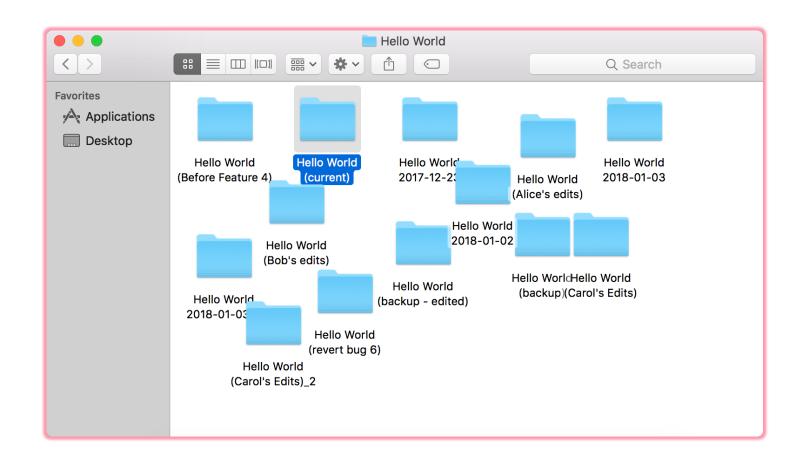


Social Coding with GitHub

Interactive Workshop



What is Version Control?



Have you ever seen this?

It can be a pain to share code manually



What is Version Control?

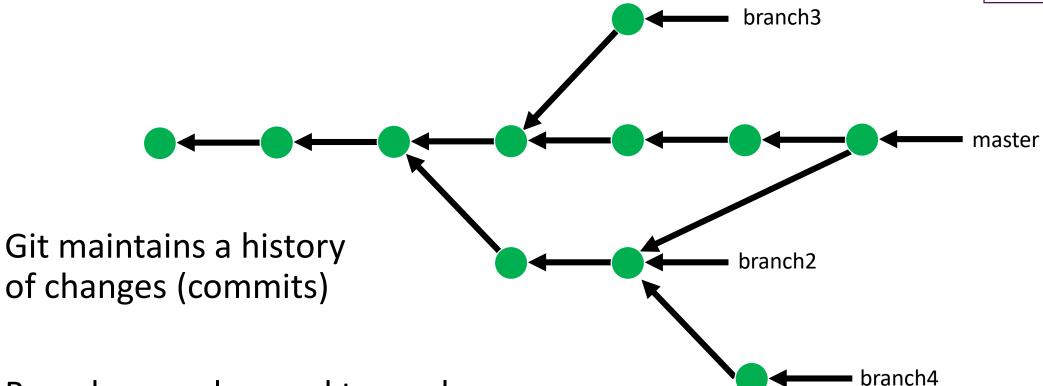
```
49
         49
                          m = largest_magic_number_available(n)
50
         50
51
         51
                          # Get the numbers from recursive call (m-1) rows back
52
                          top_left = get_number_at(x, y - m + 1, row)
53
                          top_right = get_number_at(x + m + 1, y - m + 1, row)
         52
                          top_left = get_number_at(x, y - (m - 1), row)
         53
                          top_right = get_number_at(x + (m - 1), y - (m - 1), row)
54
         54
55
         55
                      # Combine the two values
56
         56
                      return combine_pairwise(top_left, top_right)
```

Version control tracks changes in code



What is Git?

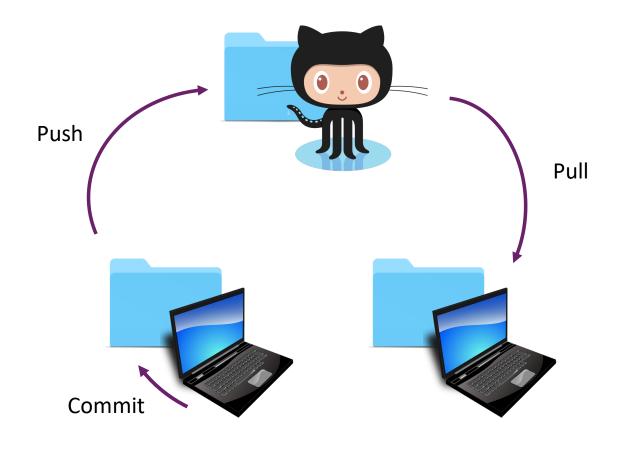




Branches can be used to work on different versions



What is GitHub?



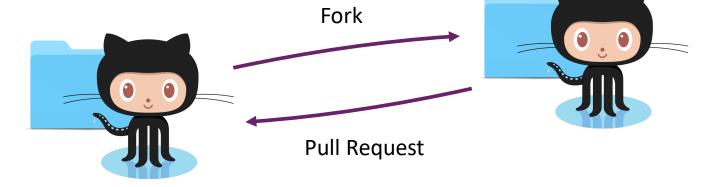
GitHub hosts Git repos

Allowing teams to work together more easily



What is GitHub?

Forks are used by open source projects



This allows outside contributions









Git(Hub) Lexicon

Repository

• Essentially a project folder, where all project files are stored (including documentation and revision history)

Commit

Saving an updated file to its original repository

Clone

- Create a copy of a repository which sits on your computer instead of the server
- Clones let you work offline

Branch

- Parallel version of a repository
- Contained within the repository, but doesn't affect the primary master Branch
- Lets you work freely online without disrupting the live version

Fetch

- Getting the latest changes from GitHub without merging them in
- Once changes are fetched, you can compare them with your local branch



Git(Hub) Lexicon

Fork

- · Personal copy of another's user repository which is attached to the original
- If the author changes something, you can always <u>pull request</u> to update your code with the original author's latest change
- You can learn and change from someone else's work without changing the original repository

Push

Sending your committed changes to the original repository

Issue

- Suggested improvements, tasks or questions related to the repository
- Created by anyone (for public repositories), and are moderated by repository collaborators
- Each issue contains its own discussion forum, can be labelled and assigned to a user

Merge

- Takes changes from one branch (in the same repository or in a fork) and applies them to another
- · Can be done automatically via pull request

Blame

- Passes blame on the version of the code file that resulted in an error occurring
- Describes the last modification of each line of a file, displaying revision, author and time
- Used for tracking down when a feature was added



What We Need to Start the Workshop

1. Sign up for a GitHub account

github.com/join

2. Install GitHub Desktop

desktop.github.com



Interactive Workshop