

Derivations for NLARX node

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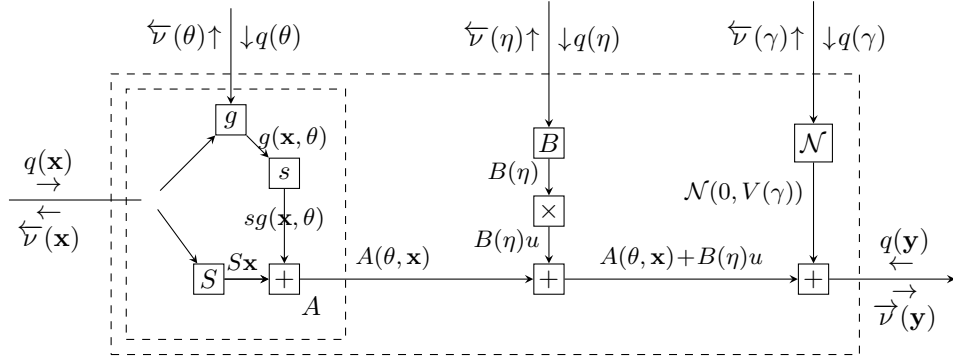


Figure 1: Nonlinear Latent AutoRegressive with eXogenous input node.

1 NLARX Node

The NLARX node is a Nonlinear Latent AutoRegressive model with eXogenous input. It is an autoregression on the latent states:

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} x_t \\ x_{t-1} \\ \vdots \\ x_{t-M-1} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{t-1} \\ x_{t-2} \\ \vdots \\ x_{t-M} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

The first element of \mathbf{y} is predicted using a nonlinear stochastic autoregression on \mathbf{x} : $x_t = g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) + w_t$ where $w_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \gamma)$, θ are autoregression coefficients and g is a given nonlinear function. The remaining elements of \mathbf{y} are a shifted

down version of \mathbf{x} :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_{t-1} \\ \vdots \\ x_{t-M-1} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \dots & \dots & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & 0 & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_S \begin{bmatrix} x_{t-1} \\ x_{t-2} \\ \vdots \\ x_{t-M} \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Shifting is done to ensure that the model can be applied recursively over time. The node function has the following form:

$$\mathbf{y} \sim \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \quad (3)$$

where $A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) = S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)'$ with $s = [1 \ \dots \ 0]^\top$. The term connected to the input variable u is $B(\eta) = s\eta$. $V(\gamma)$ is a matrix constructed from γ and a noise injection ϵ , which produces the following covariance and precision matrices:

$$V(\gamma) = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & \epsilon \end{bmatrix}, \quad V^{-1}(\gamma) = W = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 1/\epsilon \end{bmatrix}. \quad (4)$$

The precision parameter γ is there for the stochastic autoregression. The (2,2) element of V should actually be 0 since the data shifting is deterministic. But a 0 element would cause the covariance matrix to be non-invertible. A common fix is to inject a small amount of noise ϵ (see [1]).

The derivations below are written for an autoregression of order 2, but it is straightforward to generalise this to higher orders (see also [2]).

2 Incoming messages

The messages that arrive at the node consist of the current recognition distributions for the unknown variables. I'm using a mean-field factorisation for the recognition model:

$$q(\mathbf{y}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{y} \mid m_y, V_y) \quad (5a)$$

$$q(\theta) = \mathcal{N}(\theta \mid m_\theta, V_\theta) \quad (5b)$$

$$q(\mathbf{x}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{x} \mid m_x, V_x) \quad (5c)$$

$$q(\eta) = \mathcal{N}(\eta \mid m_\eta, V_\eta) \quad (5d)$$

$$q(\gamma) = \Gamma(a_\gamma, b_\gamma). \quad (5e)$$

Note that the expected value of the precision matrix W w.r.t. $q(\gamma)$ is:

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\gamma)} W = m_W = \begin{bmatrix} m_\gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 1/\epsilon \end{bmatrix}, \quad (6)$$

with $m_\gamma = a_\gamma / b_\gamma$.

3 Outgoing messages

The general formula for computing an outgoing message is:

$$\nu(\mathbf{y}) = \exp \left(\iint q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta) \log f(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}, \theta) \, d\mathbf{x}d\theta \right). \quad (7)$$

In short: you take the expectation of the node function with respect to all unknown variables, except the one you're computing the message for. Below, I work out this formula for all outgoing messages of the NLARX node.

The following results are important in all message computations (for expectations with respect to the nonlinearity $g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)$, see Appendix 5):

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} [S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (8a)$$

$$= Sm_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) \quad (8b)$$

$$= A(m_\theta, m_x). \quad (8c)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})} A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})} [S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (9a)$$

$$= Sm_x + s(g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)) \quad (9b)$$

$$= A(m_\theta, m_x) + s J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta). \quad (9c)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (10a)$$

$$= S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x). \quad (10b)$$

3.1 Message to y

This is the outgoing message towards the next state.

$$\begin{aligned} \log \vec{\nu}(\mathbf{y}) &= \iint q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)q(\eta)q(\gamma) \log \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\theta \, d\eta \, d\gamma \quad (11a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)^\top W(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)] \quad (11b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[\mathbf{y}^\top W \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - \mathbf{y}^\top W B(\eta)u \\ - A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W \mathbf{y} - u B(\eta)^\top W \mathbf{y}] \quad (11c) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} [\mathbf{y}^\top m_W \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^\top m_W A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}}) - \mathbf{y}^\top m_W B(m_\eta)u \\ - A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}})^\top m_W \mathbf{y} - u B(m_\eta)^\top m_W \mathbf{y}] \quad (11d) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} [\underbrace{\mathbf{y}^\top m_W \mathbf{y}}_{\Phi} - \underbrace{\mathbf{y}^\top m_W (A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}}) + B(m_\eta)u)}_{\phi} \\ - \underbrace{(A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}})^\top + u B(m_\eta)^\top) m_W \mathbf{y}}_{\phi^\top}] \quad (11e) \end{aligned}$$

$$\propto \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{y} \mid \Phi^{-1}\phi, \Phi^{-1}). \quad (11f)$$

3.2 Message to x

$$\begin{aligned} \log \overleftarrow{\nu}(\mathbf{x}) &= \iiint q(\mathbf{y})q(\theta)q(\eta)q(\gamma) \log \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \, d\mathbf{y} \, d\theta \, d\eta \, d\gamma \quad (12) \end{aligned}$$

$$\propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)^\top W(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)] \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[-\mathbf{y}^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) \\ + u B(\eta)^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W \mathbf{y} + A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W B(\eta)u] \quad (14) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} [-m_y^\top m_W (Sx + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x)) \\ + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top m_W A(\theta, \mathbf{x})]}_{(I)} \\ + um_\eta s^\top m_W (S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x)) \\ - (S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x))^\top m_W m_y \\ + (S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x))^\top m_W sm_\eta u]. \quad (15) \end{aligned}$$

Separate derivation for (I):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(I)} &= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top m_W A(\theta, \mathbf{x})] \\ &= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [(S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W (S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))] \end{aligned} \quad (16a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [(S\mathbf{x})^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} + (S\mathbf{x})^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \\ &\quad + (sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} + (sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \end{aligned} \quad (16b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \mathbf{x}^\top S^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + \mathbf{x}^\top \underbrace{S^\top m_W s}_{=0} (g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x)) \\ &\quad + (g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x))^\top \underbrace{s^\top m_W S}_{=0} \mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top s^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)]}_{\text{(II)}}. \end{aligned} \quad (16c)$$

Separate derivation for (II):

$$\text{(II)} = \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top \underbrace{s^\top m_W s}_{m_\gamma} g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (17a)$$

$$= m_\gamma \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)} [g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (17b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\propto m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x}) \end{aligned} \quad (17c)$$

The expectation of $g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^2$ with respect to $q(\theta)$ is described in Section 5.2.3. Putting (II) back in (I):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(I)} &\propto (S\mathbf{x})^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} + m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x}) \end{aligned} \quad (18a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \mathbf{x}^\top (S^\top m_W S + m_\gamma J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top) \mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} \\ &\quad + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) m_\gamma). \end{aligned} \quad (18b)$$

Putting (I) back in:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \overleftarrow{\nu}(\mathbf{x}) \\
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- (m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W (S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x)) \right. \\
& \quad + \mathbf{x}^\top (S^\top m_W S + m_\gamma J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top) \mathbf{x} \\
& \quad + m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} \\
& \quad + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) m_\gamma \\
& \quad \left. - (S\mathbf{x} + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x))^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) \right] \quad (19a)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- (m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W (S + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top) \mathbf{x} \right. \\
& \quad + \mathbf{x}^\top (S^\top m_W S + m_\gamma J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top) \mathbf{x} \\
& \quad + m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} \\
& \quad + \mathbf{x}^\top J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) m_\gamma \\
& \quad \left. - \mathbf{x}^\top (S + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top)^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) \right] \quad (19b)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- \left((m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W (S + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top) - m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) J_\mathbf{x}^\top) \right) \mathbf{x} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \mathbf{x}^\top \underbrace{\left((S + sJ_\mathbf{x}^\top)^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) - J_\mathbf{x} (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x) m_\gamma \right)}_{\phi} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \mathbf{x}^\top \underbrace{\left(S^\top m_W S + m_\gamma J_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x}^\top \right)}_{\Phi} \mathbf{x} \right] \quad (19c)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\propto \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{x} \mid \Phi^{-1}\phi, \Phi^{-1}). \quad (19d)$$

3.3 Message to θ

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \overleftarrow{\mathcal{V}}(\theta) \\
&= \iint q(\mathbf{y})q(\mathbf{x})q(\eta)q(\gamma) \log \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \, d\mathbf{y} \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\eta \, d\gamma \quad (20) \\
&\propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)^\top W(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)] \quad (21) \\
&\propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[-\mathbf{y}^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) \\
&\quad + uB(\eta)^\top W A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W \mathbf{y} + A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top W B(\eta)u] \quad (22) \\
&\propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[-m_y^\top m_W (S m_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + s J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)) \right. \\
&\quad + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top m_W A(\theta, \mathbf{x})]}_{(\text{I})} \\
&\quad + u m_\eta s^\top m_W (S m_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + s J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)) \\
&\quad - (S m_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + s J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^\top m_W m_y \\
&\quad \left. + (S m_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + s J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^\top m_W s m_\eta u \right]. \quad (23)
\end{aligned}$$

Separate derivation for (I):

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{I}) &= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top m_W A(\theta, \mathbf{x})] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W (S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))] \quad (24a)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(S\mathbf{x})^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} + (S\mathbf{x})^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \\
&\quad + (sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W S\mathbf{x} + (sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (24b)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[\mathbf{x}^\top S^\top m_W S\mathbf{x}] \\
&\quad + \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[\mathbf{x}^\top \underbrace{S^\top m_W s}_{=0} (g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))] \\
&\quad + \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^\top \underbrace{s^\top m_W S}_{=0} \mathbf{x}] \\
&\quad + \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top s^\top m_W sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (24c)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\propto \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top \underbrace{s^\top m_W s}_{m_\gamma} g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (24d)$$

$$= m_\gamma \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] \quad (24e)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\propto m_\gamma ((g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) J_\theta^\top \theta \\
&\quad + \theta^\top J_\theta (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) + \theta^\top J_\theta J_\theta^\top \theta). \quad (24f)
\end{aligned}$$

Putting (I) back into the message derivation:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \overleftarrow{\mathcal{V}}(\theta) \\
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- (m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W (Sm_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)) \right. \\
& \quad + m_\gamma (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) J_\theta^\top \theta \\
& \quad + m_\gamma \theta^\top J_\theta (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) \\
& \quad + m_\gamma \theta^\top J_\theta J_\theta^\top \theta \\
& \quad \left. - (Sm_x + sg(m_x, m_\theta) + sJ_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) \right] \quad (25a)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- (m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W sJ_\theta^\top \theta \right. \\
& \quad + m_\gamma (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) J_\theta^\top \theta \\
& \quad + m_\gamma \theta^\top J_\theta (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) \\
& \quad + m_\gamma \theta^\top J_\theta J_\theta^\top \theta \\
& \quad \left. - (sJ_\theta^\top \theta)^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) \right] \quad (25b)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \propto -\frac{1}{2} \left[- ((m_y - sm_\eta u)^\top m_W s - m_\gamma (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta)) J_\theta^\top \theta \right. \\
& \quad - \theta^\top \underbrace{(J_\theta s^\top m_W (m_y - sm_\eta u) - m_\gamma J_\theta (g(m_x, m_\theta) - J_\theta^\top m_\theta))}_{\phi} \\
& \quad \left. + \theta^\top \underbrace{m_\gamma J_\theta J_\theta^\top \theta}_{\Phi} \right] \\
& \propto \mathcal{N}(\theta \mid \Phi^{-1}\phi, \Phi^{-1}). \quad (25c)
\end{aligned}$$

3.4 Message to η

$$\begin{aligned} \log \overleftarrow{\nu}(\eta) &= \iint q(\mathbf{y})q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)q(\gamma) \log \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \, d\mathbf{y} \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\theta \, d\gamma \quad (26a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)^\top W(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)] \quad (26b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q[&-\mathbf{y}^\top WB(\eta)u + A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top WB(\eta)u \\ &+ uB(\eta)^\top WB(\eta)u - uB(\eta)^\top W\mathbf{y} + uB(\eta)^\top WA(\theta, \mathbf{x})] \quad (26c) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} [&-m_y^\top m_W u s \eta + A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}})^\top m_W u s \eta \\ &+ \eta u s^\top m_W s u \eta - \eta u s^\top m_W m_y + u \eta s^\top m_W A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}})] \quad (26d) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto -\frac{1}{2} [&-(m_y - A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}}))^\top m_W s u \eta \\ &\underbrace{- \eta u s^\top m_W (m_y - A(m_\theta, m_{\mathbf{x}}))}_{\phi} + \underbrace{\eta u s^\top m_W s u \eta}_{\Phi}] \quad (26e) \end{aligned}$$

$$\propto \mathcal{N}(\eta \mid \Phi^{-1}\phi, \Phi^{-1}). \quad (26f)$$

3.5 Message to γ

$$\begin{aligned} \log \overleftarrow{\nu}(\gamma) &= \iiint q(\mathbf{y})q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)q(\eta) \log \mathcal{N}(A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) + B(\eta)u, V(\gamma)) \, d\mathbf{y} \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\theta \, d\eta \quad (27) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto \frac{1}{2} \log |W| &- \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(W \mathbb{E}_q[(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)(\mathbf{y} - A(\theta, \mathbf{x}) - B(\eta)u)^\top]) \quad (28) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \propto \frac{1}{2} \log |W| &- \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(W \mathbb{E}_q[\underbrace{\mathbf{y}\mathbf{y}^\top}_{(1)} - \underbrace{A(\theta, \mathbf{x})\mathbf{y}^\top}_{(2)} - \underbrace{B(\eta)u\mathbf{y}^\top}_{(3)} \\ &- \underbrace{\mathbf{y}A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top}_{(4)} + \underbrace{A(\theta, \mathbf{x})A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top}_{(5)} + \underbrace{B(\eta)uA(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top}_{(6)} \\ &- \underbrace{\mathbf{y}(B(\eta)u)^\top}_{(7)} + \underbrace{A(\theta, \mathbf{x})(B(\eta)u)^\top}_{(8)} + \underbrace{B(\eta)u(B(\eta)u)^\top}_{(9)}]). \quad (29) \end{aligned}$$

Each of these terms will be derived separately:

$$(1) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{y})}[\mathbf{y}\mathbf{y}^\top] \quad (30a)$$

$$= m_y m_y^\top + V_y, \quad (30b)$$

$$(2) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{y})q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [A(\theta, \mathbf{x})\mathbf{y}^\top] \quad (31a)$$

$$= A(m_\theta, m_x)m_y^\top, \quad (31b)$$

$$(3) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{y})q(\eta)} [B(\eta)u\mathbf{y}^\top] \quad (32a)$$

$$= B(m_\eta)um_y^\top, \quad (32b)$$

$$(4) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{y})q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [\mathbf{y}A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top] \quad (33a)$$

$$= m_y A(m_\theta, m_x)^\top, \quad (33b)$$

$$(5) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [A(\theta, \mathbf{x})A(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top] \quad (34a)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [(S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))(S\mathbf{x} + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta))^\top] \quad (34b)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [S\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}^\top S^\top + S\mathbf{x}g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top s^\top + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)\mathbf{x}^\top S^\top + sg(\mathbf{x}, \theta)g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)s^\top] \quad (34c)$$

$$= S(m_x m_x^\top + V_x)S^\top + S \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} [\mathbf{x}g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top]}_{(I)} s^\top + s\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} [g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)\mathbf{x}^\top] S^\top + s(g(m_x, m_\theta)^2 + J_\mathbf{x}^\top V_\mathbf{x} J_\mathbf{x} + J_\theta^\top V_\theta J_\theta)s^\top \quad (34d)$$

$$(I) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} [\mathbf{x}g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^\top] \quad (34e)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)} [\mathbf{x}(g(m_\mathbf{x}, m_\theta) + J_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))] \quad (34f)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})} [\mathbf{x}(g(m_\mathbf{x}, m_\theta) + J_\mathbf{x}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x))] \quad (34g)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})} [\mathbf{x}g(m_\mathbf{x}, m_\theta) + \mathbf{x}J_\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}J_\mathbf{x}^\top m_x] \quad (34h)$$

$$= m_x g(m_x, m_\theta) + \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})} [\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}^\top] J_\mathbf{x} - m_x m_x^\top J_\mathbf{x} \quad (34i)$$

$$= m_x g(m_\mathbf{x}, m_\theta) + (m_x m_x^\top + V_\mathbf{x}) J_\mathbf{x} - m_x m_x^\top J_\mathbf{x} \quad (34j)$$

$$= m_x g(m_\mathbf{x}, m_\theta) + V_x J_\mathbf{x} \quad (34k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow (5) &= S(m_x m_x^\top + V_x)S^\top + S(m_x g(m_x, m_\theta) + V_x J_\mathbf{x})s^\top \\ &+ s(m_x g(m_x, m_\theta) + V_x J_\mathbf{x})^\top S^\top + s(g(m_x, m_\theta)^2 + J_\mathbf{x}^\top V_x J_\mathbf{x} + J_\theta^\top V_\theta J_\theta)s^\top. \end{aligned} \quad (34l)$$

$$(6) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\eta)q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [B(\eta)uA(\theta, \mathbf{x})^\top] \quad (35a)$$

$$= B(m_\eta)uA(m_\theta, m_x)^\top, \quad (35b)$$

$$(7) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{y})q(\eta)} [\mathbf{y}(B(\eta)u)^\top] \quad (36a)$$

$$= m_y (B(m_\eta)u)^\top, \quad (36b)$$

$$(8) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\eta)q(\theta)q(\mathbf{x})} [A(\theta, \mathbf{x})(B(\eta)u)^\top] \quad (37a)$$

$$= A(m_\theta, m_x)(B(m_\eta)u)^\top, \quad (37b)$$

$$(9) = \mathbb{E}_{q(\eta)} [B(\eta)u(B(\eta)u)^\top] \quad (38a)$$

$$= u^2 \mathbb{E}_{q(\eta)} [s\eta\eta s^\top] \quad (38b)$$

$$= u^2 s(m_\eta^2 + V_\eta)s^\top. \quad (38c)$$

In total, the message towards γ is:

$$\log \overleftarrow{\nu}(\gamma) \propto \frac{1}{2} \log |W| - \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(W\Phi) \quad (39a)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{2} \log \gamma - \frac{1}{2} \gamma \Phi^{(1,1)} \quad (39b)$$

$$\propto \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \Phi^{(1,1)}\right), \quad (39c)$$

where $\Phi = (1) - (2) - (3) - (4) + (5) + (6) - (7) + (8) + (9)$. Note that the trace of a product of matrices AB is $A^{(1,1)} \cdot B^{(1,1)} + A^{(2,2)} \cdot B^{(2,2)} + \dots$ and since γ only appears in the (1,1) element of W , the result of the trace $\text{tr}(W\Phi)$ is proportional to $\gamma \Phi^{(1,1)}$. Same as true for the log-determinant of W : $\log W^{(1,1)} + \log W^{2,2} + \dots \propto \log \gamma$.

4 Free energy

Each node has an "energy" term (from the energy-entropy decomposition of free energy), referred to as $U[q]$. Shifting the data is only necessary so the model can be applied recursively, but it is not part of the prediction for the current state x_t . To compute free energy, we must ignore the data shifting and just consider the regression of x_t from x_{t-1}, \dots, x_{t-M} . For the NLARX node, it is:

$$U[q] = - \int q(\mathbf{y})q(\mathbf{x})q(\theta)q(\eta)q(\gamma) \log \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{y}^{(1)} | g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) + \eta u, \gamma) d\mathbf{y}d\mathbf{x}d\theta d\eta d\gamma \quad (40)$$

where $\mathbf{y}^{(1)}$ is x_t . The free energy is:

$$U[q] = -\frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{q(\gamma)} [\log \gamma] - \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_q [\gamma(\mathbf{y}^{(1)} - g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) - \eta u)^2] \quad (41a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -\frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi) + \frac{1}{2} (\psi(a_\gamma)) - \log(b_\gamma) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \frac{a_\gamma}{b_\gamma} \mathbb{E}_q [\mathbf{y}^{(1)} \mathbf{y}^{(1)} - \mathbf{y}^{(1)} g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) - \mathbf{y}^{(1)} \eta u - g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \mathbf{y}^{(1)} \\ &\quad \quad + g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^2 + g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \eta u - \eta u \mathbf{y}^{(1)} + \eta u g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) (\eta u)^2] \end{aligned} \quad (41b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -\frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi) + \frac{1}{2} (\psi(a_\gamma)) - \log(b_\gamma) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \frac{a_\gamma}{b_\gamma} \left[m_y^{(1)} m_y^{(1)} + V_y^{(1,1)} - m_y^{(1)} g(m_x, m_\theta) \right. \\ &\quad \quad - m_y^{(1)} m_\eta u - g(m_x, m_\theta) m_y^{(1)} + g(m_x, m_\theta)^2 \\ &\quad \quad + J_x^\top V_x J_x + J_\theta^\top V_\theta J_\theta + g(m_x, m_\theta) m_\eta u \\ &\quad \quad \left. - m_\eta u m_y^{(1)} + m_\eta u g(m_x, m_\theta) + (m_\eta^2 + V_\eta) u^2 \right]. \end{aligned} \quad (41c)$$

5 Appendix: Taylor approx. of nonlinearity

In the message computations listed below, I will make use of a Taylor approximation of the nonlinearity g . The approximation is first-order in both arguments and uses the means of the recognition distributions (m_x, m_θ) as approximating points:

$$g(\mathbf{x}, \theta) = g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta), \quad (42)$$

where $J_{\mathbf{x}}$ denotes the partial derivative of g with respect to x , i.e.

$$J_{\mathbf{x}} \triangleq \left. \frac{\partial g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)}{\partial x} \right|_{\mathbf{x}=m_x, \theta=m_\theta}, \quad (43)$$

and likewise J_θ w.r.t. θ .

5.1 First-order moments

Throughout the message computations, we will need the expected values of g , possibly raised to some power, w.r.t. the recognition distributions $q(\mathbf{x})$ and $q(\theta)$. Note that in message computations we sometimes want to drop terms that do not depend on the particular variable of interest. For instance, in computing the message $\overleftarrow{\nu}(\theta)$, we need $\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(m_x, m_\theta)]$ but can ignore all terms that don't involve θ . In that case, the final line of the derivations below will have a "proportional to" sign \propto , where terms have been dropped.

5.1.1 With respect to θ and \mathbf{x}

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x}), q(\theta)}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x}), q(\theta)}[g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)] \quad (44a)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 + J_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 \quad (44b)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta). \quad (44c)$$

5.1.2 With respect to \mathbf{x}

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)] \quad (45a)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta) \quad (45b)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta) \quad (45c)$$

$$\propto J_\theta^\top \theta. \quad (45d)$$

5.1.3 With respect to θ

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)] = \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)] \quad (46a)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 \quad (46b)$$

$$= g(m_x, m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) \quad (46c)$$

$$\propto J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top x. \quad (46d)$$

5.2 Second-order moments

Here things become a bit messier. I will therefore introduce another shorthand: g for $g(m_x, m_\theta)$.

5.2.1 With respect to θ and \mathbf{x}

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x}), q(\theta)}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^2] = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x}), q(\theta)}[(g + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^2] \quad (47a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= g^2 + 2gJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 + 2gJ_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 \\ &\quad + 2J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 J_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 \\ &\quad + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)(\mathbf{x} - m_x)^\top] J_{\mathbf{x}} \\ &\quad + J_\theta^\top \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)(\theta - m_\theta)^\top] J_\theta \end{aligned} \quad (47b)$$

$$= g^2 + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top V_x J_{\mathbf{x}} + J_\theta^\top V_\theta J_\theta. \quad (47c)$$

5.2.2 With respect to \mathbf{x}

$$\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^2] = \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(g + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top (\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta))^2] \quad (48a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= g^2 + 2gJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 + 2gJ_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta) \\ &\quad + 2J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)]}_0 J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta) \\ &\quad + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \mathbb{E}_{q(\mathbf{x})}[(\mathbf{x} - m_x)(\mathbf{x} - m_x)^\top] J_{\mathbf{x}} \\ &\quad + J_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta)(\theta - m_\theta)^\top J_\theta \end{aligned} \quad (48b)$$

$$= g^2 + 2gJ_\theta^\top (\theta - m_\theta) + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top V_x J_{\mathbf{x}} + J_\theta^\top (\theta\theta^\top - m_\theta\theta^\top - \theta m_\theta^\top + m_\theta m_\theta^\top) J_\theta \quad (48c)$$

$$\propto (g - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) J_\theta^\top \theta + \theta^\top J_\theta (g - J_\theta^\top m_\theta) + \theta^\top J_\theta J_\theta^\top \theta. \quad (48d)$$

5.2.3 With respect to θ

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[g(\mathbf{x}, \theta)^2] &= \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(g + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x) + J_\theta^\top(\theta - m_\theta))^2] \\ &= g^2 + 2gJ_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x) + 2gJ_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 +\end{aligned}\quad (49a)$$

$$\begin{aligned}& 2J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x)J_\theta^\top \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)]}_0 \\ & + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x)(\mathbf{x} - m_x)^\top J_{\mathbf{x}} \\ & + J_\theta^\top \mathbb{E}_{q(\theta)}[(\theta - m_\theta)(\theta - m_\theta)^\top] J_\theta\end{aligned}\quad (49b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= gg^\top + g(J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x))^\top + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x} - m_x)g^\top + J_\theta^\top V_\theta J_\theta \\ & + J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}^\top - m_x\mathbf{x}^\top - \mathbf{x}m_x^\top + m_xm_x^\top)J_{\mathbf{x}}\end{aligned}\quad (49c)$$

$$\propto (g - J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top m_x)J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{x}^\top J_{\mathbf{x}}(g - J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top m_x) + \mathbf{x}^\top J_{\mathbf{x}}J_{\mathbf{x}}^\top \mathbf{x}. \quad (49d)$$

References

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