Technical Note: DICOM Attribute Manipulation Tool: Easily Change Frame of Reference, Series Instance, and Study Instance UID

Running Title: Simple Unlink DICOM Tool

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Disclosures: Brian Anderson has no disclosures. Casey Bojechko has no disclosures.

Funding: None

Research data are available at https://github.com/brianmanderson/Unzip Unlink Csharp

Abstract

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- Background: In radiation oncology, the integration and registration of multiple imaging modalities is often a crucial aspect of the diagnosis and treatment planning process. Often, these images are inherently registered, a useful feature in most cases, but possibly a hindrance when manual adjustments and registration modifications are required. To break this registration requires expert knowledge of file structure or specialized software, posing challenges and potential errors in changing other attributes in the process accidentally. Often clinics have to make do with these imprecise registrations which add uncertainty when creating target contours.
 - Purpose: To address these issues, we present a novel tool designed to simplify the task of changing three often edited attributes: the frame of reference, the series instance unique identifier, and the study instance unique identifier. The tool features an intuitive user interface that empowers practitioners, regardless of their expertise, to effortlessly modify these three key attributes. By focusing on the most frequently edited parameters, our tool minimizes the risk of unintended alterations to other attributes, contributing to increased accuracy and reliability.
 - Methods: The program is written in C#, easily distributed via GitHub or Google drive and compatible with any Windows computer with .NET 4.8 (the standard as of 2023).
- Results: Our tool provides a simple interface for changing the DICOM attributes commonly manipulated in Radiation Oncology.
 - Conclusions: This innovation holds promise for improving the overall workflow efficiency and safety within radiation oncology and radiology, where breaking the frame of refence or changing the series/study unique identifiers is a regular occurrence.

35 Introduction

The Digital Imaging and Communications (DICOM¹) standard creates a technical protocol for the storage and transmission of medical images and helps facilitate communication between multiple vendors and technologies in medicine.

In radiotherapy clinics, there are often circumstances which require modifying the properties of the
DICOM images. As a commonly seen case in stereotactic radiosurgery, all MRI images (T1, T2, FLAIR)
acquired within the same study will have the same frame of reference, or 'Frame of Reference Unique
Identifier (UID)'. This is a feature based on the understanding that the images are acquired in the same
location. Unfortunately, this also means that any motion which occurs between scans cannot be
corrected, as both images share the same Frame of Reference UID. To 'break' this inherent registration,
the DICOM value for Frame of Reference UID must be changed on each scan one wishes to register.

Changing any DICOM value often requires expert knowledge of the DICOM file structure, and specialized software to modify the file. Modifying DICOM properties is prone to error, attributes can be modified unintentionally, or files can be corrupted and hard to recover². Commonly used software can modify a subset of DICOM file attributes. For example, MIM allows the user to anonymize DICOM and change certain attributes, but this also rewrites many other DICOM attributes such as the date and time of creation. Raystation has built-in functionality to assign an exam to a new frame of reference, but this is the only DICOM attribute that can be changed.

To address these gaps, we have created the Unlink program which provides a user-friendly interface to change DICOM attributes which are not readily or easily available in commercial software. The simple interface offers the option to change three potential values: the Frame of Reference, Series Instance UID, and/or Study Instance UID. Users can specify which modality they would like to change and use the built-in unzip/unzip and run if files need to be extracted before being changed. This program, built in C#³, is designed to run on any Windows based computer and is publicly available at [redacted for submission].

Methods

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The program was written using C# and .NET framework 4.8, the current .NET standard at time of creation (2023). All DICOM manipulation was facilitated with the FellowOak DICOM package⁴ and SimpleITK⁵. The main splash screen is shown in Figure 1.

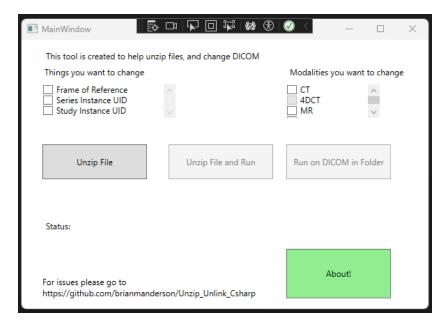


Figure 1: Main splash screen of the program. There are three check boxes of DICOM attributes that can be changed in the top left and three checkboxes for Modalities to change in the top right.

Users can select any or all the options in the upper left: Frame of Reference, Series Instance UID, and Study Instance UID, as well as specify which modalities they would like to change: CT, 4DCT, MR, and/or PET images.

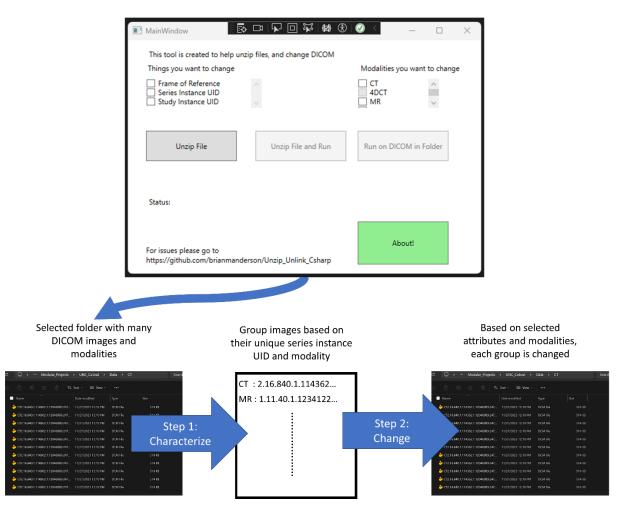
4DCT Registrations

An additional option for 4DCT was added because of the special nature of a 4DCT. Often, a free-breathing scan *and* 4DCT are acquired at the same time. If the user wishes to change the frame of reference UID for the 4DCT, we need to create a unique frame of reference UID that is still consistent across all phases of the 4DCT.

Changing Attributes

- The program runs in two main steps. First, the program groups all files based on their unique Series Instance UIDs and modalities within the selected folder. Second, the DICOM files associated with each Series Instance UID are loaded, and for each selected attribute (Frame of Reference UID, Series instance UID, Study instance UID) the associated tag is changed with the FellowOak package. After all changes, the DICOM file is written over the original DICOM file.
- When the 4DCT option is selected, any CT with the same frame of reference UID will be given a new, consistent frame of reference UID. This means that if the user wishes to break the inherent registration between a free-breathing scan and a 4DCT they will need to run the program on either the 4DCT or the free breathing scan.
- Note that DICOM files are required to be exported from the treatment planning system and need to be in a folder accessible to the computer. Once the DICOM attributes have been changed, the new data can be uploaded to the TPS and further modified.

A visual representation of the entire workflow can be seen in Figure 2. Green bars beneath the 'Status' symbol give real-time feedback of the updating process.



90 Figure 2: Graphical workflow of program

Installation

The solution can be downloaded directly GitHub, or the pre-built executable can be downloaded and installed from https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1e3GzB9LvdCrdba0tZA15_RpG-GwPs_re?usp=sharing.

95 Results

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Verification of the edited DICOM was evaluated within the RayStation treatment planning system. Further evaluation was performed with MIM to ensure that only the desired attributes were changed in the process. We noted that, depending on network speed, changing the attributes of a 125 slice CT scan required approximately seven seconds. When the files are located on the local drive there is a significant increase in speed.

Discussion

The program is only designed to run on the Windows operating system. There is concern that institutional internet security division (ISD) may prevent the downloading of this program. Within our institution we were able to circumnavigate this issue by placing the program on a network drive location which was accessible to the team.

Conclusions

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The program presented here represents an easy, user-friendly method of changing three commonly changed DICOM attributes with a vendor agnostic solution. We have implemented this solution within two clinics: [redacted] and [redacted] with positive feedback from the physics and dosimetry teams. The program is freely available and open for input from the community via GitHub, allowing future updates and improvements as requested.

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