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/* #####
# PROJECT: Final Project
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# DESC: *add description*
# STARTED March 15th, 2022##### */

/* included libraries */
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "LinkedList.h"
#include "lcd.h"

/* Global Variables */
volatile char STATE;
volatile unsigned char pauseButton = 1; // ↗
    variable to treat the ESTOP like a pause button for purposes of running

/* DC motor belt variables */
volatile unsigned char dcBeltBrake = 0b11111111; // ↗
    bits that correspond to DC motor brake using VCC only, not GND
volatile unsigned char dcBeltBwd = 0b10001101; // ↗
    bits that correspond to DC motor rotating forwards
volatile unsigned char dcBeltFwd = 0b10001110; // ↗
    bits that correspond to DC motor rotating backwards
volatile unsigned char motorDirection = 0b10001101; // ↗
    initialize the current belt motor direction to forwards

/* turntable stepper variables */
int stepRotation[4] = {0b00110110, 0b00101110, 0b00101101, 0b00110101}; // ↗
    create array with 4 different PWM steps, pulses two poles at once
volatile int stepCounter = 0; // ↗
    step counter varies from 0->3
volatile int turntableSteps = 0; // set ↗
    variable to store the state of the current step
volatile unsigned char dutyCycle = 0xC0; // set ↗
    PWM. Alternative values are(50%=0x80, 60%=9A, 65%=41 70%=B4,75%=C0 80%=CD, 85%
    =D8,90%=E6,95%=F0, 100%==FF)

// global variables to use for the linked list
#define CW 1
#define CCW 0
#define BLK 1
#define STL 2
#define WHT 3
#define ALU 4

// Arrays modelling the Trapezoidal function. deprecated as S Curve had better ↗

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[illegible]

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volatile unsigned int pausewhiteCount    = 0;
volatile unsigned int pauseblackCount    = 0;
volatile unsigned int totalCount         = 0;
volatile unsigned int onBelt = 0;          // variable used to track values
still in the linked list, not yet sorted

// size of linked list variable
int sizeOfList = 0;

// variables to track the maximum ADC value for each part. Varies for each station
int ALUM_MAX = 100;
int STL_MAX = 700;
int WHITEPLASTIC_MAX = 930;
int BLACKPLASTIC_MAX = 1000;

// variable to track what position the table is in
volatile unsigned char tablePosition = 0;    // empty variable
volatile unsigned char rotation = CW;        // for turntable efficiencies, set it
initially to clockwise rotation

/* Function declarations */
void mcuTimer(int count);
void rampTimer();
void milliTimer(int count);
void generalConfig();
void pwmConfig();
int sortControl(int direction, int steps);
void sortStepper(int currentPosition, int desiredPosition);
void stepperHome();
void DCMotorControl(char beltState);
int classifyPart(int ADC_RESULT);

int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    CLKPR = 0x80;          // allow cpu clock to be adjusted
    CLKPR = 0x01;          // sets system clock to 8MHz clk/2
    STATE = 0;             // ready to poll

    // LCD initialization and get port readouts. note its a 16W * 2H display
    InitLCD(LS_BLINK|LS_ULINE);    // initialize LCD module
    LCDClear();                    // cler display

    /*FIFO Function*/
    link *head;                 // The ptr to the head of the queue
    link *tail;                 // The ptr to the tail of the queue
    link *newLink;              // A ptr to a link aggregate data type
    (struct)
    link *rtnLink;              // same as the above
    rtnLink = NULL;
    newLink = NULL;
    setup(&head, &tail);

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/*END FIFO Function*/

cli(); // Disables all interrupts
generalConfig(); // initialize port settings, interrupt settings, and ADC settings
pwmConfig(dutyCycle); // initialize the PWM to the duty cycle set in the global variable declarations
sei(); // Global Enable for all interrupts
stepperHome(); // get stepper homed at position BLACKPLASTIC
DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd); // start belt in forward direction

goto POLLING_STAGE;

// POLLING STATE
POLLING_STAGE: // State 0

switch(STATE){
    case (0) :
        goto POLLING_STAGE;

        break; // not needed but syntax is correct
    case (1) :
        goto PAUSE;
        break;
    case (2) :
        goto REFLECTIVE_STAGE;
        break;
    case (3) :
        goto SORTING_STAGE;
        break;
    case (4) :
        goto RAMP_DOWN;
    case (5):
        goto END;
    default :
        goto POLLING_STAGE;
}

PAUSE: //State 1
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake); // stop belt

    onBelt = size(&head, &tail); // determine size of linked list
    pauseblackCount = blackCount; // pass total count values to the pause state values
    pausewhiteCount = whiteCount;
    pausesteelCount = steelCount;
    pausealuminumCount = aluminumCount;

    for (int j = 0; j<onBelt; j++){ // loop through items in the linked list
        int listHead;

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        listHead = head->e.itemCode;                // peak at head of linked list
        list
        head = head->next; // go to next list item
        if (listHead == BLK){                        // remove that item from
            the sorted list, as it's still on the belt
            pauseblackCount--;
        } else if(listHead == WHT){
            pausewhiteCount--;
        } else if (listHead == STL){
            pausesteelCount--;
        } else if (listHead == ALU){
            pausealuminumCount--;
        }
    } // end for

    LCDWriteStringXY(0,0,"S:");                      // print off the
        current count
    LCDWriteIntXY(2,0,pausesteelCount,2);
    LCDWriteStringXY(4,0,"A:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(6,0,pausealuminumCount,2);

    LCDWriteStringXY(8,0,"W:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(10,0,pausewhiteCount,2);
    LCDWriteStringXY(12,0,"B:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(14,0,pauseblackCount,2);

    LCDWriteStringXY(0,1,"ON BELT:");                // print off the
        current size of the linked list (unsorted pieces)
    LCDWriteIntXY(9,1,onBelt,1);

    while(pauseButton == 0);                          // wait to reset
    ADC_RESULT = 2000;                                // set ADC result high
        so it reads properly after pausing
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);                        // restart belt

    STATE = 0;                                         // back to polling,
        restart belt
    goto POLLING_STAGE;

REFLECTIVE_STAGE: // State 2
// logic for characterizing the item and storing it in the linked list
    initLink(&newLink);                              // initialize new link
        connection
    newLink->e.itemCode = (classifyPart(ADC_RESULT)); // classify item and
        put value into itemCode
    enqueue(&head, &tail, &newLink);                // take data and
        create new link
    // LCDWriteIntXY(0,1,ADC_RESULT,4);                // ADC READOUT VALUES
        FOR TESTING
    //LCDWriteStringXY(7,1,"<-ADC VAL");                // ADC READOUT VALUES
        FOR TESTING
    ADC_RESULT=2000;                                // use some

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        arbitrarily large number to reset the ADC high

STATE = 0;          // reset state once part is done being classified
goto POLLING_STAGE;

SORTING_STAGE: //State 3
// belt needs to slow, turntable needs to move to correct position, and belt ↗
needs to feed the part in
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);          // stop the belt ↗

    sortStepper(tablePosition, head->e.itemCode);    // call sorting ↗
    function with current list head, and previous list head ↗

    dequeue(&tail, &head, &rtnLink);          // remove link @ head ↗
    of linked list
    free(rtnLink);          // free up memory ↗
    after removing list item
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);          // restart belt in ↗
    forward direction

STATE = 0;          // go back to POLLING_STAGE
goto POLLING_STAGE;

RAMP_DOWN: // State 4
// process the remaining parts on the belt, then readout the total count of ↗
parts
    cli();          // disable all ↗
    interrupts
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);          // stop the belt
    LCDClear();
    LCDWriteStringXY(0,0,"S:");          // print count of all ↗
    sorted items
    LCDWriteIntXY(2,0,steelCount,2);
    LCDWriteStringXY(4,0,"A:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(6,0,aluminumCount,2);

    LCDWriteStringXY(8,0,"W:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(10,0,whiteCount,2);
    LCDWriteStringXY(12,0,"B:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(14,0,blackCount,2);

    onBelt = size(&head, &tail);          // calculate sizeof ↗
    list, return size as an int
    LCDWriteStringXY(0,1,"ON BELT:");
    LCDWriteIntXY(10,1,onBelt,1);

STATE = 5; // go back to END
goto END;

END: // State 5

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        // Stop everything here...'MAKE SAFE'
        PORTC = 0xFF; // all red LED's to
        indicate program ended

        STATE = 5;
        return(0); // end
    }

    // ISR0 for exit optical sensor, EX, uses PD0, pin21
    // exit optical sensor is active low
    ISR(INT0_vect){
        if((PIND &0b00000001) == 0b00000000){ // initial compare
            statement to detect input //
            STATE = 3; // go to SORTING State
        }
    }

    // ISR1 for entry optical sensor, OR. uses PD1, pin 20
    ISR(INT1_vect){
        if ((PIND & 0x02) == 0x02){ // if sensor is
            detecting a part //
            ADCSRA |= _BV(ADSC); // start single ADC
            conversion //
        }
    }

    // ISR2 for right PB. uses PD3, pin 19 *RISING EDGE*
    // ISR for generating an PAUSE condition
    ISR(INT2_vect){
        //PAUSE LOGIC
        if((PIND &0b0000100) == 0b0000100){ // initial compare
            statement to detect button press //
            mcuTimer(20); // debounce delay
            pauseButton = (pauseButton+1)%2; // flip button state
            STATE = 1; // go to PAUSE state
            while((PIND &0b0000100) == 0b0000100); // check to see if
            button is released //
            mcuTimer(20); // debounce delay
        }
    }

    // ISR3 for left PB. uses PD3, pin 18 *FALLING EDGE*
    // function to handle RAMPDOWN condition. let belt run until the linked list is empty,
    // then end the program
    ISR(INT3_vect){
        //RAMP DOWN
        if((PIND &0b00001000) == 0b00000000){ // initial compare
            statement to detect button press //
            mcuTimer(20); // debounce delay
            rampTimer(); // use separate timer
            to let belt run idle before stopping
        }
    }

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        while((PIND & 0b00001000) == 0b00001000);    // check to see if
            button is released
        mcuTimer(20);    // debounce delay

    }
}

// ISR5 for Hall effect sensor (HE) built into the turntable PE5, pin 3
ISR(INT5_vect){
    STAGE_4_HE_FLAG = 1;    // trigger to indicate turntable HE sensor
    is in position
}

// Timer3 interrupt routine for the rampdown delay
ISR(TIMER3_COMPA_vect){
    STATE = 4;    // when TIM3 OCR == set value, goes to
    rampdown state
}

// ADC interrupt for classifying parts
ISR(ADC_vect){
    if ((ADC) < ADC_RESULT){
        ADC_RESULT = ADC;    // maintain the lowest ADC reading for
        part detection
    }
    if((PIND & 0x02) == 0x02){
        ADCSRA |= _BV(ADSC);    // object is in front on ADC sensor
        // start new ADC measurement
    } else if((PIND & 0x02) == 0x00){
        STATE = 2;    // object is not in front of sensor
        // goto reflective state
    }
}

// in case of bugs, this ISR is called to display flashing lights
ISR(BADISR_vect){
    PORTC = 0b10101010;    //blink state 1
    mcuTimer(100);    //time delay
    PORTC = 0b01010101;    //blink state 2
    mcuTimer(100);    //time delay
}

//end ISR BADISR_vect

void generalConfig(){
    // IO configuration
    DDRA = 0xFF;    // set all port A
    pins as output for the stepper motor
    DDRB = 0xFF;    // set all port B
    pins as output for DC motor drive
    DDRC = 0xFF;    // set all port C
    pins as output, LCD/LED's for debugging
    DDRD = 0xF0;    // set rightmost 4
    pins, PORTD(0,3) as output, rightmost pins (4-7) = input for INT 2 & INT 3
    DDRE = 0x00;    // set all port E
    pins as input, for interrupts
    DDRF = 0x00;    // set all port F
}

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    pins as inputs, with the ADC using port F for interrupts
    DDRL = 0xFF; // use port L to
    display blinky lights

// interrupt configuration
EIMSK |= _BV(INT0) | _BV(INT1) | _BV(INT2) | _BV(INT3) | _BV(INT5); // enable
interrupts 0-5
EICRA |= _BV(ISC01); // INT0 falling
edge
EICRA |= (_BV(ISC11) | _BV(ISC10)); // INT1 rising
edge
EICRA |= (_BV(ISC20) | _BV(ISC21)); // INT2 rising
edge
EICRA |= _BV(ISC31); // INT3 falling
edge
EICRB |= _BV(ISC51); // INT5 falling
edge

// ADC configuration
ADCSRA |= _BV(ADEN); // enable ADC
ADCSRA |= _BV(ADIFR); // enable ADC
interrupts
ADMUX |= _BV(REFS0); // AVcc with
external cap at AREF pin, Table 26-3 has more options
ADMUX |= _BV(MUX0); // select ADC1
channel
return;
} // end interruptConfig

// PWM configuration
void pwmConfig(int dutyCycle){
    TCCR0A |= _BV(WGM01) | _BV(WGM00); // set timer
    counter control register A WGM01:0 bit to 1 to enable fast PWM mode
    TCCR0A |= _BV(COM0A1); // enable compare
    output mode for fast PWM to clear output compare OC0A on compare match to set
    OC0A at bottom (non-inverting)
    TCCR0B |= _BV(CS01); // timer counter
    control register B so that the clock is scaled by clk/64 to moderate the DC
    motor speed
    OCR0A = dutyCycle; // set output
    compare register to the ADC's result
    return;
}

// Tidier way of controlling the way the motor runs. Either FWD or STOP
void DCMotorControl(char beltState){
    PORTB = beltState;
}

// function to home the turntable that rotates N number of steps until the HE sensor
is set, and at the BLACKPLASTIC drop position
void stepperHome(){

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while (STAGE_4_HE_FLAG == 0 ){
    //run clockwise routine
    stepCounter++;
    counter
    if(stepCounter > 3){
        stepCounter = 0;
        when it reaches the end
    }//end if
    PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];
    step rotation array
    milliTimer(200);
} //endwhile
tablePosition = BLK;
position
return;
}

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//Stepper Control Function
// function that is passed the desired direction and steps, and runs the S Curve
array, and drops the part before it finishes its rotation for efficiency
int sortControl(int direction, int steps){
    //each step is 1.8 degrees, so scale degrees to follow the stepper. adjust for %5
    tolerance

    if (steps == 100){
        turn is needed
        //array of values mapped to an S Curve acceleration over 100 steps (180
        degrees)
        if (direction ==CCW){
            for (int j=0; j< steps-5; j++){
                stepCounter++;
                counter
                if(stepCounter > 3){
                    stepCounter = 0;
                    when it reaches the end
                }//end if
                PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];
                step rotation array
                milliTimer(accProfile100[j]);
                95 steps of S Curve
            }//close for loop

            DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);
            enough to unload part, then finish turntable steps
            mcuTimer(5);
            DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);

            for (int k=95; k<steps; k++){
                stepCounter++;
                counter
                if(stepCounter > 3){
                    stepCounter = 0;

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        when it reaches the end
    } //end if
    PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];           // cycle through the
    step rotation array
    milliTimer(accProfile100[k]);                // delay using last 5
    steps of S Curve
}
} else if (direction == CW){
    for (int j=0; j< steps-5; j++){
        stepCounter--;                           // decrement step
        counter
        if(stepCounter < 0 ){
            stepCounter = 3;                     // reset array index
            when it reaches the end
        } //end if stepcount=0
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];       // cycle through the
        step rotation array
        milliTimer(accProfile100[j]);            // delay using first
        95 steps of S Curve
    } //end for step<j

    DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);                   // pulse belt long
    enough to unload part, then finish turntable steps
    mcuTimer(5);
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);
    for (int k=95; k< steps; k++){
        stepCounter--;                           // decrement step
        counter
        if(stepCounter < 0 ){
            stepCounter = 3;                     // reset array index
            when it reaches the end
        } //end if stepcount=0
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];       // cycle through the
        step rotation array
        milliTimer(accProfile100[k]);            // delay using last 5
        steps of S Curve
    }
} //end if direction = 0

} else if (steps ==50){                          // elseif a 90 degree
turn is needed
//array of values mapped to an S Curve acceleration over 50 steps (90 degrees)
if (direction == CCW){
    for (int j=0; j< steps-5; j++){
        stepCounter++;                           // increment step
        counter
        if(stepCounter > 3){
            stepCounter = 0;                     // reset array index
            when it reaches the end
        } //end if
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];       // cycle through the
        step rotation array

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        milliTimer(accProfile50[j]);
    } // end for k

    DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);                // pulse belt long
    enough to unload part, then finish turntable steps
    mcuTimer(5);
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);

    for(int k=45; k<steps; k++){
        stepCounter++;                        // increment step
        counter
        if(stepCounter > 3){
            stepCounter = 0;                  // reset array index
        when it reaches the end
        } //end if
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];    // cycle through the
        step rotation array
        milliTimer(accProfile50[k]);          // delay using last 5
        steps of S Curve
    } // end for k

} else if (direction ==CW){
    //run clockwise routine
    for (int j=0; j< steps-5; j++){
        stepCounter--;                        // decrement step
        counter
        if(stepCounter < 0 ){
            stepCounter = 3;                  // reset array index
        when it reaches the end
        } //end if stepcount=0
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];    // cycle through the
        step rotation array
        milliTimer(accProfile50[j]);          // delay using first
        45 steps of S Curve
    } //end for step<j

    DCMotorControl(dcBeltFwd);                // pulse belt long
    enough to unload part, then finish turntable steps
    mcuTimer(5);
    DCMotorControl(dcBeltBrake);

    for (int k=45; k< steps; k++){
        stepCounter--;                        // decrement step
        counter
        if(stepCounter < 0 ){
            stepCounter = 3;                  // reset array index
        when it reaches the end
        } //end if stepcount=0
        PORTA = stepRotation[stepCounter];    // cycle through the
        step rotation array
        milliTimer(accProfile50[k]);          // delay using last 5
        steps of S Curve
    }
}

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        } //end for step<k
    } // end 50 steps
}
return (0);
} //end of sortControl function

// function to determine how much the stepper motor has to correct, given the
// difference between the current position and the desired position
void sortStepper(int currentPosition, int desiredPosition){
    int delta = (desiredPosition - currentPosition);
    if ((delta == 3) || (delta == -1)){           // if the difference is 90
        degrees CCW away                         // rotate 50 ticks (90
        sortControl(CCW,50);                      //
        degrees) CCW;
        rotation = CCW;
        mcuTimer(80);                             // time delay for gradual S
        Curve
    } else if ((delta == -3) || (delta == 1)){     // if the difference is 90
        degrees CW away                         // rotate 50 ticks (90
        sortControl(CW,50);                      //
        degrees) CW;
        rotation = CW;
        mcuTimer(80);                             // time delay for gradual S
        Curve
    } else if ((delta == -2) || (delta == 2)){     // if the difference is 180
        degrees away                         // rotate 100 ticks (180
        sortControl(rotation,100);               //
        degrees) CW;
        mcuTimer(80);                             // time delay for gradual S
        Curve
    } else {
        sortControl(CW,0);                      // if table is at correct
        position, stay                          //
    } // end if else
    tablePosition = desiredPosition;             // update delta
    return;
} // end sortStepper

// function to classify item based on ADC reading
int classifyPart(int ADC_RESULT){
    int classPart =0;
    if ((ADC_RESULT <= ALUM_MAX)){
        classPart = ALU;
        aluminumCount +=1;
        totalCount++;
    } else if(ADC_RESULT <= STL_MAX){
        classPart = STL;
        steelCount +=1;
        totalCount++;
    } else if (ADC_RESULT <= WHITEPLASTIC_MAX){
        classPart = WHT;
        whiteCount +=1;
    }
}

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        totalCount++;
    } else if (ADC_RESULT <= BLACKPLASTIC_MAX){
        classPart = BLK;
        blackCount +=1;
        totalCount++;
    }
    return classPart;
} // end sortedPart

// clock functions
// timer that delays for the count in millis
void mcuTimer(int count){
    int i=0; //counting variable
    TCCR1B |= _BV(CS11); //clock prescalar by clk/8 = 1MHz
    TCCR1B |= _BV(WGM12); //clear OCR1 on compare match, set output low
    OCR1A = 0x03E8; // write output compare register to hex value ↗
    of 1000
    TCNT1 = 0x0000; //set the initial timer/counter value to 0
    while(i<count){ //loop to check and see if the passed ↗
        millisecond value is equal to our interrupt flag
        if ((TIFR1 & 0x02) == 0x02){ // *4* time comparison if
            TIFR1 |= _BV(OCF1A); //set timer/counter interrupt flag so the ↗
            interrupt can execute
            i++; //increment
        } // *4* end if
    } // *2* end while loop comparing out count up case
    return; //exit timer function
} // end clock function 1

// secondary timer that relies on a separate interrupt status
void rampTimer(){
    PORTL=0xFF; //indicate rampTimer is active
    TCCR3B |= _BV(WGM32); //clear OCR3 on compare match, set output low
    TCCR3B |= _BV(CS30) | _BV(CS32); //clock prescalar by clk/1024 from prescalar, ↗
    8MHz/1024 = 7.3kHz
    OCR3A = 0xFFFF; // write output compare register to hex value ↗
    of 15
    TCNT3 = 0x0000; //set the initial timer/counter value to 0
    TIMSK3 |= _BV(OCIE3A); //set timer/counter output compare A match ↗
    interrupt enable
    TIFR3 |= _BV(OCF3A); //set timer/counter flag register = 1 so the ↗
    flag executes when interrupt flag TCNT1 == OCRA1
    return; //exit timer function
} //end clock function 1

// third timer downscaled further to allow for smoother operation of the turntable
void milliTimer(int count){
    int i=0; //counting variable
    TCCR5B |= _BV(CS51); //clock prescalar by clk/8
    TCCR5B |= _BV(WGM52); //clear OCR1 on compare match, set output low
    OCR5A = 0x064; // write output compare register to hex value ↗
    of 100

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    TCNT5 = 0x0000;           //set the initial timer/counter value to 0
    while(i<count){           //loop to check and see if the passed
        millisecond value is equal to our interrupt flag
        if ((TIFR5 & 0x02) == 0x02){ //4* time comparison if
            TIFR5 |= _BV(OCF5A); //set timer/counter interrupt flag so the
            interrupt can execute
            i++;                //increment
        } //4*end if
    } //2*end while loop comparing out count up case
    return; //exit timer function
} // end clock function 1

/***** Linked List Functions *****/

/
*****
**
* DESC: initializes the linked queue to 'NULL' status
* INPUT: the head and tail pointers by reference
*/
void setup(link **h, link **t){
    *h = NULL; // Point the head to NOTHING (NULL) */
    *t = NULL; // Point the tail to NOTHING (NULL) */
    return;
} /*setup*/

/
*****
**
* DESC: This initializes a link and returns the pointer to the new link or NULL if
error
* INPUT: the head and tail pointers by reference
*/
void initLink(link **newLink){
    //link *l;
    *newLink = malloc(sizeof(link));
    (*newLink)->next = NULL;
    return;
} /*initLink*/

/
*****
****
* DESC: Accepts as input a new link by reference, and assigns the head and tail
* of the queue accordingly
* INPUT: the head and tail pointers, and a pointer to the new link that was created
*/
/* will put an item at the tail of the queue */
void enqueue(link **h, link **t, link **nL){
    if (*t != NULL){
        /* Not an empty queue */

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    (*t)->next = *nL;
    *t = *nL; //(*t)->next;
}/*if*/
else{
    /* It's an empty Queue */
    //(*h)->next = *nL;
    //should be this
    *h = *nL;
    *t = *nL;
}/* else */
return;
}/*enqueue*/

/
*****
**
* DESC : Removes the link from the head of the list and assigns it to deQueuedLink
* INPUT: The head and tail pointers, and a ptr 'deQueuedLink'
*       which the removed link will be assigned to
*/
/* This will remove the link and element within the link from the head of the queue */
void dequeue(link ** t, link **h, link **deQueuedLink){
    /* ENTER YOUR CODE HERE */
    *deQueuedLink = *h; // Will set to NULL if Head points to NULL
    /* Ensure it is not an empty queue */
    if (*h != NULL){
        *h = (*h)->next;
        if (*h == NULL){
            *t = NULL;
            printf("Linked List is Empty");
        }
    } else{
        /* It's an empty Queue */
        *t = NULL;
        printf("Linked List is Empty");
    }/* else */
    return;
}/*dequeue*/

/
*****
**
* DESC: Peeks at the first element in the list
* INPUT: The head pointer
* RETURNS: The element contained within the queue
*/
/* This simply allows you to peek at the head element of the queue and returns a NULL
pointer if empty */
element firstValue(link **h){
    return((*h)->e);
}/*firstValue*/

```



```

/
*****
**
* DESC: deallocates (frees) all the memory consumed by the Queue
* INPUT: the pointers to the head and the tail
*/
/* This clears the queue */
void clearQueue(link **h, link **t){
    link *temp;
    while (*h != NULL){
        temp = *h;
        *h=(*h)->next;
        free(temp);
    }/*while*/
    /* Last but not least set the tail to NULL */
    *t = NULL;
    return;
}/*clearQueue*/

/
*****
**
* DESC: Checks to see whether the queue is empty or not
* INPUT: The head pointer
* RETURNS: 1:if the queue is empty, and 0:if the queue is NOT empty
*/
/* Check to see if the queue is empty */
char isEmpty(link **h){
    /* ENTER YOUR CODE HERE */
    return(*h == NULL);
}/*isEmpty*/

/
*****
**
* DESC: Obtains the number of links in the queue
* INPUT: The head and tail pointer
* RETURNS: An integer with the number of links in the queue
*/
/* returns the size of the queue*/
int size(link **h, link **t){
    link *temp; /* will store the link while traversing the queue */
    int numElements;
    numElements = 0;
    temp = *h; /* point to the first item in the list */
    while(temp != NULL){
        numElements++;
        temp = temp->next;
    }/*while*/
    return(numElements);
}/*size*/

```

```
/*  
Wiring Guide  
HE SENSOR - pin3 INT5 something  
OR SENSOR - pin20 ISR1  
RL SENSOR - pinA1, ADC1  
EX SENSOR - Pin21, ISR0  
CONNECT GROUND PIN  
*/
```