```
Setting up the environment

    Download the dataset from <u>here</u>

    For setting up the elastic instance I suggest to use a docker image.

    Make sure you have docker installed.

    Run the below command. This will launch an elastic instance

          • docker run -p 8200:9200 -p 8600:9600 -e "discovery.type=single-node" amazon/opendistro-for-elasticsearch:1.8.0

    Download the sentence encoder from <u>here</u>

          • I have used the opendistro's elastic search as they provide inbuilt Approximate Nearest Neighbors implementation. It uses nmslib's implementation for

    HNSW tops the benchmarks

        Importing libraries
 In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from tqdm import tqdm
         import json
         import time
         import sys
         from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
         from elasticsearch.helpers import bulk
         import csv
         import tensorflow as tf
         import tensorflow_hub as hub
         import warnings
         from flask import jsonify
         from flask import Flask
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
        Connecting to the elastic instance
 In [2]: def connect2ES():
            This function creates a connection to the elastic search instance
            we provide the appropriate host name, port number, and authentication
            details.
            es = Elasticsearch([{'host': 'localhost', 'port': '8200', 'use_ssl':True, 'verify_certs':False}], http_auth=('admi
         n', 'admin'))
            if es.ping():
                    print('Connected to ES!')
            else:
                    print('Could not connect!')
            return es
         Loading the universal sentence encoder model
 In [3]: embed = hub.load("./use4")
         Defining the index schema for elastic search
 In [4]: def createSchema(es):
                Creates a new index in the elastic search.
                Defines appropriate schema for the index.
                We define
                                 => text
                    title_vector => knn_vector
             1.1.1
            #Refer: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/mapping.html
            # Mapping: Structure of the index
            # Property/Field: name and type
            b = {
              "settings": {
                "index": {
                  "knn": True,
                  "knn.space_type": "cosinesimil"
              },
               "mappings": {
                "properties": {
                    "title":{
                        "type":"text"
                  "title_vector": {
                    "type": "knn_vector", # Helps to find approximate k nearest neighbours
                    "dimension": 512
            ret = es.indices.create(index='questions-index', ignore=400, body=b)
            print(json.dumps(ret,indent=4))
         Data ingestion
 In [5]: def dataIngestion(es, NUM_QUESTIONS_INDEXED):
            This function helps us in ingesting the data into the
            elastic search index
            Here we index the title vector and the title.
            start_time = time.time()
            # Col-Names: Id, OwnerUserId, CreationDate, ClosedDate, Score, Title, Body
            cnt=0
            with open('Questions.csv', encoding="latin1") as csvfile:
                readCSV = csv.reader(csvfile, delimiter=',' )
                next(readCSV, None) # skip the headers
                for row in (readCSV):
                    doc_id = row[0];
                    title = row[5];
                    body = row[6]
                    vec = tf.make_ndarray(tf.make_tensor_proto(embed([title]))).tolist()[0]
                    b = {
                         "title":title,
                         "title_vector":vec,
                    res = es.index(index="questions-index", id=doc_id, body=b)
                    cnt += 1
                    if cnt%1000==0:
                        print(cnt)
                    if cnt == NUM_QUESTIONS_INDEXED:
                        break;
                print("Completed indexing....")
            print("--- %s seconds ---" % (time.time() - start_time))
            Search engine implementation
 In [6]: #Search by Keywords
         def keywordSearch(es, q):
            Implements the traditional keyword search using inverted index.
            Elastic search uses a TF-IDF based metric to rank the results.
            b={
                    'query':{
                           "title":q
            res= es.search(index='questions-index',body=b)
            return res
 In [7]: # Search by Vec Similarity
         def sentenceSimilaritybyNN(es, sent):
            Implements an approximate nearest negihbours method
            to find the k nearest vectors.
            Elastic search relies nmslib for the implementation of HNSW
            https://github.com/nmslib/hnswlib
            query_vector = tf.make_ndarray(tf.make_tensor_proto(embed([sent]))).tolist()[0]
            kb={
                   "size": 10,
                  "query": {
                    "knn": {
                      "title_vector": {
                        "vector": query_vector,
                        "k": 10
            res= es.search(index='questions-index', body=kb, request_timeout=100)
            return res;
 In [8]: def searchEngine():
                Search engine method which
                shows results based on semantic similarity
                as well as keyword based similarity
                and shows the results in decreasing order of relevance
            es=connect2ES()
            print("Please give the input query")
            query=input()
            print('-----')
            res= sentenceSimilaritybyNN(es,query)
            print("Semantic Similarity Search:\n")
            for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
                print(str(hit['_score']) + "\t" + hit['_source']['title'] )
            print('')
            res= keywordSearch(es, query)
            print("('-----')")
            for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
                print(str(hit['_score']) + "\t" + hit['_source']['title'] )
 In [9]: searchEngine()
         Connected to ES!
        Please give the input query
        delete file in linux
         -----SEMANTIC RESULTS------
         Semantic Similarity Search:
        0.8078813
                        Removing a file in a Restricted Folder in Linux
        0.78672296
                        remove certain tag in files under linux?
        0.780427
                        Maillog file in linux
        0.7667524
                       Bash: Delete until a specific file
        0.75369155
                       remove directory in c++
                       Delete a line from a file in java
        0.7533658
                       Delete unused files
        0.7423169
                       Deleting files in higher directory
        0.7415796
        0.74069196
                        Remove a symlink to a directory
        0.7325041
                       How to make files in Linux folder with default group write permission
         ('-----')
        12.563389
                       Maillog file in linux
        11.829328
                       File paths in Java (Linux)
        11.598585
                       Linux File Logs
        11.566038
                       Delete an sdf file in use?
        11.176312
                       md5sum of file in Linux C
                       Delete file without playing sound in Applescript?
        10.960959
                        My delete function does not delete the targeted file
        10.746357
        10.6557045
                       Tortoise Delete File System Repository
        10.416043
                       Delete a line from a file in java
        10.416043
                        Delete a character from a file in C
         Deploying using flask
In [10]: def start_server():
                This function exposes our search engine using flask.
                The server is hosted on locahost:5005
                We perform GET request
                http://localhost:5005/search/recursion+vs+iteration
                use '+' as a seperator
            app = Flask(__name___)
            es = connect2ES();
            # embed = hub.load("./data/USE4/")
            @app.route('/search/<query>')
            def search(query):
                q = query.replace("+", " ")
                res_kw = keywordSearch(es, q)
                res_semantic = sentenceSimilaritybyNN( es, q)
                result=[]
                result.append('-----')
                start_time = time.time()
                for i in res_semantic['hits']['hits']:
                    result.append(i['_source']['title'])
                result.append('-----')
                for i in res_kw['hits']['hits']:
                    result.append(i['_source']['title'])
                timeTaken = time.time() - start_time
                return {"result":result, "time_taken":timeTaken}
                return {"message": "Hello World"}
            app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5005)
        Complete pipeline
In [11]: def final():
                This runs the entire pipeline for the project.
                Right from data ingestion to exposing the API
            es=connect2ES()
            createSchema(es)
            dataIngestion(es, 100) # number of documents to be ingested
            print("Status 400 denotes index already exists")
            print("Enter a search query")
            start_server()
In [12]: final()
         Connected to ES!
             "error": {
                "root_cause": [
                        "type": "resource_already_exists_exception",
                        "reason": "index [questions-index/AZJN_HWBRZ2ZjS69ALoUoQ] already exists",
                        "index_uuid": "AZJN_HWBRZ2ZjS69ALoUoQ",
                        "index": "questions-index"
                "type": "resource_already_exists_exception",
                "reason": "index [questions-index/AZJN_HWBRZ2ZjS69ALoUoQ] already exists",
                "index_uuid": "AZJN_HWBRZ2ZjS69ALoUoQ",
                "index": "questions-index"
             "status": 400
         Completed indexing....
         --- 2.7990684509277344 seconds ---
         *******************
         Status 400 denotes index already exists
         Enter a search query
         Connected to ES!
         * Serving Flask app "__main__" (lazy loading)
          * Environment: production
           WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
```

Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Running on http://0.0.0.0:5005/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)

127.0.0.1 - - [07/Jul/2020 22:33:16] "GET /search/delete+file+linux HTTP/1.1" 200 -

127.0.0.1 - - [07/Jul/2020 22:33:28] "GET /search/aws+ec2 HTTP/1.1" 200 -

* Debug mode: off