The Not-A-Wat in Haskell

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<RANT>

What is a "Wat"?

https://www.destroyallsoftware.com/talks/wat

My definition:

A "wat" (w.r.t. programming languages) is a behavior that is both unexpected, and inconsistent with all the other behaviors of the language.

The Wat In Question

```
Prelude> length (1, 2)
1
Prelude>
```

This is not a Wat!

This behavior is consitent with the rest of the language.

Length gives the number of elements held by a container.

```
Prelude> length [ 1, 2, 3 ]
3
Prelude>
```

Length just folds over the container, counting the elements as they go by.

Can you have a container that can *not* hold an arbitrary number of elements, but can only hold at most one?

Sure: Maybe, Either a, etc.

Either String is your classic "return a value or error message" container. It is:

- a monad
- applicative
- a functor
- foldable

```
Either is a container that holds 0 or 1 elements, and
acts like it.
Prelude> foldr (+) 0 (Left "foo")
0
Prelude > foldr (+) 0 (Right 2)
2
Prelude > fmap show (Right 3)
Right "3"
Prelude>
```

It is foldable, there for length is defined on it:

```
Prelude> :t length
length :: Foldable t => t a -> Int
Prelude> length (Left "error message")
0
Prelude> length (Right 1)
1
Prelude>
```

Important Concept

Tuples

Are

Not

Lists

Important Concept

- ▶ (,) is a type, just like Either
- (,) takes two type parameters, just like Either
- (,) as a type can be partially applied, just likeEither

So, if we apply (,) to one type (like we do with Either), what do we get?

Important Concept

We get a container that holds exactly one value, as the second value of the tuple.

Tuples are a Container

```
Prelude foldr (+) 0 (1, 2)
2
Prelude > foldr (+) 0 ("foo", 2)
2
Prelude > fmap show (1, 2)
(1."2")
Prelude > fmap show (False, 2)
(False, "2")
Prelude > length (False, 2)
Prelude>
```

Tuples are a Container

What value did you expect length to return?

nil?

NaN?

</RANT>