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# National College of Ireland

BSc (Hons) in Computing - Year 1 - Full-time & Part-time – BSHC 1 & BSHCE 1
BSc (Hons) in Business Information Systems Year 1 - Full-time & Part-time BSHBIS 1 & BSHBISE 1
Higher Certificate in Computing Applications & Support - Year 1 Full-time & Part-time – HCC 1 & HCCE 1

BA (Ord) in Management of Technology in Business Year 1 - Full-time - BAMTB 1

Semester One Examinations – 2011/2012

Monday 9th January, 2012 6.30pm – 8.30pm

# **Introduction to Programming**

Mr. Tom Nolan Mr. Ciaran O'Leary Dr. Thomas Newe Ms. Frances Sheridan Mr. Michael Bradford

Answer Section A and One Question from Section B

**Duration of exam:** 2 hours

Attachments: None

# **Section A** (60 marks)

# Question 1.

- a) Given that Vehicle is a predefined instantiable class, how do you declare an instance of the Vehicle class named oldBanger?
  - (i) oldBanger Vehicle;
  - (ii) Vehicle oldBanger;
  - (iii) oldBanger = Vehicle;
  - (iv) new Vehicle oldBanger;

(10 marks)

- b) Write code segments for two of the following:
- 18.0A.13 12:0A:13 Declare a string variable and assign if the following string: "Java is a type of (i) coffee"
  - (ii) Declare a constant named PI set to the value 3.14.
  - Declare two integer variables and initialise them both to the value 15 . (iii)
  - Declare a boolean variable and initialise it to the value false. (iv)

(10 marks)

- c) Develop a method, which determines whether or not a given integer value is even or odd. The value of the integer should be passed as a parameter to the method and the method's return type should be a boolean. (20 marks)
- d) The DistanceConversion class is listed in **Appendix A**. The purpose of the class is to convert a distance specified in miles to kilometres and vice versa. Develop a class that uses an instance of the DistanceConversion class. Show clearly how each of its methods can be invoked to perform the following conversions:
  - Convert 10 miles to kilometers. (i)
  - Convert 32 kilometers to miles. (ii)

(20 marks)

# Section B (40 marks)

# Question 2.

a) Develop a code segment, which allows the user to enter 5 numbers, and calculate the product of the numbers (i.e., the result of multiplying the numbers together).

(10 marks)

b) The purpose of the following method is to determine if two doubles (num1 and num2) are within a certain range (num3) of each other. The method returns a value of either true or false. Some code has been omitted. Fill in the missing code:

```
public _____ inRange(double num1, double _____, double num3){
    double ____;
    boolean result = false;
    difference = Math.abs(num1 - num2); // calculate absolute value
    if (difference <= num3) {
        ____ = true;
    }
    ____ result;
}</pre>
```

c) A T-shirt store has an application that calculates and displays the price of an order. The user enters the number of T-shirts they wish to buy. The total cost is calculated based on the assumption that each T-shirt costs €15.50.

Develop an instantiable class for this application which includes:

- (i) A class definition
- (ii) Suitable data members (instance variables)
- (iii) A constructor
- (iv) A set method (mutator) to set the number of T-shirts ordered
- (v) A compute method to calculate total order cost
- (vi) A get (accessor) method that returns the total order cost

(20 marks)

# Question 3.

a) Develop a code segment, which allows the user to enter 2 numbers, and calculate whether the sum of the two numbers is an odd or an even number.

(10 marks)

b) The purpose of the following program is to output the message "Hello World!" to the screen. Some code has been omitted. Fill in the missing code:

```
public _____ HelloWorldApp {
    public ____ void main(___ args[]){
        ____.out.___("Hello World!");
    }
}
(10 marks)
```

c) A geometry application calculates and displays the area of a circle. The user enters the radius value of the circle. The area is then calculated using the formula:

```
area of circle of radius r = \pi * r * r (with \pi = 3.14).
```

Develop an instantiable class for this application which includes:

- (i) A class definition
- (ii) Suitable data members (instance variables)
- (iii) A constructor
- (iv) A set method (mutator) to set the radius value of the circle
- (v) A compute method to calculate area of the circle
- (vi) A get (accessor) method that returns the area value

(20 marks)

# Appendix A.

```
DistanceConversion.java
 * Written by: MB
   public DistanceConversion(){
   miles = 0;
   kilometers = 0;
}
ublic void se+**
   miler
 * Written on: Semester 1
class DistanceConversion {
        miles = m;
    }
    public double getMiles(){
        return miles;
    }
    public void setKilometers(double k){
        kilometers = k;
    }
    public double getKilometers(){
        return kilometers;
    }
    public void convertMilesToKilometers(){
        kilometers = miles * (8/5);
    }
    public void convertKilometersToMiles(){
        miles = kilometers * (5/8);
    }
}
```