

function BuildTree($\theta, r, u, v, j, \epsilon$)

if $j = 0$ **then**

Base case—take one leapfrog step in the direction v .

$\theta', r' \leftarrow \text{Leapfrog}(\theta, r, v, \epsilon)$.

$C' \leftarrow \begin{cases} \{(\theta', r')\} & \text{if } u \leq \exp\{\mathcal{L}(\theta') - \frac{1}{2}r' \cdot r'\} \\ \emptyset & \text{else} \end{cases}$

$s' \leftarrow \mathbb{I}[\mathcal{L}(\theta') - \frac{1}{2}r' \cdot r' > \log u - \Delta_{\max}]$.

return $\theta', r', \theta', r', C', s'$.

else

Recursion—build the left and right subtrees.

$\theta^-, r^-, \theta^+, r^+, C', s' \leftarrow \text{BuildTree}(\theta, r, u, v, j - 1, \epsilon)$.

if $v = -1$ **then**

$\theta^-, r^-, -, -, C'', s'' \leftarrow \text{BuildTree}(\theta^-, r^-, u, v, j - 1, \epsilon)$.

else

$-, -, \theta^+, r^+, C'', s'' \leftarrow \text{BuildTree}(\theta^+, r^+, u, v, j - 1, \epsilon)$.

end if

$s' \leftarrow s' s'' \mathbb{I}[(\theta^+ - \theta^-) \cdot r^- \geq 0] \mathbb{I}[(\theta^+ - \theta^-) \cdot r^+ \geq 0]$.

$C' \leftarrow C' \cup C''$.

return $\theta^-, r^-, \theta^+, r^+, C', s'$.

end if