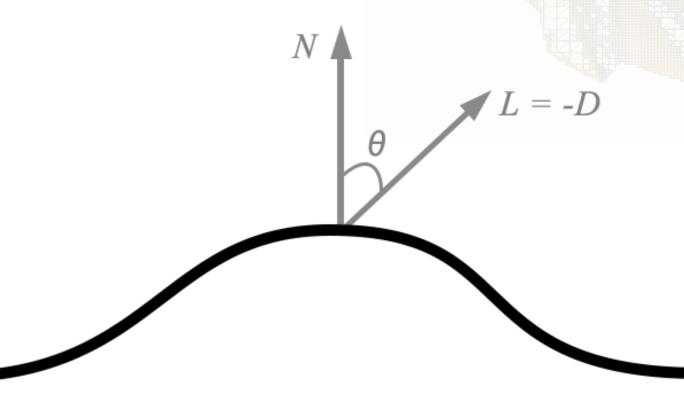
$$[-D, V_1 - V_0, V_2 - V_0] \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{t} \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = O - V_0$$



### Ray casting result and coloring

### Per ray/pixel

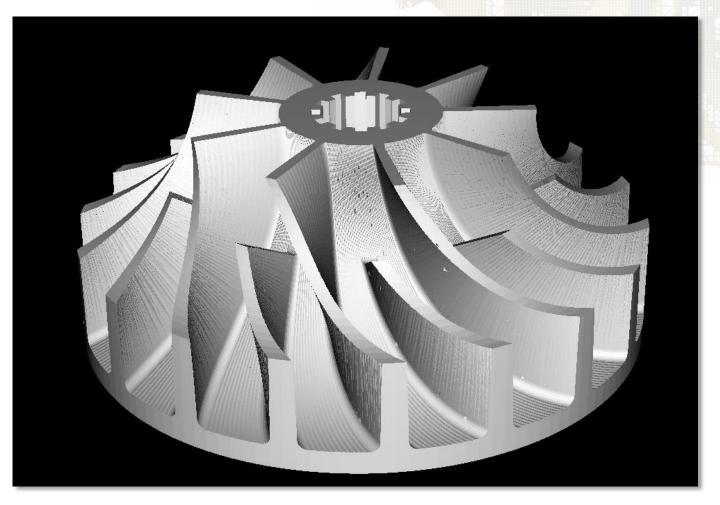
- Distance/position
- Normal vector of hit triangle





### OpenGL integration - Composition

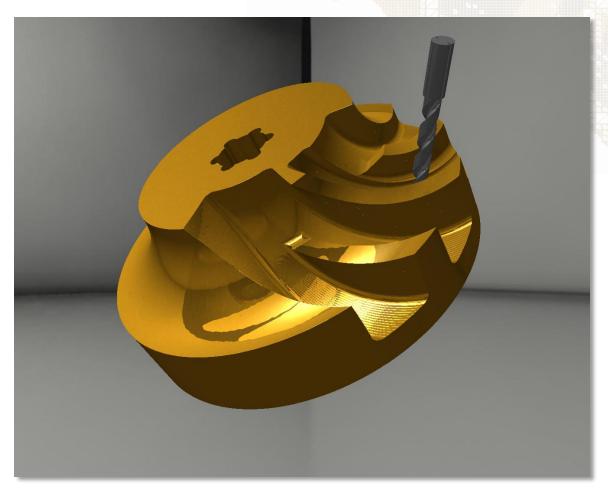
- Write calculated color values directly to frame buffer (glDrawPixels)
- Fast
- Color calculation entirely on CPU



# OpenGL integration - Retriangulation

- Triangulation on CPU
- Full graphics pipeline on GPU







# Optimization I

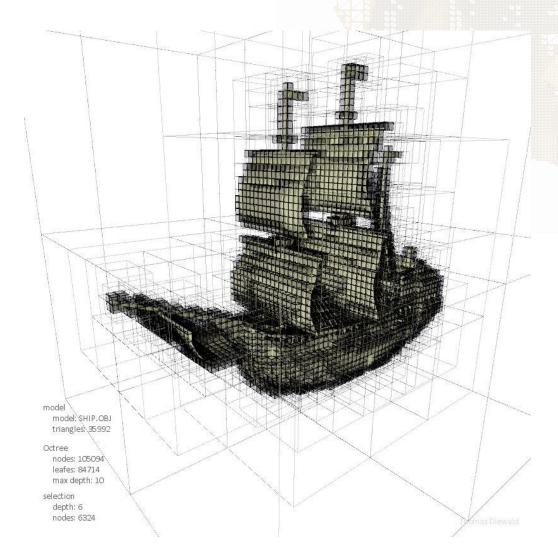
Reducing intersection tests



### Acceleration structures

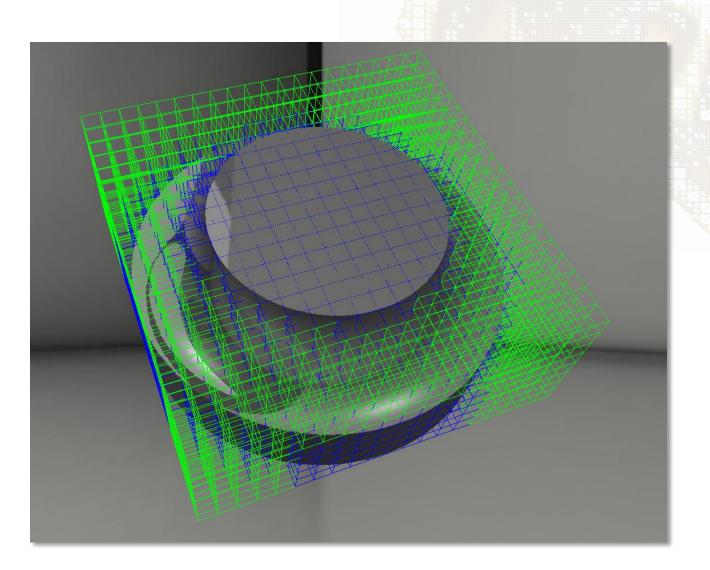
- Trees
  - K-d trees
  - Octrees
  - Bounding volume hierarchy

Regular grids



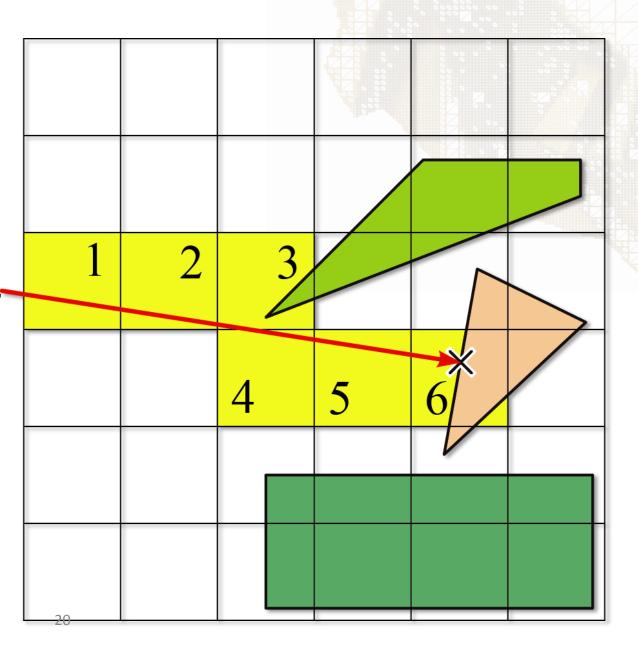
# Regular grid

- Simple
- Fast modifications



# Traversal – 3D DDA

 A fast voxel traversal algorithm for ray tracing,— John Amanatides and Andrew Woo, 1987

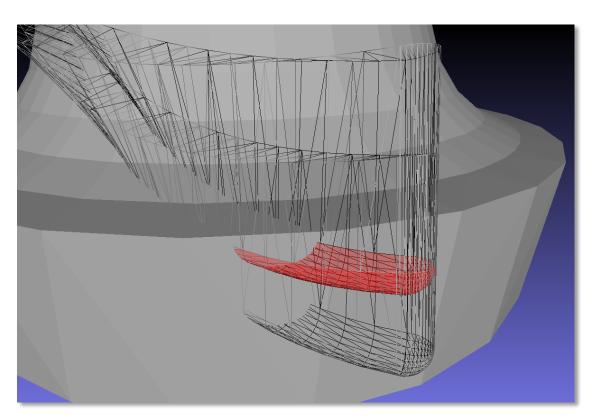


# Optimization II

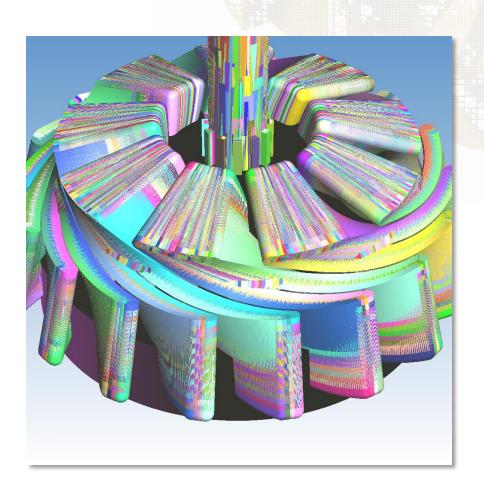
Reducing triangle count



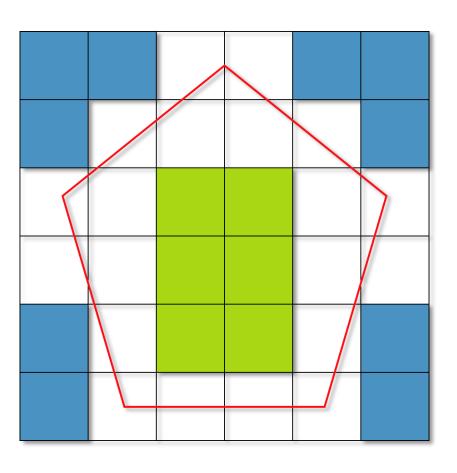
## Optimizing triangle count



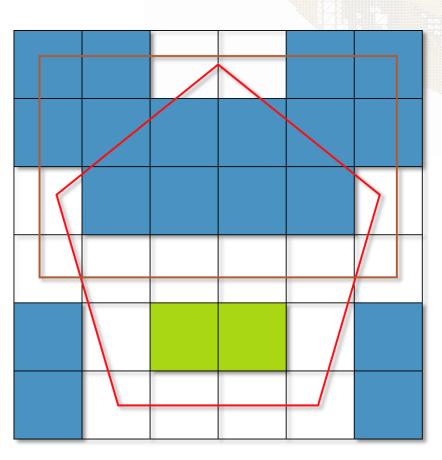
Screen shot of selected triangles in MeshLab



## Cell classification

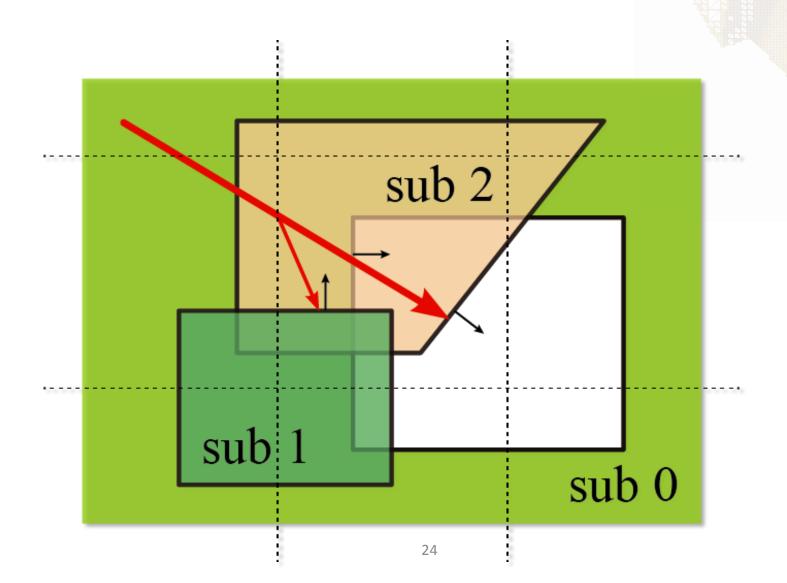




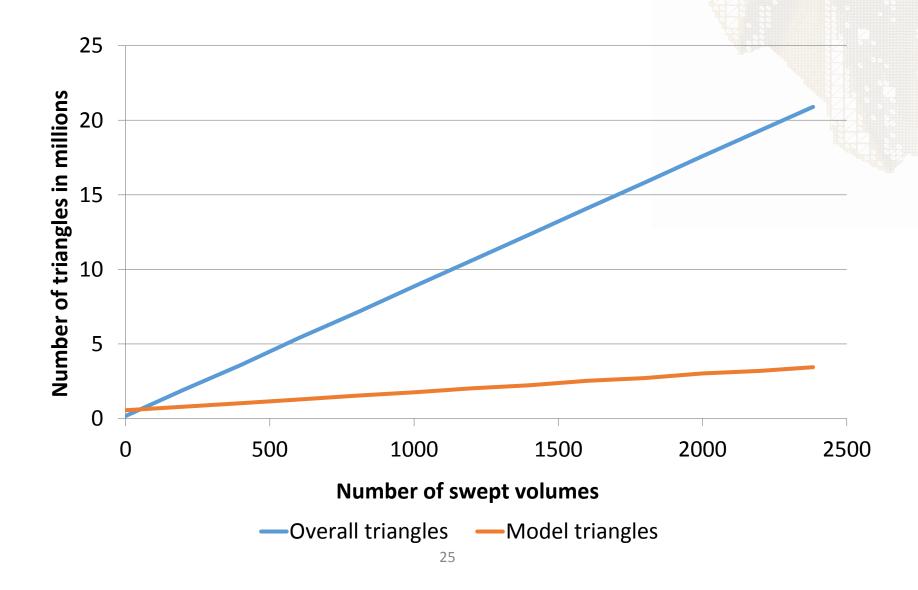


# Ope Ope

# Open volumes



## Triangle reduction



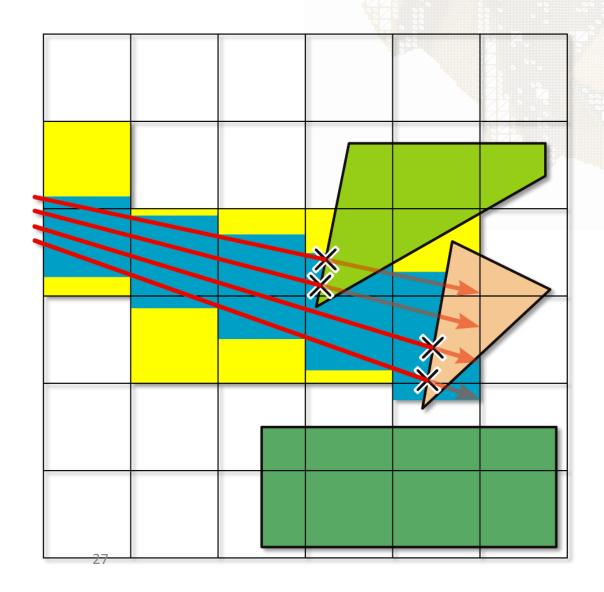


# Optimization III

Hardware architecture

## Vectorization and memory locality - Packets

 Ray tracing animated scenes using coherent grid traversal, Ingo Wald et al., 2006



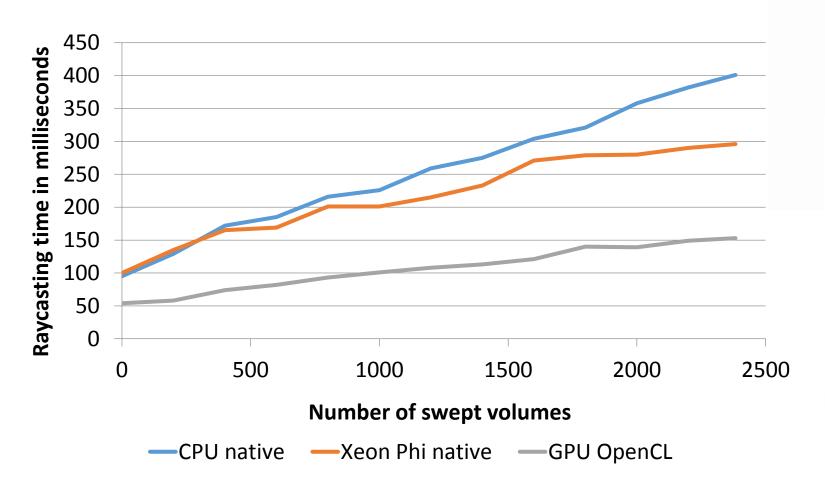




28



### Runtime benchmark

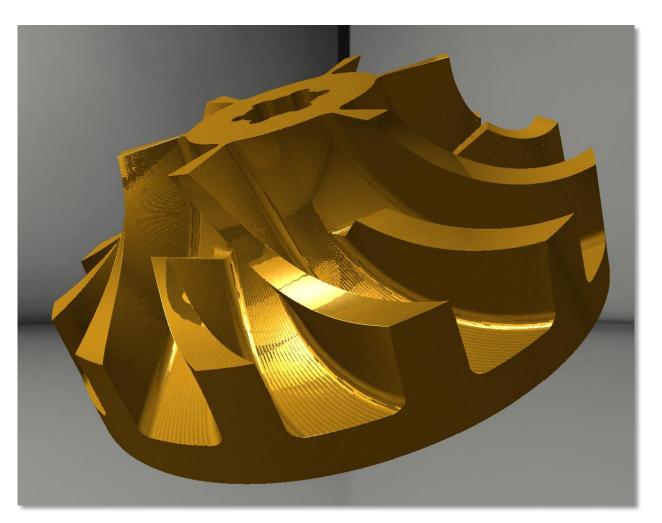


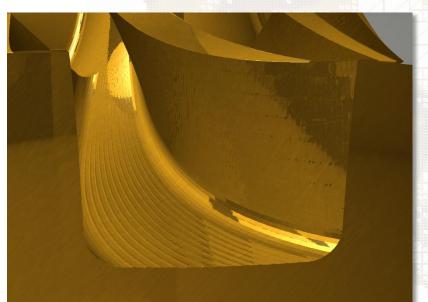


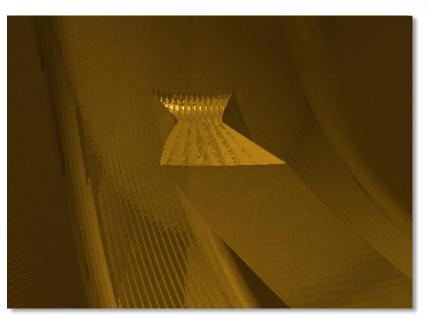




# Visual quality







# Master thesis

- "Detailed and adaptive surface reconstruction of implicitly defined geometries"
- Regular grid with swept volumes as input
- Will (hopefully) calculate exact surface as triangle mesh
- See you in December;)