

Certified Software Development with Dependent Types in Idris

Lecture 5. Functions over Types

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What can we do with types?

- Provide type synonyms
- Calculate types from given data

Type Synonyms

```
import Data.Vect
```

```
Point : Type
```

```
Point = (Double, Double)
```

```
Polygon : Nat -> Type
```

```
Polygon k = Vect k Point
```

```
Triangle : Type
```

```
Triangle = Polygon 3
```

syn.idr

Pattern Matching in Type-level Functions

```
data Ty = TyNat | TyBool | TyString
```

```
evalType : Ty -> Type
```

```
initVal : (ty : Ty) -> evalType ty
```

```
toString : (ty : Ty) -> evalType ty -> String
```

pm.idr

We don't need function evalType!

```
data Ty = TyNat | TyBool | TyString
```

```
toString : (ty : Ty) -> ?evalType -> String
```

case.idr

Type-level Functions and Totality

```
data Ty = TyNat | TyBool | TyString
```

```
infinity : Type
```

```
infinity = infinity
```

```
nt : (ty : Ty) -> Type
```

```
nt TyNat = Nat
```

```
nt TyBool = Bool
```

```
f : Nat -> infinity
```

```
g : (ty : Ty) -> nt ty
```

inf.idr

Functions with Variable Number of Arguments

```
adder 0 10      = 10
adder 1 0 5      = 5
adder 2 0 4 6    = 20
```

Arguments to adder:

- number of additional arguments
- initial value
- additional argument
- ...

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```
adder 0 10      = 10
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```

Arguments to adder:

- number of additional arguments
- initial value
- additional argument
- ...
- Type of adder can be calculated:

```
adder 0 : Int -> Int
adder 1 : Int -> Int -> Int
adder 2 : Int -> Int -> Int -> Int
```

adder.idr

Type Safe sprintf Function (1)

Usage

```
sprintf "Hello!" = "Hello!"  
sprintf "Answer : %d" 2 = "Answer : 42"  
sprintf "%s number %d" "Slide" 8 = "Slide number 8"
```

Type Safe sprintf Function (1)

Usage

```
sprintf "Hello!" = "Hello!"  
sprintf "Answer : %d" 2 = "Answer : 42"  
sprintf "%s number %d" "Slide" 8 = "Slide number 8"
```

Components

- Data type describing format
- Function from String to format data type
- Type-level function calculating type of sprintf

Type Safe sprintf Function (2)

Types of sprintf

```
sprintf "Hello!"           : String
sprintf "Answer: %d"      : Int -> String
sprintf "%s number %d"    : String -> Int -> String
```

Type Safe sprintf Function (2)

Types of sprintf

```
sprintf "Hello!"           : String
sprintf "Answer: %d"      : Int -> String
sprintf "%s number %d"    : String -> Int -> String
```

Format data type

```
data Format = Number Format
            | Str Format
            | Lit String Format
            | End
```

Type Safe sprintf Function (2)

Types of sprintf

```
sprintf "Hello!"           : String
sprintf "Answer: %d"      : Int -> String
sprintf "%s number %d"    : String -> Int -> String
```

Format data type

```
data Format = Number Format
            | Str Format
            | Lit String Format
            | End
```

```
"%s = %d"  $\implies$  Str (Lit " = " (Number End))
```

Type Safe sprintf Function (3)

```
SPrintfType : Format -> Type
```

```
sprintfFmt : (fmt : Format) ->  
            (acc : String) ->  
            SPrintfType fmt
```

```
toFormat : (xs : List Char) -> Format
```

```
sprintf : (fmt : String) ->  
         SPrintfType (toFormat (unpack fmt))
```

[sprintf.idr](#)

Assignment 2: simple database

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- Building tuple type from given schema
- Building tuple value from user input and storing it in the database
- Extracting tuple value by its ID and showing it to the user
- Processing user commands: setting schema, storing data, extracting data

- Idris Tutorial: Types and Functions
<http://docs.idris-lang.org/en/latest/tutorial/typesfun.html>
- Idris Libraries Source Code
<https://github.com/idris-lang/Idris-dev/tree/master/libs/>
- Edwin Brady, Type-Driven Development with Idris. Manning, MEAP.