```
//simonMain.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include 'globals.h"
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include "simonButtonHandler.h"
#include "simonFlashSequence.h"
#include "simonVerifySequence.h"
#include "SimonControl.h"
#include "buttons.h"
#define LARGE_PRIME_NUMBER 7919
#define TOTAL_SECONDS 60
#define TIMER_PERIOD 100E-3
#define FLAG_DOWN 0
#define TIMER_CLOCK_FREQUENCY (XPAR_CPU_CORTEXA9_0_CPU_CLK_FREQ_HZ / 2)
#define TIMER_LOAD_VALUE ((TIMER_PERIOD * TIMER_CLOCK_FREQUENCY) - 1.0)
{
         srand(LARGE_PRIME_NUMBER);
           // Initialize the GPIO LED driver and print out an error message if it fails (argument = true).
            // You need to init the LEDs so that LD4 can function as a heartbeat.
           leds_init(true);
           // Init all interrupts (but does not enable the interrupts at the devices).
           // Prints an error message if an internal failure occurs because the argument = true.
           interrupts_initAll(true);
           interrupts_setPrivateTimerLoadValue(TIMER_LOAD_VALUE);
           u32 privateTimerTicksPerSecond = interrupts_getPrivateTimerTicksPerSecond();
           printf("private timer ticks per second: %ld\n\r", privateTimerTicksPerSecond);
           // Allow the timer to generate interrupts.
           interrupts_enableTimerGlobalInts();
           // Initialization of the clock display is not time-dependent, do it outside of the state machine.
           //TicTacToeDisplay_init();
           display_init();
display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
           buttons_init();
           // Keep track of your personal interrupt count. Want to make sure that you don't miss any interrupts.
            int32_t personalInterruptCount = 0;
           // Start the private ARM timer running.
           interrupts_startArmPrivateTimer();
           // Enable interrupts at the ARM.
           interrupts_enableArmInts();
           // interrupts_isrInvocationCount() returns the number of times that the timer ISR was invoked.
// This value is maintained by the timer ISR. Compare this number with your own local
           // interrupt count to determine if you have missed any interrupts.
            while (interrupts_isrInvocationCount() < (TOTAL_SECONDS * privateTimerTicksPerSecond)) {</pre>
             double duration0;
                   personalInterruptCount++;
                    SimonControl_tick();
                   verifySequence_tick();
                   flashSequence_tick();
                  simonbuttonHandler_tick();
interrupts_isrFlagGlobal = FLAG_DOWN;
             }
          interrupts_disableArmInts();
          printf("isr invocation count: %ld\n\r", interrupts_isrInvocationCount());
printf("internal interrupt count: %ld\n\r", personalInterruptCount);
          return 0;
}
```

```
#ifndef BUTTONHANDLER_H_
#define BUTTONHANDLER_H_
// Get the simon region numbers. See the source code for the region numbering scheme.
uint8_t simonbuttonHandler_getRegionNumber();
// Turn on the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void simonbuttonHandler_enable();
// Turn off the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void simonbuttonHandler_disable();
// Other state machines can call this function to see if the user has stopped touching the pad.
bool simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected();
// Standard tick function.
void simonbuttonHandler_tick();
// This tests the functionality of the buttonHandler state machine.
// buttonHandler_runTest(int16_t touchCount) runs the test until
// the user has touched the screen touchCount times. It indicates
// that a button was pushed by drawing a large square while
// the button is pressed and then erasing the large square and
// redrawing the button when the user releases their touch.
void simonbuttonHandler_runTest(int16_t touchCount);
#endif /* BUTTONHANDLER_H_ */
```

```
//simonButtonHandler.c
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "supportFiles/utils.h"
#include "simonButtonHandler.h"
#define RUN_TEST_TERMINATION_MESSAGE1 "buttonHandler_runTest()"
#define RUN_TEST_TERMINATION_MESSAGE2 "terminated."
#define RUN_TEST_TEXT_SIZE 2
#define SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH 60
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_GETREGION -1
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0 0
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1 1
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2 2
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3 3
#define TOUCHES_INIT
#define PIXEL_COORD_ZERO 0
#define ONE_MS
#define AD_TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE 1
#define AD_TIMER_INIT 0
#define RUN_TEST_INIT 0
#define BOOL_INIT false
#define ENABLED true
#define DISABLED false
uint16_t touches = TOUCHES_INIT;
uint8_t region = SIMON_DISPLAY_GETREGION;
uint16_t adTimer = AD_TIMER_INIT;
bool enable = false;
bool release = true;
bool erase = false;
// simonbuttonHandler(getRegionNumber()
// determines which region of the screen is touched
\ensuremath{//} converts and returns the touched point into a simon Region Number
uint8_t simonbuttonHandler_getRegionNumber()
      int16_t x;
      int16_t y;
      uint8 t z;
      display_getTouchedPoint(&x,&y,&z);
      if (x < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO || y < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO)</pre>
      {
           return SIMON_DISPLAY_GETREGION;
      }
        if (x < DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES)</pre>
           if (y < DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES)</pre>
           {
                    return SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0;
           }
           else
          {
                    return SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2;
          }
```

```
}
      else
      {
         if (y < DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES)</pre>
         {
               return SIMON DISPLAY REGION 1;
         }
         else
         {
               return SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3;
       }
      }
}
// simonbuttonHandler_enable()
// enables the button handler state machine
void simonbuttonHandler_enable()
{
    enable = true;
}
// simonbuttonHandler_disable()
// disables the button handler state machine
void simonbuttonHandler_disable()
{
    enable = false;
}
// simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected()
// detects a release of the touch screen
bool simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected()
{
    return release:
}
// simonbuttonHandler_runTest(int16_t touchCountArt)
// @param: int16_t touchCountArt
// Runs the button handler until touchCountArg touches are achieved
void simonbuttonHandler_runTest(int16_t touchCountArg)
{
 int16_t touchCount = RUN_TEST_INIT;
                                      // Keep track of the number of touches.
 display_init();
                             // Always have to init the display.
 display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
                            // Clear the display.
 simonDisplay_drawAllButtons();
                             // Draw the four buttons.
 simonbuttonHandler_enable();
 while (touchCount < touchCountArg) { // Loop here while touchCount is less than the touchCountArg
   simonbuttonHandler_tick();
                                   // Advance the state machine.
   utils_msDelay(ONE_MS); // Wait here for 1 ms. if (simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected()) { // If a release is detected, then the screen was touched.
                                  // Keep track of the number of touches.
    printf("button released: %d\n\r", simonbuttonHandler_getRegionNumber()); // Get the region number that was
touched.
    simonbuttonHandler disable();
                                     // Interlocked behavior: handshake with the button handler (now
disabled).
    utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                      // wait 1 ms.
    simonbuttonHandler_tick();
                                      // Advance the state machine.
    simonbuttonHandler_enable();
                                      // Interlocked behavior: enable the buttonHandler.
    utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                      // wait 1 ms.
    simonbuttonHandler_tick();
                                      // Advance the state machine.
   }
 display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
                                              // clear the screen.
 display_setTextSize(RUN_TEST_TEXT_SIZE);
                                       // Set the text size.
 display_setCursor(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES);
                                                            // Move the cursor to a rough center
point.
 display_println(RUN_TEST_TERMINATION_MESSAGE1); // Print the termination message on two lines.
display_println(RUN_TEST_TERMINATION_MESSAGE2);
```

```
}
enum simonButtonHandlerStates {sbh_init, sbh_draw, sbh_ad_timer, sbh_waiting_for_release, sbh_complete} sbh_state;
// simonbuttonHandler_tick()
// button handler state machine
void simonbuttonHandler_tick()
       switch(sbh_state)
           //sbh_init
           //Initializes values and draws the buttons
               case sbh_init:
                       release = BOOL INIT:
                       adTimer = AD TIMER INIT;
                       region = SIMON_DISPLAY_GETREGION;
                       if(enable == ENABLED)
                               simonDisplay_drawAllButtons();
                               sbh_state = sbh_ad_timer;
                       break;
           //sbh_ad_timer
           //Debounces the touches
           //If the button handler is not enabled, transitions to completed
               case sbh_ad_timer:
              if(!enable)
                               sbh_state = sbh_complete;
                       }
                       if(display_isTouched())
                       {
                               adTimer++:
                       }
                       if(adTimer == AD_TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE)
                               sbh_state = sbh_draw;
                               display_clearOldTouchData();
                               adTimer = AD_TIMER_INIT;
                       break;
           //sbh_draw
           //draws the square in the region of the user's touch
               case sbh_draw:
                       _display_clearOldTouchData();
                       region = simonbuttonHandler_getRegionNumber();
                       simonDisplay_drawSquare(region, erase);
                       erase = ENABLED;
                       release = DISABLED;
                       sbh_state = sbh_waiting_for_release;
                       break;
           //sbh_waiting_for_release
           //waits for the user to release his/her touch
  case sbh_waiting_for_release:
                       if(!display_isTouched())
                               simonDisplay_drawSquare(region, ENABLED);
                               simonDisplay_drawButton(region);
                               erase = DISABLED;
                               release = ENABLED;
                               sbh_state = sbh_complete;
                       }
```

break;

```
//globals.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "globals.h"
#define STARTING_SIZE 100
uint16_t SequenceIterationLength;
uint16_t SequenceLength;
int8_t sequencelist[ŠTARTING_SIZE];
//globals_setSequence(const uint8_t sequence[], uint16_t length)
//@param: const uint8_t sequence[], uint16_t length
// Sets the global array of sequences
// This is the length of the complete sequence at maximum length.
void globals_setSequence(const uint8_t sequence[], uint16_t length)
    for(int i = 0; i < length; i++)</pre>
     sequencelist[i] = sequence[i];
}
// globals_getSequenceValue(uint16_t index)
// @param: uint16_t index
// This returns the value of the sequence at the index.
uint8_t globals_getSequenceValue(uint16_t index)
{
    return sequencelist[index];
}
// globals_getSequenceLength()
// Retrieve the sequence length.
uint16_t globals_getSequenceLength()
{
    return SequenceLength;
}
// globals_setSequenceIterationLength(uint16_t length)
// @param: uint16_t length
// This is the length of the sequence that you are currently working on.
void globals_setSequenceIterationLength(uint16_t length)
{
    SequenceIterationLength = length;
}
// globals_getSequenceIterationLength
// This is the length of the sequence that you are currently working on (not the max length)
// as the player is working through the color sequence
uint16_t globals_getSequenceIterationLength()
    return SequenceIterationLength;
}
```

```
#ifndef SIMONDISPLAY_H_
#define SIMONDISPLAY_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
// Width, height of the simon "buttons"
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_BUTTON_WIDTH 60
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_BUTTON_HEIGHT 60
// Given coordinates from the touch pad, computes the region number.
// The entire touch-screen is divided into 4 rectangular regions, numbered 0 - 3.
// Each region will be drawn with a different color. Colored buttons remind
// the user which square is associated with each color. When you press
// a region, computeRegionNumber returns the region number that is used
// by the other routines.
/*
   (RED)
               (YELLOW)
                   3
   (BLUE)
                (GREEN)
*/
// These are the definitions for the regions. #define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0 0 #define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1 1 #define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2 2
#define SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3 3
int8_t simonDisplay_computeRegionNumber(int16_t x, int16_t y);
void simonDisplay_drawStartScreen(bool erase);
// Draws a colored "button" that the user can touch.
// The colored button is centered in the region but does not fill the region.
void simonDisplay_drawButton(uint8_t regionNumber);
// Convenience function that draws all of the buttons.
void simonDisplay_drawAllButtons();
// Draws a bigger square that completely fills the region.
// If the erase argument is true, it draws the square as black background to "erase" it.
void simonDisplay_drawSquare(uint8_t regionNo, bool erase);
// Runs a brief demonstration of how buttons can be pressed and squares lit up to implement the user
// interface of the Simon game. The routine will continue to run until the touchCount has been reached, e.g.,
// the user has touched the pad touchCount times.
// I used a busy-wait delay (utils_msDelay) that uses a for-loop and just blocks until the time has passed. // When you implement the game, you CANNOT use this function as we discussed in class. Implement the delay
// using the non-blocking state-machine approach discussed in class.
void simonDisplay_runTest(uint16_t touchCount);
void simonDisplay_eraseAllButtons();
void simonDisplay_eraseButton(uint8_t regionNumber);
#endif /* SIMONDISPLAY H */
```

```
//simonDisplay.c
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "supportFiles/utils.h"
#define SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH 60
#define SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES
#define SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT 60
#define SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT_HALVES SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT/2
#define ONE_FOURTH_HEIGHT display_height()*1/4 #define THREE_FOURTHS_HEIGHT display_height()*3/4
#define ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH display_width()*1/4
#define THREE_FOURTHS_WIDTH display_width()*3/4
#define DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES
#define DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES
#define PIXEL_COORD_ZERO 0
#define TOUCHES_INIT 0
#define TOUCH_PANEL_ANALOG_PROCESSING_DELAY_IN_MS 60 // in ms
#define MAX_STR 255
#define TEXT_SIZE_2 2
#define TEXT_SIZE_5 5
#define SIMON_REGION_0 0
#define SIMON_REGION_1 1
#define SIMON_REGION_2 2
#define SIMON REGION 3 3
#define INVALID_REGION -1
#define TOUCH_PANEL_ANALOG_PROCESSING_DELAY_IN_MS 60
// simonDisplay_computeRegionNumber(int16_t x, int16_t y)
// @param: int16_t x, int16_t y
// Computes the region of the screen that was touched based on the parameters x and y
int8_t simonDisplay_computeRegionNumber(int16_t x, int16_t y)
    if(x < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO || y < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO)
    {
        return INVALID_REGION;
    }
    if(x < DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES)</pre>
         if(y < DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES)</pre>
             return SIMON_REGION_0;
        }
        else
        {
             return SIMON_REGION_2;
        }
    }
    else
         if (y < DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES)</pre>
         {
             return SIMON_REGION_1;
        else
        {
             return SIMON_REGION_3;
    }
```

```
// simonDisplay_drawButton(uint8_t regionNumber)
// @param: uint8_t regionNumber
// Draws a small, colored button in each screen region
void simonDisplay_drawButton(uint8_t regionNumber)
   //if the region is invalid, do not draw
if (regionNumber < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO)</pre>
      return;
   }
     switch(regionNumber)
   {
      case 2:
          {\tt display\_fillRect(ONE\_WIDTH\_FOURTH-(SIMON\_BUTTON\_WIDTH\_HALVES),\ (THREE\_FOURTHS\_HEIGHT)-1}
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_BLUE);
      case 0:
          display_fillRect((ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH)-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), (ONE_FOURTH_HEIGHT)-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_RED);
      case 1:
display_fillRect(THREE_FOURTHS_WIDTH-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), ONE_FOURTH_HEIGHT-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_YELLOW);
          display_fillRect(THREE_FOURTHS_WIDTH-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), THREE_FOURTHS_HEIGHT-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_GREEN);
}
// simonDisplay_drawAllButtons()
// draws a button in each of the four regions
void simonDisplay_drawAllButtons()
{
     simonDisplay_drawButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0);
     simonDisplay_drawButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1);
     simonDisplay_drawButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2);
     simonDisplay_drawButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3);
}
// simonDisplay_eraseButton(uint8_t regionNumber)
// @param: uint8_t regionNumber
// erases all four of the buttons
void simonDisplay_eraseButton(uint8_t regionNumber)
     // Do nothing if the region number is negative (illegal region, off LCD screen).
     if (regionNumber < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO)</pre>
   {
      return;
   }
     switch(regionNumber)
      case 2:
          display_fillRect(ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), (THREE_FOURTHS_HEIGHT)-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_BLACK);
          break:
      case 0:
          display_fillRect((ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH)-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), (ONE_FOURTH_HEIGHT)-
```

}

```
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_BLACK);
       case 1:
          display_fillRect(3*ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), ONE_FOURTH_HEIGHT-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_BLACK);
          break:
      case 3:
          display_fillRect(3*ONE_FOURTH_WIDTH-(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), THREE_FOURTHS_HEIGHT-
(SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH_HALVES), SIMON_BUTTON_WIDTH, SIMON_BUTTON_HEIGHT, DISPLAY_BLACK);
     }
}
// simonDisplay_eraseAllButtons()
// erases all of the buttons
void simonDisplay_eraseAllButtons()
{
     simonDisplay_eraseButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0);
     simonDisplay_eraseButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1);
     simonDisplay_eraseButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2);
     simonDisplay_eraseButton(SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3);
}
// simonDisplay_drawSquare(uint8_t regionNo, bool erase)
// @param: uint8_t regionNo, bool erase
// draws a full square in the corresponding region
void simonDisplay_drawSquare(uint8_t regionNo, bool erase)
   // Do nothing if the region number is illegal (off LCD screen).
   if (regionNo < PIXEL_COORD_ZERO)</pre>
       return;
   }
   switch(regionNo)
       case 0:
          if (!erase)
             display_fillrect(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES,
DISPLAY_RED);
          else
          {
             display_fillrect(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES,
DISPLAY_BLACK);
          break;
       case 1:
          if (!erase)
             display_fillRect(DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES,
DISPLAY_YELLOW);
          else
          {
             display_fillRect(DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES,
DISPLAY_BLACK);
          break;
      case 2:
          if (!erase)
          {
             display_fillRect(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES,
DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_BLUE);
          }
          else
```

```
display_fillRect(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES,
DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_BLACK);
            break:
        case 3:
            if (!erase)
display_fillRect(DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_GREEN);
            else
            {
                 display_fillRect(DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_WIDTH_HALVES,
DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES, DISPLAY_BLACK);
            break;
   }
}
// simonDisplay_runTest(uint16_t touchCount)
// @param: uint16_t touchCount
// Runs a brief demonstration of how buttons can be pressed
//The routine will continue to run until the touchCount has been reached, e.g.,
// the user has touched the pad touchCount times.
void simonDisplay_runTest(uint16_t touchCount) {
  display_init(); // Always initialize the display.
char str[MAX_STR]; // Enough for some simple printing.
  uint8_t regionNumber;
  uint16_t touches = TOUCHES_INIT;
  // Write an informational message and wait for the user to touch the LCD.
display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // clear the screen.
  display_setCursor(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES); //
  display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_2);
  display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_RED, DISPLAY_BLACK);
  sprintf(str, "Touch and release to start the Simon demo.");
  display_println(str);
  display_println();
  sprintf(str, "Demo will terminate after %d touches.", touchCount);
display_println(str);
  while (!display_isTouched());
                                       // Wait here until the screen is touched.
  while (display_isTouched());
                                        // Now wait until the touch is released.
  display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // Clear the screen.
simonDisplay_drawAllButtons(); // Draw all of the buttons.
  display_fillScreen(Dash conditions); // Draw all of the bullons.

simonDisplay_drawAllButtons(); // Braw all of the bullons.

head touched = false; // Keep track of when the pad is touched.
  int16_t x, y;
                                 // Use these to keep track of coordinates.
  if (!display isTouched() && touched) {
                                                     // user has stopped touching the pad.
      simonDisplay_drawSquare(regionNumber, true); // Erase the square.
      simonDisplay_drawButton(regionNumber);
                                                        // DISPLAY_REDraw the button.
      touched = false:
    // Released the touch, set touched to false. } else if (display_isTouched() && !touched) { // User started touching the pad.
      touched = true;
                                                      // Just touched the pad, set touched = true.
      touches++;
      // Keep track of the number of touches. display_clearOldTouchData(); // Get rid of data from previous touches.
      // Must wait this many milliseconds for the chip to do analog processing.
      utils_msDelay(TOUCH_PANEL_ANALOG_PROCESSING_DELAY_IN_MS);
      // After the wait, get the touched point.
                                                        // Draw the square (erase = false).
      simonDisplay_drawSquare(regionNumber, false);
   }
  // Done with the demo, write an informational message to the user-
display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // clear the screen.
  display_setCursor(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES); // Place the cursor in the middle of the screen.
  display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_2);
                                                        // Make it readable.
  display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_RED, DISPLAY_BLACK); // red is foreground color, black is background color.
  sprintf(str, "Simon demo terminated");
                                             // Format a string using sprintf.
  display_println(str);
                                              // Print it to the LCD.
 sprintf(str, "after %d touches.", touchCount); // Format the rest of the string. display_println(str); // Print it to the LCD.
```

```
#ifndef simonFlashSequence_H_
#define simonFlashSequence_H_
// Turns on the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void flashSequence_enable();
// Turns off the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void flashSequence_disable();
// Other state machines can call this to determine if this state machine is finished.
bool flashSequence_completed();
// Standard tick function.
void flashSequence_tick();
// Tests the flashSequence state machine.
void flashSequence_runTest();
#endif
//simonFlashSequence.c
#include "simonFlashSequence.h"
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "sparameters.n"
#include "supportFiles/utils.h"
#include "globals.h"
#include "simonVerifySequence.h"
#define INITFLASHVALUE 10
#define INIT_ZERO 0
#define TWO_SECONDS 2000
#define PIXEL_COORD_ZERO 0
#define ONE 1
#define DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES display_height()/2
                                            // Just use a short test sequence.
#define TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH 8
uint8_t flashSequence_testSequence[TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH] = {SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0,
                                                                         SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1,
                                                                         SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2,
SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3,
                                                                         SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3,
SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2,
                                                                         SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1,
SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0);
#define INCREMENTING_SEQUENCE_MESSAGE1 "Incrementing Sequence"
#define RUN_TEST_COMPLETE_MESSAGE "Runtest() Complete"
#define MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE 2
#define FLASH_HOLD_EXP 3
#define F_ENABLED true
#define F_DISABLED false
bool flash_enable = false;
bool flash_completed = false;
bool flash_erase = false;
uint8_t flash_string = INITFLASHVALUE;
uint8_t init_value = INIT_ZERO;
uint16_t flash_sequence_hold = INIT_ZERO;
uint8_t current_sequence_length;
```

```
// flashSequence_enable()
// Turns on the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void flashSequence_enable()
{
    flash_completed = false;
    flash_enable = true;
}
//flashSequence_disable()
// Turns off the state machine. Part of the interlock.
void flashSequence_disable()
{
    flash_enable = false;
}
// flashSequence_completed()
// Other state machines can call this to determine if this state machine is finished.
bool flashSequence_completed()
{
    return flash_completed;
}
enum FlashSequenceStates{flash_init, flash_getregion, flash_hold, flash_sequence, flash_complete, flash_wait}
flash_state;
// flashSequence_tick()
// flash sequence state machine
void flashSequence_tick()
    switch(flash_state)
     //flash_init
     // sets the current sequence length
     // resets global bools
     case flash_init:
           current_sequence_length = globals_getSequenceIterationLength();
           flash_completed = F_DISABLED;
           if(flash_enable)
           flash_state = flash_getregion;
           break;
     //flash_getregion
     //draws a square depending on the position of the sequence
     case flash_getregion:
           simonDisplay_drawSquare(globals_getSequenceValue(init_value), flash_erase);
flash_erase = F_ENABLED;
           flash_state = flash_hold;
        break;
     //flash_hold
     //holds full square on the screen for FLASH_HOLD_EXP time
     case flash_hold:
           flash_sequence_hold++;
           if(flash_sequence_hold == FLASH_HOLD_EXP)
           init_value++;
                 \verb|simonDisplay_drawSquare(globals_getSequenceValue(init\_value), flash\_erase);|\\
          flash_erase = F_DISABLED;
flash_sequence_hold = INIT_ZERO;
```

```
flash_state = flash_sequence;
               break;
       //flash sequence
       //determines if the sequence length has been reached
        case flash_sequence:
           if(init_value < current_sequence_length)</pre>
           {
               flash_state = flash_getregion;
           }
           if(init_value >= current_sequence_length)
               flash_state = flash_complete;
           break:
       //flash_complete
       //reinitialies values and adjusts the completed bool
        case flash_complete:
                init_value = INIT_ZERO;
                flash_completed = F_ENABLED;
           if(!flash_enable)
               {
                        flash state = flash init;
               }
               break;
        default:
                flash_state = flash_init;
     }
}
// flashSequence_printIncrementingMessage()
// Print the incrementing sequence message.
void flashSequence_printIncrementingMessage()
{
   display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);// Otherwise, tell the user that you are incrementing the sequence.
display_setCursor(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES); // Roughly centered.
   display_println(INCREMENTING_SEQUENCE_MESSAGE1); // Print the message.
   utils_msDelay(TWO_SECONDS);
                                                         // Hold on for 2 seconds.
   display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
                                                    // Clear the screen.
}
// flashSequence_runTest()
// Runs the flash sequence state machine test using pre-determined sequences and lengths
void flashSequence_runTest()
{
   display_init();
                        // We are using the display.
   display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // Clear the display.
globals_setSequence(flashSequence_testSequence, TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH); // Set the sequence.
flashSequence_enable(); // Enable the flashSequence state machine.
                                                      // Start out with a sequence of length 1.
   int16_t sequenceLength = ONE;
   globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength);
                                                       // Set the iteration length.
// Use a standard text size.
   display_setTextSize(MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE);
   while (1)
                    // Run forever unless you break.
       flashSequence_tick();
                               // tick the state machine.
                               // Provide a 1 ms delay.
       utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
       if(flashSequence_completed())// When you are done flashing the sequence.
       {
           flashSequence_disable(); // Interlock by first disabling the state machine.
```

```
// tick is necessary to advance the state.
    // don't really need this here, just for completeness.
       flashSequence_tick();
       utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                // Finish the interlock by enabling the state machine.
        flashSequence_enable();
       utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                // Wait 1 ms for no good reason.
       sequenceLength++; // Increment the length of the sequence.
        if (sequenceLength > TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH) // Stop if you have done the full sequence.
       {
           break;
       }
       globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength);// Set the length of the pattern.
   }
   // Let the user know that you are finished.
display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
   display_setCursor(PIXEL_COORD_ZERO, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES);
   display_println(RUN_TEST_COMPLETE_MESSAGE);
#ifndef VERIFYSEQUENCE_H_
```

```
#define VERIFYSEQUENCE_H_
enum verifySequence_infoMessage_t
 user_time_out_e,
                              // means that the user waited too long to tap a color.
 user_wrong_sequence_e,
                             // means that the user tapped the wrong color.
 user_correct_sequence_e,
                             // means that the user tapped the correct sequence.
                              // means that the user wants to quite.
 user_quit_e
// State machine will run when enabled.
void verifySequence_enable();
// This is part of the interlock. You disable the state-machine and then enable it again.
void verifySequence_disable();
// Used to detect if there has been a time-out error.
bool verifySequence_isTimeOutError();
// Used to detect if the user tapped the incorrect sequence.
bool verifySequence_isUserInputError();
// Used to detect if the verifySequence state machine has finished verifying.
bool verifySequence_isComplete();
// Standard tick function.
void verifySequence_tick();
// Standard runTest function.
void verifySequence_runTest();
void verifySequence_printInfoMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType);
void verifySequence_eraseInfoMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType);
#endif /* VERIFYSEQUENCE_H_ */
```

```
//simonVerifySequence.c
#include "simonVerifySequence.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include "supportFiles/leds.h"
#include "supportFiles/globalTimer.h"
#include "supportFiles/interrupts.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "clockControl.h"
#include "clockDisplay.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "globals.h"
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include "simonButtonHandler.h"
#include "buttons.h"
#include "supportFiles/utils.h"
#define MESSAGE_X 0
#define MESSAGE_Y (display_width()/4)
#define MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE 2
#DESSAGE_STATING_OVER
#define MESSAGE_STARTING_OVER
#define TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE 10
#define MESSAGE_WAIT_MS 4000 // Display messages for this long.
#define MAX_TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH 4
#define INIT_ZERO 0
#define INVALID_REGION -1
#define BTN0 1
#define V_DISABLED false
#define V_ENABLED true
#define ONE 1
#define ONE_MS 1
#define ZERO 0
uint8_t verifySequence_testSequence[MAX_TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH] = {0, 1, 2, 3};
bool verify_enable = false;
bool verify_completed = false;
bool verify_isTimeOutError =false;
bool verify_isUserInputError= false;
uint16_t timer_waiting = INIT_ZERO;
uint8_t simonRegion = INVALID_REGION;
uint16_t verifyValue = INIT_ZERO;
uint16_t verify_current_sequence_length;
// verifySequence_enable()
// enables the verify sequence state machine
void verifySequence_enable()
{
     verify_enable = true;
}
// verifySequence_disable()
// disables the verify sequence state machine, erases the simon buttons
// disables the button handler state machine
void verifySequence_disable()
{
     simonbuttonHandler_disable();
     simonDisplay_eraseAllButtons();
     verify_enable = false;
}
// verifySequence_isTimeOutError
// Used to detect if there has been a time-out error.
bool verifySequence_isTimeOutError()
{
     return verify_isTimeOutError;
}
// verifySequence_isUserInputError()
```

```
// Used to detect if the user tapped the incorrect sequence.
                                bool verifySequence_isUserInputError()
{
     return verify_isUserInputError;
}
// verifySequence_isComplete()
// Used to detect if the verifySequence state machine has finished verifying.
bool verifySequence_isComplete()
{
     return verify_completed;
}
enum VerifyStates {verify_init, verify_waiting, verify_wait_release, verify_validate, verify_complete, final_state}
verify_state;
// verifySequence tick()
// verify sequence state machine
void verifySequence_tick()
     switch(verify_state)
   //verify_init
   //Resets all error cases and sets all timers to zero
   //Gets the current sequence length
   //enables the button handler
     case verify_init:
       verify_isTimeOutError = V_DISABLED;
       verify_isUserInputError = V_DISABLED;
       verify_completed = V_DISABLED;
       timer_waiting = INIT_ZERO;
      verifyValue = INIT_ZERO;
      verify_current_sequence_length = globals_getSequenceIterationLength();
       if(verify_enable)
       {
             simonbuttonHandler_enable();
             verify_state = verify_waiting;
       }
       break;
   //verify_waiting
   //provides the user with time to touch the screen
   //if the user does not touch before TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE, verify_isTimeOutError occurs
   //disables the button handler after waiting is over
     case verify_waiting:
      timer_waiting++;
      if(timer_waiting == TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE)
      {
         verify_isTimeOutError = V_ENABLED;
         simonbuttonHandler_disable();
         verify_state = verify_complete;
      }
      if(display_isTouched())
         if(!simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected() && timer_waiting < TIMER_EXPIRED_VALUE)
         {
             verify_state = verify_wait_release;
         }
      break;
   //verify_wait_release
   //waits for the user to release the touch screen and disables the button handler
     case verify_wait_release:
      if(simonbuttonHandler_releaseDetected())
```

```
{
           simonRegion = simonbuttonHandler_getRegionNumber();
           timer_waiting = INIT_ZERO;
           simonbuttonHandler_disable();
           verify_state = verify_validate;
       break:
   //verify_validate
    //compares the verifyValue to the sequence value to see if the sequence is over
   //if they are not the same, user input error has occurred
   case verify_validate:
        if(simonRegion == globals_getSequenceValue(verifyValue))
       {
           verifyValue++;
           if(verifyValue == verify_current_sequence_length)
               verifyValue = INIT_ZERO;
               verify_state = verify_complete;
           }
           else
           {
               timer_waiting = INIT_ZERO;
               verify_state = verify_waiting;
               simonbuttonHandler_enable();
           }
       }
       else
        {
           verify_isUserInputError = V_ENABLED;
           verify_state = verify_complete;
       break;
   //verify_complete
   //signifies the state machine has completed
   //restarts if and only if the state machine is enabled
   case verify_complete:
        verify_completed = V_ENABLED;
       timer_waiting = INIT_ZERO;
        if(verify_enable)
           verify_state = verify_init;
       break;
      default:
           verify_state = verify_init;
           break;
      }
/// verifySequence_printInstructions(uint8_t length, bool startingOver)
// Prints the instructions that the user should follow when
// testing the verifySequence state machine.
// Takes an argument that specifies the length of the sequence so that
// the instructions are tailored for the length of the sequence.
// This assumes a simple incrementing pattern so that it is simple to
// instruct the user.
void verifySequence_printInstructions(uint8_t length, bool startingOver)
   display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
                                             // Clear the screen.
   display_setTextSize(MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE);  // Make it readable.
display_setCursor(MESSAGE_X, MESSAGE_Y);  // Rough center.
```

}

```
if (startingOver)// Print a message if you start over.
       display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
                                        // Clear the screen if starting over.
       display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
                                         // Print whit text.
      display_println("Starting Over. ");
   display_println("Tap: ");
   display_println();
   switch (length)
       case 1:
          display_println("red");
          break;
      case 2:
          display_println("red, yellow ");
          break:
      case 3:
          display_println("red, yellow, blue ");
          break:
       case 4:
          display_println("red, yellow, blue, green ");
      default:
          break;
   }
   display_println("in that order.");
   display_println();
   display_println("hold BTN0 to quit.");
}
// incrementSequenceLength(int16_t sequenceLength)
// @param: int16_t sequenceLength
// This will set the sequence to a simple sequential pattern.
// Increment the sequence length making sure to skip over 0.
// Used to change the sequence length during the test.
int16_t incrementSequenceLength(int16_t sequenceLength) {
 int16_t value = (sequenceLength + ONE) % (MAX_TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH + ONE);
   if (value == ZER0)
      value++;
   return value;
}
// verifySequence_printInfroMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType)
// @param: verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType
// Prints out informational messages based upon a message type (see above).
void verifySequence_printInfoMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType)
   display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
   display_setCursor(MESSAGE_X, MESSAGE_Y);
   switch(messageType)
   {
      case user_time_out_e: // Tell the user that they typed too slowly.
    display_println("Error:");
          display_println();
display_println(" User tapped sequence");
          display_println(" too slowly.");
       case user_wrong_sequence_e: // Tell the user that they tapped the wrong color.
          display_println("Error: ");
          display_println();
          display_println(" User tapped the");
display_println(" wrong sequence.");
          break:
```

```
case user_correct_sequence_e: // Tell the user that they were correct.
  display_println("User tapped");
  display_println("the correct sequence.");
                                        // Acknowledge that you are quitting the test.
        case user quit e:
             display_println("quitting runTest().");
        default:
             break:
}
// verifySequence_eraseInfroMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType)
// @param: verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType
// Erases informational messages based upon a message type (see above).
void verifySequence_eraseInfoMessage(verifySequence_infoMessage_t messageType)
    display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
    display_setCursor(MESSAGE_X, MESSAGE_Y);
     switch(messageType)
        case user_time_out_e: // Tell the user that they typed too slowly.
    display_println("Error:");
             display_println();
display_println(" User tapped sequence");
             display_println(" too slowly.");
         case user_wrong_sequence_e: // Tell the user that they tapped the wrong color.
    display_println("Error: ");
             display_println();
display_println(" User tapped the");
             display_println(" wrong sequence.");
             break;
        case user_correct_sequence_e: // Tell the user that they were correct.
  display_println("User tapped");
  display_println("the correct sequence.");
             break;
                                        // Acknowledge that you are quitting the test.
         case user_quit_e:
             display_println("quitting runTest().");
        default:
             break;
}
// verifySequence_runTest()
// Tests the verifySequence state machine.
// It prints instructions to the touch-screen. The user responds by tapping the
// correct colors to match the sequence.
// Users can test the error conditions by waiting too long to tap a color or
// by tapping an incorrect color.
                             **************************
//***********
void verifySequence_runTest()
    display_init(); // Always must do this.
buttons_init(); // Need to use the push-button package so user can quit.
int16_t sequenceLength = ONE; // Start out with a sequence length of 1.
verifySequence_printInstructions(sequenceLength, false); // Tell the user what to do.
    utils_msDelay(MESSAGE_WAIT_MS); // Give them a few seconds to read the instructions.
    simonDisplay_drawAllButtons()
                                      // Now, draw the buttons.
     // Set the test sequence and it's length.
    globals_setSequence(verifySequence_testSequence, MAX_TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH);
    globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength);
     // Enable the verifySequence state machine.
    verifySequence_enable();
                                         // Everything is interlocked, so first enable the machine.
    while (!(buttons_read() & BTN0))// Need to hold button until it quits as you might be stuck in a delay.
```

```
// verifySequence uses the buttonHandler state machine so you need to "tick" both of them.
         verifySequence_tick(); // Advance the verifySequence state machine.
         simonbuttonHandler_tick(); // Advance the buttonHandler state machine.
        utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                         // Wait 1 ms.
        // If the verifySequence state machine has finished, check the result, otherwise just keep ticking both
machines.
    if (verifySequence_isComplete())
    {
       if (verifySequence_isTimeOutError())
                                // Was the user too slow?
        verifySequence_printInfoMessage(user_time_out_e);
                                                                         // Yes, tell the user that they were too slow.
      else if (verifySequence_isUserInputError())
                      // Did the user tap the wrong color?
        verifySequence_printInfoMessage(user_wrong_sequence_e); // Yes, tell them so.
      else
      {
        verifySequence_printInfoMessage(user_correct_sequence_e); // User was correct if you get here.
      utils_msDelay(MESSAGE_WAIT_MS);
      utils_msDelay(MESSAGE_WAIT_MS); // Allow the user to read the message. sequenceLength = incrementSequenceLength(sequenceLength); // Increment the sequence.
      globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength); // Set the length for the verifySequence state machine.
verifySequence_printInstructions(sequenceLength, V_ENABLED); // Print the instructions.
      utils_msDelay(MESSAGE_WAIT_MS);
                                                                        // Let the user read the instructions.
      verifySequence_drawButtons();
                                                                         // Draw the buttons.
      verifySequence_disable();
                                                                        // Interlock: first step of handshake.
      verifySequence_tick();
                                                                        // Advance the verifySequence machine.
      utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
                                                                              // Wait for 1 ms.
      verifySequence_enable();
                                                                         // Interlock: second step of handshake.
                                                                              // Wait 1 ms.
      utils_msDelay(ONE_MS);
    }
  verify Sequence\_printInfoMessage (user\_quit\_e); \quad // \ Quitting, \ print \ out \ an \ informational \ message.
#ifndef SIMONCONTROL_H_
#define SIMONCONTROL_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "globals.h"
#include "simonDisplay.h"
#include "simonButtonHandler.h"
#include "simonFlashSequence.h"
#include "simonVerifySequence.h"
#include <stdio.h>
void SimonControl_tick();
#endif
//SimonControl.c
#include "SimonControl.h"
#include "supportFiles/display.h"
#define INIT_ZERO 0
#define CONTROL_FOUR 4
#define CONTROL_ONE 1
```

#define TEXT_SIZE_TWO 2
#define TEXT_SIZE_FOUR 4

```
#define NEW_LEVEL_SIZE 25
#define SCORE_MESSAGE_SIZE 20
#define NEW_LEVEL_AD_TIMER_EXPIRED 10
#define FINAL_DELAY_EXPIRED 2
#define DISPLAY_SCORE_TIMER_EXPIRED 40
#define SIMON_AD_TIMER_EXPIRED 1
#define WAIT_FOR_PLAYER_TIMER_EXPIRED 30
#define SEQUENCE_SIZE 50
#define LAST_DELAY_EXPIRED 10
#define WAITING_AD_TIMER 20
#define CURSOR_WIDTH display_width()/3.5
#define CURSOR_HEIGHT display_height()/3
#define DISPLAY_WIDTH_EIGHTS display_width()/8
#define DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES display_height()/2
#define DISPLAY_WIDTH_FIFTHS display_width()/5
#define DISPLAY_HEIGHT_THIRDS display_width()/3
#define NEXT_LINE_WIDTH display_width()/7
#define NEXT_LINE_HEIGHT display_height()/3 * 1.5
#define YAY_TIMER_EXPIRED 5
#define LC_EXPIRED 5
#define SIMON "Simon"
#define PROMPT_TOUCH "touch to start game" #define CONGRATULATIONS "Congratulations!"
#define YAY "Yay!"
uint8_t simonControl_sequence[SEQUENCE_SIZE];
uint16_t sequence_length = SEQUENCE_SIZE;
int16_t wait_for_player_timer = 0;
int16_t simon_ad_timer = 0;
int16_t display_score_timer = 0;
int16_t final_delay = 0;
int16_t new_level_ad_timer = 0;
int16_t level = 1;
int16_t squares_per_level = 4;
uint16_t length = 1;
uint16_t last_delay = 0;
uint16_t waiting_ad_timer = 0;
uint16_t sc_yay_count = 0;
uint16_t pread = 0;
uint16_t lc = 0;
uint16_t max_length = 0;
bool screen_erase = true;
bool screen_display = false;
bool show_score = false;
char newLevel_message[NEW_LEVEL_SIZE];
char score_message[SCORE_MESSAGE_SIZE];
enum simonControl_States {sc_init, sc_waiting, sc_flash_pause, sc_debounce, sc_ad_timer, sc_yay_state, sc_flash,
sc_wait_touch, sc_verify, sc_new_level, sc_new_level_ad_timer, sc_display_score,sc_score_running, sc_game_over, sc_last_delay, sc_last_score} sc_state;
//@start_message(bool erase)
//@param: bool erase
//Prints a starting message to the touch screen
//If erase is false, the start message will be printed in white
//If erase is true, the start message will be printed over in black
void start_message(bool erase)
    if(erase == false)
    {
        display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
    }
    else
    {
        display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
    display_setCursor(CURSOR_WIDTH, CURSOR_HEIGHT);
    display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
    display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_FOUR);
    display_println(SIMON);
display_setCursor(NEXT_LINE_WIDTH, NEXT_LINE_HEIGHT);
    display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_TWO);
```

```
display_println(PROMPT_TOUCH);
}
//@new_level_message(bool erase)
//@param: bool erase
//Prints a starting message to the touch screen
//If erase is false, the new level message will be printed in white 
//If erase is true, the new level message will be printed over in black
void new_level_message(bool erase)
   if(erase == false)
   {
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
   else
   {
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
   }
   display_setCursor(DISPLAY_WIDTH_FIFTHS, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_THIRDS );
display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_TWO);
   display_println(CONGRATULATIONS);
   display_setCursor(NEXT_LINE_WIDTH, NEXT_LINE_HEIGHT);
   display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_TWO);
   sprintf(newLevel_message, "touch to start level %2u", level);
   display_println(newLevel_message);
}
//@display_yay(bool erase)
//@param: bool erase
//Prints a starting message to the touch screen
//If erase is false, Yay! will be printed in white
//If erase is true, Yay! will be printed over in black
void display_yay(bool erase)
   if(erase)
   {
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
   }
   else
   {
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
   display_setCursor(DISPLAY_WIDTH_FIFTHS, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_THIRDS);
   display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_FOUR);
   display_println(YAY);
//@show_score_message(bool erase)
//@param: bool erase
//Prints a starting message to the touch screen
//If erase is false, the end level score message will be printed in white
//If erase is true, the end level message will be printed over in black
void show_score_message(bool erase)
   if(erase)
   {
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
   }
   else
      display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
   display_setCursor(DISPLAY_WIDTH_EIGHTS, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES);
   display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_TWO);
   sprintf(score_message, "Longest sequence: %2u", length);
   display_println(score_message);
//@show_lc(bool erase)
```

```
//@param: bool erase
//Prints a starting message to the touch screen
//If erase is false, the longest count message will be printed in white
//If erase is true, the longest count message will be printed over in black
void show_lc(bool erase)
  if(erase)
  {
     display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_BLACK);
  }
  else
  {
     display_setTextColor(DISPLAY_WHITE);
  display_setCursor(DISPLAY_WIDTH_EIGHTS, DISPLAY_HEIGHT_HALVES);
  display_setTextSize(TEXT_SIZE_TW0);
  sprintf(score_message, "Longest sequence: %2u", max_length);
  display_println(score_message);
}
//@screateRandomArray()
// Creates a random number using the rand()
// The array is then set to be the global sequence array
void createRandomArray()
   for(int i = INIT_ZERO; i < SEQUENCE_SIZE; i++)</pre>
  {
      int16_t random = rand() % CONTROL_FOUR;
     simonControl_sequence[i] = random;
  globals_setSequence(simonControl_sequence, sequence_length);
}
//@adjustMaxLength(uint16_t num)
//@param: uint16_t num
//Maximizes the \overline{\text{max\_length}} integer variable to be printed if the game ends prematurely
void adjustMaxLength(uint16_t num)
    if(num > max_length)
      max_length = num;
}
//@SimonControl_tick()
//The Control State Machine
void SimonControl_tick()
{
   switch(sc_state)
     //Initializes the amount of correct presses to zero
      //Disables the state machines so they do not incorrectly run
     //Displays a start screen
      case sc init:
      max_length = INIT_ZERO;
        createRandomArray();
        globals_setSequenceIterationLength(length);
        verifySequence_disable();
        flashSequence_disable();
        start_message();
        sc_state = sc_waiting;
        break;
     //sc_waiting
     //Transitions to the ad_timer debouncer when the screen is touched
```

```
case sc_waiting:
            if(display_isTouched())
                display_clearOldTouchData();
                sc_state = sc_ad_timer;
            break;
        //sc_ad_timer
        //Adds a debounce value for screen presses. Once the value is achieved, it transitions the flash state
        //Else, it returns to the sc_waiting state
        case sc_ad_timer:
            simon_ad_timer++;
            wait_for_player_timer = INIT_ZERO;
            if(display_isTouched() && simon_ad_timer == SIMON_AD_TIMER_EXPIRED)
                 verifySequence_disable();
                start_message(screen_erase);
                flashSequence_enable();
                sc_state = sc_flash;
            else if(!display_isTouched() && simon_ad_timer == SIMON_AD_TIMER_EXPIRED )
                sc_state = sc_waiting;
            break;
       //sc_flash
        //Disables the flashSequence state machine and enables the verifySequence state machine
        case sc_flash:
            simon_ad_timer = INIT_ZERO;
            if(flashSequence_completed())
                flashSequence_disable();
                verifySequence_enable();
                sc_state = sc_verify;
            break;
       //sc verify
        //Once the verifySequence is complete, a transition will occur based on the conditions of verifyComplete
        //If the user does not press fast enough or presses incorrectly, game over occurs
        //If the user completes a level, the yay state occurs
        //If the user completes a sequence and the level is not over, the next flash sequence occurs
       case sc_verify:
            if(verifySequence_isComplete() && (verifySequence_isTimeOutError() || verifySequence_isUserInputError())
)
            {
                verifySequence_disable();
                sc_state = sc_game_over;
            }
            else if(verifySequence_isComplete() && globals_getSequenceIterationLength() == squares_per_level)
                level++;
                verifySequence_disable();
                display_yay(screen_display);
                squares_per_level++;
                sc_state = sc_yay_state;
            else if(verifySequence_isComplete() && globals_getSequenceIterationLength() != squares_per_level)
                length++;
                 verifySequence_disable();
                flashSequence_enable();
                adjustMaxLength(length);
                globals_setSequenceIterationLength(length);
                sc_state = sc_flash;
            }
            break;
```

```
//sc_yay_state
//Congratulates the user on completing a level
//The yay message is displayed up until sc_yay_count equals YAY_TIMER_EXPIRED
//The state machine transitions to a new level
case sc_yay_state:
sc_yay_count++;
if(sc_yay_count == YAY_TIMER_EXPIRED)
         display_yay(screen_erase);
         sc_state = sc_new_level;
break;
//sc_new_level
//Offers the user a chance to play a new, longer level
case sc_new_level:
sc_yay_count = INIT_ZERO;
    new_level_message(display_screen);
    sc_state = sc_wait_touch;
//sc_wait_touch
//If the user accepts a new level before the time expires, the game will continue
//else, the final score state is transitioned to
case sc_wait_touch:
    wait_for_player_timer++;
    if(wait_for_player_timer == WAIT_FOR_PLAYER_TIMER_EXPIRED)
         new_level_message(screen_erase);
        sc_state = sc_display_score;
    }
    if(display_isTouched())
    {
        createRandomArray();
        sc_state = sc_new_level_ad_timer;
    }
    break;
//sc_display_score
//Reinitializes various timer values for a new game
//Shows the score
case sc_display_score:
    wait_for_player_timer = INIT_ZERO;
    display_score_timer = INIT_ZERO;
squares_per_level = CONTROL_FOUR;
level = CONTROL_ONE;
    show_score_message(screen_display);
    sc_state = sc_score_running;
    break;
//sc_score_running
//Displays the score for a given amount of time
//Returns to the init state
case sc_score_running:
    display_score_timer++;
    if(display_score_timer == DISPLAY_SCORE_TIMER_EXPIRED)
    {
        length = CONTROL_ONE;
        show_score_message(screen_erase);
        sc_state = sc_init;
    }
    break;
```

```
//sc_new_level_ad_timer
//Debounces the touch for the user to go to a new level
//Once touched, the game will begin in the flash state
case sc_new_level_ad_timer:
    new_level_ad_timer++;
    if(display_isTouched())
    {
        new_level_message(true);
length = CONTROL_ONE;
        globals_setSequenceIterationLength(length);
        flashSequence_enable();
        new_level_ad_timer=INIT_ZERO;
        sc_state = sc_flash;
    }
    else if(!display_isTouched() && new_level_ad_timer == NEW_LEVEL_AD_TIMER_EXPIRED)
        sc_state = sc_wait_touch;
        new_level_ad_timer=INIT_ZER0;
    }
    break;
//sc_game_over
//Resets values
//Displays the corresponding game over screen for a time FINAL_DELAY_EXPIRED
case sc_game_over:
    final_delay++;
    length = CONTROL_ONE;
    if(final_delay == FINAL_DELAY_EXPIRED || verifySequence_isUserInputError())
    {
        final_delay = INIT_ZERO;
        verifySequence_printInfoMessage(user_wrong_sequence_e);
        sc_state = sc_last_delay;
    }
    if (verifySequence_isTimeOutError())
        final_delay = INIT_ZERO;
        verifySequence_printInfoMessage(user_time_out_e);
        sc_state = sc_last_delay;
    break;
//sc_last_delay
//Holds the game over display on the screen for a time LAST_DELAY_EXPIRED
//Shows the score for the longest count during the game
case sc_last_delay:
last_delay++;
if(last_delay == LAST_DELAY_EXPIRED)
{
        last_delay = INIT_ZERO;
         verifySequence_eraseInfoMessage(user_wrong_sequence_e);
         verifySequence_eraseInfoMessage(user_time_out_e);
         show_lc(display_screen);
         sc_state = sc_last_score;
break;
//sc_last_score
//Shows up the longest count during the game for time LC_EXPIRED
case sc_last_score:
lc++;
if(lc == LC_EXPIRED)
        lc = INIT_ZERO;
         show_lc(screen_erase);
```

```
sc_state = sc_init;
}
break;

default:
    sc_state = sc_init;
    break;
}
```