Liquid-level system with nonlinear resistance

$$q_o(h) = Ch^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Balance

$$q_i(t) - q_o(h) = A \frac{d[h(t)]}{dt}$$

$$q_{i}(t) - Ch^{\frac{1}{2}} = A \frac{d \left[h(t)\right]}{dt}$$

$$\begin{split} f\left(x\right) &= f\left(a\right) + \left(\frac{dx\left(t\right)}{dt}\bigg|_{t=a}\right) \left(x-a\right) \\ q_o\left(h\right) &= q_o\left(\overline{h}\right) + \left(\frac{dq_o\left(h\right)}{dt}\bigg|_{h=\overline{h}}\right) \left(h-\overline{h}\right) \\ \frac{dq_o\left(h\right)}{dt}\bigg|_{h=\overline{h}} &= \frac{1}{2}Ch^{-\frac{1}{2}}\bigg|_{h=\overline{h}} = \frac{1}{2}C\overline{h}^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ q_o\left(h\right) &= q_o\left(\overline{h}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}C\overline{h}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) \left(h-\overline{h}\right) \end{split}$$

## Sustituyendo:

$$\begin{split} q_{i}\left(t\right) - \left[q_{o}\left(\overline{h}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}C\overline{h}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(h - \overline{h}\right)\right] &= \\ A\frac{d\left[h(t)\right]}{dt} \end{split}$$

este es una linea que aproxima al comportamiento real alrededor de del punto (hs,qos)

$$q_o(\overline{h}) = \left(C\overline{h}^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

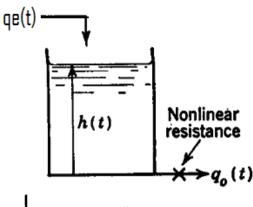
Definiendo:

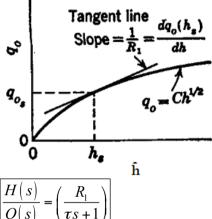
$$\frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{C}{2\sqrt{\overline{h}}}$$

En estado estable para el punto dado:

$$\overline{q}_i - \overline{q}_o = A \frac{d \left[ \overline{h} \right]}{dt} = 0$$

Restando esta ecuacion a la original





The resistence R1 depends on the steadystate conditions around which the process operates.

$$\begin{split} q_{i}\left(t\right) - \left[q_{o}\left(\overline{h}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}C\overline{h}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(h - \overline{h}\right)\right] &= \\ A \frac{d\left[h\left(t\right)\right]}{dt} \\ \overline{q}_{i} - \overline{q}_{o} &= A \frac{d\left[\overline{h}\right]}{dt} &= 0 \\ \\ \overline{q_{i}\left(t\right) - \overline{q}_{i}} - \left[q_{o}\left(\overline{h}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}C\overline{h}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(h - \overline{h}\right) - \overline{q}_{o}\right] &= \\ A \frac{d\left[h\left(t\right)\right]}{dt} - A \frac{d\left[\overline{h}\right]}{dt} \\ \overline{q_{i}\left(t\right) - \overline{q}_{i}} - \left(C_{1}\right)\left(h - \overline{h}\right) &= A \frac{d\left[h\left(t\right) - \overline{h}\right]}{dt} \\ \overline{\left[q_{i}\left(t\right) - \overline{q}_{i}\right] - \left(C_{1}\right)\left[h - \overline{h}\right]} &= A \frac{d\left[h\left(t\right) - \overline{h}\right]}{dt} \end{split}$$

Definiendo las variables de desviación:

$$[Q_i] - (C_1)[H] = A \frac{d[H]}{dt}$$

Tomando la transformada de laplace:

$$L\{[Q_i] - (C_1)[H]\} = L\left\{A\frac{d[H]}{dt}\right\}$$

$$[Q_i(s)] - (C_1)[H(s)] = AsH(s)$$

$$[Q_i(s)] = H(s)[C_1 + As]$$

$$\frac{1}{[C_1 + As]} = \frac{H(s)}{[Q_i(s)]}$$

$$\frac{H(s)}{[Q_i(s)]} = \frac{1}{[C_1 + As]}$$

$$\frac{H(s)}{[Q_i(s)]} = \frac{\frac{1}{C_1}}{\frac{A}{C_1}s + 1}$$

$$\frac{H(s)}{[Q_i(s)]} = \frac{R_1}{[\tau s + 1]}$$

Process system analysis and control coughanowr

## REHACIENDO EL CALCULO CON OTRO PUNTO DE VISTA:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = f(x, u)$$

X: salida U: entrada

Linearizar alrededor del punto  $(q_{os}, h_s)$ 

$$q_o(h) = Ch^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Qo: salida

H:entrada

$$f(q_o, h) = Ch^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$f(q_o, h) \approx f(q_o^s, h^s) + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial q_o}\Big|_{h^s, q_o^s}\right) \left(q_o - q_o^s\right) + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial h}\Big|_{h^s, q_o^s}\right) \left(h - h^s\right) + T.O.S$$

$$\frac{dh_s}{dt} = f(h_s, q_o^s) = 0$$
 es un estado estable

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{d\left(h - h^{s}\right)}{dt} = \frac{d\overline{h}}{dt}$$

$$q(t) - Ch^{\frac{1}{2}} = A \frac{d[h(t)]}{dt}$$
 funcion no lineal

$$\frac{d\left[h(t)\right]}{dt} = \frac{1}{A}q(t) - \frac{1}{A}Ch^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial h}\Big|_{h_s, q_o^s}\right) \overline{h} + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial q_o}\Big|_{h_t, q_o^s}\right) \overline{q}_o$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right|_{h=a^s} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{C}{A} h^{-\frac{1}{2}} \bigg|_{h=a^s} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{C}{A} h_s^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_o} \right|_{h_s, q_o^s} = \frac{1}{A} \right|_{h_s, q_o^s} = \frac{1}{A}$$

$$\frac{d\overline{h}}{dt} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial h}\Big|_{h_s, q_o^s}\right) \overline{h} + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial q_o}\Big|_{h_s, q_o^s}\right) \overline{q}_o = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\frac{C}{A}h_s^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) \overline{h} + \left(\frac{1}{A}\right) \overline{q}_o$$

$$\left| \frac{d\overline{h}}{dt} = \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{C}{A} h_s^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \overline{h} + \left( \frac{1}{A} \right) \overline{q}_o \right|$$
 modelo linealizado

$$s\overline{H}\left(s\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\frac{C}{A}h_{s}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)\overline{H}\left(s\right) + \left(\frac{1}{A}\right)\overline{Q}_{o}\left(s\right) \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{R_{1}} = \frac{C}{2\sqrt{h_{s}}}; \ \tau = R_{1}A$$

$$\overline{H}(s)\left[s + \frac{1}{2}\frac{C}{A}h_s^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{A}\right)\overline{Q}_o(s)$$

$$\frac{\overline{\overline{Q}}_o(s)}{\overline{Q}_o(s)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{A}\right)}{s + \frac{1}{A}\frac{C}{2}h_s^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{\overline{H}(s)}{\overline{Q}_o(s)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{A}\right)}{s + \frac{1}{A}\frac{1}{R}}$$

$$\frac{\overline{H}(s)}{\overline{Q}_o(s)} = \frac{R_1 A \left(\frac{1}{A}\right)}{R_1 A s + \frac{R_1 A}{A R_1}}$$

$$\frac{\overline{H}(s)}{\overline{Q}_o(s)} = \frac{R_1}{R_1 A s + 1}$$

$$\overline{\frac{\overline{H}(s)}{\overline{Q}_o(s)}} = \frac{R_1}{\tau s + 1}$$