

1. Write a function which reverses a string (e.g. “Don’t get sick” becomes “kcis teg t’noD”).

```

1 def reverse( string ):
2     if len( string ) < 2:
3         return string
4     else:
5         return reverse( string[1:] ) + string[0]

```

2. Write a function that takes in a string and returns a string that reverses the letters in each word, but keeps the word ordering the same. (e.g. reverse\_words(“I wear a Stetson now – Stetsons are cool”) returns “I raew a nostetS won – snostetS era looc”). You may use the function reverse() from question #?? in your solution.

```

1 def reverse_words( string ):
2     split_string = string.split()
3     return reverse( split_string[0] ) + reverse_words( split_string[1:] )

```

OR

```

1 def reverse_words( string ):
2     str = ""
3     for word in string.split():
4         str += reverse( word )
5     return str

```

3. Write a function that takes in a file name, and returns the average size of a word eg. a file containing:

lots of work  
no rest for midterms  
sad for you

has an average length of: 3.6

```

1 def reverse_file( filename ):
2     characters = 0
3     words = 0
4     for line in open(filename):
5         for word in line.split():
6             words += 1
7             characters += len(word)
8     return characters/words

```

4. Perform a substitution trace on

```
1 reverse( 'Cinco-fone' )

1 reverse( 'Cinco-fone' )
2 reverse( 'inco-fone' ) + 'C'
3 reverse( 'nco-fone' ) + 'i' + 'C'
4 reverse( 'co-fone' ) + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
5 reverse( 'o-fone' ) + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
6 reverse( '-fone' ) + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
7 reverse( 'fone' ) + '-' + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
8 reverse( 'one' ) + 'f' + '-' + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
9 reverse( 'ne' ) + 'o' + 'f' + '-' + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
10 reverse( 'e' ) + 'n' + 'o' + 'f' + '-' + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
11 'e' + 'n' + 'o' + 'f' + '-' + 'o' + 'c' + 'n' + 'i' + 'C'
12 'enof-ocniC'
```

5. Write a function that takes in a list of numbers and returns the sum of all of those numbers.

(a) Recursively.

```
1 def sum( numbers ):
2     if len( numbers ) == 0:
3         return 0
4     else
5         return numbers[0] + sum( numbers[1:] )
```

(b) Iteratively

```
1 def sum( numbers ):
2     index = 0
3     sum = 0
4     while index < len( numbers ):
5         sum += numbers[ index ]
6         index += 1
7     return sum
```

6. How would you test this function?

- Empty list
- 1 element list
- multi-element list

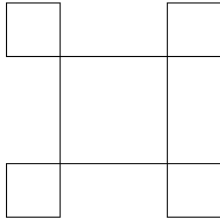
7. Assuming the turtle is facing east, write the python code to draw the following picture given the proper depth as input:

- depth = 0  
No output

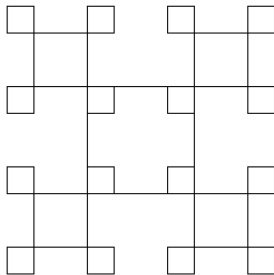
- depth = 1



- depth = 2



- depth = 3



```

1      def drawSqaures( length , depth ):
2          if depth <= 0:
3              return
4          count = 4
5          while count > 0:
6              turtle.forward( length )
7              turtle.left( 90 )
8              drawSqaures( length/2, depth-1 )
9              turtle.right( 180 )
10             count -= 1

```

8. What does the following evaluate to?

```

1 def writeThatDown( n ):
2     if n < 5:

```

```

3         return n
4     return (2 * n)
5
6 def he( n ):
7     temp = n + 180
8     if temp > 185:
9         return temp
10    return n
11
12 def putstheFernback( n ):
13     return -n
14
15 n = 20
16 n = he(putstheFernback(writeThatDown( n ) ) )
17 print( n )

```

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